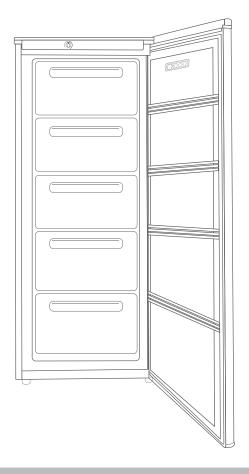
How to use your new Freezer



Model MTZ55160



SAFETY



WARNING
IT IS HAZARDOUS FOR ANYONE
OTHER THAN AUTHORISED SERVICE
PERSONNEL TO CARRY OUT
SERVICING OR REPAIRS WHICH
INVOLVE THE REMOVAL OF COVERS.

TO AVOID THE RISK OF AN ELECTRIC SHOCK DO NOT ATTEMPT REPAIRS YOURSELF



Locks

If your refrigerator is fitted with a lock, to prevent children being entrapped keep the key out of reach and not in the vicinity of the appliance. If disposing of an old refrigerator, break off any old locks or latches as a safeguard.

The appliance was designed and manufactured in compliance with international safety standards. The following warnings are provided for safety reasons and must be read carefully.

CE marking certifies that this appliance conforms to:
Low Voltage Equipment - 73/23/EEC & 93/68EEC
Electromagnetic Compatibility - 89/336/EEC, 92/31EEC & 93/68EEC

Information concerning disposal Disposal of packaging



The packaging protects your appliance from damage during transit. Please contribute to a better environment by disposing of the packaging materials in an environmentally friendly manner.

Observe local environmental standards when disposing of packaging material for recycling purposes.

Please ask your dealer or inquire at your local authority about current means of disposal.

Keep packaging materials out of the reach of children! It can become a choking or suffocation hazard.

Disposal of your old appliance



Old appliances are not worthless rubbish! Recycling old appliances can reclaim valuable raw materials.



This appliance has been identified in accordance with the European directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment – WEEE.

The directive requires that old household electronic appliances must not be disposed of in the normal unsorted municipal waste stream. Old appliances must be collected separately in order to optimise the recovery and recycling of the materials they contain and reduce the impact on human health and the environment. The crossed out "wheeled bin" symbol on the product reminds you of your obligation, that when you dispose of the appliance it must be separately collected.

Consumers may take their old appliances to public waste collection areas, other communal collection areas, or if national legislation allows return it to a retailer when purchasing a similar new product.

Old appliances still have some residual value. An environmentally friendly method of disposal will ensure that valuable raw materials can be recovered and used again. The refrigerant used in your appliance and insulation materials require special disposal procedures. Ensure that none of the pipes on the back of the appliance are damaged prior to disposal. Up to date information concerning options for disposing of your old appliance and packaging from the new one can be obtained from your local council office.

Redundant appliances:

Cut off the mains plug and discard it. Refrigerators contain refrigerants and the insulation contains gases. Refrigerant and gases must be disposed of properly.

Ensure the tubing of the refrigerant circuit is not damaged prior to proper disposal.

SAFETY

Safety and warning information Before you switch ON the appliance

Please read the operating and installation instructions carefully. They contain important information on how to install, use and maintain the appliance. Keep all documentation for subsequent use or for the next owner.

Technical safety

This appliance contains a small quantity of environmentally friendly but flammable R600a refrigerant. Ensure that the tubing of the refrigeration circuit is not damaged during transportation and installation. Leaking refrigerant may ignite.

If damage has occurred

- Keep naked flames and/or ignition sources away from the appliance.
- Pull out the mains plug.
- Thoroughly ventilate the room for several minutes.
- Notify customer services.

The more refrigerant an appliance contains, the larger the room must be. Leaking refrigerant can form a flammable gas-air mixture in rooms which are too small. The room must be at least 1m³ per 8 g of refrigerant. The amount of refrigerant in your appliance is indicated on the rating label on your appliance.

