# **Safety Data Sheet**



Issue Date 18-Mar-2013 Revision date 13-Apr-2015 Version 1

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product code 803

Product name MERETA 32

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use Lubricant.

Uses advised against No information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name Supplier

Statoil Fuel & Retail Lubricants Sweden AB, Statoil Fuel & Retail Lubricants Sweden AB,

Box 194, 149 22 Nynäshamn,

Sweden, Sweden

+46 8 429 60 00 +46 8 429 60 00

For further information, please contact

Box 194, 149 22 Nynäshamn,

Contact Point HSE Advisor

Email address BASP MD RD HSEA@statoilfuelretail.com

**Company Phone Number** +46 8 429 60 00

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone - §45 - (EC)1272/2008			
Europe	112		
Czech Republic	+420 224 91 92 93/+420 224 91 54 02 (Poison Information)		
Denmark	+45 82 12 12 12 (Poison Information)		
Finland	+358 09 471 977 (Poison Information)		
Latvia	+ 371 7042468 (Poison Information)		
Lithuania	+370 5 236 20 52 (Poison Information)		
Norway	+47 22 59 13 00 (Poison Information)		
Poland	+48 426 314 502 (Poison Information)		
Slovakia	+ 421 2 5465 2307 (Poison Information)		
Sweden	+46 8 33 70 43 (Emergency Responce Center)		
Estonia	+372 626 9390 (Poison Information)		

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 [CLP]

Chronic aquatic toxicity	Category 3

Classification according to 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

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## 2.2. Label elements

#### **Hazard statements**

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

## **Precautionary Statements**

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P501 - Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant

### 2.3. Other hazards

No information available

## **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.1 Substances

Only hazardous substances above thresholds are shown below

Chemical name	EC No	CAS No	weight-%	Classification according to 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	REACH registration number
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cres ol	204-881-4	128-37-0	0.25-1%	N;R50/53	Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aquatic Chronic 1 (H410)	01-2119565113-46
hexamethylene bis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl- 4-hydroxyphenyl)propi onate]	252-346-9	35074-77-2	0.25-1%	R53	Aquatic Chronic 4 (H413)	No data available
(Z)-N-methyl-N-(1-oxo- 9-octadecenyl)glycine	203-749-3	110-25-8	0.1-0.25%	Xi;R38 Xi;R41 N;R50 Xn;R20	Skin Irrit. 1 (H315) Aquatic Acute 1 (H400) Aqute tox. 4 (H332) Eye Dam. 1 (H318)	01-2119488991-20

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

Full text of H- and EUH-phrases: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General advice If symptoms persist, call a physician. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Do

not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Eye Contact Wash with plenty of water. If eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention.

**Skin Contact** Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin with soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

Ingestion Clean mouth with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Get

medical attention.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

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Self-protection of the first aider

Use personal protective equipment as required.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** None under normal use conditions.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam.

### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

### **Special Hazard**

Incomplete combustion and thermolysis may produce gases of varying toxicity such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes and soot. These may be highly dangerous if inhaled in confined spaces or at high concentration. Cool drums with water spray.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

### Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protection recommended in Section 8.

Extremely slippery when spilled.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent entry into waterways, sewers, basements or confined areas. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see Section 13).

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).

## 6.4. Reference to other sections

### Other information

See Section 12: Ecological information.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

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### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Use personal protective equipment as required. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Extremely slippery when spilled.

### General hygiene considerations

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

### **Storage Conditions**

Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container. Protect from moisture.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

#### Specific use(s)

Lubricant.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

Chemical name	Sweden	Denmark	Norway	Finland	Estonia
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	-	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
Chemical name	Czech Republic	Germany	Hungary	Bulgaria	Ukraine
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	-	TWA: 10 mg/m³ Ceiling / Peak: 40 mg/m³ Skin	-	STEL: 50.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA: 10.0 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
hexamethylene bis[3-(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydr oxyphenyl)propionate]	<u>-</u>	TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> Ceiling / Peak: 20 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

**Predicted No Effect Concentration** No information available.

(PNEC)

8.2. Exposure controls

**Engineering controls**None under normal use conditions.

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face Protection
Hand protection

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Wear protective nitrile rubber gloves, Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures). Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the

working conditions.

