UNAUDITED INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF UNITED FOODS COMPANY (PSC)

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim condensed statement of financial statement of United Foods Company (PSC) (the "Company") which comprised the interim condensed statement of financial position as at 31 March 2019 and the related interim condensed statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month period then ended and explanatory notes. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim condensed financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IAS 34, *Interim Financial Reporting* ("IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim condensed financial statements based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim condensed financial statements are not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with IAS 34.

For Ernst & Young

Signed by Ashraf Abu Sharkh Partner Registration No. 690

2019

Dubai, United Arab Emirates

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

		Three n	nonths ended	
	Note	31 March 2019 AED	31 March 2018 AED	
Sales, gross		103,206,620	124,310,818	
Less: Discounts and marketing expenses		(4,018,058)	(3,336,002)	
Sales, net		99,188,562	120,974,816	
Cost of sales		(78,910,413)	(102,331,517)	
Gross profit		20,278,149	18,643,299	
Selling and distribution expenses		(8,270,301)	(9,016,334)	
General and administrative expenses		(5,287,701)	(4,053,137)	
Finance expense		(249,287)	(189,587)	
Other income, net		966,908	808,428	
Profit before share of results of associate		7,437,768	6,192,669	
Share of results of an associate	6	(1,198,388)	(732,403)	
Profit for the period	3	6,239,380	5,460,266	
Earnings per share in AED	9	0.21	0.18	

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Three months ended	
		31 March 2019 AED	31 March 2018 AED
Profit for the period		6,239,380	5,460,266
Other comprehensive income Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:			
Change in fair value of investment securities measured at FVOCI, equity securities		(20,658)	(21,825)
Share of other comprehensive income of an associate	6	16,023	(109,513)
Other comprehensive income for the period		(4,635)	(131,338)
Total comprehensive income for the period		6,234,745	5,328,928

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 March 2019

	Notes	31 March 2019 AED (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 AED (Audited)
ASSETS			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment Intangible asset	4	110,896,508 431,042	113,390,806 472,919
Right to use assets	5	14,576,701	-
Investments securities		191,831	212,489
Investment in an associate	6	11,551,427	12,733,792
		137,647,509	126,810,006
Current assets		20 501 254	50.040.060
Inventories Accounts receivable and prepayments		39,791,274 78,377,355	50,940,968 77,270,265
Amounts due from a related party	11	5,401,790	5,384,056
Bank balances and cash	7	72,000,587	57,611,316
		195,571,006	191,206,605
TOTAL ASSETS		333,218,515	318,016,611
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Share capital	8	30,250,000	30,250,000
Statutory reserve		15,125,000	15,125,000
Regular reserve General reserve		15,125,000	15,125,000
Fair value reserve		65,314,980 (336,960)	65,314,980 (332,325)
Retained earnings		139,894,186	141,217,306
Total equity		265,372,206	266,699,961
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities		- 0.1	
Employees' end of service benefits Lease liabilities	10	7,017,651 13,731,977	6,803,963
		20,749,628	6,803,963
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables Lease liabilities	10	46,289,786 806,895	44,512,687
		47,096,681	44,512,687
Total liabilities		67,846,309	51,316,650
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		333,218,515	318,016,611
Ali Bin Humaid Al Owais Chairman2019		1 Abdel Aziz Ali Abd Vice Chairman 2019	dalla Al Owais

The attached notes 1 to 15 form part of these interim condensed financial statements.

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

<u>2019:</u>	Share capital AED	Statutory reserve AED	Regular reserve AED	General reserve AED	Fair value reserve AED	Retained earnings AED	Total AED
Balance as at 1 January 2019	30,250,000	15,125,000	15,125,000	65,314,980	(332,325)	141,217,306	266,699,961
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	6,239,380	6,239,380
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(4,635)	-	(4,635)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	(4,635)	6,239,380	6,234,745
Dividends declared (Note 8)	-	-	-	-	-	(7,562,500)	(7,562,500)
Balance as at 31 March 2019	30,250,000	15,125,000	15,125,000	65,314,980	(336,960)	139,894,186	265,372,206

INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

<u>2018:</u>	Share capital AED	Statutory reserve AED	Regular reserve AED	General reserve AED	Fair value reserve AED	Retained earnings AED	Total AED
Balance as at 1 January 2018	30,250,000	15,125,000	15,125,000	65,314,980	56,012	126,836,498	252,707,490
Profit for the period	-	-	-	-	-	5,460,266	5,460,266
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	(131,338)	-	(131,338)
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	(131,338)	5,460,266	5,328,928
Dividends declared	-	-	-	-	-	(3,025,000)	(3,025,000)
Balance as at 31 March 2018	30,250,000	15,125,000	15,125,000	65,314,980	(75,326)	129,271,764	255,011,418

