Safeguarding Children & Young People Policy

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Policy Statement

LEAF recognises that the welfare of all children is paramount and that all children, regardless of ability or culture, have equal rights of protection. LEAF has a duty of care when they are in our charge and LEAF will do everything it can to provide a safe and caring environment whilst they attend LEAF activities. This policy applies to all LEAF Staff which shall include contracted staff delivering services with direct contact with or access to, children and young people (i.e. Regional Education Consultants).

Policy Aim

As LEAF has a range of educational and community programmes requiring direct contact with children and young people, LEAF aims at all times to attain the ‘SAFE’ standards in all of its activities. LEAF will achieve this by adhering strictly to this policy and the guidance and risk assessments. When working with school groups LEAF will liaise with school staff as appropriate as to their procedures.

Child Safeguarding Lead and Deputy

The responsibility of managing the safeguarding of children can be both demanding and challenging, and therefore must be appointed at managerial level to personnel who are available when LEAF is operational.

Our lead for child safeguarding is:

- Name: Carl Edwards – LEAF Director, Education & Public Engagement
  
  Contact details: carl.edwards@leafuk.org  Tel: 02476 413911 Mobile:07977 283806

Our deputy is:

- Name: Janet Hickinbottom – National Education Officer
  
  Contact details: janet.hickinbottom@leafuk.org  Tel: 02476 413911

- Named Trustee: Philip Wynn (LEAF Chairman) Tel: 02476 413911

Their role is to oversee and ensure that our safeguarding children policy is fully implemented and in line with ‘SAFE’ standards. This includes ensuring that all staff, where appropriate (and whether permanent or contracted staff i.e. Regional Education Consultants), receive child protection training as appropriate. The deputy should be available to support or cover for the nominated lead. They will also handle any complaints or allegations against the nominated lead if appropriate.
Safeguarding is a standing agenda item at quarterly Education & Public Engagement Committee Meeting sand annually (or as necessary in light of an occurrence) at LEAF Board Meetings.

Why does LEAF need a Safeguarding Children Policy?

The five main outcomes for children as detailed in “Every Child Matters” agenda 2003 and subsequent Children Act 2004 are:

- being healthy
- staying safe
- enjoying and achieving
- making a positive contribution
- economic well-being

Government guidance is clear that all organisations working with children, young people, families, parents and carers have responsibilities. It is important to remember that children and young people can also abuse and that such incidents fall into the remit of this policy.

All organisations should:

- have senior managers committed to safeguarding
- be clear about people’s responsibilities and accountability
- have a culture of listening to children
- safe recruitment practices for all staff and volunteers working with children & young people
- procedures for safeguarding children and young people
- procedures for dealing with allegations against, and concerns about, staff & volunteers
- make sure staff have mandatory induction and further safeguarding training, supervision, reviews and support
- have agreements about working with other organisations and agencies

*Working Together to Safeguard Children 2015*

“Children are individuals whose rights, needs and welfare are paramount.”

*Children Act 1989*

The 2 key principles of Working Together to Safeguard Children 2015 are:

- Safeguarding is everyone’s responsibility; for services to be effective each professional and organisation should play their full part, and

- a child centred approach: for services to be effective they should be based upon a clear understanding of the needs and views of children

*Working Together to Safeguard Children 2015*
“No child or group of children must be treated any less favourably than others in being able to access services which meet their particular needs”

Equality Act 2010

Recognising Abuse

Physical:

Physical abuse may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating or otherwise causing significant harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent or carer fabricates the symptoms of, or deliberately induces illness in a child.

Emotional:

Emotional abuse is the persistent emotional maltreatment of a child such as to cause severe and persistent adverse effects on the child’s emotional development. It may involve conveying to children that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the needs of another person. It may include not giving the child opportunities to express their views, deliberately silencing them or ‘making fun’ of what they say or how they communicate it. These may include interactions that are beyond the child’s developmental capability, as well as overprotection and limitation of exploration and learning, or preventing the child participating in normal social interaction. It may involve seeing or hearing the ill-treatment of another. It may involve serious bullying (including cyber bullying), causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, or the exploitation or corruption of children.

Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of maltreatment of a child, though it may occur alone, may feature age or developmentally inappropriate expectations being imposed on children.

Sexual:

Sexual abuse involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, not necessarily involving a high level of violence, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening.

The activities may involve physical contact, including assault by penetration (for example, rape or oral sex) or non-penetrative acts such as masturbation, kissing, rubbing and touching outside of clothing. They may also include non-contact activities, such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, sexual images, watching sexual activities, encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways, or grooming a child in preparation for abuse (including via the internet).

