	1MA1 Prac	ctice Tests Set 1: Pap	er 3H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Questio	n Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
1	Angle $BAC = 76^{\circ}$	40°	4	B1 for Angle $BAC = 76^{\circ}$ (could be just on the diagram)
	Angle $BAP =$			M1 for 76° – (" 180° – 90 – 54° ")
	$180^{\circ} - 90^{\circ} - 54^{\circ} = 36^{\circ}$			A1 for $x = 40^{\circ}$ (explicitly stated)
	$x = 76^{\circ} - 36^{\circ}$			C1 (dep on M1) for 'the sum of the <u>angles</u> of a <u>triangle</u> is <u>180</u> °' and ' <u>alternate angles</u> on parallel lines are equal'
	OR			OR
	Angle $QCD = 54^{\circ}$			B1 for Angle $QCD = 54^{\circ}$ (could be just on the diagram)
	Angle $ACP =$			M1 for 180° – 90° – ("180° – 76 ° – 54°")
	$180^{\circ} - 76^{\circ} - 54^{\circ} = 50^{\circ}$			A1 for $x = 40^{\circ}$ (explicitly stated)
	$x = 180^{\circ} - 90^{\circ} - 50^{\circ}$			C1 (dep on M1) for 'corresponding angles on parallel lines are equal' and 'sum of the <u>angles</u> on a <u>straight line</u> is 180°' and 'the sum of the <u>angles</u> of a <u>triangle</u> is <u>180°</u> '
				or 'corresponding angles on parallel lines are equal' and 'exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the two interior opposite angles'
				OR
				M1 for angle $QCB = 180 - 54 (=126)$
				M1 for 180 – 90 – "126 – 76"
				A1 for $x = 40^{\circ}$ (explicitly stated)
				C1 (dep on M1) for 'sum of <u>allied angles</u> = 180° ' and 'the sum of the <u>angles</u> of a <u>triangle</u> is 180°

	1MA1 Practice Tests Set 1: Paper 3H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0							
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes				
2	25 50 75 100 125 150 175 35 70 105 140 175	10.96	5	M1 for attempt to find the LCM of 25 and 35 eg at least 3 correct multiples of 25 and at least 3 correct multiples of 35 or 2 factor trees with at least one correct A1 for 175 M1 for at least one of $\frac{"175"}{25}$ or "5" or $\frac{"175"}{35}$ or "7" or 5.50 or 5.46 either unassociated or associated with the correct pack. M1 for "5" \times £1.10 + "7" \times 78p A1 cao. OR M2 for attempt to find the number of packs of cups and plates eg sight of 5 (\times 35) or 7 (\times 25) A1 for 5 (\times 35) and 7 (\times 25) M1 for 5 \times £1.10 + 7 \times 78p A1 cao				

		1MA1 Pra	ctice Tests Set 1: Pap	er 3H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
3	(a)		$\frac{5}{14}$	1	B1 for $\frac{5}{14}$ oe fraction
			54	3	M1 for $84 \div (5+9) (=6)$ or $1 - "(a)" (=)$
	(b)				M1 for $84 \div (5 + 9) \times 9$ oe or
					A1 cao
	(c)		e.g. 6 green	3	M1 for correct method to find twice as many green beads as red beads, e.g. $2 \times 30 \ (= 60)$ or $2 \times (84 - 54)$ or 40×40 or 40×40
					A1 for 6 (green) OR if n reds are added then $2n + 6$ (greens), where n and $2n$ could be numbers OR 30 (red) and 60 (green)
					C1 (dep on M1) for showing correct relevant working and clear conclusion stating number of green beads or stating total numbers of red beads and green beads
4		$\frac{48.45}{425} \times 100$ OR $\frac{11}{100} \times 425 = 46.75$	Katie spends more	3	M1 for $\frac{48.45}{425} \times 100$ A1 for 11.4 C1 (dep on M1)for conclusion ft from comparison of two percentages OR M1 for $\frac{11}{100} \times 425$ or for $10\% = 42.5(0)$, $1\% = 4.25$, 42.5(0) + 4.25 A1 for 46.75 C1 (dep on M1)for correct ft from comparison of "46.75" and 48.45

