# **Care Quality Commission**

### **Inspection Evidence Table**

### Grove Medical Centre (1-547392170)

Inspection date: 12 April 2018

Date of data download: 07 April 2018

## Safe

### Safety systems and processes

Source	
There was a lead member of staff for safeguarding processes and procedures.	Yes
Safety and safeguarding systems, processes and practices were developed, implemented and communicated to staff.	Yes
Policies were in place covering adult and child safeguarding. They were updated and reviewed and accessible to all staff.	Yes
Partners and staff were trained to appropriate levels for their role (for example level three for GPs, including locum GPs)	Yes
The practice worked in partnership with other agencies to protect patients from abuse, neglect, harassment, discrimination and breaches of their dignity and respect. Information about patients at risk was shared with other agencies in a timely way.	Yes
Systems were in place to highlight vulnerable patients on record. There was a risk register of specific patients	Yes
Reports and learning from safeguarding incidents were available to staff.	Yes
Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) checks were undertaken where required	Yes
Staff who acted as chaperones were trained for the role and had a DBS check.	Yes
Explanation of any 'No' answers: n/a	

Recruitment Systems	
The registered person provided assurances that safety was promoted in their recruitment practices.	Yes
Recruitment checks were carried out in accordance with regulations (including for agency staff, locums and volunteers).	Yes
Staff vaccination was maintained in line with current PHE guidance and if relevant to role.	Yes
Systems were in place to ensure the registration of clinical staff (including nurses and pharmacists) was checked and regularly monitored.	Yes
Staff who require medical indemnity insurance had it in place	Yes
Explanation of any 'No' answers: n/a	

Safety Records	
There was a record of portable appliance testing or visual inspection by a competent person	Yes
Date of last inspection/Test:	05/06/17
There was a record of equipment calibration	Yes
Date of last calibration:	06/07/17
Risk assessments were in place for any storage of hazardous substances e.g. liquid nitrogen, storage of chemicals	Yes
Fire procedure in place	Yes
Fire extinguisher checks	Yes
Fire drills and logs	Yes
Fire alarm checks	Yes
Fire training for staff	Yes
Fire marshals	Yes
Fire risk assessment	Yes
Date of completion	31/05/17
Actions were identified and completed.	Yes
Automatic door release was fitted to one door, one fire extinguisher was replaced and additional signage was added.	
Health and safety	
Premises/security risk assessment?	Yes
Date of last assessment:	15/11/17
Health and safety risk assessment and actions	Yes
Date of last assessment:	15/11/17

Infection control	
Risk assessment and policy in place	Yes
Date of last infection control audit:	24/01/18
The provider acted on any issues identified	n/a
Detail:	
Previously identified concerns had all been rectified.	
The arrangements for managing waste and clinical specimens kept people safe?	Yes
Explanation of any 'No' answers:	
n/a	

### **Risks to patients**

The practice had systems in place to monitor and review staffing levels and skill mix.	Yes
There was an effective approach to managing staff absences and busy periods.	Yes
Comprehensive risk assessments were carried out for patients and risk management plans were developed in line with national guidance	Yes
Staff knew how to respond to emergency situations.	Yes
Receptionists were aware of 'red flag' sepsis symptoms that might be reported by patients and how to respond.	No
The practice had equipment available to enable assessment of patients with presumed sepsis.	Yes
There were systems in place to enable the assessment of patients with presumed sepsis in line with NICE guidance.	Yes
The impact on safety was assessed and monitored when the practice carried out changes to the service or the staff.	Yes
Explanation of any 'No' answers:	
We saw evidence that training about sepsis was booked for reception staff the week following our inspection.	

### Information to deliver safe care and treatment

Individual care records, including clinical data, were written and managed in line with current guidance and relevant legislation.	Yes
The care records we saw demonstrated that information needed to deliver safe care and	Yes
treatment was made available to relevant staff in an accessible way.	
Referral letters contained specific information to allow appropriate and timely referrals.	Yes
Referrals to specialist services were documented.	Yes
The practice had a documented approach to the management of test results and this was	Yes
managed in a timely manner.	
The practice demonstrated that when patients use multiple services, all the information	Yes
needed for their ongoing care was shared appropriately and in line with relevant protocols.	
Explanation of any 'No' answers:	
n/a	