Sexual abuse is not solely perpetrated by adult males. Women can also commit acts of sexual abuse, as can other children.
Child sexual exploitation

Child sexual exploitation is a form of child sexual abuse. It occurs where an individual or group takes advantage of an imbalance of power to coerce, manipulate or deceive a child or young person under the age of 18 into sexual activity (a) in exchange for something the victim needs or wants, and/or (b) for the financial advantage or increased status of the perpetrator or facilitator. The victim may have been sexually exploited even if the sexual activity appears consensual. Child sexual exploitation does not always involve physical contact; it can also occur through the use of technology.

Neglect

Neglect is the persistent failure to meet a child’s basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child’s health or development. Neglect may occur during pregnancy as a result of maternal substance abuse. Once a child is born, neglect may involve a parent or carer failing to:

- provide adequate food, clothing and shelter (including exclusion from home or abandonment);
- protect a child from physical and emotional harm or danger;
- ensure adequate supervision (including the use of inadequate care-givers); or
- ensure access to appropriate medical care or treatment.

It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness to, a child’s basic emotional needs.

Treating Children with Respect

LEAF endeavours to treat all children with respect, regardless of ability or culture. Where required LEAF ensures everyone adheres to safeguarding principles and codes of conduct.

Through its Staff and Health & Safety handbooks LEAF makes available to everyone our confidentiality, complaints, “whistleblowing”, disciplinary and grievance policies & procedures.

Celebrating Children’s Achievements

LEAF positively encourages all children to succeed and celebrate their achievements. LEAF is particularly sensitive to the needs of disabled children who may achieve in smaller steps than their peers but are equally entitled to celebration.

Rigorous Recruitment

This policy should be read in conjunction with LEAF’s Recruitment Policy and Procedures.
LEAF always takes up written references and insists that any appointment, where staff has direct and/or unsupervised access to children and young people, will only be confirmed subject to a satisfactory DBS check at the appropriate level.

At interview, LEAF has robust procedures and recording to ensure LEAF is satisfied and can evidence that the applicant is appropriate and suitable. At least one person on each interview panel will have undertaken Safer Recruitment Training.

**Induction & Training**

LEAF has a clear induction and training strategy detailing clear job descriptions and responsibilities and all relevant procedures. Those staff with direct contact with children, or managers, will attend child protection training within 3 months of appointment. LEAF also agrees a probationary period with clear goals and then provide ongoing management at regular intervals.

**Confidentiality**

LEAF has a clear policy about confidentiality and information sharing and these are made available on our website.

LEAF fully endorses the principle that the welfare of children overrides any obligations of confidence it may hold to others. Individual cases will only be shared or discussed on a “need to know” basis. Under “whistleblowing” anyone in our organisation may refer direct to either children’s social care services or the police if they are concerned that a child is at risk of harm and this policy is not being adhered to. All media enquiries will be handled in the first instance by Carl Edwards – Director, Education and Public Engagement.

**Handling Disclosures**

A disclosure may be made verbally or through play or through the behaviour by a child and it is important for everyone to remember the following:

- If you are concerned about a child, it is important that this information is communicated to the lead and/or deputy for child safeguarding.
- You may become aware of suspected or likely abuse by:
  - Your own observations and concerns;
  - Being told by another person that they have concerns about a child;
  - The child tells you;
  - The abuser tells you.
Also, remember that you may not always be working directly with the child but become concerned because of difficulties experienced by the adults e.g.

- Domestic abuse incidents
- Mental health issues
- Substance and alcohol abuse incidents

Other safeguarding concerns may be:

- Bullying including cyberbullying
- Children missing education
- Child missing from home or care
- Child sexual exploitation (CSE)
- Domestic violence
- Drugs
- Fabricated or induced illness
- Faith abuse
- Female genital mutilation (FGM)
- Forced marriage
- Gangs and youth violence
- Gender-based violence/violence against women and girls (VAWG) e.g. honour-based abuse
- Hate
- Mental health
- Missing children and adults
- Private fostering
- Preventing radicalisation
- Relationship abuse
- Sexting
- Trafficking

Remember:

- Do not delay.
- Do not investigate.
- Seek advice from the child protection lead or deputy.
- Make careful recording of anything you observe or are told.

