

St Teresa's Maths Curriculum Overview

AUTUMN TERM weeks 1-14

SPRING TERM weeks 1-11

SUMMER TERM weeks 1-12

Every learning objective is visited at least once, with most learning objectives being visited multiple times. The first time a learning objective appears it is underlined and subsequently *italics* are used to show when objectives have been covered previously. For some sequences there appear to be quite a few learning objectives, but those that are being revisited may not need to be the focus of the sequence; they provide essential building blocks connecting new learning to previous experiences.

| Year Group | Number Sense | | Additive Reasoning | | Multiplicative Reasoning | | Geometry | |
|------------|--|------------------|--|------------------|---|------------------|---|-------------------|
| | Sequence references | Weeks | Sequence references | Weeks | Sequence references | Weeks | Sequence references | Weeks |
| 1 | 1.1 | Weeks 1-3 | 1.2 | Weeks 4-6 | 1.7 | Weeks 1-3 | 1.3 | Weeks 7-8 |
| | <p>Number, place value and rounding</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>count to and across 100, forwards and backwards.</u> <u>beginning with 0 or 1</u> <u>count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals</u> <u>given a number, identify one more and one less</u> <p><u>identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least</u></p> <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>compare, describe and solve practical problems for:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>lengths and heights [for example, long / short, longer / shorter, tall / short, double / half]</u> <u>mass or weight [for example, heavy / light, heavier than, lighter than]</u> <u>capacity / volume [for example, full / empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]</u> <u>recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years.</u> | | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>given a number, identify one more and one less</u> <p><u>Addition and subtraction</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20</u> <u>solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as such as $7 = \square - 9$</u> <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]</u> <u>recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years.</u> | | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos and tens</u> <p>Multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher</u> <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.</u> | | <p>Geometry: properties of shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]</u> <u>3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]</u> <p>Geometry: position and direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>describe position, direction and movement.</u> | |
| | | | | | 1.13 | Weeks 6-8 | 1.10 | Weeks 9-10 |
| | | | | | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in multiples of twos, fives and tens</u> <p>Multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher</u> | | <p>Geometry: properties of shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including:</u> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]</u> <u>3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]</u> <p>Geometry: position and direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <u>describe position, direction and</u> | |

1.4 Weeks 9-10

Number and place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals
- given a number, identify one more and one less
- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least

Measurement

- compare, describe and solve practical problems for:
 - lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/ shorter, tall/short, double/half]
 - mass or weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]
 - capacity/volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]
 - time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]
- recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years.

1.6 Weeks 13-14

Number and place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos and tens
- given a number, identify one more and one less
- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of:

1.5 Weeks 11-12

Number and place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards,
- beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- given a number, identify one more and one less

Addition and subtraction

- represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$.

1.9 Weeks 7-8

Number and place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- given a number, identify one more and one less

Addition and subtraction

- read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs
- represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero
- solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 29$

Measurement

- sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]
- recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week,

Fractions

- recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity
- recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity

Measurement

- recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes
- tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.

movement.

1.14 Weeks 9-10

Fractions

- recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity
- recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity

Geometry: properties of shapes

- recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including:
 - 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]
 - 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres]

Geometry: position and direction

- describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.

equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least

Measurement

- recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.

1.11 Weeks 11

1.11 Weeks 1-2

Number and place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals, count in multiples of twos, fives and tens
- given a number, identify one more and one less
- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least
- read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words

Measurement

- measure and begin to record the following:
 - lengths and heights
 - mass/weight
 - capacity and volume
 - time (hours, minutes, seconds)
- recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes
- sequence events in a chronological order using language (for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon, and evening)

weeks, months and years.

1.12 Weeks 1-5

Number and place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- given a number, identify one more and one less

Addition and subtraction

- read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (–) and equals (=) signs
- represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero
- solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as $7 = \square - 9$

1.6 **Weeks 13-14**

Number and place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos and tens
- given a number, identify one more and one less
- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least

Measurement

- recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.