Important information when using the appliance

- This appliance is not intended for use by persons (including children)
 with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities, or experience or
 knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instructions
 concerning the use of the appliance by a person responsible for their
 safety. Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play
 with the appliance.
- If the supply cord is damaged, it must be replaced by the manufacturer, its service agent or similarly qualified persons in order to avoid a hazard.
- Never use electrical appliances inside the refrigerator (e.g. heater, electric ice maker, etc.). Explosion hazard!
- Never use a steam cleaner to clean the appliance. The steam may penetrate electrical parts and cause a short circuit. Risk of electric shock!
- Do not store products which contain flammable propellants (e.g. spray cans) or explosive substances in the appliances. Explosion hazard!
- Do not stand or support yourself on the base, drawers or doors, etc.
- Before defrosting and cleaning the appliance, pull out the mains plug or switch off the fuse. Do not pull out the mains plug by tugging the cable.
- Commercially frozen pre-packed food should be stored in accordance with the frozen food manufacturers instruction.
- Bottles containing a high percentage of alcohol must be sealed and stored in an upright position.
- Keep plastic parts and the door seal free of oil and grease. Otherwise, the plastic and door seal will become porous.
- Never cover or block the ventilation openings for the appliance.
- Do not store bottled or canned drinks (especially carbonated drinks) in the ice compartment. Bottles and cans may explode!
- Never put frozen food, or ice cubes, straight from the ice compartment into your mouth. Risk of frost burns to the lips and tongue!
- Avoid prolonged touching of frozen food, ice or the inner freezer walls or tubing etc. Risk of frost burns to the skin.
- Do not scrape off frost or stuck frozen food with a knife or pointed object. You could damage the refrigerant tubing. Leaking refrigerant may ignite. Only use a plastic scraper.
- In the case of malfunction, under no circumstances should you attempt to repair the appliance yourself. Repairs carried out by inexperienced persons may cause injury or further malfunctioning to the appliance.
- When the appliance is unplugged please wait for 5 minutes before plugging it in again. Otherwise, the compressor will be overloaded.

- Do not use electrical appliances such as a hairdryer or heaters near your refrigerator.
- Do not store inflammable gases or liquids inside your refrigerator.

Children in the household

- Keep children away from the packaging and its parts. Danger of suffocation from folding cardboard and plastic film!
- Do not allow children to tamper with the controls or play with the appliance. It is not a toy. Under no circumstances should children be allowed to sit on the bins or hang from the door.
- If the appliance features a lock, keep the key out of the reach of children.

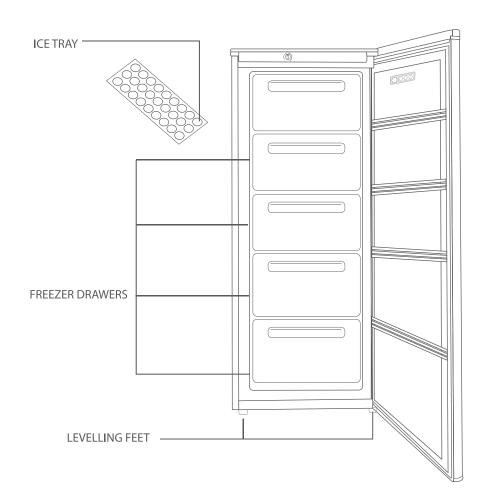
General requirements

- The appliance is designed for domestic use inside the home and is not intended for commercial or industrial use.
- The appliance must be used to store food products by adults only and according to the instruction manual.
- Try to avoid keeping the door open for long periods or opening the door too frequently in order to conserve energy.
- Do not fill the appliance with too much food: cold air must circulate freely for food to be preserved properly.

GETTING TO KNOW YOUR FREEZER

Before use

Please read these instructions and the Safety guidelines on page 2 & 3 carefully before using your new Fridgemaster Freezer. The Freezer is for indoor, domestic use only. Please keep these instructions in a safe place for future reference.



INSTALLATION

Location

When selecting a position for your freezer you should make sure the floor is flat and firm and the room is well ventilated with an average room temperature of between 16°c and 38°c. Avoid locating your Freezer near a heat source, eg. cooker, boiler or radiator. Also avoid direct sunlight.

Never place the Freezer in a wall recess or into fitted cabinets of furniture.

