

Sparrowhawks- Anglo Saxon and Viking Knowledge Organiser

Key Vocabulary

Anglo Saxon	The people who lived in Britain- made up of 3 tribes: The Angles, The Saxons and the Jutes. They farmed the land and were mostly Christian.	invaders	People who try to take over land from other people.
colonize	A settlement founded in one country by people from another country.	longboat	Ship used by Vikings to cross the sea, also known as a dragonship.
conquer	To beat an enemy and control them using force.	monastery	The building where monks live.
Danelaw	The area of England ruled by the Vikings.	Monk	A male member of a religious group, living, praying and working together and following a set of rules.
hoard	Hidden treasure, usually buried in the soil.	runes	The name given to the Viking alphabet.

Key Facts

The Anglo-Saxons are made up of three tribes who came to England from across the North Sea around the middle of the 5th century: the Angles, Saxons and Jutes.

Anglo-Saxons once worshipped lots of different gods that they believed controlled all areas of life, but around the 7th century many converted to Christianity after the arrival of the missionary St. Augustine from Rome

In 878, King Alfred the Great defeated the Vikings in battle and had them sign a treaty saying they had to keep to their own land in England – this section of land was called Danelaw.

A few weeks before the Anglo-Saxons were defeated in the Battle of Hastings in 1066, they defeated Viking warriors near York, led by Harald Hardrada at the Battle of Stamford Bridge.

Key People



Alfred the Great
King in AD871



Canute the Great
Cnut the Great, also known as Canute. He became king in 1016AD



Egbert
The first Anglo-Saxon King in 802AD



Harold Godwinson
Also called **Harold II**, was the last crowned Anglo-Saxon king of England

Timeline

410 AD
The Romans left Britain, leaving it unguarded by armies and open to invasion by others.

477 AD
Different kingdoms were formed across England.

597 AD
St. Augustine came to England and introduced people to Christianity.

802 AD
Egbert was the first Anglo-Saxon king of all England.

871-899 AD
Alfred the Great ruled.

1016-1035
Canute the Great ruled as the first Viking king.

1066
The Battle of Hastings took place, resulting in the Normans defeating the Anglo-Saxons.

Tier 2 Vocabulary

unique

Being one of a kind.

evident

Clearly seen or understood; obvious.

adapt

Make (something) suitable for a new use or purpose; modify.

anticipate

Regard as probable; expect or predict.