





commercial ends in view seem, unfortunately, to be so. of a *rumba, tango, guaracha*, and *conga* by good musicians are no novelty, but ones done with musical rather than four-movement Sinfonietta is no novelty, but one based on four Latin-American dances is orchestral arrangements One had always supposed that Morton Gould must have written something other than the Pavane, and here it is. A

in the middle, and is not quite the irresistible "orgiastic" affair the sleevenote led my baser instincts to hope for. with wisps of sound that are so wholly appropriate, but which could never be written for the audiences to whom movement fullness; the *langa*, of the Argentinian variety, is developed into a singularly attractive slow movement, Those four dances form the four movements, taking on something like the classical balance. The rumba has a first familiar, but it forms an effective *scherzo*; the finale is a *conga* that begins and ends in a blaze, but has sober expanses Gould, or any other first-class arranger, normally has to direct his music, tango-style or otherwise. A *guaracha* is less

brass and percussion are certainly beautifully caught by the fine recording. it clear that the transition is too much of a strain. But here the style is changed with no apparent strain at all; and the it. Few symphony orchestras can encompass this sort of music wholly satisfactorily - usually the brass section make The whole work is played in great style the Eastman-Rochester Symphony Orchestra seem completely at home with

M.M. - The Gramophone, June 1954 (review of Mercury MG40002, excerpt)

## Transfer notes

levels after XR remastering has corrected the tonal balance. not as severe as on some of their recordings of this era, and it's an anomaly which happily makes for lower hiss recordings of Hanson's own works show a more typical "Living Presence" lift of the lower treble, though happily restore what remains above these frequencies in both recording, more successfully perhaps in the Barber. The 1955 top-end treble. In the case of the Gould this was particularly acute with a very steep drop-off of around 15dB above 10kHz that suggests a quite severe filter was used in mastering the original LP. I've done what I can to try and The Barber and Gould recordings, both made on the same day in the autumn of 1952, displayed a distinct loss of

transferred from original, near-mint 1950s US Mercury pressings. AR amounts of mains electrical hum (with multiple harmonics) I have removed. Each of these recordings was allowing the orchestral tuning to wander slowly between about A=440Hz and A=446Hz. Standard concert pitch seemed a reasonable point to re-tune the recordings to, something which appeared to be confirmed by the copious All of the recordings displayed degrees of pitch instability consistent with the tape recording equipment of the day,

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> The School for Scandal Overture an-Rochester Symphony Orchestra **Howard Hanson, conductor** Latin-American Symphonett **Eastman School of Music Chorus** Studio recordings 1952 & 1955 **Essay For Orchestra N e** 5 The Cherubic Hym **Adagio for Strings** Symphony No. 5 **HANSO**