When your freezer is working, the sides may become warm. It must therefore be installed so there is at least 75mm (3") separating the back of the freezer to the wall, at least 100mm (3.9") from its top and clear space in front to allow the door to open 160°. The Freezer door can either open to the right or the left, depending on the location which suits you. Please see page 9. Do not drape the Freezer with any covering

Levelling the Freezer

The Freezer has 2 front feet which are adjustable. Once the Freezer is put in it's final location, make sure it is level. Turn the levelling feet at the front to adjust. If the Freezer is not level, the door and magnetic seal alignment will be affected.

Cleaning before use

Wipe the inside of the Freezer with a weak solution of bicarbonate of soda. Then rinse withwarm water using a 'wrung-out' sponge or cloth. Wipe completely dry before replacing the shelves and baskets. You could clean the Freezer externally with wax polish. If you require more information refer to CLEANING on page 8.

Before plugging in YOU MUST

Check that you have a socket which is compatible with the plug supplied with the Freezer. If not, see the section called ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS on page 11.

Before switching on!

DO NOT SWITCH ON UNTIL FOUR HOURS AFTER MOVING THE FREEZER. The coolant fluid needs time to settle

Before using your Freezer

Before placing frozen foods in your Freezer, turn the Freezer on and wait for 24 hours, to make sure it is working properly and to allow the Freezer to fall to the correct temperature.

USING YOUR FREEZER

Switching on your freezer

- Before connecting the freezer to the mains supply check that the thermostat control dial has been turned to MIN.
- 2 Turn the thermostat control dial to MAX for 24 hours to allow the freezer to fall to the correct temperature as quickly as possible.
- 3 Set the thermostat control dial to NORMAL for everyday operation and check that the freezer compartment is cold before placing food in the freezer.

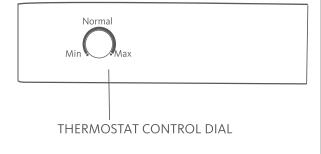
Is the freezer cold enough?

If you are concerned that your freezer is not being kept cold enough, and wish to check the temperature, you will need a special fridge/freezer thermometer available from most supermarkets and hardware shops. Place the thermometer in the middle basket of the freezer, where it can be read easily. Leave overnight, the temperature in the freezer should be -18°C or lower.



Adjusting the temperature

The internal temperature of your freezer isontrolled by the thermostat control dial on the front of the freezer. The MAX setting lowers the temperature inside the freezer compartment approximately -26°c and is used for fast freezing. The NORMAL setting is for everyday operation at average room temperatures of between 16°c and 38°c. The freezer may not oper ate at the correct temperature if it is in a particularly hot or cold room or if you open the freezer doors very often.



Noises inside the freezer!

If you have not owned a fridge or freezer before, you may notice that it makes some rather unusual noises. Most of these are perfectly normal, but you should be aware of them!

Gurgling, whooshing

These noises are caused by the circulation of the refrigeant liquid in the cooling system. It has become more pronounced since the introduction of CFC free gases. This is not a fault and will not affect the performance of your freezer.

Humming, purring or pulsating

This is the compressor motor working, as it pumps the refrigerant around the system.



•

USING YOUR FREEZER

Shopping for frozen foods

Your freezer is 4 star ★★★

When you are buying frozen food, lookat the storage guidelines on the packaging. You will be able to store each item of frozen food for the period shown against the 4 star rating. This is usually the period stated as 'Best Before', on the front of the packaging.

Check the freezer temperature

Check the temperature of the frozen food cabinet in the shop where you buy your frozen foods. It should show a temperature lower than -18°C.

Choose packs carefully

Take a quick look at the frozen food package and make sure it is in perfect condition.

Purchase frozen food last

Always buy frozen products last on your shopping trip or visit to the supermarket.

Keep frozen foods together

When you are going around the supermarket and when you are travelling home, if you keep all the frozen foods together they will help to keep each other cold.

Store food straight away

Don't buy frozen food unless you can freeze it straight away. Special insulated bags can be bought from most supermarkets and hardware shops. These keep fr ozen food cold for longer.