1.8 **Weeks 4-6**

Number and place value

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos and tens
- given a number, identify one more and one less
- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least

Measurement

- measure and begin to record the following:
 - lengths and heights
 - mass/weight
 - capacity and volume
- recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.

| Year Group | Number Sense | | Additive Reasoning | | Multiplicative Reasoning | | Geometry | |
|------------|--|-------|---|-------|--|-------|---|-------|
| | Sequence references | Weeks | Sequence references | Weeks | Sequence references | Weeks | Sequence references | Weeks |
| 2 | 2.1 Weeks 1-3 | | 2.2 Weeks 4-6 | | 2.7 weeks 1-3 | | 2.3 Weeks 7-8 | |
| | <p>Number, place value and rounding</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count in steps of 2 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100 read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals use place value and number facts to solve problems <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> compare and order lengths, mass, volume / capacity compare and sequence intervals of time <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity | | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) use place value and number facts to solve problems <p>Addition and subtraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve problems with addition and subtraction: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures applying their increasing knowledge of mental methods recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a two-digit number and ones a two-digit number and tens adding three one-digit numbers <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data. | | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward <p>Multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (x), division (÷) and equals (=) signs show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value find different combinations of coins to equal the same amounts of money tell and write the time to five minutes know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. | | <p>Geometry: properties of shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects <p>Geometry: position and direction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement. | |
| | 2.4 Weeks 9-10 | | | | | | 2.10 Weeks 9-10 | |
| | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count in steps of 2 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones) identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals | | | | | | <p>Geometry: properties of shape</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid] compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects <p>Geometry: position and direction</p> | |

- use place value and number facts to solve problems

Measurement

- compare and order lengths, mass, volume / capacity and record the results using >, < and =
- compare and sequence intervals of time

Statistics

- ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity

2.6 Weeks 13-14

Number and place value

- count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward

Multiplication and division

- recognise odd and even numbers

Statistics

- interpret and construct simple pictograms, tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables
- ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity.

2.8 Weeks 4-6

Number and place value

- count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward
- recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)
- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line
- compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs
- read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals

2.5 Weeks 11-12

Number and place value

- count in tens from any number, forward and backward
- recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)
- use place value and number facts to solve problems

Addition and subtraction

- solve problems with addition and subtraction:
 - using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures
 - applying their increasing knowledge of mental methods
- recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100
- add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:
 - a two-digit number and ones
 - a two-digit number and tens
 - adding three one-digit numbers
- show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot
- recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems

Measurement

- recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value
- find different combinations of coins to equal the same amounts of money
- solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change

2.13 Weeks 6-8

Number and place value

- count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward

Multiplication and division

- recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 2, 5 and 10 multiplication tables, including recognising odd and even numbers
- calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division within the multiplication tables and write them using the multiplication (\times), division (\div) and equals (=) signs
- show that multiplication of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and division of one number by another cannot
- solve problems involving multiplication and division, using materials, arrays, repeated addition, mental methods, and multiplication and division facts, including problems in contexts

Fractions

- recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity
- write simple fractions for example $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$.

Measurement

- tell and write the time to five minutes, including quarter past / to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times
- know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.

- order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences
- use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement.

2.14 Weeks 9-10

Geometry: properties of shape

- identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line
- identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces
- identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on a pyramid]
- compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects

Geometry: position and direction

- order and arrange combinations of mathematical objects in patterns and sequences
- use mathematical vocabulary to describe position, direction and movement, including movement in a straight line and
- distinguishing between rotation as a turn and in terms of right angles for quarter, half and three-quarter turns (clockwise and anti-clockwise)

Fractions

- recognise, find, name and write fractions $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of a length, shape, set of objects or quantity
- write simple fractions for example, $\frac{1}{2}$ of 6 = 3 and recognise the equivalence of $\frac{2}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$

- use place value and number facts to solve problems

Measurement

- choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length / height in any direction (m / cm); mass (kg / g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres / ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels
- compare and order lengths, mass, volume / capacity and record the results using >, < and =
- compare and sequence intervals of time.

2.11 Weeks 11

2.11 Weeks 1-2

Number and place value

- count in steps of 2, 3 and 5 from 0 and in tens from any number, forward and backward
- recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)
- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations, including the number line
- compare and order numbers from 0 up to 100; use <, > and = signs
- read and write numbers to at least 100 in numerals and in words
- use place value and number facts to solve problems

Measurement

- choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and measure length / height in any direction (m / cm); mass (kg / g); temperature (°C); capacity (litres / ml) to the nearest appropriate unit, using rulers, scales, thermometers and measuring vessels
- compare and order lengths, mass, volume / capacity and record the results using >, < and = compare and sequence intervals of time

Statistics

- interpret and construct simple pictograms,

Statistics

- ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data

2.9 Weeks 7-8

Number and place value

- count in tens from any number, forward and backward
- recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)
- use place value and number facts to solve problems