	1MA1 Practice Tests Set 1: Paper 3H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0							
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
5		Jan x Feb 2x	18	5	M1 for a method to express all 4 months' amounts algebraically (at least 3 correct, ft)			
		$\operatorname{Mar} 2x + 10$			M1for an expression for total with at least 3 correct terms added			
		Apr $\frac{1}{2} (2x + 10)$			M1 for a correct inequality stated algebraically			
		$x + 2x + 2x + 10 + \frac{1}{2}(2x + 10) > 125$	3		M1 for an inequality reduced to $ax > b - c$ A1 cao			
					NB: accept inequalities written as equations			
		6 <i>x</i> +15≥123			SC T&I is 5 marks for 18, otherwise 0 marks			

1MA1 Practice Tests Set 1: Paper 3H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0						
Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
$\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 10^2 - \pi \times 5^2}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$	39.3	5	M1 for $\pi \times 5^2$ (= 78.5(39)) or $\pi \times 10^2$ (= 314(.159)) or 100π or 25π M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 10^2$ (= 157(.07)) or 50π M1 (dep on at least one of the previous Ms) for $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 10^2 - \pi \times 5^2$ M1 (dep on previous M) for $(\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 10^2 - \pi \times 5^2) \div 2$ or $\frac{157.07'-'78.53'}{2}$ or $25\pi/2$ A1 for answer in range $39.2 - 39.3$ OR M1 for $\pi \times 5^2$ (= 78.5(39)) or $\pi \times 10^2$ (= 314(.159)) or 100π or 25π M1 for $\frac{1}{4} \times \pi \times 10^2$ (= 78.5(398)) or 25π M1 for $\frac{1}{2} \times \pi \times 5^2$ (= 39.2(69)) or 12.5π M1(dep on 2 previous Ms) for '78.5' - '39.2' A1 for answer in range $39.2 - 39.3$			
	Working $\times \pi \times 10^2 - \pi \times 5^2$ $=$ 2	Working Answer $\times \pi \times 10^2 - \pi \times 5^2$ $=$ 2	WorkingAnswerMark $\times \pi \times 10^2 - \pi \times 5^2$ 39.32			

	1MA1 Practice Tests Set 1: Paper 3H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0							
Que	estion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
7			explanation	1	C1 for "he has not expanded the brackets correctly" oe			
8	(a)	5000×1.028^4	5583.96	3	M1 1 + 0.028oe or 5000 × 0.028			
					$M1\ 5000 \times 1.028^4$ oe or a complete method for compound interest year on year			
					A1 cao			
	(b) (i)	12000×1.02×1.035×1.05	£13301.82	5	M1 12000 \times 1.02 \times 1.035 \times 1.05 oe or a complete method not using a multiplier			
	(ii)	3.492753115	3.49		A1 cao			
					M1 $\frac{13301.82}{12000}$ or 1.108485			
					M1 $(\sqrt[8]{\frac{13301.82}{12000}} - 1) \times 100$			
					A1 cao			
					OR			
					M1 1.02×1.035×1.05 or 1.108485 seen			
					M1 ($\sqrt[8]{1.02 \times 1.035 \times 1.05}$ -1)x100			
					A1 cao			

		1MA1 Prac	ctice Tests Set 1: Pap	er 3H (Re	gular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
9	(a)	$(3x + 2)(2x + 1) = 100$ $6x^2 + 4x + 3x + 2 = 100$	$6x^2 + 7x - 98 = 0$	2	M1 $(3x + 2)(2x + 1) = 100$ or $(2x \times 3x) + 2(2x + 1) + 3x = 100$ oe or $(2x \times 3x) + (2 \times 2x \times 1) + 1 + 3x + 1 + 1 = 100$ oe
					Other partitions are acceptable but partitioning must go on to form a correct equation.
					A1 Accept $6x^2 + 7x + 2 = 100$ if M1 awarded
	(b)	(3x + 14)(2x - 7) (= 0) $x = 3.5$	73.5	5	M2 for $(3x + 14)(2x - 7)$ (= 0) or $(x =)\frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{49 + 2352}}{12}$ or
		(Area =) $6 \times "3.5"^2$ or (3 $\times "3.5) \times (2 \times "3.5")$			$(x=)\frac{-7\pm\sqrt{2401}}{12}$
					If not M2 then M1 for $(3x \pm 14)(2x \pm 7)$ or
					$(x=)\frac{-7\pm\sqrt{7^2-4\times6\times-98}}{2\times6}$
					condone + in place of \pm and 1 sign error.
					A1 Dependent on at least M1 Ignore negative root.
					M1ft Dependent on at least M1 and $x > 0$
					A1 cao Dependent on first M1

