



5928750 NOV 2019

#### Manufacturer's statement

Read this operation manual carefully before use to ensure proper operation of this product.

Failure to read this operation manual may cause improper operation and may result in serious injury or death of a person. The meanings of the symbols are as follows.

\*\*MARNING\*\* Failure to follow the instructions that accompany this indication and improper handling may result in serious injury or death.

**!** CAUTION

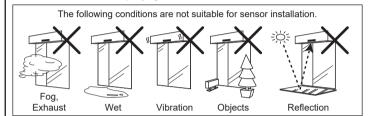
Failure to follow the instructions that accompany this indication and improper handling may result in injury and/or damage to property.

NOTE

Pay special attention to sections with this symbol.

NOTE

- 1. This product is a non-contact switch intended for header mount or wall mount for use on an automatic sliding door. Do not use for any other applications.
- 2. When setting the sensor's detection area, make sure that there is no traffic around the installation site. 3. Before turning the power ON, check the wiring to prevent damage or malfunction of equipment
- connected to the product.
- 4. Only use the product as specified in the operation manual provided.
- 5. Be sure to install and adjust the sensor in accordance with the local laws and standards of the country in which the product is installed.
- 6. Before leaving the installation site make sure that the product is operating properly and instruct the building owner/operator on proper operation of the door and the product.
- 7. The product settings can only be changed by an installer or service engineer When changed, the changed settings and the date shall be registered in the maintenance logbook accompanying the door.



### <u>✓!</u> WARNING

#### Danger of electric shock

Do not wash disassemble rebuild or repair the sensor, otherwise it may cause electric shock or breakdown of the equipment.

### Specifications

Model	: OAM-DUAL II	Operating temperature	: -20 to +55°C (-4 to 131°F)
Cover color	: Black	Operating humidity	: < 80 % (non-condensing)
Mounting height	: 2.0 to 3.5 m (6'7" to 11'6")	Noise level	: < 70 dBA
Detection area	: See <b>Detection area</b>	Activation output	: Form C relay 50 V 0.3 A Max.
Detection method	: Active infrared reflection (*1)		(Resistance load)
	Microwave Doppler effect	Safety output	: Form C relay 50 V 0.3 A Max.
Transmitter frequency	: 24.125 GHz		(Resistance load)
Transmitter radiated power	: < 20 dBm	IP rate	: IP54
Depth angle adjustment	: AIR area -6 to +6°	Weight	: 270 g (9.5 oz)
	Radar area +25 to +45°	Accessories	: 1 Operation manual
Power supply	: 12 to 24 VAC ±10 % (50/60 Hz)		2 Mounting screws
	12 to 30 VDC ±10 %		1 Mounting template
Power consumption	: < 2.5 W (< 4 VA at AC)		1 Area adjustment tool
Operation indicator	: See Operation indicator table		1 Cable 3 m (9'10")
Output hold time	: < 1.0 s		1 Narrow lens
Response time	: < 0.3 s		

### Operation indicator table

Operation indicator table		
Status	Operation indicator color	1s 1s
Warm-up	Yellow blinking	
Stand-by (Installation mode)	Yellow	
Stand-by (Operation mode)	Green	
BLUEZONE (Lookback) detection (*2)	Blue	
2nd row detection	Red blinking	
3rd row detection	Red	
Radar detection	Orange	
Signal saturation	Slow Green blinking	
Sensitivity too low(or Sensor failure)	Fast Green blinking	

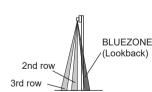


The specifications herein are subject to change without prior notice due to improvements.

- 1 : Active infrared reflection has a presence detection function.
- \*2 : See BLUEZONE.

# **BLUEZONE** (Lookback) area

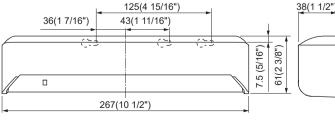
When dipswitch 15 is set to "ON", the BLUEZONE (Lookback) area, that provides extra safety over the threshold is activated. In case the BLUEZONE (Lookback) function is not required, set dipswitch 15 to "OFF" Do not set the 2nd row overlapping the threshold regardless of the setting of dipswitch 15.

