

Tristan und Isolde Furtwängler



PACO067a



Dises One and Two



Tristan Ludwig Suthaus Kurwenal Dietrich Fischer-Dieskau Köniy Marke Josef Greindl **Solde Kirsten Flagstad** rangane Blanche Thebom

Seemann Rudolf Schock

Melot Edgar Evans

Philharmonia Orchestra

Steuermann Rhoderick Davies

Chorus of the Royal Opera House,

Up to then I had heard the Preliate and Liebstoid in the concert version, studied the work at the piano as best I could (no radio, no records of the music in that dark age I) and read and re-read a book and an essay which now are, I suppose, forgotten. These were the imaginative essay on the opera in Filson Young's Mastersingers and a novel by Gertrude Atherton called The Tower of Inory, old-fashioned It was in the course of Sir Thomas Beecham's second season of opera at Covent Garden, in 1910, that I heard Tristan for the first time conductor raises his baton, when there rises out of the orchestral pit the almost unbearably long-drawn motive of longing suddenly No other chord in music, surely, makes so startling an emotional impact on the listener as the one first heard in the *Preliale* to *Tristan and Isalde*. One may have heard it a hundred times in the opera house: but when the lights dim and go out and the house grows still as the within us, as well as on the stage and in the orchestra, the tragedy of the ill-fated lovers. stabbed by the wood-wind chord of the motive of desire, we drink, as if for the first time, the magic potion that will cause to be enacted

reassuring vitality, depth of tone and spaciousness recapitulatory passage, hardly tell at all. When the curtain goes up (so to speak) and the young sallor has sung his song, with the right perspective (though he sounds as far away after Brangana has pulled the curtains of Isodde's cabin aside), the orchestra comes in with a the last act, even better than that. It is only in the Prelude to Act 1, for some reason or another, that the music sounds rather distant and light in bass. Furrwängler makes a finely controlled crescendo to the climax but, as in previous recordings, the timpant, in the extraneous noises, and the balance between voices and orchestra seems to me as good as anything of the kind we have yet had, and in This fine recording has the great merit of suggesting a performance in the opera house without the corresponding drawback of in style, no doubt, and not always musically accurate, but still absorbingly interesting....

The splendid string playing is exceptionally well recorded, as is Wagner's lovely writing for the wood-wind, and the six off-stage horns give no cause for pain in the second act. But to do justice to such playing as this one would have to mention each member of the orchestra, from whom Furtwangler has drawn so distinguished and inspired a performance.

His firm control and masterly conception of the score and his unfailing response to the subtleties of Wagner's writing are shown in page after page, and I can quote only the first scene of the last act, in which Kurwenal is seen watching over Tristan. Furtwangler brings out trusty servant's anxious questions.. most movingly the joyful emotions of Kurwenal when he realises that his hero lives and the swift changes to Tristan's faint replies to his

to Tristan, shirking nothing in her exacting part, pouring out her voice as generously as ever, and adding to the flood of golden tone an emotion not present in previous years. One of the loveliest things is her quiet singing, with the high notes beautifully covered, as (in the first act) Isolde offers the cup to Tristan and clearly reveals her immost feelings, one of the most exciting the extinguishing of the torch in the succeeding act (the orchestra tremendous here) and the most poignant Isolde's bitter cry from the heart as Tristan dies... And Flagstad. It is moving beyond words to hear the great singer, with her art at the height of its maturity, as time bids her say farewell

Alec Robertson - The Gramophone, March 1953 (exerpts from first review of HMV LP issue)

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demands being made seem to go beyond enjoyment, involvement, even the pain-pleasure of great tragedies. Instead one is challenged to believe something, to examine some presuppositions of living, at a level that I feel compelled to call religious, and to come to terms challenges our ideas of what we may expect from opera, or indeed from any kind of art, that it is tempting to create a new category in The Ring may be the work of Wagner's that is nowadays most in demand, but it is Tristan und Isolde that changed the course of musical history (and some other history too), and which is most quintessentially Wagnerian. It is, in many ways, a work that so which to place it. For in an adequate performance - rarer for this than for any of Wagner's other works - one is so stirred that the and one that is, in the strictest sense, incomparable. years after it was completed - but many have felt it since, and have felt, as Nietzsche did, that it is by far Wagner's most radical work, with a vision that is both exhilarating and terrifying. Its composer was the first to feel this - no one had a chance to hear it until six

When Wagner first thought of writing it sn't clear, but he mentioned his idea for it in a celebrated letter to Liszt dated December 1854, when he was composing Die Walkim. But that work took another fifteen months to complete, and then Wagner started work on Siegified—the operar that took him longest to compose, and from which he broke off in the middle, in order to write Tristinn. The usual claim made by his biographers is that it was his love for Mathilde Wesendonck that compelled him to write it, but that is to take a naive passion that kickstarted his work on Tristan, which he wrote at an unusually rapid rate, it was the inner intensity of his vision, and the world of feeling in which the protagonists live and die, that maintained it - and it is an intensity that increases from act to act, though time Wagner finished Tristan, in August 1859, his feelings for Mathilde had waned. Even if it was their was his patron - around this time, and his love seems to have been fully reciprocated, though probably not consummated. And by the view of the connection between his life and his creations. Certainly he fell in love with Mathilde - wife of Otto, a rich businessman

Mark were rigorous and frequent. The more delirious Tristan becomes in Act III, the more metaphysically eloquent and precise he becomes, altering and eventually abandoning concepts such as selfhood and responsibility. Mix these two usually inimical kinds of their huge central duet in Act II, deal in abstractions and distinctions that suggest that philosophical discussions at the court of King ingredient - sensuous beauty and philosophical rigour - and the result is heady in a unique way. some passages of which one can say, without exaggeration, that they make one feel weak or faint with their beauty. Yet the lovers, in This is the opera of Wagner's that carries one characteristic feature of his style to extremes: its sensuous beauty is overwhelming, with anyone who had heard and appreciated only Act I would find that impossible to credit.

Michael Tanner - The Faber Pocket Guide to Wagner (Faber & Faber, 2010 - reprinted with permission of the author)

This recording surely stands as one of the first truly great opera recordings of the era of tape recording - at last Furtwängler was free in the studio from the stifling requirements of 4-minute 78pm sides, and what a fabulous result he and the EMI engineers made with this opportunity. My role here has been chiefly to clean up some of the murk and noise present in the original, and to extend both the top end and very deep bass. I was also able to address some pitch anololies previously ignored or undetected, most notably the first tape reed of Act 2, which has been heard quite a bit sharp (until now) for nearly 60 years... AR

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Dises Three and Four



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