

# WORD FORMATION

## SŁOWOTWÓRSTWO

Możemy dodawać końcówki i tworzyć rzeczowniki z czasowników i przymiotników.

Częste **końcówki rzeczownikowe**: -ment, -ion, -ness, -ity, -ance/-ence, -age, -hood.

argue **argument**

react **reaction**

careless **carelessness**

able **ability**

exist **existence**

cover **coverage**

child **childhood**

Są też typowe **końcówki dla osób** wykonujących określone zawody, czynności etc.: -er, -or/ -ess, -ist, -ian.

teach **teacher**

act **actor/ actress**

ideal **idealist**

beauty **beautician**

Typowe **końcówki przymiotnikowe**: -able/ -ible, -ive, -al, -ic, -ous, -ed, -ing, -ful

remark **remarkable**

attract **attractive**

logic **logical**

artist **artistic**

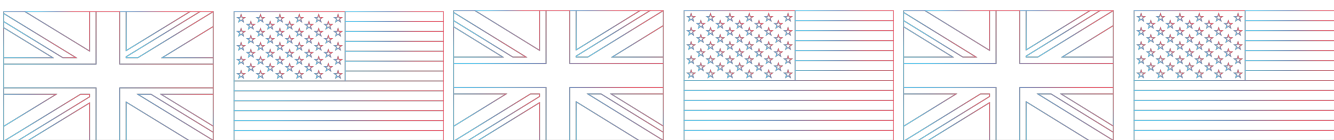
danger **dangerous**

disappoint **disappointed**

bore **boring**

harm **harmful**





Niektóre typowe **końcówki czasownikowe**: -ise, -ate, -en, -ify.

modern modern**ise**

illustration illustr**ate**

short short**en**

simple simpl**ify**

Regularne **przysłówki** kończą się na -ly

polite polit**ely**

kind kind**ly**

**Przedrostki negatywne**: in-, un-, non-, de-, dis-, anti-, im-, il-

**int**olerant

**un**ethical

**non**-smoker

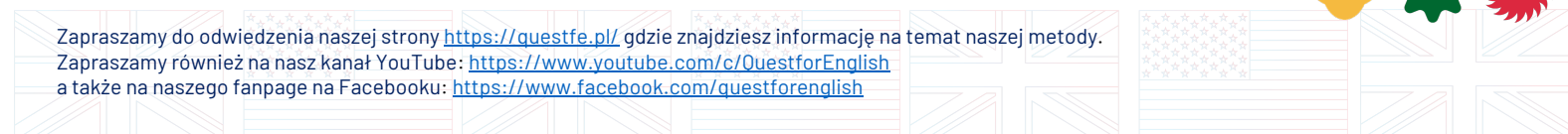
**de**code

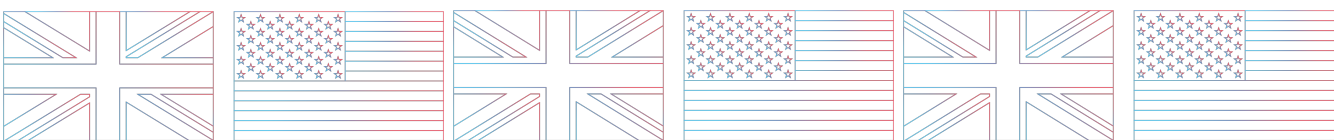
**dis**like

**anti**-social

**im**practical

**il**legal





## ĆWICZENIA

### Ćwiczenie 1

Na podstawie końcówki określ, jakie to części mowy: rzeczowniki, przymiotniki, czasowniki, przysłówki.

**fitness**, **generally**, **inventive**, **argument**, **chemical**, **widen**, **generate**, **realise**, **arrival**, **helpful**, **quickly**

Rzeczowniki	Przymiotniki	Czasowniki	Przysłówki

### Ćwiczenie 2

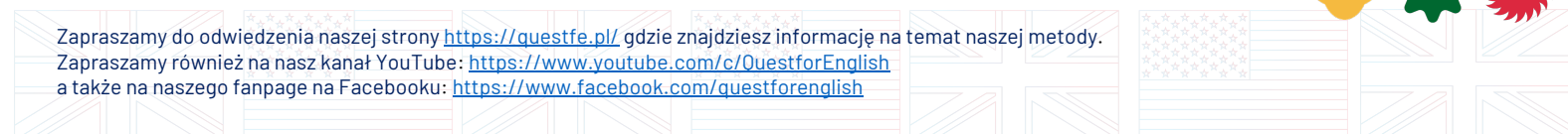
Wpisz do tabeli brakujące wyrazy pokrewne.

