

ST. STEPHEN'S CATHOLIC



PRIMARY SCHOOL

# Computing Curriculum Progression Document



# Computing Curriculum Progression

	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p><b><i>Essential Age appropriate skills for the use of core devices and applications within their setting)</i></b></p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about types of technology both in and outside of school.</p> <p>how to use classroom technology safely and responsibly, including the basic use of a camera and going online.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to explore and experiment with technology in order to build familiarity with classroom apps and devices.</p> <p>how to use basic photographic and video techniques to document their own learning.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>how to create a range of simple digital documents that represents their learning during a topic and then save/share their digital work.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>how to be more independent and are encouraged to attempt to fix a problem they may have before asking for help on their device.</p> <p>about different media and file types</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>about physical input and output slots on a device. E.g. USB, HDMI, etc.</p> <p>how to save their work in a range of locations.</p> <p>the best way to save their files. E.g. as an image (jpeg) to share online</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>how to create a QR Code.</p> <p>about uploading work to a cloud or blog.</p> <p>how to use advanced techniques to tell a story using technology/ multiple apps.</p> <p>about advanced film making elements such as sound and lighting.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>about collaboration and sharing documents with other children in order to create digital content.</p> <p>how to use advanced features of common office/ classroom apps</p>

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<p><b><u>Computer Science:</u></b> <b>Computational Thinking</b></p> <p><i><b>KS1:</b> Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented and that programs execute by following precise instructions</i></p> <p><i><b>KS2:</b> Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller problems.</i></p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>that an algorithm is a list of instructions that solves a problem.</p> <p>how to sequence a series of events and explain the importance of sequencing.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to explore algorithms and sequencing of instructions.</p> <p>how to read, follow and create a simple sequence algorithm.</p> <p>how to give these instructions so that they can be executed by a robot with the aim of successfully reaching a destination</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about writing algorithms that can be turned into programs.</p> <p>how to implement their algorithm as a program on a digital device or programmable toy/ robot.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to create a detailed flow diagram using the correct symbols.</p> <p>how to turn an algorithm into a simple program on a digital device.</p> <p>about testing the program and recognising when it needs to be debugged.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to design a simple algorithm to show a real- life situation.</p> <p>about the valuable skills of abstraction and decomposition when tackling more complex problems.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to explore problem solving and decomposition.</p> <p>how to independently plan, write and test their algorithms and create more complex programs, debugging as needed.</p> <p>about controlling / simulating physical systems and using sensors with multiple outcomes.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>to create complex algorithms and turn their designs into a program (incorporating variables, procedures and different forms of input and output).</p>
<p><b><u>Computer Science:</u></b> <b>Coding</b></p> <p><i><b>KS1:</b> Create and debug simple programs</i></p> <p><i><b>KS2:</b> Use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output</i></p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>how to experiment controlling a range of 'toys' using remote controls and do this with purpose and direction.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>how to create a simple program and correct mistakes (debug).</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>how to independently identify and fix a 'bug' in multiple programs.</p> <p>how to create a simple program that includes a repeat x times loop.</p> <p>about the difference between inputs and outputs.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>how to create their own sprite in Scratch/ Scratch Jr.</p> <p>about sequencing commands and adding a repeat command in a program.</p> <p>how to refine/ improve a program by using the repeat command.</p> <p>how to create a variable. to create a program that contains selection, inputs and outputs.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>about the structure of a program and learn to plan in logical, achievable steps.</p> <p>how to write a complex program, incorporating features such as selection, inputs, repetition, variables and procedures.</p> <p>how to attempt to debug their own programs and corrects/ debugs errors in code.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>how to create their own complex game within Scratch or other block based coding app that uses variables, event handling, selection ("If" and "Then"), procedures and repetition (loops) to increase programming possibilities.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn</u></b></p> <p>about complex programs and are encouraged to persevere when solving difficult problems even if the solution is not obvious.</p> <p>about executing and adapting common commands using a text-based language e.g. Python/Javascript/ Swift Playground.</p>