United Foods Company (PSC) NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

		Three mo	nths ended
	Notes	31 March 2019 AED	31 March 2018 AED
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit for the period		6,239,380	5,460,266
Adjustments for:		0,200,000	3,100,200
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		2,675,322	2,909,560
Depreciation of right to use assets		342,327	_,, ., ,,
Amortisation of intangibles		41,877	122,099
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		´ -	(14,150)
Finance cost		249,287	189,587
Provision for employees' end of service benefits		265,630	339,454
Share of results of an associate	6	1,198,388	732,403
Waling		11,012,211	9,739,219
Working capital changes: Inventories		11,149,694	(29,731,378)
Accounts receivable and prepayments		(1,224,725)	(14,660,586)
Trade and other payables		(5,785,401)	24,991,980
Amounts due from a related party		(17,734)	116,630
		15,134,045	(9,544,135)
Employees' end of service benefits paid		(51,942)	(25,948)
Net cash from / (used in) operating activities		15,082,103	(9,570,083)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	4	(181,024)	(2,652,280)
Acquisition of intangible assets		-	(133,181)
Proceeds from disposal of plant and equipment		-	14,150
Net cash used in investing activities		(181,024)	(2,771,311)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Trust receipts obtained		_	25,695,678
Trust receipts paid		_	(7,908,569)
Payment of lease liabilities		(448,135)	-
Finance costs paid		(63,673)	(189,587)
Net cash (used in) / from financing activities		(511,808)	17,597,522
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		14,389,271	5,256,128
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		56,061,316	21,531,298
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT 31 MARCH	7	70,450,587	26,787,426
-			

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

1 ACTIVITIES

United Foods Company (PSC) (the "Company") is a Public Shareholding Company, incorporated on 1 November 1976 by a Decree issued by His Highness, The Ruler of Dubai. On 27 June 1994, the Company amended its status to a public shareholding company to comply with the provisions of the UAE Federal Law No. (2) of 2015.

The Company's shares are listed on the Dubai Financial Market (DFM) since July 2006.

The Company is primarily engaged in the manufacturing, processing and marketing of hydrogenated vegetable ghee, cooking oil, margarine, butter products and fat including trading of food products. The registered address of the Company is P.O. Box 5836, Dubai, UAE.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO THE COMPANY'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The interim condensed financial statements for the three months period ended 31 March 2019 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 "*Interim Financial Reporting*".

The interim condensed financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements as at 31 December 2018.

In addition, results for the three months period ended 31 March 2019 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 31 December 2019.

New standards, interpretations and amendments thereof, adopted by the Company

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the interim condensed financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018, except for the adoption of new standards effective as of 1 January 2019. The Company has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

The Company applies, for the first time, IFRS 16 Leases. As required by IAS 34, the nature and effect of these changes are disclosed below. Several other amendments and interpretations apply for the first time in 2019, but do not have an impact on the interim condensed financial statements of the Company.

IFRS 16 Leases

IFRS 16 was issued in January 2016 and it replaces IAS 17 Leases, IFRIC 4 Determining whether an Arrangement contains a Lease, SIC-15 Operating Leases-Incentives and SIC-27 Evaluating the Substance of Transactions Involving the Legal Form of a Lease. IFRS 16 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases and requires lessees to account for all leases under a single on-balance sheet model similar to the accounting for finance leases under IAS 17. The standard includes two recognition exemptions for lessees – leases of 'low-value' assets (e.g., personal computers) and short-term leases (i.e., leases with a lease term of 12 months or less).

The Company has adopted IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective transition approach as of 1 January 2019 and therefore the comparative information has not been restated and continues to be reported under IAS 17 and IFRIC 4. All right-of-use assets were measured at the amount of the lease liability on adoption (adjusted for prepaid or accrued lease expenses). Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance cost. The finance cost is charged to profit or loss over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period. The right-of-use asset is depreciated over the shorter of the asset's useful life and the lease term on a straight-line basis.

The Company also elected to use the recognition exemptions for lease contracts that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option ('short-term leases'), and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value ('low-value assets').

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO THE COMPANY'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New standards, interpretations and amendments thereof, adopted by the Company (continued)

IFRS 16 Leases (continued)

On adoption of IFRS 16 using the modified retrospective transition approach as of 1 January 2019, as explained above, the Company recognised the following assets and liabilities:

	AED (Unaudited)
Right to use assets (Note 5)	14,919,028
Leased liabilities recognised (Note 10) Adjustment of prepayments	(14,801,393) (117,635)
	(14,919,028)

There was no impact on the statement of equity of the Company as all right-of-use assets were measured at the amount of the lease liability on adoption (adjusted for prepaid or accrued lease expenses).

