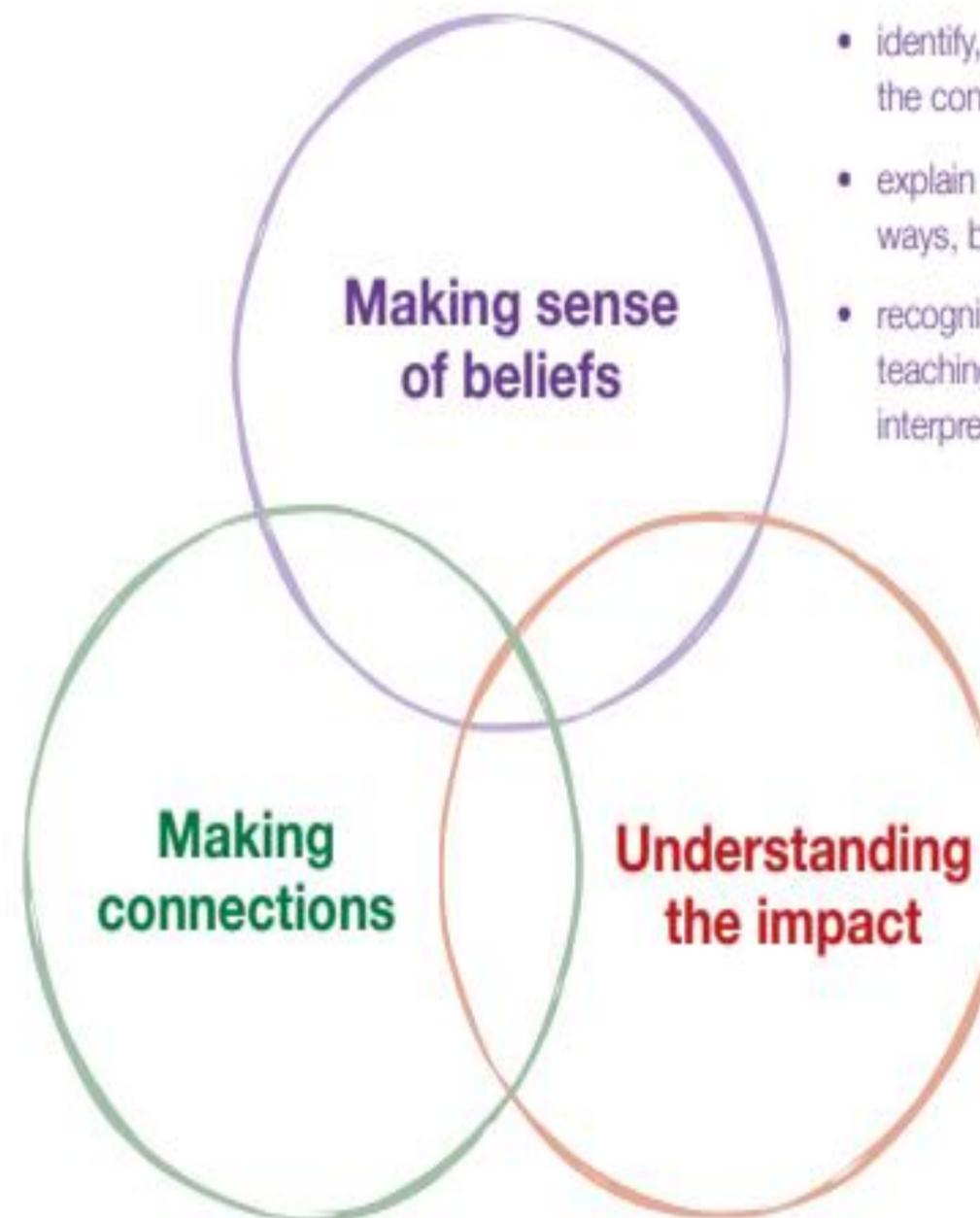


RELIGIOUS EDUCATION

LONG TERM PLAN
2020 AGREED SYLLABUS



- evaluate, reflect on and enquire into key concepts and questions studied, responding thoughtfully and creatively, giving good reasons for their responses
- challenge the ideas studied, and allow the ideas studied to challenge their own thinking, articulating beliefs, values and commitments clearly in response
- discern possible connections between the ideas studied and their own ways of understanding the world, expressing their critical responses and personal reflections with increasing clarity and understanding



- identify, describe, explain and analyse beliefs and concepts in the context of living religions, using appropriate vocabulary
- explain how and why these beliefs are understood in different ways, by individuals and within communities
- recognise how and why sources of authority (e.g. texts, teachings, traditions, leaders) are used, expressed and interpreted in different ways, developing skills of interpretation