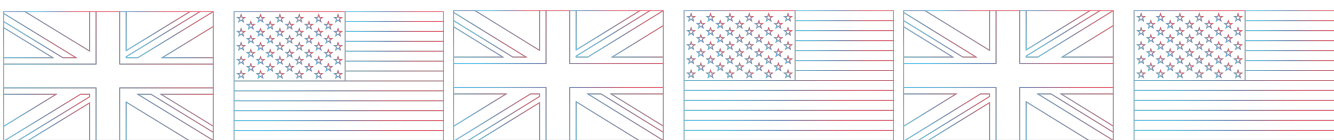
fight fire	<i>strażak</i> _____	<i>polityka</i> _____	politician
<i>apteka</i> _____	pharmacist	history	<i>historyk</i> _____
chemistry	<i>chemik</i> _____	journal	<i>dziennikarz</i> _____
astronomy	<i>astronom</i> _____	<i>komedia</i> _____	comedian
<i>prawo</i> _____	lawyer	science	<i>naukowiec</i> _____

### Ćwiczenie 3

A/ Utwórz rzeczowniki

	Rzeczowniki
private	
appear	
free	
post	
aware	
survive	
approve	
adult	
bankrupt	





B/ wpisz je w luki w zdaniach.

1. Do I have your \_\_\_\_\_ to make the changes?
2. Sally went upstairs for some \_\_\_\_\_.
3. How much is the postage for this \_\_\_\_\_?
4. The scouts learned basic \_\_\_\_\_ skills.
5. They are very similar in \_\_\_\_\_.
6. You can become an activist and help raise \_\_\_\_\_ for air pollution.
7. The company is facing \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Paul thinks children these days have too much \_\_\_\_\_.
9. How can we best prepare our children for \_\_\_\_\_?

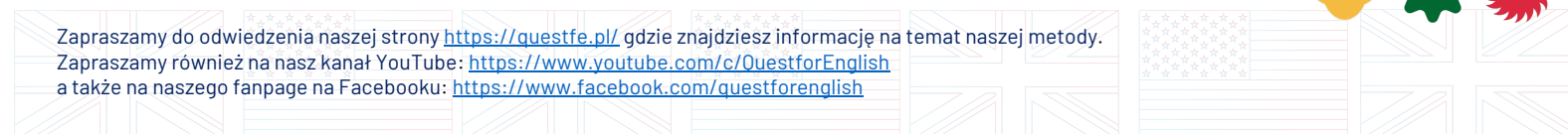
#### Ćwiczenie 4

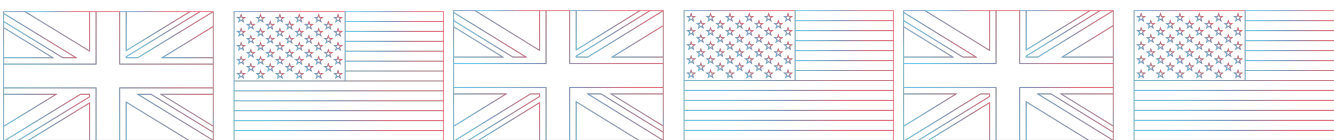
A/ Wypisz brakujące słowa w rodzinach wyrazów B/ i wpisz je w luki w zdaniach.

help	<i>pomocnik</i> _____	<i>pomocny</i> _____	<i>bezradny</i> _____	
cycle	<i>rewer</i> _____	<i>rowerzysta</i> _____		
do	<i>człowiek czynu</i> _____	<i>do zrobienia</i> _____	<i>zrobiony</i> _____	<i>rozpinać, naprawić</i> _____

B/

1. One more question and we're \_\_\_\_\_.
2. Jenny is a kind and \_\_\_\_\_ person.
3. Jason is more of a thinker than a \_\_\_\_\_.
4. Susan usually rode her \_\_\_\_\_ to school.
5. Don't blame me. I was only trying to \_\_\_\_\_!
6. I can see a \_\_\_\_\_ in the distance.





