

THAKEHAM PRIMARY SCHOOL

'Small School, Big Opportunities, Great Achievements'



Medicines Policy

Thakeham Primary School

Date approved by Full Governing Body: 23.05.19

Review Date: April 2021

Signed

Headteacher: *S. Norton*

Chair of Governors: *Refini*

Statement of Intent

Section 100 of the Children and Families Act 2014 places a duty on governing bodies of maintained schools, proprietors of academies and management committees of PRUs to make arrangements for supporting pupils at their school with medical conditions. The governing body of Thakeham Primary School will ensure that these arrangements fulfil their statutory duties and follow guidance outline in 'Supporting pupils at school with medical conditions' December 2015'.

Establishment staff do not have a statutory duty to give medicines or medical treatment. However medicines will be administered to enable the inclusion of pupils with medical needs, promote regular attendance and minimise the impact on a pupil's ability to learn. In an emergency all teachers and other staff in charge of children have a common law duty of care to act for the health and safety of a child in their care – this might mean giving medicines or medical care.

Organisation

The governing body will develop policies and procedures to ensure the medical needs of pupils at Thakeham Primary School are managed appropriately. They will be supported with the implementation of these arrangements by the Head teacher and school staff.

The Lead for the Management of Medicines at Thakeham Primary School is Jaime Younger or in her absence Jodi Bowbrick. In their duties, staff will be guided by their training, this policy and related procedures.

Implementation monitoring and review

All staff, governors, parents/carers and members of the Thakeham Primary School community will be made aware of and have access to this policy. This policy will be reviewed bi-annually and its implementation reviewed as part of the Headteacher's annual report to Governors.

Insurance

Staff who follow the procedures outlined in this policy and who undertake tasks detailed in the RMP Medical Malpractice Treatment Table are covered under WSCC insurance policies. The medical audit is available to view on WSSfS under 'guide to insurance for schools'.

Claims received in respect of medical procedures not covered by the insurers will be considered under the Council's insurance fund.

Admissions

When the school is notified of the admission of any pupil the Lead for Managing Medicines will seek parental consent to administer short term-ad-hoc non-prescriptions medication using 'Appendix 2, template 1: Parent/guardian consent to administer short-term non-prescribed 'ad-hoc' medicines'. An assessment of the pupil's medical needs will be completed this might include the development of an Individual Health Care Plans (IHCP) or Education Health Care Plans (EHCP) and require additional staff training. The school will endeavour to put arrangements in place to support that pupil as quickly as possible. However the school may decide (based on risk assessment) to delay the admission of a pupil until sufficient arrangements can be put in place.

Pupils with medical needs

The school will follow Government guidance and develop an IHCP or EHCP for pupils who:

- Have long term, complex or fluctuating conditions – these will be detailed using Appendix 1
- Require medication in emergency situations – these will be detailed using Appendix 2, template 3 for mild asthma sufferers and Appendix 3, 4, 5 and 6 for anaphylaxis.

Parents/guardians should provide the Head teacher with sufficient information about their child's medical condition and treatment or special care needed at school. Arrangements can then be made, between the parents/guardians, Head teacher, school nurse and other relevant health professionals to ensure that the pupil's medical needs are managed well during their time in school. Healthcare plans will be reviewed by the school annually or earlier if there is a change in a pupil's medical condition.

All prescribed and non-prescribed medication

On no account should a child come to school with medicine if he/she is unwell. Parents may call into the school and administer medicine to their child, or they may request that a member of school staff administers the medicine. If a pupil refuses their medication, they should not be forced, the school will contact the parent/guardian and if necessary the emergency services. Pupils should not bring any medication to school for self-administration.

The school will keep a small stock of paracetamol and antihistamine, for administration with parental consent appendix 1 or gained at the time of administration for symptoms that arise during the school day. All other medication must be supplied by the parent/guardian in the original pharmacist's container clearly labelled and include details of possible side effects e.g. manufacturer's instructions and/or patient information leaflet (PIL). Medicines must be delivered to the school office with the appropriate consent form Appendix 1. The school will inform the parent/guardian of the time and dose of any medication administered at the end of each day by text message or verbally.

Confidentiality

As required by the General Data Protection Act 2018, school staff should treat medical information confidentially. Staff will consult with the parent, or the pupil if appropriate, as to who else should have access to records and other information about the pupil's medical needs and this should be recorded on the IHCP or EHCP. It is expected that staff with contact to a pupil with medical needs will as a minimum be informed of the pupil's condition and know how to respond in a medical emergency.

Consent to administer medication

Parental/guardian consent to administer medication will be required as follows:

- **Short term ad-hoc non-prescribed medication** - The school will request parent/guardian consent to administer ad-hoc non-prescription by either using Appendix 1 when the pupil joins the school OR by contacting the parent/guardian to gain consent at the time of administration (conversations will be recorded). The school will send annual reminders requesting parents/guardians to inform the school if there are changes to consent gained when the pupils joined the school. If the school is not informed of any changes by the parent/guardian it will be assumed that consent remains current.
- **Prescribed and non-prescribed medication** - each request to administer medication must be accompanied by 'Parental consent to administer medication form (Appendix 1) or if applicable on the IHCP.

Prescription Medicines

Medicine should only be brought to school when it is essential to administer it during the school day. In the vast majority of cases, doses of medicine can be arranged around the school day thus avoiding the need for medicine in school. Antibiotics for example are usually taken three times a day, so can be given with breakfast, on getting home from school and then at bedtime.

Our policy is to administer antibiotics only if the prescription requires the medication to be taken **4 times a day**. Administration will be recorded using Appendix 3 Template 1 and 2 and the parent/guardian informed. Parents/guardians are expected to remove any remaining medicine from school once the prescribed course has been completed.