- examine and explain how and why people express their beliefs in diverse ways
- recognise and account for ways in which people put their beliefs into action in diverse ways, in their everyday lives, within their communities and in the wider world
- appreciate and appraise the significance of different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS – Tehidy	<p>Why is the word ‘God’ special to Christians?</p> <p>Enquiry Questions What does the word ‘God’ mean? Which people believe in God? Which people believe God is the creator of everything? What is amazing about the world? What do Christians say about God as creator? What is the story that Christians use to think about the creator? What do Christians (and other people) think about the world and how we should treat it?</p>	<p>Why is Christmas special for Christians?</p> <p>Enquiry Questions What special stories about Jesus are in the Bible? Why do Christians celebrate Jesus’ birthday? Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas? What special things do Christians do at Christmas to share God’s love? What makes every single person unique and precious? How does the Christmas story tell Christians they are precious to God?</p>	<p>Where do we belong?</p> <p>Enquiry Questions How do we show respect for one another? How do we show love / how do I know I am loved? Who do you care about? How do we show care / how do I know I am cared for? How do you know what people are feeling? How do we show people they are welcome? What things can we do better together rather than on our own? Where do you belong? How do you know you belong? What makes us feel special about being welcomed into a group of people?</p>	<p>Why is Easter special for Christians?</p> <p>Enquiry Questions What happens at the end of winter and the beginning of spring? How do ‘dead’ plants and trees come to life again? What do Christians believe happened to Jesus? Why do Christians believe it is such an important story? What do Christians do at Easter? Why do we have Easter eggs?</p>	<p>Which places are special and why?</p> <p>Enquiry Questions Where do you feel safe? Why? Where do you feel happy? Why? Where is special to me? Where is a special place for believers to go? What makes this place special?</p>	<p>Which stories are special and why?</p> <p>Enquiry Questions What is your favourite story? What do you like about it, and why? What stories do you know about Jesus? What do you think Jesus was (is) like? Do you know any Bible stories? What stories do you know that are special to Christians? Who are the stories about? What happens in the story? Does the story tell you about God? What do you learn? What stories do you know that tell you how you should behave towards other people? What are the similarities and differences between different people’s stories?</p>
Year 1 – Kynance	<p>Who is Jewish and how do they live? **</p> <p>Make sense of belief: • Recognise the words of the Shema as a Jewish prayer. • Retell simply some stories used in Jewish celebrations (e.g. Chanukah). • Give examples of how the stories used in celebrations (e.g. Shabbat, Chanukah) remind Jews about what God is like.</p> <p>Understand the impact: • Give examples of how Jewish people celebrate special times (e.g. Shabbat, Sukkot, Chanukah). • Make links between Jewish ideas of God found in the stories and how people live. • Give an example of how some Jewish people might remember God in different ways (e.g. mezuzah, on Shabbat).</p> <p>Make connections: • Talk about what they think is good about reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering for Jewish people, giving a good reason for their ideas. • Give a good reason for their ideas about whether reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering have something to say to them too.</p>	<p>Who do Christians say made the world? (Creation)</p> <p>Make sense of belief: • Retell the story of creation from Genesis 1:1–2:3. • Recognise that ‘Creation’ is the beginning of the ‘big story’ of the Bible. • Say what the story tells Christians about God, Creation and the world.</p> <p>Understand the impact: • Give at least one example of what Christians do to say ‘thank you’ to God for Creation</p> <p>Make connections: • Think, talk and ask questions about living in an amazing world • Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make between the Jewish/Christian Creation story and the world they live in.</p>	<p>What is the ‘good news’ Christians say Jesus brings? (Gospel)</p> <p>Make sense of belief: • Tell stories from the Bible and recognise a link with the concept of ‘Gospel’ or ‘good news’. • Give clear, simple accounts of what Bible texts (such as the story of Matthew the tax collector) mean to Christians. • Recognise that Jesus gives instructions to people about how to behave.</p> <p>Understand the impact: • Give at least two examples of ways in which Christians follow the teachings studied about forgiveness and peace and bringing good news to the friendless. • Give at least two examples of how Christians put these beliefs into practice in the Church community and their own lives (for example: charity, confession).</p> <p>Make connections: • Think, talk and ask questions about whether Jesus’ ‘good news’ is only good news for Christians, or if there are things for anyone to learn about how to live, giving a good reason for their ideas.</p>	<p>Why does Easter matter to Christians? (Salvation)</p> <p>Make sense of belief: • Recognise that Incarnation and Salvation are part of a ‘big story’ of the Bible. • Tell stories of Holy Week and Easter from the Bible and recognise a link with the idea of Salvation (Jesus rescuing people).</p> <p>Understand the impact: • Give at least three examples of how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus’ death and resurrection in church worship at Easter.</p> <p>Make connections: • Think, talk and ask questions about whether the story of Easter only has something to say to Christians, or if it has anything to say to pupils about sadness, hope or heaven, exploring different ideas and giving a good reason for their ideas.</p>	<p>How should we care for others and the world and why does it matter?</p> <p>Make sense of belief: • Identify a story or text that says something about each person being unique and valuable. • Give an example of a key belief some people find in one of these stories (e.g. that God loves all people). • Give a clear, simple account of what Genesis 1 tells Christians and Jews about the natural world.</p> <p>Understand the impact: • Give an example of how people show that they care for others (e.g. by giving to charity), making a link to one of the stories. • Give examples of how Christians and Jews can show care for the natural earth. • Say why Christians and Jews might look after the natural world.</p> <p>Make connections: • Think, talk and ask questions about what difference believing in God makes to how people treat each other and the natural world. • Give good reasons why everyone (religious and non-religious) should care for others and look after the natural world.</p>	<p>What makes some places in Cornwall sacred? (Curriculum Kernewick)</p> <p>Make sense of belief: • Recognise that there are special places in Cornwall that are sacred to believers. • Identify at least three sacred/holy places in Cornwall and give a simple account of how they are used, why they are important and what people do there.</p> <p>Understand the impact: • Give examples of stories, objects and symbols used in churches, which show what people believe. • Talk about why some places are considered to be sacred in Cornwall and how communities celebrate this.</p> <p>Make connections: • Think, talk and ask good questions about what happens at a sacred place saying what they think about these questions, giving good reasons for their ideas. • Talk about what makes some places special to people in Cornwall and what the difference is between some sacred places.</p>