**Body protection** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection No protective equipment is needed under normal use conditions. If exposure limits are

exceeded or irritation is experienced, ventilation and evacuation may be required, In case of

inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

**General hygiene considerations** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

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Environmental exposure controls Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if signif

Prevent product from entering drains. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State Liquid

Appearance Clear Odor Oil

Color Colourless Odor Threshold Not applicable

PropertyValuesRemarks • MethodpHNot applicable

Melting Point/Freezing Point Not applicable

Boiling point/boiling range No information available

Flash Point

Flash point COC 235 °C ISO 2592
Flash point PM Not applicable
Evaporation Rate Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability Limits in Air

Upper Flammability limits

Lower Flammability Limit

Not applicable

Not applicable

Lower Flammability Limit
Vapor pressure @20°C (kPa) < 0.01

Vapor Density Not applicable

Relative Density

No information available

Water Solubility Negligible

Solubility(ies) Soluble in Solvent

Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water) > 3

Autoignition TemperatureNo information availableDecomposition TemperatureNo information available

**Kinematic Viscosity** 

Viscosity at 40°C Typical32 mm²/sISO 3104Viscosity at 100°C Typical6 mm²/sISO 3104

Dynamic viscosity

No information available

Explosive PropertiesNot applicableOxidizing PropertiesNot applicable

9.2. Other information

Molecular Weight

VOC Content(%)

No information available
No information available

**Density** 841 kg/m<sup>3</sup> ISO 12185

Bulk density

No information available

Research Octane Number

Not applicable
Sulphur Content

Not applicable

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Not reactive.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

None under normal processing.

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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None under normal use conditions. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating and toxic gases and vapors. Carbon monoxide.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### **Product Information**

Product does not present an acute toxicity hazard based on known or supplied information. Used product can contain harmful contaminants.

**Acute toxicity** 

Inhalation Inhalation of vapors in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.

**Eye Contact** Contact with eyes may cause irritation.

Prolonged contact may cause redness and irritation. May cause skin irritation and/or **Skin Contact** 

dermatitis. Product that under high pressure has been forced under the skin, may causae

serious cell damage/death under the skin.

Potential for aspiration if swallowed. Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and Ingestion

pneumonitis.

Skin corrosion/irritation None known.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation None known.

Sensitization None known.

Germ cell mutagenicity None known.

Carcinogenicity None known.

**Reproductive Toxicity** None known.

**Developmental toxicity** None known.

**Teratogenicity** None known.

STOT - single exposure None known.

STOT - repeated exposure None known.

None known. **Neurological effects** 

Target organ effects None known.

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None known.

**Aspiration hazard** 

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

## 12.1. Toxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Chemical name	Algae/aquatic plants	Fish	Crustacea
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	0.42: 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus mg/L EC50 6: 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata mg/L EC50	5: 48 h Oryzias latipes mg/L LC50	

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Potentially degradable, but will persist in the environment for long periods.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Contain components with potential to bioaccumulate (logPow >3).

Chemical name	Partition coefficient
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	4.17

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

## Mobility in soil

After release, adsorbs onto soil.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product is not, or does not contain, a substance that is a PBT or a vBvP.

Chemical name	PBT and vPvB assessment
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol	Not applicable

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

An oilfilm may cause physical damage to organisms and disturb the transportation of oxygen in the intermediate zone between air/water or air/soil

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues / Unused **Products** 

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

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Other information

Provisions for waste transmitters:

Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed with each other. Wastes can be mixed if the purpose is to improve safety during disposal or recycling or otherwise is done in a manner acceptable to protect the environment. Waste may be transported professionally only by those who have special permission. Solvent and oil waste under certain given amounts may be transported without special permission, after notification to the County Board. Contact the County Board for further information.

