

5 Channel Constant Voltage DMX512 & RDM Decoder

Model No.: D5-P / D5-E

RDM/Numeric display/Seven PWM frequency/Linear or logarithmic dimming/Multiple protection



D5-P



D5-E

CE RoHS

Features

- Comply with the DMX512 standard protocols.
- Digital numeric display, set DMX decode start address by buttons.
- RDM function can realize intercommunication between DMX master and decoder.
For example, DMX decoder address can be set by DMX master console.
- 16bit (65536 levels) / 8bit (256 levels) grey level selectable.
- PWM frequency 250/500/1000/2000/4000/8000/16000Hz selectable.
- Logarithmic or linear dimming curve selectable.
- Over-heat / Over-load / Short circuit protection, recover automatically.
- D5-P have Green terminal DMX signal ports, D5-E have RJ45 DMX signal ports.

Technical Parameters

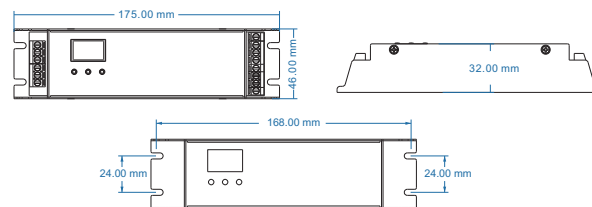
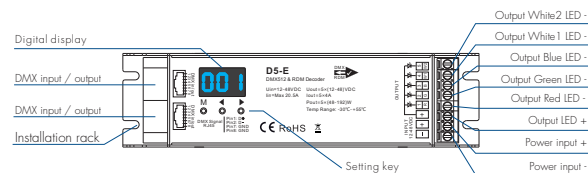
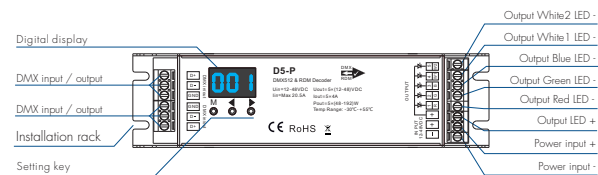
Input and Output	
Input voltage	12-48VDC
Input current	20.5A
Output voltage	5 x (12-48)VDC
Output current	5CH, 4A/CH
Output power	5 x (48-192)W
Output type	Constant voltage

Environment	
Operation temperature	Ta: -30°C ~ +55°C
Case temperature (Max.)	Tc: +75°C
IP rating	IP20

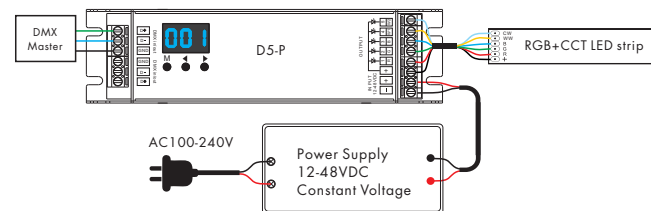
Safety and EMC	
EMC standard (EMC)	ETSI EN 301 489-1 V2.2.3 ETSI EN 301 489-17 V3.2.4
Safety standard (VDE)	EN 62368-1:2020+A11:2020
Certification	CE, EMC, LVD

Warranty and Protection	
Warranty	5 years
Protection	Reverse polarity Over-heat Over-load Short circuit

Mechanical Structures and Installations



Wiring Diagram



Note:

- An DMX signal amplifier is needed if more than 32 decoders are connected, or use overlong signal line, signal amplification should not be more than 5 times continuously.
- If the recoil effect occurs because of longer signal line or bad line quality, please try to connect 0.25W 90-120Ω terminal resistor at the end of each DMX signal line.

Operation

System parameter setting

- Long press M and ◀ key in the same time for 2s, prepare for setup system parameter: grey level, output PWM frequency, output brightness curve, default output level, automatic blank screen. short press M key to switch five item.
- Grey level: short press ◀ or ▶ key to switch 8bit("b08") or 16 bit("b16"). choose 16 bit if the DMX master support 16 bit.
- Output PWM frequency: short press ◀ or ▶ key to switch 250Hz("F02"), 500Hz("F05"), 1000Hz("F10"), 2000Hz("F20"), 4000Hz("F40"), 8000Hz("F80") or 16000Hz("F16").
Higher PWM frequency, will cause lower output current, higher power noise, but more suitable for camera(No flickers for video).
- Output brightness curve: short press ◀ or ▶ key to switch linear curve("C:L") or logarithmic curve("C:E").
- Default output level: press ◀ or ▶ key to change default 0-100% level ("d00" to "dFF") when no DMX input signal.
- Automatic blank screen: short press ◀ or ▶ key to switch enable ("boN") or disable("boF") automatic blank screen.
- Long press M key for 2s or timeout 10s, quit system parameter setting.

DMX mode

- Short press M key, when display 001~512, enter DMX mode.
- Press ◀ or ▶ key to change DMX decode start address(001~512), long press for fast adjustment.
- If there is a DMX signal input, will enter DMX mode automatically.
- DMX Dimming: Each D5-P/D5-E DMX decoder occupy 5 DMX address when connecting the DMX console.
For example, the defaulted start address is 1,
their corresponding relationship in the form:

DMX Console	DMX Decoder Output
CH1 0-255	CH1 PWM 0-100% (LED R)
CH2 0-255	CH2 PWM 0-100% (LED G)
CH3 0-255	CH3 PWM 0-100% (LED B)
CH4 0-255	CH4 PWM 0-100% (LED W1)
Ch5 0-255	CH5 PWM 0-100% (LED W2)



DMX mode
(001~512)

Self-test mode

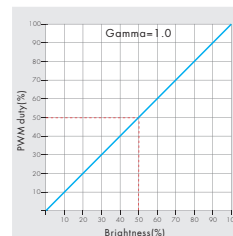
- Enter self-test mode only when DMX signal is disconnected or lost.
- Short press M key, when display L-1~L-6, enter self-test mode.
- Press ◀ or ▶ key to change mode number(L-1~L-6).
- Self-test mode include five channel light up separately or synchronously.



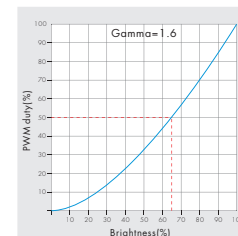
Self-test mode
(L-1~L-6)

Dimming curve setting

Linear dimming curve



Logarithmic dimming curve



Malfunctions analysis & troubleshooting

Malfunctions	Causes	Troubleshooting
No light	1. No power. 2. Wrong connection or insecure.	1. Check the power. 2. Check the connection.
Wrong color	1. Wrong connection of R/G/B/W1/W2 wires. 2. DMX decode address error.	1. Reconnect R/G/B/W1/W2 wires. 2. Set correct decode address.
Uneven intensity between front and rear, with voltage drop	1. Output cable is too long. 2. Wire diameter is too small. 3. Overload beyond power supply capability. 4. Overload beyond controller capability.	1. Reduce cable or loop supply. 2. Change wider wire. 3. Replace higher power supply. 4. Add power repeater.