Following is the impact on the interim condensed statement of profit and loss for the three month period ended 31 March 2019:

AED (Unaudited)
(342,327)
(186,140)
448,135
(80,332)

Set out below are the new accounting policies of the Group upon adoption of IFRS 16:

Right to use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees, if any. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND CHANGES TO THE COMPANY'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

New standards, interpretations and amendments thereof, adopted by the Company (continued)

IFRS 16 Leases (continued)

Lease liabilities (continued)

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the respective lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases of certain stores (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases of office vehicles that are considered of low value (i.e., below AED 18,000). Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Significant judgement in determining the lease term of contracts with renewal options

The Company determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised.

The Company has the option, under some of its leases to lease the assets for additional terms of three or more years. The Company applies judgement in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the option to renew. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the renewal. After the commencement date, the Company reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise (or not to exercise) the option to renew (e.g., a change in business strategy).

The Company included the renewal period as part of the lease term for leases of land and building due to the significance of these assets to its operations. These leases have a short non-cancellable period (i.e., one to three years) and there will be a significant negative effect on production if a replacement is not readily available. The renewal options for leases of motor vehicles were not included as part of the lease term because the Company has a policy of leasing motor vehicles for not more than five years and hence not exercising any renewal options.

3 PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD

Profit for the period is stated after charging:

From for the period is stated after charging.	Three months ended	
	31 March 2019 AED (Unaudited)	31 March 2018 AED (Unaudited)
Employee expenses	9,079,633	9,731,158
Rental - operating leases	96,617	551,132
Inventories charged to cost of sales	71,423,312	93,365,271
Relocation expenses of product lines	635,637	-

Rental – operating leases expense for the period ended 31 March 2019 relates to the lease contracts that have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option ('short-term leases'), and lease contracts for which the underlying asset is of low value ('low-value assets').

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Additions and disposals

During the period ended 31 March 2019, the Company incurred costs in respect of additions amounting to AED 181,024 (for the year ended 31 December 2018: AED 6,054,003).

During the period ended 31 March 2019, assets with a net book value of AED Nil were disposed of by the Company (for the year ended 31 December 2018: AED Nil).

As at 31 March 2019, capital work-in-progress of AED 2,599,639 (31 December 2018: AED 2,467,056) pertains to the expenditure incurred on the expansion of factory and warehouse facility in Jebel Ali Industrial Area. It includes capital advances of AED 269,874 (31 December 2018: AED 323,108).

During the period ended 31 March 2019, capital work-in-progress amounting to AED 48,327 (31 December 2018: AED 40,599) pertaining to expenditures incurred on the expansion of factory and warehouse facility in Jebel Ali Industrial Area have been capitalized.

The Company has temporarily rented out certain staff accommodation units to third party to earn rentals.

5 RIGHT TO USE ASSETS

	(Unaudited)
At 1 January 2019 (Note 2) Less: depreciation for the period	14,919,028 (342,327)
At 31 March 2019	14,576,701

AED

The Company has lease contracts for various items of land and motor vehicles. Before the adoption of IFRS 16, the Company classified each of its said leases (as lessee) at the inception date as operating leases. In an operating lease, the leased items was not capitalised and the lease payments were recognised as rent expense in the statement of profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

6 INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATE

	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED	AED
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Opening balance 1 January	12,733,792	15,894,047
Share of total comprehensive income of associate	(1,134,620)	(2,967,155)
Amortisation of intangible assets and depreciation on investment properties	(47,745)	(193,100)
depreciation on investment properties		(193,100)
At 31 December	11,551,427	12,733,792

The Company's share of loss of associate for the period ended 31 March 2019 amounting to AED 1,150,643 (for the year ended 31 December 2018: AED 2,664,587) is recorded in share of results of an associate and share of other comprehensive income of associate amounting to AED 16,023 (for the year ended 31 December 2018: share of other comprehensive loss of AED 302,568) is recorded in other comprehensive income of the Company.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the interim statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise the following:

	31 March 2019 AED (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 AED (Audited)
Cash in hand Bank balances Deposits	123,349 15,227,238 56,650,000	87,873 15,873,443 41,650,000
Bank balances and cash Less: deposits with an original maturity of more than three months	72,000,587 (1,550,000)	57,611,316 (1,550,000)
Cash and cash equivalents	70,450,587	56,061,316
8 SHARE CAPITAL	31 March 2019 AED (Unaudited)	31 December 2018 AED (Audited)
Authorised issued and fully paid up: 30,250,000 shares of 1 AED each (31 December 2018: 30,250,000 shares of 1 AED each)	30,250,000	30,250,000

Dividend declared

The Annual General Meeting held on 25 March 2019 approved 25% cash dividend totaling to AED 7,562,500 relating to 2018.

9 EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit for the period amounting to AED 6,239,380 (31 March 2018: AED 5,460,266) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period ended 31 March 2019 of 30,250,000 shares (during the period ended 31 March 2018: 30,250,000 shares).

