

## SAMPLE PAPER 7: PAPER 2

### QUESTION 9 (65 MARKS)

#### Question 9 (a) (i)

$$d = \frac{|ax_1 + by_1 + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

#### Question 9 (a) (ii)

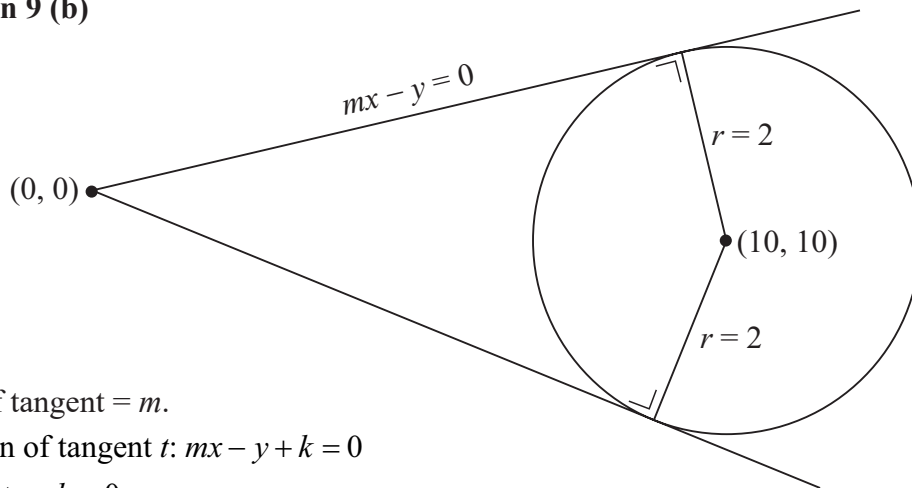
Equation of circle:

$$x^2 + y^2 - 20x - 20y + 196 = 0$$

$$\text{Centre} = (-g, -f) = (10, 10)$$

$$r = \sqrt{g^2 + f^2 - c} = \sqrt{100 + 100 - 196} = \sqrt{4} = 2$$

#### Question 9 (b)



Slope of tangent =  $m$ .

Equation of tangent  $t$ :  $mx - y + k = 0$

$$(0, 0) \in t \Rightarrow k = 0$$

Equation of tangent  $t$ :  $mx - y = 0$

$$mx - y = 0, (x_1, y_1) = (10, 10), d = 2$$

$$2 = \frac{|m(10) - (10)|}{\sqrt{m^2 + 1}}$$

$$2\sqrt{m^2 + 1} = 10|m - 1|$$

$$\sqrt{m^2 + 1} = 5|m - 1|$$

$$m^2 + 1 = 25(m - 1)^2$$

$$m^2 + 1 = 25m^2 - 50m + 25$$

$$24m^2 - 50m + 24 = 0$$

$$12m^2 - 25m + 12 = 0$$

$$(4m - 3)(3m - 4) = 0$$

$$\therefore m = \frac{3}{4}, \frac{4}{3}$$

#### Question 9 (c)

$$x = 10\sqrt{2} \cos 45^\circ = 10\sqrt{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 10 \text{ km}$$

$$y = 10\sqrt{2} \sin 45^\circ = 10\sqrt{2} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = 10 \text{ km}$$

$$\therefore M(10, 10)$$

#### Question 9 (d)

The ships travelling from  $O$  are moving along tangents to the circle with centre  $M(10, 10)$  of radius 2 km. This is analogous to the previous circle. You know the slopes of these two tangents.

Bearing of Ships  $A$  and  $B$ :

$$\tan \alpha = m = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\therefore \alpha = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) = 36.87^\circ \text{ N of E}$$

$$\tan \beta = m = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\therefore \beta = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{3}\right) = 53.13^\circ \text{ N of E}$$

**Question 9 (e)**

 Distances travelled by  $A$  and  $B$ :

$$v = \frac{s}{t} \Rightarrow s = v \times t$$

$$v_A = 40 \text{ km/h}, t = 2 \text{ h}$$

$$s = 40 \times 2 = 80 \text{ km}$$

$$v_B = 30 \text{ km/h}, t = 2 \text{ h}$$

$$s = 30 \times 2 = 60 \text{ km}$$

**Question 9 (f)**

$$m_1 = \frac{4}{3}, m_2 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\therefore \tan \theta = + \left( \frac{\frac{4}{3} - \frac{3}{4}}{1 + (\frac{4}{3})(\frac{3}{4})} \right) = + \left( \frac{\frac{4}{3} - \frac{3}{4}}{1 + 1} \right) = + \left( \frac{\frac{4}{3} - \frac{3}{4}}{2} \right)$$

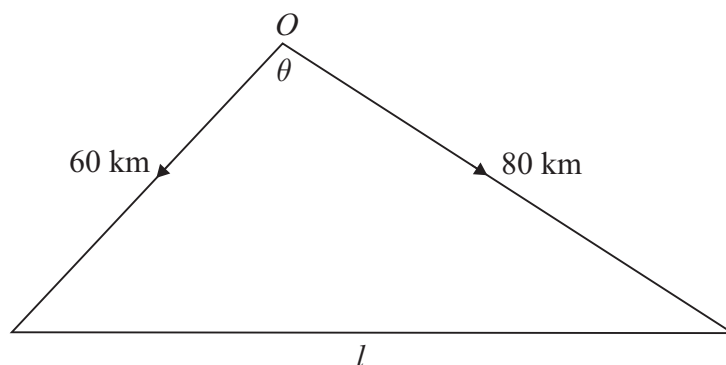
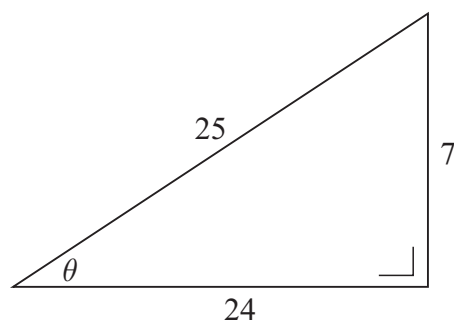
$$= \left( \frac{\frac{4}{3} - \frac{3}{4}}{2} \right) \times \frac{12}{12}$$

$$= \left( \frac{16 - 9}{24} \right)$$

$$= \frac{7}{24}$$

**Question 9 (g)**

$$\tan \theta = \frac{7}{24} \Rightarrow \cos \theta = \frac{24}{25}$$



$$l^2 = 60^2 + 80^2 - 2(60)(80)\cos \theta$$

$$l = \sqrt{60^2 + 80^2 - 2(60)(80)\left(\frac{24}{25}\right)} = 28 \text{ km}$$


---