### Safe and appropriate use of medicines

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
Number of antibacterial prescription items prescribed per Specific Therapeutic group Age-sex Related Prescribing Unit (STAR PU).(01/07/2016 to 30/06/2017)(NHSBSA)	0.90	0.89	0.98	Comparable to other practices
Percentage of antibiotic items prescribed that are Co-Amoxiclav, Cephalosporins or Quinolones.(01/07/2016 to 30/06/2017) (NHSBSA)	6.1%	9.2%	8.9%	Comparable to other practices

Medicine Management	
The practice had a process and clear audit trail for the management of information about changes to a patient's medicines including changes made by other services.	Yes
Staff had the appropriate authorisations in place to administer medicines (including PGDS or PSDs).	Yes
Prescriptions (pads and computer prescription paper) were kept securely and monitored.	Yes
There was a process for the management of medicines including high risk medicines (for example, warfarin, methotrexate and lithium) with appropriate monitoring and clinical review prior to prescribing.	Yes
The practice monitored the prescribing of controlled drugs. (For example audits for unusual prescribing, quantities, dose, formulations and strength).	Yes
There were arrangements for raising concerns around controlled drugs with the NHS England Area Team CD Accountable Officer.	Yes
If the practice had controlled drugs on the premises there were systems for the safe ordering, checks on receipt, storage, administration, balance checks and disposal of these medicines in line with national guidance.	n/a
Up to date local prescribing guidelines were in use. Clinical staff were able to access a local microbiologist for advice.	Yes
For remote or online prescribing there were effective protocols in place for identifying and verifying the patient in line with GMC guidance.	Yes
The practice held appropriate emergency medicines and .risk assessments were in place to determine the range of medicines held.	Yes
The practice had arrangements to monitor the stock levels and expiry dates of emergency medicines/medical gases	Yes
There was medical oxygen on site	Yes
The practice had a defibrillator	Yes
Both were checked regularly and this was recorded.	Yes
Medicines that required refrigeration were appropriately stored, monitored and transported in line with PHE guidance to ensure they remained safe and effective in use.	Yes

Explanation of any 'No' answers: n/a

### Track record on safety and lessons learned and improvements made

Significant events	
There was a system for recording and acting on significant events	Yes
Staff understood how to report incidents both internally and externally	Yes
There was evidence of learning and dissemination of information	Yes
Number of events recorded in last 12 months.	11
Number of events that required action	11

### Example(s) of significant events recorded and actions by the practice;

Event	Specific action taken
Prescriptions were collected by pharmacy drivers and one ended up at the incorrect pharmacy branch.	The ID of pharmacy drivers now checked when they collect prescriptions and a new system with separate folders was set up for each pharmacy branch.
A visit by a clinical professional who was not a GP involved a decision about mental capacity. This highlighted a need for further training.	The staff member involved was given further training regarding mental capacity and staff training was reviewed to ensure that staff received appropriate training for their job role.
A folder which should have contained blank prescription forms for use in the printers was found to be empty when the GP collected it.	The prescription tracking log was used to identify where the blank prescription forms were and they were located. All staff reminded to be vigilant when collecting their prescription folders.

Safety Alerts	
There was a system for recording and acting on safety alerts	Yes
Staff understand how to deal with alerts	Yes

Comments on systems in place:

There was an effective system in place with a GP who took the lead. The GP viewed all alerts and it was clearly recorded whether action was required or not. If action was required this was assigned to an appropriate member of staff and it was recorded when this action complete. The alerts were regularly audited to ensure that action had been taken where required. All the alerts were stored in a file which was accessible by staff should they need to refer to them.

## Effective

### Effective needs assessment, care and treatment

Prescribing				
Indicator	Practice performance	CCG average	England average	England comparison
Average daily quantity of Hypnotics prescribed per Specific Therapeutic group Age-sex Related Prescribing Unit (STAR PU). (01/07/2016 to 30/06/2017) (NHSBSA)	0.39	0.85	0.90	Variation (positive)

Diabetes Indicators				
Indicator	Practice performance	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with diabetes, on the register, in whom the last IFCC-HbA1c is 64 mmol/mol or less in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	82.0%	80.3%	79.5%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions) 16.8% (99)	CCG Exception rate 11.9%	England Exception rate 12.4%	
Indicator	Practice performance	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with diabetes, on the register, in whom the last blood pressure reading (measured in the preceding 12 months) is 140/80 mmHg or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	73.5%	78.6%	78.1%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	6.5% (38) Practice	9.9% CCG	9.3% England	England
Indicator	performance	average	average	comparison
The percentage of patients with diabetes, on the register, whose last measured total cholesterol (measured within the preceding 12 months) is 5 mmol/l or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	76.3%	78.6%	80.1%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	8.0% (47)	14.0%	13.3%	