	<p>Who is a Muslim and how do they live? **</p> <p>Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise the words of the Shahadah and that it is very important for Muslims. Identify some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and the 99 names of Allah and give a simple description of what some of them mean. Give examples of how stories about the Prophet show what Muslims believe about Muhammad. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of how Muslims use the Shahadah to show what matters to them. Give examples of how Muslims use stories about the Prophet to guide their beliefs and actions (e.g. care for creation, fast in Ramadan). Give examples of how Muslims put their beliefs about prayer into action. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk about and ask questions about Muslim beliefs and ways of living. Talk about what they think is good for Muslims about prayer, respect, celebration and self-control, giving a good reason for their ideas. Give a good reason for their ideas about whether prayer, respect, celebration and self-control have something to say to them too. 	<p>Why does Christmas matter to Christians? (Incarnation)</p> <p>Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise that stories of Jesus' life come from the Gospels. Give a clear, simple account of the story of Jesus' birth and why Jesus is important for Christians. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of ways in which Christians use the story of the Nativity to guide their beliefs and actions at Christmas. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk and ask questions about Christmas for people who are Christians and for people who are not. Decide what they personally must be thankful for, giving a reason for their ideas. 	<p>What do Christians believe God is like? (God)</p> <p>Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Identify what a parable is. Tell the story of the Lost Son from the Bible simply and recognise a link with the Christian idea of God as a forgiving Father. Give clear, simple accounts of what the story means to Christians. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give at least two examples of a way in which Christians show their belief in God as loving and forgiving (e.g. by saying sorry, by seeing God as welcoming them back; by forgiving others). Give an example of how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship (e.g. by saying sorry to God). <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk and ask questions about whether they can learn anything from the story for themselves, exploring different ideas. Give a reason for the ideas they have and the connections they make. 	<p>What makes some places sacred to believers?</p> <p>Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise that there are special places where people go to worship and talk about what people do there. Identify at least three objects used in worship in two religions and give a simple account of how they are used and something about what they mean. Identify a belief about worship and a belief about God, connecting these beliefs simply to a place of worship. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of stories, objects, symbols and actions used in churches, mosques and/or synagogues which show what people believe. Give simple examples of how people worship at a church, mosque or synagogue. Talk about why some people like to belong to a sacred building or a community. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk and ask good questions about what happens in a church, synagogue or mosque, saying what they think about these questions, giving good reasons for their ideas. Talk about what makes some places special to people, and what the difference is between religious and non-religious special places. 	<p>What does it mean to belong to a faith community?</p> <p>Make sense of beliefs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise that loving others is important in lots of communities. Say simply what Jesus and one other religious leader taught about loving other people. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give an account of what happens at a traditional Christian and Muslim welcome ceremony and suggest what the actions and symbols mean. Identify at least two ways people show they love each other and belong to each other when they get married (Christian and/or Muslim and non-religious). <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Give examples of ways in which people express their identity and belonging within faith communities and other communities, responding sensitively to differences. Talk about what they think is good about being in a community, for people in faith communities and for themselves, giving a good reason for their ideas. 	<p>What makes some people in Cornwall sacred? (Curriculum Kernewick)</p> <p>Make sense of belief:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Recognise that there are special people in Cornwall that are sacred to believers. Re-tell a story about a Cornish Saint and connect this story to the local area. <p>Understand the impact:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Talk about why some people are considered to be sacred in Cornwall and how communities celebrate this. <p>Make connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Think, talk and ask good questions about the lives of special people and what they think about these questions, giving good reasons for their ideas. Talk about what makes some people special to people in Cornwall and how these people had an impact on the lives of others.
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<p>Who is Jewish and how do they live? (**Double Unit) – Year 1</p>	<p>Who is a Muslim and how do they live? (**Double Unit) – Year 2</p>
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> What does the story of Abraham tell us about how Judaism began? What do Jewish people believe about God? How do Jewish people remember God? Where is a special place for a Jewish person? How do Jewish people celebrate Shabbat? What is the Jewish Holy Book? <p>Key Concepts / Themes: Story of the ten commandments. The use of stories. The Synagogue – features and importance. Shabbat. The Torah. Draw similarities & differences with Christianity.</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Who founded Islam and where did it happen? What are the six beliefs of Islam? What are the five pillars of Islam? How do their beliefs impact the way Muslims live their lives? Where is a special place for a Muslim? How do Muslims celebrate Ramadan? What is the Holy Book of Islam? <p>Key Concepts / Themes: The prophets. The use of stories. The six beliefs & five pillars. Mosque. Ramadan. Draw similarities & differences with Christianity.</p>