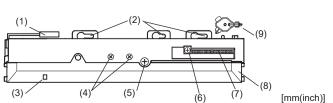






### Outer dimensions and part names





(1) Connector

(7) Dipswitches

- (2) Mounting holes (3) Operation indicator
- (4) Width adjustment screws
- (5) Depth angle adjustment screw
- (6) Radar sensitivity potentiometer
- (8) Detection window
- (9) Area adjustment tool

#### **Detection area** [m(feet,inch)] Mounting height: 2.2 m (7'3") Angle adjustment : +6° Sensitivity : Middle Mounting ☐ : Emitting spots surface : Emitting spots (can be eliminated) BLUEZONE(Lookback) <u>c</u>†D[e : Detection area 1.0 Radar (3'3")Mounting height: 2.2 m (7'3") Н Vertical adjustment : +35° Sensitivity: High Speed of detection object 2.0 : 50 mm/s ) : Detection area (Wide area) : Detection area 2.0 2.0 (Narrow area) (6'7")(3'3")(3'3")(6'7")AIR emitting area

1.86 (6'1") | 2.05 (6'9") | 2.32 (7'7") | 2.51 (8'3") | 2.79 (9'2") | 3.25 (10'8") 2.52 (8'3") | 2.78 (9'1") | 3.15 (10'4") | 3.40 (11'2") | 3.79 (12'5") | 4.42 (14'6")

NOTE

В

C

D

0.05 (2")

0.07 (3")

0.23 (9")

0.35 (1'2")

0.59 (1'11")

1.21 (3'12")

The actual detection area may become smaller depending on the ambient light, the color/material of the object or the floor as well as the entry speed of the object

The sensor may not be activated when the entering speed of the object or a person is slower than 50 mm/s or faster than 1500 mm/s.

0.08 (3")

0.11 (4")

0.80 (2'7") | 0.89 (2'11") | 1.03 (3'5")

1.63 (5'4") | 1.81 (5'11") | 2.11 (6'11")

0.09 (4")

0.12 (5")

0.34 (1'1") 0.39 (1'3")

#### Installation

#### 1. Mounting

- a. Place the mounting template at the desired mounting position.
- (When setting the detection area close to the door, mount the sensor according to the chart below.)

2.00 (6'7") | 2.20 (7'3") | 2.50 (8'2") | 2.70 (8'10") | 3.00 (9'10") | 3.50 (11'6")

0.07 (3")

0.10 (4")

0.31 (1')

0.39 (1'3") | 0.44 (1'5") | 0.48 (1'7") | 0.53 (1'9") | 0.61 (2')

b. Drill two mounting holes of ø3.4 mm (ø1/8").

The chart shows the values at depth angle +6°

0.08 (3")

0.25 (10")

0.06 (2") 0.07 (3")

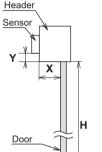
0.65 (2'2") 0.74 (2'5")

1.33 (4'4") 1.51 (4'11")

0.09 (4")

0.28 (11")

- c. To pass the cable through the header, drill a wiring hole of ø8 mm (ø5/16"). d. Remove the mounting template.
- e. Remove the housing cover. Fix the sensor to the mounting surface with the two mounting screws.

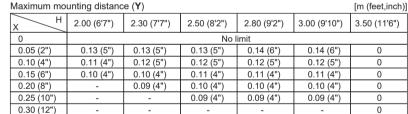


H: Height from the floor to the bottom of the header

(The mounting height is "H + Y".)

Y: Distance between the bottom of the header and the sensor

X: Distance between the door and the mounting surface



NOTE

Floor

Make sure not to mount the sensor lower than the bottom of header.

### ! CAUTION Risk of getting caught

Make sure to affix the mounting template as described in the above chart, otherwise it can be dangerous since there may be no detection area around the threshold. Install the sensor as low as possible on the header.

#### 12 to 24 VAC ±10 % □ 1.Grev Power 12 to 30 VDC ±10 % Wire the cable to the door controller supply 2.Grey 3.White COM Activation 4.Yellow N.O. output □ 5.Green N.C. 6. White stripe COM Safety 7.Yellow stripe N.O.

# ☐ 8.Green stripe — → ☐ 1. The stripe is a stripe /! WARNING Danger of electric shock

### Before starting the procedure, make sure that the power is turned OFF. When passing the cable through the hole, do

not tear the shield otherwise it may cause electric shock or breakdown of the sensor

### 3. Turn ON the power

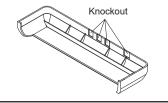
- a. Plug the connector.
- b. Supply power to the sensor. Adjust the detection area and set the dipswitches. (See Adjustments 4. Dipswitch settings)



Make sure to connect the cable correctly to the door controller before turning the power ON. When turning the power ON or after adjusting the settings, do not enter the detection area for more than 10 s in order to enable the presence detection.

### 4. Mounting the housing cover

Place the housing cover. If wiring is to be exposed, break the knockout.

