

SAMPLE PAPER 4: PAPER 1

QUESTION 6 (25 MARKS)

Question 6 (a)

$f(x)$ is continuous as there are no gaps.

$g(x)$ is not continuous as there is a gap at $x = 0$.

Question 6 (b)

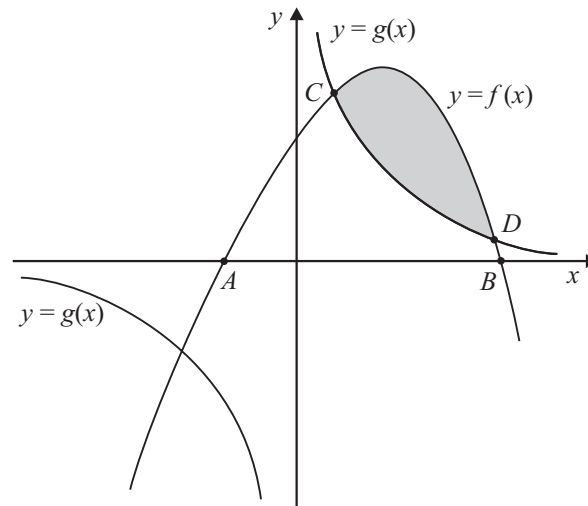
$$y = f(x) = -\frac{7}{6}x^2 + \frac{17}{6}x + \frac{31}{3}$$

$$f'(x) = -\frac{7}{3}x + \frac{17}{6}$$

$$f'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow -\frac{7}{3}x + \frac{17}{6} = 0$$

$$-14x + 17 = 0$$

$$\therefore x = \frac{17}{14}$$



Question 6 (c)

$$y = f(x) = -\frac{7}{6}x^2 + \frac{17}{6}x + \frac{31}{3}$$

$$y = 0 \Rightarrow -\frac{7}{6}x^2 + \frac{17}{6}x + \frac{31}{3} = 0$$

$$7x^2 - 17x - 62 = 0$$

$$(7x - 31)(x + 2) = 0$$

$$x = -2, \frac{31}{7}$$

$$\therefore A(-2, 0), B\left(\frac{31}{7}, 0\right)$$

Question 6 (d)

$$(1, 12) \in f(x)?$$

$$f(x) = -\frac{7}{6}x^2 + \frac{17}{6}x + \frac{31}{3}$$

$$f(1) = -\frac{7}{6}(1)^2 + \frac{17}{6}(1) + \frac{31}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{7}{6} + \frac{17}{6} + \frac{31}{3} = \frac{36}{3} = 12 \text{ (True)}$$

$$(1, 12) \in g(x)?$$

$$g(x) = \frac{12}{x}$$

$$g(1) = \frac{12}{1} = 12 \text{ (True)}$$

Question 6 (e)

$$A = \int_1^4 (f(x) - g(x)) dx$$

$$= \int_1^4 \left(-\frac{7}{6}x^2 + \frac{17}{6}x + \frac{31}{3} - \frac{12}{x} \right) dx$$

$$= \left[-\frac{7}{18}x^3 + \frac{17}{12}x^2 + \frac{31}{3}x - 12 \ln x \right]_1^4$$

$$= \left\{ -\frac{7}{18}(4)^3 + \frac{17}{12}(4)^2 + \frac{31}{3}(4) - 12 \ln(4) \right\} - \left\{ -\frac{7}{18}(1)^3 + \frac{17}{12}(1)^2 + \frac{31}{3}(1) - 12 \ln(1) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{111}{4} - 12 \ln 4 \approx 11.1$$

$$(4, 3) \in f(x)?$$

$$f(x) = -\frac{7}{6}x^2 + \frac{17}{6}x + \frac{31}{3}$$

$$f(4) = -\frac{7}{6}(4)^2 + \frac{17}{6}(4) + \frac{31}{3}$$

$$= -\frac{56}{3} + \frac{34}{3} + \frac{31}{3} = \frac{9}{3} = 3 \text{ (True)}$$

$$(4, 3) \in g(x)?$$

$$g(x) = \frac{12}{x}$$

$$g(4) = \frac{12}{4} = 3 \text{ (True)}$$