Parents may call into the school and administer medicine to their child, or they may request that a member of school staff administers the medicine. When school staff administer medicines, the parent or guardian must supply the medicine in the original pharmacist's container clearly labelled including details of possible side effects to the school office. On no account should a child come to school with medicine if he/she is unwell.

Non-prescription Medicines

Under exceptional circumstances where it is deemed that their administration is required to allow the pupil to remain in school the school will administer non-prescription medicines. The school will not administer alternative treatments i.e. homeopathic or herbal potions, pills or tinctures or nutrition supplements unless prescribed or recommended by a Doctor and detailed on an IHCP or EHCP as part of a wider treatment protocol. As recommended by the Government in 'Supporting Pupils at School with Medical Conditions December 2015' the school will also not administer aspirin unless prescribed. The storage and administration for non-prescription medication will be treated as prescription medicines.

If the relevant symptoms develop during the school day as detailed under the paragraph below 'short term ad-hoc non-prescribed medication' the school will administer the following non-prescription medications:

- paracetamol (to pupils of all ages)
- antihistamine

All other non-prescription medications will only be administered by staff, providing:

- The parent/guardian confirms daily the time the medication was last administered and this is recorded on Template 1 and 2 (Appendix 3);
- medication is licensed as suitable for the pupil's age;
- medication is suitable for the pupil i.e. if a child is asthmatic the medication is suitable for that condition;
- administration is required more than 3 to 4 times per day;
- medication is supplied by the parent or guardian in the original packaging with the manufacturer's instructions and/or (PIL);
- and accompanied by parental/guardian consent Appendix 1 and confirmation the medication has been administered previously without adverse effect;

The school will NOT administer non-prescription medication:

- as a preventative, i.e. in case the pupil develops symptoms during the school day;
- if the pupil is taking other prescribed or non-prescribed medication, i.e. only one non-prescription medication will be administered at a time;
- Any requirement for a non-prescription medication to be administered during school hours for longer than 48 hours must be accompanied by a Doctor's note. In the absence of a Doctor's note and if following the administration of a non-prescription medication symptoms have not begun to lessen in the first 48 hours the school will advise the parent to contact their Doctor. If symptoms have begun to alleviate, the medication can continue to be administered at home out of school hours. Under very exceptional circumstances where the continued administration of a non-prescribed medication is required to keep the pupil in school and this requirement has not been documented by a medical professional the school will continue to administer medication at their own discretion.
- A request to administer the same or a different non-prescription medication that is for the same/initial condition will not be repeated for 2 weeks after the initial episode; and not for

more than 2 episodes per term - it will be assumed that the prolonged expression of symptoms requires medical intervention, and parents/guardians will be advised to contact their Doctor.

- Skin creams and lotions will only be administered in accordance with the Schools Intimate Care Policy and procedures.
- Medication that is sucked i.e. coughs sweets or lozenges, will not be administered by the school.
- If parents/guardians have forgotten to administer non-prescription medication that is required before school – requests to administer will be at the discretion of the school and considered on an individual basis.
- Only those who have received Managing Medicines Training/direction from Jaime Younger and Jodi Bowbrick to administer paracetamol. Two first aiders to decide if paracetamol is necessary.

Short term ad-hoc non-prescribed medication

A small stock of standard paracetamol and antihistamine will be kept by the school for administration if symptoms develop during the school day.

ONLY the following will be administered following the necessary procedures:

- For relief from pain: Standard Paracetamol will be administered in liquid form for the relief of pain i.e. period pain, migraine.
- For mild allergic reaction – antihistamine (see Anaphylaxis)
- For travel sickness – medication will be administered if required before educational visits and must be age appropriate and supplied by the parent/guardian in its original packaging with the PIL if available.

Only 1 dose of any of the above medications suitable to the weight and age of the pupil will be administered during the school day.

Pain relief protocol for the administration of paracetamol

If a request for non-prescribed pain relief is made by a pupil or carer/staff (advocate for a non-verbal/non-communicating pupil) before 12:30pm:

- The school will contact the parent/guardian and confirm that a dose of pain relief (Paracetamol or Ibuprofen) was NOT administered before school, parents/guardians and if appropriate the pupil will also be asked if they have taken any other medication containing pain relief medication i.e. decongestants e.g. Sudafed, cold and flu remedies e.g. Lemsip and medication for cramps e.g. Feminax etc. and these conversations will be recorded. If a dose of pain relief has not been administered in the past 4 hours the school will with parental consent administer 1 dose.
- If the school cannot contact the parent/guardian and therefore cannot confirm if pain relief (Paracetamol) was administered before school then the school will refuse to administer pain relief.

If a dose of pain relief has been administered before school:

- PARACETAMOL - The school will not administer paracetamol until 4 hours have elapsed since the last dose (assume 8:30am) no more than 4 doses can be administered in 24 hours.

If a request for pain relief is made after 12:30pm:

- The school will assume the recommended time between doses has elapsed and will with parental consent, administer 1 standard dose of Paracetamol without any need to confirm with the parent/guardian if a dose was administered before school, but if appropriate the pupil will still be asked if they have taken any other medication containing pain relief medication and this conversation will be recorded.

The school will inform the parent/guardian if pain relief has been administered this will include the type of pain relief and time of administration.

Asthma

The school recognises that pupils with asthma need access to relief medication at all times. The school will manage asthma in school as outlined in the Asthma protocol. Pupils with asthma will be required to have an emergency inhaler and a spacer in school. The school may ask the pupils parent or guardian to provide a second inhaler and spacer. Parents are responsible for this medication being in date and the school will communicate with the parents if new medication is required and a record of these communications will be kept. The school inhaler will only be used in an emergency and will always be used with a spacer as outlined in the Asthma Toolkit. The school will develop IHCPs for those pupils with severe asthma, and complete the Individual Protocol for pupils with mild asthma.