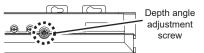


# /!\ WARNING Danger of electric shock

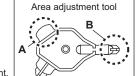
Do not use the sensor without the cover. When using the cable knockout, install the sensor indoors or use the rain cover (Separately available) otherwise electric shock or breakdown of the sensor may occur.

### **Adjustments**

#### 1. Area depth angle adjustment



When adjusting the 2nd row close to the door, see Table 1 dipswitch 16 for the easier adjustment



NOTE Make sure that the detection area does not overlap with the door/header and there is no highly reflecting object near the detection area otherwise ghosting/signal saturation may occur.

### a. AIR adjustment

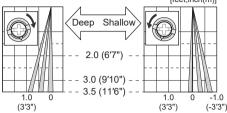
Depth angle adjustment screw for the AIR area.





Use the area adjustment tool (A) as shown above to

change the area depth angle.



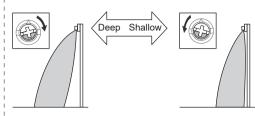
#### b. Radar adjustment

Depth angle adjustment screw for the Radar area.





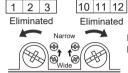
Use the area adjustment tool (B) as shown above to change the area depth angle



#### 2. Area width adjustment

#### a. AIR adjustment

To adjust the AIR detection area width, use the adjustment screws as shown in the picture below.



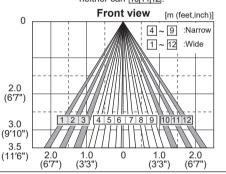
Please adjust by using the tool (B).

Width adjustment screws

NOTE

When setting the detection area width, make sure to turn the adjustment screws until it clicks.

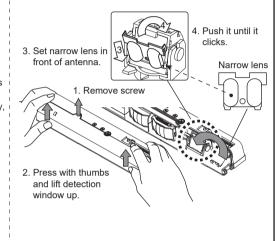
123 cannot be eliminated separately, neither can 101112



#### b. Radar adjustment

To adjust the radar detection area width, use the narrow lens referring to the following procedures.

For detection area, See **Detection area** in the front page.



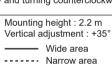
### 3. Radar sensitivity

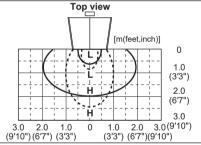
Adjust the radar detection area with potentiometer.

Turning it clockwise increases the sensitivity and turning counterclockwise lowers the sensitivity.



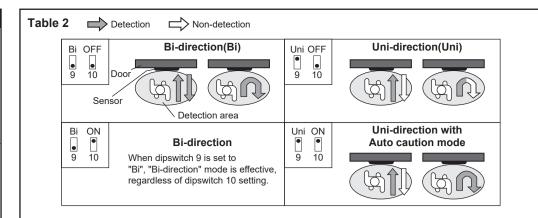






### 4. Dipswitch settings

	Table 1    ■ AIR settings    ■ Radar settings    ■ Other setting    ■ Factory default settings					
Dip switch No.	Function		Setting			Comment
1	Sensitivity	Low 1 2 2.0 to 3.0 m	Middle 1 2 2.0 to 3.0 m	High 1 2 2.5 to 3.2 m	S-High 1 2 3.0 to 3.5 m	Set the sensitivity according to the mounting height. Values below dipswitches are reference only. Adjust the sensitivity according to your risk assessment.
3	Presence timer	30 s 3 4	180 s	600 s	∞ • • 3 4	All rows have the presence detection function. The presence timer can be selected from 4 settings.
5 6	Frequency	Setting 1  Setting 1  6  6	Setting 2  Setting 2  6  5 6	Setting 3  Setting 3  6	Setting 4  • • • 5 6	When using more than one sensor close to each other, set the frequency different for each sensor.
7	Rain mode	Normal 7	Rain • 7			Set this switch to rain if the sensor is used in a region with a lot of rain.
8	Snow mode	Normal • 8	Snow • 8			Set this switch to snow if the sensor is used in a region with snow or a lot of insects.
9	Direction	B	•			When dipswitch 9 is set to "Uni", this setting enables the door to close earlier when a person walks away from the door.
10	Auto caution	OFF 10	•			When dipswitch 10 is set to "ON", a person wavering in the activation detection area can be detected. This is only effective when dipswitch 9 is set to "Uni-directional".
11	Immunity	OFF 11	•			Set dipswitch 11 to "ON" when the sensor operates by itself (Ghosting). When dipswitch 11 is set to "ON" the actual detection area may occur smaller.
12	For future use					
13	AIR output	Safety • 13	Safety + Activation  13			When dipswitch 13 is set to "Safety + Activation", the sensor outputs safety and activation simultaneously.
14	For future use					
15	BLUEZONE (Lookback)	OFF _ 15	ON • 15			When dipswitch 15 is set to "ON", the BLUEZONE (Lookback) is active and looks through the threshold.
16	Installation mode	OFF 16	ON • 16			Set dipswitch 16 to "ON" to adjust the 2nd row. During the installation mode only the 2nd row remains active and the operation indicator shows yellow. After setting the row, set dipswitch 16 to "OFF".