	1MA1 Practice Tests Set 1: Paper 3H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0							
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
10	(a)		3, -6, -5	2	B2 cao for all 3			
					(B1 for any 1 or 2 correct)			
	(b)		Quadratic graph	2	B2 for a fully correct graph			
					OR			
					B1 for all 7 points ft on (a) plotted correctly ± 1 sq			
					B1 for a smooth curve through all 7 of their plotted points depending on at least B1 in (a)			
	(c)	Draw $y = -3$	0.3, 3.7	2	B1 for $0.2 - 0.4$ or ft from graph ± 1 square			
					B1 for $3.6 - 3.8$ or ft from graph ± 1 square			
					(SC: If no marks earned then B1 for line $y = -3$ drawn)			
11		132.88 ÷ 88100	151	3	M1 for recognising that 88% is equivalent to 132.88			
					M1 for 132.88 ÷ 88 ×100 oe			
					A1 cao			

	1MA1 Practice Tests Set 1: Paper 3H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0							
Ques	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
12		$DC^2 = 5^2 + 8^2;$	76.3	6	M1 $(DC^2 =)5^2 + 8^2$ or $DC = \sqrt{89} = 9.4(3)$			
		$DC = \sqrt{89}$			$M1(DB^2 =)5^2 + 10^2 \text{ or } DB = \sqrt{125} = 11.1(8)$			
		$DB^{2} = 5^{2} + 10^{2};$ $DB = \sqrt{125}$			M1 $(BC^2) = 8^2 + 10^2$ or $BC = \sqrt{164} = 12.8(1)$			
		$BC^{2} = 8^{2} + 10^{2};$ $BC = \sqrt{164}$			M2 $\cos CDB = \frac{'89' + '125' - '164'}{2 \times '\sqrt{89}' \times '\sqrt{125'}}$			
					A1 76.2–76.3			
		$\cos CDB = \frac{89 + 125 - 164}{2 \times \sqrt{89} \times \sqrt{125}}$			OR			
		2 ~ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \			M1 correct sub into cosine rule on formula sheet			
		= 0.23702			$\sqrt{164'}^2 = \sqrt{89'}^2 + \sqrt{125'}^2 - 2 \times \sqrt{89'} \times \sqrt{125'} \times \cos x$			
					M1 correct rearrangement to $\cos CDB = \frac{'89' + '125' - '164'}{2 \times \sqrt{89}' \times \sqrt{125}'}$			
					A1 76.2–76.3			

	1MA1 Practice Tests Set 1: Paper 3H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0						
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes			
13	$4(x+4) = 4x + 16$ $4(3x+4) = 12x + 16$ $4x + 16 = \frac{2}{3}(12x+16)$ $12x + 48 = 24x + 32$ $12x = 16$	51/3	5	M1 for a correct expression for at least one perimeter. M1 for " $4x + 16$ " = $\frac{2}{3}$ "($12x + 16$)" oe M1 for $12x + 48 = 24x + 32$ or $4x + 16 = 8x + \frac{32}{3}$ oe A1 for $\frac{4}{3}$ B1 ft for " $\frac{4}{3}$ " + 4 OR M2 for $x + 4 = \frac{2}{3}(3x + 4)$ M1 for $3x + 12 = 6x + 8$ or $x + 4 = x + \frac{8}{3}$ oe A1 for $\frac{4}{3}$ B1 ft for " $\frac{4}{3}$ " + 4 T&I B4 for 5.33 or better			

