Care Quality Commission

Inspection Evidence Table

Willow Green Surgery (1-542976897)

Inspection date: 22 June 2018

Date of data download: 14 June 2018

Please note: Any Quality Outcomes Framework (QOF) data relates to 2016/17.

Safe

Safety systems and processes

Safeguarding	Y/N
There was lead members of staff for safeguarding processes and procedures.	Yes
Safety and safeguarding systems, processes and practices were developed, implemented and communicated to staff.	Yes
Policies were in place covering adult and child safeguarding.	Yes
Policies were updated and reviewed and accessible to all staff.	Yes
Partners and staff were trained to appropriate levels for their role (for example level three for GPs, including locum GPs).	Yes
Information about patients at risk was shared with other agencies in a timely way.	Yes
Systems were in place to highlight vulnerable patients on record. There was a risk register of specific patients.	Yes
Disclosure and Barring Service checks were undertaken where required.	Yes

Recruitment Systems	Y/N
Recruitment checks were carried out in accordance with regulations (including for agency staff and locums).	Yes
Staff vaccination was maintained in line with current Public Health England (PHE) guidance and if relevant to role.	In progress
Systems were in place to ensure the registration of clinical staff (including nurses and pharmacists) was checked and regularly monitored.	Yes
Staff who require medical indemnity insurance had it in place.	Yes

Explanation of any answers:

We saw evidence that the practice was in the process of updating its register of staff vaccinations to make sure they were current and relevant to their role.

Safety Records	Y/N
There was a record of portable appliance testing or visual inspection by a competent person Date of last inspection/Test: November 2017	Yes
There was a record of equipment calibration Date of last calibration: November 2017	Yes
Risk assessments were in place for any storage of hazardous substances e.g. liquid nitrogen, storage of chemicals	Yes
Fire procedure in place	Yes
Fire extinguisher checks	Yes
Fire drills and logs	Yes
Fire alarm checks	Yes
Fire training for staff	Yes
Fire marshals	Yes
Fire risk assessment Date of completion: August 2018	Yes
Actions were identified and completed.	N/A
Health and safety Premises/security risk assessment? Date of last assessment: August 2017	Yes
Health and safety risk assessment and actions Date of last assessment: August 2017	Yes
Additional comments: The practice manager had undertaken training in assessing health a	and safety.

Infection control	Y/N
Risk assessment and policy in place	Yes
Date of last infection control audit: March 2018	
The practice acted on any issues identified	Yes
Detail: the action plan was risk assessed and prioritised. Action taken included the stocking of detergent wipes in the baby changing area.	
The arrangements for managing waste and clinical specimens kept people safe?	Yes

Risks to patients

Y/N
Yes

Explanation of any answers:

Whilst receptionists were aware of actions to take if they encountered a deteriorating or acutely unwell patient they had not had any awareness training specifically in relation to sepsis.

Information to deliver safe care and treatment

Question	Y/N
Individual care records, including clinical data, were written and managed in line with current guidance and relevant legislation.	Yes
Referral letters contained specific information to allow appropriate and timely referrals.	Yes
Referrals to specialist services were documented.	Yes
The practice had a documented approach to the management of test results and this was managed in a timely manner.	Yes
The practice demonstrated that when patients use multiple services, all the information needed for their ongoing care was shared appropriately and in line with relevant protocols.	Yes

Appropriate and safe use of medicines

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
Number of antibacterial prescription items prescribed per Specific Therapeutic group Age-sex Related Prescribing Unit (STAR PU).(01/07/2016 to 30/06/2017)(NHS Business Service Authority - NHSBSA)	0.91	0.96	0.98	Comparable to other practices
Percentage of antibiotic items prescribed that are Co-Amoxiclav, Cephalosporins or Quinolones.(01/07/2016 to 30/06/2017) (NHSBSA)	9.8%	10.3%	8.9%	Comparable to other practices

