



The Woodlands Community Primary School

Spelling Patterns Planning – Year 5

Autumn Term

Week 1 –

Rule: Endings which sound like /shus/ spelt –cious or –tious –

vicious, precious, conscious, delicious, malicious, suspicious

ambitious, cautious, fictitious, infectious, nutritious

Word List – according, apparent, attached

Week 2 –

Rule: Words ending in –ant-

tolerant, observant, expectant, arrogant, blackcurrant, brilliant, truant

Word List - available, average, awkward

Week 3 –

Rule: ance/–ancy if there is a related word with a clear /a/ or /ai/ sound in the right position – ation endings are often a clue.

observance, tolerance, substance, circumstance, clearance, pittance, reliance, nuisance, radiance
infancy, pliancy, truancy, tenancy, vacancy

Word List - category, cemetery, competition

Week 4 –

Rule: words ending in –ent.

innocent, frequent, obedient, independent, ancient, patient, appointment

Word List – conscience

Week 5 –

Rule: ency after soft c (/s/ sound), soft g (/j/ sound) and qu, or if there is a related word with a clear /e/ sound in the right position.

decency, frequency, absorbency, currency, consistency, fluency, efficiency, emergency, leniency

Word List – bargain, bruise



Week 6 –

Rule: Words ending in –ence.

evidence, patience, obedience, independence, sentence, violence, dependence, difference, occurrence

Word List - communicate, community

Week 7 –

Rule: Words with the /ee/ sound spelt ei after c, (i before e, except after c).

deceive, conceive, receive, perceive, ceiling, deceit, conceit, receipt

Word List - hindrance, occupy, occur

Half-term

Week 8 –

*Rule: Words with ‘silent’ letters (i.e. letters which cannot be predicted from the pronunciation of the word)
Some letters which are no longer sounded used to be sounded hundreds of years ago.*

doubt, island, lamb, solemn, thistle, knight, handkerchief, knife, wrinkle, design, champagne, gnome

Word List - rhythm, sacrifice, suggest

Week 9 –

Rule: Double consonant.

accommodate, affection, appreciate, exaggerate, tomorrow, parallel, recommend, woollen, swimming, hopping

Word List - symbol, system, twelfth

Week 10 –

Rule: The sound spelt ei after c.

deceive, conceive, receive, perceive, ceiling

Word List – definite, desperate, determined

Week 11 –

Rule: ‘al’ at the end of a word.

musical, criminal, historical

Word List – variety, yacht



Week 12 –

Rule: ending 'ious'.

ferocious, gracious, vicious, delicious, malicious, suspicious, conscious, tenacious, precious

Word List –immediate, immediately, individual,

Week 13 –

Rule: ending 'ent'.

experiment, excellent, equivalent, sufficient, apparent, ancient, talent, opponent, permanent, urgent

Word List –interfere, thorough, vegetable

Week 14 –

Teach to the gaps.



Spring Term

Week 1 –

Rule: Suffix 'ly' The –ly suffix starts with a consonant, so it is added straight on to most root words unless they end with y. If the root word ends with y, the y is changed to i.

prettily, precisely, angrily, obviously, abruptly, brightly, casually, enviously, viciously, vibrantly

Word List – accommodate, accompany, achieve

Week 2 –

Rule: Prefix 'anti' means 'against'.

Prefixes are added to the beginning of root words without any changes in spelling.

Word List – aggressive, amateur, ancient

Week 3 –

Rule: Prefix 'super' means 'above'.

Prefixes are added to the beginning of root words without any changes in spelling.
superbug, supergalaxy, supersonic, superstition, supertanker, supervene, supervise, superficial

Word List – critic, criticise, curiosity

Week 4 –

Rule: Prefix 'tele' means 'distant or across a distance'.

Prefixes are added to the beginning of root words without any changes in spelling.
telegraph, telecommunication, teleconference, telefilm, telecast, telephonic

Word List – disastrous, embarrass, environment

Week 5 –

Rule: Homophones or near homophones-and words that are often confused.

One of two or more words, such as night and knight, that are pronounced the same but differ in meaning, origin, and sometimes spelling.

son/sun, need/knead, deer/dear, sale/sail, bare/bear, hair/hare, place/plaice

Word List – forty, frequently, harass



Week 6 –

Rule: Suffix 'ous'.

ambitious, anxious, curious, gracious, infectious, jealous, outrageous, treacherous, poisonous.

