

# Holiday's: Knowledge Organiser

## Key Images



## Key Facts

The word 'holiday' comes from the Anglo-Saxon 'halig daeg' or 'holy day' when a day of rest from everyday work was taken in honour of some sacred event or holy person.

The first Seaside holidays began in 1700s and were only for the rich.

Seaside resorts developed when spa towns declined in popularity.

## Key Vocabulary

seaside	a place by the sea, especially a beach area or holiday resort.
beach	a pebbly or sandy shore between the sea and land.
holiday	a period of time when you don't go to work or school and often spent away from home.
promenade	a pathway along the beach
jetty	small pier where boats can be docked.

## Changes to Seaside Holidays

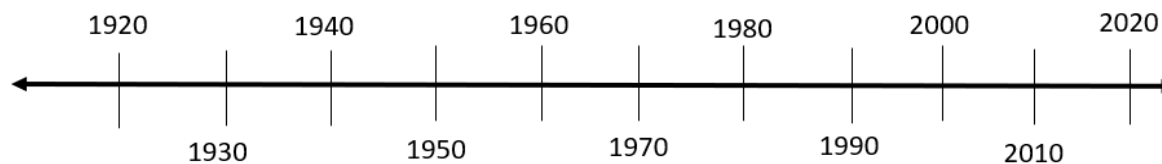
- The railway was invented in the 1840s.
- Then more people could go to the seaside.
- More hotels were built for people to stay in.
- Lots of beaches were given bathing machines.
- People got changed in the bathing machines.
- They did not like showing their bodies.



## Knowledge, skills and concepts

In this unit, the children will:

- learn about changes within living memory
- understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, similarity and difference
- ask historically valid questions
- identify similarities and differences between ways of life in different periods
- ask and answer questions
- understand some of the ways in which we find out about the past
- identify different ways in which the past is represented
- use a wide range of everyday historical terms
- use parts of stories and other sources to show they know and understand key features of events
- use sources to show they know and understand the past
- suggest reasons why changes took place.



We are going to be travelling back to the 1950s when your grandparents were children. This is called the recent past.

Can you find the year that you were born?