## KLUCZ ODPOWIEDZI

### Klucz do ćw. 1

Rzeczowniki	Przymiotniki	Czasowniki	Przysłówki
<b>fitness</b>	<b>inventive</b>	<b>widen</b>	<b>generally</b>
<b>argument</b>	<b>chemical</b>	<b>generate</b>	<b>quickly</b>
<b>arrival</b>	<b>helpful</b>	<b>realise</b>	

### Klucz do ćw. 2

fight fire <i>walczyć z ogniem</i>	<i>strażak</i> firefighter	<i>polityka</i> politics	politician <i>polityk</i>
<i>apteka</i> pharmacy	pharmacist <i>aptekarz</i>	history <i>historia</i>	<i>historyk</i> historian
chemistry <i>chemia</i>	<i>chemik</i> chemist	journal <i>czasopismo</i>	<i>dziennikarz</i> journalist
astronomy <i>astronomia</i>	<i>astronom</i> astronomer	<i>komedia</i> comedy	comedian <i>satyryk</i>
<i>prawo</i> law	lawyer <i>prawnik</i>	science <i>nauka</i>	<i>naukowiec</i> scientist

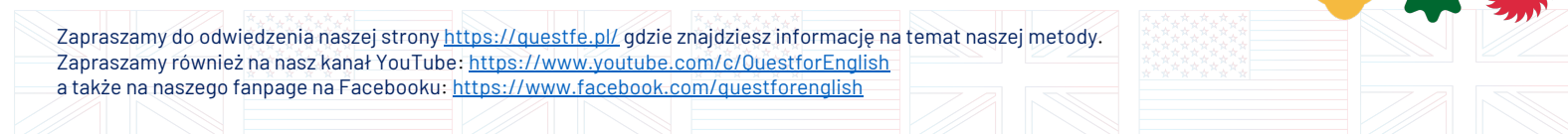
### Klucz do ćw. 3

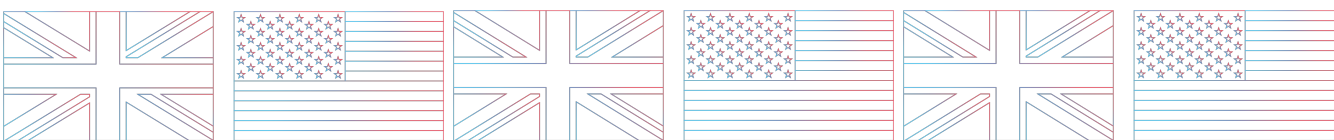
A/

	Rzeczowniki
private	privacy
appear	appearance
free	freedom
post	postage
aware	awareness
survive	survival
approve	approval
adult	adulthood
bankrupt	bankruptcy

B/

1. Do I have your **approval** to make the changes?
2. Sally went upstairs for some **privacy**.
3. How much is the postage for this **package**?
4. The scouts learned basic **survival** skills.
5. They are very similar in **appearance**.





6. You can become an activist and help raise **awareness** for air pollution.
7. The company is facing **bankruptcy**.
8. Paul thinks children these days have too much **freedom**.
9. How can we best prepare our children for **adulthood**?

#### Klucz do ćw. 4

A/

help	<i>pomocnik</i> helper	<i>pomocny</i> helpful	<i>bezradny</i> helpless	
cycle	<i>rower</i> bicycle	<i>rowerzysta</i> cyclist		
do	<i>człowiek czynu</i> doer	<i>do zrobienia</i> doable	<i>zrobiony</i> done	<i>rozpinać, naprawić</i> undo

B/

1. One more question and we're **done**.
2. Jenny is a kind and **helpful** person.
3. Jason is more of a thinker than a **doer**.
4. Susan usually rode her **bicycle** to school.
5. Don't blame me. I was only trying to **help**!
6. I can see a **cyclist** in the distance.

