

Modular Cyclopentenone Synthesis through the Catalytic Molecular Shuffling of Unsaturated Acid Chlorides and Alkynes

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Supporting information

Table of contents

1. General information	3
2. Reaction optimization	4
2.1. Phosphine ligands	4
2.2. P to Pd ratio	12
2.3. Transition metal precursors	15
2.4. Hydride sources	18
2.5. Solvents	19
2.6. Further optimization (other variations)	20
3. Synthesis of polysubstituted cyclopentenones	23
4. Synthesis of polysubstituted cyclopentenones using a carbon nucleophile	68
5. Additional control experiments	71
5.1. Control reaction using other acid chlorides	71
5.2. Divergent reaction using other alkenyl electrophiles	72
5.3. Control reaction using <i>trans</i> -3-phenyl-2-propenal	75
5.4. Reactions using chiral phosphine ligands	76
6. D-isotope-labeling experiments and the proposed mechanism	79
7. Large scale experiment	88
8. Synthesis of substrates	89
8.1. Synthesis of acid chloride substrates	89
8.2. Synthesis of alkyne substrates	99
8.3. Synthesis of alkenyl triflates	103
9. X-ray structure analysis	104
10. References	112
11. NMR spectra	115
11.1. Carbonylative carbocyclization	115
11.2. Carbonylative carbocyclization (other transition metals)	338
11.3. Carbonylative carbocyclization (using a tin reagent)	344
11.4. Carbonylative carbocyclization (from alkenyl electrophiles)	351
11.5. Acid chloride and alkyne substrates, etc.	361

1. General information

Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out under argon in oven-dried 4 mL screw-top glass vials using anhydrous solvents. The anhydrous solvents were prepared by distillation over appropriate drying agents or by using solvent purification system (LC Technology Solutions, Inc.) under N₂ atmosphere (H₂O content: below 10 ppm, as determined by Karl Fischer titration) and stored over molecular sieves prior to use. All commercially available compounds were used as received from common suppliers (Sigma-Aldrich, Strem Chemicals, abcr, TCI, Fluorochem, Acros Organics, Alfa Aesar and Apollo Scientific).

Thin layer chromatography (TLC): Aluminum TLC plate, silica gel coated with fluorescent indicator F254 (TLC Silica gel 60 F254, Merck). Visualization was accomplished using UV light (254 nm) or KMnO₄ stain.

Flash column chromatography: SiliaFlash P60 silica gel (60 Å, 40–63 µm, SiliCycle Inc.) with reagent grade solvents.

NMR: Spectra were recorded on Bruker AVANCE III 400, Neo 400, Neo 500, or 600 spectrometers at room temperature, unless indicated otherwise; the chemical shifts are reported with respect to internal solvent: δH = 7.26 ppm, and δC = 77.16 (t) ppm (CDCl₃); δH = 7.16 ppm, and δC = 128.06 (t) ppm (C₆D₆); δH = 2.50 (p) ppm, and δC = 39.52 (hept) ppm (DMSO-d₆). Multiplicities are indicated by s (singlet), d (doublet), t (triplet), q (quartet), p (quintet), h (sextet), hept (septet), m (multiplet), br (broad), or combinations thereof. All 2D NMR measurements were performed by the NMR service in the Laboratorium für Organische Chemie at ETH Zürich.

GC/FID and GC/MS: Shimadzu GC-2025 (capillary column: Macherey-Nagel OPTIMA 5, 30.0 m × 0.25 mm × 0.25 µm; carrier gas: H₂); To determine GC yields, calibration curves were generated using *n*-dodecane as an internal standard. Agilent Intuvo 9000 GC (capillary column: Agilent HP-Chiral-20B (permethylated β-cyclodextrin); 30.0 m × 0.25 mm × 0.25 µm; carrier gas: He). Shimadzu GCMS-QP2020 (capillary column: Macherey-Nagel OPTIMA 5, 30.0 m × 0.25 mm × 0.25 µm; carrier gas: He).

High-resolution MS (HRMS): Thermo scientific Q-Exactive GC Orbitrap for EI. Bruker Daltonics maXis ESI-QTOF or solarix ESI-FTICR-MS for ESI. HRMS data were obtained by the mass spectrometry service (MoBiAS, Molecular and Biomolecular Analysis Service) in the Laboratorium für Organische Chemie at ETH Zürich.

X-ray crystal structure: Bruker SMART Platform with Apex I CCD-detector, Bruker-Nonius Kappa-CCD, Bruker-Nonius Mach III/ Apex II CCD-detector, Rigaku Oxford Synergy with Dual-Microsource and Dectris Pilatus 300K. X-ray single crystal structure analyses were provided by the Small Molecule Crystallography Center (SMoCC) of Department of Chemistry and Applied Biosciences at ETH Zürich.

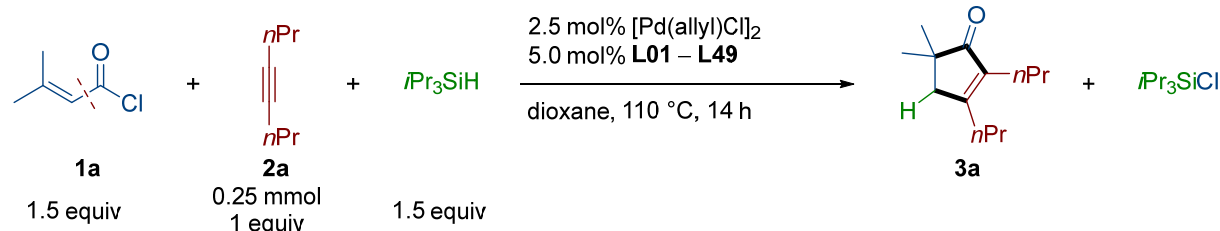
2. Reaction optimization

2.1. Phosphine Ligands

General procedure for ligand screening

In a glovebox, a 4 mL screw-cap vial equipped with a stirring bar was charged with $[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (2.5 mol%, 6.25 μmol , 2.29 mg) and the indicated monophosphine ligand (**L01-L49**, 5.0 mol%, 12.50 μmol) or the indicated bisphosphine ligand (**L50-L87**, 4.5 mol%, 11.25 μmol) and then dioxane (2 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. To a pre-mixed solution were added 3,3-dimethylacryloyl chloride (**1a**, 1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol), 4-octyne (**2a**, 1.0 equiv, 0.250 mmol) and triisopropylsilane ($i\text{Pr}_3\text{SiH}$, 1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 14 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature then diluted with DCM (2 mL) and *n*-dodecane was added as an internal standard. The resulting solution was filtered through a celite/silica plug and the filtrate was analyzed by GC/FID and GC/MS.

Eq. S1. Ligand screening – monophosphine ligands.



Eq. S2. Ligand screening – bisphosphine ligands.

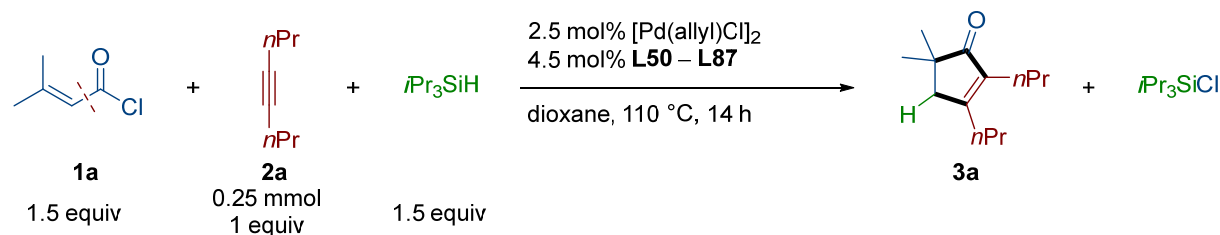
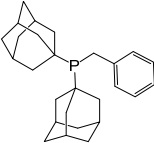
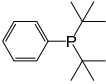
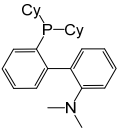
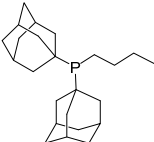
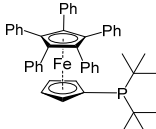
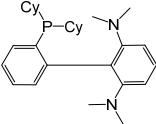
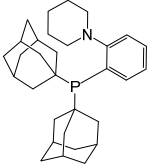
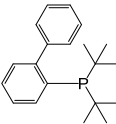
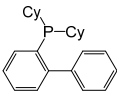
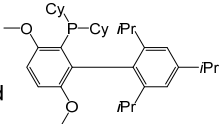
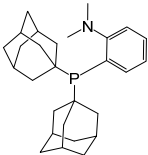
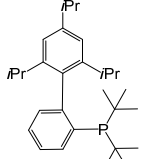
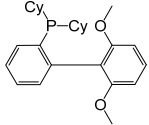
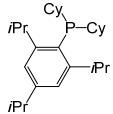
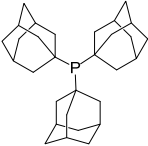
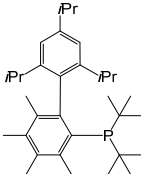
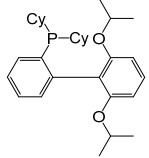
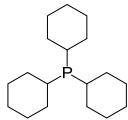
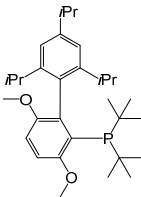
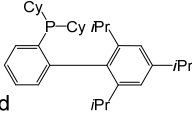
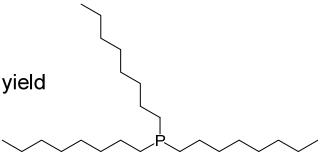
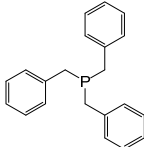


Table S1. Ligand screening – monophosphine ligands.^a

99% yield L01 Tris[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]phosphine	75% yield L07 Diphenyl(2-methoxyphenyl)phosphine	57% yield L13 Tri-1-naphthylphosphine	12% yield L19 Jackiephos
98% yield L02 Tris(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)phosphine	74% yield L08 Tri(2-furyl)phosphine	53% yield L14 Tris(o-methoxyphenyl)phosphine	7% yield L20 Tris(pentafluorophenyl)phosphine
88% yield L03 Tris(4-fluorophenyl)phosphine	74% yield L09 Tris(3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphine	<5% yield L15 Tris(2,6-dimethoxyphenyl)phosphine	60% yield L21 Cyclohexyldiphenylphosphine
81% yield L04 2-(Diphenylphosphino)biphenyl	68% yield L10 Tris(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphine	<5% yield L16 Tris(2,4,6-trimethoxyphenyl)phosphine	51% yield L22 Methyl(diphenyl)phosphine
79% yield L05 Triphenylphosphine	62% yield L11 Tri(p-tolyl)phosphine	64% yield L17 (Pentafluorophenyl)diphenylphosphine	43% yield L23 2-(2-(Diphenylphosphino)ethyl)pyridine
77% yield L06 Tri(o-tolyl)phosphine	59% yield L12 Tris(4-methoxyphenyl)phosphine	66% yield L18 Bis(pentafluorophenyl)phenylphosphine	85% yield L24 Triphenyl phosphite

Table S1 (continued). Ligand screening – monophosphine ligands. ^a

52% yield  L25 Di(1-adamantyl)benzylphosphine	20% yield  L31 Di-tert-butylphenylphosphine	18% yield  L37 Dicyclohexylphenylphosphine	32% yield  L43 DavePhos
45% yield  L26 Di(1-adamantyl)-n-butylphosphine	7% yield  L32 QPhos	28% yield  L38 Dicyclohexyl (2-methylphenyl)phosphine	24% yield  L44 Cphos
30% yield  L27 Di(1-adamantyl)-1-piperidinylphenylphosphine	7% yield  L33 JohnPhos	37% yield  L39 CyJohnPhos	5% yield  L45 BrettPhos
<5% yield  L28 Di(1-adamantyl)-2-dimethylaminophenylphosphine	<5% yield  L34 tBuXPhos	38% yield  L40 Sphos	8% yield  L46 Dicyclohexyl (2,4,6-triisopropylphenyl)phosphine
n.d.  L29 Tris(1-adamantyl)phosphine	8% yield  L35 Me4tButylXphos	32% yield  L41 RuPhos	5% yield  L47 Tricyclohexylphosphine
n.d.  L30 Tri-tert-butylphosphine	<5% yield  L36 tBuBrettPhos	30% yield  L42 Xphos	8% yield  L48 Trioctylphosphine
			19% yield  L49 Tribenzylphosphine

^aThe GC yields (**3a**) are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

Table S2. Ligand screening – bisphosphine ligands.^a

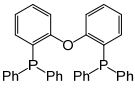
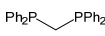
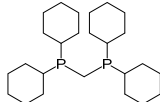
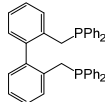
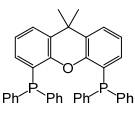
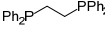
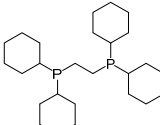
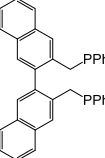
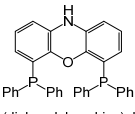
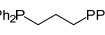
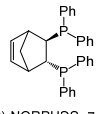
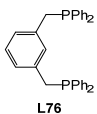
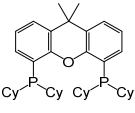
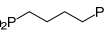
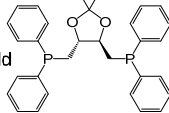
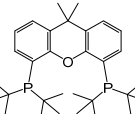
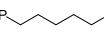
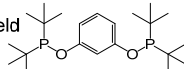
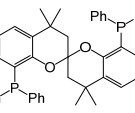
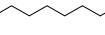
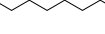
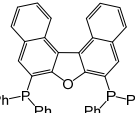
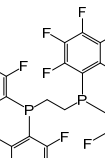
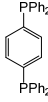
70% yield		30% yield		<5% yield		75% yield	
	L50 DPEphos		L58 dppm		L66 dcypm		L74 BISBI
19% yield		6% yield		<5% yield		67% yield	
	L51 Xantphos		L59 dppe		L67 dcype		L75 VNaphos
25% yield		7% yield		16% yield		21% yield	
	L52 4,6-Bis(diphenylphosphino)phenoxazine		L60 dppp		L68 (R,R)-NORPHOS, 71042-55-2		L76 1,3-Bis(diphenylphosphinomethyl)benzene
<5% yield		17% yield		<5% yield		19% yield	
	L53 4,5-Bis(dicyclohexylphosphino)-9,9-dimethylxanthene		L61 dppb		L69 cis-1,2-Bis(diphenylphosphino)ethylene		L77 (R,R)-DIOP
8% yield		28% yield		69% yield		12% yield	
	L54 9,9-Dimethyl-4,5-bis(di-tert-butylphosphino)xanthene		L62 dpppt		L70 trans-1,2-Bis(diphenylphosphino)ethylene		L78 1,3-Bis[(di-tert-butylphosphino)oxy]benzene
62% yield		30% yield		<5% yield			
	L55 SPANphos		L63 dpphex		L71 1,2-Bis(diphenylphosphino)benzene		
45% yield		38% yield		<5% yield			
	L56 DBFphos		L64 dpopt		L72 1,8-(Diphenylphosphino)naphthalene		
38% yield		28% yield		79% yield			
	L57 UDNFphos		L65 dArFpe		L73 1,4-bis(diphenylphosphaneyl)benzene		

Table S2 (continued). Ligand screening – bisphosphine ligands.^a

61% yield		
	L79 BIPHEP	
65% yield		
	L80 rac-BINAP	
58% yield		
	L81 (S)-(-)-2,2'-Bis[di(3,5-xylyl)phosphino]-1,1'-binaphthyl	
57% yield		
	L82 (S)-DTBM-SEGPHOS	
6% yield		
	L83 (S)-(-)-2,2'-Bis(di-2-furylphosphino)-6,6'-dimethoxy-1,1'-biphenyl	
37% yield		
	L84 dppf	
7% yield		
	L85 1,1'-Bis(diisopropylphosphino)ferrocene	
54% yield		
	L86 1,1'-Bis(di-t-butylphosphino)ferrocene	
23% yield		
	L87 HiersoPHOS-3	

^aThe GC yields (**3a**) are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

Figure S1. Ligand screening – electronics.

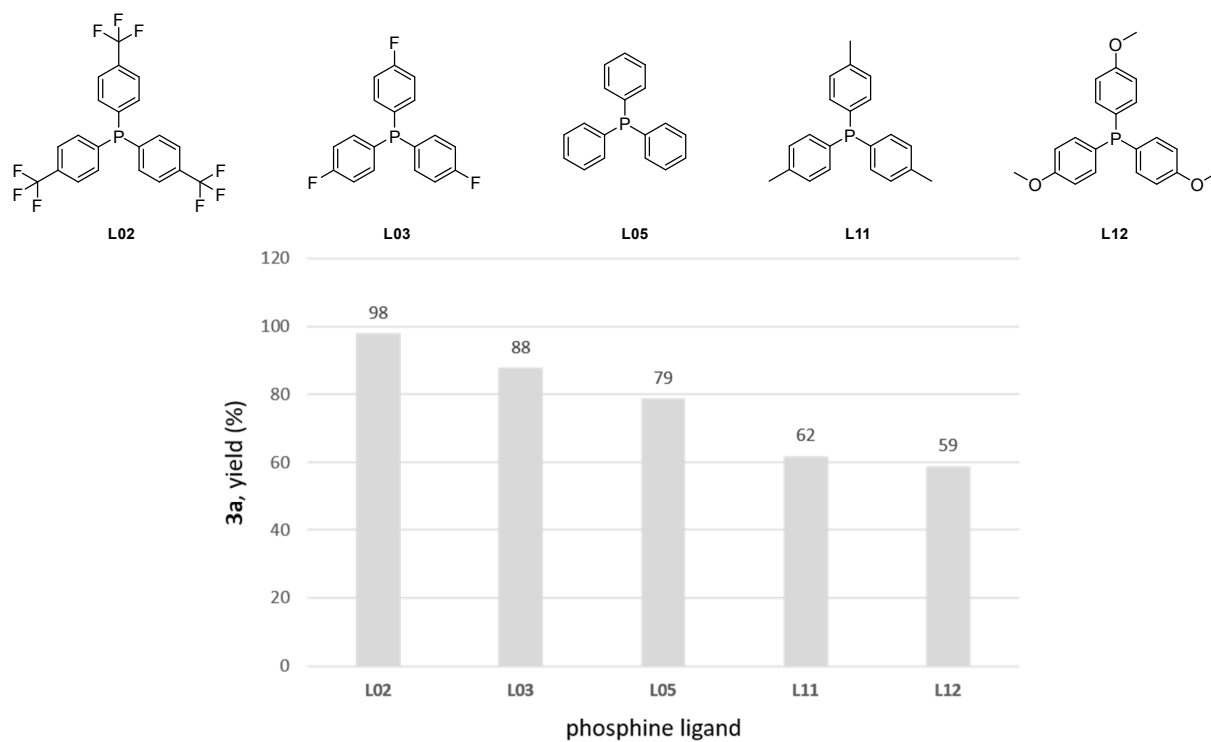


Figure S2. Ligand screening – electronics.

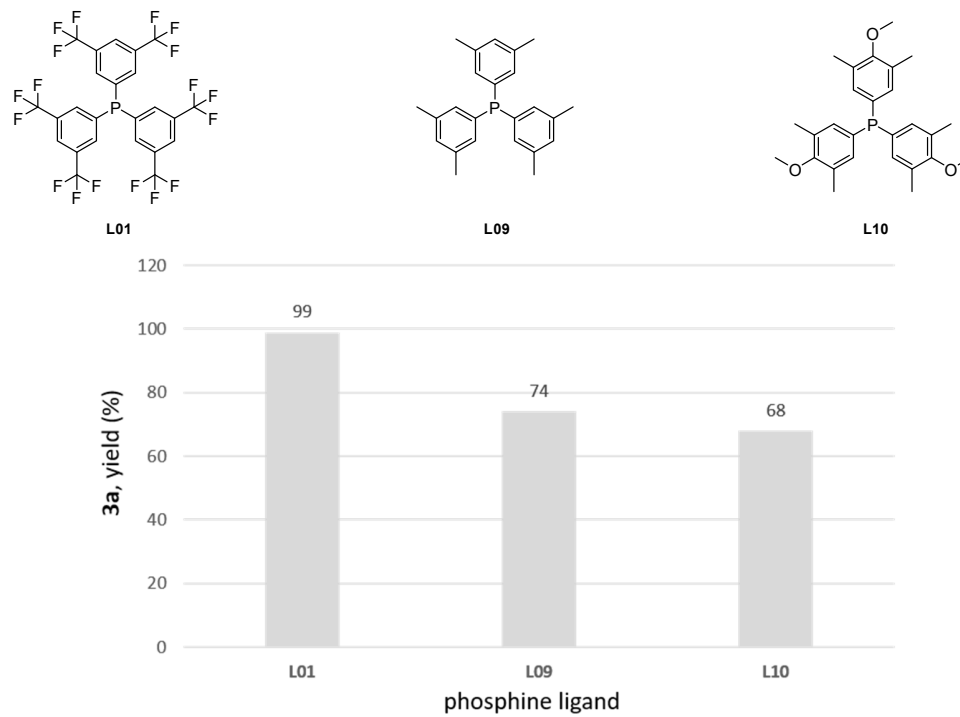
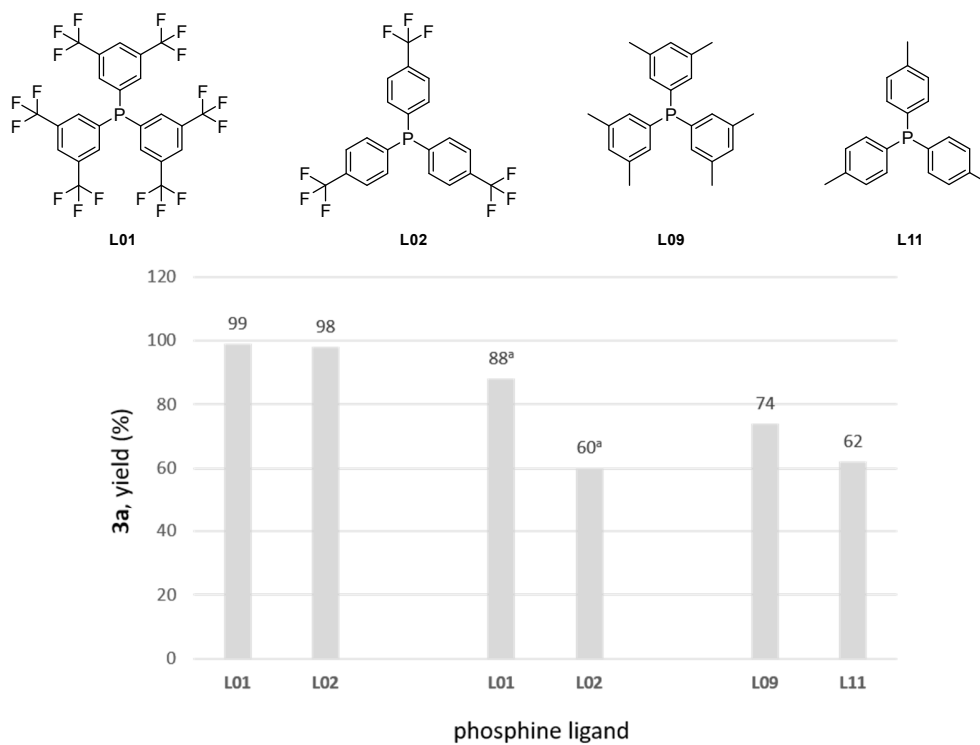


Figure S3. Ligand screening – cone angle.



^aSee Table S3, entries 2 and 4

Figure S4. Ligand screening – chelating and non-chelating.

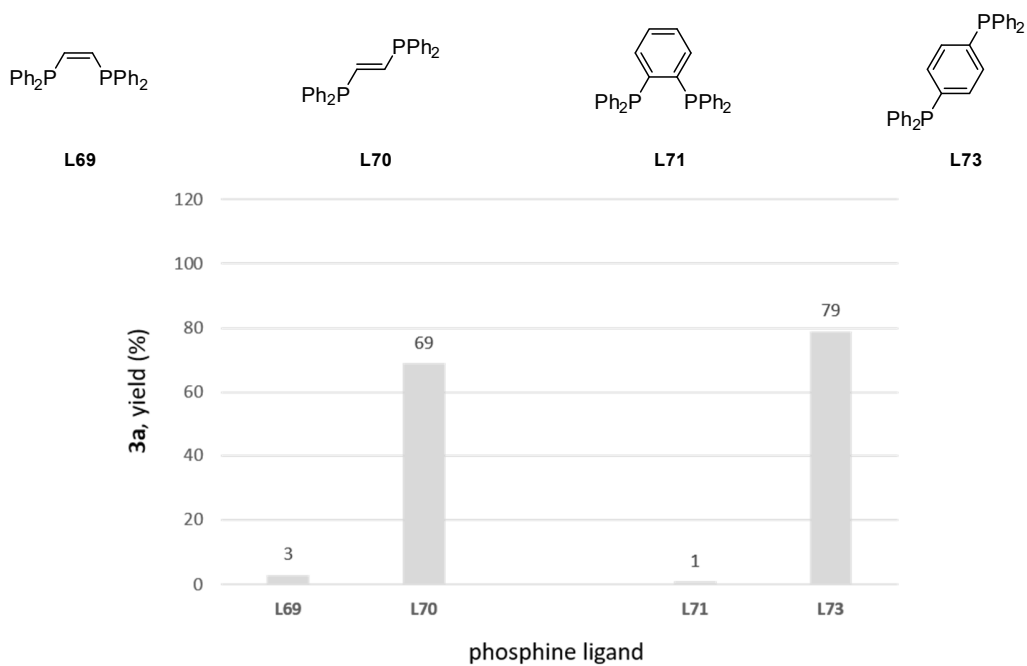
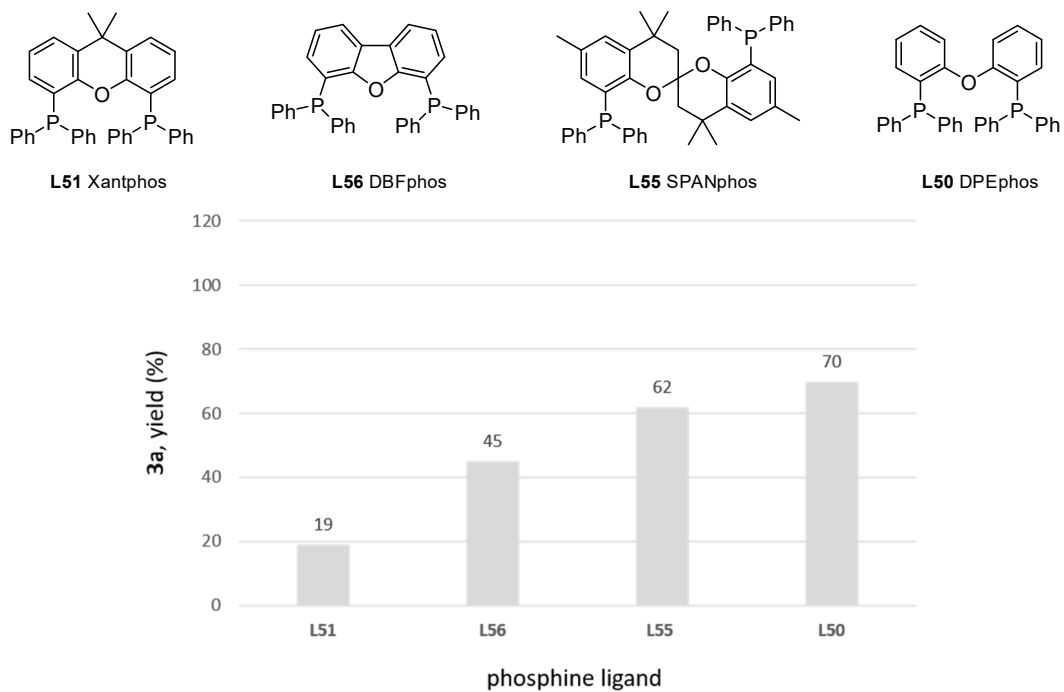


Figure S5. Ligand screening – bite angle and backbone rigidity.



2.2. P to Pd ratio

Eq. S3. P to Pd ratio screening.

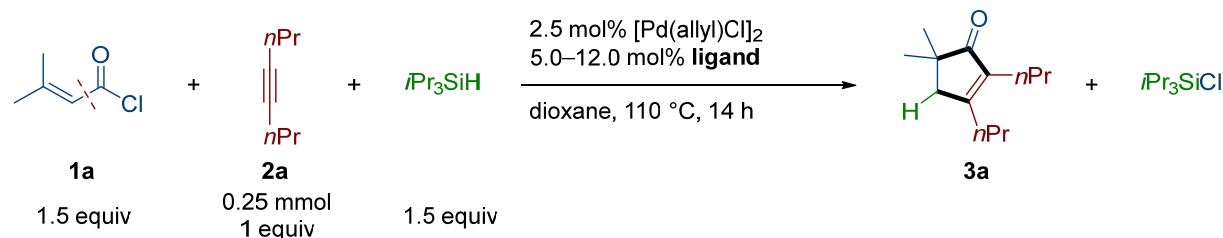
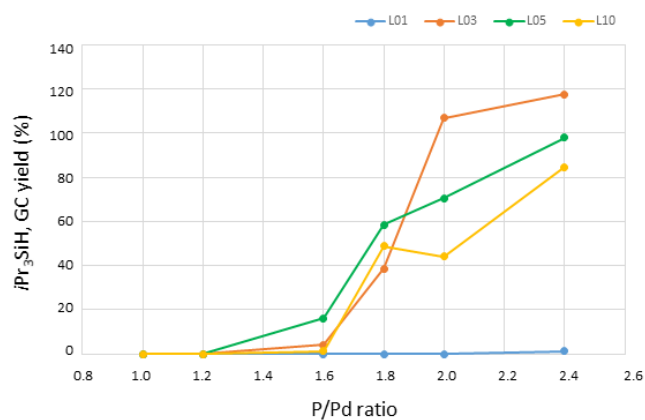
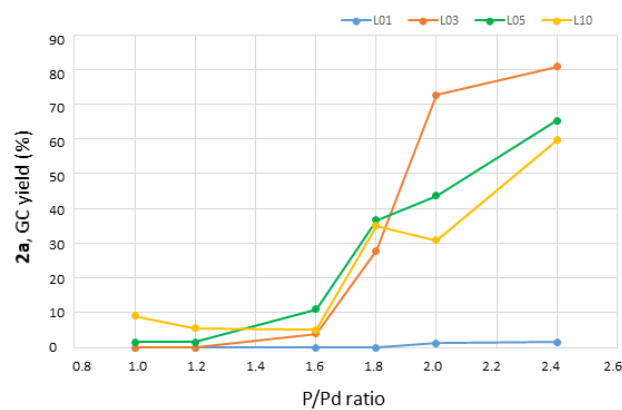
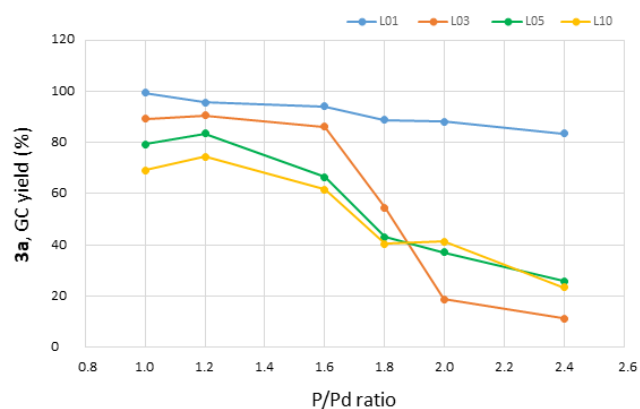
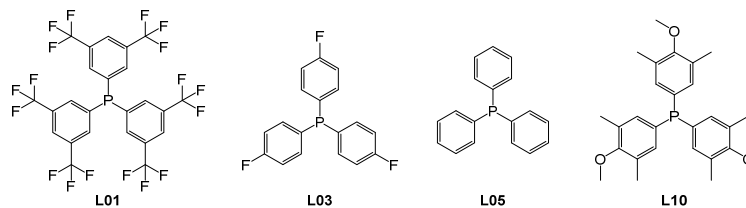


Table S3. P to Pd ratio screening - monophosphine ligands.^a

entry	ligand	mol%, ligand	P: Pd ratio	2a (unreacted), yield (%)	$i\text{Pr}_3\text{SiH}$ (unreacted), yield (%)	3a , yield (%)
1	L01 Tris[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]phosphine	5	1.0	0	0	99
2	L01 Tris[3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl]phosphine	10	2.0	<3	0	88
3	L02 Tris(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)phosphine	5	1.0	0	0	98
4	L02 Tris(4-trifluoromethylphenyl)phosphine	10	2.0	31	55	60
5	L03 Tris(4-fluorophenyl)phosphine	5	1.0	0	0	88
6	L03 Tris(4-fluorophenyl)phosphine	10	2.0	73	107	19
7	L04 2-(Diphenylphosphino)biphenyl	5	1.0	3	0	81
8	L04 2-(Diphenylphosphino)biphenyl	10	2.0	28	42	49
9	L05 Triphenylphosphine	5	1.0	<3	0	79
10	L05 Triphenylphosphine	10	2.0	44	70	37
11	L08 Tri(2-furyl)phosphine	5	1.0	<3	3	74
12	L08 Tri(2-furyl)phosphine	10	2.0	8	24	72
13	L09 Tris(3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphine	5	1.0	7	0	74
14	L09 Tris(3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphine	10	2.0	41	61	36
15	L10 Tris(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphine	5	1.0	9	0	68
16	L10 Tris(4-methoxy-3,5-dimethylphenyl)phosphine	10	2.0	31	44	41
17	L14 Tris(o-methoxyphenyl)phosphine	5	1.0	14	<3	53
18	L14 Tris(o-methoxyphenyl)phosphine	10	2.0	32	24	35
19	L24 Triphenyl phosphite	5	1.0	<3	0	85
20	L24 Triphenyl phosphite	10	2.0	<3	0	90

^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

Figure S6. P to Pd ratio screening - monophosphine ligands.^a



^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

Eq. S4. P to Pd ratio screening - bisphosphine ligands.

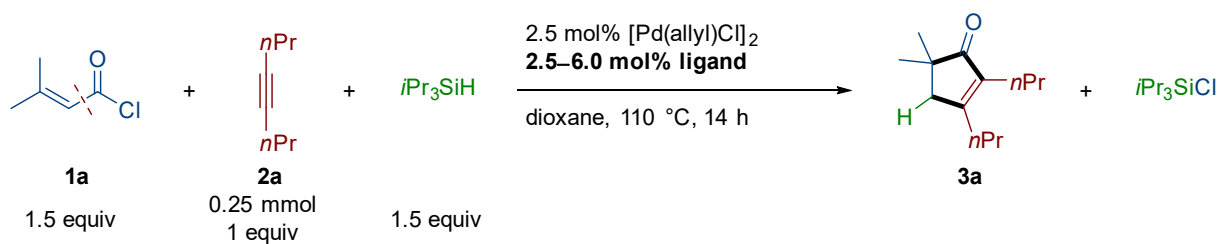
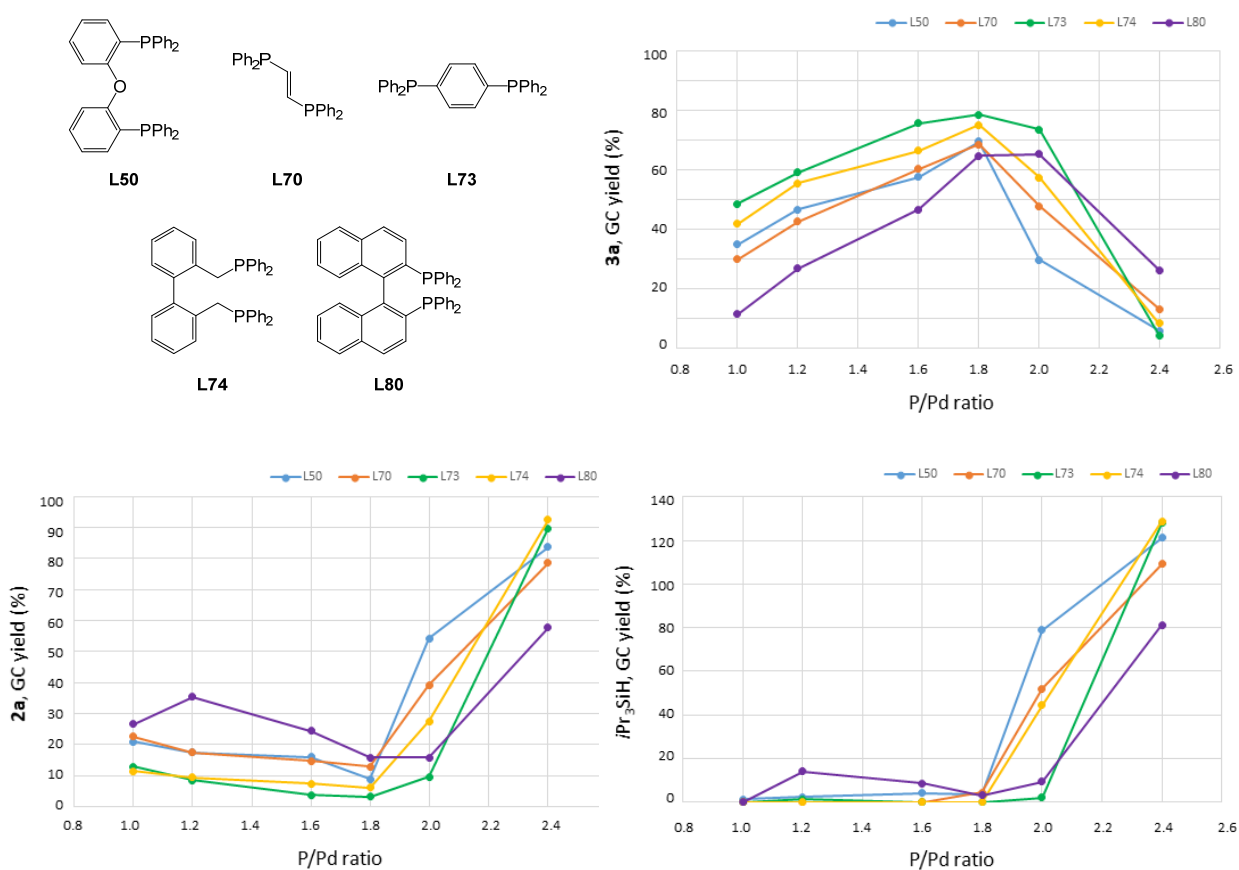


Figure S7. P to Pd atomic ratio screening - bisphosphine ligands.^a



^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

2.3. Transition metal precursors

Eq. S5. Transition metal precursor screening.

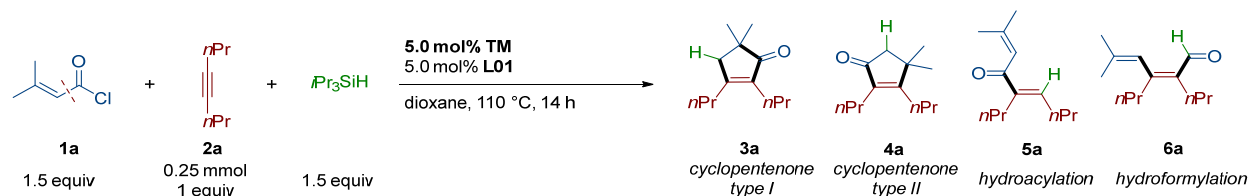
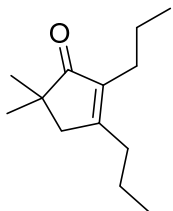


Table S4. Transition metal precursor screening.

entry	transition metal	Yield (%) ^{a,b}					
		3a	4a	5a	6a	$i\text{Pr}_3\text{SiH}$ (unreacted)	2a (unreacted)
1	$[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (2.5 mol%)	99	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	0	0
2	$\text{Pd}_2(\text{dba})_3$ (2.5 mol%)	93	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	0	0
3	$(\text{PhCN})_2\text{PdCl}_2$ (5.0 mol%)	90	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	0	0
4	$\text{PdCl}_2(\text{cod})$ (5.0 mol%)	89	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	0	0
5	$\text{Pd}(\text{PPh}_3)_4$ (5.0 mol%), no L01	8	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	115	77
6	$[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (2.5 mol%), no L01	n.d.	(19)	trace	n.d.	0	17
7	$\text{Ni}(\text{cod})_2$ (5.0 mol%)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	135	92
8	$[\text{Ir}(\text{cod})\text{Cl}]_2$ (2.5 mol%)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	0	52
9	$[\text{Rh}(\text{cod})\text{Cl}]_2$ (2.5 mol%)	n.d.	n.d.	(59)	n.d.	0	8
10	$\text{Co}_2(\text{CO})_8$ (2.5 mol%)	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	132	92
11	no transition metal	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	n.d.	134	94

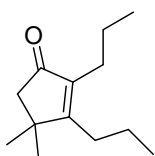
^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.). ^bYields of isolated product given in parentheses.

5,5-dimethyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3a**). Pale yellow oil. **Method A**: 90% yield (44 mg).



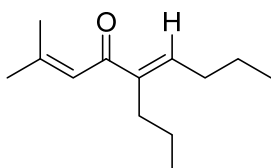
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.37 (ddt, $J = 7.7, 7.0, 0.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.34 (p, $J = 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.14 (ddt, $J = 8.8, 6.1, 1.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.59 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.95 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 214.2, 170.3, 137.8, 46.2, 42.7, 32.9, 25.4, 25.3, 22.0, 20.9, 14.2, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}$, 195.1743; found 195.1745. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis. The ^1H - and ^{13}C -NMR data were consistent with the spectral data reported in literature.¹

4,4-dimethyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**4a**). Colorless oil. 19% yield (9 mg).



^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.31 – 2.26 (m, 2H), 2.25 (s, 2H), 2.13 – 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.55 – 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.19 (s, 6H), 1.02 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 208.7, 180.6, 139.3, 51.1, 41.6, 29.5, 27.6, 25.8, 23.0, 21.7, 15.2, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}$, 195.1743; found 195.1740. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to previously reported literature.²

(*E*)-2-methyl-5-propylnona-2,5-dien-4-one (**5a**). Colorless oil. 59% yield (29 mg).



^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.50 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 1H), 6.37 – 6.33 (m, 1H), 2.32 – 2.27 (m, 2H), 2.20 (q, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 2.04 – 2.02 (m, 3H), 1.91 – 1.89 (m, 3H), 1.48 (h, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.39 – 1.32 (m, 2H), 0.96 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 194.5, 152.1, 143.6, 142.1, 122.0, 31.0, 28.0, 27.6, 22.6, 22.4, 20.8, 14.3, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}$, 195.1743; found 195.1746.

2.4. Hydride sources

Eq. 6. Hydride source screening.

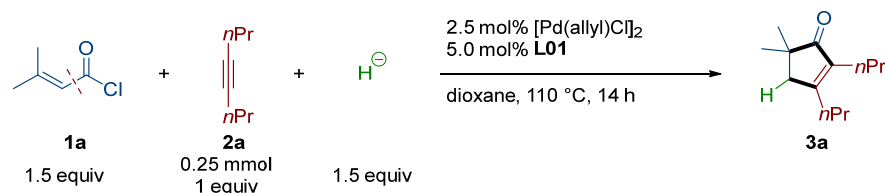


Table S5. Hydride source screening.

entry	hydrosilane, CAS no.	3a yield (%) ^b
1	<i>t</i> Bu ₂ MeSiH, 56310-20-4	63
2	<i>i</i> Pr ₃ SiH, 6485-79-6	99
3 ^a	(<i>i</i> Pr ₂ HSi) ₂ O, 18043-71-5	97
4	<i>i</i> Bu ₃ SiH, 6485-81-0	93
5	<i>t</i> Bu ₂ SiH ₂ , 30736-07-3	94
6	(<i>i</i> Pr) ₂ OctSiH, 129536-19-2	82
7	<i>t</i> BuMe ₂ SiH, 29681-57-0	78
8	<i>n</i> Oct ₃ SiH, 18765-09-8	40
9	<i>n</i> Hex ₃ SiH, 2929-52-4	41
10	<i>n</i> Bu ₃ SiH, 998-41-4	43
11	<i>n</i> Pr ₃ SiH, 998-29-8	43
12	Et ₃ SiH, 617-86-7	30
13 ^a	[(Me ₂ HSi)CH ₂] ₂ , 20152-11-8	30
14 ^a	(Me ₂ HSi) ₂ O, 3277-26-7	54
15	Ph ₂ <i>t</i> BuSiH, 33729-92-9	79
16	Ph ₃ SiH, 789-25-3	23
17	Ph ₂ MeSiH, 776-76-1	85
18	PhMe ₂ SiH, 766-77-8	41
19	Ph ₂ SiH ₂ , 775-12-2	30
20	(Me ₃ SiO) ₃ SiH, 1873-89-8	74
21	(EtO) ₃ SiH, 998-30-1	89
22	(EtO) ₂ MeSiH, 2031-62-1	91
23	<i>t</i> Bu ₂ SiHCl, 56310-18-0	89
24	[Me ₃ Si] ₃ SiH, 1873-77-4	<3
25	<i>n</i> Bu ₃ SnH, 688-73-3	30
26	Hantzsch ester, 1149-23-1	7
27	Potassium formate, 590-29-4	<3
28	Sodium formate, 141-53-7	<3
29	Ammonium formate, 540-69-2	n.d.

^a0.75 equiv. of the silane was used.

^bThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

2.5. Solvents

Eq. S7. Solvent screening.

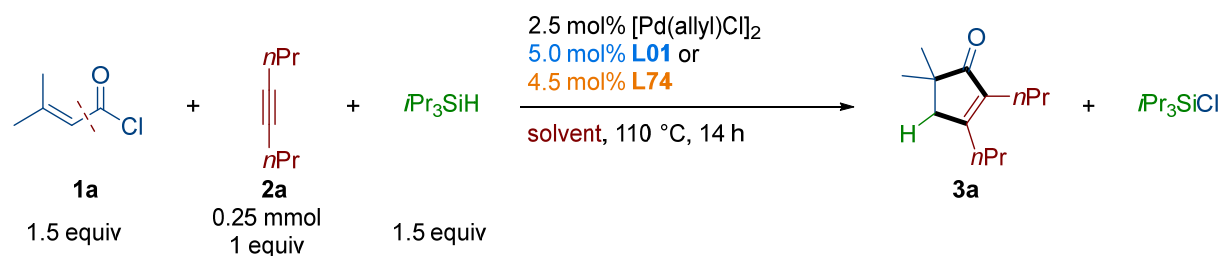
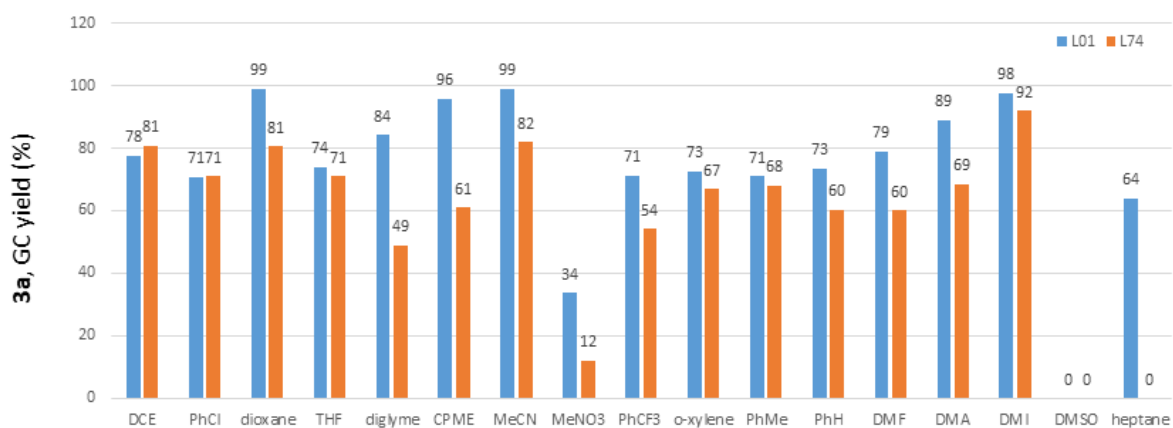


Figure S9. Solvent screening.



^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

2.6. Further optimization (other variations)

Eq. S8. Substrates equivalent ratio.