Thawing frozen food

For some foods, thawing before cooking is unnecessary. Vegetables and pasta can be added directly to boiling water or steam cooked. Frozen sauces and soups can be put into a saucepan and heated gently until thawed.

To thaw frozen foods

- 1 Cover food loosely.
- 2 Thaw at room temperature. Don't forget that thawing in a warm area encourages the growth of bacteria.
- 3 Always make sure there are no ice crystals in the food before cooking, particularly with meat. These crystals indicate that the food is not fully thawed. They result in lower temperatures when cooking. Lower cooking temperatures may not destroy dangerous bacteria.
- 4 Cook food as soon as possible after thawing.
- 5 Drain off and throw away any liquid lost during thawing.

Oven Thawing

Many microwaves and ovens have thaw settings. To avoid bacterial build up, only use these if you intend to cook the food immediately afterwards.

Safety Tips

- Never re-freeze anything that has thawed out unless you cook it again, to kill off harmful bacteria.
- · Never re-freeze thawed shellfish.

Useful Tip

Re-seal packs properly after removing items. This prevents drying or 'freezer burn' and a build up of frost on any remaining food.

Freezing fresh foods

Useful tips

Use quality food and handle it as little as possible. Freeze food in small quantities, it freezes faster, takes less time to thaw and enables you to eat it in the quantity you need.

Freezing fresh foods

First, estimate the amount of food you will be freezing. Your freezer has a fast freeze setting called MAX on the thermostat control dial (see 'Adjusting the Temperatu re' on page 3) which makes your freezer colder (approx-28°C), it will therefore freeze quicker and keep in the goodness.

However you should use it sparingly to conserve energy.

TO FREEZE	MAX
A loaf of bread A small casserole	not required
Up to 2lb/900gm	2hrs. before placing food in freezer and 4hrs. after placing food in freezer
Over 6lb/2.7kg	6hrs. before placing food in freezer and 12hrs. after placing food in freezer
Maximum of 18 lb/ 8 kg	24hrs. before placing food in freezer and 24hrs. after placing food in freezer

What not to freeze

Bananas, Pomegranates, Pears or Carbonated liquids.

NOTE Do not store flammable gases or liquids.



USING YOUR FREEZER

Fruit Syrup or Sugar packed Fruit

Recommended Storage Periods (when frozen from fresh)

up to 12 months

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	'	
Open Frozen or Puréed Fruit	up to 12 months	
Fruit juices	up to 6 months	
Beef	up to 9 months	
Lamb	up to 8 months	
Veal	up to 6 months	
Pork	up to 5 months	
Minced meat	up to 3 months	
Cured meats	up to 2 months	
Sausages	up to 3 months	
Packed bacon	up to 7 months	
Smoked bacon/chops/gammon steaks	up to 2 months	
Unsmoked bacon/ chops/ gammon steaks up to 1 month		

Chicken	up to 12 months
Duck	up to 5 months
Goose	up to 5 months
Turkey	up to 6 months

White fish	up to 7 months
Oily fish including salmon	up to 2 months
Smoked salmon	up to 3 months
Caviar	don't freeze
Shellfish	up to 1 month

Butter	up to 8 months
Cheese	up to 5 months
Cream - double/ whipping	up to 3 months
Eggs - only freeze separated	up to 3 months
Suet	up to 6 months
Milk	up to 1 month
Yogurt	up to 6 weeks

DEFROSTING

Defrosting

follows:

After a period of time frost will build up in certain areas in the Freezer compartment. As a temporary measure, this frost should be scraped away using a plastic scraper. NEVER use a met al or sharp instrument. Complete defrosting will however become necessary approximately once per year, or if the frost layer exceeds 5mm to maintain the efficiency of the Freezer. This should be carried out if the frost build-up cannot be scraped away, or if it begins to interfere with the food storage. Choose a time when the stock of frozen food is low and proceed as

- 1 Take out the frozen food, turn the
 Freezer off at the mains supply and leave the doors open. Ideally the
 frozen food should be put into another Freezer or refrigerator. If this
 is not possible wrap the food, firstly in several sheets of newspaper
 or large towels and then in a thick rug or blanket and keep it in a
 cool place.
- 2 Place a suitable container below the bottom edge of the Freezer compartment to collect any water that results from the defrosting.
- 3 Pour away the water as it melts into the drawer.
- 4 Scrape away as much frost build-up as possible using the plastic scraper. To acceler ate the thawing process place bowls of hot water inside the Freezer cabinet. As the solid frost loosens, prize it away with the plastic scraper and remove.
- 5 When defrosting is completed, clean your Freezer as described in CLEANING on page 8.