Word List – government, guarantee, identity,

Week 7 –

Rule: Suffixes: ation.

pronunciation, interpretation, exasperation, consideration, separation, desolation, imagination, variation, accusation, categorisation

Word List – muscle, necessary, neighbour

Half-term

Week 8 –

Rule: To understand that 'ough' can have different pronunciations. (Words containing the letter-string 'ough').

thoughtful, drought, throughout, doughnut, fought, sought, trough, snowplough, bough

Word List – appreciate, committee, conscious

Week 9 –

Rule: Most prefixes are added to the beginning of root words without any changes in spelling, the prefix dis– has a negative meanings.

disappoint, disagree, disobey, disallow, disable, disclose, disguise, dishonour, disclose, discreet, discomfort, disguise

Word List – interrupt, language, leisure

Week 10 -

Rule: Most prefixes are added to the beginning of root words without any changes in spelling, the prefix mis– has a negative meaning.

misbehave, mislead, mishandle, misplaced, misguided, mislaid, misread, misbelieve, misadventure, misdial, miscued, mistake

Word List – lightning, marvellous, mischievous



Week 11 -

Rule: Homophones or near homophones-and words that are often confused.

One of two or more words, such as night and knight, that are pronounced the same but differ in meaning, origin, and sometimes spelling.

In these pairs of words, nouns end **-ce** and verbs end **-se**. Advice and advise provide a useful clue as the word advise (verb) is pronounced with a /z/ sound – which could not be spelt c.

aisle: a gangway between seats (in a church, train, plane)

isle: an island

aloud: out loud

allowed: permitted

affect: usually a verb (e.g. The weather may affect our plans.)

effect: usually a noun (e.g. It may have an effect on our plans.).

Week 12 -

Rule: Homophones or near homophones-and words that are often confused.

One of two or more words, such as night and knight, that are pronounced the same but differ in meaning, origin, and sometimes spelling.

If a verb, it means 'bring about' (e.g. He will effect changes in the running of the business.).

altar: a table-like piece of furniture in a church

alter: to change

ascent: the act of ascending (going up)

assent: to agree/agreement (verb and noun)

bridal: to do with a bride at a wedding

bridle: reins etc. for controlling a horse

cereal: made from grain (e.g. breakfast cereal)

serial: adjective from the noun series – a succession of things one after the other

compliment: to make nice remarks about someone (verb) or the remark that is made (noun)

complement: related to the word complete – to make something complete or more complete (e.g. her scarf complemented her outfit)



Summer Term

Week 1 –

Rule: Unstressed vowels.

frightening, specialist, secretary, general, nuisance, literature, recreational, jewellery

Word List – nuisance, opportunity, parliament

Week 2 –

Rule: Silent Vowels.

aisle, people, memorable, library, guidance, biscuit, source, cushion, diamond, miserable, tongue, carriage

Word List – persuade, physical, prejudice

Week 3 –

Rule: Suffix: ance.

annoyance, grievance, reliance, ignorance, compliance, hindrance, maintenance, importance, assurance
repentance

Word List – pronunciation, queue, recognise

Week 4 –

Rule: Suffix: tial.

essential, substantial, preferential, impartial, potential, celestial, influential, providential, circumstantial, consequential

Word List – recommend, relevant, restaurant

Week 5 –

Teach to the gaps.

Week 6 –

Rule: Useful words.

sincerely, temperature, mysterious, disguised, successful, extremely

Word List – rhyme, shoulder, signature

Half-term



Week 7 –

Rule: Suffixes – ‘ence’

experience, coincidence, audience, innocence, difference, persistence, intelligence, existence, impatience

Word List – soldier, stomach, sufficient

Week 8 –

Rule: ending ‘cial’.

social, special, official, financial, commercial, crucial, artificial, beneficial, superficial, facial

Word List – temperature, vehicle

Week 9 –

Rule: ending ‘tial’.

potential, essential, initial, substantial, partial, confidential, impartial, torrential, palatial, martial

Word List – sincere, sincerely

Week 10 –

Rule: Homophones or near homophones-and words that are often confused.

One of two or more words, such as night and knight, that are pronounced the same but differ in meaning, origin, and sometimes spelling.

descent: the act of descending (going down)

dissent: to disagree/disagreement (verb and noun)

desert: as a noun – a barren place (stress on first syllable); as a verb – to abandon (stress on second syllable)

dessert: (stress on second syllable) a sweet course after the main course of a meal

disinterested: not having a personal stake in the matter (a World Cup referee must be disinterested – i.e. must not be from one of the countries playing in the match)

uninterested: not interested, bored (a referee should be inter-ested, not uninterested, in football)

draft: noun – a first attempt at writing something; verb – to make the first attempt; also, to

draw in someone (e.g. to draft in extra help)

draught: a current of air

Week 11 –

Teach to the gaps.

Week 12 –

Teach to the gaps.