Who are Hindus and how do they live?

What do Hindus believe God is like? **

Make sense of belief:

- Identify some Hindu deities and say how they help Hindus describe God.
- Make clear links between some stories (e.g. Svetaketu, Ganesh, Diwali) and what Hindus believe about God.
- Offer informed suggestions about what Hindu murtis express about God.

Understand the impact:

- Make simple links between beliefs about God and how Hindus live (e.g. choosing a deity and worshiping at a home shrine, celebrating Diwali).
- Identify some different ways in which Hindus worship.

Make connections:

- Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good to think about the cycle of create/preserve/destroy in the world today.
- Make links between the Hindu idea of everyone having a ‘spark’ of God in them and ideas about the value of people in the world today, giving good reasons for their ideas.

What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today (Dharma)?

Understand the impact:

- Describe how Hindus show their faith within their families in Britain today (e.g. home puja).
- Describe how Hindus show their faith within their faith communities in Britain today (e.g. arti and bhajans at the mandir; in festivals such as Diwali).
- Identify some different ways in which Hindus show their faith (e.g. between different communities in Britain, or between Britain and parts of India).

Make sense of belief:

- Identify the terms dharma, Sanatan Dharma and Hinduism and say what they mean.
- Make links between Hindu practices and the idea that Hinduism is a whole ‘way of life’ (dharma).

Make connections:

- Raise questions and suggest answers about what is good about being a Hindu in Britain today, and whether taking part in family and community rituals is a good thing for individuals and society, giving good reasons for their ideas.

What is it like for someone to follow God? (People of God)

Make sense of belief:

- Make clear links between the story of Noah and the idea of covenant.

Understand the impact:

- Make simple links between promises in the story of Noah and promises that Christians make at a wedding ceremony.

Make connections:

- Make links between the story of Noah and how we live in school and the wider world.

What is the ‘Trinity’ and why is it important for Christians? (God/Incarnation)

Make sense of belief:

- Recognise what a ‘Gospel’ is and give an example of the kinds of stories it contains.
- Offer suggestions about what texts about baptism and Trinity mean.
- Give examples of what these texts mean to some Christians today.

Understand the impact:

- Describe how Christians show their beliefs about God the Trinity in worship in different ways (in baptism and prayer, for example) and in the way they live.

Make connections:

- Make links between some Bible texts studied and the idea of God in Christianity, clearly expressing some ideas of their own about what Christians believe God is like.

For Christians, what was the impact of Pentecost? (Kingdom of God)

Make sense of belief:

- Make clear links between the story of Pentecost and Christian beliefs about the ‘kingdom of God’ on Earth.
- Offer informed suggestions about what the events of Pentecost in Acts 2 might mean.
- Give examples of what Pentecost means to some Christians now.

