



E SAFETY POLICY

The Grove Primary School

Background to the policy

The purpose of this policy is to describe the safeguarding measures in place for adults and children in school:

- the ground rules we have developed in school for using the Internet and online technologies
- how these fit into the wider context of our other school policies
- the methods used to protect children from sites containing pornography, racist or politically extreme views and violence.

Ultimately, the responsibility for setting and conveying the standards that children are expected to follow when using technology, media and information resources, is one the school shares with parents and carers. At the Grove Primary School, we feel that the most successful approach lies in a combination of site filtering, of supervision and by fostering a responsible attitude in our pupils in partnership with parents.

The development of our safety policy involved...

Sarah Boulton, Computing Coordinator

Karen Martin, Headteacher

It was ratified by the governing body in October 2015

This policy will be available to view on the school website: <http://www.thegroveschool.net/website>

Rationale

At The Grove Primary school we believe that the use of information and communication technologies in schools brings great benefits. To live, learn and work successfully in an increasingly complex and information-rich society, our children must be able to use technology effectively.

The use of these exciting and innovative technology tools in school and at home has been shown to raise educational standards and promote pupil achievement. Yet at the same time we recognise that the use of these new technologies can put young people at risk within and outside the school. Some of the dangers they may face include:

- *Access to illegal, harmful or inappropriate images or other content*
- *Unauthorised access to / loss of / sharing of personal information*
- *The risk of being subject to grooming by those with whom they make contact on the internet.*
- *The sharing / distribution of personal images without an individual's consent or knowledge*
- *Inappropriate communication / contact with others, including strangers*
- *Cyber-bullying*
- *Access to unsuitable video / internet games*
- *An inability to evaluate the quality, accuracy and relevance of information on the internet*
- *Plagiarism and copyright infringement*
- *Illegal downloading of music or video files*
- *The potential for excessive use which may impact on the social and emotional development and learning of the young person.*

While children and young people need support to keep them safe online, the risks associated with the use of technology are not restricted to just them. E-Safety issues can also affect adults who work or are associated with the school. For example school and personal data being entered on web/social networking sites, fraudulent email traps and cyberbullying. It is impossible to eliminate risk completely. It is therefore essential, through good educational provision to manage the risk and deal with any threat to safety.

Teaching and Learning Using Online Technologies

The internet is a part of everyday life for education, business and social interaction.

Benefits of using online technologies in education include:

- Access to world-wide educational resources
- Inclusion in the National Education Network (NEN) connecting all UK schools and resources
- Access to experts who would otherwise be unavailable
- Access to anytime, anywhere learning
- Collaboration across schools, networks of schools and services

When using online technologies, it is essential that children understand how to behave in a safe and responsible manner and also how to react when faced with inappropriate content or situations which make them feel uncomfortable. At The Grove Primary School we believe that a comprehensive programme of e-safety education is vital for developing our pupils' ability to use technologies safely. This is achieved using a combination of discrete and embedded activities drawn from a selection of appropriate materials.

We believe that just as children learn how to swim by going to a swimming pool so they will learn safe life-long online behaviours by accessing and using the internet. Members of staff constantly monitor pupils' use of the internet and other technologies. Our programme for e-safety education is evidenced in teachers' planning either as discrete or embedded activities.

Messages involving Risks and Rules and Responsibilities are taught and/or reinforced as detailed in the school's Acceptable Use Policies (see appendices).

Technology in The Grove Primary school

The school's ICT infrastructure is designed to minimise the risks associated with adult and pupil use of technology. This is provided and maintained by both the East of England Broadband Network (E2BN) and the Local Authority's Education ICT Service.

E2BN's Protex web filtering system received full Becta (British Educational Communications and Technology Agency) accreditation in 2007 by blocking over 90% of all inappropriate material. E2BN also manage a distributed caching service which is integrated with the web filtering service.

Ref: E2BN Website

This helps to ensure that staff and pupils rarely encounter material which is inappropriate or offensive. If / when they do, the school's AUPs and e-safety education programme ensure that they are equipped to deal with any issues in the most appropriate way.

Technologies regularly used by pupils and adult stakeholders include:

Staff:

- Laptops and desktops
- iPads
- Cameras and video cameras, visualisers
- Internet, E-mail, central hosting including access to SIMS and confidential pupil information

Pupils:

- Laptops and desktops
- iPads
- Cameras and video cameras, visualisers
- Internet, discussion forums, blogs and other communication tools
- Other peripherals such as programmable toys, dataloggers, control technology equipment

Others on school premises:

- Limited access to school systems such as filtered internet access using a visitor login.

Throughout the school all pupils login to the school network using their year of intake as the username and password. When logged in all children will be able to access their own work folder and the shared pupil drive. All members of staff have individual, password protected logins to the school network and visitors to the school can access part of the network using a generic visitor login and password. The school's network can either be accessed using a wired or wireless connection. However, the wireless network is encrypted to the standards advised by the Local Authority and the wireless key is kept securely by the school office. School staff and pupils are **not** permitted to connect personal devices to the school's wireless network and the wireless key is **not** given to visitors to the school.