<p><b><u>Computer Science:</u></b> <b>Logical Reasoning</b></p> <p><b>KS1:</b> Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs.</p> <p><b>KS2:</b> Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about (through play) action/reaction and will be asked “what do you think will happen?” when using technology or attempting to solve a problem</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about making predictions when using technology. E.g. They will be asked to predict what will happen for a short sequence of instructions in a program.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to offer accurate predictions of programs and then create their own simple program to check if they were correct.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about using logical reasoning to detect potential problems in an algorithm or program which could result in something going wrong and then offer ideas of what is needed to fix/ debug it.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to recognise an error in an existing program and attempt to debug/ fix the program.</p> <p>how to investigate existing programs, evaluating them and consider how they could be improved.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to explore logical reasoning in greater depth and learn to give well-thought-through explanations of any errors they identify in program code (using the correct terminology).</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to independently use logical reasoning to detect and correct errors in an algorithm and program.</p> <p>that there is often more than one way to solve a problem in an algorithm or program.</p>
<p><b><u>Computer Science:</u></b> <b>Networking</b></p> <p><b>KS1:</b> N/A</p> <p><b>KS2:</b> Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services such as the World Wide Web.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to access the web on a classroom device.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about signing into a device or online platform.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>that multiple services use the internet e.g. email, web and streaming.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>that the World Wide Web is only one part of the Internet, the part that contains websites.</p> <p>how to send an email and understands how this works.</p> <p>how information travels through computer networks.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about the key services that can be used to communicate on the internet.</p> <p>how to recognise the main components (hardware) which allow computers to join and form a network.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about software, hardware and types of connected computers.</p> <p>about how data travels via the internet.</p> <p>more about the different parts of the Internet.</p> <p>how to create a basic web page using HTML.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>in more detail about how information is transported on the Internet and between computers using packets and IP addresses.</p> <p>about the opportunities computer networks and the internet offer for communication and collaboration.</p>
<p><b><u>Computer Science:</u></b> <b>Online</b></p> <p><b>KS1:</b> N/A</p> <p><b>KS2:</b> Appreciate how search results are selected and ranked.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to type keywords in a search engine (Google).</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how they can use a search engine to find answers and different types of media e.g. videos.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about the basic skills of searching and navigating the results in a search engine.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about key words. that search engines try to put the most useful websites at the top.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>that search engines use algorithms to sort websites.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about key skills for using a search engine.</p> <p>about the settings that can alter your search results.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to explore advanced features within search engines and learn to use them effectively.</p> <p>about how search results are selected and ranked by algorithms.</p>

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<p><b><u>Information Technology:</u></b> <i>Harnessing technology</i></p> <p><b>KS1:</b> Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.</p> <p><b>KS2:</b> Select, use and combine a variety of software on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how various devices and apps can be used in the classroom.</p> <p>how to independently choose an application for a particular purpose. E.g drawing a picture.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to create different types of digital content (short video, ebook or presentation).</p> <p>how to combine text and images in a document that showcases learning or tells a story.</p> <p>how to use technology to collect, sort and display information that could include data, photos, video or sound.</p> <p>about saving work in a special place and retrieve it again.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to create a presentation or basic digital book that is well designed, contains formatted text, images and presents information.</p> <p>how to read a simple database to find information. about organising the data they collect.</p> <p>that they can create digital content using more than one app or piece of software.</p> <p>how to independently save and open files on the device they use.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to create digital content using a range of mixed tools/media and how to improve its design.</p> <p>how to be creative and independent while using unfamiliar apps or technology to create content.</p> <p>how to create a plan/storyboard when producing digital content.</p> <p>how to design a simple questionnaire to collect information, and display the information in a graph or table.</p> <p>how to add information to a database.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to produce documents, media and presentations with increasing independence and competency that present data/information.</p> <p>how to use a keyboard confidently and make use of tools such as a spellchecker.</p> <p>about new forms of technology E.g. AR, Virtual Reality, Wearable Technology etc</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to produce digital content in a given format e.g. podcasts, videos, AR, virtual reality, 3D, digital music or illustrations.</p> <p>about planning including elements that they may need to source from other services.</p> <p>how to build on the skills they have already developed to create content using unfamiliar technology.</p> <p>how to use a spreadsheet / database to collect, record data and to use simple formulae.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to create digital storyboards with a complete narrative of the project or investigation.</p> <p>how to confidently identify the potential of unfamiliar technology to increase their creativity.</p> <p>how to source, store and combine copyright free images from the internet.</p> <p>how to independently select, use and combine the appropriate technology/app tools to create effects that will have an impact on others and tell a story</p>
<p><b><u>Information Technology:</u></b> <i>Online</i></p> <p><b>KS1:</b> N/A</p> <p><b>KS2:</b> Use search technologies effectively</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to type keywords in a search engine (Google).</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how they can use a search engine to find answers and different types of media category e.g. images, book, videos.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>the basic skills of searching and navigating the results in a search engine to answer questions.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>that the top search results can be manipulated and are based on things like most popular, recently updated.</p> <p>how to use search engines to collect information and how to filter results.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to search for and use information from a range of sources.</p> <p>how to make notes from information found on websites</p> <p>that not all sources of information including websites are accurate</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to use complex searches and advanced tools to find, select and use information.</p> <p>how to check the reliability of information on the internet.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to use complex searches, filters and advanced tools to find, select and use information.</p>