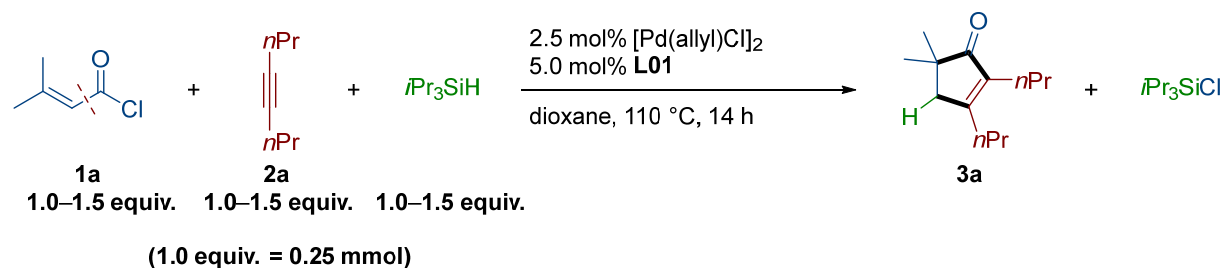


Table S6. Substrates equivalent ratio.

entry	acid chloride / alkyne / hydrosilane equivalent ratio	3a, yield (%) ^{a,e}
1	1.5 / 1.0 / 1.5	99
2 ^{b,d}	1.5 / 1.0 / 1.5	95 (90)
3 ^b	1.5 / 1.0 / 3.0	70
4	1.0 / 1.5 / 1.0	84
5 ^b	1.0 / 1.5 / 1.0	84
6 ^c	1.0 / 1.5 / 1.0	71
7	1.0 / 1.0 / 1.0	78

^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

^b[Pd(allyl)Cl]₂ (0.50 mol%), **L01** (1.0 mol%). ^c[Pd(allyl)Cl]₂ (0.25 mol%), **L01** (0.5 mol%)

^dStandard condition. ^eYields of isolated product given in parentheses.

Eq. S9. Optimization, reaction temperature.

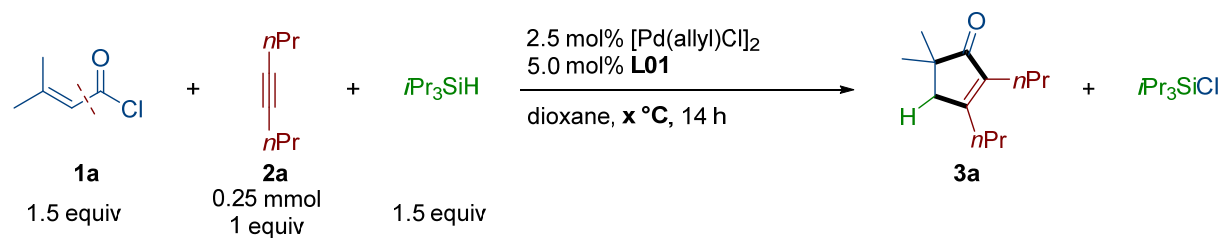


Table S7. Optimization, reaction temperature.

entry	reaction temperature	3a , yield (%) ^a
1	110 °C	99
2	90 °C	92
3	70 °C	75
4 ^{b,c}	110 °C	95
5 ^b	100 °C	93
6 ^b	90 °C	85
7 ^b	80 °C	71

^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

^b $[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (0.50 mol%), **L01** (1.0 mol%). ^cStandard condition.

Eq. S10. Optimization, catalyst loading.

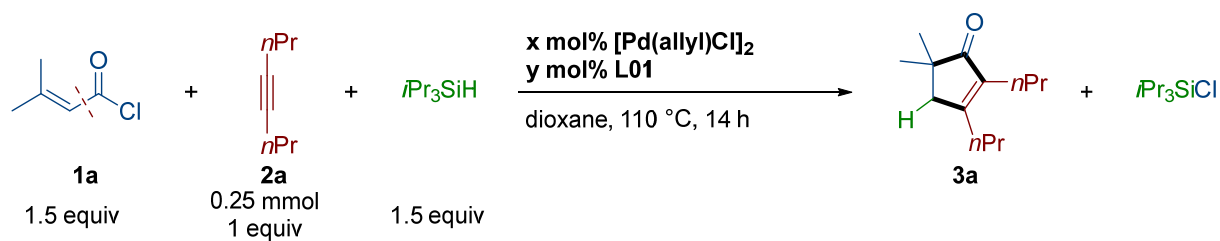


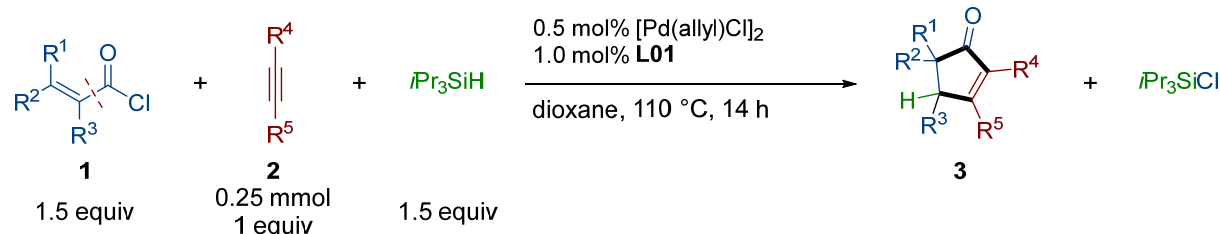
Table S8. Optimization, catalyst loading.

entry	catalyst loading	3a , yield (%) ^a
1	$[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (2.50 mol%), L01 (5.0 mol%)	99
2	$[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (1.00 mol%), L01 (2.0 mol%)	95
3 ^b	$[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (0.50 mol%), L01 (1.0 mol%)	95
4	$[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (0.25 mol%), L01 (0.5 mol%)	82
5	$[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (0.10 mol%), L01 (0.2 mol%)	53

^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.). ^bStandard condition.

3. Synthesis of polysubstituted cyclopentenones

Eq. S11. General procedure.

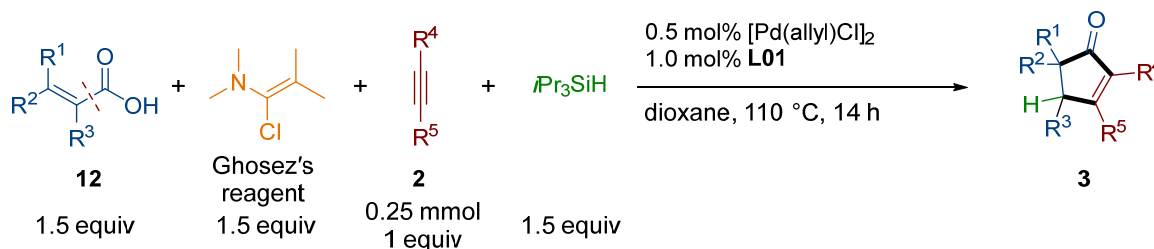


General procedure

Method A: In a glovebox, a 4 mL screw-cap vial equipped with a stirring bar was charged with [Pd(allyl)Cl]₂ (0.5 mol%, 1.25 μmol, 200 μL as 6.25 mM stock solution in dioxane) and L01 (1.0 mol%, 2.50 μmol, 1.7 mg, or 16.8 mg as 10.0wt% stock solution in dioxane) and then dioxane (1.8 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. To a pre-mixed solution were added acid chloride (**1**, 1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol), alkyne (**2**, 1.0 equiv, 0.250 mmol) and *i*Pr₃SiH (1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol, 59.4 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 14 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature then quenched with sodium methoxide (1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol, 70 μL of 5.4M solution in MeOH, note: the quenching step could be omitted for substrates bearing a base-labile functional group) and diluted with DCM (2 mL). The resulting solution was filtered through a celite/silica plug and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane/DCM, pentane/EA or pentane/MTBE). **Method A** was applied to all reactions unless otherwise stated.

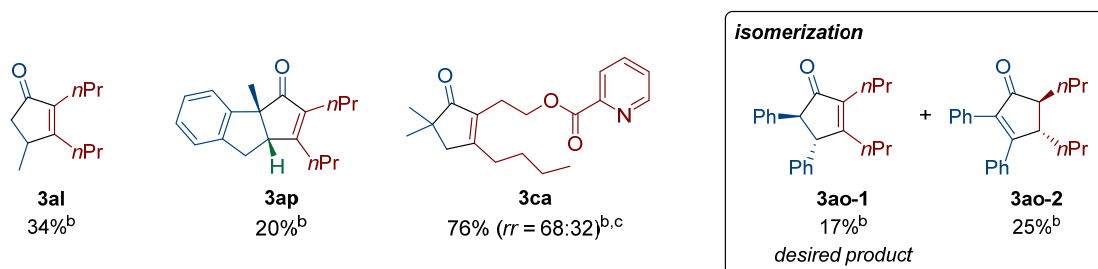
Method B: In a glovebox, a 4 mL screw-cap vial equipped with a stirring bar was charged with [Pd(allyl)Cl]₂ (0.5 mol%, 1.25 μmol, 200 μL as 6.25 mM stock solution in dioxane) and L01 (1.0 mol%, 2.50 μmol, 1.7 mg, or 16.8 mg as 10.0wt% stock solution in dioxane) and then dioxane (1.8 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. To a pre-mixed solution were added acid chloride (**1**, 1.0 equiv, 0.250 mmol), alkyne (**2**, 1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol) and *i*Pr₃SiH (1.0 equiv, 0.250 mmol, 39.6 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 14 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature then quenched with sodium methoxide (1.0 equiv, 0.250 mmol, 46 μL of 5.4M solution in MeOH, note: the quenching step could be omitted for substrates bearing a base-labile functional group) and diluted with DCM (2 mL). The resulting solution was filtered through a celite/silica plug and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane/DCM, pentane/EA or pentane/MTBE).

Eq. S12. General procedure using α,β -unsaturated carboxylic acid



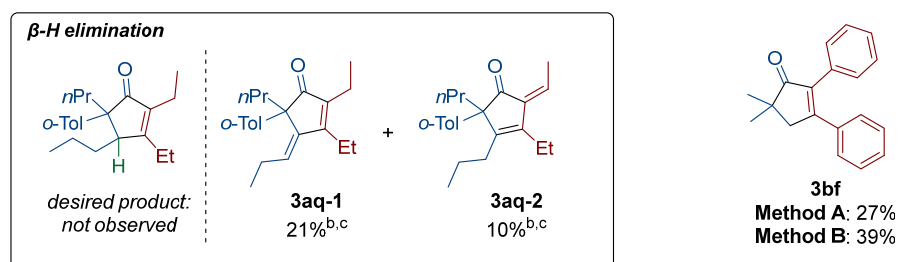
Method C: In a glovebox, a 4 mL screw-cap vial equipped with a stirring bar was charged with $[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (0.5 mol%, 1.25 μmol , 200 μL as 6.25 mM stock solution in dioxane) and **L01** (1.0 mol%, 2.50 μmol , 1.7 mg, or 16.8 mg as 10.0wt% stock solution in dioxane) and then dioxane (1.8 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. To a pre-mixed solution were added carboxylic acid (1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol), Ghosez's reagent (1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol, 50.1 mg, CAS Number: 26189-59-3), alkyne (1.0 equiv, 0.250 mmol) and $i\text{Pr}_3\text{SiH}$ (1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol, 59.4 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 14 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature then quenched with sodium methoxide (1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol, 70 μL of 5.4M solution in MeOH, note: the quenching step could be omitted for substrates bearing a base-labile functional group) and diluted with DCM (2 mL). The resulting solution was filtered through a celite/silica plug and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane/DCM, pentane/EA or pentane/MTBE).

Table S9. Examples using modified conditions of **Method A**.^a



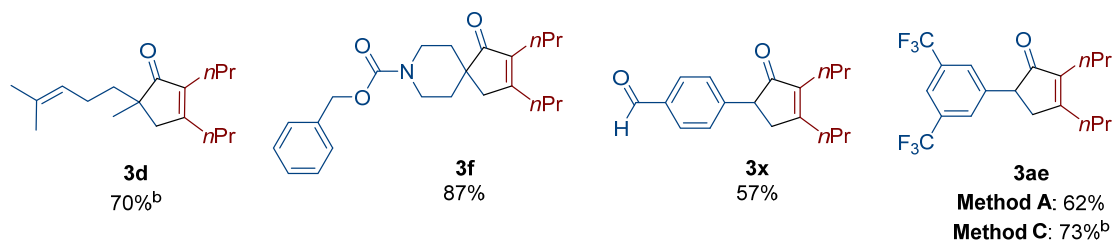
^aAll yields are isolated as a single regioisomer unless otherwise stated. ^b[Pd(allyl)Cl]₂ (2.5 mol%), **L01** (5.0 mol%). ^cIsolated as an inseparable mixture of regioisomers.

Table S10. Examples using **Method B**.^a



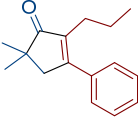
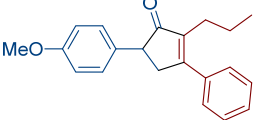
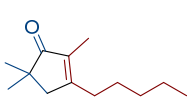
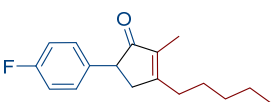
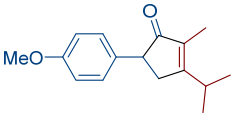
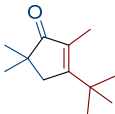
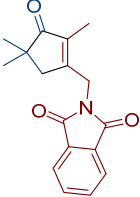
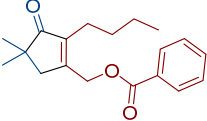
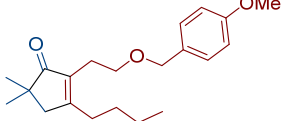
^aAll yields are isolated as a single regioisomer unless otherwise stated. ^b[Pd(allyl)Cl]₂ (5.0 mol%), **L01** (10.0 mol%), 120 °C. ^c3-hexyne (1.5 equiv.) was used instead of **2a**.

Table S11. Examples using **Method C**.^a

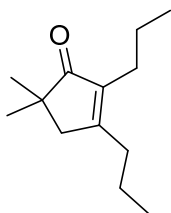


^aAll yields are isolated as a single regioisomer unless otherwise stated. ^b[Pd(allyl)Cl]₂ (2.5 mol%), **L01** (5.0 mol%).

Table S12. Comparison between the ratio of isomeric products isolated separately and GC ratio of the crude mixture.

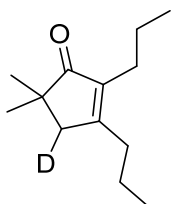
 3bi 53% (<i>rr</i> = 57:43) Crude GC (<i>rr</i> = 56:44)	 3bj 46% (<i>rr</i> = 58:42) Crude GC (<i>rr</i> = 61:39)	 3bq 74% (<i>rr</i> = 58:42) Crude GC (<i>rr</i> = 56:44)	 3br 69% (<i>rr</i> = 55:45) Crude GC (<i>rr</i> = 56:44)	 3bs 76% (<i>rr</i> = 59:41) Crude GC (<i>rr</i> = 59:41)
 3bt 64% (<i>rr</i> = 73:27) Crude GC (<i>rr</i> = 71:29)	 3bu 67% (<i>rr</i> = 63:37) Crude GC (<i>rr</i> = 63:37)	 3bv 61% (<i>rr</i> = 56:44) Crude GC (<i>rr</i> = 59:41)	 3by 56% (<i>rr</i> = 66:34) Crude GC (<i>rr</i> = 66:34)	

5,5-dimethyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3a**). Pale yellow oil. 90% yield (44 mg).



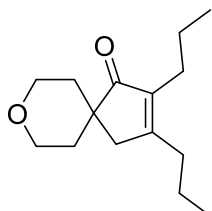
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.37 (ddt, *J* = 7.7, 7.0, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (p, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (ddt, *J* = 8.8, 6.1, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.59 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.2, 170.3, 137.8, 46.2, 42.7, 32.9, 25.4, 25.3, 22.0, 20.9, 14.2, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₃H₂₃O, 195.1743; found 195.1745. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis. The ¹H- and ¹³C-NMR data were consistent with the spectral data reported in literature.¹

5,5-dimethyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one-4-*d* (**3a-d**, 94%[D]). Pale yellow oil. 91% yield (45 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.37 (ddd, *J* = 8.8, 6.4, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.35 – 2.30 (m, 1H), 2.13 (ddd, *J* = 8.9, 6.2, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 1.59 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.44 – 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.2, 170.3, 137.8, 46.2, 45.8 (t, *J* = 19.9 Hz), 42.7, 32.9, 25.4 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz), 25.3, 22.0, 20.9, 14.2, 14.2. **²H NMR** (77 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.34, 2.31. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₃H₂₂DO, 196.1806; found 196.1808. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

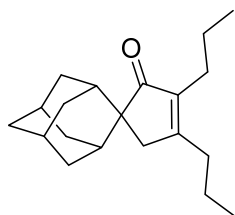
2,3-dipropyl-8-oxaspiro[4.5]dec-2-en-1-one (**3b**). Colorless oil. 92% yield (55 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.02 – 3.97 (m, 2H), 3.52 (td, *J* = 11.8, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 2.45 (s, 2H), 2.40 (ddt, *J* = 8.8, 7.1, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (ddt, *J* = 8.9, 6.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.95 (ddd, *J* = 13.7, 11.9, 4.5 Hz,

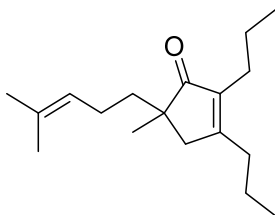
2H), 1.62 – 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.12 (dq, $J = 13.7, 2.6$ Hz, 2H), 0.96 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.86 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 212.0, 170.5, 138.7, 65.1, 45.1, 42.4, 33.8, 33.0, 25.2, 21.9, 21.0, 14.2, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{25}\text{O}_2$, 237.1849; found 237.1848. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

(1r,3r,5r,7r)-3',4'-dipropylspiro[adamantane-2,1'-cyclopentan]-3'-en-2'-one (**3c**). Colorless oil. 75% yield (54 mg).



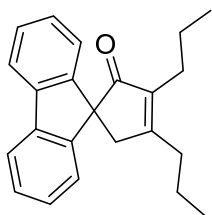
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.79 – 2.71 (m, 2H), 2.49 (s, 2H), 2.38 – 2.31 (m, 2H), 2.09 (ddt, $J = 8.8, 7.4, 1.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.93 – 1.81 (m, 4H), 1.76 – 1.66 (m, 4H), 1.61 – 1.44 (m, 6H), 1.41 – 1.31 (m, 2H), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.85 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 212.6, 168.2, 138.8, 51.8, 44.0, 38.8, 36.2, 34.4, 32.8, 32.0, 27.4, 27.0, 25.2, 22.0, 21.0, 14.2, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{31}\text{O}$, 287.2369; found 287.2371. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-methyl-5-(4-methylpent-3-en-1-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3d**). Colorless oil. **Method C**: 70% yield (46 mg).



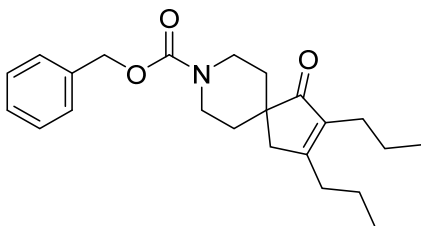
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 5.03 (tp, $J = 7.1, 1.5$ Hz, 1H), 2.48 (dp, $J = 18.1, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.43 – 2.33 (m, 2H), 2.22 (dp, $J = 18.1, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.18 – 2.08 (m, 2H), 1.88 – 1.67 (m, 2H), 1.64 (d, $J = 1.1$ Hz, 3H), 1.67 – 1.53 (m, 2H), 1.54 (d, $J = 0.9$ Hz, 3H), 1.53 – 1.46 (m, 1H), 1.45 – 1.35 (m, 3H), 1.05 (s, 3H), 0.96 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 213.9, 171.0, 139.0, 131.7, 124.3, 46.2, 43.4, 38.4, 33.0, 25.8, 25.3, 24.2, 23.5, 22.0, 21.0, 17.7, 14.3, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{30}\text{NaO}$, 285.2189; found 285.2185. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

3,4-dipropylspiro[cyclopentane-1,9'-fluoren]-3-en-2-one (**3e**). Yellow solid. 87% yield (69 mg).



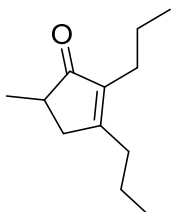
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.75 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 7.12 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 3.16 – 3.08 (m, 2H), 2.68 – 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.30 (ddt, *J* = 8.8, 6.1, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.79 – 1.66 (m, 2H), 1.58 – 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.10 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.8, 173.3, 147.7, 141.7, 140.5, 127.8, 127.8, 122.1, 120.4, 62.8, 43.2, 33.3, 25.8, 21.9, 21.1, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₃H₂₅O, 317.1900; found 317.1902. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and X-ray crystallography.

benzyl 1-oxo-2,3-dipropyl-8-azaspiro[4.5]dec-2-ene-8-carboxylate (**3f**). Colorless oil. **Method C**: 87% yield (80 mg).



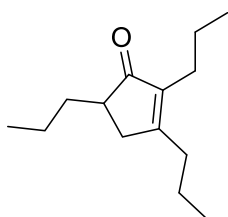
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.40 – 7.34 (m, 4H), 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 4.13 (br, 2H), 3.00 (br, 2H), 2.46 – 2.35 (m, 4H), 2.14 (ddd, *J* = 8.8, 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 1.87 – 1.74 (m, 2H), 1.62 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.33 (m, 2H), 1.25 (br, 2H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.1, 170.6, 155.4, 138.6, 136.9, 128.6, 128.1, 128.0, 67.2, 45.6, 41.8, 41.2, 33.1, 33.0, 25.2, 21.9, 21.0, 14.2, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₂₃H₃₁NNaO₃, 392.2196; found 392.2191. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-methyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3g**). pale yellow oil. 85% yield (38 mg).



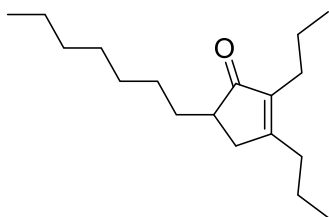
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.77 – 2.70 (m, 1H), 2.41 – 2.36 (m, 2H), 2.36 – 2.30 (m, 1H), 2.14 (ddt, *J* = 8.1, 7.0, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 2.07 (ddq, *J* = 18.0, 2.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 1.60 – 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.44 – 1.35 (m, 2H), 1.15 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.6, 172.0, 139.3, 39.6, 38.2, 33.1, 25.3, 22.0, 21.0, 16.9, 14.3, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₂H₂₁O, 181.1587; found 181.1586. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis. The ¹H- and ¹³C-NMR data were consistent with the spectral data reported in literature.¹

2,3,5-tripropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3h**). Colorless oil. 79% yield (41 mg).



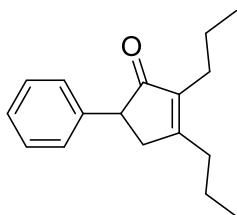
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.65 (dddd, *J* = 18.2, 7.9, 2.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.41 – 2.35 (m, 2H), 2.30 (dddd, *J* = 9.3, 6.6, 4.3, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 2.10 (m, 3H), 1.81 – 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.60 – 1.51 (m, 2H), 1.43 – 1.31 (m, 4H), 1.31 – 1.21 (m, 1H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.2, 172.3, 139.9, 45.0, 36.1, 34.1, 33.2, 25.2, 22.0, 21.0, 20.6, 14.3, 14.2, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₄H₂₅O, 209.1900; found 209.1896. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-heptyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3i**). Colorless oil. 85% yield (56 mg).



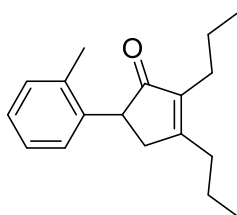
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.65 (dd, *J* = 18.0, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 2.38 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 2.33 – 2.23 (m, 1H), 2.19 – 2.07 (m, 3H), 1.83 – 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.56 (h, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.45 – 1.34 (m, 2H), 1.34 – 1.18 (m, 11H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.2, 172.3, 139.9, 45.2, 36.2, 33.2, 32.0, 31.9, 29.8, 29.3, 27.4, 25.2, 22.8, 22.0, 21.0, 14.3, 14.2, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₃₃O, 265.2526; found 265.2523. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-phenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3j**). Colorless oil. 78% yield (47 mg).



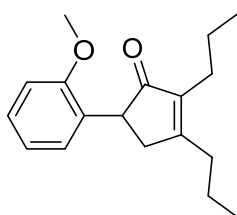
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.22 (ddt, *J* = 8.3, 6.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.13 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 3.54 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (ddtd, *J* = 18.4, 7.2, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (ddt, *J* = 18.4, 2.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.55 – 2.42 (m, 2H), 2.27 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.63 (h, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 1.45 (h, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.9, 173.0, 140.7, 139.9, 128.9, 127.6, 126.8, 51.1, 39.3, 33.2, 25.4, 22.0, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₃O, 243.1743; found 243.1742. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to previously reported literature.^{3,9}

2,3-dipropyl-5-(*o*-tolyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3k**). Pale yellow oil. 87% yield (56 mg).



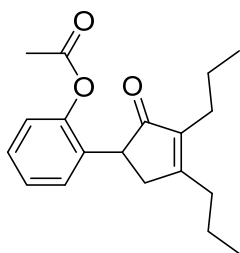
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.18 – 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.14 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 6.89 – 6.84 (m, 1H), 3.76 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 2.9 Hz, 1H), 3.09 – 3.02 (m, 1H), 2.52 – 2.41 (m, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.29 – 2.18 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.51 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 0.99 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.7, 172.5, 140.4, 139.5, 136.8, 130.7, 126.9, 126.8, 126.5, 48.4, 38.9, 33.2, 25.5, 22.0, 21.0, 20.1, 14.4, 14.3. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₂₅O, 257.1900; found 257.1900. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3l**). White solid. 94% yield (64 mg).



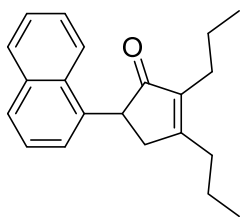
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.20 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 7.4, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.03 (dd, *J* = 7.5, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.66 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.97 – 2.89 (m, 1H), 2.56 – 2.49 (m, 1H), 2.49 – 2.37 (m, 2H), 2.29 – 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.54 – 1.41 (m, 2H), 0.98 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.9, 171.3, 157.5, 139.8, 129.9, 129.5, 128.1, 120.9, 111.0, 55.4, 47.7, 38.4, 33.0, 25.5, 22.1, 21.0, 14.3, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₂₅O₂, 273.1849; found 273.1850. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and X-ray crystallography.

2-(2-oxo-3,4-dipropylcyclopent-3-en-1-yl)phenyl acetate (**3m**). Pale yellow oil. 90% yield (68 mg).



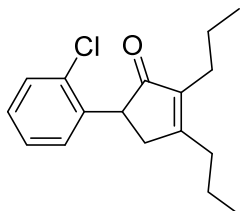
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.27 – 7.23 (m, 1H), 7.17 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.07 (ddd, *J* = 12.8, 7.9, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 3.63 (dd, *J* = 7.4, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.00 – 2.93 (m, 1H), 2.50 – 2.39 (m, 3H), 2.29 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 1.62 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.51 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 0.99 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.4, 172.3, 169.3, 149.0, 140.1, 132.8, 129.3, 128.0, 126.5, 122.9, 46.6, 38.7, 33.2, 25.5, 22.1, 21.1, 21.0, 14.4, 14.3. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₉H₂₅O₃, 301.1798; found 301.1795. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(naphthalen-1-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3n**). Pale yellow oil. 88% yield (65 mg).



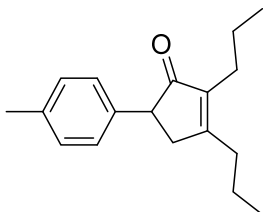
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.89 – 7.84 (m, 1H), 7.84 – 7.78 (m, 1H), 7.75 (dt, *J* = 8.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.40 (dd, *J* = 8.3, 7.1 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 4.21 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 3.22 (ddt, *J* = 18.3, 7.3, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.68 – 2.61 (m, 1H), 2.56 – 2.45 (m, 2H), 2.38 – 2.27 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.51 (m, 4H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.97 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.6, 172.3, 140.6, 137.3, 134.3, 132.1, 129.1, 127.6, 126.2, 125.7, 125.7, 125.4, 123.6, 48.8, 39.5, 33.2, 25.5, 22.0, 21.0, 14.3, 14.3. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₁H₂₅O, 293.1900; found 293.1897. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(2-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3o**). Pale yellow oil. 93% yield (64 mg).



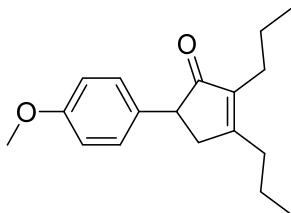
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.38 – 7.34 (m, 1H), 7.21 – 7.14 (m, 2H), 7.03 – 6.99 (m, 1H), 3.92 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.14 – 3.06 (m, 1H), 2.54 – 2.39 (m, 3H), 2.25 (ddq, *J* = 9.7, 7.1, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.65 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.44 (m, 2H), 0.98 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.4, 172.2, 140.4, 138.8, 134.5, 129.9, 129.4, 128.2, 127.3, 49.3, 38.5, 33.1, 25.5, 22.0, 20.9, 14.3, 14.3. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₂ClO, 277.1354; found 277.1353. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2,3-dipropyl-5-(*p*-tolyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3p**). Pale yellow oil. 79% yield (51 mg).



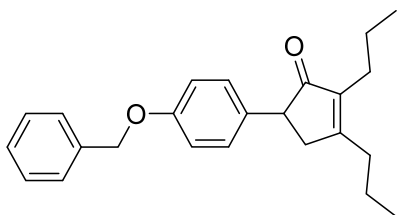
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.14 – 7.08 (m, 2H), 7.02 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 3.50 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.07 – 2.97 (m, 1H), 2.57 (ddt, *J* = 18.5, 2.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.54 – 2.40 (m, 2H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.26 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.62 (h, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.44 (h, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.1, 172.9, 139.8, 137.6, 136.4, 129.6, 127.5, 50.7, 39.3, 33.2, 25.4, 22.0, 21.2, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₂₅O, 257.1900; found 257.1899. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3q**). Pale yellow oil. 78% yield (53 mg).



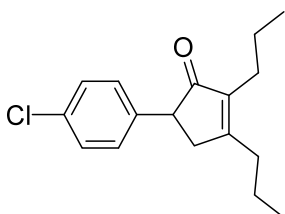
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.06 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.81 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.48 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.06 – 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.55 (ddt, *J* = 18.3, 2.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.52 – 2.40 (m, 2H), 2.27 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.44 (h, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.2, 172.8, 158.5, 139.8, 132.8, 128.6, 114.3, 55.4, 50.3, 39.3, 33.2, 25.4, 22.0, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₂₅O₂, 273.1849; found 273.1847. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-(benzyloxy)phenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3r**). Yellow oil. 35% yield (31 mg).



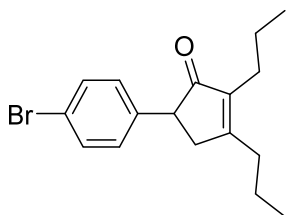
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 – 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.38 (tq, *J* = 8.1, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.34 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.94 – 6.90 (m, 2H), 5.04 (s, 2H), 3.49 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (ddtd, *J* = 18.5, 7.2, 1.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.55 (ddt, *J* = 18.3, 2.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (tdt, *J* = 13.6, 8.2, 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.21 (qt, *J* = 7.3, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.66 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.44 (h, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.2, 172.9, 157.8, 139.8, 137.2, 133.0, 128.7, 128.6, 128.0, 127.6, 115.3, 70.2, 50.3, 39.3, 33.2, 25.4, 22.0, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₂₄H₂₈NaO₂, 371.1982; found 371.1979. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3s**). Colorless oil. 78% yield (54 mg).



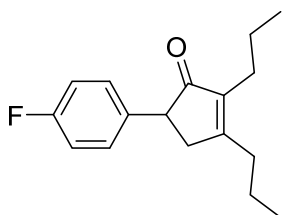
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 7.06 – 7.02 (m, 2H), 3.51 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.07 – 3.01 (m, 1H), 2.54 (ddt, *J* = 18.5, 2.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.52 – 2.42 (m, 2H), 2.25 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.62 (dtd, *J* = 8.2, 7.3, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 1.47 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.01 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.3, 173.0, 139.9, 139.0, 132.6, 129.0, 50.4, 39.0, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₂ClO, 277.1354; found 277.1349. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-bromophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3t**). Pale yellow oil. 66% yield (53 mg).



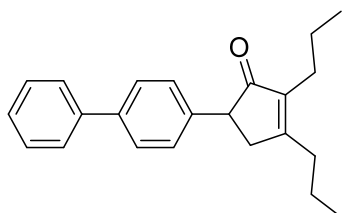
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.02 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 3.50 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (dddt, *J* = 18.4, 7.2, 2.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.59 – 2.41 (m, 3H), 2.20 (tdt, *J* = 8.0, 2.3, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.67 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.43 (h, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.3, 173.1, 139.9, 139.5, 131.9, 129.4, 120.7, 50.4, 38.9, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₂BrO, 321.0849; found 321.0844. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3u**). Pale yellow oil. 79% yield (52 mg).



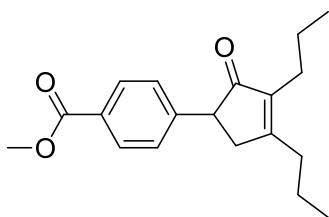
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.10 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 7.01 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 3.52 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.09 – 2.99 (m, 1H), 2.57 – 2.52 (m, 1H), 2.52 – 2.42 (m, 2H), 2.27 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.67 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.44 (h, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.7, 172.9, 161.9 (d, *J* = 244.7 Hz), 139.9, 136.3 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 129.1 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 115.7 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz), 50.3, 39.2, 33.2, 25.4, 22.0, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **¹⁹F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -116.4. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₁FNao, 283.1469; found 283.1470. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3v**). White solid. 50% yield (40 mg).



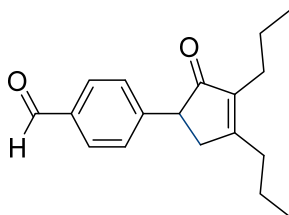
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.59 – 7.51 (m, 4H), 7.42 (dddd, *J* = 7.9, 6.7, 1.2, 0.6 Hz, 2H), 7.35 – 7.30 (m, 1H), 7.21 – 7.17 (m, 2H), 3.59 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.07 (dddd, *J* = 18.5, 7.2, 2.1, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.68 – 2.61 (m, 1H), 2.56 – 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.29 – 2.18 (m, 2H), 1.69 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.47 (h, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.03 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.8, 173.1, 141.1, 139.9, 139.8, 139.7, 128.9, 128.0, 127.7, 127.3, 127.2, 50.8, 39.2, 33.3, 25.5, 22.0, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₃H₂₇O, 319.2056; found 319.2050. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and X-ray crystallography.

methyl 4-(2-oxo-3,4-dipropylcyclopent-3-en-1-yl)benzoate (**3w**). Pale yellow oil. 72% yield (54 mg).



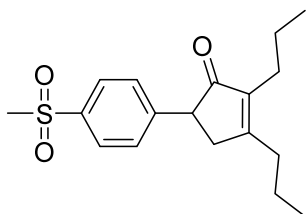
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.99 – 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.20 – 7.16 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H), 3.61 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.09 – 3.03 (m, 1H), 2.60 (ddt, *J* = 18.5, 2.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.54 – 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.26 – 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.63 (h, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.44 (hd, *J* = 7.3, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.0, 173.1, 167.1, 145.9, 140.0, 130.2, 128.8, 127.7, 52.2, 51.1, 38.9, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₉H₂₅O₃, 301.1798; found 301.1796. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

4-(2-oxo-3,4-dipropylcyclopent-3-en-1-yl)benzaldehyde (**3x**). **Method C**: pale yellow oil. 57% yield (39 mg).



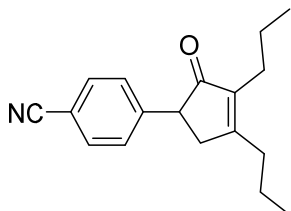
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.97 (s, 1H), 7.85 – 7.80 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 3.64 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.12 – 3.04 (m, 1H), 2.66 – 2.58 (m, 1H), 2.56 – 2.44 (m, 2H), 2.27 – 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.68 – 1.60 (m, 2H), 1.49 – 1.39 (m, 2H), 1.02 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 207.7, 192.0, 173.2, 147.6, 140.0, 135.2, 130.4, 128.4, 51.2, 38.8, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₂₃O₂, 271.1693; found 271.1689. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3y**). White solid. 66% yield (53 mg).



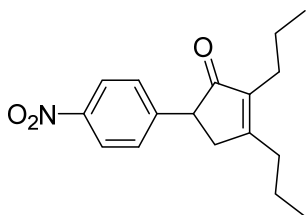
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 – 7.85 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.29 (m, 2H), 3.64 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (dddt, *J* = 18.6, 7.3, 2.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (s, 3H), 2.60 (dq, *J* = 18.5, 2.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.57 – 2.45 (m, 2H), 2.22 (dddt, *J* = 7.8, 6.6, 2.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.63 (h, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.49 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.02 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 207.5, 173.5, 146.9, 139.9, 139.0, 128.7, 128.0, 50.9, 44.7, 38.7, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₂₅O₃S, 321.1519; found 321.1515. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

4-(2-oxo-3,4-dipropylcyclopent-3-en-1-yl)benzonitrile (**3z**). Pale yellow oil. 42% yield (28 mg).



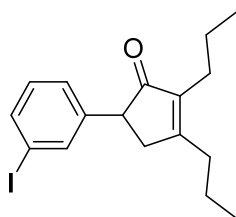
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 – 7.57 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 3.60 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.07 (dddt, *J* = 18.3, 7.2, 2.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (dtd, *J* = 18.5, 2.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.55 – 2.43 (m, 2H), 2.21 (dddt, *J* = 7.8, 6.6, 2.2, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 1.63 (h, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.48 – 1.39 (m, 2H), 1.02 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 207.3, 173.2, 145.9, 140.0, 132.7, 128.5, 119.0, 110.8, 51.0, 38.6, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₂₂NO, 268.1696; found 268.1696. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-nitrophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3aa**). Yellow oil. 44% yield (32 mg).



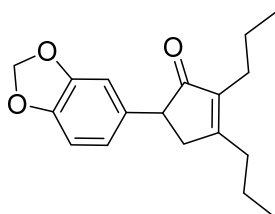
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.20 – 8.14 (m, 2H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 2H), 3.67 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.10 (ddq, *J* = 18.5, 7.3, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (dq, *J* = 18.5, 2.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.56 – 2.45 (m, 2H), 2.22 (dddt, *J* = 7.8, 6.6, 2.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.64 (h, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.48 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.02 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 207.1, 173.3, 148.0, 147.0, 140.0, 128.6, 124.1, 50.9, 38.6, 33.2, 25.5, 21.9, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₂NO₃, 288.1594; found 288.1593. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(3-iodophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ab**). Pale brown oil. 37% yield (34 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.56 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.08 – 7.05 (m, 1H), 7.03 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 3.47 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.08 – 2.98 (m, 1H), 2.58 – 2.52 (m, 1H), 2.52 – 2.42 (m, 2H), 2.21 (dddt, *J* = 7.7, 6.5, 2.2, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.62 (h, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 1.48 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.01 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.0, 173.1, 142.9, 139.9, 136.7, 135.9, 130.6, 126.9, 94.9, 50.5, 39.0, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₂IO, 369.0710; found 369.0710. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

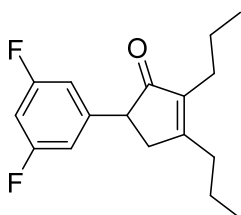
5-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ac**). Pale yellow oil. 72% yield (52 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.74 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 6.59 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 1.8, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 6.56 – 6.54 (m, 1H), 5.92 – 5.90 (m, 2H), 3.45 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (ddq, *J* = 18.4, 7.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H),

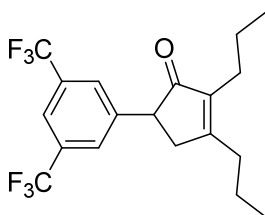
2.56 – 2.41 (m, 3H), 2.25 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.44 (h, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.00 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 208.9, 173.0, 148.1, 146.5, 139.8, 134.4, 121.0, 108.6, 107.8, 101.1, 50.7, 39.4, 33.2, 25.4, 22.0, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}_3$, 287.1642; found 287.1641. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ad**). Pale yellow oil. 65% yield (46 mg).



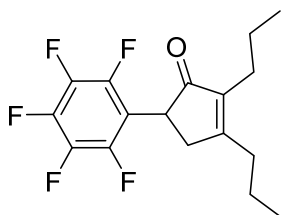
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 6.70 – 6.62 (m, 3H), 3.52 (dd, $J = 7.3, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.08 – 3.01 (m, 1H), 2.58 – 2.53 (m, 1H), 2.53 – 2.43 (m, 2H), 2.26 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.62 (h, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.44 (h, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 207.3, 173.1, 163.3 (dd, $J = 248.4, 13.1$ Hz), 144.2 (t, $J = 9.2$ Hz), 139.9, 110.8 – 110.5 (m), 102.4 (t, $J = 25.3$ Hz), 50.6 (t, $J = 2.0$ Hz), 38.7, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.4, 14.2. **^{19}F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -109.8. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{21}\text{F}_2\text{O}$, 279.1555; found 279.1554. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ae**). Colorless oil. **Method A**: 62% yield (58 mg). **Method C**: 73% yield (69 mg).



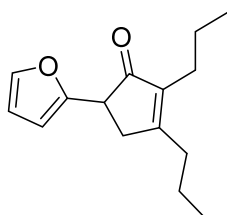
^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.75 (dp, $J = 1.6, 0.7$ Hz, 1H), 7.57 (dp, $J = 1.2, 0.6$ Hz, 2H), 3.68 (dd, $J = 7.3, 2.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.16 – 3.10 (m, 1H), 2.60 (dq, $J = 18.5, 2.1, 1.0$ Hz, 1H), 2.56 – 2.47 (m, 2H), 2.28 – 2.19 (m, 2H), 1.65 (h, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 2H), 1.50 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.03 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 206.8, 173.2, 142.7, 140.0, 132.1 (q, $J = 33.3$ Hz), 128.0 (q, $J = 3.9$ Hz), 123.4 (q, $J = 272.7$ Hz), 121.0 (hept, $J = 3.9$ Hz), 50.5, 38.5, 33.2, 25.5, 21.9, 21.0, 14.3, 14.2. **^{19}F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -62.9. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{21}\text{F}_6\text{O}$, 379.1491; found 379.1492. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(perfluorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3af**). Colorless oil. 89% yield (74 mg).



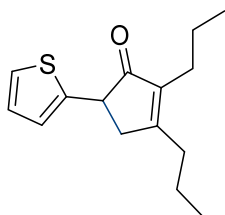
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.86 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (ddt, *J* = 18.1, 7.7, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (ddq, *J* = 18.0, 3.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.54 – 2.40 (m, 2H), 2.23 (ddt, *J* = 8.8, 6.2, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 1.65 – 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.50 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 0.99 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 205.7, 171.8, 146.7 – 144.2 (m), 141.6 – 139.2 (m), 139.6, 138.9 – 136.5 (m), 114.1 (td, *J* = 17.4, 3.9 Hz), 40.4 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz), 36.9, 33.0, 25.5, 21.8, 20.9, 14.2, 14.1. **¹⁹F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -142.7, -156.1 (t, *J* = 20.8 Hz), -162.3 (m). **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₁₈F₅O, 333.1272; found 333.1268. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(furan-2-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ag**). Pale yellow oil. 62% yield (36 mg).



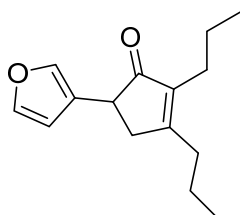
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 (dt, *J* = 1.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 6.30 (dt, *J* = 3.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.17 (dt, *J* = 3.1, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 3.66 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (ddq, *J* = 18.2, 7.3, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (dtt, *J* = 18.2, 2.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.51 – 2.39 (m, 2H), 2.19 (tt, *J* = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.64 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.48 – 1.38 (m, 2H), 0.99 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.0, 172.7, 152.6, 141.9, 139.3, 110.5, 106.4, 44.8, 35.8, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 20.9, 14.3, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₂₀NaO₂, 255.1356; found 255.1356. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2,3-dipropyl-5-(thiophen-2-yl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ah**). Yellow oil. 55% yield (34 mg).



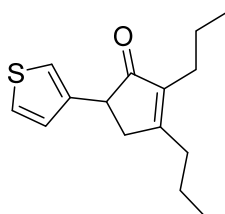
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.16 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.92 (dt, *J* = 3.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.80 (ddd, *J* = 7.2, 2.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 3.09 (ddq, *J* = 18.2, 7.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (ddq, *J* = 18.1, 2.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.53 – 2.40 (m, 2H), 2.25 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.44 (h, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.00 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.8, 172.2, 142.3, 139.0, 126.9, 124.5, 124.0, 46.1, 39.2, 33.1, 25.4, 21.9, 20.9, 14.3, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₂₁OS, 249.1308; found 249.1308. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(furan-3-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ai**). Colorless oil. 67% yield (39 mg).



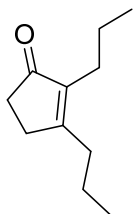
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 (dd, *J* = 1.6, 0.7 Hz, 2H), 6.30 – 6.29 (m, 1H), 3.46 (ddd, *J* = 7.2, 2.9, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 2.97 (ddq, *J* = 18.0, 7.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.51 (ddq, *J* = 18.0, 2.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.49 – 2.39 (m, 2H), 2.18 (ddq, *J* = 9.1, 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.65 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.46 – 1.39 (m, 2H), 0.99 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.2, 172.3, 143.3, 139.5, 139.4, 123.4, 109.7, 41.7, 37.5, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.3, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₂₁O₂, 233.1536; found 233.1538. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2,3-dipropyl-5-(thiophen-3-yl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3aj**). Colorless oil. 51% yield (32 mg).



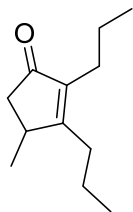
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.28 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.09 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 6.95 – 6.93 (m, 1H), 3.66 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.02 (ddq, *J* = 18.3, 7.2, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.61 (dq, *J* = 18.2, 2.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.50 – 2.41 (m, 2H), 2.25 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.65 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.43 (h, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 0.99 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.1, 172.3, 140.0, 139.5, 126.8, 126.0, 121.0, 46.3, 38.2, 33.2, 25.4, 21.9, 21.0, 14.3, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₂₁OS, 249.1308; found 249.1309. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ak**). Pale yellow oil. 41% yield (17 mg).



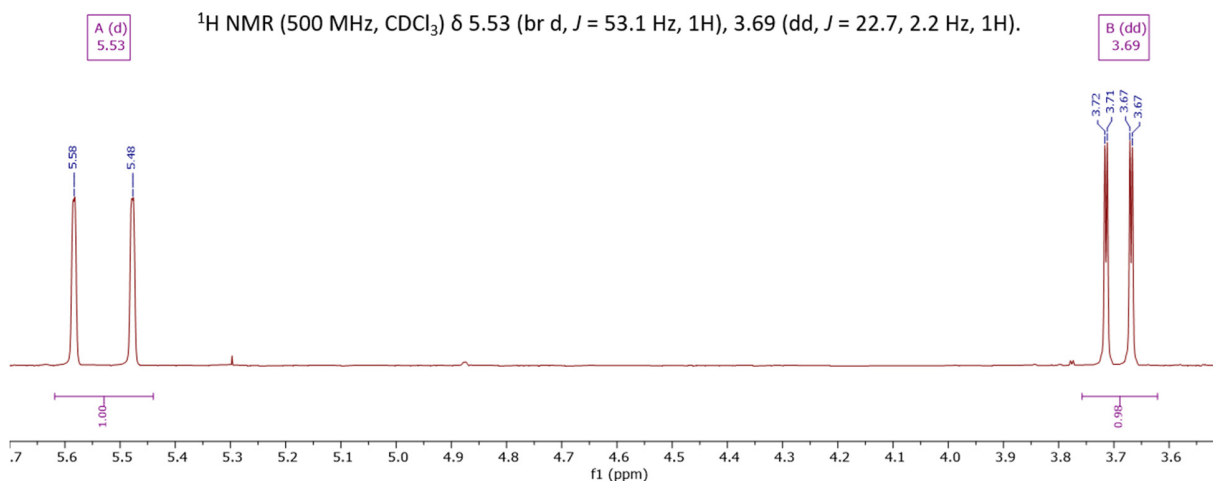
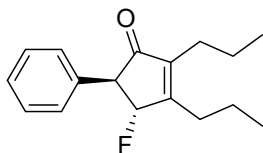
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.50 – 2.47 (m, 2H), 2.42 – 2.38 (m, 2H), 2.37 – 2.34 (m, 2H), 2.17 – 2.12 (m, 2H), 1.61 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.43 – 1.36 (m, 2H), 0.97 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 210.3, 174.0, 140.6, 34.4, 33.3, 29.1, 25.3, 22.0, 21.0, 14.3, 14.3. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₁H₁₉O, 167.1430; found 167.1428. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to previously reported literature.^{4,5,6}

4-methyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3al**). Colorless oil. 34% yield (16 mg).



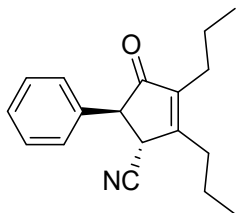
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.87 – 2.78 (m, 1H), 2.59 (ddd, *J* = 18.5, 6.5, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 2.46 (ddd, *J* = 13.6, 9.4, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.31 (ddd, *J* = 13.8, 9.4, 5.3 Hz, 1H), 2.17 – 2.07 (m, 2H), 1.94 (dd, *J* = 18.6, 2.2 Hz, 1H), 1.68 – 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.49 – 1.35 (m, 3H), 1.15 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.2, 177.8, 140.2, 43.3, 34.7, 30.5, 25.3, 22.0, 20.9, 19.5, 14.5, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₂H₂₁O, 181.1587; found 181.1587. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to previously reported literature.⁷

trans-4-fluoro-5-phenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3am**). Colorless oil. 47% yield (30 mg).