Medicines Management	Y/N
The practice had a process and clear audit trail for the management of information about changes to a patient's medicines including changes made by other services.	Yes
Staff had the appropriate authorisations in place to administer medicines (including Patient Group Directions or Patient Specific Directions).	Yes
Prescriptions (pads and computer prescription paper) were kept securely and monitored.	Yes
There was a process for the management of medicines including high risk medicines (for example, warfarin, methotrexate and lithium) with appropriate monitoring and clinical review prior to prescribing.	Yes
The practice monitored the prescribing of controlled drugs. (For example, audits for unusual prescribing, quantities, dose, formulations and strength).	Yes
There were arrangements for raising concerns around controlled drugs with the NHS England Area Team Controlled Drugs Accountable Officer.	NA
If the practice had controlled drugs on the premises there were systems for the safe ordering, checks on receipt, storage, administration, balance checks and disposal of these medicines in line with national guidance.	NA
Up to date local prescribing guidelines were in use.	Yes
Clinical staff could access a local microbiologist for advice.	Yes
For remote or online prescribing there were effective protocols in place for identifying and verifying the patient in line with General Medical Council guidance.	Yes
The practice held appropriate emergency medicines and risk assessments were in place to determine the range of medicines held.	Yes
The practice had arrangements to monitor the stock levels and expiry dates of emergency medicines/medical gases.	Yes
There was medical oxygen on site.	Yes
The practice had a defibrillator.	Yes
Both were checked regularly and this was recorded.	Yes
Medicines that required refrigeration were appropriately stored, monitored and	Yes

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Track record on safety and lessons learned and improvements made

Significant events	Y/N
There was a system for recording and acting on significant events	Yes
Staff understood how to report incidents both internally and externally	Yes
There was evidence of learning and dissemination of information	Yes
Number of events recorded in last 12 months.	23
Number of events that required action	21

Example of significant events recorded and actions by the practice;

Event	Specific action taken
Appointments with nurse practitioner and paramedics	After a significant event involving a patient who was seen twice by a nurse practitioner and a paramedic for a problem that was not resolving we saw that the practice had changed its policy to ensure that after two appointments the patient should be assessed by a GP. We saw that this event was discussed at a clinical meeting and that the patient involved had been written to with an apology and explanation. The practice updated its appointment policy to reflect the change in procedure.

Safety Alerts	Y/N
There was a system for recording and acting on safety alerts	Yes
Staff understand how to deal with alerts	Yes

Comments on systems in place: All alerts were received by the practice manager who circulated them appropriately and kept a central record of all action taken in response.

Effective

Effective needs assessment, care and treatment

Prescribing				
Indicator	Practice performance	CCG average	England average	England comparison
Average daily quantity of Hypnotics prescribed per Specific Therapeutic group Age-sex Related Prescribing Unit (STAR PU). (01/07/2016 to 30/06/2017) (NHSBSA)	0.85	0.85	0.90	Comparable to other practices

People with long-term conditions

Diabetes Indicators				
Indicator	Practice performance	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with diabetes, on the register, in whom the last IFCC-HbA1c is 64 mmol/mol or less in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	77.8%	83.8%	79.5%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	7.0% (42)	16.6%	12.4%	
Indicator	Practice performance	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with diabetes, on the register, in whom the last blood pressure reading (measured in the preceding 12 months) is 140/80 mmHg or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017)	60.5%	77.6%	78.1%	Variation (negative)
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	11.8% (71)	14.2%	9.3%	
Indicator	Practice performance	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with diabetes, on the register, whose last measured total cholesterol (measured within the preceding 12 months) is 5 mmol/l or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	70.0%	80.3%	80.1%	Comparable to other practices

QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	12.8% (77)	20.3%	13.3%	

Other long term conditions				
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with asthma, on the register, who have had an asthma review in the preceding 12 months that includes an assessment of asthma control using the 3 RCP questions. (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	57.8%	71.6%	76.4%	Significant Variation (negative)
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	10.5% (78)	15.8% CCG	7.7% England	England
Indicator	Practice	average	average	comparison
The percentage of patients with COPD who had a review undertaken including an assessment of breathlessness using the Medical Research Council dyspnoea scale in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	64.9%	84.0%	90.4%	Significant Variation (negative)
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	15.8% (38)	17.1%	11.4%	
Indicator	Practice	CCG	England	England
		average	average	comparison
The percentage of patients with hypertension in whom the last blood pressure reading (measured in the preceding 12 months) is 150/90 mmHg or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	79.4%	81.3%	83.4%	Comparable to other practices
whom the last blood pressure reading (measured in the preceding 12 months) is 150/90 mmHg or	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	81.3% CCG Exception rate		Comparable to
whom the last blood pressure reading (measured in the preceding 12 months) is 150/90 mmHg or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	Practice Exception rate (number of	81.3% CCG Exception rate 6.7%	83.4% England Exception rate 4.0%	Comparable to other practices
whom the last blood pressure reading (measured in the preceding 12 months) is 150/90 mmHg or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	81.3% CCG Exception rate	83.4% England Exception rate	Comparable to
whom the last blood pressure reading (measured in the preceding 12 months) is 150/90 mmHg or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF) QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions) 6.1% (130) Practice	81.3% CCG Exception rate 6.7% CCG	83.4% England Exception rate 4.0% England	Comparable to other practices England
whom the last blood pressure reading (measured in the preceding 12 months) is 150/90 mmHg or less (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF) QOF Exceptions Indicator In those patients with atrial fibrillation with a record of a CHA2DS2-VASc score of 2 or more, the percentage of patients who are currently treated with anti-coagulation drug therapy.	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions) 6.1% (130) Practice	81.3% CCG Exception rate 6.7% CCG average	83.4% England Exception rate 4.0% England average	Comparable to other practices England comparison Comparable to