Understand the impact:

- Make simple links between the description of Pentecost in Acts 2, the Holy Spirit, the kingdom of God, and how Christians live now.
- Describe how Christians show their beliefs about the Holy Spirit in worship.

Make connections:

- Make links between ideas about the kingdom of God in the Bible and what people believe about following God today, giving good reasons for their ideas.

How and why do people in Cornwall mark significant events in community life? (Curriculum Kernewick)

Make sense of belief:

- Identify festivals that are unique to Cornwall and explain how they started.
- Offer informed suggestions about the meaning and importance of ceremonies/ festivals for religious and non-religious people today in Cornwall.

Understand the impact:

- Describe special times in the Cornish year.
- Make simple links between beliefs and importance of these special events to the people of Cornwall.
- Identify some differences in how people celebrate community life e.g. different practices in local festivals and traditions.

Make connections:

- Raise questions and suggest answers about why it is important for everyone to feel part of a community.
- Make links behind festivals that mark different times of the year in Cornwall.
- Give good reasons why they think ceremonies of commitment are or are not valuable today.

Who are Jews and how do they live?

What does it mean to be a Jewish person living in Britain today? **

Make sense of belief:

- Identify and explain Jewish beliefs about God and the Torah.
- Describe ways in which Jewish sources of authority guide Muslim living (e.g. Torah guidance on ten commandments, impact of festivals and rules such as fasting and how these are adhered to today).

Understand the impact:

- Give evidence and examples to show how Jewish people put their beliefs into practice in different ways.

Make connections:

- Make connections between Jewish beliefs studied and Jewish ways of living in Britain/Cornwall today
- Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. submission, obedience, generosity, self-control and worship in the lives of Jews today and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Jews.
- Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Jew in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views.

Why is the Torah so important to Jewish people? *

Make sense of belief:

- Identify and explain Jewish beliefs about God.
- Give examples of some texts that say what God is like and explain how Jewish people interpret them.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between Jewish beliefs about the Torah and how they use and treat it.
- Make clear connections between Jewish commandments and how Jews live (e.g. in relation to kosher laws).
- Give evidence and examples to show how Jewish people put their beliefs into practice in different ways (e.g. some differences between Orthodox and Progressive Jewish practice).

Make connections:

- Make connections between Jewish beliefs studied and explain how and why they are important to Jewish people today
- Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. tradition, ritual, community, study and worship in the lives of Jews today, and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Jewish.

How and why do people mark the significant events of life?

Make sense of belief:

- Identify some beliefs about love, commitment and promises in **two religious traditions** and describe what they mean.
- Offer informed suggestions about the meaning and importance of ceremonies of commitment for religious and non-religious people today.

Understand the impact:

- Describe what happens in ceremonies of commitment (e.g. baptism, sacred thread, marriage) and say what these rituals mean.
- Make simple links between beliefs about love and commitment and how people in at least two religious traditions live (e.g. through celebrating forgiveness, salvation and freedom at festivals).
- Identify some differences in how people celebrate commitment (e.g. different practices of marriage, or Christian baptism).

Make connections:

- Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for everyone to see life as a journey, and to mark the milestones.
- Make links between ideas of love, commitment and promises in religious and non-religious ceremonies.
- Give good reasons why they think ceremonies of commitment are or are not valuable today.

Why do Christians call the day Jesus died ‘Good Friday’? (Salvation)

Make sense of belief:

- Recognise the word ‘Salvation’, and that Christians believe Jesus came to ‘save’ or ‘rescue’ people, e.g. by showing them how to live.
- Offer informed suggestions about what the events of Holy Week mean to Christians.
- Give examples of what Christians say about the importance of the events of Holy Week.

Understand the impact:

- Make simple links between the Gospel accounts and how Christians mark the Easter events in their communities.
- Describe how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus in worship in different ways.

Make connections:

- Raise thoughtful questions and suggest some answers about why Christians call the day Jesus died ‘Good Friday’, giving good reasons for their suggestions.

What do Christians learn from the creation story? (Creation)

Make sense of belief:

- Place the concepts of God and Creation on a timeline of the Bible’s ‘big story’.
- Make clear links between Genesis 1 and what Christians believe about God and Creation.
- Recognise that the story of ‘the Fall’ in Genesis 3 explains why things go wrong in the world.

Understand the impact:

- Describe what Christians do because they believe God is Creator (e.g. follow God, wonder at how amazing God’s creation is; care for the Earth – some specific ways).
- Describe how and why Christians might pray to God, say sorry and ask for forgiveness.

Make connections:

- Ask questions and suggest answers about what might be important in the Creation story for Christians and for non-Christians living today.