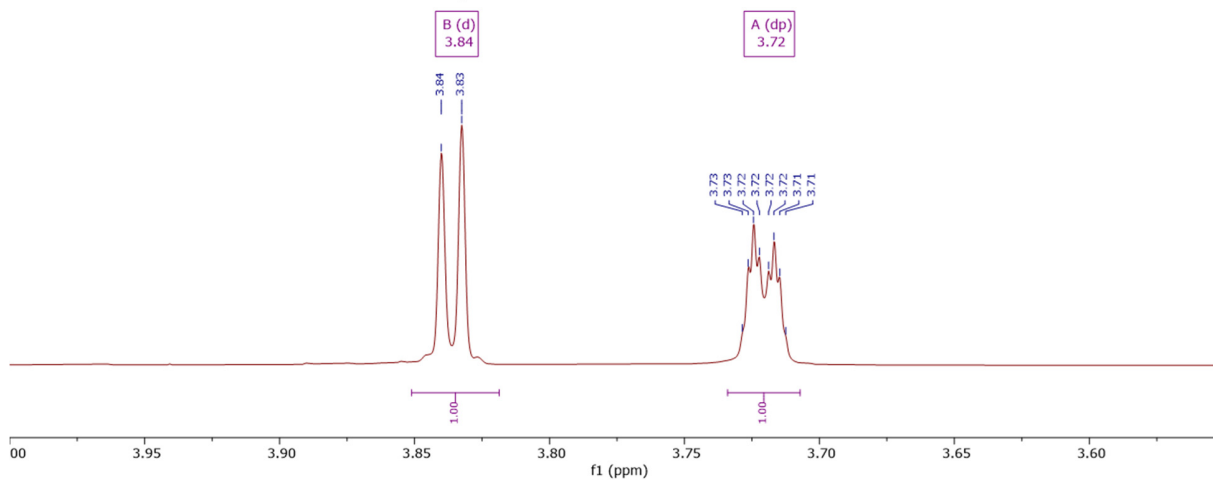


$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.37 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.31 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.14 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 5.53 (dddd, $J = 53.1, 1.7, 1.3, 0.7$ Hz, 1H), 3.69 (dd, $J = 22.7, 2.2$ Hz, 1H), 2.62 – 2.48 (m, 2H), 2.35 – 2.22 (m, 2H), 1.80 – 1.67 (m, 1H), 1.67 – 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.50 (h, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.03 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 202.6 (d, $J = 4.3$ Hz), 166.2 (d, $J = 16.0$ Hz), 144.5 (d, $J = 4.2$ Hz), 137.1 (d, $J = 1.4$ Hz), 129.1, 128.1, 127.6, 97.2 (d, $J = 181.8$ Hz), 58.2 (d, $J = 18.8$ Hz), 29.7, 25.4 (d, $J = 1.7$ Hz), 21.7 (d, $J = 3.1$ Hz), 20.9, 14.5, 14.2. $^{19}\text{F NMR}$ (471 MHz, CDCl_3) δ -175.8. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{21}\text{FNaO}$, 283.1469; found 283.1472. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to the coupling constants of the vicinal H–F and H_4 – H_5 previously reported literature.^{8,9}

4-oxo-5-*trans*-phenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-ene-1-carbonitrile (**3an**). Pale yellow oil. 30% yield (20 mg).

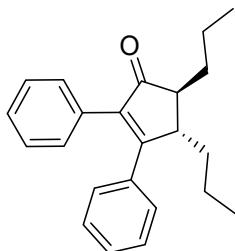


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.84 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (dp, $J = 3.2, 1.1$ Hz, 1H).

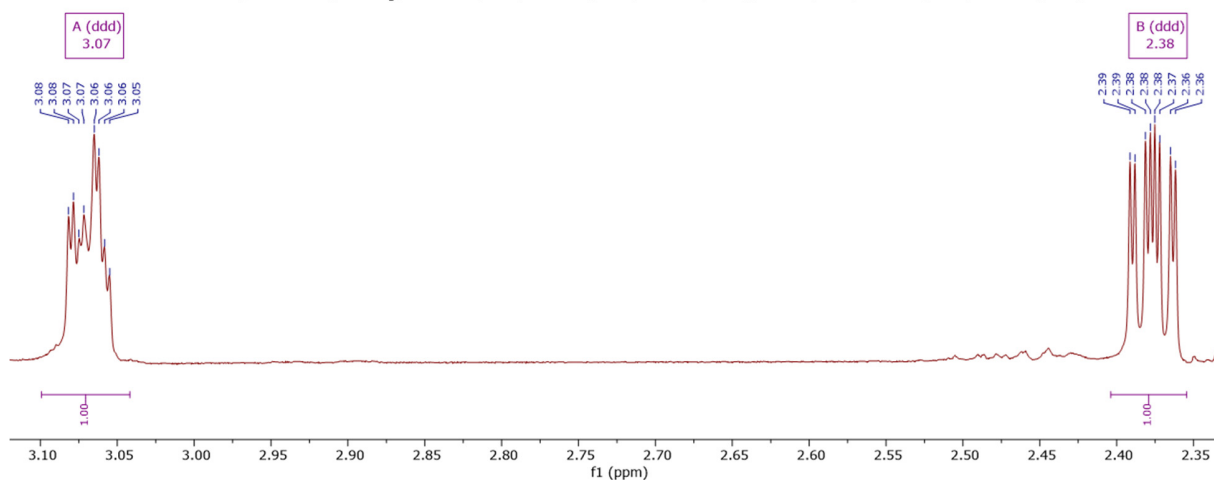


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.39 – 7.29 (m, 3H), 7.12 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 3.84 (d, $J = 3.8$ Hz, 1H), 3.72 (dp, $J = 3.2, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.70 (dddd, $J = 14.1, 9.3, 7.1, 0.9$ Hz, 1H), 2.59 (dddd, $J = 14.2, 9.3, 5.5, 1.1$ Hz, 1H), 2.31 – 2.26 (m, 2H), 1.83 – 1.71 (m, 1H), 1.66 – 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.53 – 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.05 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 0.94 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 203.5, 163.8, 142.8, 136.9, 129.4, 128.2, 127.7, 118.3, 55.8, 40.7, 31.4, 25.8, 21.7, 21.0, 14.2, 14.2. HRMS (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{22}\text{NO}$, 268.1696; found 268.1692. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to the coupling constants of vicinal $\text{H}_4\text{--H}_5$ previously reported literature.⁹

2,3-diphenyl-4,5-*trans*-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ao-2**, major). Yellow oil. 25% yield (20 mg).

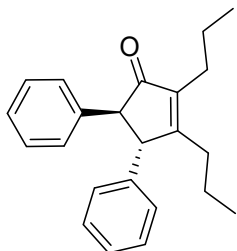


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.07 (ddd, $J = 8.4, 3.4, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (ddd, $J = 8.2, 5.1, 1.6$ Hz, 1H).

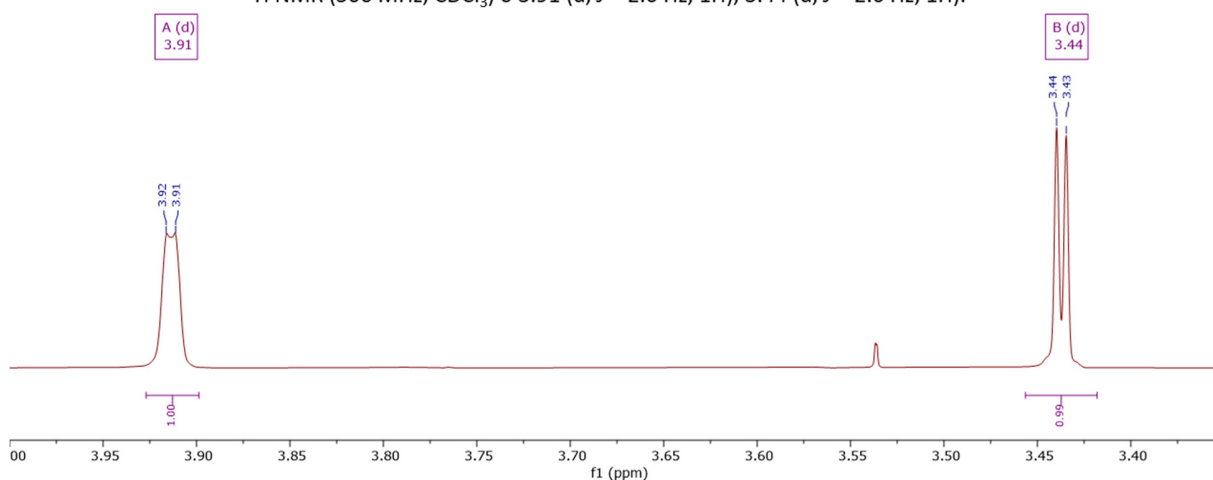


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 3H), 7.27 – 7.20 (m, 5H), 7.18 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 3.07 (ddd, $J = 8.4, 3.4, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 (ddd, $J = 8.2, 5.1, 1.6$ Hz, 1H), 1.85 – 1.75 (m, 1H), 1.68 – 1.59 (m, 1H), 1.56 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.37 – 1.23 (m, 4H), 0.97 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H), 0.83 (t, $J = 7.0$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 209.5, 171.9, 139.0, 135.4, 132.1, 129.7, 129.3, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 127.7, 51.7, 47.9, 35.9, 35.3, 20.5, 20.1, 14.5, 14.4. HRMS (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}$, 319.2056; found 319.2053. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to the coupling constants of vicinal $\text{H}_4\text{--H}_5$ previously reported literature.^{9,10}

4,5-*trans*-diphenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ao-1**, minor). Pale yellow oil. 17% yield (14 mg).

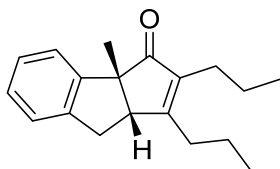


^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.91 (d, $J = 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.44 (d, $J = 2.6$ Hz, 1H).



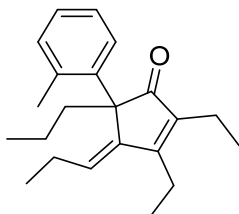
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.35 – 7.21 (m, 6H), 7.09 – 7.02 (m, 4H), 3.91 (d, $J = 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 3.44 (d, $J = 2.6$ Hz, 1H), 2.50 (dddd, $J = 13.6, 9.2, 7.1, 0.7$ Hz, 1H), 2.38 – 2.27 (m, 2H), 2.08 – 2.01 (m, 1H), 1.61 – 1.50 (m, 3H), 1.46 – 1.35 (m, 1H), 0.98 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 208.4, 174.5, 141.7, 141.3, 139.9, 129.1, 129.0, 127.8, 127.7, 127.3, 127.0, 62.1, 57.3, 31.1, 25.6, 22.2, 20.9, 14.3, 14.3. HRMS (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}$, 319.2056; found 319.2056. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to the coupling constants of vicinal $\text{H}_4\text{--H}_5$ previously reported literature.⁹ In addition, the ^1H - and ^{13}C -NMR data were consistent with the spectral data reported in literature.^{3,11,12}

(3a,8a-*cis*)-3a-methyl-1,2-dipropyl-8,8a-dihydrocyclopenta[a]inden-3(3aH)-one (**3ap**). Pale yellow oil. 20% yield (14 mg).



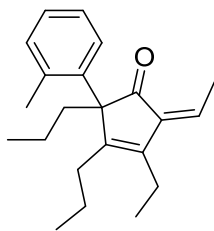
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.47 – 7.41 (m, 1H), 7.21 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.14 – 7.08 (m, 1H), 3.33 (ddq, *J* = 16.6, 10.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 3.24 (dq, *J* = 10.4, 2.0, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 2.93 – 2.86 (m, 1H), 2.55 (dddd, *J* = 14.1, 9.5, 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (dddd, *J* = 14.0, 9.4, 5.2, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 2.15 – 2.02 (m, 2H), 1.78 – 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.57 – 1.48 (m, 1H), 1.46 (s, 3H), 1.38 – 1.28 (m, 2H), 1.01 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.79 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 210.0, 172.8, 144.7, 141.1, 138.0, 127.8, 127.1, 125.0, 124.3, 60.0, 52.6, 33.8, 31.1, 25.5, 22.6, 21.9, 21.1, 14.4, 14.1. HRMS (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₉H₂₅O, 269.1900; found 269.1897. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

(*Z*)-2,3-diethyl-5-propyl-4-propylidene-5-(*o*-tolyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3aq-1**, major). Pale yellow oil. **Method B**: 21% yield (17 mg).



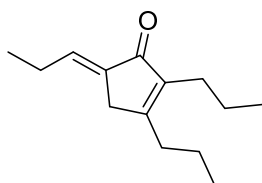
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.58 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.23 – 7.17 (m, 1H), 7.11 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.00 – 6.97 (m, 1H), 5.69 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (qd, *J* = 7.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 2.39 – 2.29 (m, 2H), 2.22 (td, *J* = 12.0, 5.0 Hz, 1H), 2.05 (td, *J* = 12.0, 4.6 Hz, 1H), 1.94 (s, 3H), 1.82 (dq, *J* = 15.0, 7.5 Hz, 1H), 1.72 – 1.61 (m, 1H), 1.22 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 1.11 – 0.99 (m, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 0.65 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.5, 167.1, 142.5, 141.9, 140.4, 137.1, 131.7, 127.9, 127.5, 126.7, 125.9, 57.1, 39.2, 21.7, 20.9, 19.2, 17.8, 17.0, 15.0, 13.8, 13.4, 13.2. HRMS (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₂H₃₁O, 311.2369; found 311.2371. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

(*Z*)-4-ethyl-5-ethylidene-2,3-dipropyl-2-(*o*-tolyl)cyclopent-3-en-1-one (**3aq-2**, minor). Pale yellow oil. **Method B**: 10% yield (8 mg).



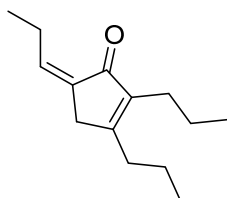
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.44 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.19 (tdd, *J* = 8.0, 1.6, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.04 – 6.99 (m, 1H), 5.96 (q, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (q, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.26 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 3H), 2.11 – 1.94 (m, 5H), 1.86 (dddd, *J* = 34.8, 13.5, 11.1, 5.3 Hz, 2H), 1.21 – 1.07 (m, 6H), 0.93 – 0.79 (m, 4H), 0.76 – 0.70 (m, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.0, 141.3, 140.6, 139.7, 139.0, 137.6, 131.8, 127.9, 127.6, 127.0, 125.8, 62.8, 38.5, 28.9, 22.7, 21.3, 18.4, 17.1, 15.0, 14.9, 14.1, 12.9. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₂₂H₃₀NaO, 333.2189; found 333.2189. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

(*E*)-2,3-dipropyl-5-propylidenecyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ar-1**, major). Pale yellow oil. 42% yield (22 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.51 (tt, *J* = 7.5, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 3.01 (dq, *J* = 2.0, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 2.46 – 2.40 (m, 2H), 2.25 – 2.18 (m, 4H), 1.63 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.48 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.08 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.97 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.8, 166.4, 142.6, 134.8, 134.3, 32.7, 32.6, 25.6, 23.0, 22.0, 21.1, 14.3, 14.3, 13.3. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₄H₂₂NaO, 229.1563; found 229.1563. The regio- and stereochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

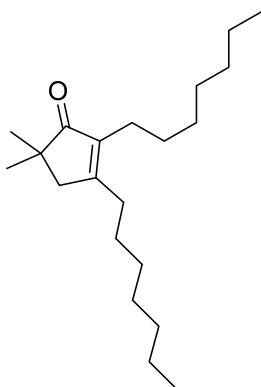
(*Z*)-2,3-dipropyl-5-propylidenecyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ar-2**, minor). Pale yellow oil. 9% yield (5 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.94 (tt, *J* = 7.5, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 3.00 (h, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 2H), 2.82 (pt, *J* = 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (ddt, *J* = 8.7, 7.0, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.23 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.60 – 1.51 (m, 3H), 1.48 – 1.38 (m, 3H), 1.04 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 4H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 4H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 4H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz,

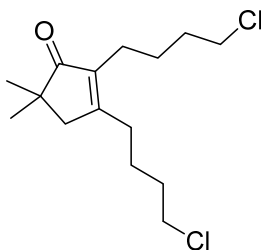
CDCl₃) δ 197.8, 166.1, 144.0, 140.4, 132.5, 35.8, 32.6, 25.5, 22.0, 21.1, 21.0, 14.3, 14.3, 14.0. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₄H₂₃O, 207.1743; found 207.1743. The regio- and stereochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2,3-diheptyl-5,5-dimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ba**). Colorless oil. 87% yield (67 mg).



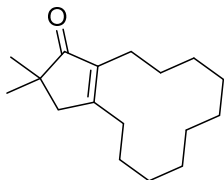
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.37 (t, J = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 2H), 2.14 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.54 – 1.45 (m, 2H), 1.39 – 1.20 (m, 18H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.89 (t, J = 6.8 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.2, 170.4, 137.8, 46.3, 42.7, 32.0, 31.9, 31.0, 29.7, 29.7, 29.3, 29.2, 28.8, 27.6, 25.4, 23.4, 22.8, 22.8, 14.2, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₁H₃₉O, 307.2995; found 307.2993. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2,3-bis(4-chlorobutyl)-5,5-dimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bb**). Colorless oil. 85% yield (62 mg).



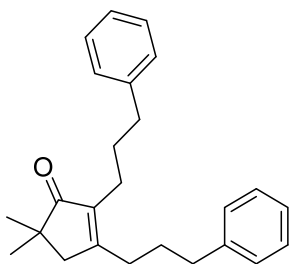
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.57 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 2H), 3.54 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.46 – 2.41 (m, 2H), 2.37 (p, J = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.18 (tt, J = 7.7, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 1.85 – 1.77 (m, 2H), 1.77 – 1.65 (m, 4H), 1.56 – 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.08 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.9, 169.7, 137.5, 46.2, 44.9, 44.7, 42.9, 32.4, 32.4, 30.2, 26.0, 25.3, 24.8, 22.5. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₂₄Cl₂NaO, 313.1096; found 313.1097. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2,2-dimethyl-2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13-dodecahydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[12]annulen-1-one (**3bc**). Pale yellow oil. 90% yield (56 mg).



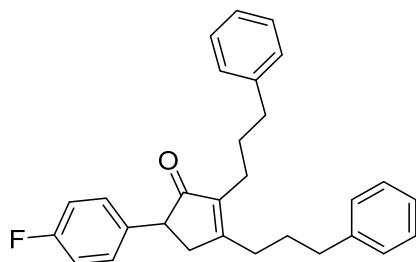
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.44 – 2.39 (m, 2H), 2.35 (p, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (tt, *J* = 6.6, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.69 – 1.56 (m, 4H), 1.46 – 1.29 (m, 10H), 1.19 – 1.12 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.6, 170.8, 137.4, 46.0, 42.6, 27.8, 25.6, 25.5, 25.4, 25.2, 25.0, 24.7, 23.9, 23.0, 22.1, 20.8. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₉O, 249.2213; found 249.2207. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5,5-dimethyl-2,3-bis(3-phenylpropyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bd**). Colorless oil. 89% yield (77 mg).



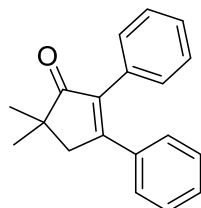
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.32 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 7.24 – 7.14 (m, 6H), 2.65 – 2.60 (m, 2H), 2.60 – 2.55 (m, 2H), 2.41 – 2.36 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 2H), 2.22 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.86 – 1.78 (m, 2H), 1.73 – 1.65 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.0, 170.1, 142.4, 141.6, 137.7, 128.6, 128.5, 128.5, 128.4, 126.2, 125.9, 46.3, 42.8, 36.0, 36.0, 30.6, 30.4, 29.4, 25.3, 23.1. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₂₅H₃₀NaO, 369.2189; found 369.2181. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,3-bis(3-phenylpropyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3be**). Colorless oil. 57% yield (59 mg).



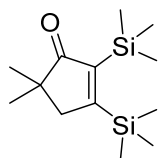
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.34 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.25 – 7.15 (m, 6H), 7.08 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 7.02 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 3.51 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.03 (ddt, *J* = 18.5, 7.2, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.55 (ddt, *J* = 18.5, 2.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.52 – 2.42 (m, 2H), 2.30 – 2.20 (m, 2H), 1.94 – 1.83 (m, 2H), 1.78 – 1.68 (m, 2H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.4, 172.7, 161.9 (d, *J* = 244.9 Hz), 142.2, 141.4, 139.7, 136.1 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 129.1 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 128.7, 128.5, 128.5, 128.5, 126.3, 125.9, 115.7 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz), 50.2, 39.2, 36.0, 36.0, 30.8, 30.3, 29.4, 23.2. **¹⁹F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -116.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₉H₃₀FO, 413.2275; found 413.2273. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5,5-dimethyl-2,3-diphenylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bf**). White solid. **Method A**: 27% yield (18 mg). **Method B**: 39% yield (25 mg).



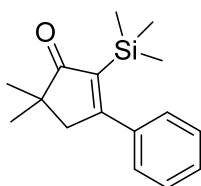
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 7.26 (m, 8H), 7.25 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 2.93 (s, 2H), 1.29 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.8, 164.7, 137.2, 135.9, 132.7, 129.9, 129.7, 128.5, 128.5, 128.3, 127.9, 46.8, 43.6, 25.6. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₉H₁₈NaO, 285.1250; found 285.1248. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis. The ¹H- and ¹³C-NMR data were consistent with the spectral data reported in literature.^{13,14}

5,5-dimethyl-2,3-bis(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bg**). Colorless oil. 38% yield (24 mg).



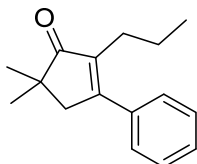
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.59 (s, 2H), 1.03 (s, 6H), 0.25 (s, 9H), 0.24 (s, 9H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 218.8, 187.0, 151.9, 53.4, 42.3, 25.2, 0.5, -0.1. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₃H₂₆NaOSi₂, 277.1414; found 277.1414. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-2-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bh**). White solid. 69% yield (45 mg).



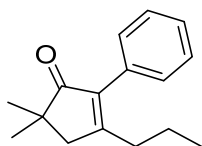
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 – 7.37 (m, 3H), 7.28 – 7.25 (m, 2H), 2.78 (s, 2H), 1.17 (s, 6H), 0.02 (s, 9H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 217.6, 181.5, 139.6, 139.1, 129.1, 128.3, 127.1, 51.9, 44.7, 25.4, -0.4. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₂₂NaOSi, 281.1332; found 281.1335. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-2-propylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bi-1**, major). Colorless oil. 30% yield (17 mg).



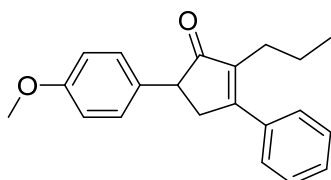
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.48 – 7.42 (m, 4H), 7.42 – 7.38 (m, 1H), 2.76 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.36 (ddt, *J* = 9.1, 6.9, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.54 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.18 (s, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.0, 163.7, 138.5, 136.9, 129.3, 128.7, 127.4, 47.1, 42.8, 26.3, 25.5, 21.7, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₂₁O, 229.1587; found 229.1584. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to previously reported literature.¹⁴

5,5-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3-propylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bi-2**, minor). Colorless thick oil. 23% yield (13 mg).



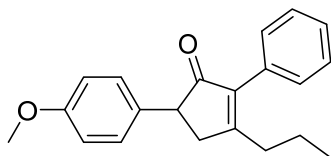
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.41 – 7.37 (m, 2H), 7.33 – 7.29 (m, 1H), 7.27 – 7.24 (m, 2H), 2.53 (t, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.51 (ddt, *J* = 8.8, 6.7, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 1.63 – 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.19 (s, 6H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.1, 172.2, 137.9, 132.5, 129.4, 128.3, 127.6, 46.3, 43.3, 33.5, 25.5, 21.1, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₂₁O, 229.1587; found 229.1588. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and by analogy to previously reported literature.¹⁵

5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-2-propylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bj-1**, major). Yellow oil. 27% yield (21 mg).



¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.50 – 7.46 (m, 2H), 7.46 – 7.42 (m, 1H), 7.14 – 7.10 (m, 2H), 6.89 – 6.85 (m, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.66 (dd, *J* = 7.3, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.42 (ddt, *J* = 18.0, 7.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (ddt, *J* = 18.0, 2.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.47 – 2.38 (m, 2H), 1.59 – 1.49 (m, 2H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.0, 166.0, 158.6, 140.3, 136.6, 132.3, 129.6, 128.9, 128.7, 127.4, 114.4, 55.4, 50.3, 40.0, 26.4, 21.7, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₁H₂₃O₂, 307.1693; found 307.1691. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

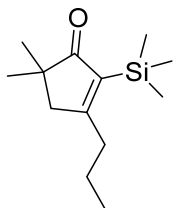
5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-3-propylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bj-2**, minor). Yellow oil. 19% yield (15 mg).



¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 7.35 – 7.31 (m, 1H), 7.30 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 6.89 – 6.86 (m, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.71 – 3.66 (m, 1H), 3.20 (ddt, *J* = 18.8, 7.5, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (ddt, *J* = 18.8, 2.9, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.65 – 2.54 (m, 2H), 1.71 – 1.62 (m, 2H), 0.98 (t, *J* = 7.3

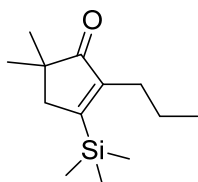
Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 207.1, 174.5, 158.6, 139.7, 132.3, 132.1, 129.4, 128.7, 128.4, 127.8, 114.4, 55.4, 50.6, 39.2, 33.7, 21.2, 14.3. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₁H₂₃O₂, 307.1693; found 307.1691.

5,5-dimethyl-3-propyl-2-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bk-1**, major, **88:12** inseparable mixture). Colorless oil. 92% yield (52 mg).



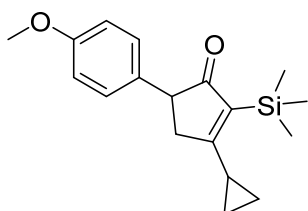
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.48 – 2.42 (m, 4H), 1.59 – 1.51 (m, 2H), 1.06 (s, 6H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.21 (s, 9H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 218.3, 186.1, 136.8, 49.6, 44.2, 35.9, 25.4, 21.9, 14.2, -0.2. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₃H₂₄NaOSi, 247.1489; found 247.1486. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5,5-dimethyl-2-propyl-3-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bk-2**, minor, **88:12** inseparable mixture).



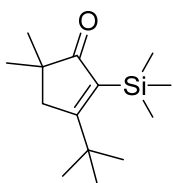
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.46 (s, 2H), 2.24 (ddt, *J* = 9.1, 6.9, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.43 – 1.37 (m, 2H), 1.04 (s, 6H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H), 0.22 (s, 9H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.9, 169.6, 150.9, 48.1, 42.5, 28.1, 25.4, 22.9, 14.3, -1.2. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bl**). Pale yellow oil. 66% yield (50 mg).



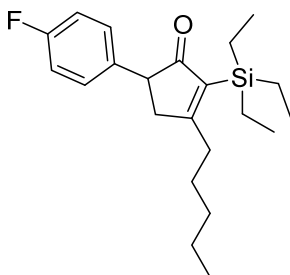
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.03 – 6.98 (m, 2H), 6.85 – 6.81 (m, 2H), 3.77 (s, 3H), 3.43 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 2.73 (ddd, *J* = 18.3, 7.7, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 2.31 – 2.25 (m, 2H), 1.07 – 1.02 (m, 2H), 1.00 – 0.95 (m, 2H), 0.28 (s, 9H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.3, 188.9, 158.5, 138.2, 132.7, 128.6, 114.3, 55.4, 51.2, 37.0, 16.0, 8.8, 8.8, -0.1. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₂₅O₂Si, 301.1618; found 301.1618. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

3-(*tert*-butyl)-5,5-dimethyl-2-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bm**). Colorless oil. 48% yield (29 mg).



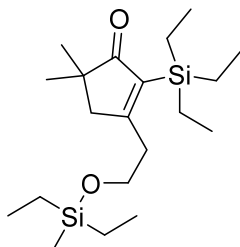
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.53 (s, 2H), 1.23 (s, 9H), 1.04 (s, 6H), 0.27 (s, 9H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 218.4, 193.1, 135.9, 48.4, 43.3, 36.6, 30.2, 25.1, 1.9. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₄H₂₆NaOSi, 261.1645; found 261.1645. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-pentyl-2-(triethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bn**). Yellow oil. 68% yield (61 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.09 – 7.03 (m, 2H), 7.01 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 3.52 (dd, *J* = 7.6, 3.2 Hz, 1H), 3.14 (ddt, *J* = 18.8, 7.6, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (ddt, *J* = 18.8, 3.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 2.64 – 2.50 (m, 2H), 1.64 – 1.56 (m, 2H), 1.43 – 1.33 (m, 4H), 0.96 – 0.89 (m, 12H), 0.82 – 0.75 (m, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.0, 190.1, 161.8 (d, *J* = 244.6 Hz), 136.3 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz), 136.3, 129.0 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz), 115.7 (d, *J* = 21.3 Hz), 52.0, 42.6, 34.4, 32.3, 28.5, 22.7, 14.1, 7.6, 3.5. **¹⁹F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -116.5. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₂₂H₃₃FNOSi, 383.2177; found 383.2174. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

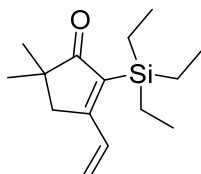
5,5-dimethyl-2-(triethylsilyl)-3-(2-((triethylsilyl)oxy)ethyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bo-1**, major). Colorless oil. 40% yield (38 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.79 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.72 (tt, *J* = 6.7, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 2.53 (t, *J* = 0.8 Hz, 2H), 1.06 (s, 6H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 9H), 0.93 – 0.88 (m, 9H), 0.81 – 0.74 (m, 6H), 0.59 (q, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 218.4, 184.6, 135.8, 61.5, 50.4, 44.2, 37.4, 25.4, 7.6, 6.9, 4.4, 3.6. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₂₁H₄₂NaO₂Si₂, 405.2616; found 405.2613. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

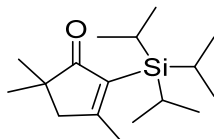
Besides the desired product (**3bo-1**), a side product (**3bo-2**) was isolated, which presumably results from the basic quench after the reaction.

5,5-dimethyl-2-(triethylsilyl)-3-vinylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bo-2**, minor). Colorless oil. 14% yield (9 mg).



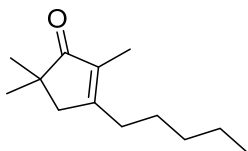
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.03 (ddt, *J* = 17.4, 10.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (dd, *J* = 17.4, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (dd, *J* = 10.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (d, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 1.11 (s, 6H), 0.94 – 0.89 (m, 9H), 0.84 – 0.77 (m, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 218.1, 175.6, 137.7, 134.3, 121.7, 45.0, 43.7, 25.6, 7.6, 3.9. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₂₆NaOSi, 273.1645; found 273.1643. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

3,5,5-trimethyl-2-(triisopropylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bp**). Colorless oil. 31% yield (22 mg).



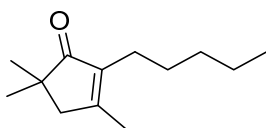
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.49 (q, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 2H), 2.18 (t, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 3H), 1.51 (hept, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 1.04 (d, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 18H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 218.5, 183.4, 133.4, 53.0, 44.4, 25.5, 21.3, 19.0, 11.8. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₃₂NaOSi, 303.2115; found 303.2112. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2,5,5-trimethyl-3-pentylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bq-1**, major). Colorless oil. 42% yield (21 mg).



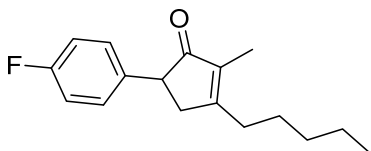
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.40 – 2.36 (m, 2H), 2.35 (qd, *J* = 2.0, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 1.68 (tt, *J* = 2.0, 0.6 Hz, 3H), 1.54 – 1.47 (m, 2H), 1.37 – 1.25 (m, 4H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.5, 170.8, 133.3, 46.5, 42.8, 31.8, 31.0, 27.0, 25.4, 22.6, 14.1, 8.4. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₃H₂₃O, 195.1743; found 195.1742. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

3,5,5-trimethyl-2-pentylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bq-2**, minor). Colorless oil. 31% yield (15 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.34 (h, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 2H), 2.18 – 2.11 (m, 2H), 2.00 (dq, *J* = 1.2, 0.5 Hz, 3H), 1.40 – 1.19 (m, 6H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.86 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.9, 166.5, 138.1, 48.8, 42.9, 31.9, 28.2, 25.3, 23.2, 22.6, 17.1, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₃H₂₃O, 195.1743; found 195.1745. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

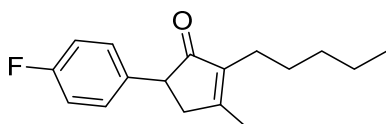
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-3-pentylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3br-1**, major). Pale yellow oil. 38% yield (25 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.10 – 7.05 (m, 2H), 7.01 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 3.54 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 2.7 Hz, 1H), 3.09 – 3.00 (m, 1H), 2.55 (dddt, *J* = 18.4, 2.9, 2.1, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 2.48 (h, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 1.75 (t, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 3H), 1.61 – 1.55 (m, 2H), 1.41 – 1.32 (m, 4H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126

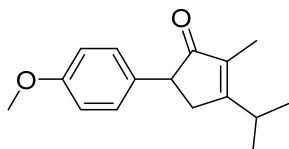
MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.9, 173.1, 161.9 (d, J = 244.7 Hz), 136.1 (d, J = 3.2 Hz), 135.4, 129.2 (d, J = 8.0 Hz), 115.7 (d, J = 21.5 Hz), 50.3, 39.4, 31.9, 31.3, 27.1, 22.6, 14.1, 8.5. **¹⁹F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -116.3. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₁FN₂O, 283.1469; found 283.1470. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-2-pentylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3br-2**, minor). Pale yellow oil. 31% yield (20 mg).



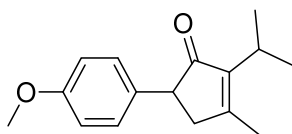
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.10 – 7.05 (m, 2H), 7.01 – 6.96 (m, 2H), 3.52 (dd, J = 7.2, 2.8 Hz, 1H), 3.04 (dddt, J = 18.4, 7.3, 2.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.54 (ddt, J = 18.5, 2.6, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.22 (td, J = 7.4, 3.8 Hz, 2H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 1.45 – 1.37 (m, 2H), 1.34 – 1.24 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, J = 7.1 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.3, 169.0, 161.9 (d, J = 244.7 Hz), 140.1, 136.2 (d, J = 3.3 Hz), 129.2 (d, J = 8.0 Hz), 115.7 (d, J = 21.3 Hz), 50.4, 41.7, 31.9, 28.1, 23.3, 22.6, 17.3, 14.2. **¹⁹F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -116.4. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₂FO, 261.1649; found 261.1649. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

3-isopropyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bs-1**, major). Pale yellow oil. 45% yield (28 mg).



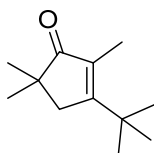
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.06 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.48 (dd, J = 7.2, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 3.11 (dtd, J = 7.7, 7.0, 6.1 Hz, 1H), 3.06 – 2.99 (m, 1H), 2.58 – 2.49 (m, 1H), 1.76 (t, J = 2.0 Hz, 3H), 1.18 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 1.16 (d, J = 6.9 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 209.6, 177.8, 158.5, 133.9, 132.6, 128.6, 114.3, 55.4, 49.9, 35.2, 29.5, 20.5, 20.3, 8.3. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₂₀NaO₂, 267.1356; found 267.1360. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-isopropyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bs-2**, minor). Pale yellow oil. 31% yield (19 mg).



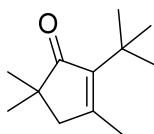
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.86 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.43 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 3.1 Hz, 1H), 2.98 (ddq, *J* = 18.3, 7.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.84 (p, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.52 (ddq, *J* = 18.3, 2.3, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.13 (q, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 3H), 1.20 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H), 1.18 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 208.5, 167.7, 158.5, 144.0, 132.7, 128.6, 114.3, 55.4, 50.4, 41.9, 25.1, 20.5, 20.4, 17.5. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₂₁O₂, 245.1536; found 245.1537. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

3-(*tert*-butyl)-2,5,5-trimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bt-1**, major). Pale yellow oil. 47% yield (21 mg).



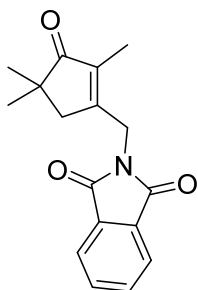
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.40 (q, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 1.85 (t, *J* = 2.1 Hz, 3H), 1.23 (s, 9H), 1.06 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 215.1, 176.8, 131.9, 45.4, 41.8, 35.6, 28.9, 25.4, 10.5. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₂H₂₁O, 181.1587; found 181.1587. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(*tert*-butyl)-3,5,5-trimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bt-2**, minor). Pale yellow oil. 17% yield (8 mg).



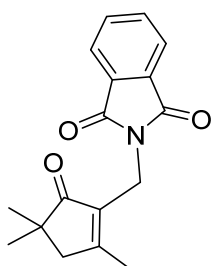
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.29 (q, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.16 (t, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 3H), 1.27 (s, 9H), 1.03 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.0, 163.7, 142.8, 50.8, 42.5, 33.7, 29.9, 29.8, 25.3, 19.6. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₂H₂₁O, 181.1587; found 181.1589. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-((2,4,4-trimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (**3bu-1**, major). White solid. 42% yield (30 mg).



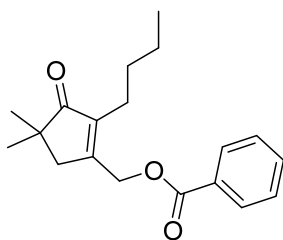
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 – 7.86 (m, 2H), 7.79 – 7.74 (m, 2H), 4.65 (h, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 2H), 2.31 (dhept, *J* = 2.2, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 1.85 (td, *J* = 2.2, 1.1 Hz, 3H), 1.05 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.6, 168.0, 161.6, 135.7, 134.5, 132.0, 123.8, 44.9, 43.0, 37.4, 25.2, 8.4. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₁₈NO₃, 284.1281; found 284.1281. The configuration of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis and X-ray crystallography.

2-((2,4,4-trimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (**3bu-2**, minor). Pale yellow oil. 25% yield (18 mg).



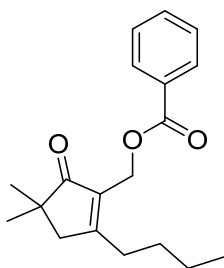
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 – 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.70 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 4.47 (dq, *J* = 1.5, 0.7 Hz, 2H), 2.41 (h, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.17 (q, *J* = 0.9 Hz, 3H), 1.05 (s, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 211.8, 171.0, 168.0, 134.0, 132.2, 131.4, 123.4, 49.1, 43.1, 31.7, 25.1, 17.4. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₁₈NO₃, 284.1281; found 284.1276. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (**3bv-1**, major). Colorless oil. 34% yield (26 mg).



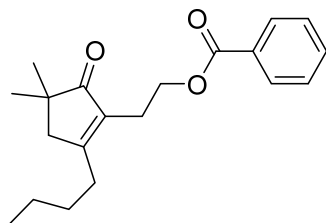
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09 – 8.05 (m, 2H), 7.61 (ddt, *J* = 7.8, 7.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 5.21 (t, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.51 (p, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.30 – 2.24 (m, 2H), 1.43 – 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.34 – 1.26 (m, 2H), 1.11 (s, 6H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.4, 166.3, 161.7, 139.7, 133.6, 129.8, 129.7, 128.7, 62.3, 44.4, 43.0, 30.8, 25.3, 23.3, 22.8, 14.0. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₉H₂₄NaO₃, 323.1618; found 323.1609. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (**3bv-2**, minor). Colorless oil. 27% yield (20 mg).



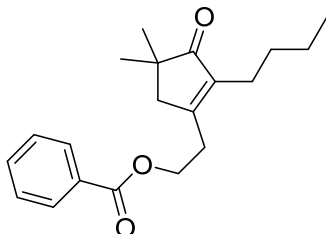
¹H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 – 7.97 (m, 2H), 7.56 – 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.44 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 4.99 (t, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.57 (ddt, *J* = 8.8, 6.7, 0.9 Hz, 2H), 2.48 (p, *J* = 1.0 Hz, 2H), 1.55 – 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.38 – 1.30 (m, 2H), 1.14 (s, 6H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (151 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.3, 177.6, 166.6, 133.1, 132.2, 130.3, 129.8, 128.4, 55.9, 46.8, 43.2, 31.2, 29.9, 25.2, 22.9, 14.0. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₉H₂₄NaO₃, 323.1618; found 323.1614. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl benzoate (**3bw-1**, major, 65:35 inseparable mixture). Colorless oil. 86% yield (68 mg).



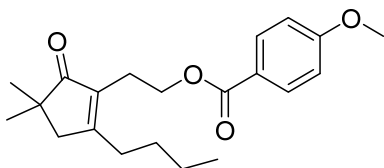
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.59 – 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.46 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 4.36 (t, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.67 (tt, *J* = 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.45 – 2.39 (m, 2H), 2.38 (p, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 2H), 1.49 – 1.41 (m, 2H), 1.37 – 1.24 (m, 2H), 1.08 (s, 6H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.7, 173.2, 166.6, 133.3, 133.0, 130.4, 129.7, 128.4, 63.2, 46.5, 42.8, 30.9, 29.8, 25.3, 23.2, 22.9, 14.0. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₂₀H₂₆NaO₃, 337.1774; found 337.1774. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl benzoate (**3bw-2**, minor, 65:35 inseparable mixture).



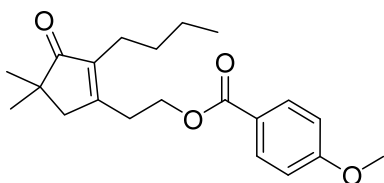
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.03 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 7.59 – 7.52 (m, 1H), 7.46 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 4.52 (t, J = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 2.88 (tt, J = 6.6, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.46 (p, J = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.22 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.37 – 1.24 (m, 4H), 1.08 (s, 6H), 0.84 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 213.8, 166.5, 164.9, 140.1, 133.4, 129.9, 129.6, 128.6, 62.1, 46.2, 43.0, 31.0, 30.4, 25.3, 23.2, 22.9, 14.0. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl 4-methoxybenzoate (**3bx-1**, major, 65:35 inseparable mixture). Pale yellow oil. 87% yield (75 mg).



$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.00 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 6.96 – 6.88 (m, 2H), 4.34 (t, J = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H), 2.68 (tt, J = 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.47 – 2.42 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 2H), 1.52 – 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.40 – 1.25 (m, 2H), 1.10 (s, 6H), 0.93 – 0.89 (m, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 213.7, 173.1, 166.4, 163.4, 133.5, 131.7, 122.8, 113.7, 62.9, 55.5, 46.5, 42.8, 30.9, 29.8, 25.3, 23.2, 22.9, 14.0. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{29}\text{O}_4$, 345.2060; found 345.2057. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

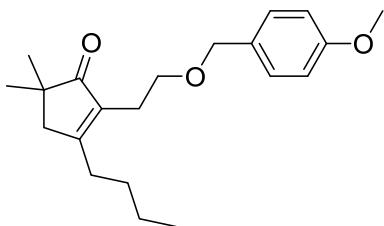
2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl 4-methoxybenzoate (**3bx-2**, minor, 65:35 inseparable mixture).



$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.00 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 6.96 – 6.88 (m, 2H), 4.51 (t, J = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 3.88 (s, 3H), 2.89 (tt, J = 6.5, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.48 (s, 2H), 2.24 – 2.19 (m, 2H), 1.40 – 1.25 (m, 4H), 1.10 (s,

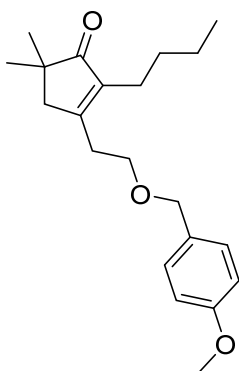
6H), 0.87 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 213.8, 166.2, 165.1, 163.7, 140.0, 131.7, 122.3, 113.8, 61.8, 55.6, 46.2, 43.0, 31.0, 30.5, 25.3, 23.2, 22.9, 14.0. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

3-butyl-2-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)ethyl)-5,5-dimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3by-1**, major). Colorless oil. 37% yield (31 mg).



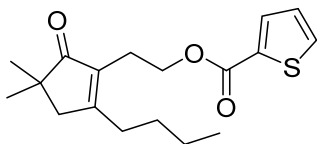
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.24 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.87 – 6.83 (m, 2H), 4.41 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H), 3.47 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.50 (tt, $J = 7.1, 1.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.41 (ddt, $J = 8.8, 6.6, 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.36 (p, $J = 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.49 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.36 – 1.28 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.90 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 214.0, 172.8, 159.2, 134.2, 130.8, 129.3, 113.8, 72.6, 68.4, 55.4, 46.5, 42.8, 30.9, 29.8, 25.3, 24.3, 22.9, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{NaO}_3$, 353.2087; found 353.2085. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-butyl-3-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)ethyl)-5,5-dimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3by-2**, minor). Colorless thick oil. 19% yield (16 mg).



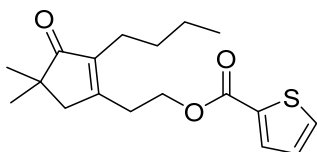
^1H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.25 – 7.20 (m, 2H), 6.91 – 6.84 (m, 2H), 4.44 (s, 2H), 3.80 (s, 3H), 3.60 (t, $J = 6.6$ Hz, 2H), 2.70 (tt, $J = 6.7, 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.36 (t, $J = 0.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.19 – 2.12 (m, 2H), 1.38 – 1.22 (m, 4H), 1.06 (s, 6H), 0.87 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). **^{13}C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 214.0, 167.0, 159.4, 139.2, 130.2, 129.4, 114.0, 72.8, 67.4, 55.4, 46.6, 42.8, 31.5, 30.9, 25.3, 23.2, 22.9, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{30}\text{NaO}_3$, 353.2087; found 353.2086. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl thiophene-2-carboxylate (**3bz-1**, major, 66:34 inseparable mixture). Pale yellow oil. 86% yield (69 mg).



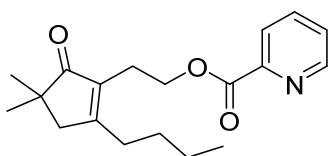
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.76 (dd, $J = 3.8, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.53 (dd, $J = 4.9, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.09 – 7.07 (m, 1H), 4.33 (t, $J = 6.8$ Hz, 2H), 2.64 (tt, $J = 6.8, 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.43 (ddt, $J = 8.8, 6.6, 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.38 (p, $J = 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 1.50 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.38 – 1.24 (m, 2H), 1.08 (s, 6H), 0.89 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 213.6, 173.3, 162.2, 133.8, 133.5, 133.2, 132.4, 127.8, 63.3, 46.5, 42.9, 30.9, 29.8, 25.3, 23.2, 22.9, 14.0. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{25}\text{O}_3\text{S}$, 321.1519; found 321.1518. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl thiophene-2-carboxylate (**3bz-2**, minor, 66:34 inseparable mixture).



$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.77 (dd, $J = 3.8, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.56 (dd, $J = 5.0, 1.3$ Hz, 1H), 7.11 – 7.09 (m, 1H), 4.49 (t, $J = 6.5$ Hz, 2H), 2.86 (tt, $J = 6.4, 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.46 (p, $J = 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.22 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.38 – 1.24 (m, 8H), 1.08 (s, 6H), 0.86 (t, $J = 7.2$ Hz, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 213.8, 164.8, 162.1, 140.2, 134.0, 133.3, 132.9, 128.0, 62.3, 46.3, 43.0, 30.9, 30.4, 25.3, 23.2, 22.9, 14.0. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

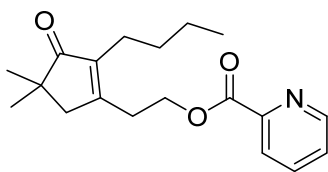
2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl picolinate (**3ca-1**, major, 68:32 inseparable mixture). Yellow oil. 76% yield (60 mg).