CLEANING

Cleaning inside the Freezer

After defrosting you should clean the Freezer internally with a weak solution of bicarbonate of soda. Then rinse with warm water using a 'wrung-out' sponge or cloth. Wipe the Freezer dry before replacing the drawers.

Cleaning the outside of the Freezer

Use standard furniture polish to clean the Freezer exterior. Make sure that the doors are closed, to prevent polish getting on the magnetic door seal or inside.

Do not use harsh cleaners, scouring pads or solvents to clean any part of the Freezer.

Cleaning tip

Defrost when food stocks are low.

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Power cut

If the internal temper ature of the Freezer compartment is -18°C or colder when the power returns, your food is safe. The food in your Freezer will remain frozen for approx 12 hours with the door closed. Don't open the Freezer doors more than necessary.

The Freezer is particularly cold

You may have accidentally adjusted the Thermostat Control Dial.

The Freezer is particularly warm

The compressor may not be working. Turn the Thermostat Control Dial to the maximum setting and wait a few minutes.

If there is no humming noise, it is not working. Call your Customer Service Department.

The Freezer is not working

Check it is plugged in and switched on. Check that the fuse in the plug has not blown. Plug in another appliance, such as a lamp, to see if the socket is working. The Freezer should be placed in a well ventilated room with an ambient temperature of between 16° ^C and 38° ^C.

Condensation appears on the outside of the Freezer

This may be due to a change in the room temperature. Wipe off any residue of moisture. If the problem continues call your Customer Service Department.

Noises inside the Freezer!

If you have not owned a Freezer before, you may notice that it makes some rather unusual noises.

Most of these are perfectly normal, but you should be aware of them!

GURGLING, WHOOSHING

These noises are caused by the circulation of the refrigerant liquid in the cooling system. It has become more pronounced since the introduction of CFC free gases. This is not a fault and will not affect the performance of your Freezer.

MAINTENANCE

HUMMING, PURRING OR PULSATING

This is the compressor motor working, as it pumps the refrigerant around the system.

Moving your Freezer

Location

Do not locate your Freezer near a heat source, eg. cooker, boiler or radiator. Also avoid direct sunlight.

Levelling the Freezer

Make sure the Freezer is level. Use the rotating levelling feet at the front. If the Freezer is not level, the doors and magnetic seal alignments will be affected.

Do Not Turn on the Freezer for 2 Hours

After the Freezer is in place it needs to be left for 2 hours. The coolant fluid needs time to settle.

Installation

Don't cover or block the vents or grilles of your appliance.

Servicing

This product should be serviced by an authorised engineer and only genuine spare parts should be used.

Under no circumstances should you attempt to repair the appliance yourself. Repairs carried out by inexperienced persons may cause injury or serious malfunctioning. Contact your Customer Service Department.

When the appliance is not in use for long periods, disconnect from the electricity supply, empty all foods and clean the appliance, leaving the door ajar to prevent unpleasant smells.

REVERSING THE DOOR SWING

The door of your refrigerator can be reversed.

- . Ensure the fridge is unplugged and empty.
- . We recommend you have someone to assist you

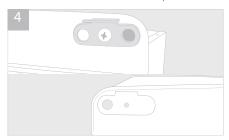
Tools required

- . Philips style screwdriver
- . Flat bladed screwdriver
- . 8mm socket
- .10mm socket or spanner

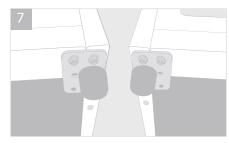
When trying to gain access to the base of the fridge, do not tip it back at more than a 45° angle. Rest the fridge on soft foam packaging or similar material to avoid damaging the back of the appliance



Remove the four blanking pl ates from the top of the fridge with a flat bladed screwdriver. Remove the screws underneath with a Phillips screwdriver.



