

Inmans Y3 LTP

Early Civilisation – how did they influence our lives today? History	How does Great Britain fit in Europe? History/Geography	What did the Romans ever do for us? History/Geography	Why Africa is a continent and what is significant about its history? History	What were the greatest inventions and achievements of the Ancient Egyptians? History/science
Knowledge and Understanding of the world	Knowledge and Understanding of the world	Knowledge and Understanding of the world	Knowledge and Understanding of the world	Knowledge and Understanding of the world
To understand changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age	Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied	Learn about the Roman Empire and its impact on Britain	Using maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate African countries and describe features studied.	The achievements of the earliest civilizations – an overview of where and when the first civilizations appeared and a depth study of
Late Neolithic hunter- gatherers and early farmers, for example, Skara Brae, technology and travel, for example, Stonehenge and Iron Age hill forts: tribal kingdoms, farming, art and culture Name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and	Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on Europe, concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities Identify the position and significance of latitude, longitude, Equator,	Describe and understand human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water	Locating the world's countries, environmental regions, physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities. Consider African trade routes and resources (historical slavery and modern day exports - natural resources and imports e.g. medicine, machinery etc.) Identifying position and sig. of latitude, longitude, Equator,	Ancient Egypt
physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains,				



coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time French Getting to know you Understand that people speak a different language to my own and I can identify differences in my own culture with that of another. Listen to spoken language, including everyday classroom language and show understanding by joining in. Engage in conversations by	French All about me Listen to spoken language, including everyday classroom language and show understanding by joining in. Explore and appreciate the language through songs and rhymes. Speak/ say a few words and phrases.	French Food Glorious Food Identify letter sounds in another language and use them to help me understand. Explore and appreciate the language through songs and rhymes. Present ideas orally. Family & Friends Read a few sentences and identify key words. Develop understanding of new words by using a	French Our School Listen to spoken language, including everyday classroom language and show understanding by joining in. Engage in conversations by asking and answering questions. Develop the use of correct punctuation when reading aloud. Describe people orally.	French Time Engage in conversations by asking and answering questions. Present ideas orally. Read a few sentences and identify key words. Write phrases to express ideas.
			Describe people orally. Develop understanding of new words by using a dictionary	
RE & SMSC	RE & SMSC	RE & SMSC	RE & SMSC	RE & SMSC
Questions, questions-what	Questions, questions-what	Unit: 3.2 Founders of faith	Unit: 3.3 Sacred places Key	Unit: 3.3 Sacred places Key
are the big questions?	are the big questions?	Key Question: Who, what	Question: What is sacred?	Question: What is sacred?
Religion focus: Christianity	Religion focus: Christianity	and when?	Religion and World view	Religion and World view focus:
<u>and Hinduism</u>	<u>and Hinduism</u>	Religion and World view	focus: Christianity, Islam and	Christianity, Islam and Humanism.
		focus: Christianity, Islam	<u>Humanism.</u>	
		and Humanism.		Summary



Summary

This unit encourages children to develop and explore their own Big Questions about how the world and other things came about. Consider some of the answers faith members may offer and celebrate the idea that people may think differently and that it's OK to disagree. Pupils ask what matters to them - questions of meaning, purpose and truth. Use strategies such as Philosophy for Children (P4C), Godly Play and guided visualisations to help children raise their own questions and offer possible answers.

Jigsaw

Being Me in My World

To be self-aware and to understand the factors that contribute to this: achievements, personal goals, and choices.

Summary

This unit encourages children to develop and explore their own Big Questions about how the world and other things came about. Consider some of the answers faith members may offer and celebrate the idea that people may think differently and that it's OK to disagree. Pupils ask what matters to them - questions of meaning, purpose and truth. Use strategies such as Philosophy for Children (P4C), Godly Play and guided visualisations to help children raise their own questions and offer possible answers.

Lower Key Stage 2: Christmas Key Question: What are the special symbols of the Christmas story?

Why is Mary such an important part of the story? Look at the artwork of Mary as the mother of Jesus, and Mary with the Angel Gabriel.

Summary

Who are the faith founders and what did they teach? Religious rules, beliefs and values.

Investigate the lives of two key figures who may be described as founders of their faiths or World view, such as Jesus, St Paul, Mohammad, Moses, Abraham, Petrarch (Humanism) Through a Theological lens, consider some key beliefs and how faith and World view members follow the teachings of those founders. By the end of this unit, pupils know the key events in the lives of at least two key religious and World view figures; they should be able to talk about some key beliefs and teachings.

Lower Key Stage 2: Easter Key Question: What is the significance of the cross for Christians at Easter?

Summary

Pupils are given opportunities to observe worship in more than one faith, focusing on its significance for faith members. Make links with a local place of worship and contrast with a place of worship from a different faith. Consider the ways people celebrate milestones of life such as marriage in a sacred place. Find out how tradition and ceremony is part of the life of a religious community. By the end of this unit, pupils will understand what makes a place sacred and to whom; how the place is used to mark the milestones of life.

observe worship in more than one faith, focusing on its significance for faith members. Make links with a local place of worship and contrast with a place of worship from a different faith. Consider the ways people celebrate milestones of life such as marriage in a sacred place. Find out how tradition and ceremony is part of the life of a religious community. By the end of this unit, pupils will understand what makes a place sacred and to whom; how the place is used to mark the milestones of life.