The E-Safety Curriculum

In line with recommendations in the E-Safety briefing for Ofsted Inspectors (Sept 2012) we plan to implement a range of age-related teaching and learning opportunities to help our pupils to become safe and responsible users of new technologies. These opportunities include:

- Termly Key stage assemblies
- Specific activities during safety day (traditionally held in February) and Anti-bullying week (held traditionally in November)
- Age-related classroom activities using the ThinkUKnow materials
- Related work in PSHE lessons
- Posters and reminders in and around the school

Safeguarding Children Online

Our School recognises that different users will be expected to use the school's technology systems in different ways – appropriate to their age or role in school. We acknowledge the need to:

Equip children to deal with exposure to harmful and inappropriate content and contact, and equip parents to help their children deal with these things and parent effectively around incidences of harmful and inappropriate conduct by their children.

UKCCIS (The UK Council for Child Internet Safety) – June 2008

The school has published Acceptable Use Policies for pupils, staff and parents who sign to indicate their acceptance of our AUPs and relevant sanctions which will be applied should rules be broken. Please see appendices for full details.

Any known or suspicious online misuse or problem will be reported to the designated E-Safety Co-ordinator for investigation/ action/ sanctions.

Responding to Incidents – (*Education Child Protection Service – June 2010*)

It is important that all members of staff – teaching and non-teaching – are aware of how to respond if an e-safety incident occurs or they suspect a child is at risk through their use of technology. It is important that responses to e-safety incidents are consistent with responses to other incidents in school. This may mean that serious actions have to be taken in some circumstances.

If an e-safety incident occurs The Grove Primary School will follow its agreed procedures for dealing with incidents including internal sanctions and involvement of parents (for ICT, this may include the deactivation of accounts or restricted access to systems as per the school's AUPs – see appendix). Where the school suspects that an incident may constitute a Child Protection issue, the usual Child Protection procedures will be followed.

Dealing with Incidents and Seeking Help

If a concern is raised, refer immediately to the designated person for child protection. If that is not possible refer to the headteacher or, if necessary, the Chair of Governors.

It is their responsibility to:

Step 1: Identify who is involved – any combination of child victim, child instigator, staff victim, or staff instigator

Step 2: Establish the kind of activity involved and whether it is illegal or inappropriate. If in doubt they should consult the Education Child Protection Service helpline.

Step 3: Ensure that the incident is documented using the standard child protection incident logging form (see appendix)

Depending on the judgements made at steps 1 and 2 the following actions should be taken:

Staff instigator – follow the standard procedures for Managing Allegations against a member of staff. If unsure seek advice from the Local Authority Designated Officer or Education Officer.

Staff victim – Seek advice from your Human Resources (HR) provider and/or Educational Child Protection Service

Illegal activity involving a child – refer directly to Cambridgeshire Constabulary – 0845 456 4564 – make clear that it is a child protection issue

Inappropriate activity involving a child – follow standard child protection procedures. If unsure seek advice from Education Child Protection Service helpline.

Equally, if the incident involves or leads to an allegation against a member of staff, the school will follow the agreed procedures for dealing with any allegation against a member of staff (see appendix).

Terms used in this policy

AUP: Acceptable Use Policy.

A document detailing the way in which new or emerging technologies may/may not be used – may also list sanctions for misuse.

Child: Where we use the term ‘child’ (or its derivatives), we mean ‘child or young person’; that is anyone who has not yet reached their eighteenth birthday.

E-safety: We use e-safety, and related terms such as ‘online’, ‘communication technologies’, and ‘digital technologies’ to refer to all fixed and mobile technologies that children may encounter, now and in the future, which might pose e-safety risks. We try to avoid using the term ‘ICT’ when talking about e-safety as this implies that it is a technical issue – which is not the case. The primary focus of e-safety is child protection: the issues should never be passed solely to technical staff to address.

PIES: A model for limiting e-safety risks based on a combined approach to **P**olicies, **I**nfrastructure and **E**ducation, underpinned by **S**tandards and inspection. Whilst not explicitly mentioned in this policy, this model provides the basis for the school’s approach to e-safety.

Safeguarding: Safeguarding is defined (for the purposes of this document) as the process of increasing resilience to risks when using technology through a combined approach to policies and procedures, infrastructure and education, underpinned by standards and inspection. E-safety is just one aspect of a much wider safeguarding agenda within the UK, under the banner of *Every Child Matters: Change for Children*. Those with responsibility for the development and delivery of e-safety policies should embed their work within the wider safeguarding agenda, and work across services to ensure that they are delivering the best possible opportunities for the children and young people in their care.

Schools: For ease of reading we refer predominantly to schools within this publication, but the underlying principles can be applied equally to any setting with responsibility for educating or safeguarding children and young people.

Users: We use this term, and related terms such as service users and end users, to mean those people who will ultimately be bound by the provisions of an AUP. This might be pupils, staff, parents and carers, or members of the wider community, depending on provisions of your AUP or the context in which you operate.

Appendices/Cross references:

- Professional boundaries in relation to your personal internet use and social networking online – advice to staff (LSCB)
- Behaviour policy
- Safeguarding and Child Protection
- SRE (Sex and Relationships Education)
- Citizenship and PSHE
- Safer Working Practices
- Data Protection Policy
- County guidance (e.g. Use of Digital Images, e-mail)
- AUPs- staff, pupil, parents
- Anti-Bullying Policy
- School Complaints Procedure
- LA Infrastructure guidance (E2BN)
- Cambridgeshire Progression in ICT Capability Materials
- Risk assessment log
- Incident Log
- ICT Policy