Anaphylaxis

Every effort will be made by the school to identify and reduce the potential hazards/ triggers that can cause an allergic reaction to pupils diagnosed with anaphylaxis within the school population. The school complies with the School Nursing Service recommendation that all staff are trained in the administration of auto injectors and that training is renewed annually.

In accordance with the Medicines and Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) advice the school will ask parent/ guardian(s) to provide 2 auto-injectors for school use. Parents are responsible for this medication being in date and the school will communicate with the parents if new medication is required and a record of these communications will be kept.

Mild Allergic Reaction

Non-prescription antihistamine will with parental consent be administered for symptoms of mild allergic reaction (i.e. itchy eyes or skin, rash or/and redness of the skin or eyes), the pupil must be monitored for signs of further allergic reaction. If antihistamine is not part of an initial treatment plan, anaphylaxis medication will be administered following the guidance for short term ad-hoc non-prescribed medication.

Some antihistamine medication can cause drowsiness and therefore the school will consider if it is necessary for pupils to avoid any contact hazardous equipment after administration of the medication i.e. P.E. Science, Design and Technology.

Hay fever

Parent(s)/guardian(s) will be expected to administer a dose of antihistamine to their child before school for the treatment of hay fever. The school will only administer antihistamine for symptoms of allergic reaction and not as a precautionary measure.

Severe Allergic Reaction

Where a GP/Consultant has recommended or prescribed antihistamine as an initial treatment for symptoms of allergic reaction, this will be detailed on the pupils IHP. The school will administer 1 standard dose of antihistamine (appropriate to age and weight of the pupil) and it is very important that symptoms are monitored for signs of further allergic reaction. During this time pupils must NEVER be left alone and should be observed at all times.

If symptoms develop or there are any signs of anaphylaxis or if there is any doubt regarding symptoms then if the pupil has been prescribed an adrenaline auto injector it will be administered without delay an ambulance called and the parents informed.

Medical Emergencies

In a medical emergency, first aid is given, an ambulance is called and parents/carers are notified. Should an emergency situation occur to a pupil who has an IHCP or EHCP, the emergency procedures detailed in the plan are followed, and a copy of the IHCP or EHCP is given to the ambulance crew. If applicable the pupil's emergency medication will be administered by trained school staff, if the pupils medication isn't available staff will administer the schools emergency medication with prior parental consent.

In accordance with amendments made to the Human Medicines Regulations 2012 from October 2014 a sufficient number of salbutamol inhaler(s) spacer(s) will be held by the school to cover emergency use. Parents are expected to provide 2 in date auto-injectors for administration to their child.

Parental consent to administer the 'school inhaler will be gained when the pupil joins the school using Appendix 2 Template A for mild asthma sufferers and Templates D, E and F for anaphylaxis (Appendix 2). The school will hold a register of the pupils diagnosed with asthma and/or anaphylaxis, and if parental consent has been given to administer the school medication. The school will be responsible for ensuring the school medication remains in date.

Instructions for calling an ambulance are displayed prominently by the telephone in the office. (Appendix 4)

Controlled Drugs

The school does not deem a pupil prescribed a controlled drug (as defined by the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971) as competent to carry the medication themselves. Controlled drugs will be stored securely in a non-portable container and only named staff will have access. Controlled drugs for emergency use must also be easily accessible. The administration of a controlled drug will be witnessed by a second member of staff and records kept. In addition to the records required for the administration of any medication, a record will be kept of any doses used and the amount of controlled drug held in school (Appendix 2 Templates D, E and F).

Pupils taking their own medication

For certain long-term medical conditions, it is important for children to learn how to self-administer their medication. Appropriate arrangements for medication should be agreed and documented in the pupil's IHCP or EHCP and parents should complete the self-administration section of 'Parental consent to administer medication' form (Template G Appendix 2).

Storage and Access to Medicines

All medicines apart from emergency medicines (inhalers, adrenaline auto injector, etc.) are kept in a locked store cupboard in the Medical Room. Medicines are always stored in the original pharmacist's container. Pupils are told where their medication is stored and who holds the key and staff will be fully briefed on the procedures for obtaining the medication in an emergency.

Emergency medicines such as inhalers and adrenaline auto injectors are either held by the pupil or kept in a clearly identified container in the first aid cupboard located in the medical room. The school will make an assessment as to the competency of each individual pupil to carry their own medication. Parents will be asked to supply a second adrenaline auto injector for each child and they will be kept in the first aid cupboard. Staff must ensure that emergency medication is readily available at all times i.e. during outside PE lessons, educational visits and in the event of an unforeseen emergency like a fire. In accordance with the Human Medicines (Amendment No 2) Regulations 2014 the school will keep a small supply of salbutamol inhalers for emergency use. Parental consent will be gained to administer the emergency school inhaler (see Asthma Policy).

Medicines that require refrigeration are kept in the medical room fridge, clearly labelled in combination locked specialised receptacle.

Waste medication

Where possible staff should take care to prepare medication correctly. If too much medication is drawn into a syringe the remainder (amount above the required dose) should be returned to the bottle before administration. If only a half tablet is administered the remainder should be returned to the bottle or packaging for future administration.

If a course of medication has been completed or medication is date expired it will be returned to the parent/guardian for disposal.

Spillages

A spill must be dealt with as quickly as possible and staff are obliged to take responsibility/follow the guidelines. Spillages will be cleared up following the schools procedures and considering the control of infection. Any spilled medication will be deemed unsuitable for administration and if necessary parents will be asked to provide additional medication.

The school has additional procedures in place for the management of bodily fluids which will be detailed in the bodily fluids risk assessment.

If the school holds any cytotoxic drugs, their management will be separately risk assessed and follow Health and Safety Executive (HSE) guidance.