See Appendix 1: for guidance on recording and sharing information

(For further information and guidance on the Safeguarding Concerns listed above see pages 10 and 11 of Keeping Children Safe in Education September 2016 –This gives information and guidance on Specific Safeguarding Issues listed above)
A. During School/Group activities and trips, the following steps should be taken:

Step 1
- If you are worried a child has been abused because:
  - You have seen something
  - A child says they have been abused
  - Somebody else has told you they are concerned
  - There has been an allegation against a member of school staff (follow operate procedure below)
  - There has been an allegation against a member of LEAF’s staff
  - There has been an anonymous allegation
  - An adult has disclosed they are abusing a child
  - An adult has disclosed they were abused as a child

Important:
- Any consultation should not delay a referral. In an emergency dial 999

Step 2 (immediately)
- Let the school leader know immediately you have concerns, or a disclosure has been made
- Support the school leader by recording exactly what was said or observed (see Appendix 1). LEAF is responsible for passing the details to the school and LEAF DSL or deputy
- Copy or photograph the written record and email immediately to LEAF’s DSL or deputy
- Telephone the DSL or deputy

Consult, Monitor & Record
(sign, date, time)

Step 3
- The school concerned will take all the necessary steps in accordance with its safeguarding policy
- The DSL for LEAF (or deputy) will report the disclosure to Children’s Services and/or the Police (in an emergency) without delay and follow up the referral in writing within 24 hours**
- The LEAF staff member receiving the disclosure will contact the DSL at the school to inform them of the disclosure

** In cases of allegations against a person with a ‘duty of care’, the LADO will coordinate the next procedural steps

B. If the concern is about a member of the school or LEAF Staff

- Do not speak to members of staff
- Record exactly what was said or observed (Appendix 1)
- Contact the school DSL
- Contact the LEAF DSL or Deputy
- The LEAF DSL or deputy will inform the LADO
- At any time if you still have concerns you can refer director the LADO, Local authority or Police
Responding to Concerns

LEAF ensures and emphasises that everyone in our organisation understands and knows how to share any concerns immediately with the Designated Safeguarding Lead and Deputy. LEAF does this by staff induction. All staff working on the frontline with children are provided with a handout summarising the process, see Appendix 2: Handout for Frontline Staff. Everyone including both the Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or Deputy will deal with concerns using the following approach:

**IMPORTANT: If a child is in immediate danger or is at risk of harm, dial 999.**

If you observe or hear that an abuse has taken or is likely to take place:

- **Stay calm.** Ensure the child is safe and reassured
- **Listen** carefully to what is actually said.
• **Don’t promise to keep secrets**, explain information needs to be shared, reassure it’s to keep everyone safe.

• **Record what is actually said.** (It may be required in court)

• **Share** your concerns directly with LEAF’s designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL) or Deputy with details of anything that has been said or done. Give your notes to the DSL. Don’t speak to others as it may compromise the child’s safety.

• **Process for a school visit/session:**
  - Inform the teacher/visit lead on site
  - Ring the school and ask to talk to the DSL directly, regardless of the visit lead’s instructions
  - Complete LEAF’s Reporting Proforma
  - Send proforma to LEAF’s DSL (currently Carl Edwards, Director Education and Public Engagement)

• **Concerns about another provider that you are working with:**
  - Think: Does this provider need to be removed from working with the children directly immediately? If so, do so.
  - Report to the Local Authority (details below)
  - If in doubt dial, 999

• **If your concern is for the welfare of a child, contact the local authority children’s social care.**

  If there is an allegation against a member of the children’s workforce contact the LADO (Local Authority Designated Officer).

  You can find contact details for your area LADO via the link Safeguarding Children’s Boards at [http://www.safecic.co.uk/your-scb-acpc/55-free-downloads-and-safeguarding-links/61safeguarding-children-board-links](http://www.safecic.co.uk/your-scb-acpc/55-free-downloads-and-safeguarding-links/61safeguarding-children-board-links)

**Handling Allegations / Dealing with Complaints / Disciplinary & Grievance Procedures**

LEAF has clear policies about handling allegations, dealing with complaints and our own disciplinary and grievance procedures and these details will be made available to all as necessary.

LEAF is mindful that the three procedures may confuse the next appropriate steps to take. LEAF is clear that, in any case where a complaint has been made with regards to any inappropriate or poor practice, there will be immediate interim suspension whilst LEAF carries out a full investigation. LEAF will contact
the school concerned first (if appropriate) and local authority children’s social care before making an open
decision about the best way forward.