Pupils are given opportunities to

<u>Jigsaw</u>

Changing Me

To identify how boys' and girls' bodies change on the inside during the growing up process and can explain why these changes are necessary so that their bodies can make babies when they grow up they recognise how they feel about these changes happening to them

Jigsaw

Relationships

To explain how some of the actions and work of people around the world help and influence their lives and can



Epiphany - Mary shows Jesus	Summary	show an awareness of how	and know how to cope with these
as a precious 'gift' to the	How Christians remember	this could affect their choices	feelings.
world. What does this	the events of Holy Week-		
mean? Why a 'gift'?	Palm Sunday, The Last		
<u>Jigsaw</u>	Supper, Good Friday and Easter Sunday.		
Celebrating Difference			
To discuss a time when their			
words affected someone's			
feelings and what the	Para		
consequences were. Children	<u>Jigsaw</u>		
can give and receive	Healthy Me		
compliments and know how	To evaluate their learning		
this feel.	process and identify how it		
	can be better next time.		
	Share their success with		
	others and know how to		
	store their feelings of		
	success in their 'internal		
	treasure chest'.		
	Dreams and Goals		
	To identify things, people,		
	and places that they need to		
	keep safe from and can tell		
	you some strategies for		
	keeping themselves safe		
	including who to go to for		
	help and can express how		
	being anxious or scared		
	feels.		



Creative Development	Creative Development	Creative Development	Creative Development	Creative Development
Art- Portraits Begin to create sketch books to record their observations. Improve their art and design techniques. Develop knowledge about great artists and architects in history.	Art- Landscapes Begin to create sketch books to record their observations. Improve art and design techniques. Develop knowledge about great artists and architects in history.	Art- Colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space Begin to create sketch books to record their observations. Develop knowledge about great artists and architects in history.	Art- Sculpture Begin to create sketch books to record their observations. To improve art and design techniques, including sculpture. Develop knowledge about great artists and architects in	Art- Famous Artists Begin to create sketch books to record their observations. Improve art and design techniques. Develop knowledge about great artists and architects in history.
Music Glockenspiel Stage 1 Play an instrument in solo and ensemble contexts. Improvise and compose music Listen to and recall sounds Use a form of musical notation	Music – Bringing us Together Sing in solo and ensemble contexts. Play an instrument in solo and ensemble contexts.	Music – Three Little Birds Develop an understanding of the history of music Music – The Dragon song Improvise and compose music	Music – Hands Feet Heart (Year 2) Sing in solo and ensemble contexts. Appreciate a wide range of high-quality live and recorded music drawn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians	Music – Reflect Listen with concentration to a range of high-quality live and recorded music
Physical Development 3.1 Multi-Skills 3.1 Boot Camp	Physical Development 3.2 African Dance 3.2 Mighty Movers	Physical Development 3.3 Groovy Gymnastics 3.3 Skip to the Beat	Physical Development 3.5 Throwing and Catching 3.5 Cool Core	Physical Development 3.6 Active Athletics 3.6 Fitness Frenzy



Play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.

Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics] Perform dances using a range of movement patterns

Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination Perform dances using a range compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]

Perform dances using a range compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.

Use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination

Play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending

Scientific & technological understanding

Computing

Unit 3.2 and 3.4

Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output.

Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect

Scientific & technological understanding

Computing

Unit 3.5 and 3.7

Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

Design Technology

Scientific & technological understanding

Computing

Unit 3.8 and 3.3

Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing,

Scientific & technological understanding

Computing

Unit 3.1

Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.

Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work

Scientific & technological understanding

Computing

Unit 3.6

Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.



and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.

Science

Compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties Describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock Recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.

Food – Healthy & Varied Diet: Designing, making and evaluating a bread-based product with a filling for lunch, such as a wrap, a sandwich, a roll, a blini or a toastie – European food

tasting extravanganza

Design

Recap knowledge on what healthy eating is and a balanced diet Know the importance of annotated sketches and what appropriate information to include Know about a range of fresh

and processed ingredients appropriate for their product and whether they are grown, reared or caught. Also include where these items are grown, reared or caught (link to Europe)5

Make

Know how to plan the main stages of a recipe, listing ingredients, utensils and equipment

evaluating and presenting data and information.

Design Technology Textiles: Make a Roman purse

Design

Know how to create annotated sketches, prototypes.

Know what is meant by a realistic idea and how this can be made fit for purpose.

Make

Know how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce existing fabrics.

Understand how to securely join two pieces of fabric together Understand the need for

patterns and seam allowances Know the appropriate tools to use and how to use these

with accuracy

with variables and various forms of input and algorithms and programs

Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

Science

Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers

Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant

Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants

Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal

Use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.

Design Technology Mechanisms - Pneumatics: Using a pneumatic system to lift a lever (Nile irrigation system)

Design

Generate realistic and appropriate ideas and their own design criteria through discussion, focusing on the needs of the user.

Use annotated sketches and prototypes to develop, model and communicate ideas.

Make

Order the main stages of making. Select from and use appropriate tools with some accuracy to cut and join materials and components such as tubing, syringes and balloons.

Select from and use finishing techniques suitable for the product they are creating.



Know how to use the equipment safely and hygienically
Know how to use appropriate equipment and utensils to prepare and combine food

Evaluate

Know what a sensory evaluation is Understand how to record evaluations using tables and simple graphs.

Science

Recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light Notice that light is reflected from surfaces

Recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes

Recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object
Find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change.

Evaluate

Investigate a range of 3D textile products relevant to the project Understand how a key event/individual has influenced the development of the chosen product.

Science

Identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat Identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.

Evaluate

Investigate and analyse books, videos and products with pneumatic mechanisms.

Evaluate their own products and ideas against criteria and user needs, as they design and make.

Science

facing.

Compare how things move on different surfaces Notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance Observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials Describe magnets as having two poles Predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are