Record Keeping – administration of medicines

For legal reasons records of all medicines administered are kept at the school until the pupil reaches the age of 24. This includes medicines administered by staff during all educational or residential visits. The pupil's parent/ guardian will also be informed if their child has been unwell during the school day and medication has been administered. For record sheets see Appendix 3 Templates 1 and 2.

Recording Errors and Incidents

If for whatever reason there is a mistake made in the administration of medication and the pupil is:

- Given the wrong medication
- Given the wrong dose
- Given medication at the wrong time (insufficient intervals between doses)
- Given medication that is out of date

- Or the wrong pupil is given medication

Incidents must be reported to the Headteacher who will immediately inform the pupil's parent/guardian. Details of the incident will be recorded locally as part of the schools local arrangements. Local records must include details of what happened, the date, who is responsible and any effect the mistake has caused. The Headteacher will investigate the incident and change procedures to prevent reoccurrence if necessary. NB: Incidents that arise from medical conditions that are being well managed by the school do not need to be reported or recorded locally.

Staff Training

Thakeham Primary School will ensure a sufficient number of staff complete Managing Medicines in Schools training before they can administer medication to pupils. The school will also ensure that other staff who may occasionally need to administer a medicine are instructed and guided in the procedures adopted by the school by the person who has completed the Managing Medicines course (currently Jaime Younger and Jodi Bowbrick). Staff given instruction by the Lead for Medicines MUST complete a competency test and achieve a score of 100% in order to administer medication.

Supply and locum staff will be given appropriate instruction and guidance in order to support the pupils with medical needs in their care. All school staff are trained annually to administer an auto-injector and asthma inhaler in an emergency.

A record of all training must be maintained to show the date of training for each member of staff and when repeat or refresher training is required.

The school will ensure that the staff who administer medicine for specific chronic conditions are trained to administer those specific medicines, for example, Diabetes (insulin) Epilepsy (midazolam). Training in the administration of these specific medicines is arranged via the school nurse.

Educational Visits (Off - site one day)

Staff will administer prescription medicines to pupils when required during educational visits. Parents should ensure they complete a consent form (Appendix 2 Template C) and supply a sufficient amount of medication in its pharmacist's container. Non-prescription medicines as detailed in this policy can be administered by staff, pupils must not carry non-prescription medication for self-administration.

All staff will be briefed about any emergency procedures needed with reference to pupils where needs.

Residential Visits (overnight stays)

The school acknowledges the common law 'duty of care' to act like any prudent parent. This extends to the administration of medicines and taking action in an emergency, according to the care plan.

Occasionally it may be necessary to administer non-prescription medicines i.e. paracetamol, anti-histamine etc. to pupils suffering acute pain from things like migraine, period pain, toothache. Parents must give written consent prior to the residential visit and sign to confirm that they have administered the medication without adverse effect. A note to this effect should be recorded on the consent form

The school will keep its own supply of the following non-prescription medication (paracetamol and antihistamine) for administration to pupils during a residential visit and parental consent will be required in order for the school to administer their supply (Appendix 2 Template A and C). The medication will be stored and administration recorded as for prescription medicines. Pupils should not bring non-prescribed medication on the residential visit for self-administration.

Risk assessing medicines management on all off site visits

Pupils with medical needs shall be included in visits as far as this is reasonably practicable. School staff will discuss any issues with parents and/or health professionals so that extra measures (if appropriate) can be put in place. A copy of the pupils IHCP or EHCP will be taken on the visit and detail arrangements relating to the management of their medication(s) during the visit should be included in the plan.

If a pupil requires prescribed or non-prescribed medication during visit and an IHCP or EHCP has not been developed and the management of their medication differs from procedures followed whilst in school, the school will conduct a risk assessment and record their findings.

Travelling abroad – a risk assessment will be developed considering parental and medical advice and documented on the pupils IHCP or EHCP. If an IHCP or EHCP has not been developed, the school will record their findings. Best practice would be to translate these documents to the language of the country being visited. The international emergency number should be on the care plan (112 is the EU number). European Health Insurance Cards (EHIC) should be applied for by parents and supplied to the school prior to travel for all pupils that travel abroad.

The results of risk assessments however they are recorded i.e. IHCP, EHCP etc. will be communicated to the relevant staff and records kept of this communication.

Complaints

Issuing arising from the medical treatment of a pupil whilst in school should in the first instance be directed to the Headteacher. If the issue cannot easily be resolved the Head teacher will inform the governing body who will seek resolution.

Appendix 1 - Parental consent/request for school to administer medication

Appendix 2 - WSCC Care Plan Templates September 2017

- Template A - Individual protocol for administration of paracetamol
- Template B - Individual protocol for mild asthma
- Template C - Individual protocol for antihistamine as an initial treatment for mild allergic reaction
- Template D - Individual protocol for administering Emerade
- Template E - Individual protocol for administering Epipen
- Template F - Individual protocol for administering JEXT pen
- Template G - IHCP
- Template H - Model letter inviting parents/guardian to contribute to IHCP

Appendix 3 - WSCC Administering Medicines Template September 2017

- Template 1 - Record of administering medicines to ALL children
- Template 2 - Record of administering medicines to INDIVIDUAL children
- Template 3 - Staff training record

Appendix 4 - Emergency services information sheet

Appendix 1



THAKEHAM PRIMARY SCHOOL
Rock Road, Thakeham, West Sussex, RH20 3AA

PARENT/CARER AGREEMENT FOR ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION

The school will not give your child medicine unless you fully complete and sign this form and return it to the school office.