What kind of world did Jesus want? (Gospel)

Make sense of belief:

- Identify texts that come from a Gospel, which tells the story of the life and teaching of Jesus.
- Make clear links between the calling of the first disciples and how Christians today try to follow Jesus and be ‘fishers of people’.
- Suggest ideas and then find out about what Jesus’ actions towards outcasts mean for a Christian.

Understand the impact:

- Give examples of how Christians try to show love for all, including how Christian leaders try to follow Jesus’ teaching in different ways.

Make connections:

- Make links between the importance of love in the Bible stories studied and life in the world today, giving a good reason for their ideas.

How and why do people try to make the world a better place?

Make sense of belief:

- Identify some beliefs about why the world is not always a good place (e.g. Christian ideas of sin).
- Make links between religious beliefs and teachings and why people try to live and make the world a better place.

Understand the impact:

- Make simple links between teachings about how to live and ways in which people try to make the world a better place (across different faiths).
- Describe some examples of how people try to live (e.g. individuals and organisations).
- Identify some differences in how people put their beliefs into action.

Make connections:

- Raise questions and suggest answers about why the world is not always a good place, and what are the best ways of making it better.
- Make links between some commands for living from religious traditions, non-religious worldviews, and pupils’ own ideas.
- Express their own ideas about the best ways to make the world a better place, making links with religious ideas studied, giving good reasons for their views.

Who is a Muslim and how do they live?

Who founded Islam and where did it happen?
 What are the six beliefs of Islam?
 What are the five pillars of Islam?
 How do their beliefs impact the way Muslims live their lives?
 Where is a special place for a Muslim?
 How do Muslims celebrate festivals?
 What is the Holy Book of Islam?

What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today? **

Make sense of belief:

- Identify and explain Muslim beliefs about God, the Prophet* and the Holy Qur'an (e.g. Tawhid; Muhammad as the Messenger, Qur'an as the message).
- Describe ways in which Muslim sources of authority guide Muslim living (e.g. Qur'an guidance on Five Pillars; Hajj practices follow example of the Prophet).

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between Muslim beliefs and ibadah (e.g. Five Pillars, festivals, mosques, art).
- Give evidence and examples to show how Muslims put their beliefs into practice in different ways.

Make connections:

- Make connections between Muslim beliefs studied and Muslim ways of living in Britain/Cornwall today.
- Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. submission, obedience, generosity, self-control and worship in the lives of Muslims today and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Muslims.
- Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Muslim in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views.

Why do Christians believe that Jesus is the Messiah? (Incarnation)

Make sense of belief:

- Explain the place of Incarnation and Messiah within the 'big story' of the Bible.
- Identify Gospel and prophecy texts, using technical terms.
- Explain connections between biblical texts, Incarnation and Messiah, using theological terms.

Understand the impact:

- Show how Christians put their beliefs about Jesus' Incarnation into practice in different ways in celebrating Christmas.
- Comment on how the idea that Jesus is the Messiah makes sense in the wider story of the Bible.

Make connections:

- Weigh up how far the idea of Jesus as the 'Messiah' – a Saviour from God – is important in the world today and, if it is true, what difference that might make in people's lives, giving good reasons for their answers.

What does it mean for Christians to believe that God is holy and loving? (God)

Make sense of belief:

- Identify some different types of biblical texts, using technical terms accurately.
- Explain connections between biblical texts and Christian ideas of God, using theological terms.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about God; for example, through how cathedrals are designed.
- Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship.

Make connections:

- Weigh up how biblical ideas and teachings about God as holy and loving might make a difference in the world today, developing insights of their own.

Why do Christians believe Jesus did to 'save' people? (Salvation)

Make sense of belief:

- Outline the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining how Incarnation and Salvation fit within it.
- Explain what Christians mean when they say that Jesus' death was a sacrifice.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between the Christian belief in Jesus' death as a sacrifice and how Christians celebrate Holy Communion/Lord's Supper.
- Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways.

Make connections:

- Weigh up the value and impact of ideas of sacrifice in their own lives and the world today.
- Articulate their own responses to the idea of sacrifice, recognising different points of view.

Why do some people believe in God and some people not?

Make sense of belief:

- Define the terms 'theist', 'atheist' and 'agnostic' and give examples of statements that reflect these beliefs.
- Identify and explain what religious and non-religious people believe about God, saying where they get their ideas from.
- Give examples of reasons why people do or do not believe in God.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between what people believe about God and the impact of this belief on how they live.
- Give evidence and examples to show how Christians sometimes disagree about what God is like (e.g. some differences in interpreting Genesis).

