

## **Albert Coates**



Among British conductors, few conveyed brute might and intellectual energy so clearly as Albert Coates (1882-1953), perhaps Beecham's greatest contemporary—and rival—in the world of symphonic and operatic repertory. Born into an English-Russian heritage, Coates exhibited a penchant for Russian music, naturally enough, but no conductors on record or in the concert hall. His Beethoven Ninth (14-19 October 1926) carries that same penchant small leaning towards Wagner, whose music he realized with a fervent authority hardly matched by other Beethoven · Bach

-seems barely contained by the sound process that captured it. We detect only a slight tendency to Romanic exaggeration in the string portament of the third movement; otherwise, an epic meditation unfolds in firm colors, always attuned to the harmonic bases of Beethoven's transitions. The forward propulsion of the tempo variations ascends in majestic figures in Coates's equivalent of Gothic arches. notwithstanding, we can savor individual touches among woodwinds, strings, and horns as the double-theme and vibrates with restless searching power, and the second movement—a paean to the rhythmic impulse in and for itself intervene between its creation and us. Despite the limits of electrical recording of the period, the interpretation Transferred from the 1926 shellacs, this Ninth moves with a peerless grace that sings well beyond the years that

he flared out, "I could really get destructive if I were a more diminutive Italian conductor we all know!"

for boundless potency, a physical dynamic and volcanic surfeit of which Coates was well aware: once, in a temper,

Excellent orchestral definition for the opening of the last movement, the double basses and woodwinds in high gloss, the musculature of the phrasing vividly impelled forward, only a step from the surge of Smetana's Noldau.

1980) and Walter Widdop (1892-1949), who would help premier Vaughan Williams' Serenade to Music in 1938. It charms us to hear "Freude" rendered "Gladness" by Strart Robinson to retain the syllabication of the music, but the cumulative effect captures the Beethoven/Schiller conceit of world brotherhood. Widdop communicates a strings of the orchestra—whom we must assume as the unaccredited LSO—casts a warm swaddling cloth around the singers as they soar and dip simultaneously to exhort men to moral action. The coda bears fire and thunder, a energetic sparks to light our way out of spiritual darkness. The slow movement conveys to us what Coates might Promethean gesture in the cause of an all-embracing Humanism. quartet rushes into the last sequence with "Gladness, Daughter of Elysium," and the upward rockets and swooping have accomplished had he inscribed the Missa Solemnis, given the high vaulted arches of his phrases. The vocal joyful pomp in his jamissary scherzo, the chorus brightly respondent and the ensuing fugato a hectic bundle of For this final movement vocal quartet—singing in English—Coates has the stellar talents both Elsie Suddaby (1893

Review of Coates conducting Beethoven 9th by Gary Lemoo at Audiophile Audition, slightly edited (three words removed) to remove reference to previous transfer on another label. (Original review here: http://www.audund.aum/artide.phpte/ArtidelD=7761)

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**Beethoven & Bach** 

**Creatures of Prometheus Overture** Symphony No. 9 "Choral" **Gratulations-Menuett** Beethoven

Fantasy and Fugue in C minor **Bach (arr. Elgar)** 

Transfers by Ward Marston

Electric HMV recordings 1925-1928