### Checking

Check the operation in the operation mode according to the chart below.

- 1) White : COM. 4 White Str. : COM. S Yellow Str.: N.O.Green Str.: N.C. 2 Yellow: N.O.
- ③ Green: N.C. Entry into Entry into Outside of Power OFF BLUEZONE Entry detection area radar area 3rd row 2nd row (Lookback) Motion Motion/Presence Status Stand-by detection active detection active Operation indicator None Green Orange Red Red blinking Blue
- Safety Safety output Activation 13 2 output 3 Safety Safety 5 output Activation Activation 2 (2) 13 output

### Inform building owner/operator of the following items

- **NARNING** 1. Always keep the detection window clean. If dirty, wipe the window with a damp cloth. Do not use any cleaner/solvent.

  - 2. Do not wash the sensor with water
  - 3. Do not disassemble, rebuild or repair the sensor yourself, otherwise an electric shock may occur.
  - 4. When the operation indicator blinks green, contact your installer or service engineer.
  - 5. Always contact your installer or service engineer when changing the settings. 6. Do not paint the detection window.



- 1. When turning the power ON, always walk-test the detection area to ensure the proper operation.
- 2. Do not place any objects that move or emit light in the detection area. (e.g. plant, illumination, etc.)

Troublesh	ooting		
Door operation	Operation indicator	Possible cause	Possible countermeasures
	None	Wrong power supply voltage.	Set to the stated voltage.
		Wrong wiring or connection failure.	Check the wires and connector.
Door does not	Unstable	Wrong detection area positioning.	Check Adjustments 1, 2, 3, 4.
open when a person enters		Sensitivity is too low.	Set the sensitivity higher.
the detection area.		Short presence timer.	Set the presence timer longer.
		Dirty detection window.	Wipe the detection window with a damp cloth.  Do not use any cleaner or solvent.
	Proper	Wrong wiring or connection failure.	Check the wires and connector.
	Unstable	Objects that move or emit light in the detection area.	Remove the objects.
		The detection area overlaps with that of another sensor.	Check <b>Table 1</b> dipswitch 5, 6.
Door opens when no one		Waterdrops on the detection window.	Use the rain-cover. (Separately available) Or wipe the detection window with a damp cloth. Do not use any cleaner or solvent. Or install in a place keeping the waterdrops off.
detection area. (Ghosting)		The detection area overlaps with the door/header.	Adjust the detection area (AIR or Radar) to "Deep" Or set dipswitch 11 to "ON".
(Onesting)		Sensitivity is too high.	Set the sensitivity lower.
		Raining or snowing.(AIR)	Set dipswitch 7 and/or dipswitch 8 to "ON".
		Raining or snowing.(Radar)	Set dipswitch 9 and/or dipswitch 11 to "ON".
		Others	Set dipswitch 11 to "ON".
Door remains	Proper	Sudden change in the detection area.	Check <b>Table 1</b> dipswitch 1 to 4. If the problem still persists, hard-reset the sensor. (Turn the power OFF and ON again)
open.		Wrong wiring or connection failure.	Check the wires and connector.
	Yellow	Installation mode is set to "ON".	Set dipswitch 16 to "OFF".
_	Fast Green blinking	Sensitivity is too low.	Set the sensitivity higher. Set AIR area width to "Wide".
Proper operation.		Dirty detection window.	Wipe the detection window with a damp cloth.  Do not use any cleaner or solvent.
		Sensor failure.	Contact your installer or service engineer.
	Slow Green blinking	The detection area overlaps with the door/header.	Adjust the detection area to "Deep".
		Signal saturation. (AIR)	Remove highly reflecting objects from the detectio area or lower the sensitivity or change the area depth angle for AIR area.

OPTEX hereby declares that the radio equipment type OAM-DUAL series complies with RED 2014/53/EU. The full text of the EU DoC is available at the following internet address: www.optex.net

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