$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.75 – 8.73 (m, 1H), 8.10 – 8.07 (m, 1H), 7.84 – 7.80 (m, 1H), 7.48 – 7.43 (m, 1H), 4.43 (t, $J = 7.1$ Hz, 2H), 2.71 (tt, $J = 7.1, 1.2$ Hz, 2H), 2.42 (ddt, $J = 8.7, 6.5, 0.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.37 (p, $J = 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.47 – 1.40 (m, 2H), 1.34 – 1.22 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.86 (t, $J = 7.3$

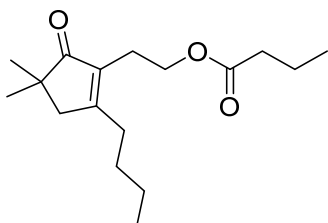
Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.6, 173.5, 165.1, 150.0, 148.2, 137.1, 133.1, 126.9, 125.3, 64.1, 46.5, 42.8, 30.9, 29.8, 25.3, 23.2, 22.9, 14.0. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₉H₂₆NO₃, 316.1907; found 316.1908. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl picolinate (**3ca-2**, minor, 68:32 inseparable mixture).



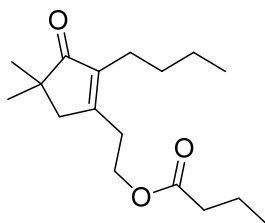
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.77 – 8.74 (m, 1H), 8.08 – 8.05 (m, 1H), 7.87 – 7.82 (m, 1H), 7.51 – 7.47 (m, 1H), 4.59 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.93 (tt, *J* = 7.0, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (p, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 2H), 2.19 – 2.14 (m, 2H), 1.34 – 1.22 (m, 4H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.83 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.7, 165.1, 164.3, 150.1, 147.8, 140.3, 137.2, 127.2, 125.3, 63.0, 46.3, 43.0, 30.9, 30.5, 28.7, 25.2, 22.9, 14.0. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl butyrate (**3cb-1**, major, 62:38 inseparable mixture). Colorless oil. 83% yield (59 mg).



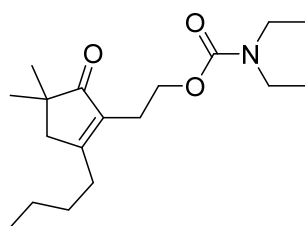
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.09 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.51 (tt, *J* = 7.0, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.44 – 2.40 (m, 2H), 2.38 (p, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 2H), 2.23 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 1.66 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.46 (m, 2H), 1.40 – 1.25 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.96 – 0.87 (m, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.6, 173.7, 173.1, 133.4, 62.5, 46.5, 42.8, 36.3, 30.9, 29.8, 25.3, 23.1, 22.9, 18.5, 14.0, 13.8. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₂₈NaO₃, 303.1931; found 303.1927. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl butyrate (**3cb-2**, minor, 62:38 inseparable mixture).



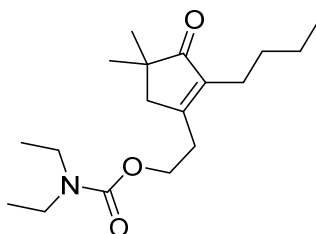
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.26 (t, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 2.74 (tt, *J* = 6.6, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (p, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.25 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H), 2.19 – 2.14 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.40 – 1.25 (m, 4H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.96 – 0.87 (m, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.7, 173.6, 165.0, 140.0, 61.4, 46.2, 42.9, 36.2, 30.9, 30.3, 25.3, 23.1, 22.8, 18.5, 14.1, 13.8. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl diethylcarbamate (**3cc-1**, major, 59:41 inseparable mixture). Colorless oil. 81% yield (63 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.09 (t, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 3.36 – 3.11 (br, 4H), 2.53 (tt, *J* = 7.0, 1.3 Hz, 2H), 2.42 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (t, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 2H), 1.52 – 1.45 (m, 2H), 1.39 – 1.25 (m, 2H), 1.15 – 1.01 (m, 12H), 0.93 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.6, 172.9, 156.0, 133.7, 63.2, 46.5, 42.8, 41.3, 30.8, 29.8, 25.3, 23.5, 22.9, 14.1, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₃₁NNaO₃, 332.2196; found 332.2191. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

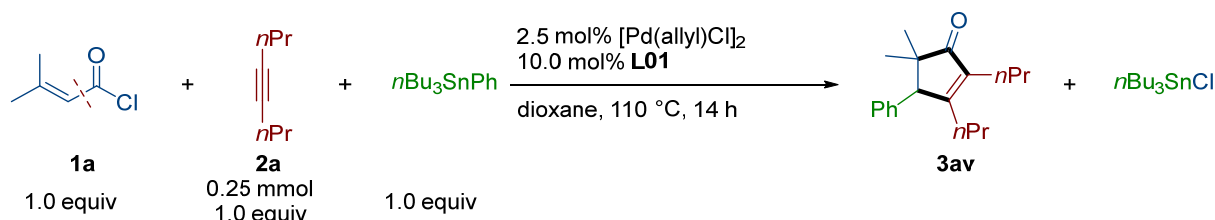
2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl diethylcarbamate (**3cc-2**, minor, 59:41 inseparable mixture).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.28 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.36 – 3.11 (br, 4H), 2.79 – 2.71 (m, 2H), 2.41 (t, *J* = 1.1 Hz, 2H), 2.20 – 2.13 (m, 2H), 1.39 – 1.25 (m, 4H), 1.15 – 1.01 (m, 12H), 0.89 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 213.8, 165.8, 155.7, 139.8, 62.2, 46.0, 42.9, 41.8, 31.0, 30.8, 25.3, 23.1, 22.9, 14.1, 13.6. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

4. Synthesis of polysubstituted cyclopentenones using a carbon nucleophile

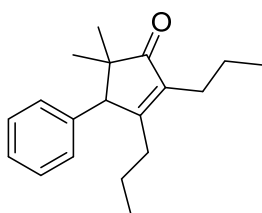
Eq. S13. General procedure.



General procedure

In a glovebox, a 4 mL screw-cap vial equipped with a stirring bar was charged with $[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (2.5 mol%, 6.25 μmol , 2.29 mg or 1000 μL as 6.25 mM stock solution in dioxane) and **L01** (10.0 mol%, 25.00 μmol , 16.76 mg) and then dioxane (2 mL, or 1 mL when stock solutions were used). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. To a pre-mixed solution were added acid chloride (1.0 equiv, 0.25 mmol), alkyne (1.0 equiv, 0.25 mmol) and $n\text{Bu}_3\text{SnPh}$ (1.0 equiv, 0.25 mmol). The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 $^\circ\text{C}$ for 14 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature then diluted with DCM (2 mL). The resulting solution was filtered through a celite/silica plug and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane/DCM).

5,5-dimethyl-4-phenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3av**). Colorless oil. 58% yield (39 mg).



^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.29 (td, J = 7.4, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 7.26 – 7.20 (m, 1H), 7.19 – 6.71 (br, 2H), 3.67 (s, 1H), 2.50 (dddd, J = 13.7, 9.0, 7.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 2.34 – 2.22 (m, 2H), 2.11 – 2.03 (m, 1H), 1.56 – 1.45 (m, 3H), 1.37 (ddp, J = 13.4, 9.0, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 1.19 (s, 3H), 0.96 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.57 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 213.7, 171.2, 139.7, 139.6, 128.5, 127.0, 60.3, 47.7, 31.1, 28.2, 25.5, 22.2, 21.7, 20.7, 14.3, 14.2. HRMS (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{27}\text{O}$, 271.2056; found 271.2058. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

Eq. S14. Reaction optimization.

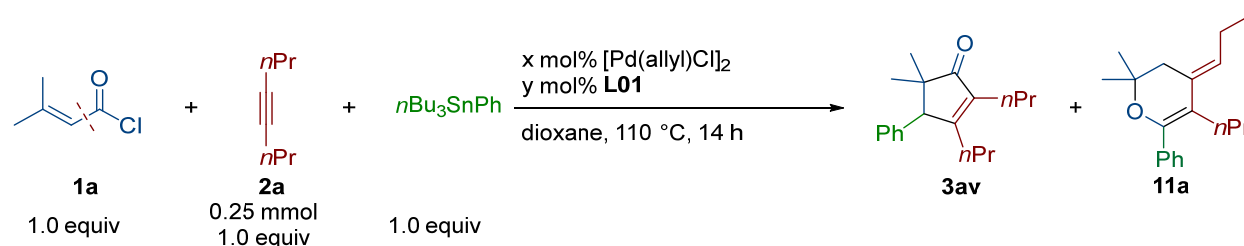
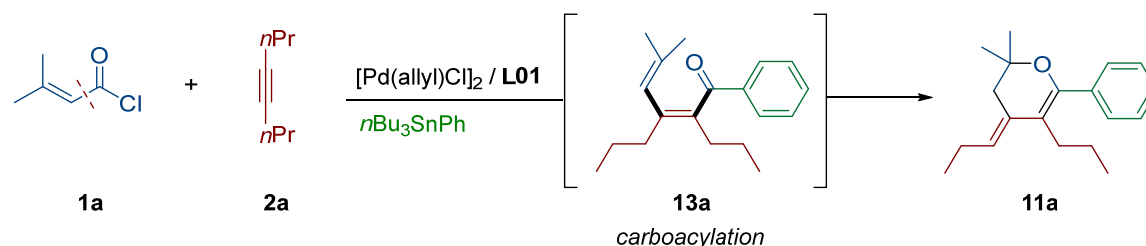


Table S13. Reaction optimization

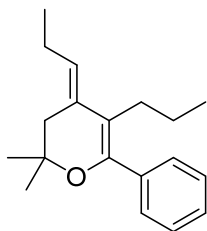
entry	$[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$, x mol%	L01 y mol%	P/Pd ratio	3av/11a ratio (by GC analysis of the crude mixture)
1	0.5	1.0	1.0	58 : 42
2	0.5	2.0	2.0	72 : 28
3 ^a	2.5	10.0	2.0	93 : 7
4	2.5	12.5	2.5	95 : 5
5	2.5	15.0	3.0	96 : 4

^aStandard condition.

When the reaction conditions for the carbonylative carbocyclization using hydrosilane was applied to the reaction by using an aryl stannane reagent as a carbon nucleophile in place of the silane, non-negligible amount of an another carbonylated addition product (**11a**) with an alkyne was accompanied with the desired product (**3av**) (Table S13, entry 1). Next, when additional phosphine ligand was employed versus Pd, the competing formation of **11a** was dramatically suppressed. It was postulated that the initially formed carboacylated product (**13a**) further reacts to furnish **11a**, which was isolated as a single stereoisomer (Table S13, entry 1).¹⁸



(*E*)-2,2-dimethyl-6-phenyl-5-propyl-4-propylidene-3,4-dihydro-2H-pyran (**11a**). 18% yield (12 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.36 – 7.31 (m, 4H), 7.31 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 5.46 (tt, J = 7.3, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 2.41 – 2.38 (br, 2H), 2.18 – 2.11 (m, 4H), 1.51 – 1.43 (m, 2H), 1.32 (s, 6H), 1.02 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 0.80 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 148.0, 137.9, 129.2, 129.0, 128.0, 127.8, 123.7, 111.5, 74.3, 36.8, 29.7, 26.5, 23.4, 21.1, 15.0, 14.4. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₉H₂₇O, 271.2056; found 271.2056. The stereo- and regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5. Additional control experiments

5.1. Control reaction using other acid chlorides

Eq. S15. Control reaction using 4-phenylbut-3-enoyl chloride instead of α,β -unsaturated acid chloride.

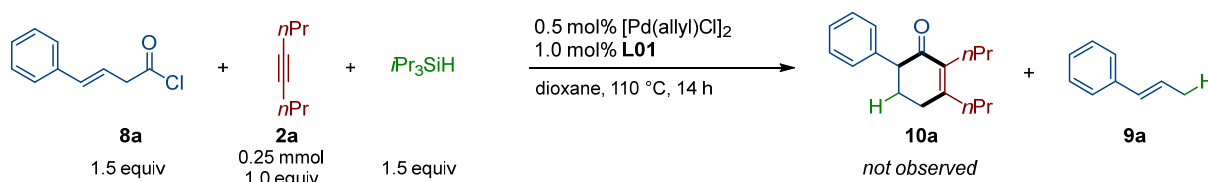
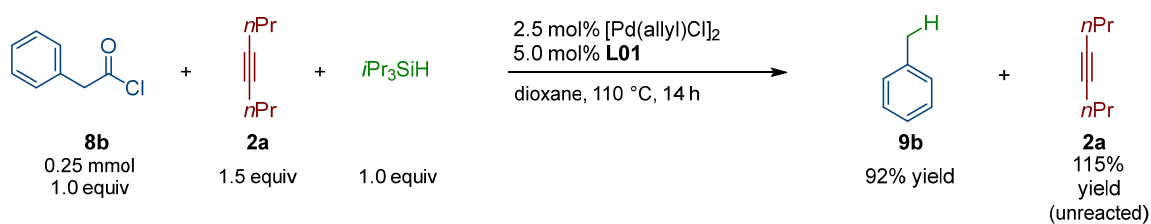


Table S14. Control reaction using 4-phenylbut-3-enoyl chloride instead of α,β -unsaturated acid chloride.

entry	Yield (%) ^a		
	10a	9a	2a (unreacted)
1	n.d.	148	91

^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

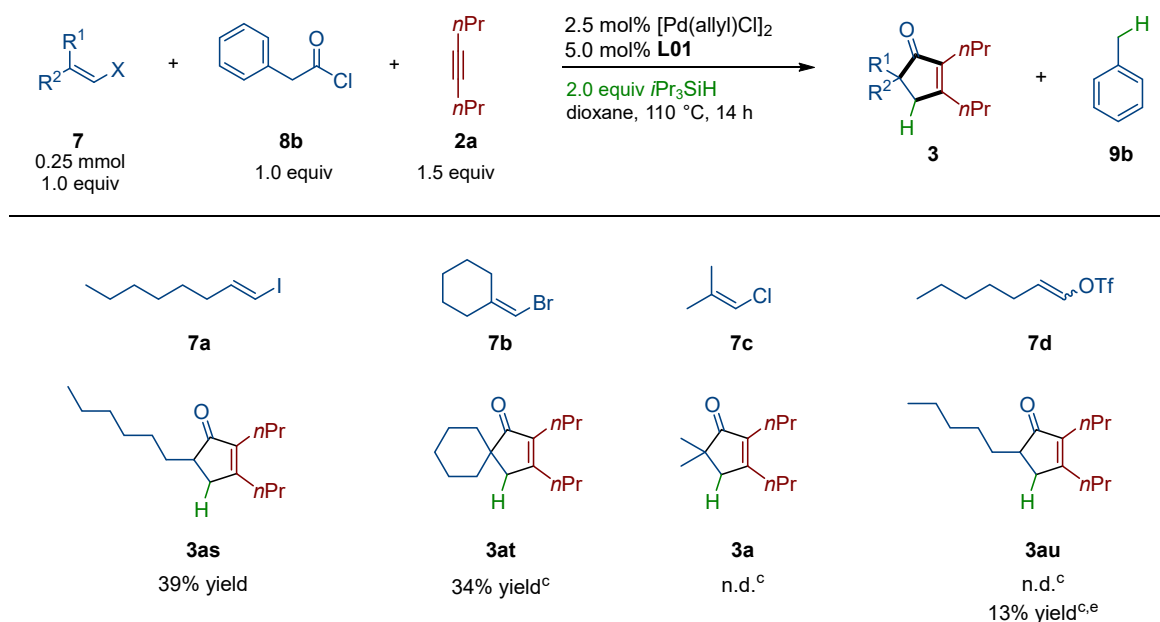
Eq. S16. Control reaction using phenylacetyl chloride instead of α,β -unsaturated acid chloride.



^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, phenylacetyl chloride (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

5.2. Divergent reaction using other alkenyl electrophiles

Table S15. Divergent reaction using other alkenyl electrophiles with CO surrogate.^a



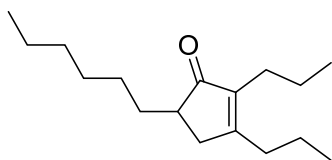
entry	alkenyl electrophiles (7)	products (3)	3 , yield (%) ^a	9b , yield (%) ^b	<i>i</i> Pr ₃ SiH (unreacted), yield (%) ^b	2a (unreacted), yield (%) ^b
1	7a	3as	39	84	0	30
2 ^c	7b	3at	34	97	42	95
3	7c	3a	n.d.	93	79	130
4 ^c	7c	3a	n.d.	98	71	130
5 ^d	7c	3a	n.d.	95	- ^f	126
6 ^c	7d	3au	n.d.	97	62	126
7 ^{c,e}	7d	3au	13	98	57	104

^aIsolated yields as a single regioisomer. ^bThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **7** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.). ^c130 °C. ^d150 °C in diglyme. ^eLiCl (2 equiv.) was added. ^fThe GC retention time overlapped with the solvent.

General procedure

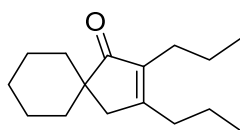
In a glovebox, a 4 mL screw-cap vial equipped with a stirring bar was charged with [Pd(allyl)Cl]₂ (2.5 mol%, 6.25 μ mol, 2.29 mg or 1000 μ L as 6.25 mM stock solution in dioxane) and **L01** (5.0 mol%, 12.50 μ mol, 8.38 mg or 83.8 mg as 10.0wt% stock solution in dioxane) and then dioxane (1.8 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. To a pre-mixed solution were added phenylacetyl chloride (1.0 equiv, 0.250 mmol), an alkenyl electrophile (1.0 equiv, 0.250 mmol), **2a** (1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol) and *i*Pr₃SiH (2.0 equiv, 0.500 mmol, 79.18 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 14 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature then quenched with sodium methoxide (2.0 equiv, 0.500 mmol, 93 μ L of 5.4M solution in MeOH) and diluted with DCM (2 mL). The resulting solution was filtered through a celite/silica plug and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane/DCM, pentane/EA or pentane/MTBE).

5-hexyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3as**). Pale yellow oil. 39% yield (25 mg).



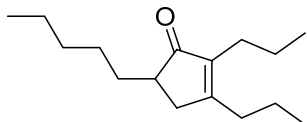
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.65 (dddd, *J* = 18.2, 5.6, 2.1, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 2.42 – 2.36 (m, 2H), 2.29 (dddd, *J* = 9.0, 6.6, 4.4, 2.5 Hz, 1H), 2.14 (dddd, *J* = 15.5, 6.6, 2.2, 1.1 Hz, 3H), 1.83 – 1.74 (m, 1H), 1.61 – 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.43 – 1.35 (m, 2H), 1.35 – 1.21 (m, 9H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 – 0.85 (m, 6H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.2, 172.3, 139.9, 45.2, 36.2, 33.2, 32.0, 31.9, 29.5, 27.4, 25.3, 22.8, 22.0, 21.0, 14.3, 14.2, 14.2. HRMS (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₃₁O, 251.2369; found 251.2368. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

2,3-dipropylspiro[4.5]dec-2-en-1-one (**3at**). Colorless oil. 34% yield (20 mg).



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.38 (ddt, *J* = 8.7, 7.1, 1.0 Hz, 2H), 2.35 (s, 2H), 2.13 (ddt, *J* = 8.8, 6.1, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 1.77 – 1.69 (m, 2H), 1.69 – 1.63 (m, 1H), 1.61 – 1.52 (m, 4H), 1.44 – 1.23 (m, 5H), 1.23 – 1.17 (m, 2H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.86 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 214.2, 170.9, 138.3, 47.9, 42.6, 33.6, 33.0, 25.5, 25.2, 23.3, 22.0, 21.0, 14.2, 14.1. HRMS (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₂₇O, 235.2056; found 235.2058. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5-pentyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3au**). Colorless oil. 13% yield (8 mg).



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.65 (ddt, *J* = 18.3, 6.9, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 2.42 – 2.34 (m, 2H), 2.34 – 2.24 (m, 1H), 2.20 – 2.08 (m, 3H), 1.85 – 1.72 (m, 1H), 1.63 – 1.49 (m, 2H), 1.44 – 1.35 (m, 2H), 1.34 – 1.25 (m, 7H), 0.96 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.90 – 0.85 (m, 6H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 212.3, 172.4, 139.9, 45.2, 36.1, 33.2, 32.0, 31.9, 27.1, 25.2, 22.7, 22.0, 21.0, 14.3, 14.2, 14.2. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₂₉O, 237.2213; found 237.2211. The regiochemistry of the product was determined by 2D-NMR analysis.

5.3. Control reaction using *trans*-3-phenyl-2-propenal

Eq. S17. Control reaction using *trans*-3-phenyl-2-propenal instead of *trans*-3-phenylacryloyl chloride.

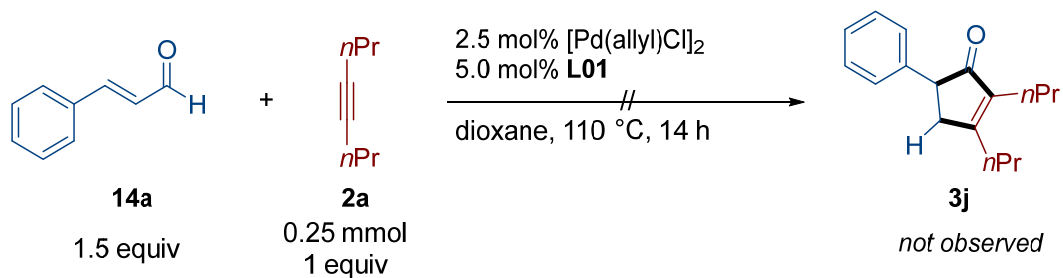


Table S16. Control reaction using *trans*-3-phenyl-2-propenal instead of *trans*-3-phenylacryloyl chloride.

entry	3j	Yield (%) ^a	
		14a (unreacted)	2a (unreacted)
1	n.d.	149	84
2 ^b	n.d.	142	77
3 ^c	n.d.	139	92

^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.).

^b*i*Pr₃SiH (1.5 equiv.) was added. ^c*i*Pr₃SiCl (1.5 equiv.) was added.

5.4. Reactions using chiral phosphine ligands

Eq. S18. Chiral ligand screening – β -aryl substituted enoyl chloride.

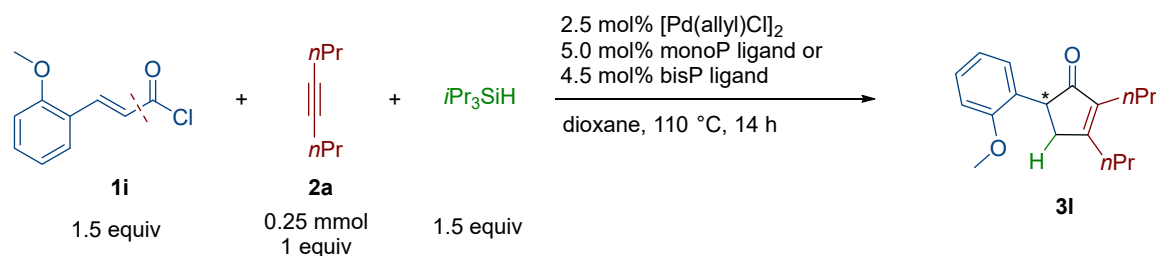


Table S17. Chiral ligand screening – β -aryl substituted enoyl chloride.^a

L01 3i: 94% yield (Method A)	L80: rac-BINAP 3i: 39% yield e.r. = 50:50	L88 (<i>R</i>)-BINAP 3i: 38% yield e.r. = 49:51	L82 (<i>S</i>)-DTBM-SEGPHOS 3i: 43% yield e.r. = 50:50
L89, CAS Number 55650-58-3 3i: 36% yield e.r. = 50:50	L90, CAS Number 415918-91-1 (DCM adduct) 3i: 66% yield e.r. = 49:51		

^aIsolated yields as a single regioisomer. The e.r. was determined by GC using a chiral stationary phase.

Eq. S19. Chiral ligand screening – β -alkyl substituted enoyl chloride.

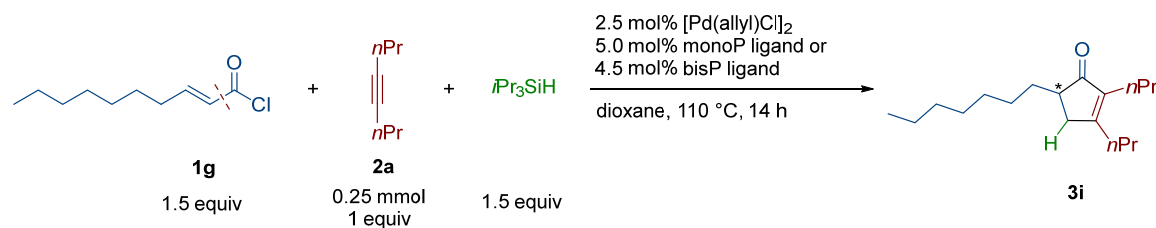
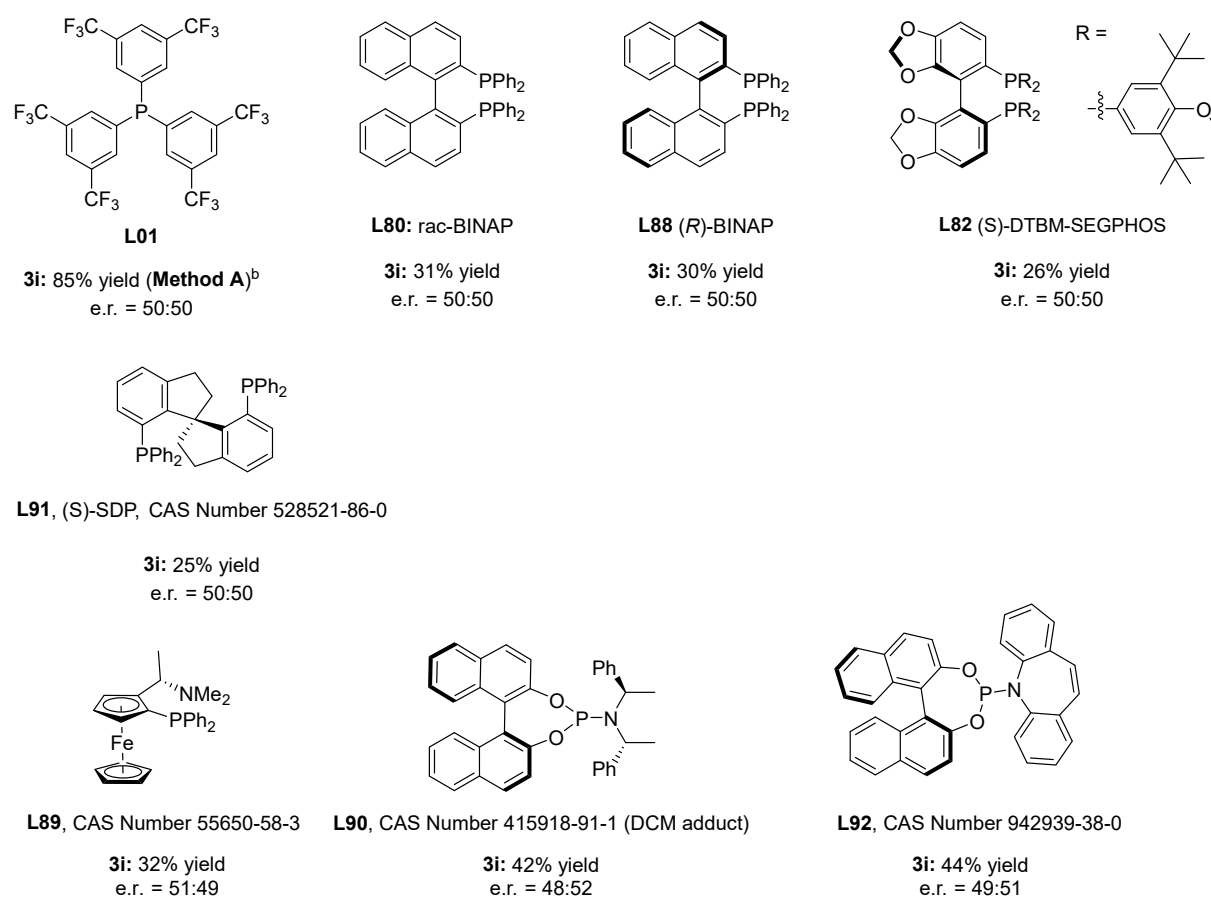


Table S18. Chiral ligand screening – β -alkyl substituted enoyl chloride.^a



^aThe GC yields are based on the moles of a limiting reagent, **2a** (0.25 mmol, 1 equiv.). The e.r. was determined by GC using a chiral stationary phase. ^bIsolated yields as a single regioisomer.

Eq. S20. Chiral ligand screening – β -dialkyl substituted enoyl chloride.

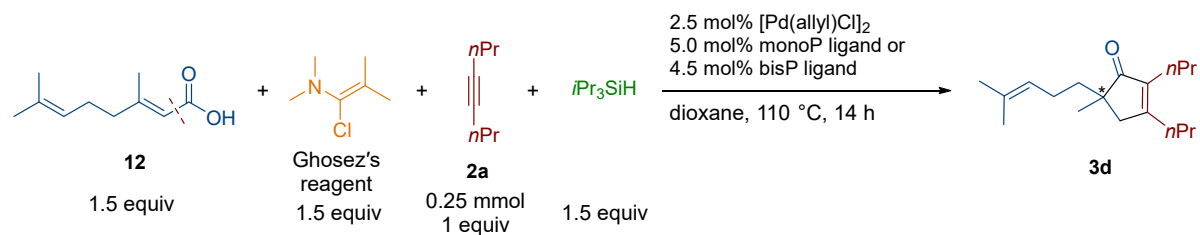
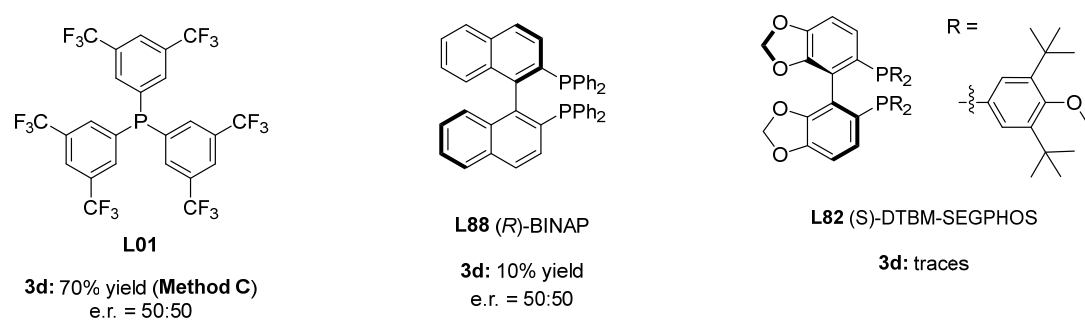


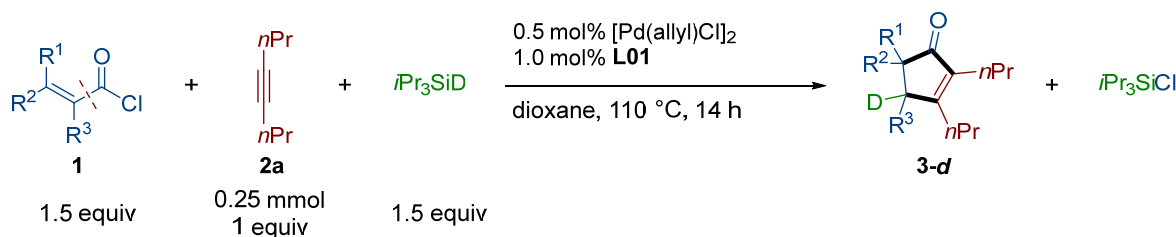
Table S19. Chiral ligand screening – β -dialkyl substituted enoyl chloride.^a



^aIsolated yields as a single regioisomer. The e.r. was determined by GC using a chiral stationary phase.

6. D-isotope-labeling experiments and the proposed mechanism

Eq. S21. Carbonylative carbocyclization reactions using D-labeled silanes.



General procedure

In a glovebox, a 4 mL screw-cap vial equipped with a stirring bar was charged with [Pd(allyl)Cl]₂ (0.5 mol%, 1.25 μmol, 200 μL as 6.25 mM stock solution in dioxane) and **L01** (1.0 mol%, 2.50 μmol, 1.7 mg, or 16.8 mg as 10.0wt% stock solution in dioxane, and then dioxane (1.8 mL). The solution was stirred at room temperature for 10 min. To a pre-mixed solution were added acid chloride (1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol), 4-octyne (**2a**, 1.0 equiv, 0.250 mmol) and *i*Pr₃SiH (1.5 equiv, 0.375 mmol, 59.4 mg). The reaction mixture was stirred at 110 °C for 14 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature then diluted with DCM (2 mL). The resulting solution was filtered through a celite/silica plug and concentrated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane/DCM, pentane/EA or pentane/MTBE).

Table S20. Scope.^a

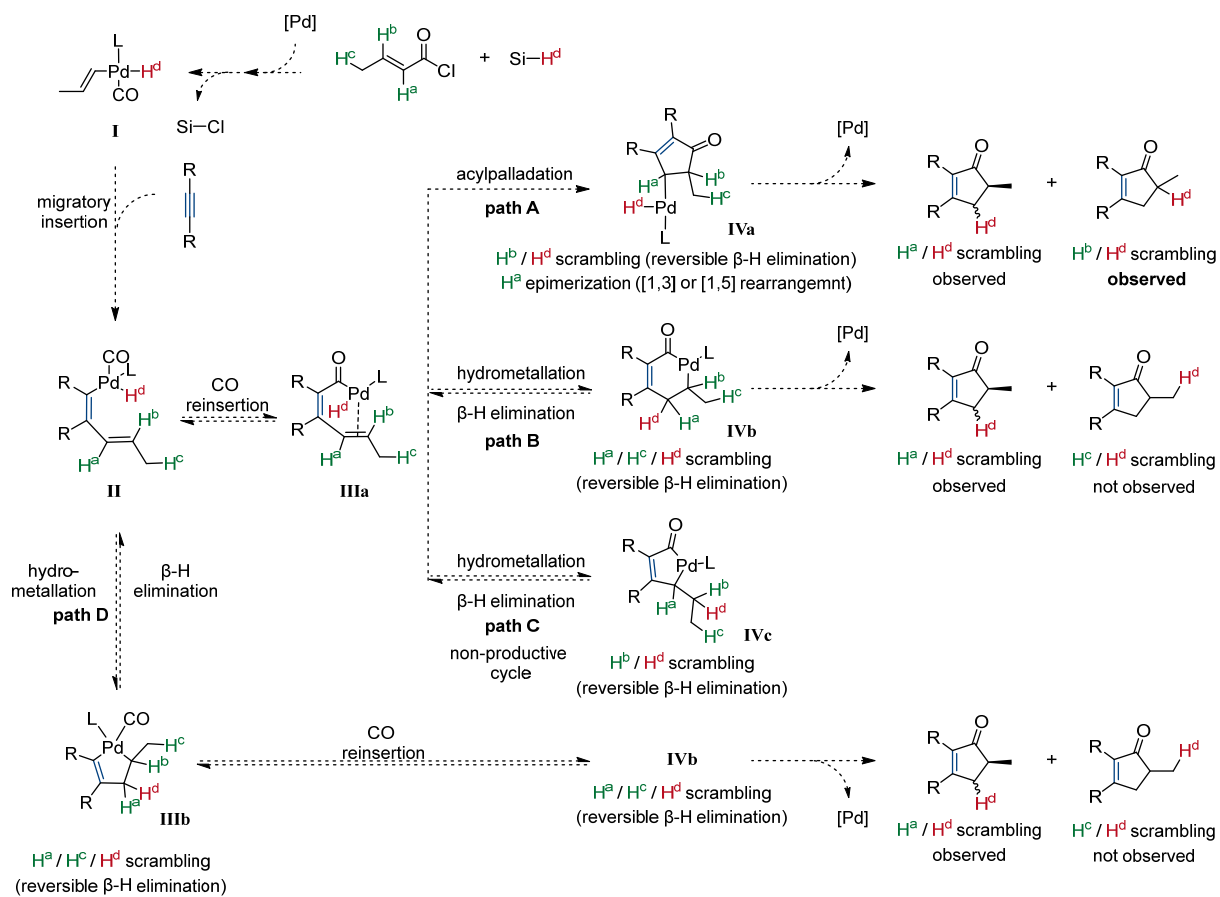
3a-d 91% yield, 94%[D]	3l-d 93% yield, H^a = 6%[D], H^b = 44%[D], H^d = 45%[D]	3q-d 70% yield, H^a = 9%[D], H^b = 38%[D], H^d = 41%[D]
3j-d 78% yield, H^a = 4%[D], H^b = 34%[D], H^d = 34%[D]	3u-d 83% yield, H^a = 6%[D], H^b = 39%[D], H^d = 42%[D]	

^aIsolated yields

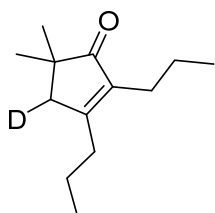
To elucidate some plausible mechanistic pathways, isotope labelling experiments were performed using a deuterium labeled silane under standard conditions. A set of α,β -unsaturated acid chlorides were tested (Table S17). While **3a-d** showed 94% of deuterium incorporation at the anticipated 4-position of the cyclopentenone, by contrast, other substrates which bear electronically and sterically differentiated mono aryl substituents resulted in a mixture of deuterium-scrambling products on the 4- and 5-position of the cyclopentenones. This result led us to consider four hypothetical pathways to figure out the origin of the deuterium scrambling (Figure S10). Because it is unclear, at which stage of the reaction, the transmetallation between the Pd–Cl and Si–H bonds occurs, it was assumed that the H/Cl exchange was occurred at the early stage of the elemental steps for the clarification of the illustration. The pathways for the intramolecular cyclization step from the intermediate **IIIa** can be divided by the acylpalladation (**path A**) and the hydropalladation path (**path B**). While the intramolecular acylpalladation of alkenes has been well-established in many tandem and cascade reactions, the dominance between acyl- and hydropalladation of alkenes from a plausible acyl–Pd–H species has been underexploited. The patterns of deuterium incorporation shown in **3l-d**, **3q-d**, **3j-d**, and **3u-d** are consistent with the products accessed by **path A**. In addition, the deuteration at the 5-position does not seem viable through **path B**, **C**, and **D**. The formation of both **3aq-1** and **3aq-2** shown in the scope (Table 2) also can be accounted for by **path A**. Those acyl Mizoroki-Heck-type products are likely generated from the analogous **IVa** intermediate via β -H elimination. The other three paths involving hydropalladation from the comparable **IIIa** intermediate cannot afford either **3aq-1** or **3aq-2**. Although **path A** is likely the most plausible, there is not enough evidence to unambiguously differentiate between **path A** and other paths.

Recently, the reactivity priority between intermolecular hydrometallation and carbometallation of Aryl–Pd(II)–H toward activated olefin was studied by Engle and coworkers.¹⁶ Interestingly, although analogous system involving a Pd catalyst, an electron poor monophosphine ligand, and a hydride source were employed, the tendency of carbometallation to prevail over hydrometallation was observed in our reaction system, contrary to the results obtained by Engle et al. Overall, the differences between the two systems might arise from either the carbopalladation of an aryl or acyl group, or the inter- or intramolecular process.

Figure S10. Plausible mechanistic pathways.



5,5-dimethyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one-4-*d* (**3a-d**). 91% yield (45 mg).



^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.37 (ddd, $J = 8.8, 6.4, 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.35 – 2.30 (m, 1.06H), 2.13 (ddd, $J = 8.9, 6.2, 1.1$ Hz, 2H), 1.59 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.44 – 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.95 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 3H). ^2H NMR (77 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.34, 2.31. HRMS (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{22}\text{DO}$, 196.1806; found 196.1808.

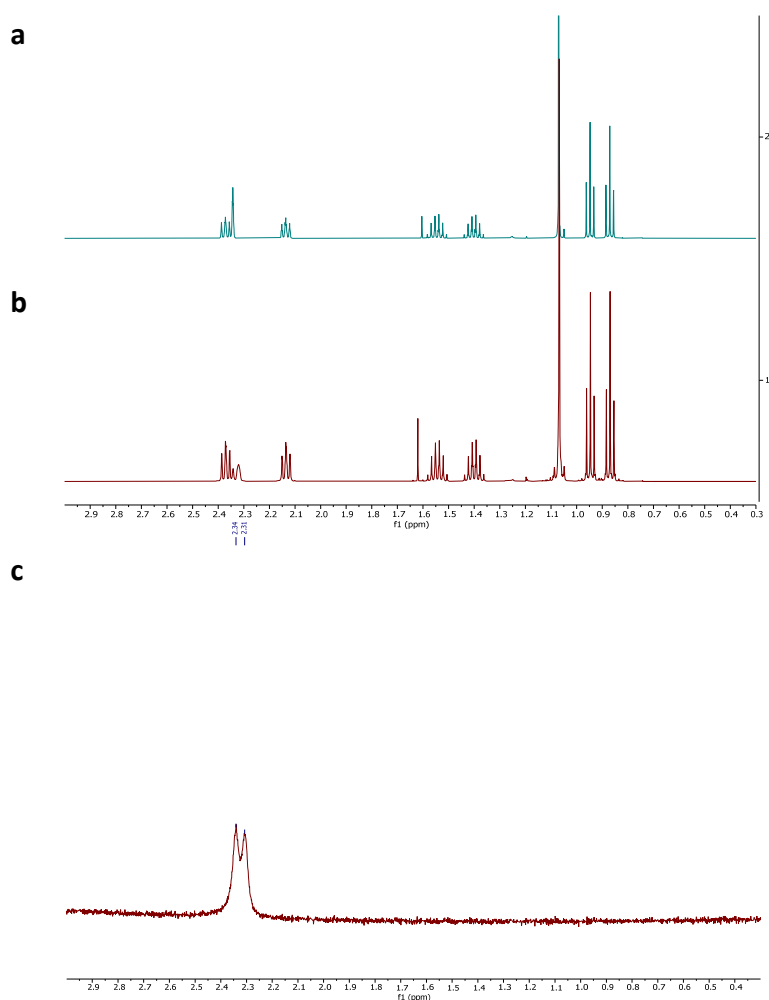
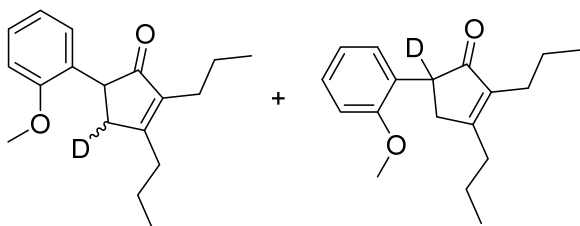


Figure S11. Comparison of ^1H NMR spectrum of the cyclocarbonylation product (**3a**) using unlabeled and D-labeled silanes. **a**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3a**. **b**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3a-d**. **c**, ^2H NMR spectrum of compound **3a-d**.

5-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one-4-*d* (**3I-d**). 93% yield (63 mg).



^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.20 (ddd, J = 8.2, 7.3, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 1H), 6.89 (td, J = 7.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 6.84 (dd, J = 8.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.68 – 3.63 (m, 0.94H), 2.97 – 2.89 (m, 0.56H), 2.55 – 2.50 (m, 0.55H), 2.50 – 2.44 (m, 1H), 2.44 – 2.37 (m, 1H), 2.29 – 2.17 (m, 2H), 1.62 – 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.53 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 0.98 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.3 Hz, 3H). ^2H NMR (92 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.64, 2.93, 2.51. HRMS (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{24}\text{DO}_2$, 274.1912; found 274.1913.

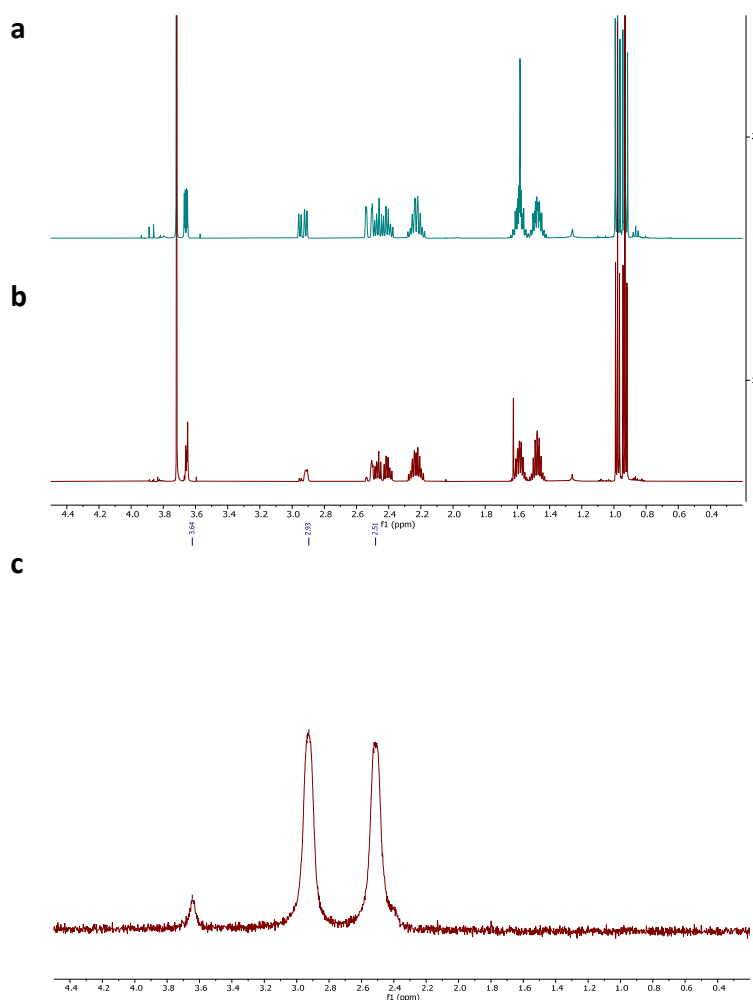
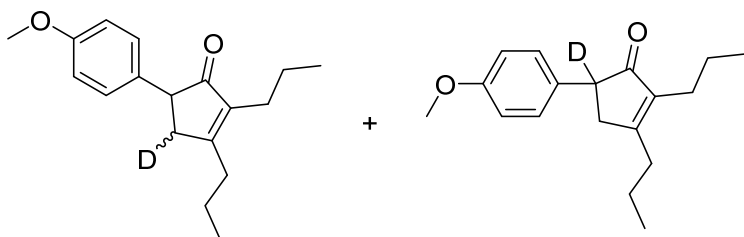


Figure S12. Comparison of ^1H NMR spectrum of the cyclocarbonylation product (**3I**) using unlabeled and D-labeled silanes. **a**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3I**. **b**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3I-d**. **c**, ^2H NMR spectrum of compound **3I-d**.

5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one-4-*d* (**3q-d**). 70% yield (48 mg).



^1H NMR (600 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.05 – 7.01 (m, 2H), 6.86 – 6.82 (m, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.50 – 3.46 (m, **0.91H**), 3.05 – 2.97 (m, **0.62H**), 2.58 – 2.52 (m, **0.59H**), 2.52 – 2.41 (m, 2H), 2.25 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.57 (m, 2H), 1.44 (h, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.00 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). ^2H NMR (92 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.48, 3.02, 2.55. HRMS (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{18}\text{H}_{24}\text{DO}_2$, 274.1912; found 274.1909.

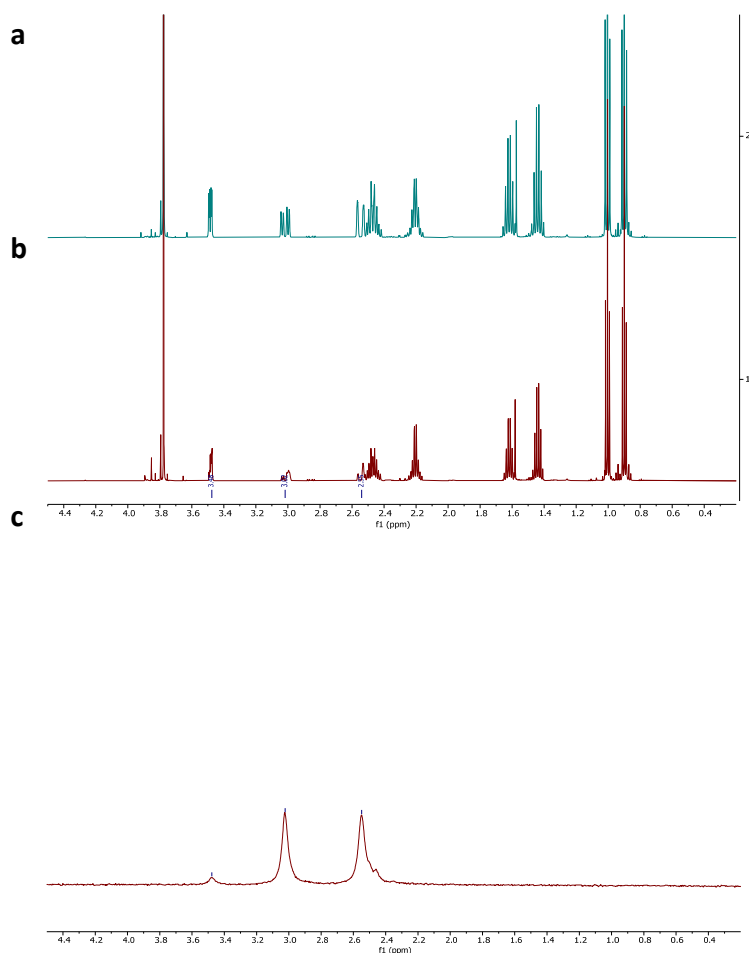
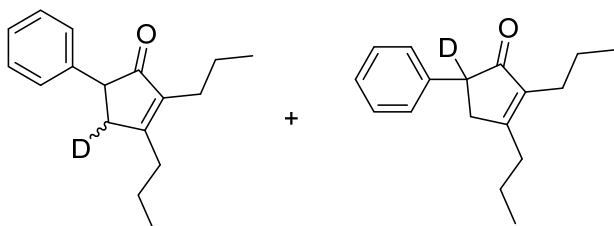


Figure S13. Comparison of ^1H NMR spectrum of the cyclocarbonylation product (**3q**) using unlabeled and D-labeled silanes. **a**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3q**. **b**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3q-d**. **c**, ^2H NMR spectrum of compound **3q-d**.