Details of Pupil

Surname _____ Forename _____

Address _____

Date of Birth _____ Male/Female _____

Class _____ Teacher _____

Condition or illness _____

Medication

MEDICINES MUST BE IN THE ORIGINAL CONTAINER AS DISPENSED BY THE PHARMACY

Parents must ensure that in date properly labelled medication is supplied

Name/Type of medication (as described on the container)

Date dispensed _____

Expiry date _____

Full directions for use: Dosage and method

NB Dosage can only be changed on Doctor's instructions

Timing of dosage to be given at school _____

Special precautions/side effects _____

Procedure to take in an emergency

Contact details

Name _____

Phone number to be contacted _____

Relationship to pupil _____

Address if different to pupil

I understand that I must deliver the medication personally to a member of staff and accept that this is a service, which the school is not obliged to undertake. I understand that I must notify the school of any changes in writing.

Signature _____ **Date** _____

GP Name _____ Phone _____

The above information is, to the best of my knowledge, accurate at the time of writing and I give consent to school staff administering medicine in accordance with the school policy. I will inform the school immediately if there is any change in dosage or frequency of the medication or if the medicine is stopped.

Parent's signature _____

Print name _____

Date _____

Appendix 2

Template A

Individual Protocol for a pupil under the age of 10 using paracetamol

<u>Reviewed daily</u>	<u>Day 1</u>	<u>Day 2</u>	<u>Day 3</u>	<u>Day 4</u>	<u>Day 5</u>
<u>Date</u>					

Name of pupil:

Date of Birth:

Class:

School:

Please attach a photo here

Family Contact 1

Name:

Relationship:

Tel: Home:

Tel: Work:

Tel: Mobile:

Family Contact 2

Name:

Relationship:

Tel: Home:

Tel: Work:

Tel: Mobile:

Contact details for the GP/Consultant /Dentist/Nurse Practitioner/School Nurse who has recommended on demand pain relief

Name:

Surgery/Hospital/Clinic:

Phone No:

Address:

Condition requiring on demand pain-relief:.....

MEDICATION – Standard paracetamol suitable for children supplied by the parent as tablet/liquid (delete as appropriate) **NB. Paracetamol combined with other medication cannot be administered**

Name of medication:.....

Expiry Date:.....

NB: It is the parent's responsibility to ensure the Paracetamol has not expired

Dosage & Method: As prescribed on the container appropriate for the age and weight of the pupil. Medication will be administered following the protocol detailed overleaf. Only 1 dose can be administered at school for a maximum of 1 week and this requirement will be reviewed daily by the school in conjunction with the parent/guardian.

Emergency procedures – if the pupil develops a rash or swelling this might be a sign of an allergic reaction or if it is suspected that the child has taken too much paracetamol in a 24 hour period call 999 and then contact the parents.

Protocol for the administration of paracetamol

- Verbal parental consent must be gained during the day to administer paracetamol between the start of school day and 12:30pm and again from 2:30pm and until the end of school day. If the parents cannot be contacted paracetamol cannot be administered.
- The school can administer paracetamol without additional parental consent on the day between 12:30pm and 2:30pm. **but it is school policy to gain verbal consent even during these times**
- If paracetamol is administered at any time during the school day parents will be informed of the time of administration and dosage (as per the protocol).
- The school will keep records of the administration of paracetamol as for prescribed medication.
- Pupils must not bring paracetamol (or other types of painkillers) to school for self-administration.

Use with caution:

- Liver problems
- Kidney problems
- Long term malnutrition
- Long term dehydration
- Epilepsy

Do not administer if the pupil is also taking any of the following drugs:

- Metoclopramide (relieves sickness and indigestion)
- Carbamazepine (treats a number of conditions including epilepsy)
- Phenobarbital or phenytoin (used to control seizures)
- Lixisenatide – used to treat type 2 diabetes)
- Imatinib – used to treat leukaemia
- Other drugs containing paracetamol**

Record of administration of paracetamol

Day	1	2	3	4	5
Dose					
Time					
Additional parental consent gained(time)					

Agreed by: School Representative.....Date.....

I agree that the medical information contained in this plan may be shared with individuals involved with my child’s care and education.

I confirm that I have administered paracetamol in the past to my child without adverse reaction. I am aware that I will be informed by the school in writing when medication has been administered by letter.

I am aware that my child can only have 4 doses of paracetamol in any 24 hour period.

Agreed by: Parent.....Date.....

Template B

Individual protocol for mild asthma

Please complete the questions below, sign this form and return without delay.

CHILD'S NAME.....

D.O.B.

Class



Contact Information

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

If I am unavailable please contact:

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

1. Does your child need an inhaler in school? Yes/No (delete as appropriate)

2. Please provide information on your child's current treatment. (Include the name, type of inhaler, the dose and how many puffs?)

.....
Do they have a spacer?

.....

3. What triggers your child's asthma?

.....

4. It is advised that pupils have a spare inhaler in school. Spare inhalers may be required in the event that the first inhaler runs out is lost or forgotten. Inhalers must be clearly labelled with your child's name and must be replaced before they reach their expiry date. The school will also keep a salbutamol inhaler for emergency use.

Please delete as appropriate:

- My child carries their own inhaler YES/NO
- My child **REQUIRES/DOES NOT REQUIRE** a spacer and I have provided this to the school office
- I am aware I am responsible for supplying the school with in date inhaler(s)/spacer for school use and will supply this/these as soon as possible. YES/NO

5. Does your child need a blue inhaler before doing exercise/PE? If so, how many puffs?

.....