Make connections:

- Reflect on and articulate some ways in which believing in God is valuable in the lives of believers, and ways it can be challenging.
- Consider and weigh up different views on theism, agnosticism and atheism, expressing insights of their own about why people believe in God or not.
- Make connections between belief and behaviour in their own lives, in the light of their learning.

How can people in Cornwall express their spirituality through the arts? (Curriculum Kernewick – Link to Year 5 Spiritual Arts Day & Art Projects)

Make sense of belief:

- Compare and explain at least two ways to describe 'the spiritual' or 'spirituality'.
- Describe spirituality within Cornwall as expressed through creative arts.

Understand the impact:

- Show how people express spirituality in different ways (e.g. through art, music, activism).
- Give reasons and examples to explain how music and art can help people understand big ideas in their tradition or way of life.
- Explain how and why Cornwall is an important place of spirituality.

Make connections:

- Offer a coherent account of the value of spirituality in the lives of religious and non-religious people, including themselves.
- Evaluate how far living in Cornwall will shape the way someone sees all aspects of life, offering insights, reasons and justifications for their responses.

Who is a Muslim and how do they live?

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 How do their beliefs impact the way Muslims live their lives?
 Where is a special place for a Muslim?
 How do Muslims celebrate festivals?
 What is the Holy Book of Islam?

What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today? **

Make sense of belief:

- Identify and explain Muslim beliefs about God, the Prophet* and the Holy Qur'an (e.g. Tawhid; Muhammad as the Messenger, Qur'an as the message).
- Describe ways in which Muslim sources of authority guide Muslim living (e.g. Qur'an guidance on Five Pillars; Hajj practices follow example of the Prophet).

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between Muslim beliefs and ibadah (e.g. Five Pillars, festivals, mosques, art).
- Give evidence and examples to show how Muslims put their beliefs into practice in different ways.

Make connections:

- Make connections between Muslim beliefs studied and Muslim ways of living in Britain/Cornwall today.
- Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. submission, obedience, generosity, self-control and worship in the lives of Muslims today and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Muslims.
- Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Muslim in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views.

Why do Christians believe that Jesus is the Messiah? (Incarnation)

Make sense of belief:

- Explain the place of Incarnation and Messiah within the 'big story' of the Bible.
- Identify Gospel and prophecy texts, using technical terms.
- Explain connections between biblical texts, Incarnation and Messiah, using theological terms.

Understand the impact:

- Show how Christians put their beliefs about Jesus' Incarnation into practice in different ways in celebrating Christmas.
- Comment on how the idea that Jesus is the Messiah makes sense in the wider story of the Bible.

Make connections:

- Weigh up how far the idea of Jesus as the 'Messiah' – a Saviour from God – is important in the world today and, if it is true, what difference that might make in people's lives, giving good reasons for their answers.

What does it mean for Christians to believe that God is holy and loving? (God)

Make sense of belief:

- Identify some different types of biblical texts, using technical terms accurately.
- Explain connections between biblical texts and Christian ideas of God, using theological terms.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between Bible texts studied and what Christians believe about God; for example, through how cathedrals are designed.
- Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in worship.

Make connections:

- Weigh up how biblical ideas and teachings about God as holy and loving might make a difference in the world today, developing insights of their own.

Why do Christians believe Jesus did to 'save' people? (Salvation)

Make sense of belief:

- Outline the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining how Incarnation and Salvation fit within it.
- Explain what Christians mean when they say that Jesus' death was a sacrifice.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between the Christian belief in Jesus' death as a sacrifice and how Christians celebrate Holy Communion/Lord's Supper.
- Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways.

Make connections:

- Weigh up the value and impact of ideas of sacrifice in their own lives and the world today.
- Articulate their own responses to the idea of sacrifice, recognising different points of view.

Why do some people believe in God and some people not?

Make sense of belief:

- Define the terms 'theist', 'atheist' and 'agnostic' and give examples of statements that reflect these beliefs.
- Identify and explain what religious and non-religious people believe about God, saying where they get their ideas from.
- Give examples of reasons why people do or do not believe in God.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between what people believe about God and the impact of this belief on how they live.
- Give evidence and examples to show how Christians sometimes disagree about what God is like (e.g. some differences in interpreting Genesis).

Make connections:

- Reflect on and articulate some ways in which believing in God is valuable in the lives of believers, and ways it can be challenging.
- Consider and weigh up different views on theism, agnosticism and atheism, expressing insights of their own about why people believe in God or not.
- Make connections between belief and behaviour in their own lives, in the light of their learning.