5-phenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one-4-*d* (**3j-d**). 78% yield (47 mg).



^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 1H), 7.13 – 7.09 (m, 2H), 3.56 – 3.51 (m, **0.96H**), 3.08 – 2.99 (m, **0.66H**), 2.63 – 2.56 (m, **0.66H**), 2.55 – 2.42 (m, 2H), 2.27 – 2.16 (m, 2H), 1.63 (h, $J = 7.3$ Hz, 2H), 1.45 (h, $J = 7.5$ Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.91 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). ^2H NMR (77 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.52, 3.04, 2.60. HRMS (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{22}\text{DO}$, 244.1806; found 244.1802.

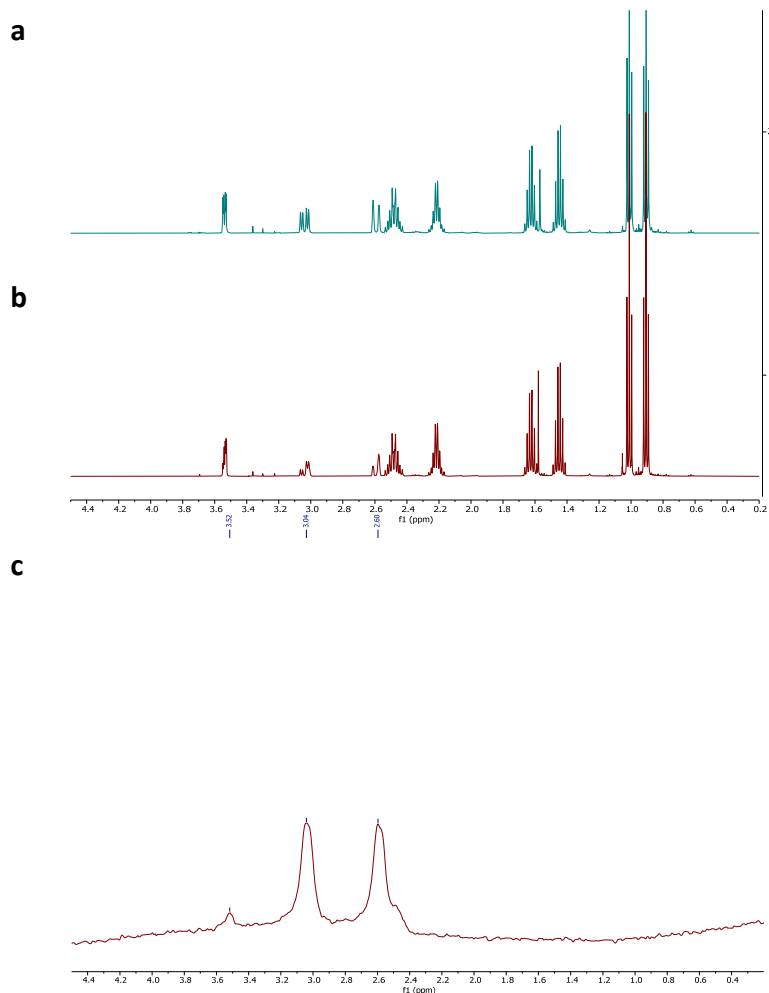
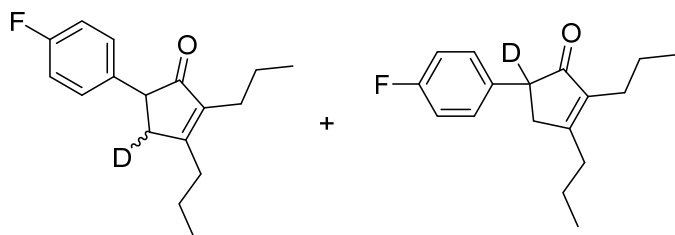


Figure S14. Comparison of ^1H NMR spectrum of the cyclocarbonylation product (**3j**) using unlabeled and D-labeled silanes. **a**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3j**. **b**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3j-d**. **c**, ^2H NMR spectrum of compound **3j-d**.

5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one-4-*d* (**3u-d**). 83% yield (54 mg).



^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.10 – 7.04 (m, 2H), 7.01 – 6.95 (m, 2H), 3.55 – 3.49 (m, 0.94H), 3.08 – 2.98 (m, 0.61H), 2.58 – 2.52 (m, 0.58H), 2.52 – 2.42 (m, 2H), 2.26 – 2.15 (m, 2H), 1.66 – 1.58 (m, 2H), 1.44 (h, $J = 7.6$ Hz, 2H), 1.01 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). ^2H NMR (77 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 3.49, 3.04, 2.55. HRMS (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{21}\text{DFO}$, 262.1712; found 262.1710.

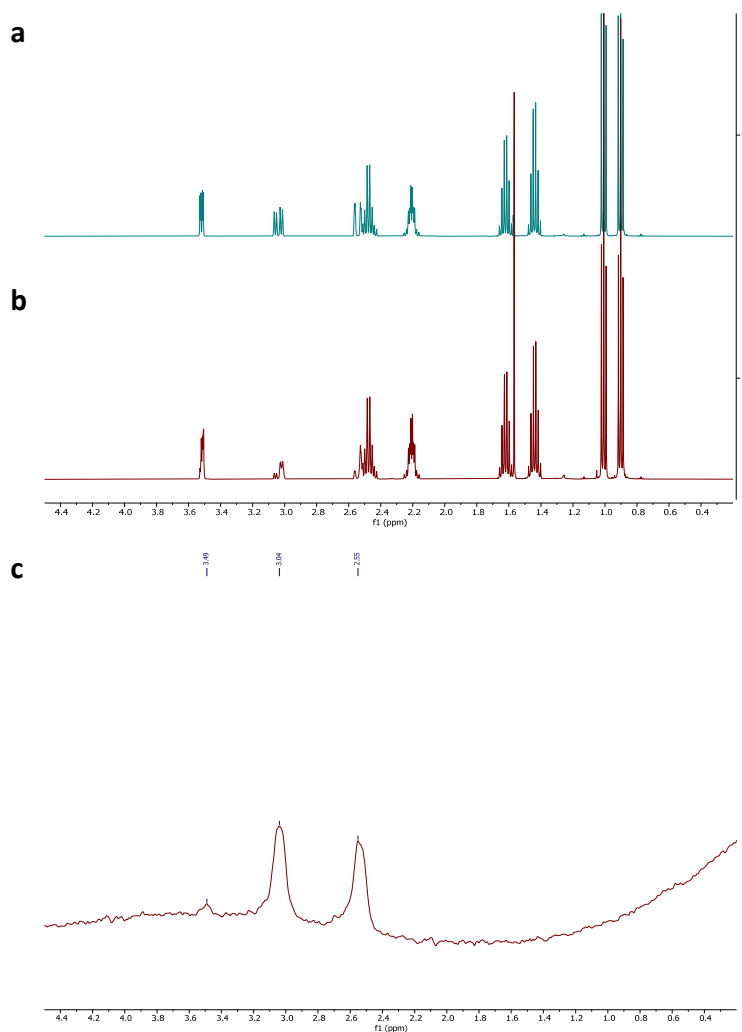
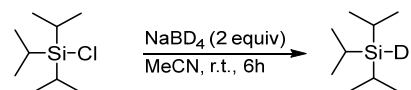


Figure S15. Comparison of ^1H NMR spectrum of the cyclocarbonylation product (**3u**) using unlabeled and D-labeled silanes. **a**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3u**. **b**, ^1H NMR spectrum of compound **3u-d**. **c**, ^2H NMR spectrum of compound **3u-d**.

Synthesis of triisopropylsilane-*d* (*i*Pr₃SiD).

A deuterated triisopropyl silane was synthesized following the reported procedure.^{17,18} ¹H and ¹³C NMR data were consistent with the spectral data reported in literature.^{17,18}

Eq. S22.



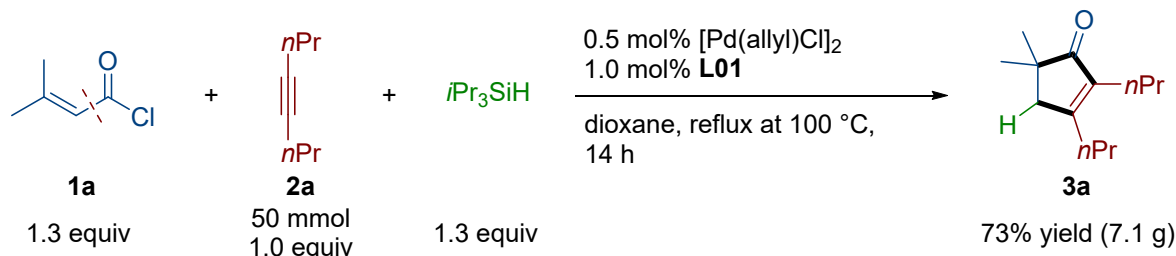
Triisopropylsilane-*d* (*i*Pr₃SiD). Colorless oil.



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 1.06 (s, 21H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 19.5, 10.3.

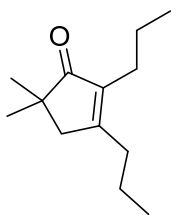
7. Large scale experiment

Eq. S23. Large scale experiment under open system.¹⁹



In a glovebox, a 1 L-two neck flask equipped with a stirring bar was charged with $[\text{Pd}(\text{allyl})\text{Cl}]_2$ (0.5 mol%, 0.25 mmol, 91.5 mg) and **L01** (1.0 mol%, 0.50 mmol, 335.2 mg). The flask was capped with a rubber septum, and was removed from the glovebox. To the flask was transferred dioxane (400 mL) using a cannula under N_2 atmosphere. The solution was stirred at room temperature for 20 min. To a pre-mixed solution were added 3,3-dimethylacryloyl chloride (**1a**, 1.3 equiv, 65 mmol, 7.24 mL), 4-octyne (**2a**, 1.0 equiv, 50 mmol, 7.34 mL) and $i\text{Pr}_3\text{SiH}$ (1.3 equiv, 65 mmol, 13.32 mL). The septum on top of the flask was pierced by a needle connected to an oil bubbler-attached manifold under weak N_2 flow, for releasing the pressure. The reaction mixture was refluxed at 100 °C for 14 h under oil bath. The reaction was cooled to room temperature then quenched with sodium methoxide (1.3 equiv, 65 mmol, 12.04 mL of 5.4 M solution in MeOH) and diluted with DCM (200 mL). The resulting solution was filtered through a column packed with celite and silica (height 10 cm) and washed with DCM (100 mL) four times. The filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane/EA = 70:1). Pale yellow oil. 73% yield (7.1 g).

5,5-dimethyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (LB-379-24). Pale yellow oil. **Method A:** 90% yield (44 mg). **73% yield (7.1 g, 50 mmol scale).**



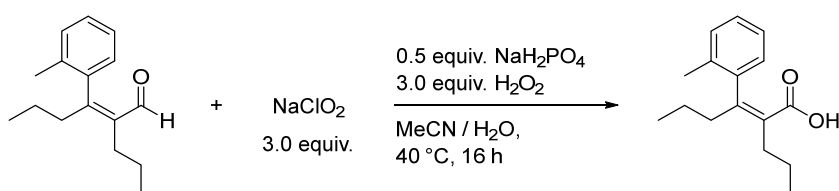
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 2.37 (ddt, $J = 7.7, 7.0, 0.9$ Hz, 2H), 2.34 (p, $J = 1.0$ Hz, 2H), 2.14 (ddt, $J = 8.8, 6.1, 1.2$ Hz, 2H), 1.59 – 1.50 (m, 2H), 1.45 – 1.36 (m, 2H), 1.07 (s, 6H), 0.95 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.87 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 214.2, 170.3, 137.8, 46.2, 42.7, 32.9, 25.4, 25.3, 22.0, 20.9, 14.2, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{H}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{23}\text{O}$, 195.1743; found 195.1745.

8. Synthesis of substrates

8.1. Synthesis of acid chloride substrates

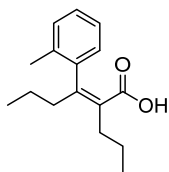
(*Z*)-2-propyl-3-(*o*-tolyl)hex-2-enal was synthesized following the reported procedures.¹⁸

Eq. S24. Oxidation of a tetrasubstituted α,β -unsaturated aldehyde.



(*Z*)-2-propyl-3-(*o*-tolyl)hex-2-enoic acid was synthesized in a similar manner according to the reported procedures.²⁰ To a 100 mL flask was added (*Z*)-2-propyl-3-(*o*-tolyl)hex-2-enal (1.84 g, 8.0 mmol), MeCN (30 mL), H_2O (20 mL), NaH_2PO_4 (0.5 equiv, 4.0 mmol, 0.48 g), H_2O_2 (3.0 equiv, 24.0 mmol, 2.06 mL, 2.33 g as 35wt% aqueous solution) and NaClO_2 (3.0 equiv, 24.0 mmol, 2.71 g) sequentially. The reaction mixture was stirred at 40°C for 16 h. The reaction was cooled to room temperature then quenched with 10wt% citric-acid aqueous solution (100 mL) and then extracted with EA (3 x 50 mL). The combined organic layer was dried over anhydrous Na_2SO_4 . After filtration, the filtrate was concentrated under reduced pressure and purified by column chromatography on silica gel (pentane/EA = 10:1). 76% yield (1.49 g).

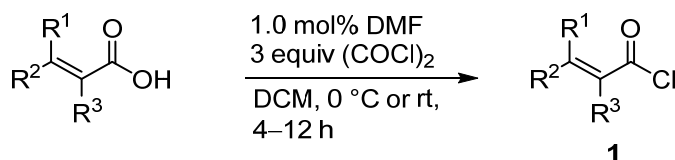
(*Z*)-2-propyl-3-(*o*-tolyl)hex-2-enoic acid (**12a**). Beige crystalline solid. 76% yield (1.49 g).



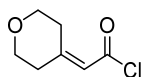
$^1\text{H NMR}$ (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.17 – 7.11 (m, 2H), 7.11 – 7.06 (m, 1H), 6.91 – 6.87 (m, 1H), 2.52 – 2.40 (m, 3H), 2.22 – 2.14 (m, 4H), 1.60 – 1.44 (m, 2H), 1.44 – 1.22 (m, 2H), 0.98 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H), 0.89 (t, $J = 7.4$ Hz, 3H). $^{13}\text{C NMR}$ (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 172.8, 149.4, 141.9, 134.9, 130.6, 129.9, 127.7, 127.0, 125.3, 37.1, 31.5, 22.5, 20.8, 19.6, 14.5, 14.1. **HRMS** (ESI, m/z): $[\text{M}+\text{Na}]^+$ calcd. for $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{22}\text{NaO}_2$, 269.1512; found 269.1512.

Acid chlorides were synthesized following the reported procedures^{18,21} and used without further purification.

Eq. S25. Preparation of acid chlorides

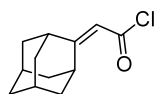


2-(tetrahydro-4*H*-pyran-4-ylidene)acetyl chloride (**1c**). Pale brown oil. Quantitative yield.



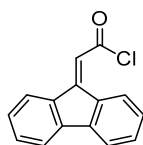
¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.16 – 5.88 (m, 1H), 3.80 (td, *J* = 5.5, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 3.75 (td, *J* = 5.6, 1.9 Hz, 2H), 2.87 (td, *J* = 5.7, 1.2 Hz, 2H), 2.41 – 2.33 (m, 2H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.0, 164.0, 120.9, 68.9, 68.3, 37.5, 32.2.

2-((1*r*,3*r*,5*R*,7*S*)-adamantan-2-ylidene)acetyl chloride (**1d**). Yellow solid. Quantitative yield.



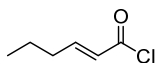
¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 5.96 (s, 1H), 3.78 (s, 1H), 2.48 (s, 1H), 2.06 – 1.93 (m, 7H), 1.93 – 1.72 (m, 7H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 180.4, 163.9, 115.3, 41.6, 40.5, 39.6, 36.6, 34.5, 27.7.

2-(9*H*-fluoren-9-ylidene)acetyl chloride (**1e**). Orange colored solid. Quantitative yield.



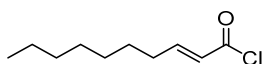
¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.54 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (tdd, *J* = 7.5, 1.2, 0.7 Hz, 2H), 7.42 (qd, *J* = 7.5, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 7.30 – 7.26 (m, 1H), 7.26 – 7.22 (m, 1H), 6.89 (s, 1H). ¹³**C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 164.4, 152.1, 143.4, 141.7, 138.0, 134.3, 132.9, 132.4, 128.9, 128.8, 128.1, 122.3, 120.3, 120.2, 117.3.

(*E*)-hex-2-enoyl chloride (**1f**). Pale yellow oil. Quantitative yield.



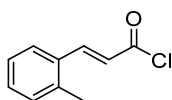
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.21 (dt, *J* = 15.3, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (dt, *J* = 15.1, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.30 – 2.24 (m, 2H), 1.53 (h, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.9, 157.3, 126.5, 34.5, 21.1, 13.7.

(*E*)-dec-2-enoyl chloride (**1g**). Pale yellow oil. Quantitative yield.



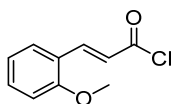
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.22 (dt, *J* = 15.3, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 6.06 (dt, *J* = 15.2, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.29 (qd, *J* = 7.2, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 1.57 – 1.42 (m, 2H), 1.42 – 1.20 (m, 8H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.0, 157.6, 126.4, 32.6, 31.8, 29.2, 29.1, 27.8, 22.7, 14.2.

(*E*)-3-(*o*-tolyl)acryloyl chloride (**1h**). Pale yellow oil. Quantitative yield.



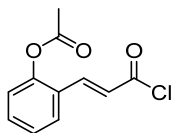
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 (dt, *J* = 15.5, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 – 7.44 (m, 1H), 7.26 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.15 (dddt, *J* = 7.2, 3.5, 2.2, 0.7 Hz, 2H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 148.2, 139.1, 131.9, 131.9, 131.3, 127.0, 126.7, 123.1, 19.8.

(*E*)-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1i**). Yellow oil. Quantitative yield.



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 7.51 – 7.41 (m, 2H), 6.99 (td, *J* = 7.6, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.75 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.7, 159.2, 146.6, 133.6, 130.2, 122.5, 121.9, 121.0, 111.5, 55.6.

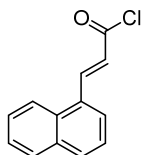
(*E*)-2-(3-chloro-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl acetate (**1j**). White solid. Quantitative yield.



¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 7.65 (dd, *J* = 7.9, 1.7 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H),

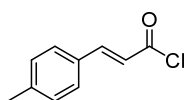
2.40 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 169.0, 166.2, 150.1, 143.9, 133.0, 128.3, 126.7, 125.8, 124.3, 123.6, 21.1.

(*E*)-3-(naphthalen-1-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1k**). Yellow solid. Quantitative yield.



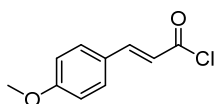
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 8.70 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 8.16 (dq, J = 8.5, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.99 (dt, J = 8.2, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (ddt, J = 8.1, 1.4, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (dt, J = 7.3, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.64 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (ddd, J = 8.1, 6.9, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 1H), 6.76 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.2, 147.6, 133.9, 132.6, 131.7, 130.2, 129.1, 127.7, 126.8, 126.2, 125.6, 124.5, 123.0.

(*E*)-3-(*p*-tolyl)acryloyl chloride (**1l**). White solid. Quantitative yield.



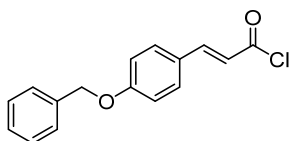
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.81 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 7.50 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.27 – 7.22 (m, 2H), 6.60 (d, J = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.3, 151.0, 143.1, 130.5, 130.1, 129.3, 121.3, 21.8.

(*E*)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1m**). Pale yellow solid. Quantitative yield.



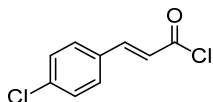
^1H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 7.79 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.55 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 6.96 – 6.92 (m, 2H), 6.50 (d, J = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H). ^{13}C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl_3) δ 166.2, 163.0, 150.7, 131.3, 125.9, 119.6, 114.9, 55.6.

(*E*)-3-(4-(benzyloxy)phenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1n**). Pale yellow solid. Quantitative yield.



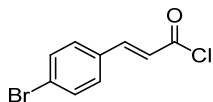
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 7.56 – 7.51 (m, 2H), 7.47 – 7.33 (m, 5H), 7.05 – 7.00 (m, 2H), 6.51 (dd, *J* = 15.4, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 5.13 (s, 2H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 162.1, 150.7, 136.2, 131.3, 128.8, 128.4, 127.6, 126.1, 119.7, 115.7, 70.3.

(*E*)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1o**). White solid. Quantitative yield.



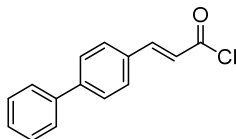
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.78 (dt, *J* = 15.5, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.1, 149.2, 138.3, 131.6, 130.3, 129.7, 123.0.

(*E*)-3-(4-bromophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1p**). White solid. Quantitative yield.



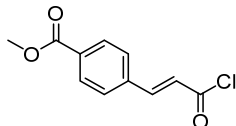
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.58 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.44 – 7.39 (m, 2H), 6.62 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.0, 149.2, 132.6, 131.9, 130.4, 126.7, 123.0.

(*E*)-3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1q**). Beige solid. Quantitative yield.



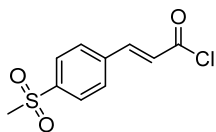
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1H), 7.71 – 7.61 (m, 6H), 7.52 – 7.45 (m, 2H), 7.45 – 7.38 (m, 1H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 15.5 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 150.4, 144.9, 139.8, 132.1, 129.8, 129.1, 128.4, 127.9, 127.2, 122.2.

methyl (*E*)-4-(3-chloro-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)benzoate (**1r**). White solid. Quantitative yield.



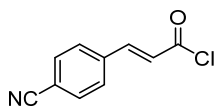
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.11 – 8.07 (m, 2H), 7.84 (dt, *J* = 15.6, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 7.65 – 7.62 (m, 2H), 6.72 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (s, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 166.1, 149.0, 137.1, 133.0, 130.5, 129.0, 124.7, 52.6.

(*E*)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1s**). Beige solid. Quantitative yield.



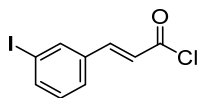
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.03 – 7.98 (m, 2H), 7.84 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 7.79 – 7.74 (m, 2H), 6.76 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 3.08 (s, 3H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.9, 147.6, 143.0, 138.1, 129.7, 128.4, 126.1, 44.5.

(*E*)-3-(4-cyanophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1t**). Beige solid. Quantitative yield.



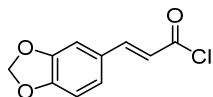
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.80 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H), 7.75 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.69 – 7.66 (m, 2H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.8, 147.7, 137.2, 133.0, 129.4, 125.8, 118.1, 115.0.

(*E*)-3-(3-iodophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1u**). Brown oil. Quantitative yield.



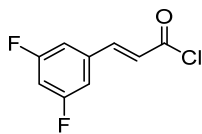
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92 (tt, *J* = 1.7, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.80 (ddd, *J* = 7.9, 1.8, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.53 (dddd, *J* = 7.8, 1.7, 1.0, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.0, 148.8, 140.7, 137.7, 135.2, 130.9, 128.3, 123.7, 95.0.

(*E*)-3-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1v**). Pale yellow solid. Quantitative yield.



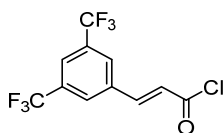
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.73 (dt, *J* = 15.4, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 1.8, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.05 (dt, *J* = 1.8, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.85 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 0.4 Hz, 1H), 6.45 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H), 6.05 (s, 2H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 151.4, 150.6, 148.8, 127.6, 126.8, 120.1, 109.0, 107.0, 102.1.

(*E*)-3-(3,5-difluorophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1w**). Beige solid. Quantitative yield.



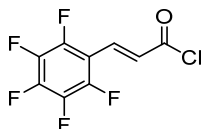
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.72 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H), 7.12 – 7.06 (m, 2H), 6.93 (tt, *J* = 8.5, 2.3 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 15.6 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.81, 163.42 (dd, *J* = 250.7, 12.6 Hz), 147.55 (t, *J* = 3.0 Hz), 136.19 (t, *J* = 9.5 Hz), 125.19, 111.89 – 111.62 (m), 107.16 (t, *J* = 25.4 Hz). **¹⁹F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -108.0.

(*E*)-3-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1x**). Yellow oil. Quantitative yield.



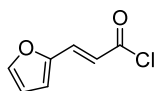
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.02 – 8.00 (m, 2H), 7.98 – 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.87 (dt, *J* = 15.7, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 6.80 (d, *J* = 15.7 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.65, 146.32, 135.21, 133.07 (q, *J* = 33.9 Hz), 128.62 (dq, *J* = 3.7, 1.2 Hz), 126.38, 124.98 (p, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 122.95 (q, *J* = 273.0 Hz). **¹⁹F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -63.2, -63.2.

(*E*)-3-(perfluorophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1y**). Yellow oil. Quantitative yield.



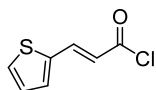
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, *J* = 16.1 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (dd, *J* = 16.1, 0.8 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.19, 147.87 – 144.59 (m), 144.59 – 141.43 (m), 139.67 – 136.52 (m), 133.37 (dt, *J* = 3.1, 1.7 Hz), 129.92 (td, *J* = 9.3, 2.8 Hz), 108.89 (td, *J* = 13.3, 4.5 Hz). **¹⁹F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -137.58 – -137.72 (m), -147.59 (tt, *J* = 20.8, 4.3 Hz), -160.39 – -160.58 (m).

(*E*)-3-(furan-2-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1z**). Brown solid. Quantitative yield.



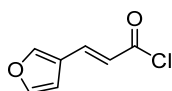
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 6.84 (dq, *J* = 3.5, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 6.57 – 6.54 (m, 1H), 6.49 (dq, *J* = 15.1, 0.5 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.8, 149.9, 146.9, 136.1, 119.4, 119.3, 113.4.

(*E*)-3-(thiophen-2-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1aa**). Pale yellow solid. Quantitative yield.



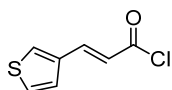
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.94 (dt, *J* = 15.2, 0.8 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (dt, *J* = 5.0, 1.0 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (ddt, *J* = 3.7, 1.1, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.42 (d, *J* = 15.2 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.7, 143.0, 138.2, 134.2, 131.7, 128.9, 120.6.

(*E*)-3-(furan-3-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1ab**). Grey solid. Quantitative yield.



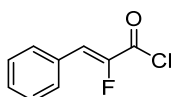
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (tp, *J* = 1.0, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (dp, *J* = 15.3, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.49 (tq, *J* = 1.4, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 6.61 (ddq, *J* = 1.4, 0.9, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 6.36 (dt, *J* = 15.3, 0.5 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.0, 147.1, 145.3, 141.1, 122.1, 122.0, 107.4.

(*E*)-3-(thiophen-3-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1ac**). Pale grey solid. Quantitative yield.



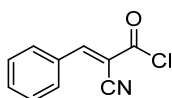
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (dt, *J* = 15.3, 0.6 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (dd, *J* = 2.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (ddd, *J* = 5.1, 2.9, 0.7 Hz, 1H), 7.32 (dd, *J* = 5.1, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 6.46 (d, *J* = 15.4 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.3, 144.0, 136.5, 131.9, 127.9, 125.3, 121.9.

(*Z*)-2-fluoro-3-phenylacryloyl chloride (**1ad**). Yellow oil. Quantitative yield.



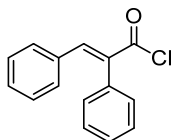
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74 – 7.68 (m, 2H), 7.50 – 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 32.9 Hz, 1H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.06 (d, *J* = 38.9 Hz), 147.93 (d, *J* = 268.3 Hz), 131.54 (d, *J* = 2.9 Hz), 131.36 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz), 130.28 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz), 129.30, 123.79 (d, *J* = 6.1 Hz). **¹⁹F NMR** (471 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -118.6.

(*E*)-2-cyano-3-phenylacryloyl chloride (**1ae**). Pale brown solid. Quantitative yield.



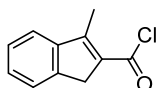
¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.34 (s, 1H), 8.09 – 8.04 (m, 2H), 7.70 – 7.63 (m, 1H), 7.57 (tt, *J* = 7.6, 1.9 Hz, 2H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.8, 158.9, 135.3, 132.3, 130.6, 129.8, 114.6, 107.8.

(*E*)-2,3-diphenylacryloyl chloride (**1af**). Grey solid. Quantitative yield.



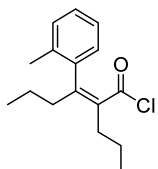
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15 (s, 1H), 7.46 – 7.42 (m, 3H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 7.28 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.13 – 7.08 (m, 2H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.3, 148.0, 136.2, 134.8, 133.5, 131.5, 130.8, 129.8, 129.2, 128.9, 128.6.

3-methyl-1*H*-indene-2-carbonyl chloride (**1ag**). Pale brown solid. Quantitative yield.



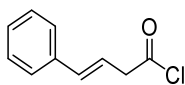
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (dt, *J* = 7.3, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.47 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.43 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 3.86 (q, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 2H), 2.59 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.4, 159.0, 144.5, 144.5, 132.7, 129.9, 127.4, 124.4, 122.7, 41.1, 13.5.

(*Z*)-2-propyl-3-(*o*-tolyl)hex-2-enoyl chloride (**1ah**). Yellow oil. Quantitative yield.



¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.23 – 7.15 (m, 2H), 7.15 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.97 – 6.92 (m, 1H), 2.64 – 2.52 (m, 2H), 2.51 – 2.42 (m, 1H), 2.25 – 2.18 (m, 4H), 1.68 – 1.52 (m, 2H), 1.47 – 1.28 (m, 2H), 1.02 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 169.1, 148.4, 140.1, 136.8, 135.2, 130.2, 128.4, 127.8, 125.6, 36.5, 31.5, 22.1, 20.9, 19.6, 14.4, 13.9.

(*E*)-4-phenylbut-3-enoyl chloride (**8a**). Pale brown solid. Quantitative yield.

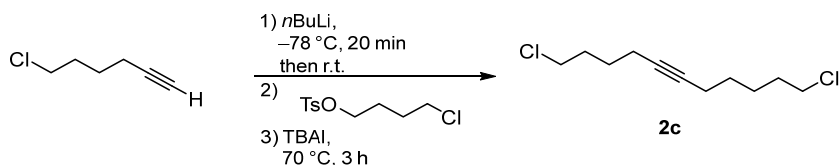


¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.43 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.38 – 7.33 (m, 2H), 7.32 – 7.28 (m, 1H), 6.58 (dt, *J* = 15.9, 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.25 (dt, *J* = 15.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.78 (dd, *J* = 7.1, 1.4 Hz, 2H). **¹³C NMR** (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 172.0, 136.1, 135.9, 128.8, 128.3, 126.6, 118.8, 50.3.

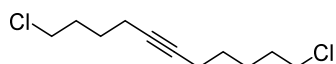
8.2. Synthesis of alkyne substrates

Alkynes were synthesized following the reported procedures^{18,22} unless otherwise stated. ¹H and ¹³C NMR data were consistent with the spectral data reported in literature.¹⁸

Eq. S26. Synthesis of 1,10-dichlorodec-5-yne (**2c**).

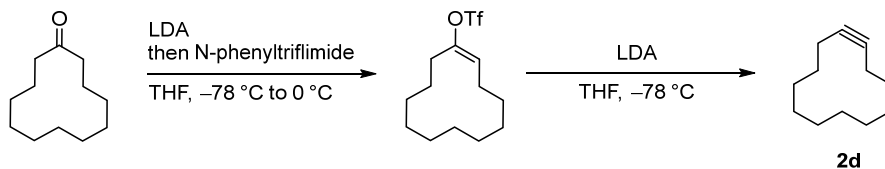


1,10-dichlorodec-5-yne (**2c**). Colorless oil.



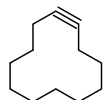
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 3.58 (t, J = 6.60 Hz, 4H), 2.21–2.17 (tt, J = 6.99, 1.71 Hz, 4H), 1.92–1.85 (m, 4H), 1.67–1.60 (m, 4H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 80.1, 44.8, 31.7, 26.3, 18.2.

Eq. S27. Synthesis of cyclododecyne (**2d**).



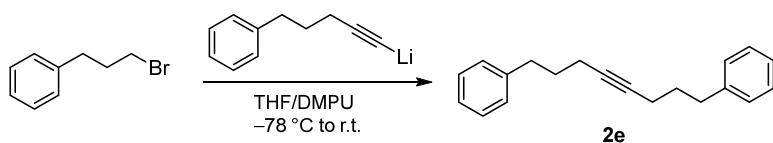
A cyclododecyne were synthesized following the reported procedures.²³

Cyclododecyne (**2d**). Colorless oil.

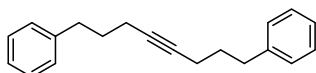


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 2.22 – 2.14 (m, 4H), 1.59 – 1.49 (m, 8H), 1.48 – 1.38 (m, 8H). ¹³C NMR (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 81.7, 25.8, 25.7, 25.0, 24.7, 18.6.

Eq. S28. Synthesis of 1,8-diphenyloct-4-yne (**2e**).

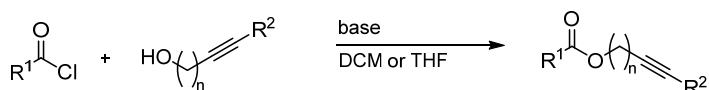


1,8-diphenyloct-4-yne (**2e**). Colorless oil.

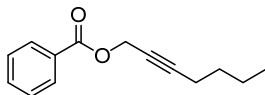


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.33–7.19 (m, 10H), 2.76 (t, *J* = 7.62 Hz, 4H), 2.24–2.20 (tt, *J* = 7.04, 1.80 Hz, 4H), 1.88–1.81 (m, 4H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 142.0, 128.7, 128.5, 126.0, 80.5, 35.0, 30.9, 18.4.

Eq. S29. Synthesis of alkynes bearing an ester group (**2f** to **2l**).

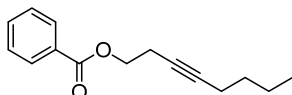


hept-2-yn-1-yl benzoate (**2f**). Colorless oil.



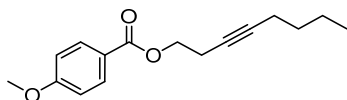
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.09–8.06 (m, 2H), 7.59–7.55 (m, 1H), 7.46–7.42 (m, 2H), 4.92 (t, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 2H), 2.27–2.22 (tt, *J* = 7.10, 2.22 Hz, 2H), 1.54–1.48 (m, 2H), 1.46–1.37 (m, 2H), 0.91 (t, *J* = 7.25, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.2, 133.3, 130.0, 129.9, 128.5, 88.0, 74.1, 53.5, 30.6, 22.1, 18.6, 13.7. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₄H₁₆O₂Na 239.1043; found 239.1043.

oct-3-yn-1-yl benzoate (**2g**). Colorless oil.



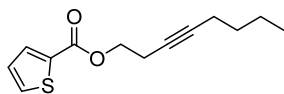
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08–8.05 (m, 2H), 7.58–7.54 (m, 1H), 7.47–7.42 (m, 2H), 4.40–4.37 (t, *J* = 6.99 Hz, 2H), 2.65–2.60 (m, 2H), 2.18–2.13 (m, 2H), 1.49–1.34 (m, 4H), 0.90–0.86 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.5, 133.1, 130.3, 129.8, 128.5, 82.3, 75.6, 63.5, 31.1, 22.0, 19.5, 18.5, 13.7. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₁₈O₂Na; 253.1199, found 253.1197.

oct-3-yn-1-yl 4-methoxybenzoate (**2h**). Colorless oil.



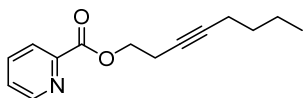
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.05 – 7.96 (m, 2H), 6.96 – 6.87 (m, 2H), 4.35 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.61 (tt, *J* = 7.0, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (tt, *J* = 6.9, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 1.51 – 1.32 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 166.3, 163.5, 131.8, 122.7, 113.7, 82.2, 75.7, 63.2, 55.6, 31.1, 22.0, 19.6, 18.5, 13.7.

oct-3-yn-1-yl thiophene-2-carboxylate (**2i**).



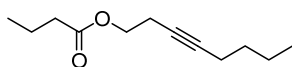
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.82 (dd, *J* = 3.8, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.56 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 1.3 Hz, 1H), 7.10 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 4.35 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 2.60 (tt, *J* = 7.1, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 2.15 (tt, *J* = 7.0, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 1.49 – 1.33 (m, 4H), 0.88 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 162.1, 133.8, 133.7, 132.6, 127.9, 82.4, 75.4, 63.6, 31.1, 22.0, 19.5, 18.5, 13.7.

oct-3-yn-1-yl picolinate (**2j**). Yellow oil.



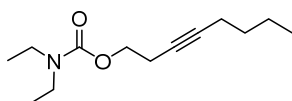
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.77 (ddd, *J* = 4.8, 1.8, 0.9 Hz, 1H), 8.14 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.84 (td, *J* = 7.7, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 7.48 (ddd, *J* = 7.6, 4.7, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 2.68 (tt, *J* = 7.4, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 2.14 (tt, *J* = 7.0, 2.4 Hz, 2H), 1.49 – 1.32 (m, 4H), 0.87 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 165.0, 150.1, 148.1, 137.1, 127.1, 125.4, 82.6, 75.1, 64.3, 31.1, 22.0, 19.5, 18.5, 13.7.

oct-3-yn-1-yl butyrate (**2k**). Colorless oil.



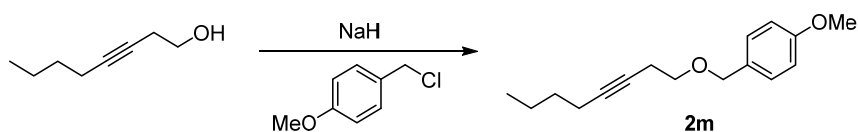
¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.13 (t, *J* = 6.97 Hz, 2H), 2.50–2.45 (m, 2H), 2.30 (t, *J* = 7.33 Hz, 2H), 2.16–2.11 (m, 2H), 1.70–1.61 (m, 2H), 1.49–1.34 (m, 4H), 0.95 (t, *J* = 7.41 Hz, 3H), 0.90 (t, *J* = 7.20 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 173.6, 82.1, 75.7, 62.8, 36.3, 31.1, 22.0, 19.4, 18.6, 18.5, 13.8, 13.7. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [*M*+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₂H₂₀O₂Na 219.1356; found 219.1356.

oct-3-yn-1-yl diethylcarbamate (**2l**). Pale yellow oil.

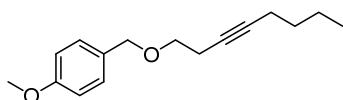


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 4.15–4.11 (t, *J* = 6.82 Hz, 2H), 3.27 (br, 4H), 2.50–2.45 (m, 2H), 2.16–2.11 (m, 2H), 1.49–1.34 (m, 4H), 1.14–1.10 (t, *J* = 7.11 Hz, 6H), 0.91–0.88 (t, *J* = 7.14 Hz, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 155.8, 81.8, 76.2, 63.6, 42.0, 31.2, 22.0, 19.9, 18.5, 13.8, 13.8. **HRMS** (ESI, *m/z*): [M+Na]⁺ calcd. for C₁₃H₂₃O₂NNa 248.1621; found 248.1622.

Eq. S30. Synthesis of methoxy-4-((oct-3-yn-1-yloxy)methyl)benzene (**2m**)



methoxy-4-((oct-3-yn-1-yloxy)methyl)benzene (**2m**).

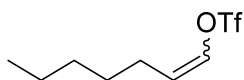


¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.31–7.28 (m, 2H), 6.91–6.89 (m, 2H), 4.50 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.55 (t, *J* = 7.16 Hz, 2H), 2.50–2.45 (m, 2H), 2.19–2.15 (m, 2H), 1.52–1.39 (m, 4H), 0.92 (t, *J* = 7.19, 3H). **¹³C NMR** (101 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.3, 130.5, 129.4, 113.9, 81.6, 76.8, 72.7, 68.8, 55.4, 31.2, 30.3, 22.1, 18.6, 13.8.

8.3. Synthesis of alkenyl triflates

A hept-1-en-1-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate was synthesized following the reported procedure.²⁴ ¹H and ¹³C NMR data were consistent with the spectral data reported in literature.²⁴

hept-1-en-1-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (**7d**). Colorless oil (an inseparable mixture of *Z/E* isomers, *Z/E* = 84:16).

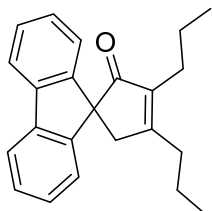


Z isomer, major: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.53 (dtd, *J* = 5.6, 1.6, 0.5 Hz, 1H), 5.26 (td, *J* = 7.6, 5.6 Hz, 1H), 2.19 (qd, *J* = 7.5, 1.6 Hz, 2H), 1.45 – 1.37 (m, 2H), 1.37 – 1.24 (m, 4H), 0.92 – 0.88 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 135.3, 121.1, 118.8 (q, *J* = 320.6 Hz), 31.3, 28.3, 24.2, 22.5, 14.1. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -73.9.

E isomer, minor: ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 6.52 – 6.48 (m, 1H), 5.77 (dt, *J* = 11.8, 7.7 Hz, 1H), 2.04 (qd, *J* = 7.5, 1.5 Hz, 2H), 1.46 – 1.24 (m, 6H), 0.92 – 0.85 (m, 3H). ¹³C NMR (126 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 136.0, 123.1, 31.2, 28.5, 26.7, 22.5, 14.1. ¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ -73.4.

9. X-ray structure analysis

3,4-dipropylspiro[cyclopentane-1,9'-fluoren]-3-en-2-one (**3e**).



Experimental

Single crystals of $C_{23}H_{24}O$ (compound **3e**, [bm010720_1_1]). A suitable crystal was selected on a Bruker/Nonius Kappa Apex2 diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100.0(1) K during data collection. Using Olex2,²⁵ the structure was solved with the SHELXT²⁶ structure solution program using Intrinsic Phasing and refined with the SHELXL²⁷ refinement package using Least Squares minimisation.

Crystal structure determination of **3e**

Crystal Data for $C_{23}H_{24}O$ ($M = 316.42$ g/mol): orthorhombic, space group $P2_12_12_1$ (no. 19), $a = 11.6463(12)$ Å, $b = 11.9141(12)$ Å, $c = 12.9699(14)$ Å, $V = 1799.6(3)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $T = 100.0(1)$ K, $\mu(\text{MoK}\alpha) = 0.069$ mm⁻¹, $D_{\text{calc}} = 1.168$ g/cm³, 33464 reflections measured ($4.642^\circ \leq 2\theta \leq 56.652^\circ$), 4473 unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0544$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0399$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0394 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$) and wR_2 was 0.0902 (all data).

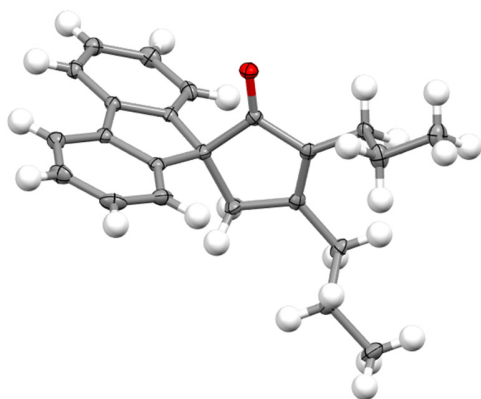
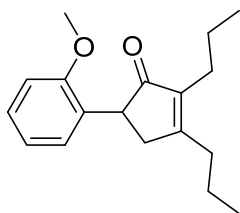


Figure S16. X-ray structure of compound **3e**. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S21. Crystal data and structure refinement for **3e** (bm010720_1_1, 389-08).

Identification code	bm010720_1_1
Empirical formula	C ₂₃ H ₂₄ O
Formula weight	316.42
Temperature/K	100.0(1)
Crystal system	orthorhombic
Space group	P2 ₁ 2 ₁ 2 ₁
a/Å	11.6463(12)
b/Å	11.9141(12)
c/Å	12.9699(14)
α/°	90
β/°	90
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	1799.6(3)
Z	4
ρ _{calc} /cm ³	1.168
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.069
F(000)	680.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.16 × 0.12 × 0.07
Radiation	MoKα (λ = 0.71073)
2θ range for data collection/°	4.642 to 56.652
Index ranges	-15 ≤ h ≤ 15, -15 ≤ k ≤ 15, -16 ≤ l ≤ 17
Reflections collected	33464
Independent reflections	4473 [R _{int} = 0.0544, R _{sigma} = 0.0399]
Data/restraints/parameters	4473/0/219
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.042
Final R indexes [I > 2σ(I)]	R ₁ = 0.0394, wR ₂ = 0.0843
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0511, wR ₂ = 0.0902
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.21/-0.19
Flack parameter	-0.3(7)

5-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3I**).



Experimental

Single crystals of $C_{18}H_{24}O_2$ (compound **3I**, [bm131020_1_1]). A suitable crystal was selected on a XtaLAB Synergy, Dualflex, Pilatus 300K diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100.0(1) K during data collection. Using Olex2,²⁵ the structure was solved with the SHELXT²⁶ structure solution program using Intrinsic Phasing and refined with the SHELXL²⁷ refinement package using Least Squares minimisation.

Crystal structure determination of **3I**

Crystal Data for $C_{18}H_{24}O_2$ ($M = 272.37$ g/mol): monoclinic, space group $P2_1/n$ (no. 14), $a = 5.28116(5)$ Å, $b = 21.9803(2)$ Å, $c = 13.24729(16)$ Å, $\beta = 100.3949(10)^\circ$, $V = 1512.52(3)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $T = 100.0(1)$ K, $\mu(\text{Cu K}\alpha) = 0.593$ mm⁻¹, $D_{\text{calc}} = 1.196$ g/cm³, 40291 reflections measured ($7.888^\circ \leq 2\theta \leq 160.11^\circ$), 3258 unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0416$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0176$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0376 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$) and wR_2 was 0.1026 (all data).

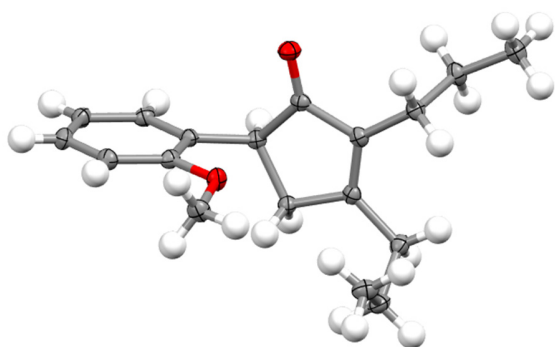
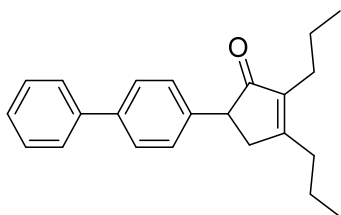


Figure S17. X-ray structure of compound **3I**. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S22. Crystal data and structure refinement for **3I** (bm131020_1_1).

Identification code	bm131020_1_1
Empirical formula	C ₁₈ H ₂₄ O ₂
Formula weight	272.37
Temperature/K	100.0(1)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /n
a/Å	5.28116(5)
b/Å	21.9803(2)
c/Å	13.24729(16)
α/°	90
β/°	100.3949(10)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	1512.52(3)
Z	4
ρ _{calc} /cm ³	1.196
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.593
F(000)	592.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.283 × 0.129 × 0.017
Radiation	Cu Kα (λ = 1.54184)
2θ range for data collection/°	7.888 to 160.11
Index ranges	-6 ≤ h ≤ 6, -27 ≤ k ≤ 27, -14 ≤ l ≤ 16
Reflections collected	40291
Independent reflections	3258 [R _{int} = 0.0416, R _{sigma} = 0.0176]
Data/restraints/parameters	3258/0/184
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.059
Final R indexes [I >= 2σ (I)]	R ₁ = 0.0376, wR ₂ = 0.0996
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0418, wR ₂ = 0.1026
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.28/-0.23

5-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3v**).



