

Symbolism

Surrealism

# Frida KAHLO KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER



Key

Vocabulary

Frida Kahlo

Mexico

# **Biography**

- -Frida Kahlo was a Mexican painter.
- -She is well known for her portraits, self-portraits and works inspired by Mexico.
- -She is most famous for paintings such as *The Two* Fridas, Self Portrait with Thorn Necklace and Hummingbird and The Wounded Deer.
- -Kahlo had polio at age 6, which left her disabled. She also suffered a terrible accident aged 18, causing her severe pain for the rest of her life.
- -Kahlo's paintings often had strong autobiographical elements - mixing realism and fantasy. She used a naïve folk art style to explore ideas such as gender, class and race.





-Frida Kahlo lived between 1907 and 1954. She was born and she died in the Coyoacan district of Mexico City, the capital city of Mexico.

# **Significant Works**

The Two Fridas (1939)

Self-

**Portrait** 

with Thorn

Necklace..

(1940)



The Wounded Deer (1946)

-The Two Fridas is an oil-on-canvas painting. It was the first large-scale work she completed, and it is one of her most famous pieces. -It is thought to show Fridas two personalities. On the left, she is in traditional Tehuana costume and has a broken heart. The right shows her in modern dress. She said that it expressed her loneliness during her separation from husband Diego.

-In this oil-on-canvas self-portrait, Kahlo is directly confronting the viewer's gaze, with her bold eyebrows immediately noticeable. The thorn necklace appears to represent her pain after her failed romantic relationships – she painted this after her divorce from Diego. The hummingbird is considered a good luck charm for love in her culture, yet this hangs dead from her neck.

-In this oil-on-Masonite painting, Kahlo depicts a young deer with her head. The dead trees and broken branches around her show fear and desperation. The young deer is pierced by arrows and is bleeding, and will likely die. She painted this after years of physical and mental torment at being injured and bedridden.

Step 4: Use your

facial features and

any other finer

features (e.g.

remember the big

eyebrows!) Then, go

over all outlines

using your black

pastille.

Step 5: Add colour

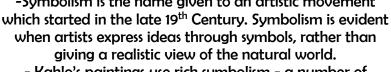
to your portrait.

Kahlo uses lots of

folk art style.

# **Styles and Techniques**

### -Folk art is all types of visual art that expresses the styles and views of a particular people. In Kahlo's case, her work presents ideas consistent with her Mexican heritage. Naïve Naïve art is art created by a person who does not have the formal education and training that most artists undergo. Folk Art Their work may appear more childlike/simple, but often this helps it to appear more raw and expressive. Kahlo's work regularly fits this category. -Symbolism is the name given to an artistic movement



- Kahlo's paintings use rich symbolism a number of images, lines, colours and textures are used to present ideas. These ideas are often strong symbols in Mexican culture. For example, she uses animals & plants to suggest behaviours or superstitions and weather to portray mood.
- -Surreglism is an art movement that grew from ground 1920. It used strange, chaotic figures and shapes to show dreams and unconscious thoughts.
- -Many of Kahlo's paintings contained suprising, dream-like imagery and deep symbolism, meaning that she has often been labelled a surrealist painter.







# Step 2: Still using your pencil, draw the outline of any

symbolic animals/ plants that you wish to add.

**Step 1:** Use your pencil to draw the outline of your image, as you see in the mirror photo.

Things you'll need: Oil pastels, mirror or photo, pastel paper/ sketch book, pencil.

**Step 3:** Use your oil pastels to complete the background, pencil to outline your exploring patterns & shapes that are symbolic to you/your culture.

How do I create art like Kahlo?



bold, bright colours in her self-portraits, adding to the naïve A child's Kahloinspired selfportrait.

Tehuana Indigenous

Culture

**Self-Portrait** 

Surrealism

Symbolism

Symbolic

Realism

Naïve Folk Art

The Two Fridas

Oil-on-canvas

Polio

The Wounded Deer

#### Frida Kahlo Timeline

1913 July 13th 1954 6th July 1907 1914 1922 1926 1929 2001 1944 She is She is born as She overcomes polio, but has a She begins attending She is involved in a bus accident in Kahlo turns seriously She marries the Frida Kahlo's work is Frida Kahlo begins After a long She is Magdalena Carmen withered right leg. Her father buys the National Prep diagnosed illness, Frida commemorated on a which she suffers multiple injuries. to art to aid her painter Diego exhibited in Mexico for keeping a diary. Frieda Kahlo y Calderón. with polio. her paints whilst she recuperates. Kahlo dies. US postage stamp. School She suffers for the rest of her life. recovery. Rivera. the first time.