How can people in Cornwall express their spirituality through the arts? (Curriculum Kernewick – Link to Year 5 Spiritual Arts Day & Art Projects)

Make sense of belief:

- Compare and explain at least two ways to describe 'the spiritual' or 'spirituality'.
- Describe spirituality within Cornwall as expressed through creative arts.

Understand the impact:

- Show how people express spirituality in different ways (e.g. through art, music, activism).
- Give reasons and examples to explain how music and art can help people understand big ideas in their tradition or way of life.
- Explain how and why Cornwall is an important place of spirituality.

Make connections:

- Offer a coherent account of the value of spirituality in the lives of religious and non-religious people, including themselves.
- Evaluate how far living in Cornwall will shape the way someone sees all aspects of life, offering insights, reasons and justifications for their responses.

Who are Sikhs and how do they live?

What does it mean to be a Sikh person living in Britain today? (Link to Year 6 trip to London Gurdwara) *

Make sense of belief:

- Identify and explain Sikh beliefs about God and the Guru Granth Sahib.
- Describe ways in which Sikh sources of authority guide Sikh living.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between Sikh beliefs and how this impacts the way of life.
- Give evidence and examples to show how Muslims put their beliefs into practice in different ways.

Make connections:

- Make connections between Sikh beliefs studied and Sikh ways of living in Britain/Cornwall today.
- Consider and weigh up the value of e.g. submission, obedience, generosity, self-control and worship in the lives of Sikhs today and articulate responses on how far they are valuable to people who are not Sikh.
- Reflect on and articulate what it is like to be a Sikh in Britain today, giving good reasons for their views.

Creation and Science: conflicting or complementary? (Creation)

Make sense of belief:

- Identify what type of text some Christians say Genesis 1 is, and its purpose.
- Taking account of the context, suggest what Genesis 1 might mean, and compare their ideas with ways in which Christians interpret it, showing awareness of different interpretations.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between Genesis 1 and Christian belief about God as Creator.
- Show understanding of why many Christians find science and faith go together.

Make connections:

- Identify key ideas arising from their study of Genesis 1 and comment on how far these are helpful or inspiring, justifying their responses.
- Weigh up how far the Genesis 1 creation narrative is in conflict, or is complementary, with a scientific account, giving good reasons for their views.

How do Christians decide how to live? What would Jesus do? (Gospel)

Make sense of belief:

- Identify features of Gospel texts (for example, teachings, parable, narrative).
- Taking account of the context, suggest meanings of Gospel texts studied, and compare their own ideas with ways in which Christians interpret biblical texts.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between Gospel texts, Jesus' 'good news', and how Christians live in the Christian community and in their individual lives.

Make connections:

- Make connections between Christian teachings (e.g. about peace, forgiveness, healing) and the issues, problems and opportunities in the world today, including their own lives.
- Articulate their own responses to the issues studied, recognising different points of view.

For Christians, what kind of king was Jesus? (Kingdom of God)

Make sense of belief:

- Explain connections between biblical texts and the concept of the kingdom of God.
- Consider different possible meanings for the biblical texts studied, showing awareness of different interpretations.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between belief in the kingdom of God and how Christians put their beliefs into practice.
- Show how Christians put their beliefs into practice in different ways.

Make connections:

- Relate the Christian 'kingdom of God' model (i.e. loving others, serving the needy) to issues, problems and opportunities in the world today.
- Articulate their own responses to the idea of the importance of love and service in the world today.

What matters most to Humanists and Christians?

Make sense of belief:

- Identify and explain beliefs about why people are good and bad (e.g. Christian and Humanist).
- Make links with sources of authority that tell people how to be good (e.g. Christian ideas of 'being made in the image of God' but 'fallen', and Humanists saying people can be 'good without God').

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between Christian and Humanist ideas about being good and how people live.
- Suggest reasons why it might be helpful to follow a moral code and why it might be difficult, offering different points of view.

Make connections:

- Raise important questions and suggest answers about how and why people should be good.
- Make connections between the values studied and their own lives, and their importance in the world today, giving good reasons for their views.

Does faith help people in Cornwall when life gets hard? (Curriculum Kernewick)

Make sense of belief:

- Describe at least three examples of ways in which world views in Cornwall guide people in how to respond to good and hard times in life.
- Identify beliefs about life after death in at least two religious traditions, comparing and explaining similarities and differences.

Understand the impact:

- Make clear connections between what people in Cornwall believe about God and how they respond to challenges in life (e.g. suffering, bereavement).
- Give examples of ways in which beliefs about resurrection/ judgement/ heaven/reincarnation make a difference to how someone lives.

Make connections:

- Consider Cornwall as a place of refuge, inspiration and challenge.
- Offer a reasoned response to the unit question, with evidence and example, expressing insights of their own.