Experimental

Single crystals of $C_{23}H_{26}O$ (compound **3v**, [bm121020_1_2]). A suitable crystal was selected on a XtaLAB Synergy, Dualflex, Pilatus 300K diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100.0(1) K during data collection. Using Olex2,²⁵ the structure was solved with the SHELXT²⁶ structure solution program using Intrinsic Phasing and refined with the SHELXL²⁷ refinement package using Least Squares minimisation.

Crystal structure determination of **3v**

Crystal Data for $C_{23}H_{26}O$ ($M = 318.44$ g/mol): monoclinic, space group C2/c (no. 15), $a = 40.4087(8)$ Å, $b = 5.73700(10)$ Å, $c = 19.0339(4)$ Å, $\beta = 125.118(3)^\circ$, $V = 3609.31(16)$ Å³, $Z = 8$, $T = 100.0(1)$ K, $\mu(\text{Cu K}\alpha) = 0.529$ mm⁻¹, $D_{\text{calc}} = 1.172$ g/cm³, 22908 reflections measured ($5.348^\circ \leq 2\theta \leq 160.03^\circ$), 3846 unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0290$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0185$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0458 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$) and wR_2 was 0.1234 (all data).

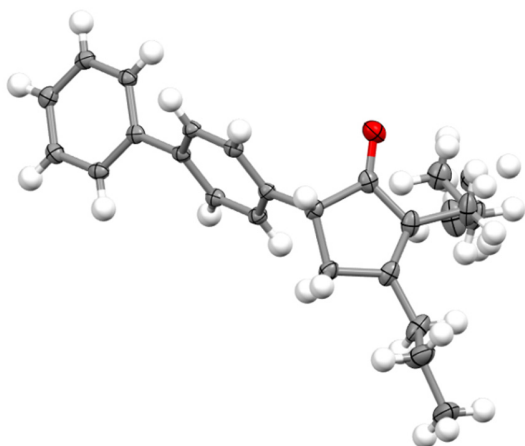
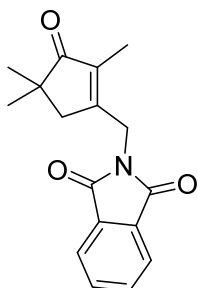


Figure S18. X-ray structure of compound **3v**. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S23. Crystal data and structure refinement for **3v** (bm121020_1_2).

Identification code	bm121020_1_2
Empirical formula	C ₂₃ H ₂₆ O
Formula weight	318.44
Temperature/K	100.0(1)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	C2/c
a/Å	40.4087(8)
b/Å	5.73700(10)
c/Å	19.0339(4)
α/°	90
β/°	125.118(3)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	3609.31(16)
Z	8
ρ _{calc} /g/cm ³	1.172
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.529
F(000)	1376.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.3 × 0.269 × 0.11
Radiation	Cu Kα (λ = 1.54184)
2θ range for data collection/°	5.348 to 160.03
Index ranges	-46 ≤ h ≤ 51, -6 ≤ k ≤ 7, -24 ≤ l ≤ 21
Reflections collected	22908
Independent reflections	3846 [R _{int} = 0.0290, R _{sigma} = 0.0185]
Data/restraints/parameters	3846/30/239
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.057
Final R indexes [I >= 2σ (I)]	R ₁ = 0.0458, wR ₂ = 0.1212
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0486, wR ₂ = 0.1234
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.49/-0.39

2-((2,4,4-trimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (**3bu-1**).



Experimental

Single crystals of $C_{17}H_{17}NO_3$ (compound **3bu-1**, [bm240620_1_1]). A suitable crystal was selected on a Bruker/Nonius Kappa Apex2 diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100.0(1) K during data collection. Using Olex2,²⁵ the structure was solved with the SHELXT²⁶ structure solution program using Intrinsic Phasing and refined with the SHELXL²⁷ refinement package using Least Squares minimisation.

Crystal structure determination of 3bu-1

Crystal Data for $C_{17}H_{17}NO_3$ ($M = 283.31$ g/mol): monoclinic, space group $P2_1/c$ (no. 14), $a = 11.8424(6)$ Å, $b = 10.6222(6)$ Å, $c = 11.5154(6)$ Å, $\beta = 95.133(2)^\circ$, $V = 1442.74(13)$ Å³, $Z = 4$, $T = 100.0(1)$ K, $\mu(\text{MoK}\alpha) = 0.090$ mm⁻¹, $D_{\text{calc}} = 1.304$ g/cm³, 10645 reflections measured ($3.454^\circ \leq 2\theta \leq 56.562^\circ$), 3525 unique ($R_{\text{int}} = 0.0277$, $R_{\text{sigma}} = 0.0377$) which were used in all calculations. The final R_1 was 0.0433 ($I > 2\sigma(I)$) and wR_2 was 0.1124 (all data).

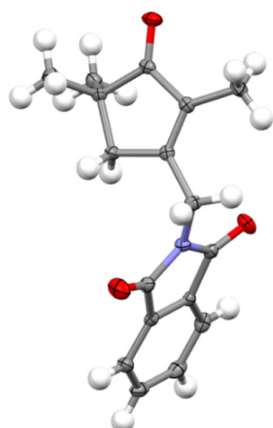


Figure S19. X-ray structure of compound **3bu-1**. Thermal ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level.

Table S24. Crystal data and structure refinement for **3bu-1** (bm240620_1_1, 384-13-A).

Identification code	bm240620_1_1
Empirical formula	C ₁₇ H ₁₇ NO ₃
Formula weight	283.31
Temperature/K	100.0(1)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P2 ₁ /c
a/Å	11.8424(6)
b/Å	10.6222(6)
c/Å	11.5154(6)
α/°	90
β/°	95.133(2)
γ/°	90
Volume/Å ³	1442.74(13)
Z	4
ρ _{calc} /g/cm ³	1.304
μ/mm ⁻¹	0.090
F(000)	600.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.24 × 0.16 × 0.08
Radiation	MoKα (λ = 0.71073)
2θ range for data collection/°	3.454 to 56.562
Index ranges	-15 ≤ h ≤ 15, -13 ≤ k ≤ 14, -15 ≤ l ≤ 10
Reflections collected	10645
Independent reflections	3525 [R _{int} = 0.0277, R _{sigma} = 0.0377]
Data/restraints/parameters	3525/0/193
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.037
Final R indexes [I ≥ 2σ (I)]	R ₁ = 0.0433, wR ₂ = 0.1015
Final R indexes [all data]	R ₁ = 0.0644, wR ₂ = 0.1124
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.33/-0.27

10. References

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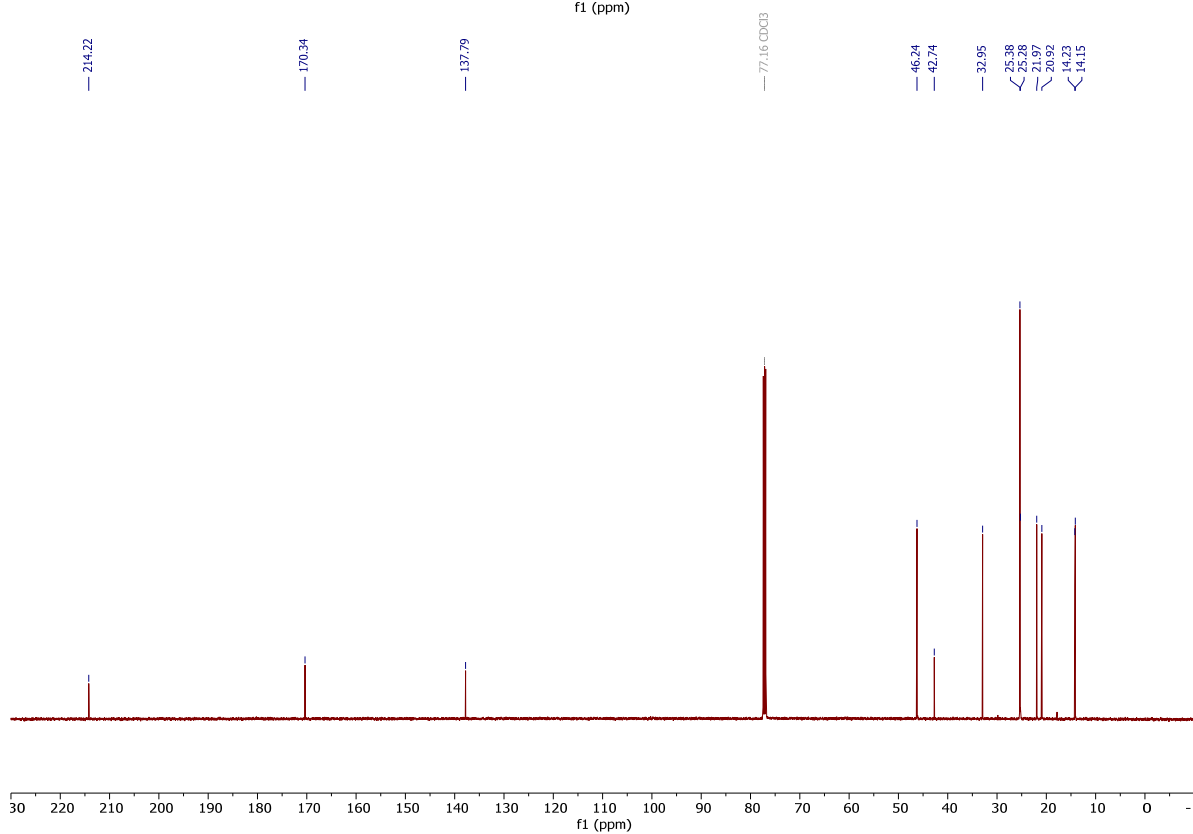
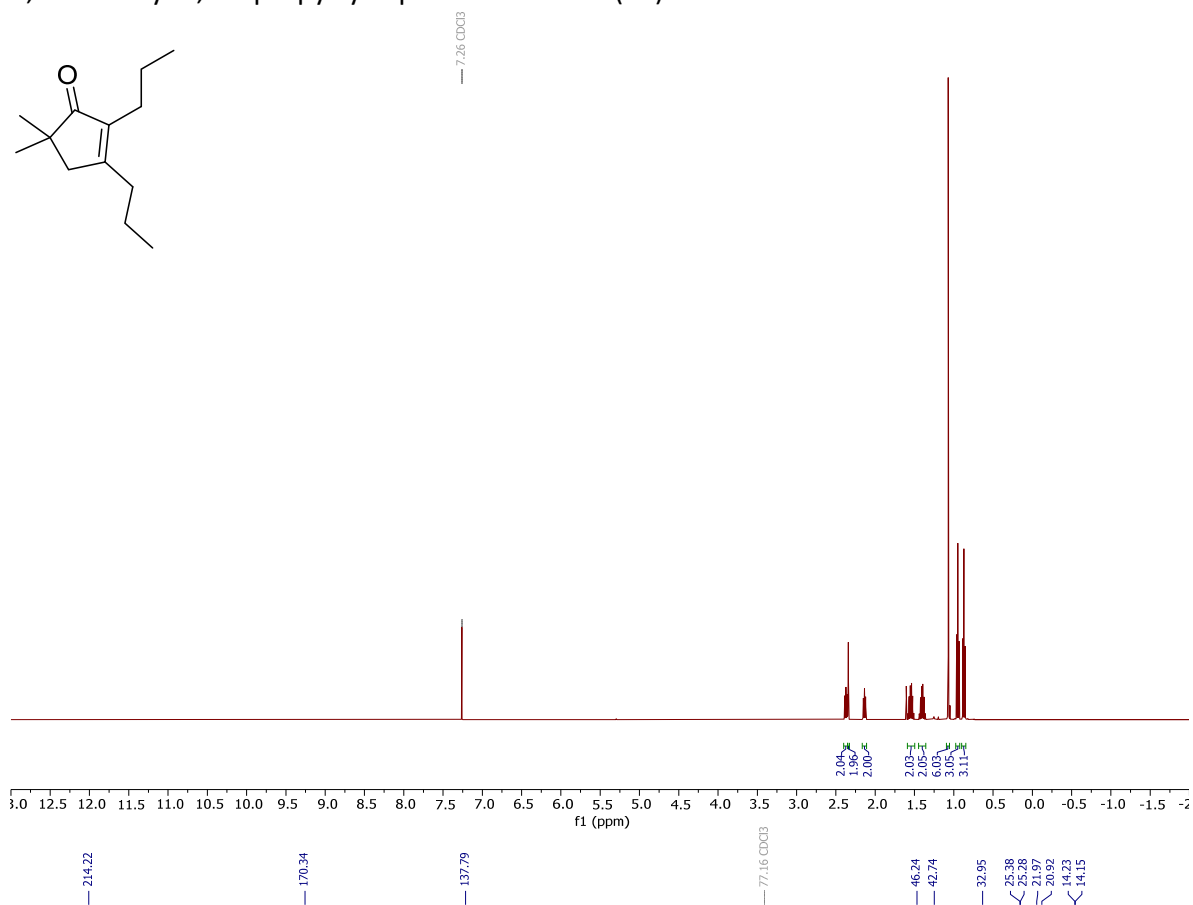
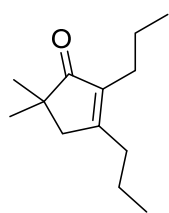
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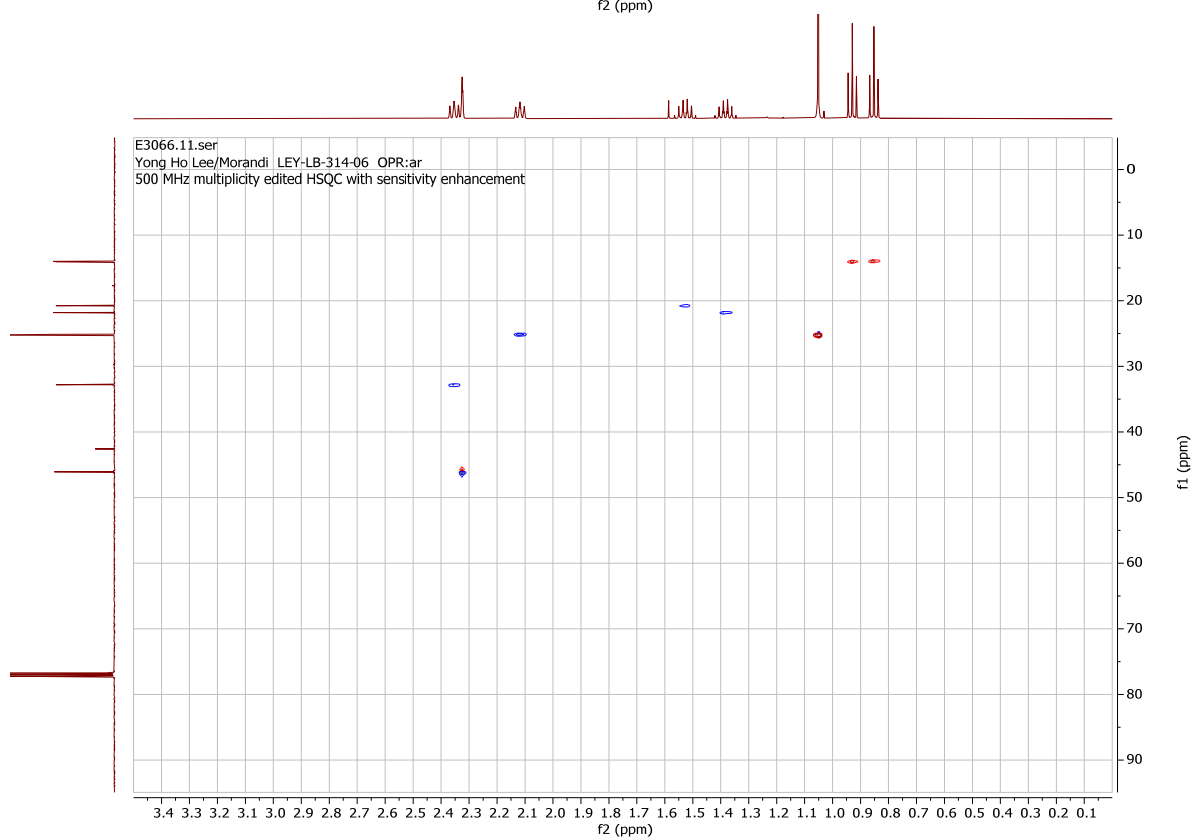
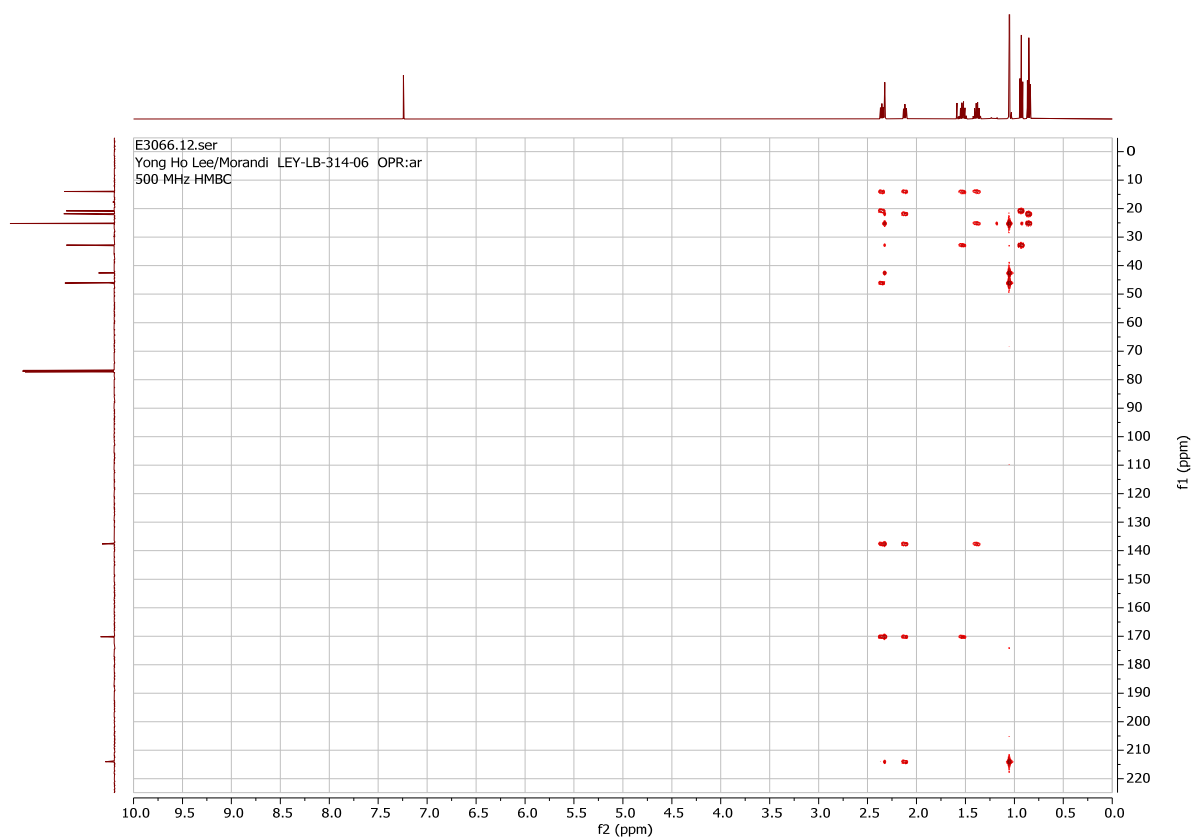
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11. NMR spectra

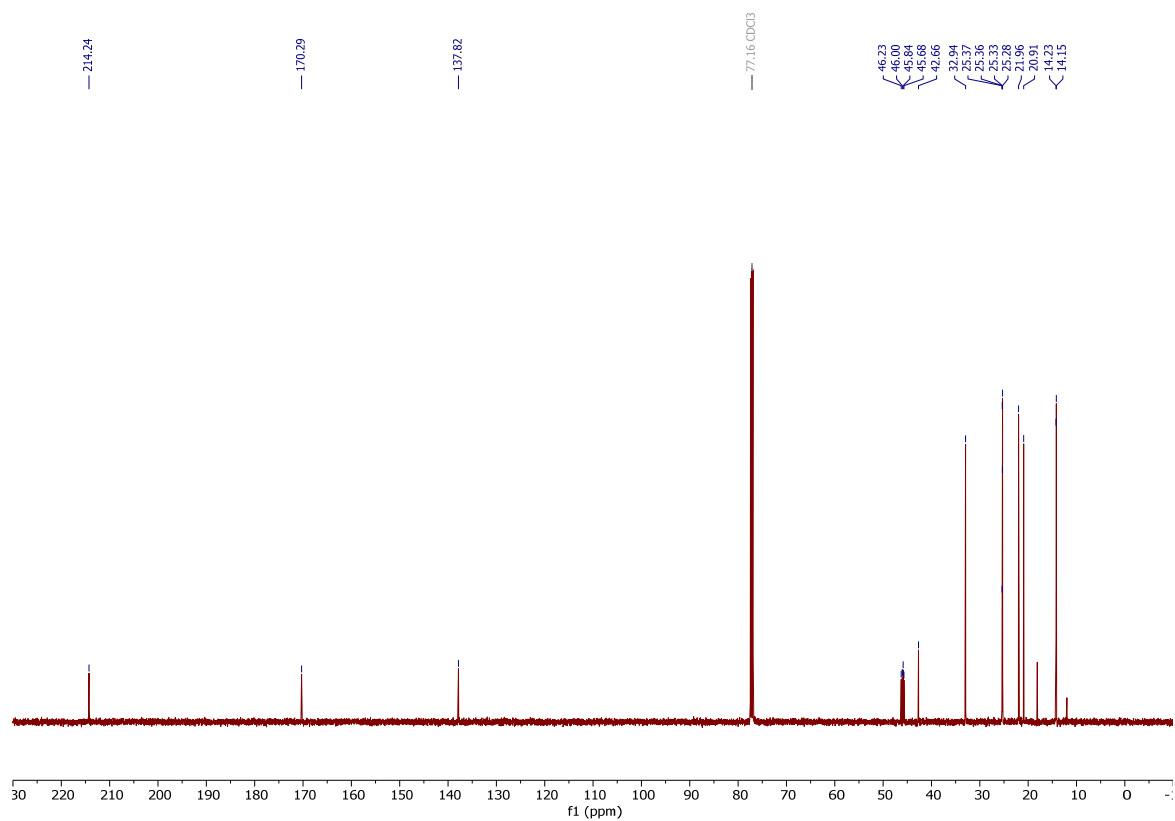
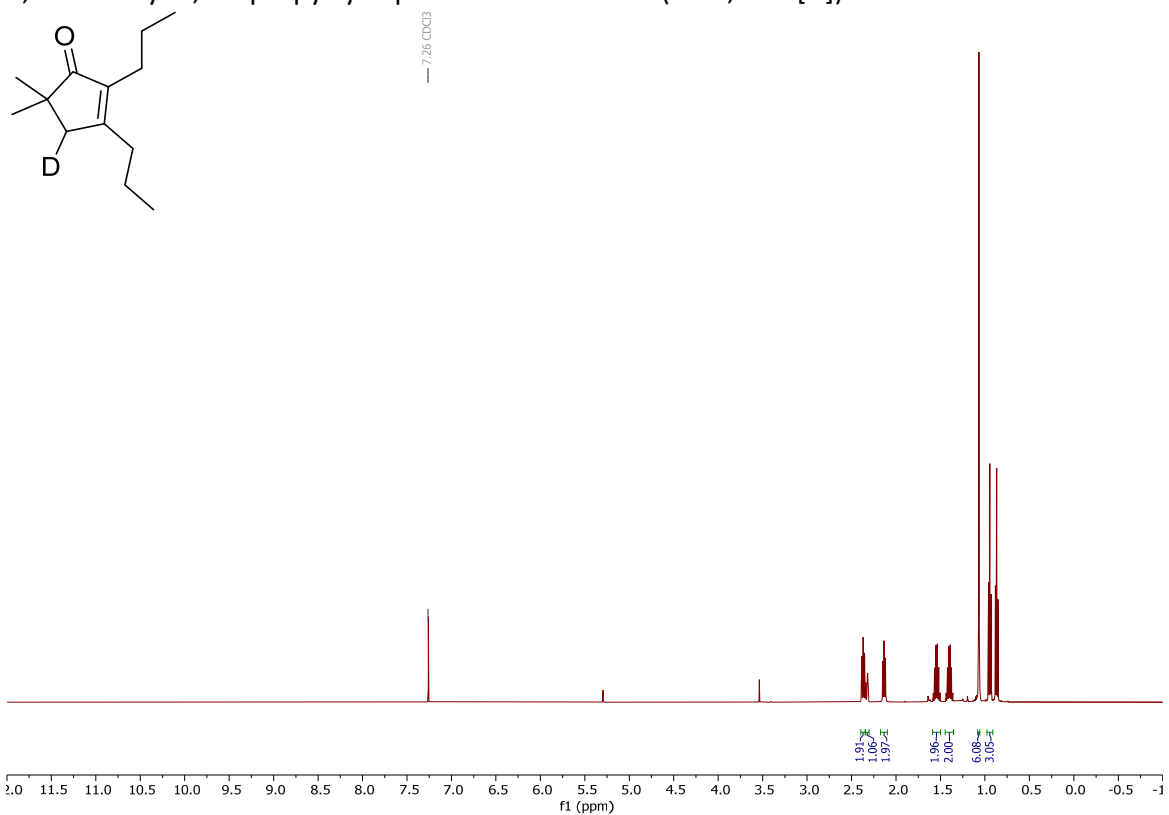
11.1. Carbonylative carbocyclization

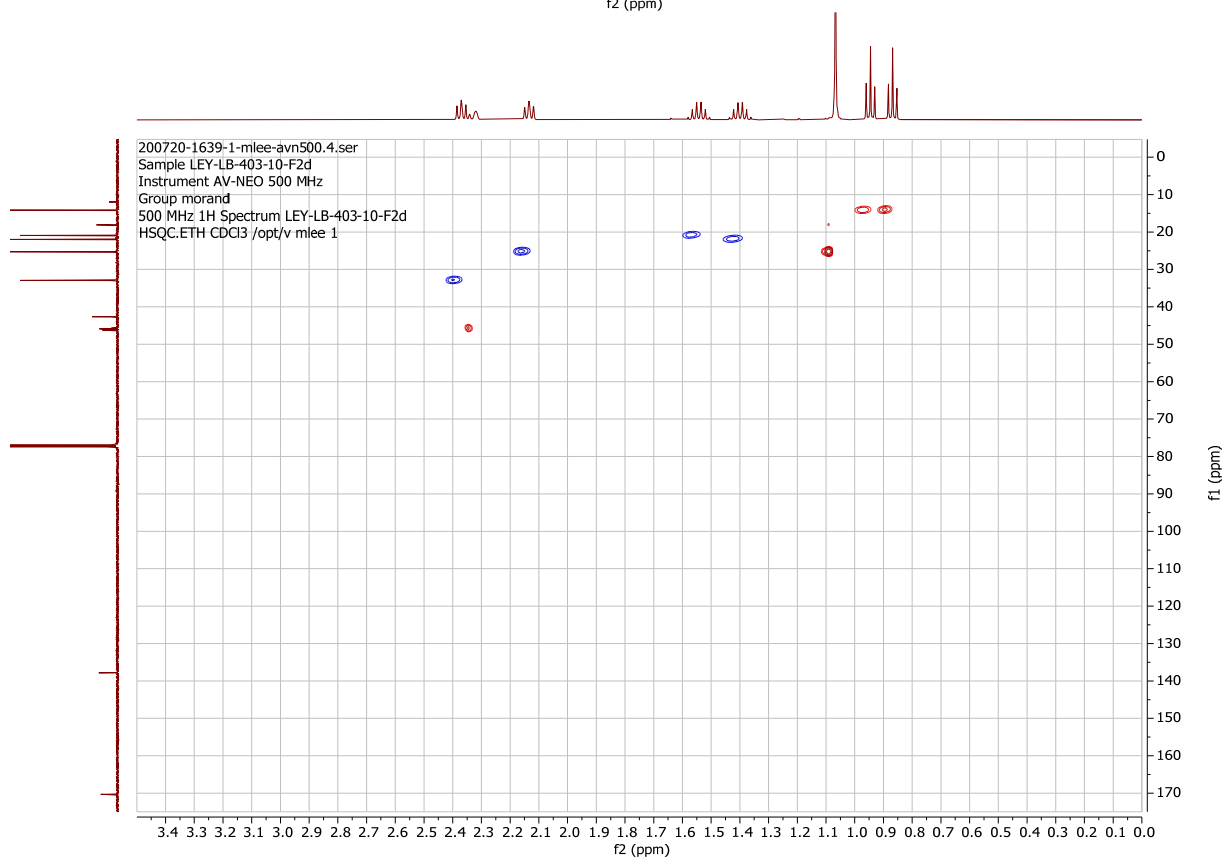
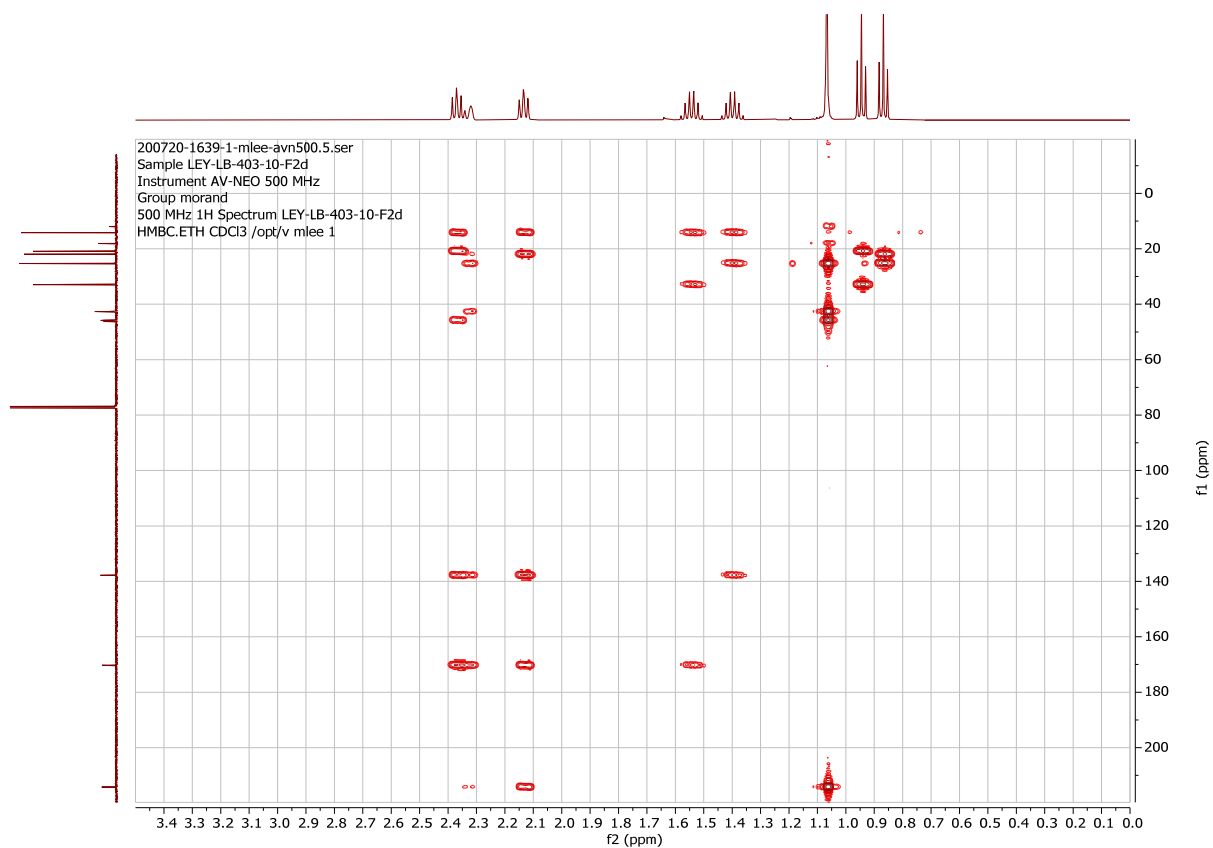
5,5-dimethyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3a**).



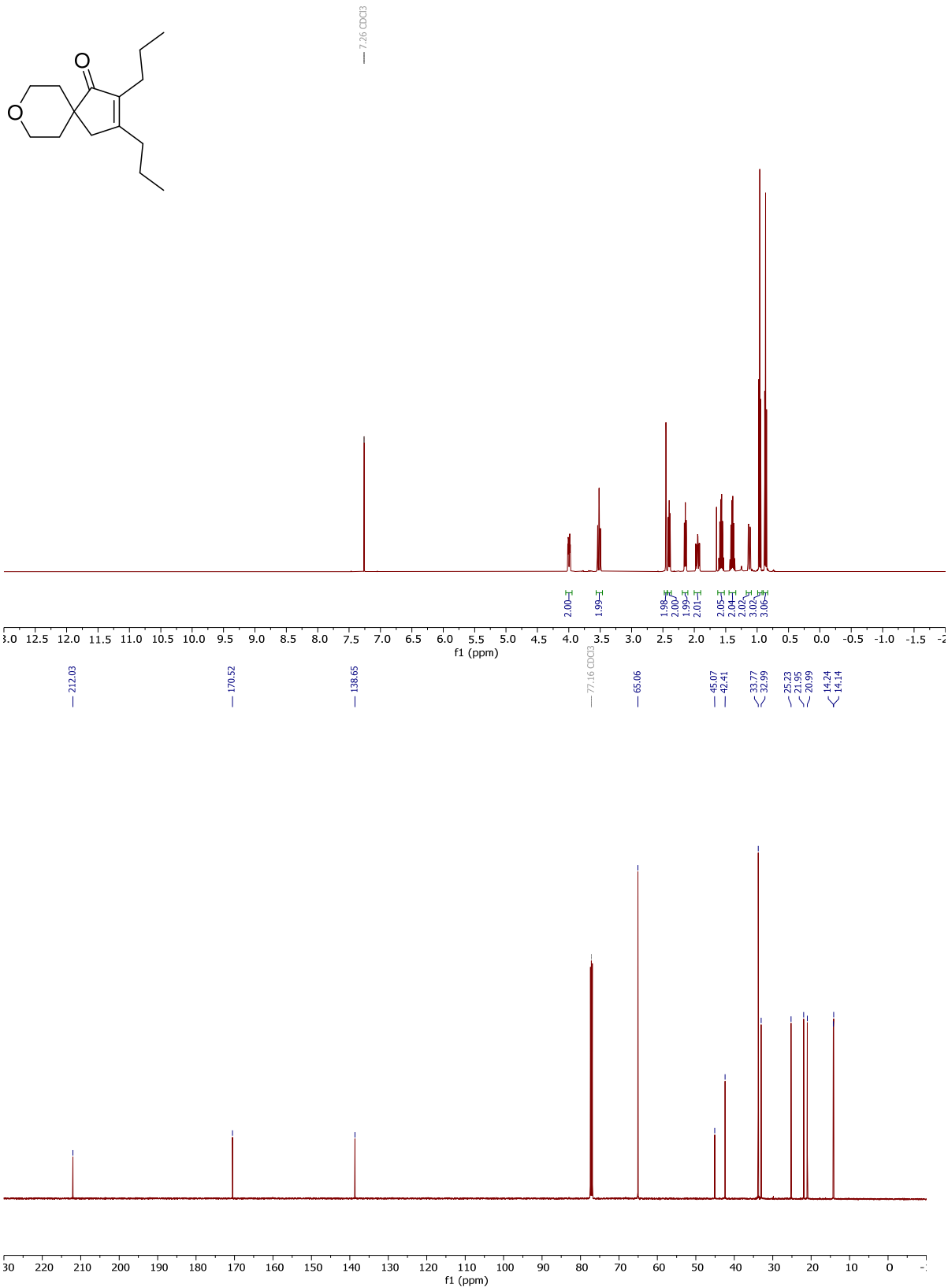


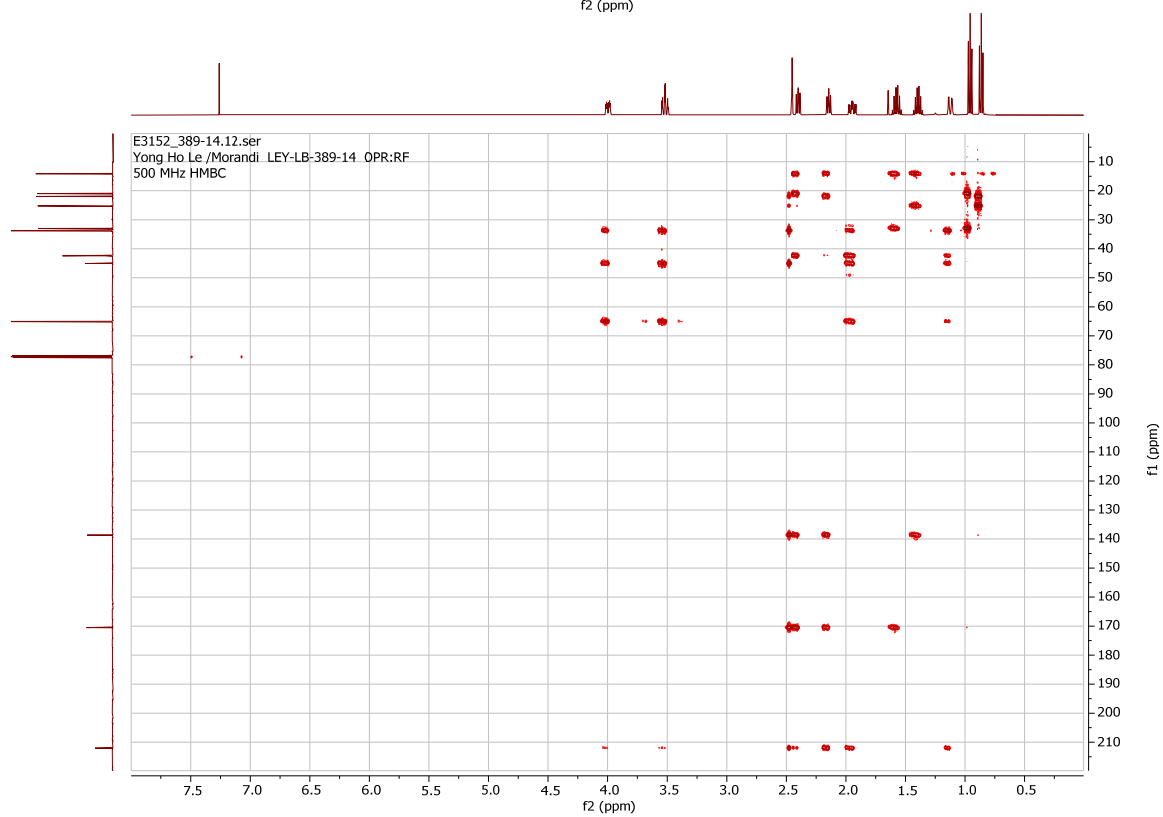
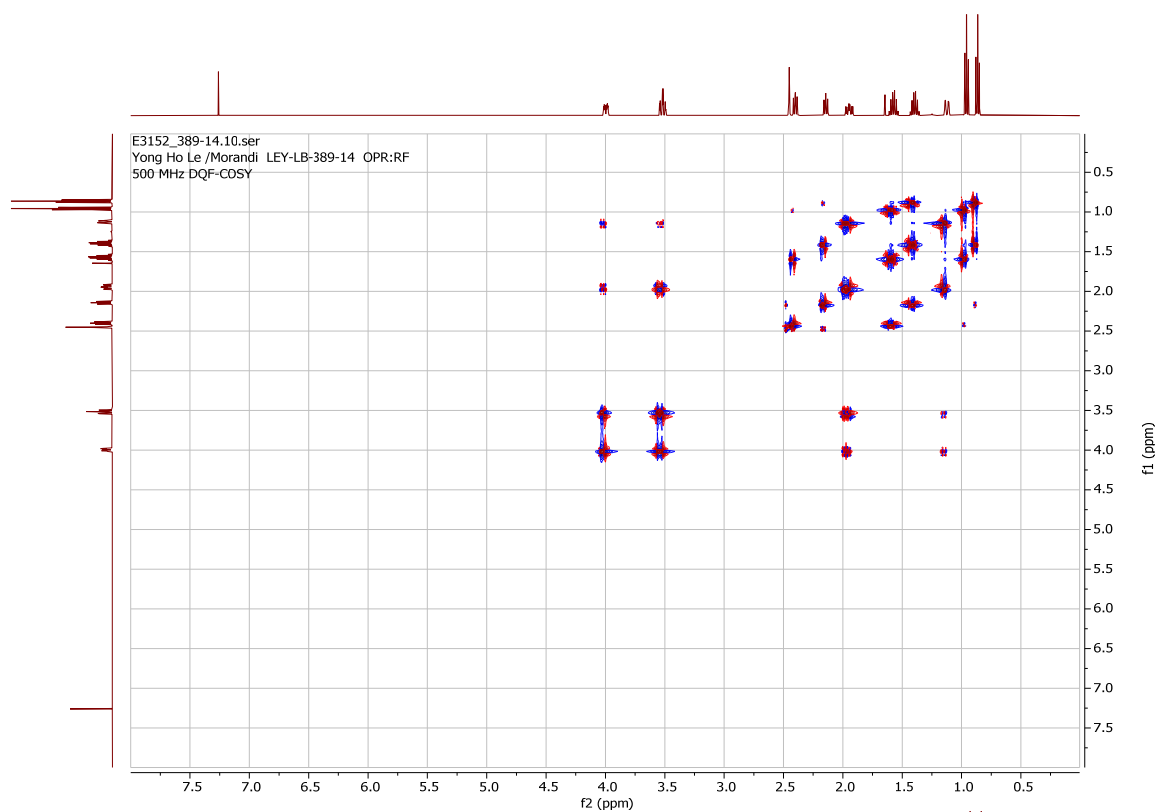
5,5-dimethyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one-4-*d* (**3a-d**, 94%[D]).



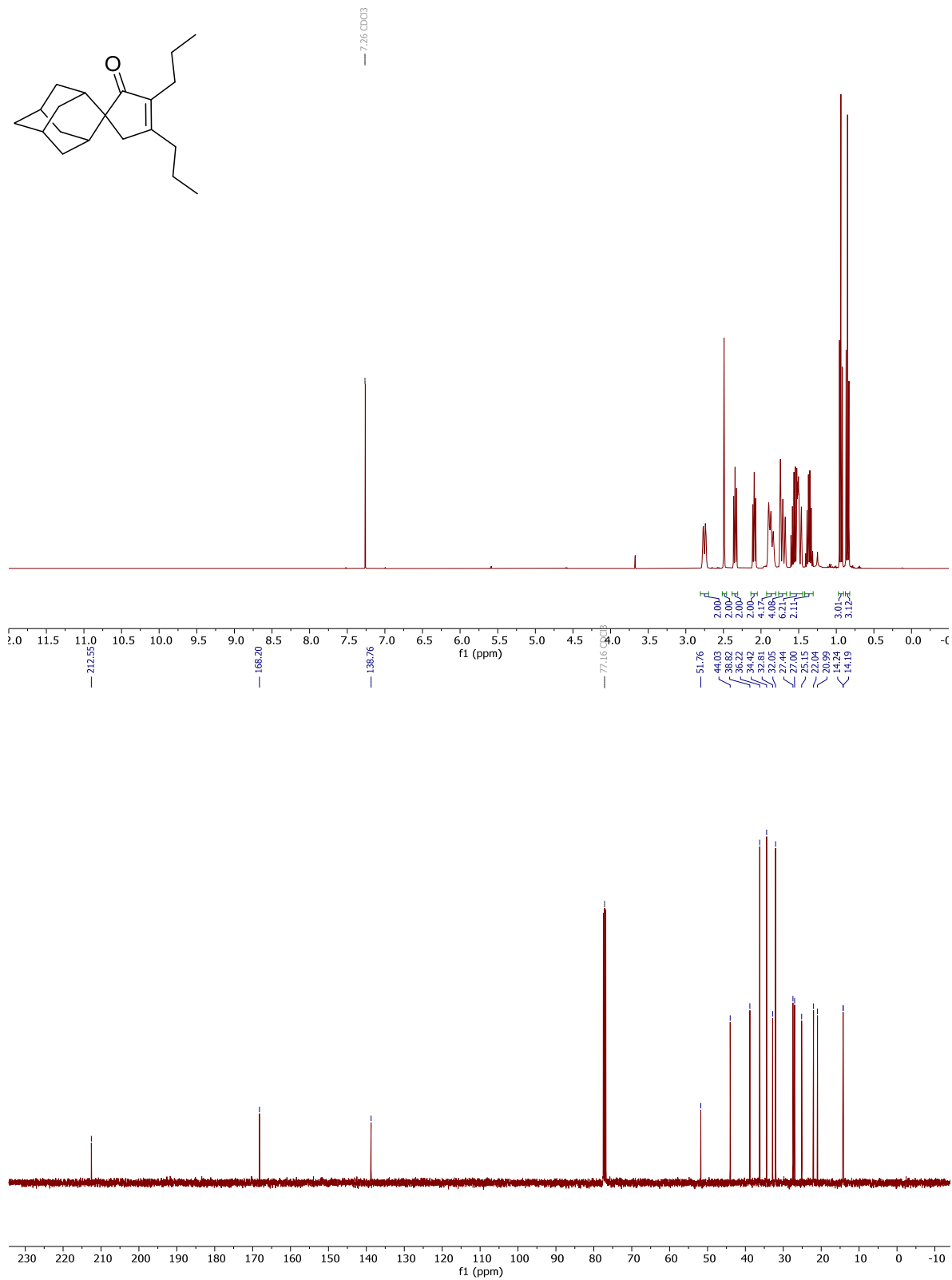


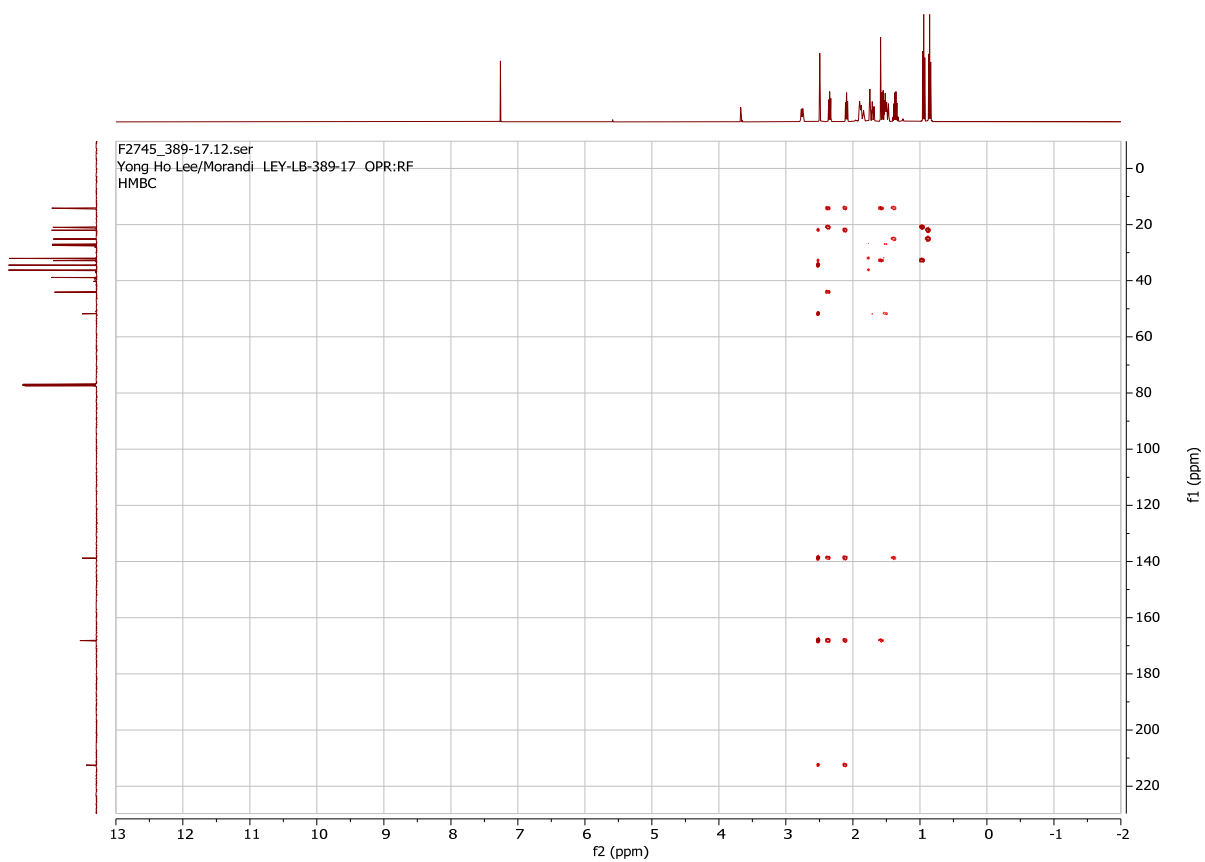
2,3-dipropyl-8-oxaspiro[4.5]dec-2-en-1-one (**3b**).