		1MA1 Prac	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0		
Que	estion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
Que 14	estion	Working $ \frac{12}{20} \times \frac{11}{19} + \frac{5}{20} \times \frac{4}{19} + \frac{3}{20} \times \frac{2}{19} $ $ 1 - \left(\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{11}{19} + \frac{5}{20} \times \frac{4}{19} + \frac{3}{20} \times \frac{4}{19} +$	222 380	Mark 4	Notes B1 for $\frac{12}{19}$ or $\frac{5}{19}$ or $\frac{3}{19}$ (could be seen in working or on a tree diagram) M1 for $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{5}{19}$ or $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{3}{19}$ or $\frac{5}{20} \times \frac{12}{19}$ or $\frac{5}{20} \times \frac{3}{19}$ or $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{12}{19}$ or $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{5}{19}$ M1 for $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{5}{19} + \frac{12}{20} \times \frac{3}{19} + \frac{5}{20} \times \frac{12}{19} + \frac{5}{20} \times \frac{3}{19} + \frac{3}{20} \times \frac{12}{19} + \frac{3}{20} \times \frac{5}{19}$ A1 for $\frac{222}{380}$ oe or $0.58(421$) OR
					B1 for $\frac{8}{19}$ or $\frac{15}{19}$ or $\frac{17}{19}$ M1 for $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{19}$ or $\frac{5}{20} \times \frac{15}{19}$ or $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{17}{19}$ M1 for $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{19} + \frac{5}{20} \times \frac{15}{19} + \frac{3}{20} \times \frac{17}{19}$ A1 for $\frac{222}{380}$ oe or 0.58(421) OR (continued overleaf)

	1MA1 Pra	ectice Tests Set 1: Pap	er 3H (Re	egular) mark scheme – Version 1.0
Question	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes
14 (co				B1 for $\frac{11}{19}$ or $\frac{4}{19}$ or $\frac{2}{19}$
nt)				M1 for $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{11}{19}$ or $\frac{5}{20} \times \frac{4}{19}$ or $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{2}{19}$
				M1 for $1 - \left(\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{11}{19} + \frac{5}{20} \times \frac{4}{19} + \frac{3}{20} \times \frac{2}{19}\right)$
				A1 for $\frac{222}{380}$ oe or 0.58(421)
				NB if decimals used they must be correct to at least 2 decimal places
				SC: with replacement
				B2 for $\frac{111}{200}$ oe
				OR
				e.g.
				B0
				M1 for $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{20}$ or $\frac{5}{20} \times \frac{15}{20}$ or $\frac{3}{20} \times \frac{17}{20}$
				M1 for $\frac{12}{20} \times \frac{8}{20} + \frac{5}{20} \times \frac{15}{20} + \frac{3}{20} \times \frac{17}{20}$
				A0

	1MA1 Practice Tests Set 1: Paper 3H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0									
Que	stion	Working	Answer	Mark	Notes					
15		$\frac{1}{2} \times x^2 \times \sin 60 = 36$ $x^2 = \frac{72}{\sin 60} = 83.13$	9.12	3	M1 $\frac{1}{2} \times x^2 \times \sin 60 (=36)$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times ab \times \sin 60 (=36)$ Or $\frac{1}{2} \times x \times \sqrt{x^2 - \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^2}$ (= 36) M1 $x^2 = \frac{72}{\sin 60}$ or $ab = \frac{72}{\sin 60}$ or $x^2 = \frac{36 \times 2}{\sqrt{0.75}}$ A1 9.11 – 9.12					
*16		(2n+1)(2m+1) = $4nm + 2n + 2m + 1= 2(2nm + n + m) + 1$	Proof	3	M1 for $2n + 1$ oe used to describe an odd number A1 for product = $4nm + 2n + 2m + 1$ where n is not the same as m C1 (dep on M1) for stating that $2 \times (2nm + n + m)$ is even since it is a multiple of 2 so adding 1 gives an odd number					

