



The EYFS Curriculum

The children learn through the following areas:

Prime Areas	Specific Areas
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Communication and Language ✓ Personal, Social and Emotional Development ✓ Physical Development 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Literacy ✓ Maths ✓ Understanding the World ✓ Expressive Arts and Design

Communication and Language	
<p>This involves giving children opportunities to experience a rich language environment; to develop their confidence and skills in expressing themselves; and to speak and listen in a range of situations.</p>	
Understanding	<p>Children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences and in response to stories or events.</p>
Listening and Attention	<p>Children listen attentively in a range of situations. They listen to stories accurately anticipating key events and respond to what they hear with relevant comments, questions or actions. They give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately, when engaged in another activity.</p>
Speaking	<p>Children express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. They use past, present and future forms accurately when talking about events that have happened or are to happen in the future. They develop their own narratives and explanations by connecting ideas or events.</p>

Personal, Social and Emotional Development	
<p>This involves helping children to develop a positive sense of themselves, and others; to form positive relationships and develop respect for others; to develop social skills and learn how to manage their feelings; to understand appropriate behaviour in groups; and to have confidence in their own abilities.</p>	
Managing Feelings and Behaviour	<p>Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class, and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations, and take changes of routine in their stride.</p>
Self-Confidence and Self-Awareness	<p>Children are confident to try new activities, and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas, and will choose the resources they need for their chosen activities. They say when they do or don't need help.</p>
Making Relationships	<p>Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings, and form positive relationships with adults and other children.</p>

Physical Development	
<p>This involves providing opportunities for children to be active and interactive; to develop their co-ordination, control and movement. Children must also be helped to understand the importance of physical activity and to make healthy choices in relation to food.</p>	
Health and Self-Care	<p>Children know the importance for good health or physical exercise, and a healthy diet and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe. They manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs successfully, including dressing and going to the toilet independently.</p>
Moving and Handling	<p>Children show good control and co-ordination in large and small movements. They move confidently in a range of ways, safely negotiating space. They handle equipment and tools effectively, including pencils for writing.</p>

Literacy	
<p>This involves encouraging children to link sounds and letters to begin to read and write. Children must be given access to a wide range of reading materials (books, poems and other written materials) to ignite their interest.</p>	
Reading	<p>Children read and understand simple sentences. They use phonic knowledge to decode regular words and read them aloud accurately. They also read some common irregular words. They demonstrate understanding when talking with others about what they have read.</p>
Writing	<p>Children use their phonic knowledge to write words in ways which match their spoken sounds. They also write some common irregular words. They write simple sentences which can be read by themselves and others. Some words are spelt correctly and others are phonetically plausible.</p>

Maths	
<p>This involves providing children with opportunities to develop and improve their skills in counting, understanding and using numbers, calculating simple addition and subtraction problems; and to describe shapes, spaces and measures.</p>	
Numbers	<p>Children count reliably with numbers from 1-20, place them in order and say which number is one more of one less than a given number. Using quantities and objects, they add and subtract two single-digit numbers and count on or back to find the answer. They solve problems including doubling, halving and sharing.</p>
Shape, Space and Measure	<p>Children use everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money to compare objects and to solve problems. They recognise, create and describe patterns. They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them.</p>

Understanding the World	
<p>This involves guiding the children to make sense of their physical world and community through opportunities to explore, observe and find out about people, places, technology and the environment.</p>	
The World	<p>Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another. They make observations of animals and plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes.</p>
People and Communities	<p>Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.</p>
Technology	<p>Children recognise that a range of technology is used in places such as homes and schools. They select and use technology for particular purposes.</p>

Expressive Arts and Design	
<p>This involves enabling children to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials, as well as providing opportunities and encouragement for sharing thoughts, ideas and feelings through a variety of activities in art, music, movement, dance, role-play and design and technology.</p>	
Being Imaginative	<p>Children use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about uses and purposes. They represent their own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role-play and stories.</p>
Exploring and Using Media and Materials	<p>Children sing songs, make music and dance, and experiment with ways of changing them. They safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function.</p>