Addition and subtraction

- solve problems with addition and subtraction:
 - using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures
 - applying their increasing knowledge of mental methods
- recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100
- add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:
 - a two-digit number and ones
 - a two-digit number and tens
 - two two-digit numbers
 - adding three one-digit numbers
- show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot
- recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems

Measurement

- recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value
- find different combinations of coins to equal the same amounts of money

tally charts, block diagrams and simple tables

- *ask and answer simple questions by counting the number of objects in each category and sorting the categories by quantity.*

- *solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change.*

Statistics

- *ask and answer questions about totalling and comparing categorical data.*

2.12 Weeks 3-5

Number and place value

- *count in tens from any number, forward and backward*
- *recognise the place value of each digit in a two-digit number (tens, ones)*
- *use place value and number facts to solve problems*

Addition and subtraction

- *solve problems with addition and subtraction:*
 - *using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures*
 - *applying their increasing knowledge of mental methods and written methods*
- *recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently, and derive and use related facts up to 100*
- *add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including:*
 - *a two-digit number and ones*
 - *a two-digit number and tens*
 - *two two-digit numbers*
 - *adding three one-digit numbers*
- *show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot*
- *recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems*

Statistics

- *ask and answer questions about totalling and compare categorical data.*

| Year Group | Number Sense | | Additive Reasoning | | Multiplicative Reasoning | | Geometry | |
|---|---|--|---|--|---|---|--|--------------------|
| | Sequences | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks |
| 3 | 3.1 | Weeks 1-3 | 3.2 | Weeks 4-6 | 3.3 | Weeks 7-9 | 3.4 | Weeks 10-11 |
| | Number and place value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count from 0 in multiples of 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) compare and order numbers up to 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas. | | Addition and subtraction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> add and subtract numbers mentally, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a three-digit number and ones a three-digit number and tens a three-digit number and hundreds add and subtract numbers with up to three digits estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction | | Number and place value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 <i>Multiplication and division</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects. | | Geometry: properties of shapes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> draw 2-D shapes, and make 3-D shapes using modeling materials; 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle. | |
| | 3.5 | Weeks 12-13 | Measurement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m / cm / mm); mass (kg / g); volume / capacity (l / ml) add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts | | 3.8 Weeks 6-8 | | 3.9 Weeks 9-10 | |
| | Number and place value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones) compare and order numbers up to 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas | | Statistics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables. | | Number and place value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100 | | Geometry: properties of shapes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> draw 2-D shapes, and make 3-D shapes using modeling materials; recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines. | |
| Measurement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m / cm / mm); mass (kg / g); olume / capacity (l / ml) | | 3.6 Weeks 14 3.6 Weeks 1-2 | | Multiplication and division <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3,4 and 8 multiplication tables write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division including positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects | | 3.14 Weeks 10-11 | | |
| Fractions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count up and down in tenths, recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit | | Addition and subtraction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> add and subtract numbers mentally, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a three-digit number and ones a three-digit number and tens a three-digit number and hundreds | | | | Geometry: properties of shape <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise that angles are a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise that two right angles make a half-turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or | | |

numbers or quantities by 10.

3.7 Weeks 3-5

Number and place value

- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations

Fractions

- count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
- recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$]
- compare and order unit fractions and fractions with the same denominator
- solve problems that involve all of the above.

3.10 Weeks 11

3.10 Weeks 1

Number and place value

- count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100; find 10 or 100 more or less than a given number
- recognise the place value of each digit in a three-digit number (hundreds, tens, ones)
- compare and order numbers up to 1000
- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
- read and write numbers up to 1000 in numerals and in words solve number problems and practical problems involving these ideas

Measurement

- tell and write the time from an analogue clock, including using Roman numerals from I to XII, and 12-hour and 24-hour clocks
- estimate and read time with increasing accuracy to the nearest minute; record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock,

- add and subtract numbers with up to three digits
- estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers
- solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction

Measurement

- measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m / cm / mm); mass (kg / g); volume / capacity (l / ml)
- add and subtract amounts of money to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts

Statistics

- interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables
- solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables.