Other long term conditions				
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with asthma, on the register, who have had an asthma review in the preceding 12 months that includes an assessment of asthma control using the 3 RCP questions. <b>(01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017)</b> (QOF)	81.8%	77.4%	76.4%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	1.8% (12)	3.9%	7.7%	
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with COPD who had a review undertaken including an assessment of breathlessness using the Medical Research Council dyspnoea scale in the preceding 12 months <b>(01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017)</b> (QOF)	92.5%	91.1%	90.4%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	1.0% (2)	9.9%	11.4%	
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with hypertension in whom the last blood pressure reading (measured in the preceding 12 months) is 150/90 mmHg or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	82.0%	83.1%	83.4%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	3.0% (50)	3.8%	4.0%	
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
In those patients with atrial fibrillation with a record of a CHA2DS2-VASc score of 2 or more, the percentage of patients who are currently treated with anti-coagulation drug therapy. <b>(01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017)</b> (QOF)	91.8%	86.5%	88.4%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions) 13.6% (23)	CCG Exception rate 8.0%	England Exception rate 8.2%	

Child Immunisation				
Indicator	Numerator	Denominator	Practice %	Comparison to WHO target
Percentage of children aged 1 with completed primary course of 5:1 vaccine. (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (NHS England)	154	159	96.9%	Met 95% WHO based target Significant Variation (positive)
The percentage children aged 2 who have received their booster immunisation for Pneumococcal infection (i.e. received Pneumococcal booster) (PCV booster) (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (NHS England)	188	190	98.9%	Met 95% WHO based target Significant Variation (positive)
The percentage of children aged 2 who have received their immunisation for Haemophilus influenza type b (Hib) and Meningitis C (MenC) (i.e. received Hib/MenC booster) (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (NHS England)	98	139	97.8%	Met 95% WHO based target Significant Variation (positive)
The percentage of children aged 2 who have received immunisation for measles, mumps and rubella (first dose of MMR) <b>(01/04/2016 to</b> <b>31/03/2017)</b> (NHS England)	148	149	99.3%	Met 95% WHO based target Significant Variation (positive)

Cancer Indicators				
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of women eligible for cervical cancer screening who were screened adequately within 3.5 years for women aged 25 to 49, and within 5.5 years for women aged 50 to 64 <b>(01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017)</b> (Public Health England)	69.8%	71.1%	72.1%	Comparable to other practices
Females, 50-70, screened for breast cancer in last 36 months (3 year coverage, %) (PHE)	67.8%	68.4%	70.3%	N/A
Persons, 60-69, screened for bowel cancer in last 30 months (2.5 year coverage, %)(PHE)	53.9%	54.5%	54.6%	N/A
The percentage of patients with cancer, diagnosed within the preceding 15 months, who have a patient review recorded as occurring within 6 months of the date of diagnosis. (PHE)	90.4%	79.1%	71.2%	N/A

Mental Health Indicators				
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder and other psychoses who have a comprehensive, agreed care plan documented in the record, in the preceding 12 months <b>(01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017)</b> (QOF)	92.8%	94.9%	90.3%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	3.0% (3)	12.0%	12.5%	
Indicator	Practice	CCG	England	England
		average	average	comparison
The percentage of patients with schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder and other psychoses whose alcohol consumption has been recorded in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	93.8%	94.1%	90.7%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	3.0% (3)	9.6%	10.3%	
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients diagnosed with dementia whose care plan has been reviewed in a face-to-face review in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	95.9%	86.1%	83.7%	Variation (positive)
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	1.3% (1)	4.3%	6.8%	

### Monitoring care and treatment

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average
Overall QOF score (out of maximum 559)	553	543	539
Overall QOF exception reporting	7.3%	5.9%	5.7%