Remove the hinge insert plate from the bottom of fridge door. Replace the plate on the opposite side.



Place the fixing plate on the opposite side of the appliance, secure it with the three bolts, and screw the foot into position.



Use the 8mm socket or spanner to remove the three bolts above the door hinge. Lift off the bracket. Remove the fridge door.



Tilt the fridge back, no more than 45° , to access the bottom hinge and feet. Remove the feet and the bolts securing the right hand hinge plate and the left hand fixing plate.

If the door seal does not fit against the cabinet, on any side, warm theseal with hot water and tease it into position. This can be done using a hair dryer but care must be taken not to overheat the seal or burn your hands

Check the door is aligned horizontally and verically and that the seal is closed on all sides before finally tightening hinge bolts. Replace the lid and screws.



Remove the pin from the bracket and replace it into the same hole from the other side.



Remove the hinge pin from position 1 and replace it in position 2. Place the hinge on the opposite side of the cabinet, secure it with the three bolts, and screw in the foot into position.





TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Locks

If your Freezer is fitted with a lock, to prevent children being entrapped keep the key out of reach and not in the vicinity of the appliance. If disposing of an old Freezer break off any old locks or latches as a safeguard.

MODEL	MTZ55160
Rated Voltage (V)	220 -240
Rated Frequency (Hz)	50
Energy Class	A+
Net Storage Volume (Litres)	160
Weight (Net) (Kg)	45.5
Product Dimension h/w/d (cm)	144 × 55.4 × 55.1
Star Rating	4 Star
Sound Decibel Rating (dB[A])	43
Refrige rant	R6ooa

The policy of Fridgemaster is one of continuously seeking new ways of improving its products. Therefore the Company reserves the right to change the specification of items illustrated and described, at any time.

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED.

This appliance is fitted with a fused three pin plug to BS 1363 which will be suitable for use in all houses fitted with sockets to current specifications.

If the fitted plug is not suitable for your socket outlets, it should be cut off and carefully disposed of. To avoid a possible shock hazard, do not insert the discarded plug into a socket.

Fitting a new plug

If for any reason you need to fit a new plug, the flexible mains lead must be connected as shown here.

CONNECT GREEN
AND YELLOW TO EARTH (E)
(Note: some appliances do not have earth wires.)

CONNECT BROWN
TO LIVE (L)

MAKE SURE THE CABLE
IS HELD BY THE CLAMP

The wires in the mains lead fitted to this appliance are coloured in accordance with the following code:

If the colours of the wires in the mains lead of this appliance do not correspond with the coloured markings identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured Green and Yellow MUST be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter E (Earth) or symbol or coloured Green. The wire which is colour ed Blue MUST be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Black. The wire which is coloured Brown MUST be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter L or coloured Red.

Before refitting the plug cover, check that there are no cut or stray strands of wire inside the plug.

Use a 13 Amp BS1362 fuse, only BSI or ASTA approved fuses should be used. If you are in any way unsure which plug or fuse to use, always refer to a qualified electrician.

Note: After replacing or changing a fuse on a moulded plug which has a fuse cover, the cover must be refitted to the plug, the appliance must not be used without a fuse cover. If lost, replacement fuse covers can be obtained from an electrical shop.

This appliance complies with the following EEC Directives: 73 / 23 EEC (Low Voltage Directive) 89 / 336 EEC (EMC Directive).

FRIDGEMASTER Unit D, Global Avenue Global Park Millshaw, Leeds LS11 8PR

Tel: +44(0) 113 395 6930 Fax: +44(0) 113 270 8599 For further information please contact the Fridgemaster Technical Helpline on: 0845 0508536



his symbol on the product or in the instructions means that your electrical and electronic equipment should be dispose It the end of its life separately from your household waste. There are separate collection systems for recycling in the EU.

or more information, please contact the local authority or your retailer where you purchased the product.