3.11 Weeks 2-4

Addition and subtraction

- add and subtract numbers mentally, including:
 - a three-digit number and ones
 - a three-digit number and tens
 - a three-digit number and hundreds
- add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction
- estimate the answer to a calculation and use inverse operations to check answers
- solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction

Measurement

- measure, compare, add and subtract: lengths (m / cm / mm); mass (kg / g); volume / capacity (l / ml)
- add and subtract amounts of money to

Fractions

- count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
- recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
- solve problems that involve all of the above.

3.13 Weeks 7-9

Number and place value

- count from 0 in multiples of 4, 8, 50 and 100

Multiplication and division

- recall and use multiplication and division facts for the 3, 4 and 8 multiplication tables
- write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including for two-digit numbers times one-digit numbers, using mental and progressing to formal written methods
- solve problems, including missing number problems, involving multiplication and division; solve positive integer scaling problems and correspondence problems in which n objects are connected to m objects.

Fractions

- count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and in dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10
- recognise, find and write fractions of a discrete set of objects: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators
- solve problems that involve all of the above.

Measurement

- know the number of seconds in a minute

less than a right angle

- identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines
- measure the perimeter of simple 2-D shapes.

a.m. / p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight

- know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year
- compare durations of events, [for example, to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]

Statistics

- *interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables.*

3.12 Weeks 5-6

Number and place value

- *identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations*

Fractions

- *count up and down in tenths; recognise that tenths arise from dividing an object into 10 equal parts and dividing one-digit numbers or quantities by 10*
- *recognise and use fractions as numbers: unit fractions and non-unit fractions with small denominators*
- recognise and show, using diagrams, equivalent fractions with small denominators
- *add and subtract fractions with the same denominator within one whole [for example, $\frac{5}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{6}{7}$]*
- *compare and order unit fractions and fractions with the same denominator.*
- *solve problems that involve all of the above.*

give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts

- *record and compare time in terms of seconds, minutes and hours; use vocabulary such as o'clock, a.m. / p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight*
- *know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year*
- *compare durations of events, [for example, to calculate the time taken by particular events or tasks]*

Statistics

- *interpret and present data using bar charts, pictograms and tables solve one-step and two-step questions [for example, 'How many more?' and 'How many fewer?'] using information presented in scaled bar charts and pictograms and tables*

and the number of days in each month, year and leap year.

| Year Group | Number Sense | | Additive Reasoning | | Multiplicative Reasoning | | Geometry | |
|------------|---|--------------------|---|------------------|--|------------------|--|--------------------|
| 4 | Sequences | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks |
| | 4.1 | Weeks 1-3 | 4.2 | Weeks 4-6 | 4.3 | Weeks 7-9 | 4.4 | Weeks 10-11 |
| | Number and place value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count in multiples of 1000 find 1000 more or less than a given number recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) order and compare numbers beyond 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers. | | Addition and subtraction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of <u>columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate</u> estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why Measurement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence Statistics <ul style="list-style-type: none"> interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate <u>graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs</u> solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in <u>bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.</u> | | Number and place value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 Multiplication and divisions <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12×12 use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects. | | Geometry: properties of shapes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations. | |
| | 4.5 | Weeks 12-13 | 4.6 | Weeks 14 | 4.8 | Weeks 6-8 | 4.9 | Weeks 9-10 |
| | Number and place value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count in multiples of 1000 find 1000 more or less than a given number count backwards through zero to include negative numbers recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones) order and compare numbers beyond 1000 identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000 solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers read Roman numerals to 100 (I to C) and know that, over time, the numeral system changed to include the concept of zero and <u>place value.</u> | | 4.6 Weeks 1-2 Addition and subtraction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of <u>columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate</u> estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why Measurement <ul style="list-style-type: none"> estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence | | Number and place value <ul style="list-style-type: none"> count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000 Multiplication and division <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12×12 use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects | | Geometry: properties of shapes <ul style="list-style-type: none"> compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes Geometry: position and direction <ul style="list-style-type: none"> describe positions on a 2-D grid as <u>coordinates in the first quadrant</u> describe movements between positions as translations of a given unit to the left / right and up / down plot specified points and draw sides to complete a given polygon. | |
| | | | | | | | 4.14 | Weeks 10-11 |
| | | | | | | | Geometry: properties of shape <ul style="list-style-type: none"> compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes identify acute and obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations complete a simple symmetric figure | |

4.7 Weeks 3-5

Fractions (including decimals)

- count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten
- recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator
- recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths
- recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$
- find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths
- round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number
- compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places

Measurement

- convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre].