### Effective staffing

Question	Y/N
The registered person provided assurances that staff had the skills, knowledge and experience to deliver effective care, support and treatment. This included specific training for nurses on immunisation and on sample taking for the cervical screening programme.	Yes
The learning and development needs of staff were assessed	Yes
The provider had a programme of learning and development.	Yes
There was an induction programme for new staff.	Yes
Staff had access to appraisals, one to one, coaching and mentoring, clinical supervision and revalidation. They were supported to meet the requirements of professional revalidation.	Yes
The practice could demonstrate how they assured the competence of staff employed in advanced clinical practice, for example, nurses, paramedics, pharmacists and physician associates.	Yes
If no please explain below:	
n/a	
Any further comments or notable training.	
n/a	

### Coordinating care and treatment

Indicator	Y/N
The contractor has regular (at least 3 monthly) multidisciplinary case review meetings where all patients on the palliative care register are discussed (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	Yes

### Helping patients to live healthier lives

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with physical and/or mental health conditions whose notes record smoking status in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	97.1%	95.7%	95.3%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	0.2% (6)	0.7%	0.8%	
Indicator	Practice	CCG	England	England
		average	average	comparison
Number of new cancer cases treated (Detection rate: % of which resulted from a two week wait (TWW) referral) (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (PHE)	64.6%	54.3%	51.6%	Comparable to other practices

# Caring

### Kindness, respect and compassion

CQC comments cards	
Total comments cards received	31
Number of CQC comments received which were positive about the service	28
Number of comments cards received which were mixed about the service	3
Number of CQC comments received which were negative about the service	0

### Examples of feedback received:

Source	Feedback
NHS Choices	We saw examples of the practice providing individual support to patients who were anxious about attending the surgery.
Comment cards	Patients said that they felt the practice cared about their health and gave them support to improve their wellbeing. They described examples where they were listened to and treated with respect, dignity and kindness. Patients also commented on the professionalism of staff.

### National GP Survey results

Practice population size	Surveys sent out	% of practice population	Surveys returned	Survey Response rate%
14,143	276	2%	112	40.58%

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that they would definitely or probably recommend their GP surgery to someone who has just moved to the local area (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017) (GP Patient Survey)	86.4%	77.8%	78.9%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a GP, the GP was good or very good at listening to them <b>(01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)</b> (GPPS)	95.7%	91.0%	88.8%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who answered positively to question 22 "Did you have confidence and trust in the GP you saw or spoke to?" <b>(01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)</b> (GPPS)	96.4%	96.1%	95.5%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a GP, the GP was good or very good at treating them with care and concern (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017) (GPPS)	94.2%	86.9%	85.5%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a nurse, the nurse was good or very good at listening to them <b>(01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)</b> (GPPS)	98.1%	92.2%	91.4%	Variation (positive)
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a nurse, the nurse was good or very good at treating them with care and concern (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017) (GPPS)	97.5%	91.3%	90.7%	Variation (positive)

### Involvement in decisions about care and treatment

Examples of feedback received:

Source	Feedback
Interviews with patients	We spoke to a member of the patient participation group (PPG) who told us they were satisfied with the care provided by the practice and had always been listened to and treated with dignity and respect.
Comment cards	Patients described how they felt they had been listened to and how the doctors explained results and treatments to them clearly enabling them to be involved in decisions about their care.

### National GP Survey results

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a GP, the GP was good or very good at explaining tests and treatments <b>(01/01/2017 to</b> <b>31/03/2017)</b> (GPPS)	91.9%	88.0%	86.4%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a GP, the GP was good or very good at involving them in decisions about their care (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017) (GPPS)	89.0%	83.6%	82.0%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a nurse, the nurse was good or very good at explaining tests and treatments (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017) (GPPS)	94.5%	90.7%	89.9%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a nurse, the nurse was good or very good at involving them in decisions about their care (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017) (GPPS)	88.8%	84.2%	85.4%	Comparable to other practices

Interpretation services were available for patients who did not have English as a first language. Yes

Patient information leaflets and notices were available in the patient waiting area which told patients how to access support groups and organisations. Yes

Information leaflets were available in easy read format. Yes

Information about support groups was available on the practice website. Yes

Carers	Narrative
Percentage and number of carers identified	199 patients were identified as carers; this represents approximately 2% of the practice list.
How the practice supports carers	Carers were offered flexible appointment times and invited for annual influenza vaccinations. Carers were referred to a local charity that support carers and the practice took part in the carer's break scheme which supports a number of carers to take a respite break.
How the practice supports recently bereaved patients	The GP sends a letter to the family if they are known to the practice, which includes condolences and offers an appointment with the GP for the family. The GP would visit the next of kin or family if appropriate. The practice also provided help with forms or other arrangements and signpost relatives to other support services where appropriate.