6. Do you give consent for the following treatment to be given to your child as recognised by Asthma Specialists in an emergency? - Yes/No (delete as appropriate)

- Give **6 puffs of the blue inhaler via a spacer**
- Reassess after 5 minutes
- If the child still feels wheezy or appears to be breathless they should have a further **4 puffs of the blue inhaler via a spacer**
- Reassess after 5 minutes
- **If their symptoms are not relieved with 10 puffs of blue inhaler then this should be viewed as a serious attack:**
- **CALL AN AMBULANCE and CALL PARENT**
- **While waiting for an ambulance continue to give 10 puffs of the reliever inhaler every few minutes**

Please sign below to confirm you agree the following:

- I agree to ensure that my child has in-date inhalers and a spacer (if prescribed) in school.
- I give consent for the school to administer my child's inhaler in accordance with the emergency treatment detailed above.
- I agree that the school can administer the school emergency salbutamol inhaler if required.
- I agree that my child's medical information can be shared with school staff responsible for their care.

Signed:.....Print name..... Date.....
I am the person with parental responsibility

Please remember to inform the school if there are any changes in your child's treatment or condition. Thank you

Parental Update (only to be completed if your child no longer has asthma)	
My child no longer has asthma and therefore no longer requires an inhaler in school or on school visits.	
Signed <i>I am the person with parental responsibility</i>	Date

For office use:

	Provided by parent/school	Location (delete as appropriate)	Expiry date	Date of phone call requesting new inhaler	Date of letter (attach copy)
1 st inhaler		With pupil/In classroom			
2 nd inhaler Advised		In office/first aid room			
Spacer (if required)					

Record any further follow up with the parent/carer:

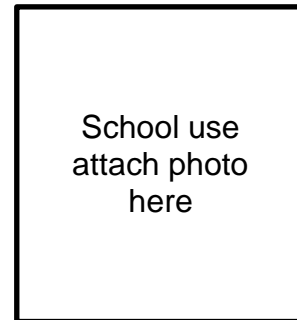
Template C

Individual protocol for Antihistamine as an initial treatment protocol for mild allergic reaction

CHILD'S NAME.....

D.O.B.

Class



Nature of Allergy:

.....

Contact Information

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

If I am unavailable please contact:

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

GP

Name:
 Phone No:
 Address:

Clinic/ Hospital Contact

Name:
 Phone No:
 Address:

MEDICATION - Antihistamine

Name of antihistamine & expiry date

.....

- **It is the parents responsibility to ensure the Antihistamine has not expired**

Dosage & Method: **As prescribed on the container.**

- **It is the schools responsibility to ensure this care plan is reviewed and parents inform the school of any changes in condition or treatment.**

Agreed by: School Representative.....Date.....

I agree that the medical information contained in this plan may be shared with individuals involved with my child's care and education, and I give my consent to the school to administer anti-histamine as part of my child's treatment for anaphylaxis. I confirm I have administer this medication in the past without adverse effect.

Signed:.....Print name.....Date.....
I am the person with parental responsibility

Individual protocol for using Antihistamine (e.g. Piriton)

Symptoms may include:

- Itchy skin
- Sneezing, itchy eyes, watery eyes, facial swelling (does not include lips/mouth)
- Rash anywhere on body

**Inform
parent/guardian to
collect**

.....
from school

Stay Calm

Reassure
.....

**Give Antihistamine
delegated person
responsible to administer
antihistamine, as per
instructions on prescribed
bottle**

**Observe patient and
monitor symptoms**

**If symptoms progress and
there is any difficulty in
swallowing/speaking
/breathing/
cold and clammy
Dial 999**

**A = Airway
B = Breathing
C = Circulation**

**If child is prescribed an
adrenaline auto injector
administer it - follow
instructions on protocol**

If symptoms progress Dial 999 - Telephone for an ambulance

You need to say: "I have a child in anaphylactic shock".

Give school details:

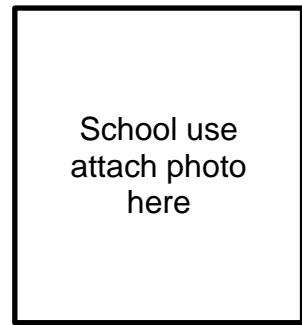
Give details: Pupils name has a severe allergy and what has happened.

**DO NOT PUT THE PHONE DOWN UNTIL YOU ARE SURE ALL THE NECESSARY
INFORMATION HAS BEEN GIVEN**

Someone to wait by the school gate to direct the ambulance staff straight to the child.

Template D

Individual protocol for an Emerade adrenaline auto injector



CHILD'S NAME.....

D.O.B.

Class

Nature of Allergy.....

Contact Information

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

If I am unavailable please contact:

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

GP

Name:
Phone No:
Address:

Clinic/ Hospital Contact

Name:
Phone No:
Address:

MEDICATION Emerade

Name on Emerade & expiry date:

.....

- It is the parents responsibility to supply 2 EMERADE auto injectors and to ensure they have not expired

Dosage & Method: **1 DOSE INTO UPPER OUTER THIGH**

- The school staff will take all reasonable steps to ensure does not eat any food items unless they have been prepared / approved by parents
- It is the schools responsibility to ensure this care plan is reviewed and parents inform the school of any changes in condition or treatment.

Agreed by: School Representative.....Date.....

- I agree that the medical information contained in this plan may be shared with individuals involved with my child's care and education.
- I give my consent for the school to administer my child's Emerade or the school held adrenaline auto-injector (if my child's pen is lost/forgotten or malfunctions) to be administered in an emergency as detailed in this plan

Signed:.....Print name..... Date.....

I am the person with parental responsibility

Individual protocol for.....using an EMERADE (Adrenaline auto injector)

Symptoms may include:

- Difficulty in swallowing / speaking / breathing
- Wheezy / irregular breathing / excessive coughing
- Hoarseness
- Nettle rash (hives) anywhere on body
- Sense of impending doom
- Swelling of throat and mouth
- Abdominal pain, nausea & vomiting
- Feeling of weakness (BP drops)
- Collapse & unconsciousness
- Cold and clammy

Stay Calm

Reassure.....