Any additional evidence or comments

The practice's performance against quality indicators for long term conditions was below local and national averages for asthma, chronic lung disease and diabetes. This was because the practice had taken on 1,200 patients from a nearby practice that closed in 2016. The practice's QOF targets were suspended for two years in 2016, in agreement with the local clinical commissioning group (CCG) and the local medical committee (LMC), to give the practice time to adjust, reorganise and restructure its chronic disease management to accommodate the additional patients.

Families, children and young people

Child Immunisation				
Indicator	Numerator	Denominator	Practice %	Comparison to WHO target
Percentage of children aged 1 with completed primary course of 5:1 vaccine. (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (NHS England)	66	66	100.0%	Met 95% WHO based target Significant Variation (positive)
The percentage children aged 2 who have received their booster immunisation for Pneumococcal infection (i.e. received Pneumococcal booster) (PCV booster) (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (NHS England)	73	76	96.1%	Met 95% WHO based target Significant Variation (positive)
The percentage of children aged 2 who have received their immunisation for Haemophilus influenza type b (Hib) and Meningitis C (MenC) (i.e. received Hib/MenC booster) (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (NHS England)	72	76	94.7%	Met 90% Minimum (no variation)
The percentage of children aged 2 who have received immunisation for measles, mumps and rubella (first dose of MMR) (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (NHS England)	74	76	97.4%	Met 95% WHO based target Significant Variation (positive)

Working age people (including those recently retired and students)

Cancer Indicators				
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of women eligible for cervical cancer screening who were screened adequately within 3.5 years for women aged 25 to 49, and within 5.5 years for women aged 50 to 64 (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (Public Health England)	76.6%	74.0%	72.1%	Comparable to other practices
Females, 50-70, screened for breast cancer in last 36 months (3 year coverage, %) (PHE)	76.7%	72.2%	70.3%	N/A
Persons, 60-69, screened for bowel cancer in last 30 months (2.5 year coverage, %) _(PHE)	64.5%	61.2%	54.6%	N/A
The percentage of patients with cancer, diagnosed within the preceding 15 months, who have a patient review recorded as occurring within 6 months of the date of diagnosis. (PHE)	60.3%	66.0%	71.2%	N/A
Number of new cancer cases treated (Detection rate: % of which resulted from a two week wait (TWW) referral) (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (PHE)	38.2%	52.4%	51.6%	Comparable to other practices

People experiencing poor mental health (including people with dementia)

Mental Health Indicators				
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder and other psychoses who have a comprehensive, agreed care plan documented in the record, in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	75.0%	82.5%	90.3%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions) 26.5% (13)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with schizophrenia, bipolar affective disorder and other psychoses whose alcohol consumption has been recorded in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	43.6%	85.1%	90.7%	Significant Variation (negative)
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	20.4% (10)	16.6%	10.3%	
Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients diagnosed with dementia whose care plan has been reviewed in a face-to-face review in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	73.6%	80.9%	83.7%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	10.7% (19)	10.4%	6.8%	

Any additional evidence or comments

The practice's performance against some quality indicators for long term conditions was below local and national averages. This was because the practice had taken on 1,200 patients from a nearby practice that closed in 2016. The practice's QOF targets were suspended for two years in 2016, in agreement with the local clinical commissioning group (CCG) and the local medical committee (LMC), to give the practice time to adjust, reorganise and restructure its chronic disease management to accommodate the additional patients.