### Privacy and dignity

Curtains were provided in consulting rooms to maintain patients' privacy and dignity during examinations, investigations and treatments. Yes

	Narrative
Arrangements to ensure confidentiality at the reception desk	The reception desk was in a separate room to the waiting room.

Consultation and treatment room doors were closed during consultations. Yes

A private room was available if patients were distressed or wanted to discuss sensitive issues. Yes Examples of feedback received from patients:

Source	Feedback
Comment cards	A patient who suffered from anxiety described how receptionists put them at ease and arranged for them to wait in a quiet area rather than in the main waiting room.
Staff	Described how a private room was used to help patients who had difficulty reading or writing complete forms and to read letters out loud.
	Described how a patient who was agitated and frustrated was offered a private room to discuss their concerns. This enabled the practice to resolve the patients concerns.

## Responsive

### Responding to and meeting people's needs

Practice Opening Times	
Day	Time
Monday	08:00-18:30
Tuesday	08:00-18:30
Wednesday	08:00-18:30
Thursday	08:00-18:30
Friday	08:00-18:30
Saturday 08:00-11:00	
Appointments available	
	08:00 – 18:00
Extended hours opening	
Saturdays	08:00-11:00

### Home visits

The practice had a system to assess whether a home visit was clinically necessary and the urgency of the need for medical attention

Yes

If yes, describe how this was done

Requests for home visits were added to the home visit list and the duty doctor determined whether the visit was necessary and the urgency. If an urgent request was received the duty doctor was advised immediately by reception of the request.

### Timely access to the service

National GP Survey results

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who were 'Very satisfied' or 'Fairly satisfied' with their GP practices opening hours. (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	79.0%	74.7%	80.0%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who gave a positive answer to "Generally, how easy is it to get through to someone at your GP surgery on the phone?" (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	60.1%	67.3%	70.9%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they wanted to see or speak to a GP or nurse from their GP surgery they were able to get an appointment (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	79.3%	75.5%	75.5%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who responded positively to the overall experience of making an appointment (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	70.4%	69.8%	72.7%	Comparable to other practices

### Any additional evidence

Interpretation services were available for patients who did not have English as a first language and the practice had a number of multi-lingual staff, including GPs.

Examples of feedback received from patients:

Source	Feedback
Patient interview	We spoke to a member of the patient participation group who told us that they were satisfied with the appointment system and had always got book on the day appointments when requested.
Comment cards	Patients were generally satisfied with the appointment system and most described it as easy to get an appointment, particularly in an emergency or book on the day. Three patients reported difficulties booking appointments in advance.

### Listening and learning from complaints received

The complaints policy and procedures were in line with recognised guidance and contractual obligations. Yes (See *My expectations for raising concerns and complaints* and *NHS England Complaints policy*)

Information was available to help patients understand the complaints system. Yes

Complaints	
Number of complaints received in the last year.	12
Number of complaints we examined	4
Number of complaints we examined that were satisfactorily handled in a timely way	4
Number of complaints referred to the Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman	0

### Well-led

### Leadership capacity and capability

### Vision and strategy

### **Practice Vision and values**

There was a clear vision to provide patients with high quality, patient-centred, holistic care, in a safe, responsive and courteous manner. The practice strived to preserve the traditional values of Primary Care Medicine, whilst empowering patients to fully participate in their own care. All staff were aware of the vision and we saw that this translated into the action of the practice.

### Culture

Examples of feedback from staff or other evidence about working at the practice

Source	Feedback
Staff	Staff we spoke with told us that the whole practice worked as a team and that all the GPs and management were very approachable. Staff told us they found it was a supportive environment both clinically and non-clinically.

Examples of changes made by the practice as a result of feedback from staff

Source	Example
Salaried GPs	The salaried GPs suggested that changes to the types of appointments offered in the afternoon would make time keeping better, the practice implemented these changes.
Staff	Staff suggestions were sought for improving patient uptake of cervical screening. It was suggested that a letter from a GP rather than an administrative staff member would help. The practice now send one letter from the administrative staff and if the patient does not respond a letter is send from the GP gynaecology champion followed by a phone call from the same GP if they have not responded to the letter.