The Company has not issued any instruments which would have a dilutive impact on earnings per share when exercised.

10 LEASED LIABILITIES

	AED (Unaudited)
At 1 January 2019 (Note 2) Add: finance cost Less: payments during the period, net of prepayments and accruals adjustment	14,801,393 185,614 (448,135)
At 31 March 2019	14,538,872
Presented on statement of financial position as follows:	AED (Unaudited)
Current Non-current	806,895 13,731,977
At 31 March 2019	14,538,872

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

11 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

Related parties represent major shareholders, directors and key management personnel of the Company, and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties. Pricing policies and terms of these transactions are approved by the Company's management.

a) Significant transactions with related parties:

Significant transactions with related parties included in the interim condensed statement of income are as follows:

	Three months ended	
	31 March 2019 AED (Unaudited)	31 March 2018 AED (Unaudited)
Other related parties: Sales	180,679	200,025
Purchases of raw materials and services	8,720	
Expenses recharged	162,187	-

Compensation of key management personnel

The remuneration of directors and other key members of management during the period were as follows:

	Three months ended	
	31 March	31 March
	2019	2018
	AED	AED
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
Short-term benefits	811,199	811,199
End of service benefits	36,017	36,017
Bonus	123,288	123,288
	970,504	970,504
b) Due from a related party:		
	31 March	31 December
	2019	2018
	AED	AED
	(Unaudited)	(Audited)
Other related party:		
Trade receivables	401,790	384,056
Advances paid	5,000,000	5,000,000
	5,401,790	5,384,056

The Company signed memorandum of understanding/pre-sales agreement and given refundable advance of AED 5,000,000 to a related party for purchase of properties. The Annual General Meeting held on 25 March 2019 approved the transaction. The transaction is subject to further evaluation and approvals of related government authorities.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

12 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingent liabilities

At 31 March 2019, the Company had contingent liabilities in respect of bank amounting to AED 1,700,000 (31 December 2018: AED 1,825,395), from which it is anticipated that no material liabilities will arise.

Legal Claim Contingency

The Company has a few pending litigations that occur in the ordinary course of business. To the extent, the management believe appropriate, adequate provisions have been made in the accounts.

Capital commitments

At 31 March 2019, the Company had capital commitments in respect of purchase of property, plant and equipment amounting to AED 1,343,925 (31 December 2018: AED 1,992,614).

13 SEGMENTAL REPORTING

The Company operates in a single reporting segment primarily engaged in manufacturing, processing and marketing of hydrogenated vegetable ghee, cooking oil, margarine, butter products, animal oil and fat manufacturing. All the relevant information relating to this reporting/operating segment is disclosed in the statement of financial position, statements of income and other comprehensive income and notes to the financial statements.

IFRS also requires an entity to report its segment assets and revenues along geographical regions. All significant activities of the Company are performed on an integrated basis in the Middle East and the Directors do not consider an analysis by individual country would be meaningful.

Additional information required by IFRS 8 Segment Reporting, is disclosed below:

Major customer

During the period ended 31 March 2019, revenue from no customer accounts for 10% or more of the Company's total revenue (31 March 2018: Revenue from one customer amounting to AED 12,892,965 accounts for 10% or more of the Company's total revenue).

14 FIDUCIARY ASSETS

As at 31 March 2019, the Company held 2.3 MT (31 December 2018: 2.5 MT) raw materials, in a fiduciary capacity on behalf of third parties.

15 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities.

Financial assets consist of cash on hand and bank balances, accounts receivables, due from a related party and available-for-sale investments. Financial liabilities consist of trust receipts, trade and other payables and due to a related party.

The fair values of financial instruments are not materially different from their carrying values.

Fair value hierarchy

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: techniques which use inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS As at 31 March 2019 (Unaudited)

15 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

As at 31 March 2019, the Company held the following financial instruments measured at fair value:

Assets measured at fair value				
	31 March 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Quoted equity securities	400.000	100.000		
Investments and Financial Services Sector	180 000	180 000	_	_

Quoted equity securities Investments and Financial Services Sector Marine Terminal Operations Sector	180,000 11,831	180,000 11,831	- -	-
Total	191,831	191,831	-	-

As at 31 December 2018, the Company held the following financial instruments measured at fair value:

Assets measured at fair value				
	31 Dec 2018	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	AED	AED	AED	AED
Quoted equity securities				
Investments and Financial Services Sector	200,000	200,000	-	-
Marine Terminal Operations Sector	12,489	12,489	-	-
Total	212,489	212,489		
Total	212,469	Z1Z,469 ==========	-	

During the period ended 31 March 2019 and year ended 31 December 2018, there were no transfers between the various levels of fair value measurements.