4.10 Weeks 11

4.10 Weeks 1

Number and place value

- count in multiples of 1000
- find 1000 more or less than a given number
- count backwards through zero to include negative numbers
- recognise the place value of each digit in a four-digit number (thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones)
- order and compare numbers beyond 1000
- identify, represent and estimate numbers using different representations
- round any number to the nearest 10, 100 or 1000
- solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above and with increasingly large positive numbers

Statistics

- interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs
- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.

4.11 Weeks 2-4

Addition and subtraction

- add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate
- estimate and use inverse operations to check answers to a calculation
- solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

Statistics

- interpret and present discrete and continuous data using appropriate graphical methods, including bar charts and time graphs
- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs

Fractions (including decimals)

- solve simple measure and money problems involving fractions and decimals to two decimal places

Measurement

- estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence

Fractions (including decimals)

- solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number

Measurement

- solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days.

4.13 Weeks 7-9

Number and place value

- count in multiples of 6, 7, 9, 25 and 1000

Multiplication and division

- recall multiplication and division facts for multiplication tables up to 12×12
- use place value, known and derived facts to multiply and divide mentally, including: multiplying by 0 and 1; dividing by 1; multiplying together three numbers
- recognise and use factor pairs and commutativity in mental calculations
- multiply two-digit and three-digit numbers by a one-digit number using formal written layout
- solve problems involving multiplying and adding, including using the distributive law to multiply two digit numbers by one digit, integer scaling and harder correspondence problems such as n objects are connected to m objects.

Fractions (including decimals)

- solve problems involving increasingly harder fractions to calculate quantities, and fractions to divide quantities, including non-unit fractions where the answer is a whole number

Measurement

- solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to

with respect to a specific line of symmetry

Measurement

- measure and calculate the perimeter of a rectilinear figure (including squares) in centimetres and metres
- find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares.

Measurement

- *convert between different units of measure [for example, hour to minute]*
- *read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12- and 24-hour clocks*
- *solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days*

Statistics

- *solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in bar charts, pictograms, tables and other graphs.*

4.12 Weeks 5-6

Fractions (including decimals)

- *count up and down in hundredths; recognise that hundredths arise when dividing an object by one hundred and dividing tenths by ten*
- *recognise and show, using diagrams, families of common equivalent fractions*
- *add and subtract fractions with the same denominator*
- *recognise and write decimal equivalents of any number of tenths or hundredths*
- *recognise and write decimal equivalents to $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{3}{4}$.*
- *find the effect of dividing a one- or two-digit number by 10 and 100, identifying the value of the digits in the answer as ones, tenths and hundredths*
- *round decimals with one decimal place to the nearest whole number*
- *compare numbers with the same number of decimal places up to two decimal places*

Measurement

- *convert between different units of measure [for example, kilometre to metre].*

days.

| Year Group | Number Sense | | Additive Reasoning | | Multiplicative Reasoning | | Geometry | |
|------------|---|-------|--|-------|---|-------|--|-------|
| | Sequences | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks |
| 5 | 5.1 Weeks 1-3 | | 5.2 Weeks 4-6 | | 5.3 Weeks 7-9 | | 5.4 Weeks 10-11 | |
| | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000 round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000 solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above <p>Multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 <p>Fractions (including decimals and percentages)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$] recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places solve problems involving number up to three decimal places Measurement convert between different units of metric measure (for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre) solve problems involving converting between units of time. | | <p>Addition and subtraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables. | | <p>Multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs of a number, and common factors of two numbers multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a formal written method multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000 solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling. | | <p>Geometry: properties of shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ($^{\circ}$) identify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90° use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles. | |
| | 5.5 Weeks 12-13 | | 5.6 Weeks 14 | | 5.8 Weeks 5-7 | | 5.9 Weeks 8-9 | |
| | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> read, write, order and compare numbers to at least | | <p>5.6 Weeks 1-2</p> <p>Addition and subtraction</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction) add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why | | <p>Multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates establish whether a number up to 100 is | | <p>Geometry: properties of shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles draw given angles, and measure them in degrees ($^{\circ}$) Identify: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) angles at a point on a straight line and $\frac{1}{2}$ a turn (total 180°) other multiples of 90° use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find | |

1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit

- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero
- round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above
- read Roman numerals to 1000 (M) and recognise years written in Roman numerals

Multiplication and division

- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$]
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to three decimal places

Measurement

- convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimeter and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre)
- solve problems involving converting between units of time.