1MA1 Practice Tests Set 1: Paper 3H (Regular) mark scheme – Version 1.0									
Question		Working	Answer	Mark	Notes				
17		20 + 15 + 7.5 + 3.5 + 1	46 - 48	3	M1 for splitting curve appropriately to find area				
					M1 for complete area calculation				
					e.g. $1 \times 20 + \frac{1}{2}(20+10) + \frac{1}{2}(10+5) + \frac{1}{2}(5+2) + \frac{1}{2} \times 2$				
					A1 for answer in range 46 – 48				
	(b)		overestimate with	1	C1 for overestimate and appropriate reason linked to method,				
			reason		e.g. area between trapeziums and curve is also included				
18		$15 \div 70 = 120 \div n$	560	4	M2 $\frac{120 \times 70}{15}$ or 120×4.66 or 8×70 or $\frac{15}{70} \times 8/8 = \frac{120}{n}$ oe				
		$120 \times 4.66()$			$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
		OR $\frac{120\times70}{}$			or $120 \div 21.4 \times 100$				
		$\frac{15}{15}$		(M1 for $\frac{15}{70}$ oe or 21.4% seen or 120 ÷ 15 (= 8) or $\frac{15}{120}$ (= $\frac{1}{8}$)					
		OR 8 × 70			$\frac{120}{70}$ de of 21.4% seen of 120 ÷ 13 (= 8) of $\frac{1}{120}$ (= $\frac{1}{8}$)				
		OP 15 0/0 120			or 4.66() seen)				
		OR $\frac{15}{70} \times 8/8 = \frac{120}{n}$			A1 560 cao				
		OR 120 ÷ 21.4 × 100			C1 for a correct mathematical assumption eg population hasn't changed overnight or sample is random, etc.				

National performance data from Results Plus

	Source of questions						Mean	Mean score of students achieving grade:						
Qu	Spec	Paper	Session	Qu	Topic	Max score	% all	ALL	A *	Α	В	С	D	E
1	5MM2	2F	1306	Q23	Angles	4	15	0.60				1.87	0.65	0.23
2	5AM1	1H	1111	Q16	Money calculations	5	76	3.80	5.00	4.43	4.23	3.18	2.57	1.00
3	5MM2	2H	1311	Q12	Probability	7	74	5.21	6.57	6.35	5.85	4.96	2.53	0.95
4	5AM1	1H	1111	Q07	Percentages	3	67	2.02	3.00	3.00	2.20	1.27	0.43	0.00
5	5AM2	2H	1411	Q12	Solve inequalities	5	66	3.30	5.00	4.50	4.25	2.71	1.79	0.00
6	5MM2	2H	1111	Q12	Area of a circle	5	61	3.06	4.88	4.64	3.96	2.07	0.60	0.33
7				NEW	Solving linear equations	1			No data available					
8a	5AM1	1H	1206	Q16a	Compound interest	3	71	2.13	2.96	2.82	2.35	1.36	0.59	0.00
8b	5AM1	1H	1206	Q16bi	Compound interest	2			No data available					
9	4MA0	2H	1401	Q18	Solve quadratic equations	7	49	3.46	6.31	4.20	2.00	0.45	0.14	0.00
10	2540	2F	811	Q28	Graphs of quadratic equations	6	20	1.18				2.47	1.16	0.41
11	1380	2H	911	Q21	Reverse percentages	3	29	0.88	2.79	1.99	1.00	0.29	0.07	0.02
12	1387	6H	711	Q25	Pythagoras in 3D	6	28	1.65	4.35	2.12	0.79	0.16		
13	5AM1	1H	1111	Q14	Solve linear equations	5	25	1.25	4.83	1.43	0.70	0.36	0.57	1.00
14	1MA0	2H	1206	Q25	Ratio	4	24	0.96	3.52	2.34	0.86	0.16	0.02	0.00
15	1387	6H	711	Q21	Trigonometry	3	22	0.65	2.15	0.75	0.16	0.03		
16	5MM2	2H	1306	Q23	Algebraic proof	3	15	0.44	1.67	0.64	0.23	0.04	0.01	0.00
17	5AM2	2H	1506	Q20	Area under a graph	4	41	1.23	2.60	1.97	1.03	0.34	0.11	0.00
18	2MB01	1H	1111	Q14	Estimating populations	4	15	0.58	No other data available					
						80								