Care Quality Commission

Inspection Evidence Table

Greengate Medical Centre (1-569354767)

Inspection date: 6 November 2018

Date of data download: 22 October 2018

Please note: Any Quality Outcomes Framework (QOF) data relates to 2016/17.

Safe

Safety systems and processes

| Safeguarding | Y/N |
|---|-----|
| Partners and staff were trained to appropriate levels for their role (for example level three for GPs, including locum GPs) | Yes |
| Disclosure and Barring Service checks were undertaken where required | Yes |

| Recruitment Systems | Y/N |
|--|-----|
| Recruitment checks were carried out in accordance with regulations (including for agency staff and locums). | Yes |
| Systems were in place to ensure the registration of clinical staff (including nurses and pharmacists) was checked and regularly monitored. | Yes |

Appropriate and safe use of medicines

| Medicines Management | |
|---|-----|
| The practice held appropriate emergency medicines and risk assessments were in place to determine the range of medicines held. | Yes |
| The practice had arrangements to monitor the stock levels and expiry dates of emergency medicines/medical gases. | Yes |
| There was medical oxygen on site. | Yes |
| The practice had a defibrillator. | Yes |
| Both were checked regularly and this was recorded. | Yes |
| Medicines that required refrigeration were appropriately stored, monitored and transported in line with PHE guidance to ensure they remained safe and effective in use. | Yes |

Well Led

Governance arrangements

| Examples of structures, processes and systems in place to support the delivery of good quality and sustainable care. | | | | |
|--|--|-----|--|--|
| Practice specific policies | The practice policies in respect of recruitment, chaperor chain and locums had been reviewed and were operating. | • | | |
| Other examples | There was now a system in place to effectively monitor and maintain an overview of update training for nurses and HCAs and training was now up to date. The cold chain process was now being operated effectively. The processes in the recruitment system had been strengthened which meant that with newly recruited staff evidence was available that all necessary checks had been undertaken prior to employment and there was a process in place to ensure that necessary checks and information were in place relating to locums. | | | |
| | | Y/N | | |
| Staff were able to describe the governance arrangements | | | | |

Managing risks, issues and performance

Any additional evidence

We found that mitigating actions were being followed and the storage of emergency medicines had been reviewed and posters displayed in the practice advising where emergency medicines were stored. This had been discussed with all practice staff.

Notes: CQC GP Insight

GP Insight assesses a practice's data against all the other practices in England. We assess relative performance for the majority of indicators using a "z-score" (this tells us the number of standard deviations from the mean the data point is), giving us a statistical measurement of a practice's performance in relation to the England average. We highlight practices which significantly vary from the England average (in either a positive or negative direction). We consider that z-scores which are higher than +2 or lower than -2 are at significant levels, warranting further enquiry. Using this technique we can be 95% confident that the practices performance is genuinely different from the average. It is important to note that a number of factors can affect the Z score for a practice, for example a small denominator or the distribution of the data. This means that there will be cases where a practice's data looks quite different to the average, but still shows as comparable, as we do not have enough confidence that the difference is genuine. There may also be cases where a practice's data looks similar across two indicators, but they are in different variation bands.

The percentage of practices which show variation depends on the distribution of the data for each indicator, but is typically around 10-15% of practices. The practices which are not showing significant statistical variation are labelled as comparable to other practices.

N.B. Not all indicators in the evidence table are part of the GP insight set and those that aren't will not have a variation band.

The following language is used for showing variation:

| | Variation Band | Z-score threshold |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| 1 | Significant variation (positive) | Z ≤-3 |
| 2 | Variation (positive) | -3 < Z ≤ -2 |
| 3 | Comparable to other practices | -2 < Z < 2 |
| 4 | Variation (negative) | 2 ≤ Z < 3 |
| 5 | Significant variation (negative) | Z ≥3 |
| 6 | No data | Null |

Note: for the following indicators the variation bands are different:

Child Immunisation indicators. These are scored against the World Health Organisation target of 95% rather than the England average.

It is important to note that z-scores are not a judgement in themselves, but will prompt further enquiry, as part of our ongoing monitoring of GP practices.

Guidance and Frequently Asked Questions on GP Insight can be found on the following link:

http://www.cgc.org.uk/what-we-do/how-we-use-information/monitoring-gp-practices

Glossary of terms used in the data.

- COPD: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
- PHE: Public Health England
- QOF: Quality and Outcomes Framework (see https://qof.digital.nhs.uk/).
- RCP: Royal College of Physicians.
- STAR-PU: Specific Therapeutic Group Age-sex weightings Related Prescribing Units. These weighting allow more accurate and meaningful comparisons within a specific therapeutic group by taking into account the types of people who will be receiving that treatment. (See NHS Choices for more details).