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- solve problems involving number up to three decimal places
- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling
- measure and calculate the perimeter

Statistics

- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.

5.11 Weeks 1-3

Addition and subtraction

- add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)
- add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers
- use rounding to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$]
- add and subtract fractions with the same denominator and denominators that are multiples of the same number
- solve problems involving number up to three decimal places

Measurement

- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length,

prime and recall prime numbers up to 19

- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using a formal written method
- multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (²) and cubed (³)
- solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

Measurement

- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling.

5.13 Weeks 6-8

Multiplication and division

- identify multiples and factors, including finding all factor pairs, and common factors of two numbers
- know and use the vocabulary of prime numbers, prime factors and composite (non-prime) numbers
- establish whether a number up to 100 is prime and recall prime numbers up to 19

missing lengths and angles

- distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

Geometry: position and direction

- identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed.

5.14 Weeks 9-11

Geometry: properties of shapes

- use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles
- distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles

Geometry: position and direction

- identify, describe and represent the position of a shape following a reflection or translation, using the appropriate language, and know that the shape has not changed

Measurement

- measure and calculate the perimeter of composite rectilinear shapes in centimetres and metres
- calculate and compare the area of rectangles (including squares), and including using standard units, square
- centimetres (cm²) and square metres (m²) and estimate the area of irregular shapes
- estimate volume [for example, using 1 cm³ blocks to build cuboids (including cubes)] and capacity [for example, using water].

5.7 Weeks 3-4

Multiplication and division

- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements > 1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$]
- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$]
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that percent relates to "number of parts per hundred", and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal
- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths.

5.10 Weeks 10-11

Number and place value

- read, write, order and compare numbers to at least 1 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- count forwards or backwards in steps of powers of 10 for any given number up to 1 000 000
- interpret negative numbers in context, count forwards and backwards with positive and negative whole numbers including through zero
- round any number up to 1 000 000 to the nearest 10, 100, 1000, 10 000 and 100 000
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above

mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling

- solve problems involving converting between units of time

Statistics

- solve comparison, sum and difference problems using information presented in a line graph
- complete, read and interpret information in tables, including timetables.

- multiply numbers up to 4 digits by a one- or two-digit number using a formal written method including long multiplication for two-digit numbers
- multiply and divide numbers mentally drawing upon known facts
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a one-digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context
- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000
- recognise and use square numbers and cube numbers, and the notation for squared (2) and cubed (3)
- solve problems involving multiplication and division including using their knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign
- solve problems involving multiplication and division, including scaling by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- identify, name and write equivalent fractions of a given fraction, represented visually including tenths and hundredths
- multiply proper fractions and mixed numbers by whole numbers, supported by materials and diagrams
- solve problems which require knowing percentage and decimal equivalents of $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{4}{5}$ and those with a denominator of a multiple of 10 or 25

Measurement

- use all four operations to solve problems involving measure [for example, length, mass, volume, money] using decimal notation including scaling
- understand and use approximate

Multiplication and division

- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$]
- read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$]
- recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents
- round decimals with two decimal places to the nearest whole number and to one decimal place
- read, write, order and compare numbers with up to three decimal places
- solve problems involving number up to three decimal places

Measurement

- convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; metre and centimetre; centimeter and millimetre; kilogram and gram; litre and millilitre)
- solve problems involving converting between units of time.

5.12 Weeks 4-5**Multiplication and division**

- multiply and divide whole numbers and those involving decimals by 10, 100 and 1000

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- compare and order fractions whose denominators are all multiples of the same number
- recognise mixed numbers and improper fractions and convert from one form to the

equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints

- solve problems involving converting between units of time.

other and write mathematical statements >1 as a mixed number [for example, $\frac{2}{5} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{6}{5} = 1\frac{1}{5}$]

- *read and write decimal numbers as fractions [for example, $0.71 = \frac{71}{100}$]*
- *recognise and use thousandths and relate them to tenths, hundredths and decimal equivalents*
- *recognise the per cent symbol (%) and understand that per cent relates to “number of parts per hundred”, and write percentages as a fraction with denominator 100, and as a decimal.*