Monitoring care and treatment

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average
Overall QOF score (out of maximum 559)	457	535	539
Overall QOF exception reporting	5.3%	7.2%	5.7%

Coordinating care and treatment

Indicator	Y/N
The contractor has regular (at least 3 monthly) multidisciplinary case review meetings where all patients on the palliative care register are discussed (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	Yes

Helping patients to live healthier lives

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of patients with physical and/or mental health conditions whose notes record smoking status in the preceding 12 months (01/04/2016 to 31/03/2017) (QOF)	93.5%	93.5%	95.3%	Comparable to other practices
QOF Exceptions	Practice Exception rate (number of exceptions)	CCG Exception rate	England Exception rate	
	0.9% (30)	0.7%	0.8%	

Consent to care and treatment

Description of how the practice monitors that consent is sought appropriately

The practice could monitor that consent was sought for interventions through the patient records. The practice ensured that written consent was sought for minor surgery procedures; the completed forms were then uploaded into the patient record. Consent for other procedures, such as childhood immunisations and cervical screening was verbally sought and recorded on the patient's clinical record.

Caring

Kindness, respect and compassion

CQC comments cards	
Total comments cards received	88
Number of CQC comments received which were positive about the service	75
Number of comments cards received which were mixed about the service	13
Number of CQC comments received which were negative about the service	0

Examples of feedback received:

Source	Feedback
Comments cards	Patients commented that they were mostly very happy with the service provided. They described the staff as kind caring and helpful. They commented that the environment felt safe and hygienic. Some patients commented that it could be difficult to get an appointment with a GP.
Patient interviews	The patients we spoke with told us that the receptionists were always very helpful and that they felt the appointment system worked well. They said telephone call back appointments with the GP were always prompt. They said they felt listened to and that clinicians explained things well.

National GP Survey results

Practice population size	Surveys sent out	Surveys returned	Survey Response rate%	% of practice population
9,883	223	126	56.50%	1%

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that they would definitely or probably recommend their GP surgery to someone who has just moved to the local area (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	87.2%	81.9%	78.9%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a GP, the GP was good or very good at listening to them (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	89.8%	90.4%	88.8%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who answered positively to question 22 "Did you have confidence and trust in the GP you saw or spoke to?" (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	98.8%	96.8%	95.5%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a GP, the GP was good or very good at treating them with care and concern (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	87.3%	87.8%	85.5%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a nurse, the nurse was good or very good at listening to them (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	96.1%	93.6%	91.4%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a nurse, the nurse was good or very good at treating them with care and concern (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	91.1%	92.6%	90.7%	Comparable to other practices

Question	Y/N
The practice carries out its own patient survey/patient feedback exercises.	

Date of exercise	Summary of results
·	The practice undertook an annual survey of patient views which asked 16 different questions on key areas such as ease of making an appointment, getting through on the phone, helpfulness of receptionists, opening hours, warmth and manner of clinical staff, feeling listened to, having things explained and overall satisfaction. The practice received 62 responses which showed that the majority of those who responded, answered good, very good or excellent to the questions asked.

Involvement in decisions about care and treatment

Examples of feedback received:

Source	Feedback
Comments cards Interviews with patients.	Patients told us they felt listened to. They said clinicians explained things well and gave them choices about treatment options. They felt involved in decisions about their care.

National GP Survey results

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a GP, the GP was good or very good at explaining tests and treatments (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	85.2%	87.3%	86.4%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a GP, the GP was good or very good at involving them in decisions about their care (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	83.5%	83.7%	82.0%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a nurse, the nurse was good or very good at explaining tests and treatments (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	90.2%	91.8%	89.9%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they saw or spoke to a nurse, the nurse was good or very good at involving them in decisions about their care (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	87.8%	86.3%	85.4%	Comparable to other practices

Question	
Interpretation services were available for patients who did not have English as a first language.	Yes
Patient information leaflets and notices were available in the patient waiting area which told patients how to access support groups and organisations.	
Information leaflets were available in large print format.	
Information about support groups was available on the practice website.	

Carers	Narrative
Percentage and number of carers identified	The practice had 226 carers identified on its register.
How the practice supports carers	A health care assistant had responsibility for maintaining the carers' register and liaising with the local carers' support group. There was a notice board with information for carers and a carer's information pack.
How the practice supports recently bereaved patients	If families had suffered bereavement, their usual GP contacted them by phone. This call was either followed by a patient consultation at a flexible time and location to meet the family's needs and/or by giving them advice on how to find a support service.