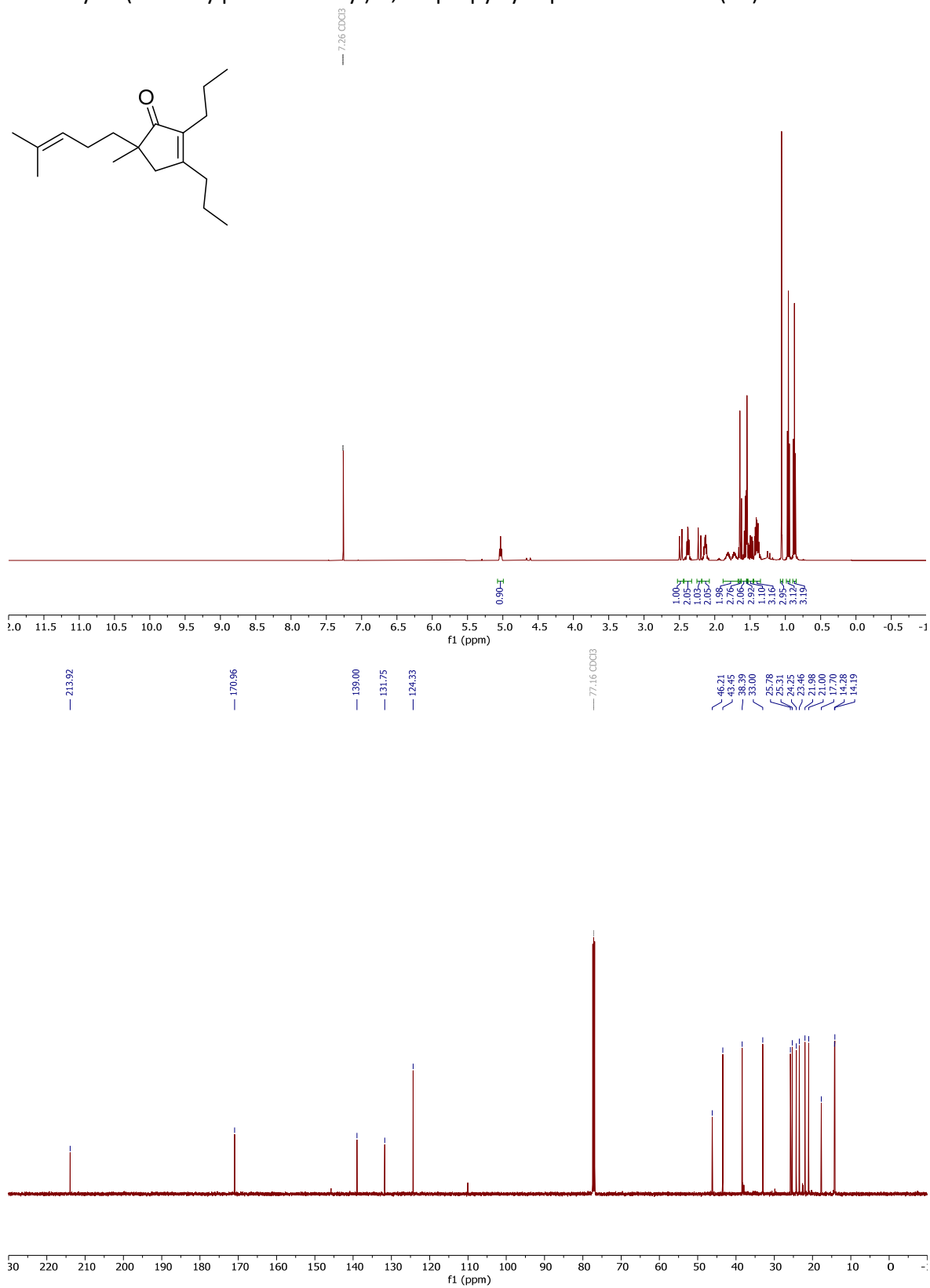


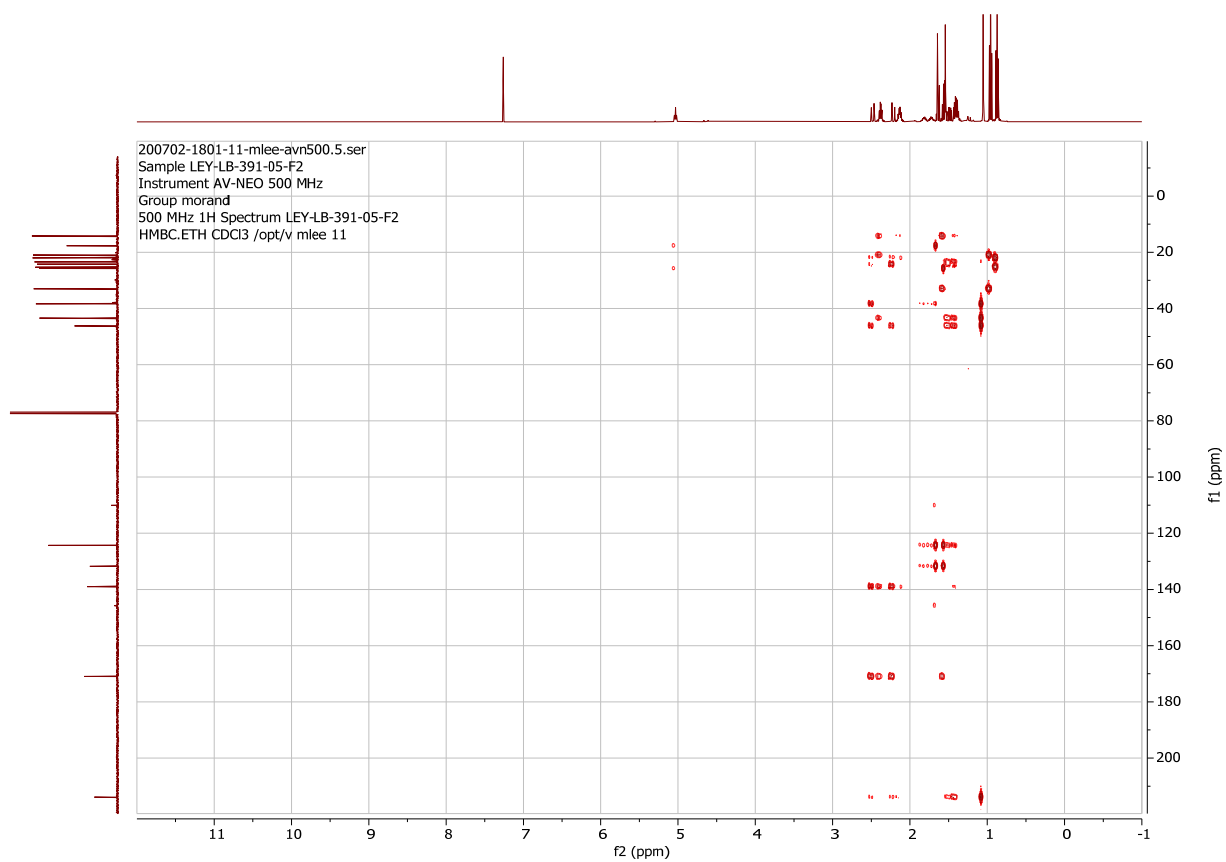
(1r,3r,5r,7r)-3',4'-dipropylspiro[adamantane-2,1'-cyclopentan]-3'-en-2'-one (**3c**).



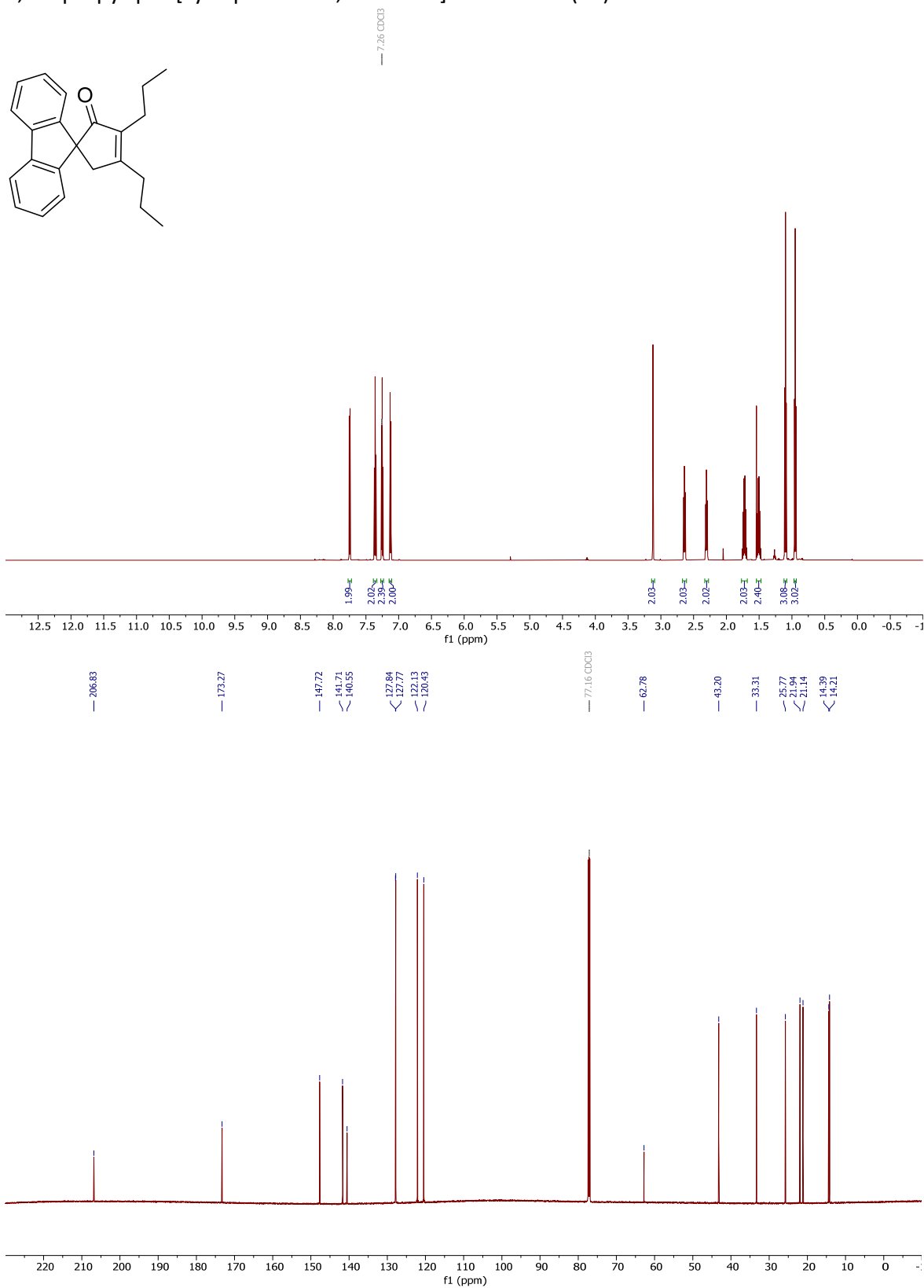


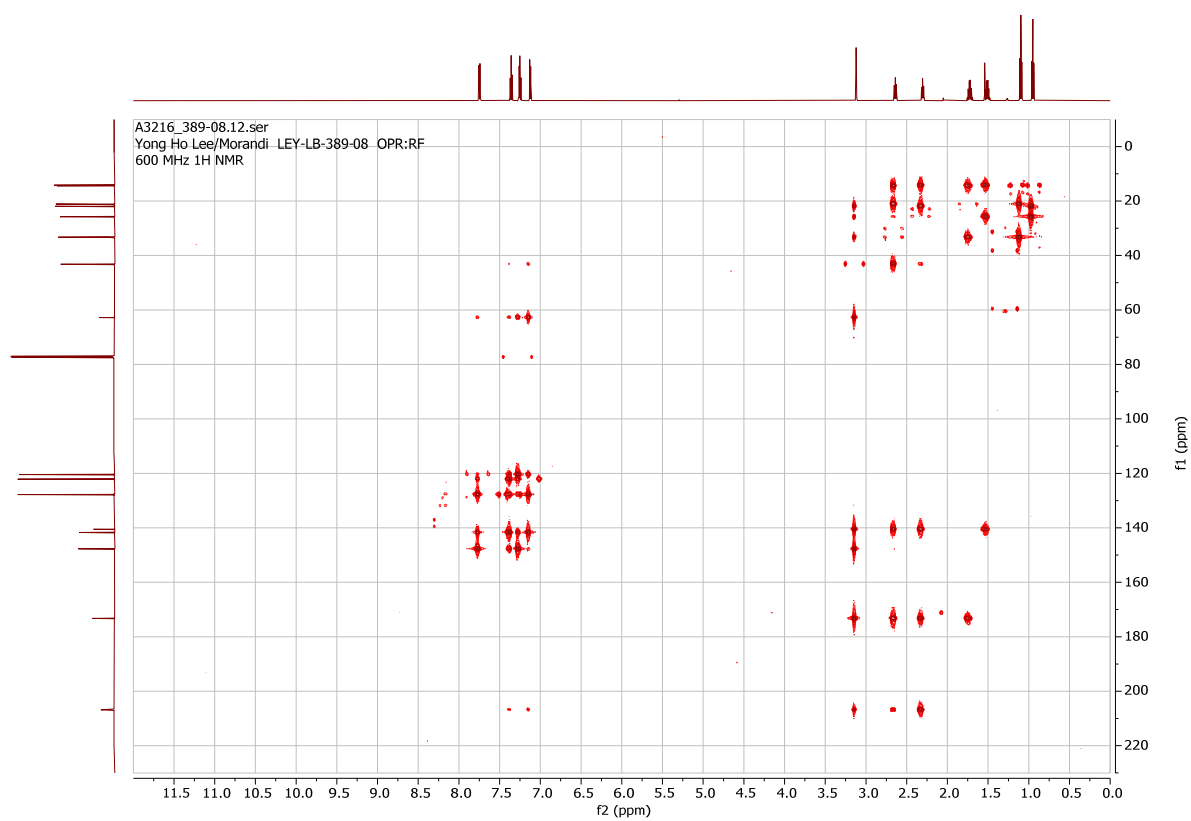
5-methyl-5-(4-methylpent-3-en-1-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3d**).



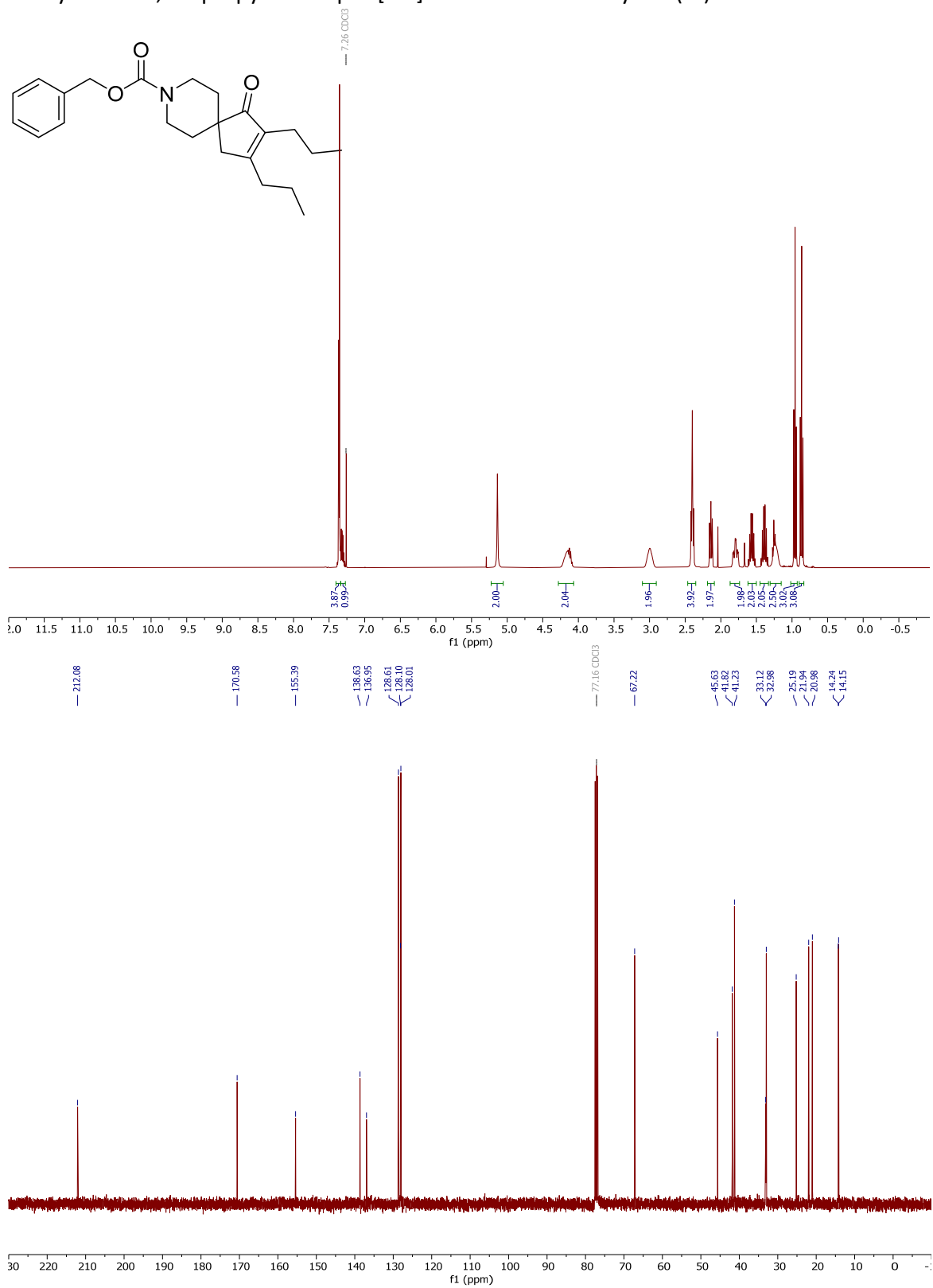


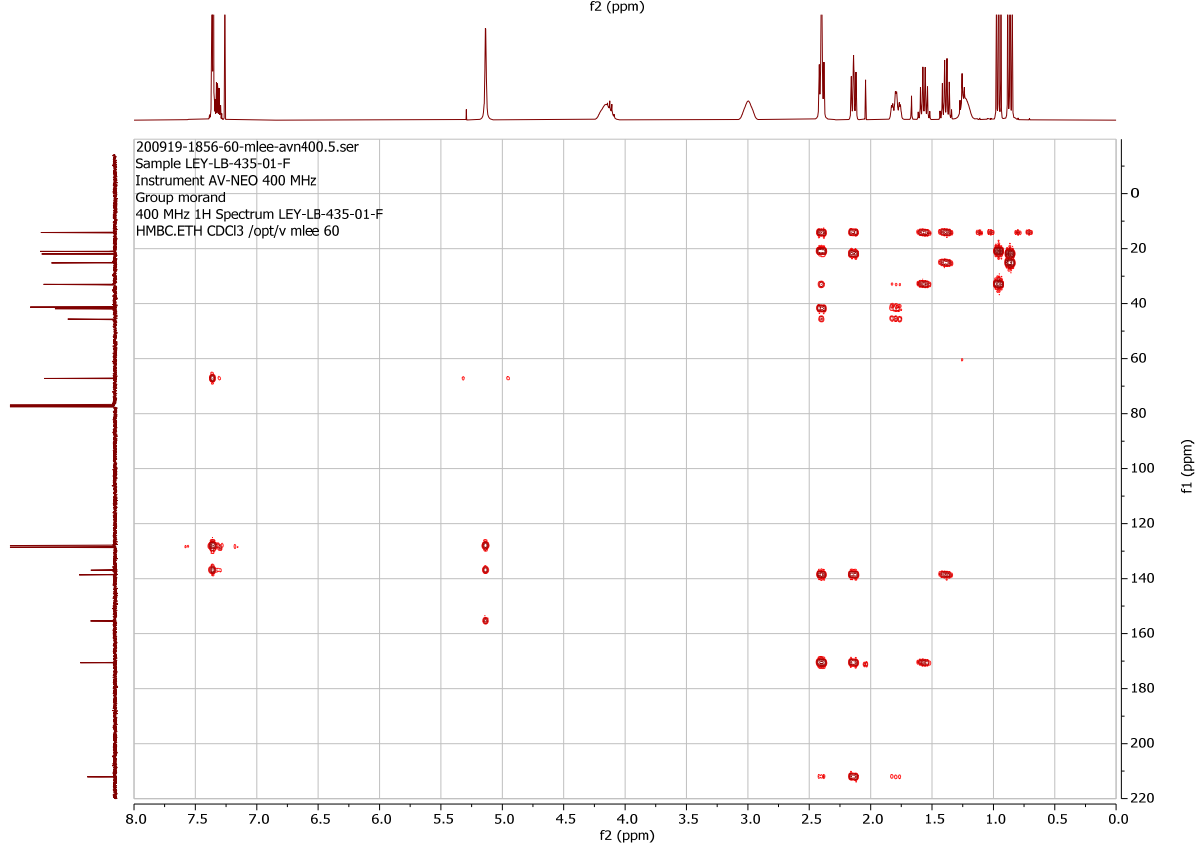
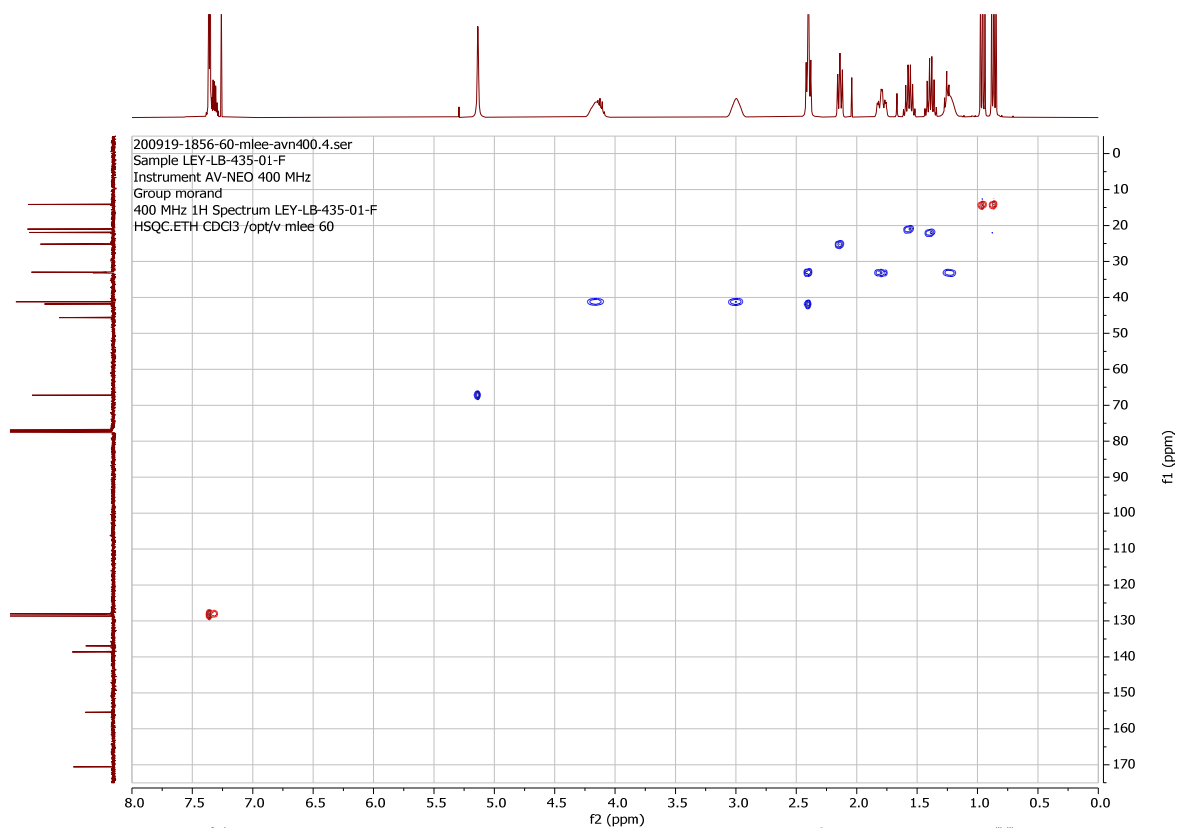
3,4-dipropylspiro[cyclopentane-1,9'-fluoren]-3-en-2-one (**3e**).

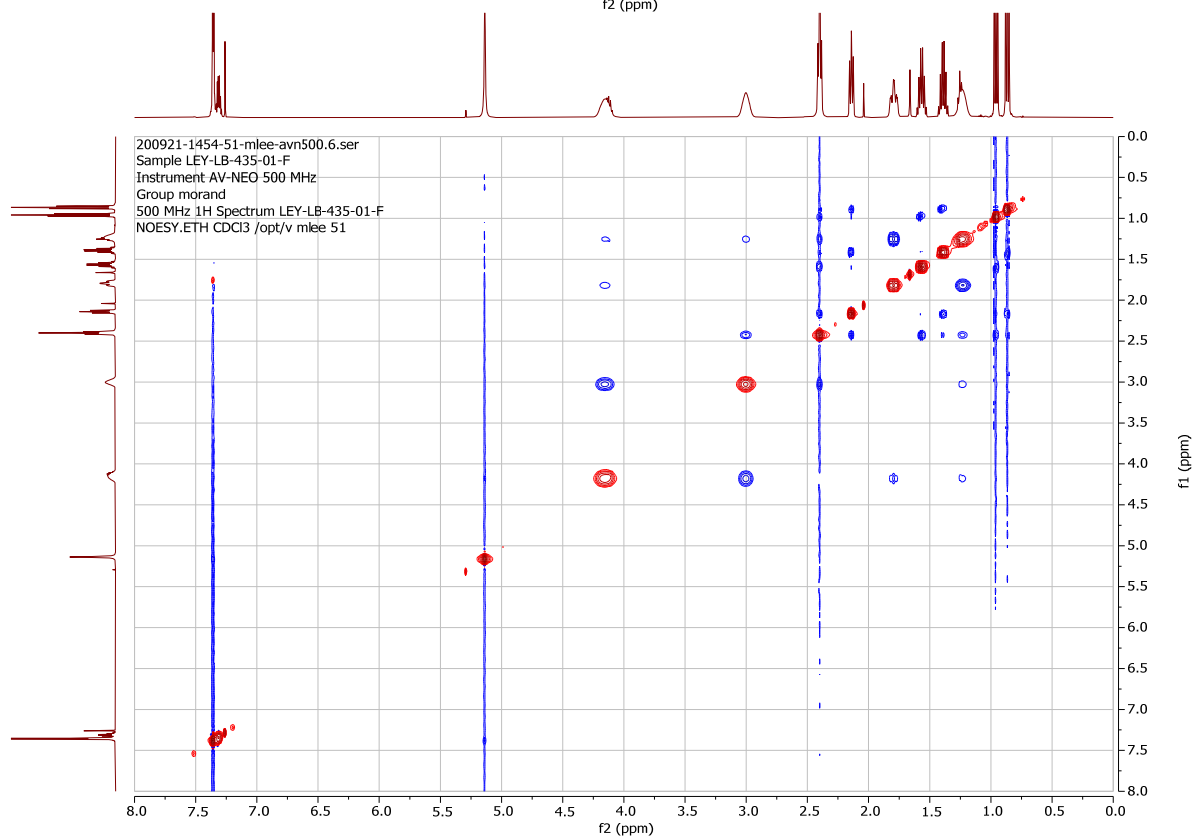
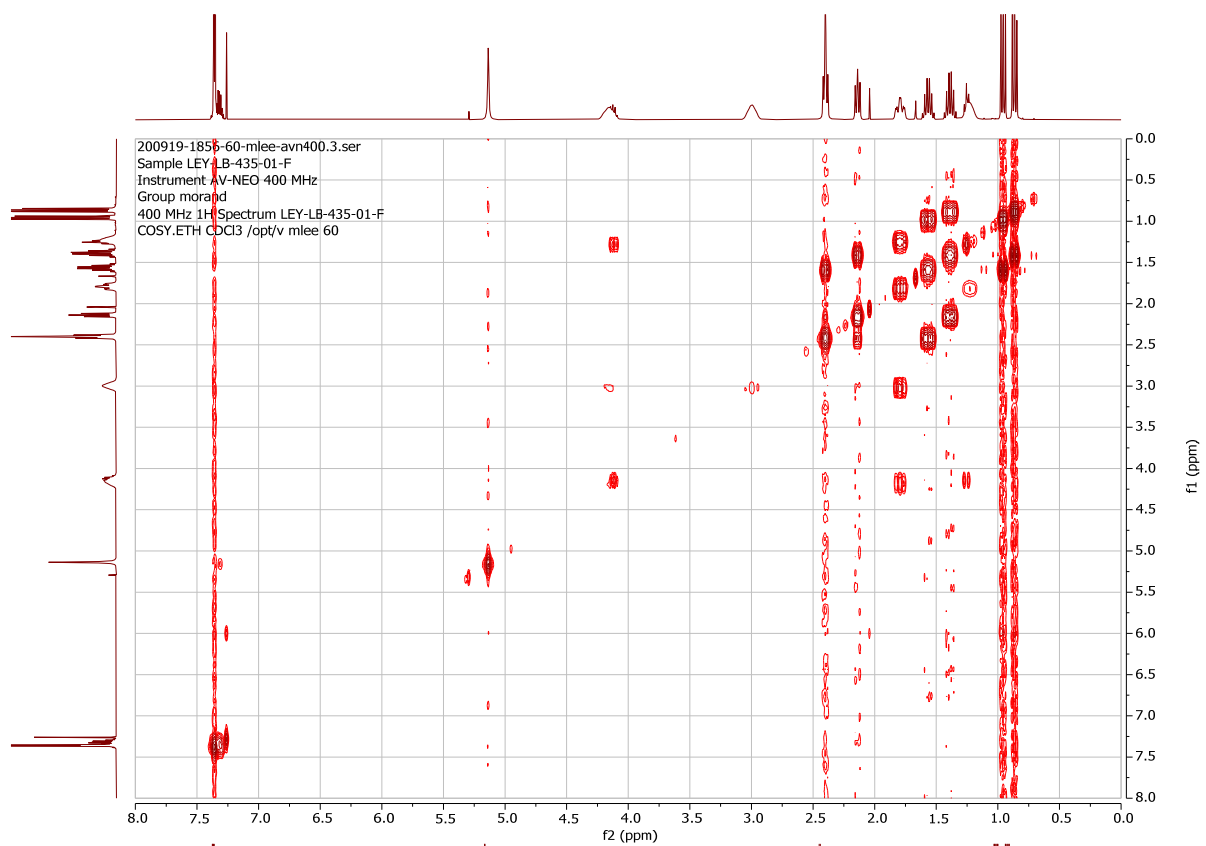




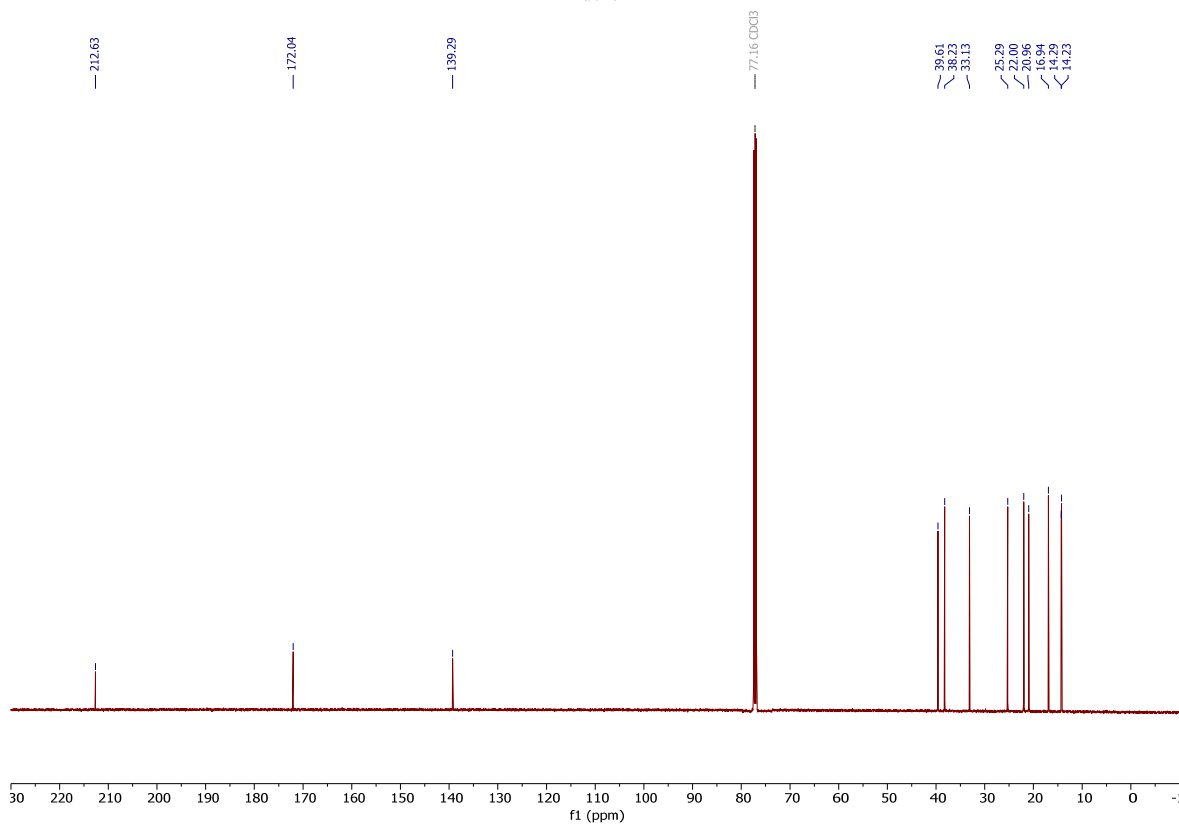
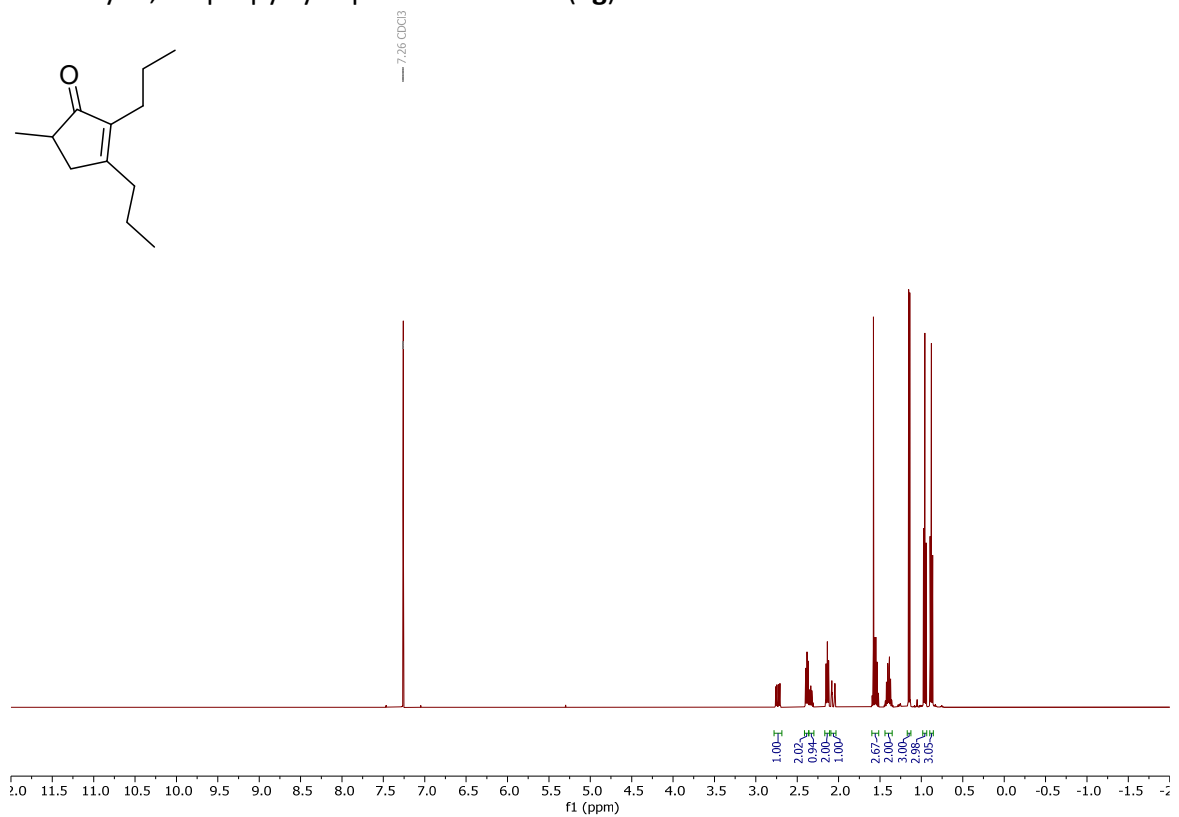
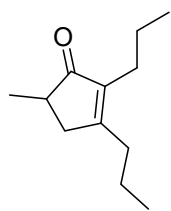
benzyl 1-oxo-2,3-dipropyl-8-azaspiro[4.5]dec-2-ene-8-carboxylate (**3f**).

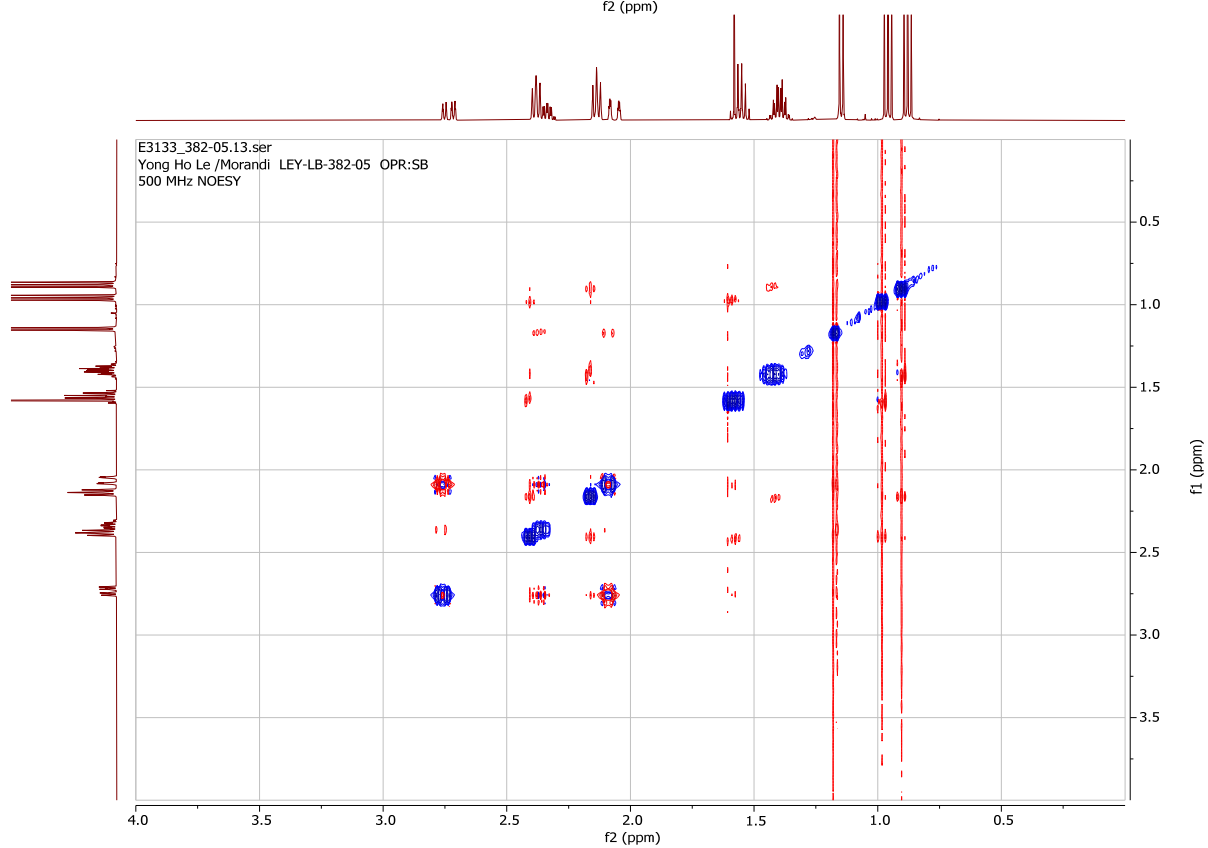
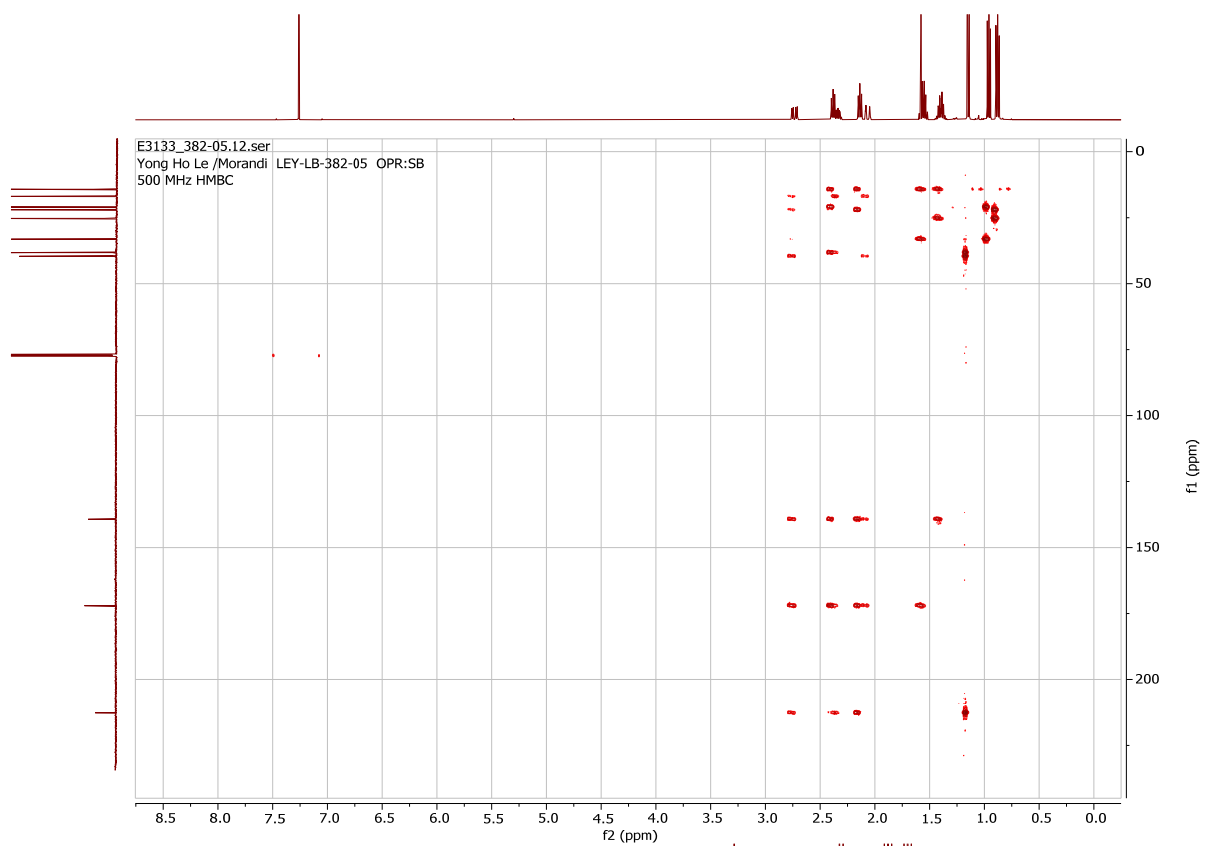


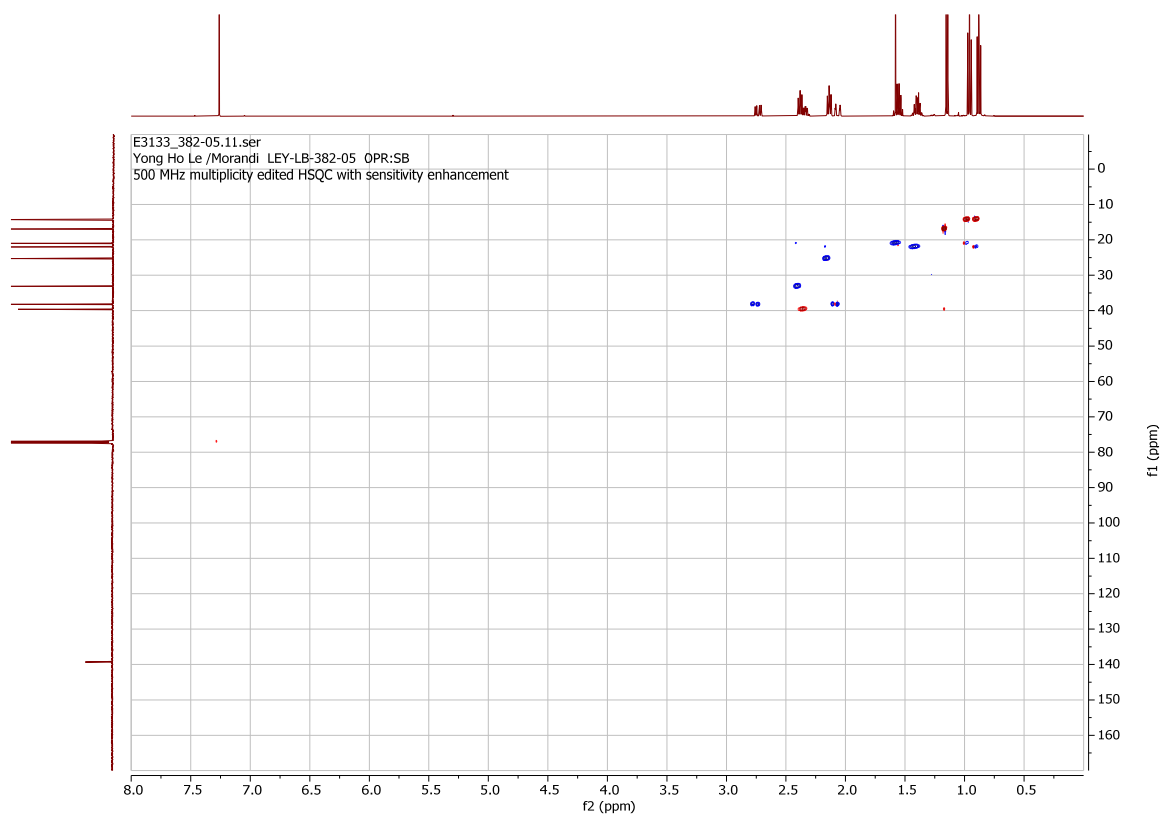
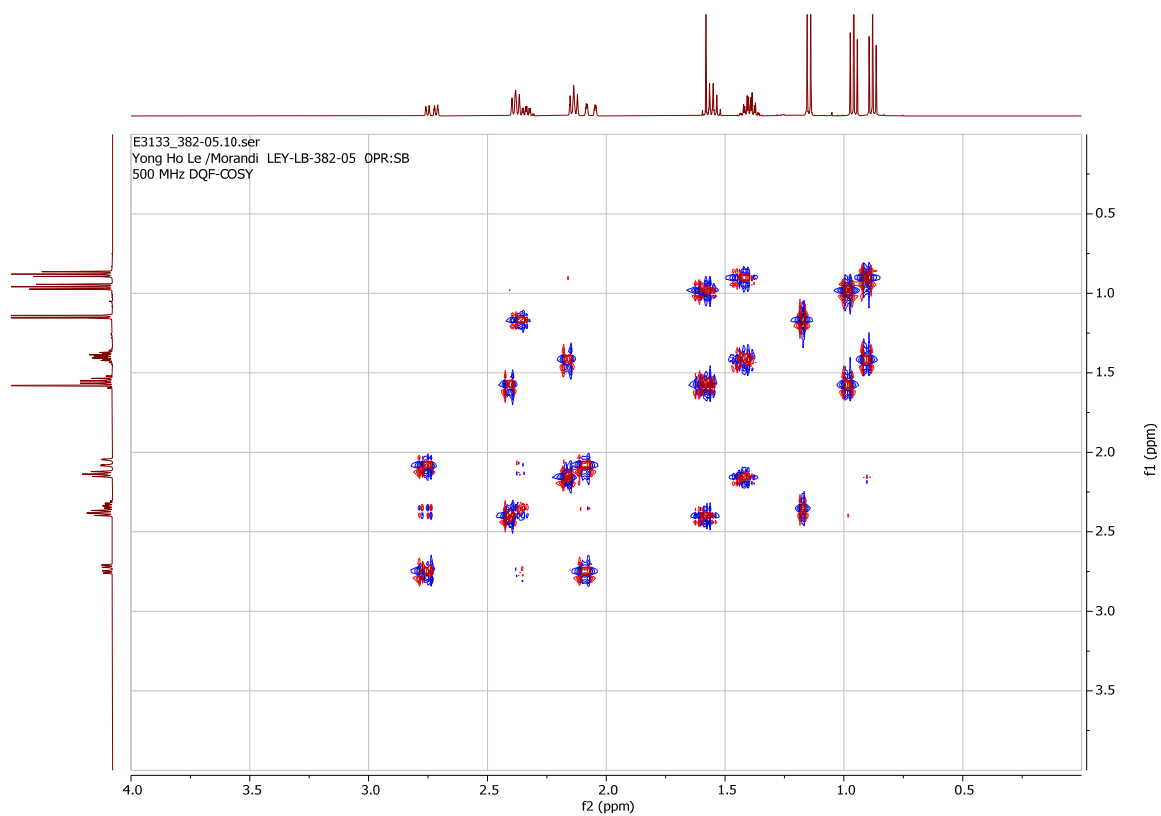




5-methyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3g**).