Examples of the practice responding to incidents and concerns and how they communicate with patients and those involved (consider duty of candour)

Source	Example	
Practice complaints records	A patient was referred by a local optician to the GP for onward referral to specialists following an eye test. The referral was not received by the pract was only brought to their attention when the patent contacted the practice. responded to the patient and completed the onward referral in a timely m The practice contacted the optician and a new system has been put in pla referrals from the optician to ensure that they are not lost en-route from op GP. The practice had also spoken to other local opticians to review how r were sent to the GP.	tice and The GP anner. ace for otician to
The practice's speak	ing up policies are in line with the NHSI National Raising Issues Policy.	Yes

Examples of action taken by the practice to promote the safety and wellbeing of staff

Source	Example
Staff	Workstation assessments were carried out, with regard to display screen equipment. Where improvements were identified changes were made, for example in some areas new chairs were provided and anti-glare filters were provided where required.
Staff	All staff attended team meetings. This provided an inclusive culture for non-clinical staff and assisted in providing a quality service to patients.

Examples of action taken by the practice to promote equality and diversity for staff

Source	Example
Staff	The practice considered their staff and treated staff fairly and considered equality.
	There was an inclusive culture.

Examples of actions to improve quality in past 2 years

Area	Impact
Cervical screening	New administration systems, patient education and a female GP took on the new role of gynaecology champion have seen an increase in the uptake of cervical screening.
High risk medicines	Monthly audits have demonstrated continued improvement in the monitoring of patients prescribed high risk medicines.

Examples of service developments implemented in past 2 years

Development area	Impact
	Developed due to long waiting times to be seen in local hospital. Patients are seen more quickly with onward referral when appropriate.
	For the last two years the practice has provided training placements for paramedic practitioners. This provided patients with additional clinical professional input to their care, including more rapid home visits.

### Appropriate and accurate information

Staff whose responsibilities include making statutory notifications understand what this	Yes
entails	165

### Engagement with patients, the public, staff and external partners

### Examples of methods of engagement

	Method	Impact
Patients	Patient participation group	The number of appointments that patients did not attend was displayed in the waiting room, which patients fed back they were not previously aware of the number of wasted appointments.
Staff	Staff suggestion box annual appraisals, regular staff meetings	Staff suggestions are regularly discussed and implemented where appropriate. Appropriate training identified by staff has been provided.
External partners	Clinical commissioning group, Deanery for role as training practice	The practice met regularly with the CCG and the Deanery. Recently working with the CCG the practice had influenced the way that the results of blood tests for patients prescribed a blood thinning agent were communicated to the practice.

### Feedback from Patient Participation Group;

### Feedback

The patient participation group (PPG) reported that it was run in a democratic manner, where everybody around the table was able to raise their thoughts. Ideas raised by the PPG were discussed and implemented where appropriate. The PPG felt involved in the practice.

# Examples of specific engagement with patients and patient participation group in developments within the practice;

Examples	Impact
After suggestion from the PPG a bicycle rack was installed at the surgery.	This provided alternative transport options for patients.

#### Continuous improvement and innovation

Examples of innovation and improvements	Impact on patients
Planned audit schedule	Improved care for patients, for example improved monitoring of patients prescribed high risk medicines

#### Notes: CQC GP Insight

GP Insight assesses a practice's data against all the other practices in England. We assess relative performance for the majority of indicators using a z-score, a statistical tool which shows the deviation from the England average. It gives us a statistical measurement of a practice's performance in relation to the England average, and measures this in standard deviations. We calculate a z-score for each indicator, thereby highlighting the practices which significantly vary from the England average (in either a positive or negative direction). We consider that z-scores which are +2 or more or -2 or less are at significant levels, warranting further enquiry.

N.B. Not all indicators are part of the GP insight set and those that aren't will not have a variation band.

The following language is used for banding variation:

#### Significant variation (positive)

- Variation (positive)
- Comparable to other practices
- Variation (negative)
- Significant variation (negative)
- Note: for the following indicators the variation bands are different:
  - Child Immunisation indicators. These are scored against the World Health Organisation target of 95%.

It is important to note that z-scores are not a judgement in themselves, but will prompt further enquiry, as part of our ongoing monitoring of GP practices. Guidance and Frequently Asked Questions on GP Insight can be found on the following link: http://www.cqc.org.uk/what-we-do/how-we-use-information/monitoring-gp-practices