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<p><b><u>Digital Literacy:</u></b> <i>Technology in the real world</i></p> <p><b><u>KS1:</u></b> Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.</p> <p><b><u>KS2:</u></b> Understand the opportunities that networks offer for communication and collaboration</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>to recognise and discuss common uses of information technology in school and outside of school.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about the uses and purpose of technology in the classroom, at home, work and the world around them.</p> <p>about some of the common ways in which technology at home can be used.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about the numerous methods of online communication and how it is used in the world around them.</p> <p>to explore their own use of the internet and why it is important to stick to the rules.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>that the internet is a computer network.</p> <p>that the internet can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web, streaming music/ video and email.</p> <p>explore a web sites journey from first request to appearing on the screen.</p> <p>how to use advanced web terminology e.g. URL.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to differentiate between apps that use the Internet, the school network or that are self contained on a device.</p> <p>how to use computing to communicate and collaborate.</p> <p>about documents and methods of collaboration over the internet e.g. blog.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about different online communication tools/apps and how they could be used for different purposes e.g. work and social.</p> <p>about working in a group using collaborative tools.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about digital crimes and threats that might exist online. E.g. worms, trojans, viruses, spyware, ransomware and malware.</p> <p>about anti-virus software and how they can help protect devices from infection.</p> <p>advanced web terminology e.g. firewall, security updates, pop up blocker, scams, phishing, HTTPs, location based settings, in app purchasing, trolling,</p>
<p><b><u>Digital Literacy:</u></b> <i>Media &amp; Content</i></p> <p><b><u>KS1:</u></b> N/A</p> <p><b><u>KS2:</u></b> Be discerning in evaluating digital content</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>to recognise and discuss common uses of information technology in school and outside of school.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about the uses and purpose of technology in the classroom, at home, work and the world around them.</p> <p>about some of the common ways in which technology at home can be used.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about the numerous methods of online communication and how it is used in the world around them.</p> <p>to explore their own use of the internet and why it is important to stick to the rules.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>that the internet is a computer network.</p> <p>that the internet can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web, streaming music/ video and email.</p> <p>explore a web sites journey from first request to appearing on the screen.</p> <p>how to use advanced web terminology e.g. URL.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>how to differentiate between apps that use the Internet, the school network or that are self contained on a device.</p> <p>how to use computing to communicate and collaborate.</p> <p>about documents and methods of collaboration over the internet e.g. blog.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about different online communication tools/apps and how they could be used for different purposes e.g. work and social.</p> <p>about working in a group using collaborative tools.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b></p> <p>about digital crimes and threats that might exist online. E.g. worms, trojans, viruses, spyware, ransomware and malware.</p> <p>about anti-virus software and how they can help protect devices from infection.</p> <p>advanced web terminology e.g. firewall, security updates, trolling</p>