One member of staff to Dial 999

REMEMBER

**A = Airway
B = Breathing
C = Circulation**

Give EMERADE first then dial 999

Administer Emerade in the upper outer thigh

Remove cap protecting the needle
Hold Emerade against upper outer thigh and press it against patients leg. You will hear a click when the adrenaline is injected.

Hold Emerade in place for 10 seconds.

Can be given through clothing, but not very thick clothing.
Note time injection given.

If no improvement give 2nd EMERADE 5 minutes later

Call Parents

Reassure

.....

Telephoning for an ambulance

You need to say: "I have a child in anaphylactic shock".

Give school details:

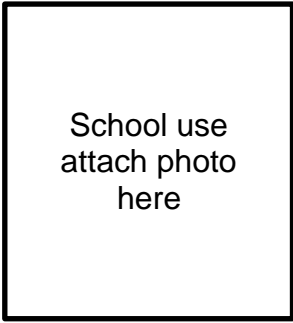
Give details: Childs name has a severe allergy and what has happened.

DO NOT PUT THE PHONE DOWN UNTIL YOU ARE SURE ALL THE NECESSARY INFORMATION HAS BEEN GIVEN

Someone to wait by the school gate to direct the ambulance staff straight to the child.

Template E

Individual protocol for an Epipen adrenaline auto injector



CHILD'S NAME.....

D.O.B.

Class

Nature of Allergy:.....

Contact Information

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

If I am unavailable please contact:

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

GP

Name:
Phone No:
Address:

Clinic/ Hospital Contact

Name
Phone No:
Address:

MEDICATION EPIPEN

Name on EPIPEN & Expiry date:
.....

- It is the parents responsibility to supply 2 EPIPEN auto injectors and to ensure they have not expired

Dosage & Method: **1 DOSE INTO UPPER OUTER THIGH**

- The school staff will take all reasonable steps to ensure does not eat any food items unless they have been prepared / approved by parents
- It is the schools responsibility to ensure this care plan is reviewed and parents inform the school of any changes in condition or treatment.

Agreed by: School Representative.....Date.....

- I agree that the medical information contained in this plan may be shared with individuals involved with my child's care and education.
- I give my consent for the school to administer my child's Epipen or the school held adrenaline auto-injector (if my child's pen is lost/forgotten or malfunctions) to be administered in an emergency as detailed in this plan

Signed:.....Print name..... Date.....
I am the person with parental responsibility

Individual protocol for using an EpiPen (Adrenaline Auto injector)

Symptoms may include:

- Difficulty in swallowing / speaking / breathing
- Wheezy / irregular breathing / excessive coughing
- Hoarseness
- Nettle rash (hives) anywhere on body
- Sense of impending doom
- Swelling of throat and mouth
- Abdominal pain, nausea & vomiting
- Feeling of weakness (BP drops)
- Collapse & unconsciousness
- Cold and clammy

Stay Calm

Reassure

**One member of staff
to Dial 999**

REMEMBER

**A = AIRWAY
B = BREATHING
C = CIRCULATION**

**Give EPIPEN first
then dial 999**

**Administer EpiPen in the
upper outer thigh**

Remove grey safety cap
Hold epiPen with black tip
downwards against thigh
jab firmly.

**Hold epiPen in place
for 10 seconds**

Can be given through clothing,
but not very thick clothing.
Note time of injection given

**If no improvement give
2nd EPIPEN 5 minutes
later**

Call Parents

Reassure

.....

Telephoning for an ambulance

You need to say: "I have a child in anaphylactic shock".

Give school details:

Give details: Child's name has a severe allergy and what has happened.

**DO NOT PUT THE PHONE DOWN UNTIL YOU ARE SURE ALL THE NECESSARY
INFORMATION HAS BEEN GIVEN**

Someone to wait by the school gate to direct the ambulance staff straight to the child.

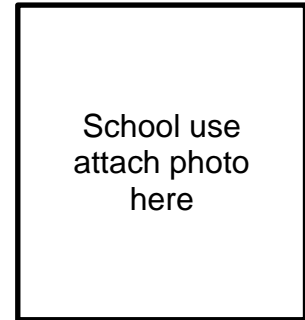
Template E

Individual protocol for a Jext pen adrenaline auto injector

CHILD'S NAME.....

D.O.B.

Class



Nature of Allergy:.....

Contact Information

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

If I am unavailable please contact:

Name					Relationship to pupil		
Phone numbers	Work		Home		Mobile		Other

GP

Name:

Phone No:

Address:

Clinic/ Hospital Contact

Name:

Phone No:

Address:

MEDICATION JEXT

Name on JEXT & expiry date:

- It is the parents responsibility to supply 2 JEXT pen auto injectors and to ensure they have not expired

Dosage & Method: **1 DOSE INTO UPPER OUTER THIGH**

- The school staff will take all reasonable steps to ensure does not eat any food items unless they have been prepared / approved by parents
- It is the schools responsibility to ensure this care plan is reviewed and parents inform the school of any changes in condition or treatment.

Agreed by: School Representative.....Date.....

- I agree that the medical information contained in this plan may be shared with individuals involved with my child's care and education.
- I give my consent for the school to administer my child's Jext pen or the school held adrenaline auto-injector (if my child's pen is lost/forgotten or malfunctions) to be administered in an emergency as detailed in this plan.

Signed:.....Print name..... Date.....

I am the person with parental responsibility

Individual protocol for using a JEXT Pen (Adrenaline Autoinjector)

Symptoms may include:

- Difficulty in swallowing / speaking / breathing
- Wheezy / irregular breathing / excessive coughing
- Hoarseness
- Nettle rash (hives) anywhere on body
- Sense of impending doom
- Swelling of throat and mouth
- Abdominal pain, nausea & vomiting
- Feeling of weakness (BP drops)
- Collapse & unconsciousness
- Cold and clammy

**Give JEXT pen first
Then call 999**

Administer in the upper thigh

Remove yellow cap, place black tip against upper outer thigh, push injector firmly into thigh until it clicks.