### Discharge Instructions:

Packs marked with a skull or environmental hazard symbol and risk phrase 50/53 should always be disposed of as hazardous waste. Other packs should be emptied well before they can be recycled or reconditioned. The contents may need to be disposed of as hazardous waste. Draining is best carried out at room temperature. The pack is placed upside down inclined somewhat, about 10 degrees, the runoff should be in such a way that the lowest point of the pack is the exit. Residual content should be collected and added to the process there the product is used. For steel drums especially the runoff must be at room temperature (min 15 ° C). Wait until the pack is drip dry. Do not reseal the packs after runoff. Note in particular the risks involved when emptying containers containing flammable liquids. Emptied packages should be ventilated in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion. Do not puncture, cut or weld in uncleaned packages, containers or barrels. If possible, packs contained water-soluble product should be rinsed thoroughly (3 times) before emptying. The rinse water should, if possible, be used in the process there the product is used.

#### Classification of wastes:

Waste transmitters is required to classify the waste. All waste is identified by a six digit EWC code. The codes are listed in the Waste Regulation. The codes for oil waste are based on usage and the base oil. Information about the intended use is given in the safety data sheet, section 1. Oil waste is always hazardous waste. Examples of EWC codes for oil waste:120107: mineral-based machining oils free of halogens130111: Synthetic Hydraulic Oils130105: Non-chlorinated emulsions130208: other engine, gear and lubricating oils

Waste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product was used.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### **IMDG**

14.1UN/ID noNot regulated14.2Proper Shipping NameNot regulated14.3Hazard ClassNot regulated14.4Packing groupNot regulated14.5Marine pollutantNot applicable

14.6 Special Provisions None

14.7 Transport in bulk according to No information available

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the

**IBC Code** 

#### RID

14.1 UN/ID noNot regulated14.2 Proper Shipping NameNot regulated14.3 Hazard ClassNot regulated14.4 Packing groupNot regulated14.5 environmental hazardNot applicable

14.6 Special Provisions None

## <u>ADR</u>

14.1 UN/ID noNot regulated14.2 Proper Shipping NameNot regulated14.3 Hazard ClassNot regulated

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14.4 Packing groupNot regulated14.5 environmental hazardNot applicable

14.6 Special Provisions None

ICAO (air)

14.1 UN/ID noNot regulated14.2 Proper Shipping NameNot regulated14.3 Hazard ClassNot regulated14.4 Packing groupNot regulated14.5 environmental hazardNot applicable

14.6 Special Provisions None

IATA

14.1UN/ID noNot regulated14.2Proper Shipping NameNot regulated14.3Hazard ClassNot regulated14.4Packing groupNot regulated14.5environmental hazardNot applicable

14.6 Special Provisions None

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations This safety data sheet is created with use of legislation & regulation valid for the European

Union, for example consolidated versions of REACh,1907/2006; CLP, 1272/2008; DPD

1999/45 and national legislation.

Danish PR number: -

**International Inventories** 

Complies **TSCA** Complies **EINECS/ELINCS** Complies **DSL/NDSL** Complies **PICCS** Complies **ENCS IECSC** Complies **AICS** Complies Complies **KECL** 

Legend

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

**ENCS** - Japan Existing and New Chemical Substances **IECSC** - China Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

**KECL** - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No information available

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

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Full text of R-phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3 R50 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms

R38 - Irritating to skin

R41 - Risk of serious damage to eyes

R20 - Harmful by inhalation

R53 - May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

R50/53 - Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

### Full text of H-Statements referred to under section 3

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

H413 - May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

## Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

vBvP = Very Bioaccumulative and very Pollutant.

PBT = Persistant Bioccumulative Toxic chemical

REACh = Research Evaluation Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging

DPD = Dangerous Preparations Directive

VOC=Volatile Organic Compound

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Revision Note Indication of changes \*\*\*, if applicable.

This material safety data sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

**End of Safety Data Sheet**