***Digital Literacy:***  
***Online Safety***

***KS1:*** Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.

***KS2:*** Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.

<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b> how the Internet can be used to communicate with others. simple online safety rules. people create online content such as video and websites.</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b> how to access and search the web.</p> <p>how to identify people they can trust and who they can ask for help when using the internet.</p> <p>how to send a digital message.</p> <p>how they should behave and interact with others online.</p> <p>why it is very important not to over share, share things that are personal or may hurt other people.</p> <p>about the ways that some people can be unkind online.</p> <p>about following sensible online rules.</p> <p>about safe behaviours in their day to day world.</p> <p>what a username and password is and that they must keep them private.</p> <p>that online content such as video, images, websites and games are created and shared by people.</p> <p>that to use other peoples work without asking or</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b> about safe and unsuitable sites/apps. e.g. PEGI rating. to talk to a trusted adult before sharing personal information online and using strong passwords. that the characters and people they interact with may be computer generated / including games. the differences between the Internet and the physical world. sending a message and why it is important to communicate in a polite manner. that login details and passwords should only be shared with trusted adults. that copyright is something that prevents people stealing other people's work (content). what personal information is and that they need to talk to a trusted adult before sharing online. how some information may be inaccurate or untrue. to independently use a search engine, navigate a website, use favourites, bookmarks or typing the URL. that you can be connected to many people in your</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b> the SMART rules about using the internet safely and responsibly.</p> <p>what personal information is and what they shouldn't be sharing.</p> <p>they should pause before posting and consider the potential consequences.</p> <p>who they should seek help from about online concerns.</p> <p>the correct and sensible choice when presented with hypothetical scenarios.</p> <p>how to send and reply to online messages respectfully and understand the difference between online and face-toface.</p> <p>how to use the safety features of websites as well as reporting concerns to an adult they trust.</p> <p>what online bullying/ cyberbullying is and some of the forms it can take.</p> <p>how to report any concerns and who they consider a</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b> about the potential risks and ways they can protect themselves and friends from harm online. the safety features of websites and apps. e.g. block or report.</p> <p>that they should report concerns to a trusted adult.</p> <p>that the Internet is a great place to develop rewarding relationships.</p> <p>not to reveal private information to a person they know only online.</p> <p>that friends/followers profiles may not reflect the truth about their real lives.</p> <p>about the term 'digital footprint' and that the information they put online leaves a digital footprint or "trail" which can be positive and negative.</p> <p>how to search for their own name and u in Google to test their digital footprint.</p> <p>how to deal with online bullying.</p> <p>how they should act appropriately &amp; respectfully online.</p> <p>how photos can be altered digitally and the</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b> how to demonstrate and explain the importance of communicating kindly and respectfully.</p> <p>about the negative online behaviours such as bullying, trolling, grieving and harassment.</p> <p>about empathy and the effects of online bullying.</p> <p>that anything they post online can be seen, re-shared, re-used and may have a negative effect on others.</p> <p>about the 'Digital 5 a Day' plan and that they need to have a balanced approach to their use of technology.</p> <p>what makes a secure username and password.</p> <p>why people set up fake accounts or copy others identities.</p> <p>what an online identity or internet persona is, e.g. social identity in online communities and websites (Facebook, Instagram, YouTube etc) including photos</p>	<p><b><u>The children learn:</u></b> the advice they should/would give friends about making good choices online.</p> <p>about the consequences of making poor online choices. E.g. Online bullying, Inappropriate comments (racially or sexually orientated), uploading inappropriate material (adult / illegal / antisocial ), accessing inappropriate sites (anti-social or illegal behaviour / adult content) and breaching copyright laws.</p> <p>about the way men and women can be stereotyped in movies and TV.</p> <p>when to seek help from a trusted adult and not to try and deal with online situations on their own.</p> <p>how to block and report inappropriate comments or behaviour online.</p> <p>how to maintain healthy positive relationships with others while online. behaviours and</p>
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		<p>giving credit is wrong.</p>	<p>life (real life and online). to ensure a trusted adult is aware of who they are interacting with online. to explain some of the potential risks when posting something to the internet. that once something is posted others can read the post and share it.</p>	<p>trusted adult.  that they need to have a balanced approach to their use of technology.  to make good choices about how long they spend online.  to recognise websites and games appropriate for their age. E.g. PEGI rating. online accounts need to be signed in to and  why passwords should never be shared.  what makes a secure password and why they are important. how to use a password security checking tool.  what represents an online identity E.g. images, username, information shared and digital footprint. to post positive comments online.</p>	<p>creative upsides of photo alteration, as well as its power to distort perceptions of beauty and health.  why copyright laws exist and presenting others work as one's own is called plagiarism.  how to use a copyright free image gallery, or they can change the search criteria.  about the positive and negative effects technology may have on their health.  why they need to ask a trusted adult before downloading files and games from the Internet. E.g. virus.  how to choose a secure passwords. why using an avatar and online name is advisable.</p>	<p>and posts.  how to avoid being tricked by scammers online. E.g. Phishing emails. The child can explain why an app may be free but have in-app purchasing and what that is.</p>	<p>strategies to prevent and stop online bullying.  how to list the websites and agencies they can contact in case they need help.  what steps they can take to create a 'positive online image' including defining acceptable and unacceptable online behaviour and the benefits this will have to them now and in the future.</p>
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