Privacy and dignity

Question	Y/N
Curtains were provided in consulting rooms to maintain patients' privacy and dignity during examinations, investigations and treatments.	Yes

	Narrative
Arrangements to ensure confidentiality at the reception desk	Telephone calls were taken in the back office and not at the front desk. Receptionists made sure that they spoke quietly and were discreet at the front desk. There was a sign at reception that asked patients not to queue beyond a certain point in order to respect the privacy of patients speaking with the receptionist. There was a private room available for confidential conversations if required.

Question	Y/N
Consultation and treatment room doors were closed during consultations.	
A private room was available if patients were distressed or wanted to discuss sensitive issues.	

Responsive

Responding to and meeting people's needs

Practice Opening Times		
Day	Time	
Monday	8am to 6.30pm	
Tuesday	8am to 6.30pm	
Wednesday	8am to 6.30pm	
Thursday	8am to 6.30pm	
Friday	8am to 6.30pm	

Appointments available. (including extended hours)

Appointments are available from 8am until 6pm on Monday, Tuesday and Friday and from 7.30am until 6pm on a Wednesday and Thursday. Booked appointments were available one Saturday per month.

Home visits	Y/N
The practice had a system to assess whether a home visit was clinically necessary and the urgency of the need for medical attention	Yes

If yes, describe how this was done

The reception staff took the details of all requests for a home who which were forwarded to a GP for assessment. The visits were then prioritised and allocated to an appropriate clinician for a visit.

Timely access to the service

National GP Survey results

Practice population size	Surveys sent out	Surveys returned	Survey Response rate%	% of practice population
9,883	223	126	56.50%	1%

Indicator	Practice	CCG average	England average	England comparison
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who were 'Very satisfied' or 'Fairly satisfied' with their GP practices opening hours. (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	88.1%	81.0%	80.0%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who gave a positive answer to "Generally, how easy is it to get through to someone at your GP surgery on the phone?" (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	92.0%	72.0%	70.9%	Comparable to other practices
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who stated that the last time they wanted to see or speak to a GP or nurse from their GP surgery they were able to get an appointment (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	92.4%	79.6%	75.5%	Variation (positive)
The percentage of respondents to the GP patient survey who responded positively to the overall experience of making an appointment (01/01/2017 to 31/03/2017)	81.2%	76.5%	72.7%	Comparable to other practices

Listening and learning from complaints received

Complaints	Y/N
Number of complaints received in the last year.	25
Number of complaints we examined	4
Number of complaints we examined that were satisfactorily handled in a timely way	4
Number of complaints referred to the Parliamentary and Health Service Ombudsman	0

Example of how quality has improved in response to complaints

Because of a complaint form a patient about the lack of phlebotomy appointments available the practice had increased its phlebotomy sessions to five per week.

Well-led

Leadership capacity and capability

Examples of how leadership, capacity and capability were demonstrated by the practice

Leaders were knowledgeable about issues and priorities relating to the quality and future of services. They worked closely with other practices in the locality and took the lead role on several initiatives which included frailty, proactive care and locality education. They were aware of the issues facing general practice and had adapted services accordingly, for example, by making better use of skill mix in primary care with the employment of nurse and paramedic practitioners. There was evidence of succession planning for forthcoming retirements with the recent recruitment of an additional GP.

Vision and strategy

Practice Vision and values

The practice had a clear vision to deliver high quality care and promote good outcomes for patients.

Culture

Examples of feedback from staff or other evidence about working at the practice

Source	Feedback
Staff interviews Staff questionnaires	Staff told us that they enjoyed working at the practice. They said there was an open culture in which they felt able to raise concerns without any blame. They also felt listened to and told us that the partners acted on ideas and suggestions from staff for example, the purchasing of a whiteboard for the office area that provided daily information about staff on duty, absence, cover arrangements and locums. Also, more hours had been allocated to enable staff to catch up on administrative tasks to take pressure off the reception staff. They felt well supported in their roles and felt they received all the training they needed to undertake their jobs effectively. They also felt their health and wellbeing was looked after. They were provided with the equipment they needed to work safely and ergonomically, for example lumbar supports for office chairs, new office chairs, wrist rests and stand up desks. They told us the partners were particularly supportive and accommodating to staff if they were off sick for any length of time. They mostly felt well informed and we saw that there was regular staff newsletter which kept staff up to date with new developments, reminders and staff related matters. It also included birthday wishes to relevant staff. Staff said they worked well as a team and enjoyed regular social events which were supported by the partners. Several staff commented that since the taking on of additional patients that workload had noticeably increased and that they could benefit from more administrative staff to cope with this and provide sufficient cover during holiday periods.