It is the responsibility of the child protection lead and/or deputy to ensure that these procedures are
rigorously adhered to. In the case that the child protection lead is implicated, the deputy should be
informed. In the exceptional circumstances that both are involved, it is the duty of the person concerned
to contact the school or social care services direct.

Children’s social care services will manage any investigations, overseen by the Local Authority Designated
Officer (LADO) in accordance with Local Safeguarding Children Board (LSCB) procedures. These are
available on the LSCB website.

With regards to disciplinary and grievance procedures, LEAF is very clear that should an allegation be made
about one of its members of staff there will be an immediate interim suspension put in place, it will take
no further steps until it has fully discussed and agreed a strategy with the Local Authority Designated
Officer, local authority children’s social care and/or the police. Any investigation will override the need
to implement any such procedures. Our management are responsible for making referrals to the
Disclosure & Barring Service (DBS), and the relevant professional bodies of an individual who works or
volunteers with us and does, or may, pose a danger to children and young people; this is LEAF’s
responsibility and even after a Police Investigation where the claim may be unfounded it is at LEAF’s
discretion to contact DBS. Other organisations including a school LEAF works with, will liaise with their
LADO and local agencies if such a referral needs to be made.

Record Keeping

All records will be securely kept in a locked cabinet at Head Office. Only the child safeguarding lead and/or
deputy will have access and records will only be kept as long as necessary (usually no longer than 25 years).

Normally these records will be passed to local authority children’s social care as soon as possible. All
records will be handwritten (and if recorded electronically, kept in a secure area) by the person with the
concern within 24 hours, on headed paper or incident sheets and will be factual, non-judgmental. All such
records will have a front page listing the papers in chronological order.

It is helpful to record any known details of the child/children or young people involved e.g. name, address,
date of birth etc. All records should be factual. It is equally important to record the reasons for making
the decision not to refer to children’s social care services as when the decision is taken to refer. Always
sign, clearly detail name and job role of the person making the record. Date and time these records.

Policy and Review Date
This policy was reviewed, updated, agreed and disseminated on Thursday 21st August 2018 and will be reviewed annually or when there are substantial organisational changes or a significant occurrence or breach of safeguarding.

**Policy Review Date:** 29th August 2019  
**Next Review Date:** 29th August 2020

**Signed by:**

Lead for child safeguarding:  
Carl Edwards  
Director, Education & Public Engagement

Deputy for child safeguarding:  
Janet Hickinbottom  
National Education Officer

**Approved by:**

Chief Executive:  
Caroline Drummond

LEAF Chairman  
Philip Wynn
Appendix 1: Guidance on Recording and Sharing Concerns

(This form should be completed ONLY with information already known.
Be careful not to investigate / question the child or young person)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Record of Concerns Form</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Child’s Name</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Age</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>School (if relevant)</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Adult’s Details</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Person to whom you have reported the disclosure</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact details</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Where and when?</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visit location</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time of Disclosure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>What was actually said by the child and or observed by the adult</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Background context – i.e. what stimulated the verbal disclosure 1:1 discussion or in a group?</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Signed</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Job Role</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NB: Do not use initials/abbreviations in this document without a key.
Appendix 2: Handout for frontline staff

Safeguarding Policy:
If you have a concern or disclosure

Report to school/group leader and ring the school’s Designated Safeguarding Lead (DSL)

Record the information immediately and report to LEAF’s DSL or Deputy

Any consultation should not delay a referral. In an emergency dial 999

Remember: “No child has died from sharing information, but so many have from not sharing information.”

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Advice for staff</th>
<th>Do</th>
<th>Don’t</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Be accessible and receptive</td>
<td>React strongly e.g. that’s terrible!</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Listen carefully</td>
<td>Jump to conclusions especially about the abuser</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Take it seriously</td>
<td>Speculate or accuse anybody</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reassure them that they are right to tell</td>
<td>Tell them that you will keep this a secret</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Say what will happen next</td>
<td>Ask leading questions</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Consult immediately with DSL</td>
<td>Make promises you cannot keep</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Make a careful record of what was said</td>
<td>Stop them from speaking freely</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tell them to stop talking so you can go and fetch/tell the DSL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Our Designated Safeguarding Lead and Deputy is:

- **Name:** Carl Edwards – LEAF Director, Education & Public Engagement (DSL)
  - Contact details: carl.edwards@leafuk.org  Tel: 02476 413911 Mobile:07977 283806

- **Name:** Janet Hickinbottom – National Education Officer (Deputy DSL)
  - Contact details: janet.hickinbottom@leafuk.org  Tel: 02476 413911