Hold in JEXT Pen in place for 10 seconds.

Can be given through clothing, but not very thick clothing

Note time of injection given

**If no improvement give
2nd JEXT Pen
5 minutes later**

Stay Calm

Reassure

One member of staff to Dial 999

REMEMBER

**A = AIRWAY
B = BREATHING
C = CIRCULATION**

Call Parents

Reassure

.....

Telephoning for an ambulance

You need to say: "I have a child in anaphylactic shock".

Give school details:

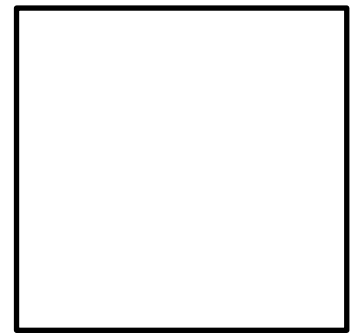
Give details: Child's name has a severe allergy and what has happened.

DO NOT PUT THE PHONE DOWN UNTIL YOU ARE SURE ALL THE NECESSARY INFORMATION HAS BEEN GIVEN

Someone to wait by the school gate to direct the ambulance staff straight to the child.

Template G

Individual healthcare plan (IHCP)



Name of school/setting				
Child's name				
Group/class/form				
Date of birth				
Child's address				
Medical diagnosis or condition				
Date				
Review date				
Family Contact Information				
Name				
Relationship to child				
Phone no. (work)				
(home)				
(mobile)				
Name				
Relationship to child				
Phone no. (work)				
(home)				
(mobile)				
Clinic/Hospital Contact				
Name				
Phone no.				
G.P.				
Name				
Phone no.				

Who is responsible for providing support in school	
--	--

Describe medical needs and give details of child's symptoms, triggers, signs, treatments, facilities, equipment or devices, environmental issues etc.

--

IHCP Continued

Name of medication, dose, method of administration, when to be taken, side effects, contra-indications, administered by/self-administered with/without supervision

Daily care requirements

Specific support for the pupil's educational, social and emotional needs

Arrangements for school visits/trips etc.

Other information

Describe what constitutes an emergency, and the action to take if this occurs

Who is responsible in an emergency (*state if different for off-site activities*)

Plan developed with

Staff training needed/undertaken – who, what, when

I the undersigned agree to notify the school immediately of any changes in care / medication.

Signed by parent or guardian

Print name

Date

Review date

Copies to:

Template H

Model letter inviting parents to contribute to individual healthcare plan development

Dear Parent/Guardian

DEVELOPING AN INDIVIDUAL HEALTHCARE PLAN FOR YOUR CHILD

Thank you for informing us of your child's medical condition. I enclose a copy of the school's policy for supporting pupils at school with medical conditions for your information.

A central requirement of the policy is for an individual healthcare plan to be prepared, setting out what support the each pupil needs and how this will be provided. Individual healthcare plans are developed in partnership between the school, parents, pupils, and the relevant healthcare professional who can advise on your child's case. The aim is to ensure that we know how to support your child effectively and to provide clarity about what needs to be done, when and by whom. Although individual healthcare plans are likely to be helpful in the majority of cases, it is possible that not all children will require one. We will need to make judgements about how your child's medical condition impacts on their ability to participate fully in school life, and the level of detail within plans will depend on the complexity of their condition and the degree of support needed.

A meeting to start the process of developing your child's individual health care plan has been scheduled for **xx/xx/xx**. I hope that this is convenient for you and would be grateful if you could confirm whether you are able to attend. The meeting will involve [the following people]. Please let us know if you would like us to invite another medical practitioner, healthcare professional or specialist and provide any other evidence you would like us to consider at the meeting as soon as possible.

If you are unable to attend, it would be helpful if you could complete the attached individual healthcare plan template and return it, together with any relevant evidence, for consideration at the meeting. I [or another member of staff involved in plan development or pupil support] would be happy for you contact me [them] by email or to speak by phone if this would be helpful.

Yours sincerely

Template 2

Record of medicine administered to INDIVIDUAL children

Name of school/setting	
Name of child	
Date medicine provided by parent	
Group/class/form	
Quantity received	
Name and strength of medicine	
Expiry date	
Quantity returned	
Dose and frequency of medicine	

Staff signature _____

Signature of parent _____

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Record of medicine administered to an individual child (Continued)

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Date			
Time given			
Dose given			
Name of member of staff			
Staff initials			

Template 3

Staff training record – administration of medicines

Name of school/setting	
Name	
Type of training received	
Date of training completed	
Training provided by	
Profession and title	

I confirm that [name of member of staff] has received the training detailed above and is competent to carry out any necessary treatment. I recommend that the training is updated [name of member of staff].

Trainer's signature

Date

I confirm that I have received the training detailed above.

Staff signature

Date

Suggested review date

Appendix 4

Contacting Emergency Services

Request an ambulance - dial 999, ask for an ambulance and be ready with the information below.

Speak clearly and slowly and be ready to repeat information if asked.

1. your telephone number **(01903 740176)**
2. your name
3. your location as follows:
Thakeham Primary School,
Rock Road,
Storrington
RH20 3AA
4. state what the postcode is – please note that postcodes for satellite navigation systems may differ from the postal code **RH20 3AA**
5. provide the exact location of the patient within the school setting
6. provide the name of the child and a brief description of their symptoms
7. inform Ambulance Control of the best entrance to use and state that the crew will be met and taken to the patient
8. put a completed copy of this form by the phone