Measurement

- *convert between different units of metric measure [for example, kilometre and metre; centimetre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre].*

| Year Group | Number Sense | | Additive Reasoning | | Multiplicative Reasoning | | Geometry | |
|------------|--|--------------------|--|------------------|---|------------------|---|--------------------|
| 6 | Sequences | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks | Sequence | Weeks |
| | 6.1 | Weeks 1-3 | 6.2 | Weeks 4-6 | 6.3 | Weeks 7-9 | 6.4 | Weeks 10-11 |
| | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy solve number and practical problems that involve all of the above <p>Fractions (including decimals and percentages)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places convert between miles and kilometres. | | <p>Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why solve problems involving addition, subtraction use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy <p>Fractions (including decimals and percentages)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy <p>Algebra</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> use simple formulae generate and describe linear number sequences express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three | | <p>Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy <p>Fractions (including decimals and percentages)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places <p>Ratio and proportion</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and | | <p>Geometry: properties of shapes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles <p>Algebra</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> use simple formulae express missing number problems algebraically find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles recognise when it is possible to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes. | |
| | 6.5 | Weeks 12-13 | | | | | | |
| | <p>Number and place value</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above <p>Fractions (including decimals and percentages)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places | | | | | | | |

Measurement

- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places.

6.7 Weeks 3-4

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
- compare and order fractions, including fractions >1
- associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, $\frac{3}{8}$]
- recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different context
- identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal

decimal places

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.

6.6 Weeks 14

6.6 Weeks 1-2

Addition and subtraction

- use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero

Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction
- use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation

the use of percentages for comparison

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables.

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems
- calculate and interpret the mean as an average.

6.8 Weeks 5-7

Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

- multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context
- divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders

6.9 Weeks 8-9

Geometry: properties of shapes

- draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
- recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets
- compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
- illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius

Geometry: position and direction

- describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
- draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

Measurement

- calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles
- recognise when it is possible to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes
- calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimeters (cm^3) and cubic metres (m^3) and extending to other units, [for example, mm^3 and km^3]

Ratio and proportion

- Solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found.

places

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.

6.10 Weeks 10-11

Number and place value

- read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10 000 000 and determine the value of each digit
- round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy
- use negative numbers in context, and calculate intervals across zero
- solve number problems and practical problems that involve all of the above

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
- compare and order fractions, including fractions >1
- identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places

Measurement

- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation up to three decimal places

6.12 Weeks 4-5

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination
- compare and order fractions, including fractions >1
- associate a fraction with division and

and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate

- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places

Statistics

- interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems.

6.11 Weeks 1-3

Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division

- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
- use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy

Fractions (including decimal and percentages)

- add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions
- solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an

according to the context

- perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers
- identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers
- use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations
- solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
- use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy

Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places

Ratio and proportion

- solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison
- solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities, where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts
- solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples
- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal

6.14 Weeks 9-11

Geometry: properties of shapes

- draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles
- recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets
- compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons
- illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius
- recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles

Geometry: position, direction, motion

- describe positions on the full coordinate grid (all four quadrants)
- draw and translate simple shapes on the coordinate plane, and reflect them in the axes

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

Measurement

- recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa
- calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles
- recognise when it is necessary to use the formulae for area and volume of shapes
- calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic

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| <p>calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, $\frac{3}{8}$]</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts ● identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places <p>Algebra</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● use simple formulae ● generate and describe linear number sequences ● express missing number problems algebraically ● find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate ● use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems. | <p>equation with two unknowns</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables <p>Measurement</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate ● use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems ● calculate and interpret the mean as an average. | <p>places where appropriate</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places ● convert between miles and kilometres <p>Statistics</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems ● calculate and interpret the mean as an average. <p>6.13 Weeks 6-8</p> <p>Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the efficient written method of long multiplication ● divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context ● divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context ● perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers ● identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers ● use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations ● solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division ● use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy | <p>centimeters (cm^3) and cubic metres (m^3) and extending to other units, [for example, mm^3 and km^3]</p> <p>Ratio and proportion</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found |
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Fractions (including decimals and percentages)

- multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$]
- divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for example, $\frac{1}{3} \div 2 = \frac{1}{6}$]
- multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers
- use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places

Ratio and proportion

- solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as 15% of 360] and the use of percentages for comparison
- solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities, where missing values can be found by using multiplication and division facts
- solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples

Algebra

- use simple formulae
- generate and describe linear number sequences
- express missing number problems algebraically
- find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns
- enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables

Measurement

- solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation to three decimal places where appropriate
- use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to three decimal places

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| | | | Statistics | |
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- *interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems*
- *calculate and interpret the mean as an average.*