# Thomas Eaton Primary Academy



Year 4/5	T	opic : We Will Rock You
Investigate how and when the earliest period of human culture began. Explore the 3 different periods of the Stone Age from the Paleolithic to Mesolithic to Neolithic, Explore how we know about events from the Stone Age and early human ways of life. Explore the developments early humans made over each period of the Stone Age. Find out about the early beginnings of language development. Use a variety of sources to piece together what life was like for a human in the Stone Age. Explore the achievements of the Stone Age people from nomadic hunter	<ul> <li>Heart</li> <li>Ordering a timeline of early human history.</li> <li>Research an aspect of Stone Age life and prepare a presentation to share with the class.</li> <li>Design a menu for a Stone Age child and taste different Stone Age foods.</li> <li>Use different mediums to create cave paintings telling a story of early human life.</li> <li>Draw homes from the different periods and make comparisons with our homes today.</li> </ul>	Hand  Drama and role play - Hot seating Write diaries in role. Newspaper reports - interviews linked to extinction of animals. Oracy debate - explore the implications of domesticating animals

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### Year 4 / 5

#### What I should already know?

- The Stone Age gets its name from the tools made with stones in this period.
- The Stone Age had many different animals which are now extinct.

#### **Important Places**

Skara Brae



Stonehenge



#### Stone Age Facts

- Early humans were able to forage for fruit and nuts.
- Oldowan tools are the earliest tools and they were shaped from rocks.
- Scientists think the language part of the brain developed during the Paleolithic era.
- Cave paintings found in France are about 40,000 years old!
- The oldest discovered canoe is 8,200 years old.
- The first leather items were made in the Mesolithic period.
- Agriculture meant that people settled in one place.
- Stone Age people in the Neolithic period began to have jobs based on age and gender.
- People from this time were able to make mud and clay objects.
- Paleolithic Period was 2.5 million year B.C. - 10,000 B.C.
- Mesolithic Period was 10,000 B.C.
   8.000 B.C.
- Neolithic Period was 8,000 B.C. 1,200 B.C.

Vocabulary		
agriculture	Farming - using soil to grow crops and rearing of animals, to provide food, wool and other products.	
archaeologist	Someone who studies the past by exploring old remains.	
artefact	An object made by a human being, of cultural or historical interest.	
civilisation	A human society with its own social organisation and culture.	
chronological	The order in which things occur.	
domestication	Taming and keeping an animal as a pet.	
hierarchy	A system of organising people in different ranks or levels of importance.	
human features	Features of the land that have been impacted by human activity.	
migration	Seasonal movement of animals from one area to another.	
Mesolithic	The Mid Stone Age period.	
Neolithic	The New Stone Age period.	
nomadic	Moving from place to place	
Paleolithic	The first period of human culture (Old Stone Age).	
period	An era of history with distinctive features.	
settlement	A place where people establish a community.	
Skara Brae	A Stone Age archaeological site in Orkney, Scotland.	
society	People in general, thought of as a large organized group.	
Stonehenge	A famous Stone Age monument in Wiltshire, England.	

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