Governance arrangements

Examples of structures, processes and systems in place to support the delivery of good quality and sustainable care.		
Practice specific policies	The practice had a comprehensive set of policies and procedures that staff could access on a shared computer drive. We saw that policies were regularly reviewed and kept up to date	
		Y/N
Staff could describe the governance arrangements		Yes
Staff were clear on their roles and responsibilities		Yes

Managing risks, issues and performance

Complaints	Y/N
Major incident plan in place	Yes
Staff trained in preparation for major incident	Yes

Examples of actions taken to address risks identified within the practice

Risk	Example of risk management activities
Storing of liquid nitrogen	The practice put in place an up to date risk assessment for the storage of liquid nitrogen
Health and safety risk assessments	Annual health and safety risk assessments were undertaken and actions completed.
Forthcoming retirement of GPs.	Recruitment of additional GP.

Appropriate and accurate information

Question	Y/N
Staff whose responsibilities include making statutory notifications understood what this entails.	Υ

Engagement with patients, the public, staff and external partners

Feedback from Patient Participation Group;

Feedback

We met with members of the patient participation group on the day of the inspection. The group had been set up in May 2017 and had met twice since then. They told us that they felt able to raise their concerns and that the practice listened and made improvements as a result. Examples of improvements included tidying up the noticeboards in the waiting area and having a dedicated display with information for carers. The practice had also responded to concerns patients had about seeing a nurse practitioner or paramedic instead of a GP by having an open afternoon where they chatted informally with patients about their role.

Any additional evidence

The practice had also recently joined with six other practices in the locality - Rustington, East Preston, Angmering and Littlehampton - 'REAL Care'. This provided a place for patients from the six practices to meet online and discuss matters that were important to patients in the area. REAL Care held a public meeting in April 2018 that enabled the public to come and meet with GPs and other patients in the area, hear from local professionals and learn about local changes to the NHS.

Continuous improvement and innovation

Examples of improvements demonstrated as a result of clinical audits in past two years

Audit area	Improvement
Gout as a marker of cardiovascular risk	This audit highlighted the need for the practice to improve the monitoring of patients with this condition particularly those who had been prescribed a certain medication. The outcome was due to be discussed at the practice's next clinical meeting.
Patient knowledge of chronic kidney condition	This audit highlighted the need to improve the information provided to patients to ensure they had sufficient knowledge of their condition. The audit showed that current methods were not effective. Ideas and recommendations for improvements were due to be discussed at the next clinical meeting.

DO NOT DELETE THE NOTES BELOW

Notes: CQC GP Insight

deviations. We calculate a z-score for each indicator, thereby highlighting the practices which significantly vary from the England average (in either a positive or negative direction). We consider that z-scores which are +2 or more or -2 or less are at significant levels, warranting further enquiry.

N.B. Not all indicators are part of the GP insight set and those that aren't will not have a variation band.

The following language is used for banding variation:

- Significant variation (positive)
- Variation (positive)
- Comparable to other practices
- Variation (negative)
- Significant variation (negative)

Note: for the following indicators the variation bands are different:

• Child Immunisation indicators. These are scored against the World Health Organisation target of 95%.

It is important to note that z-scores are not a judgement in themselves, but will prompt further enquiry, as part of our ongoing monitoring of GP practices.

Guidance and Frequently Asked Questions on GP Insight can be found on the following link: http://www.cqc.org.uk/what-we-do/how-we-use-information/monitoring-gp-practices

Glossary of terms used in the data.

- COPD: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
- PHE: Public Health England
- QOF: Quality and Outcomes Framework (see https://qof.digital.nhs.uk/).
- RCP: Royal College of Physicians.
- STAR-PU: Specific Therapeutic Group Age-sex weightings Related Prescribing Units. These weighting allow more accurate and meaningful comparisons within a specific therapeutic group by taking into account the types of people who will be receiving that treatment.(See NHS Choices for more details).