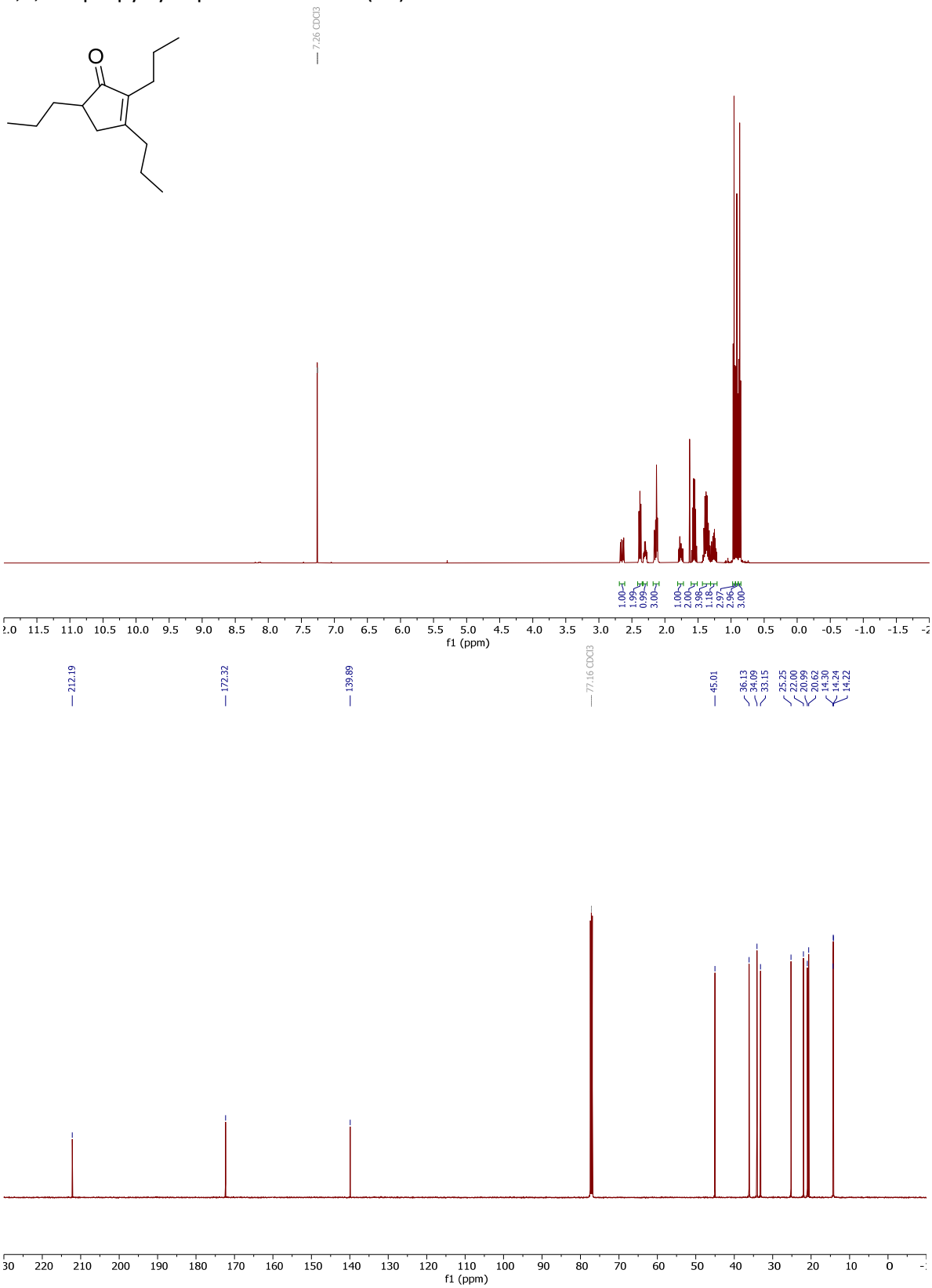


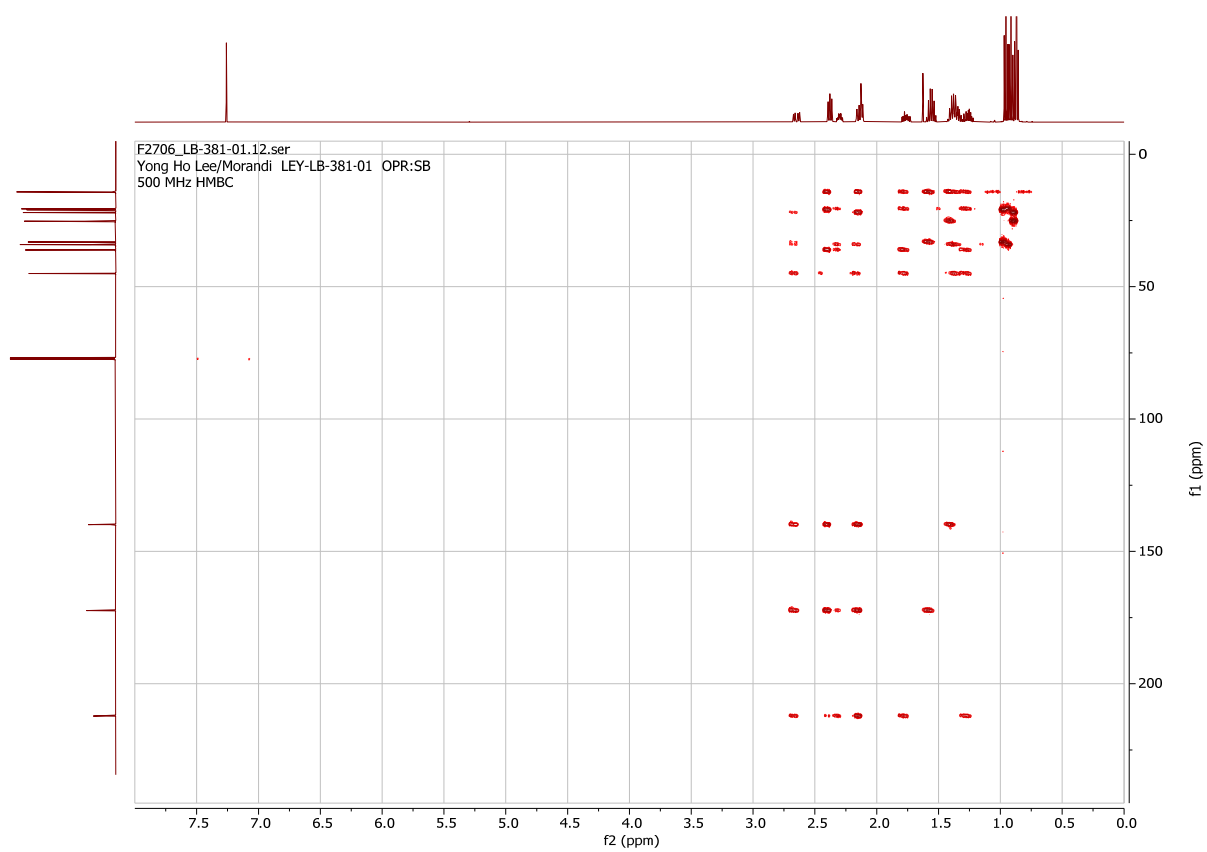




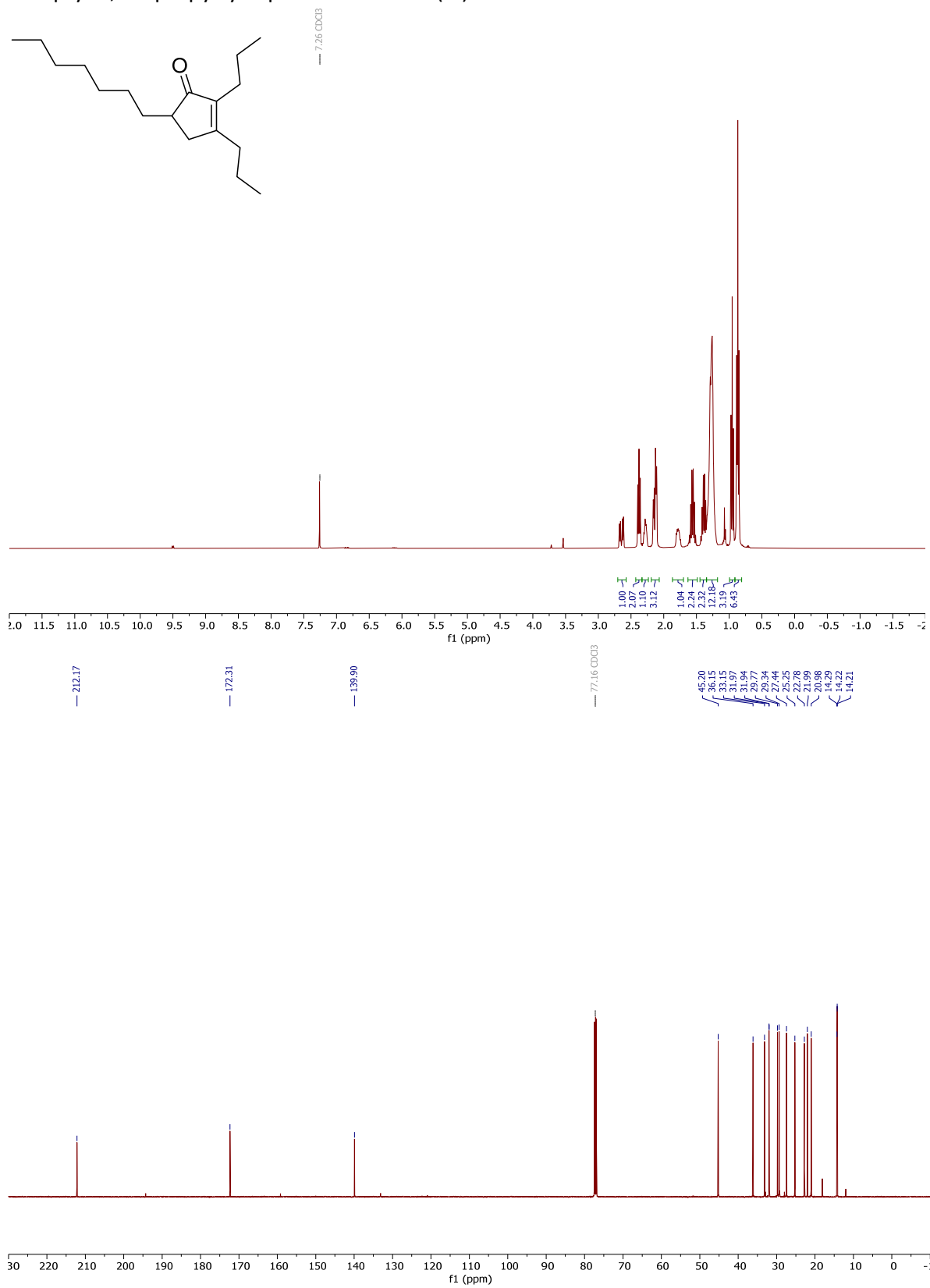
S133

2,3,5-tripropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3h**).



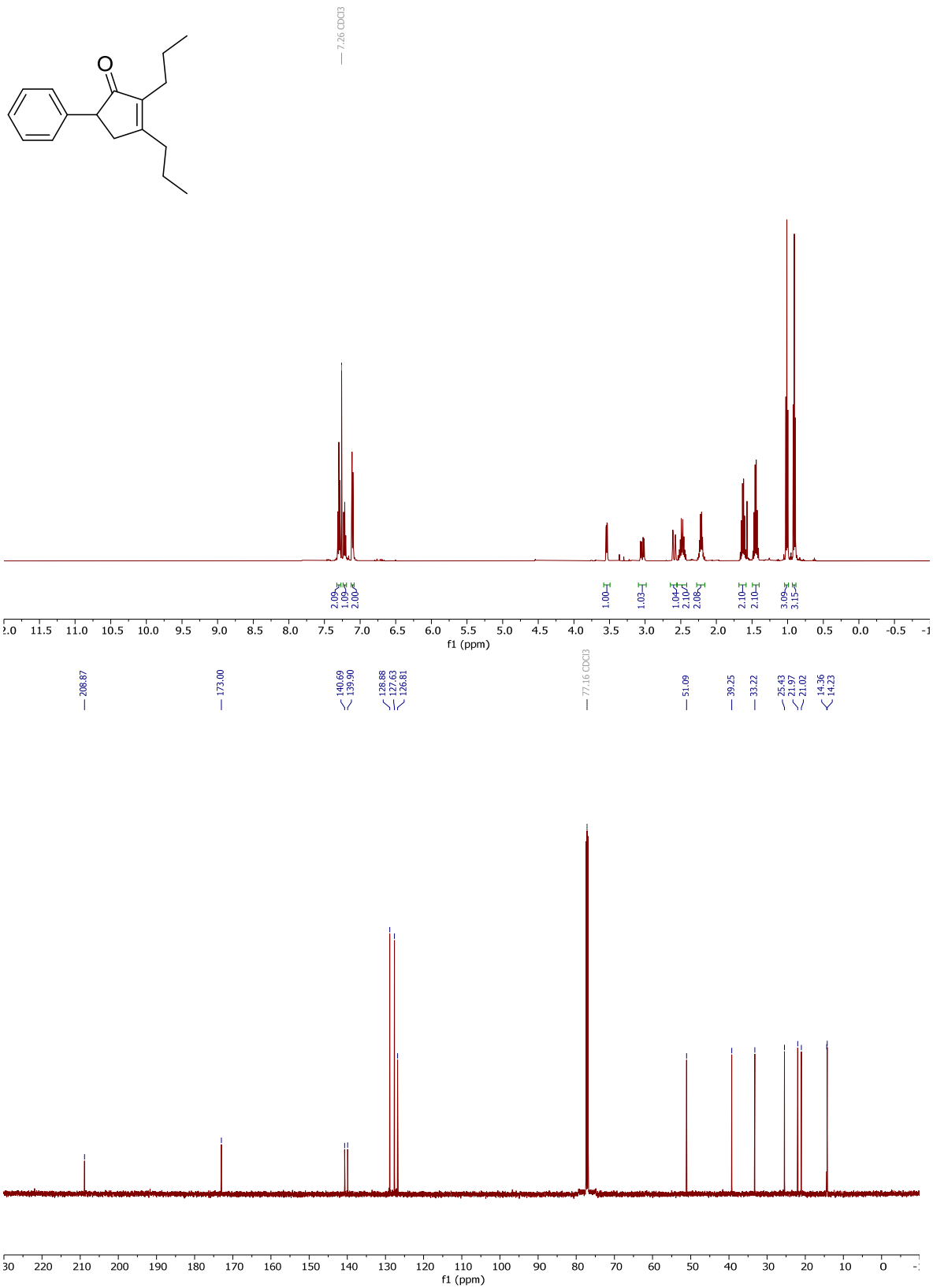


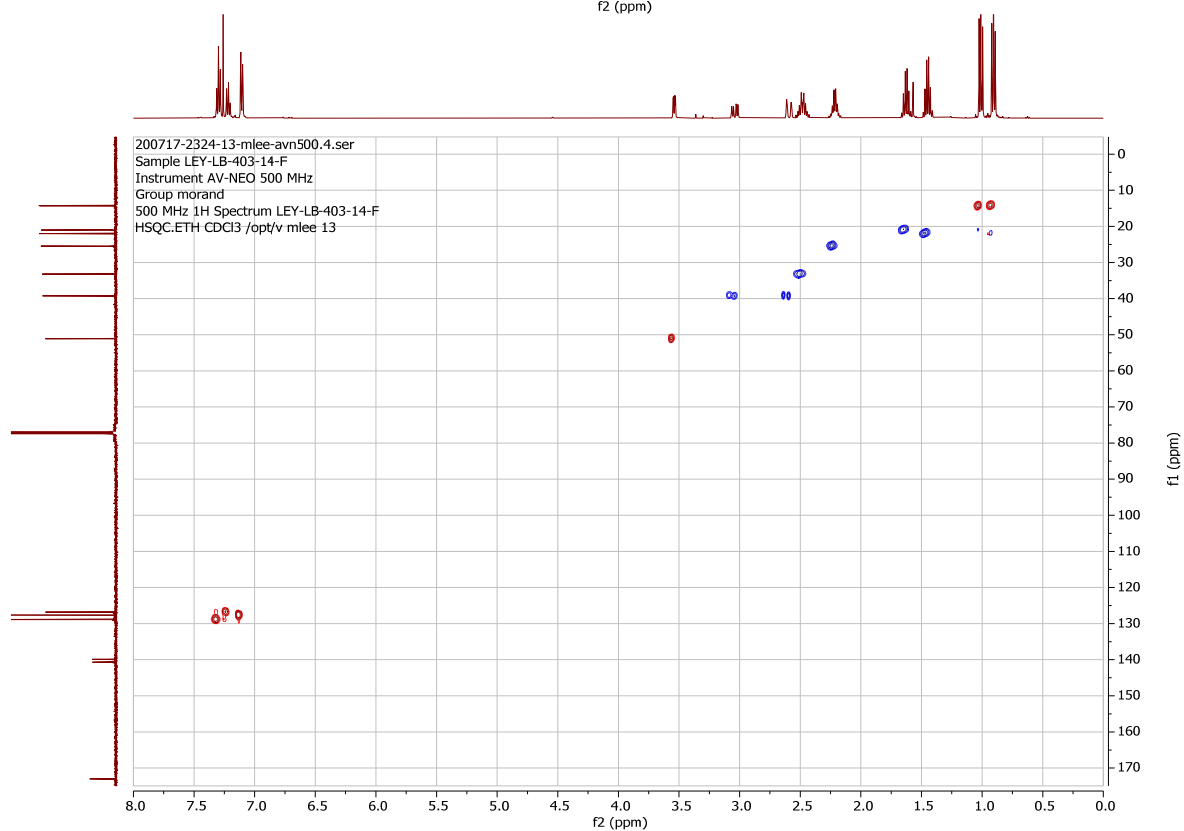
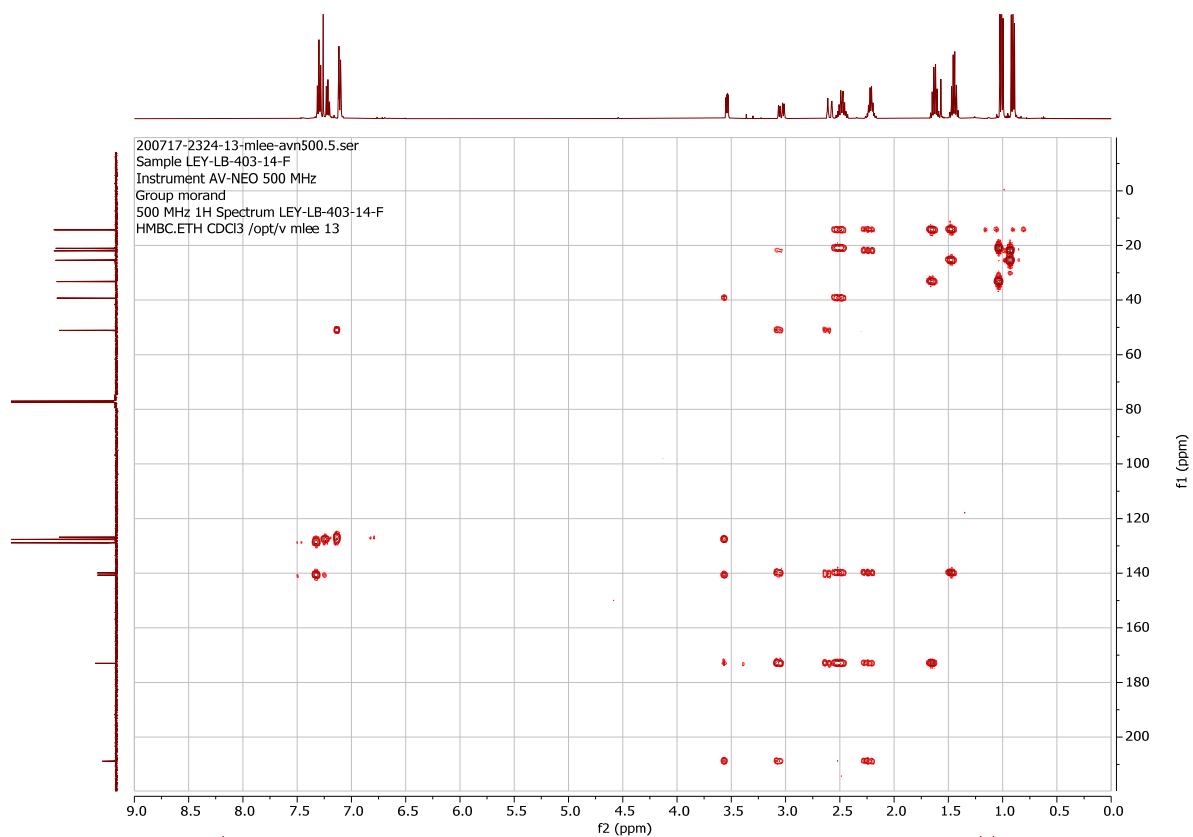
5-heptyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3i**).



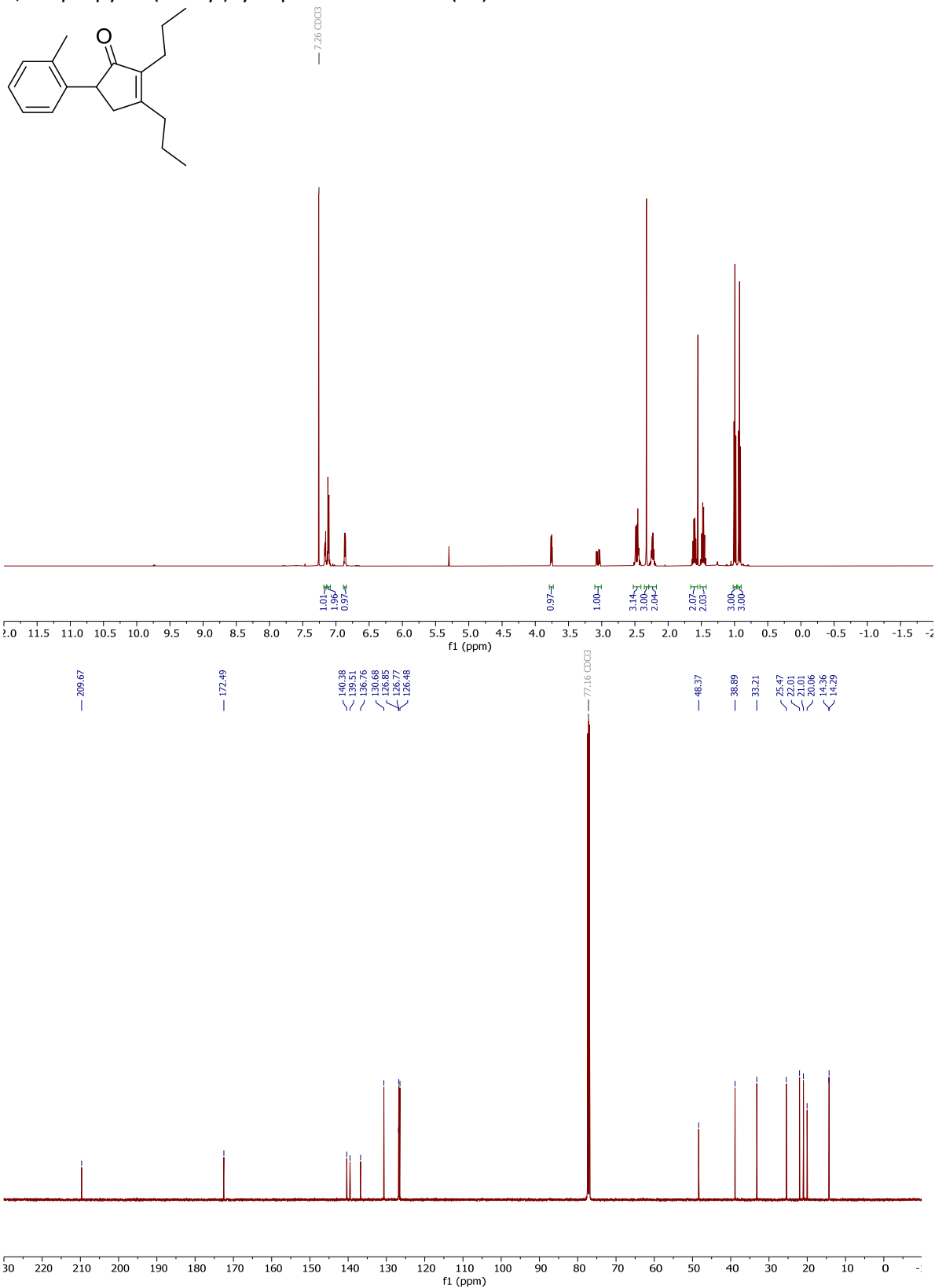


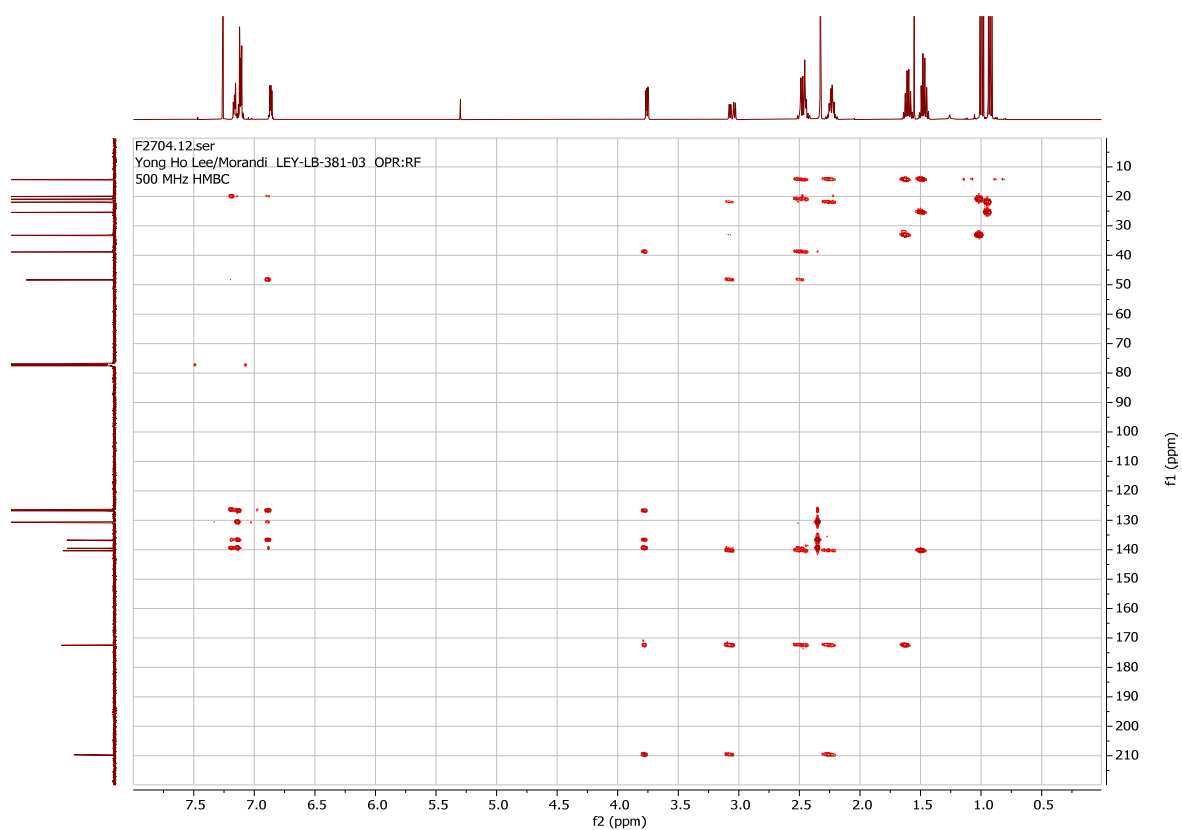
5-phenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3j**).





2,3-dipropyl-5-(*o*-tolyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3k**).



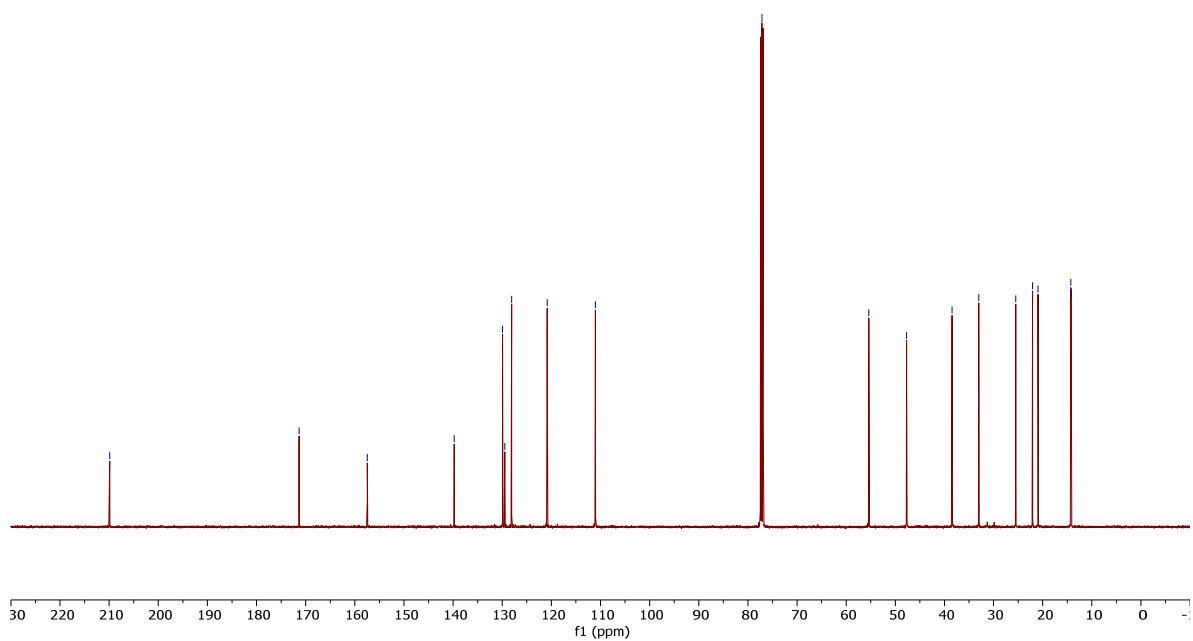


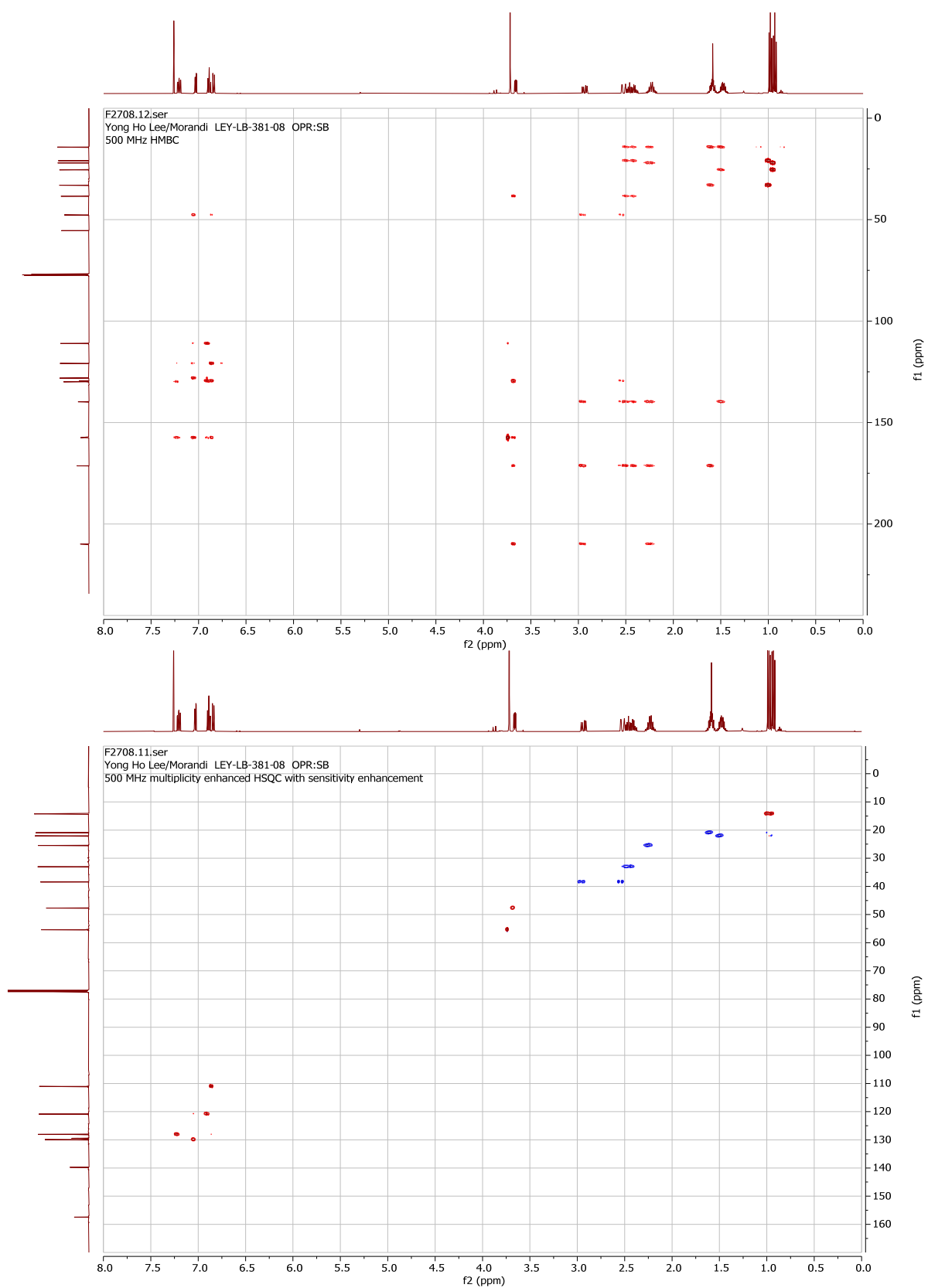
CCCC1=C(CC)C(=O)C1c2ccccc2OC

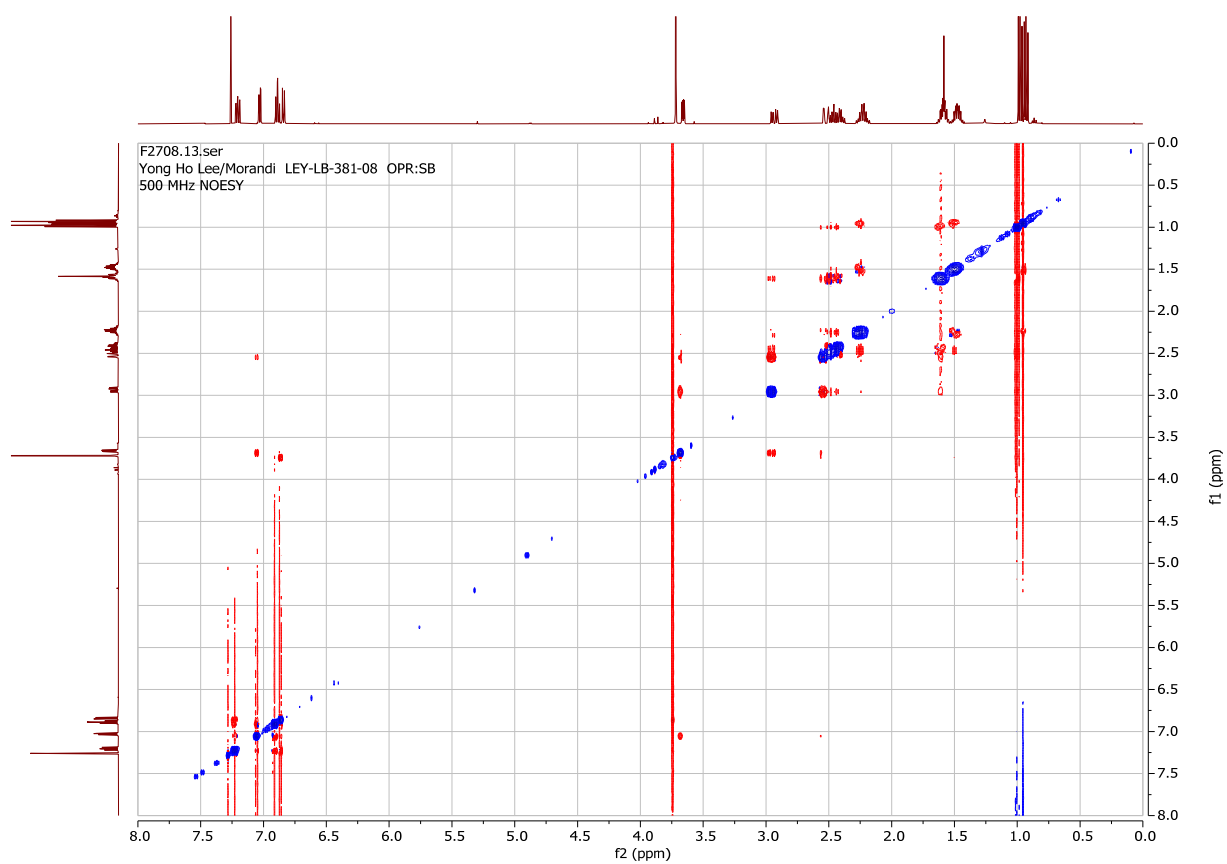
Chemical structure: CCCC1=C(CC)C(=O)C1c2ccccc2OC

¹H NMR spectrum (CDCl₃) data:

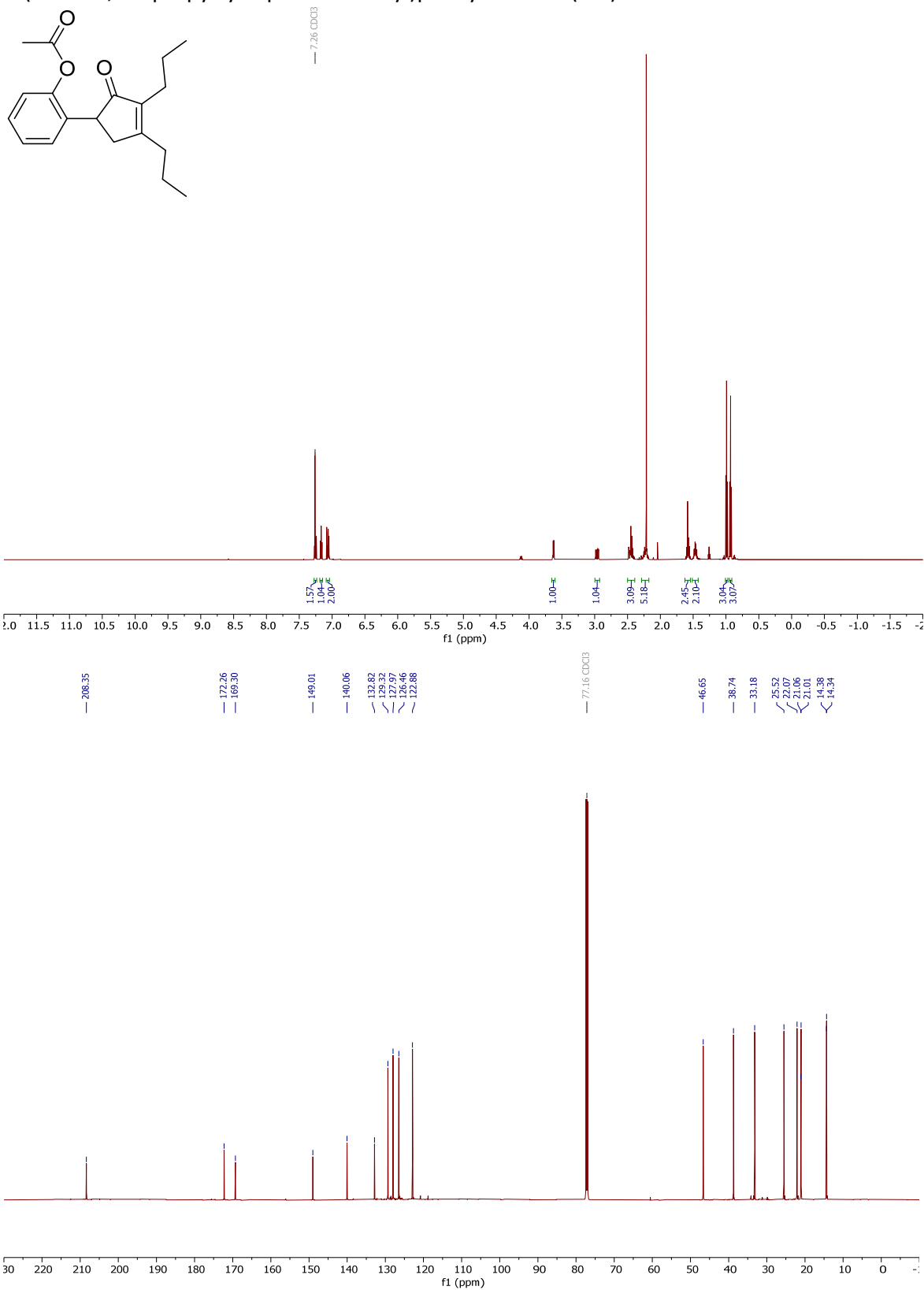
Chemical Shift (ppm)	Integration
7.26	7.26 CDCl ₃
7.34	1.04
7.28	1.02
7.18	1.09
7.12	1.02
3.80	3.04
3.76	1.00
3.00	1.03
2.50	1.11
2.40	2.00
2.30	2.10
1.60	2.83
1.56	2.16
0.90	3.03
0.86	3.06

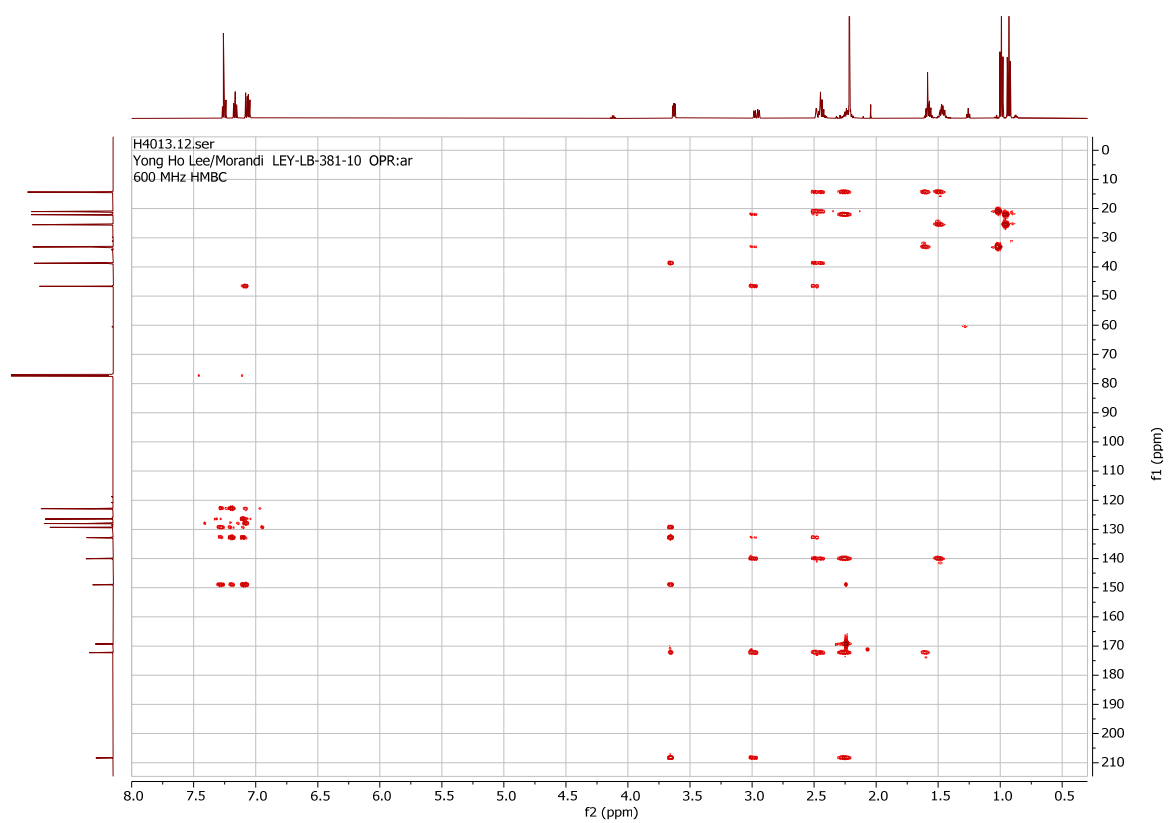




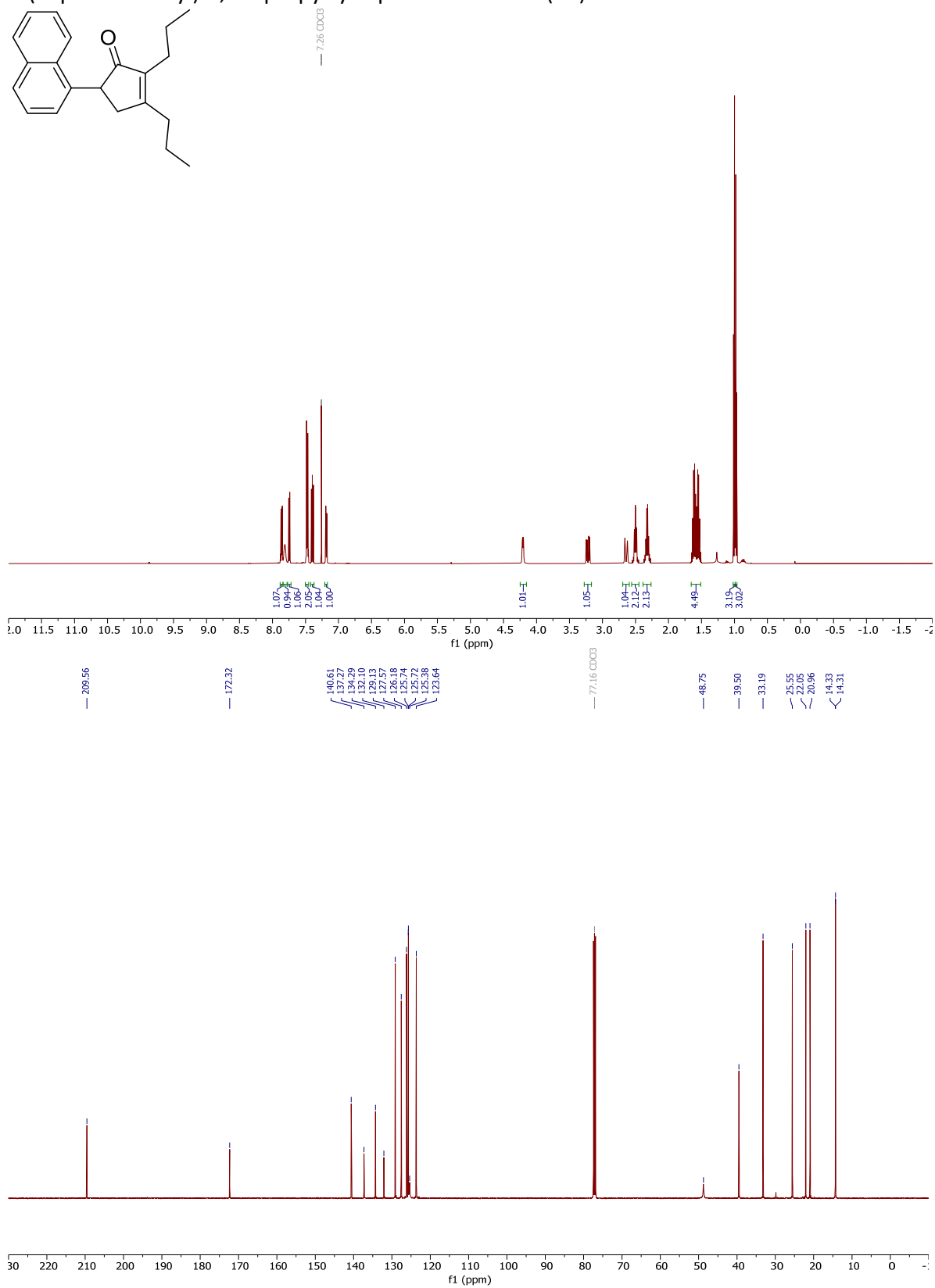


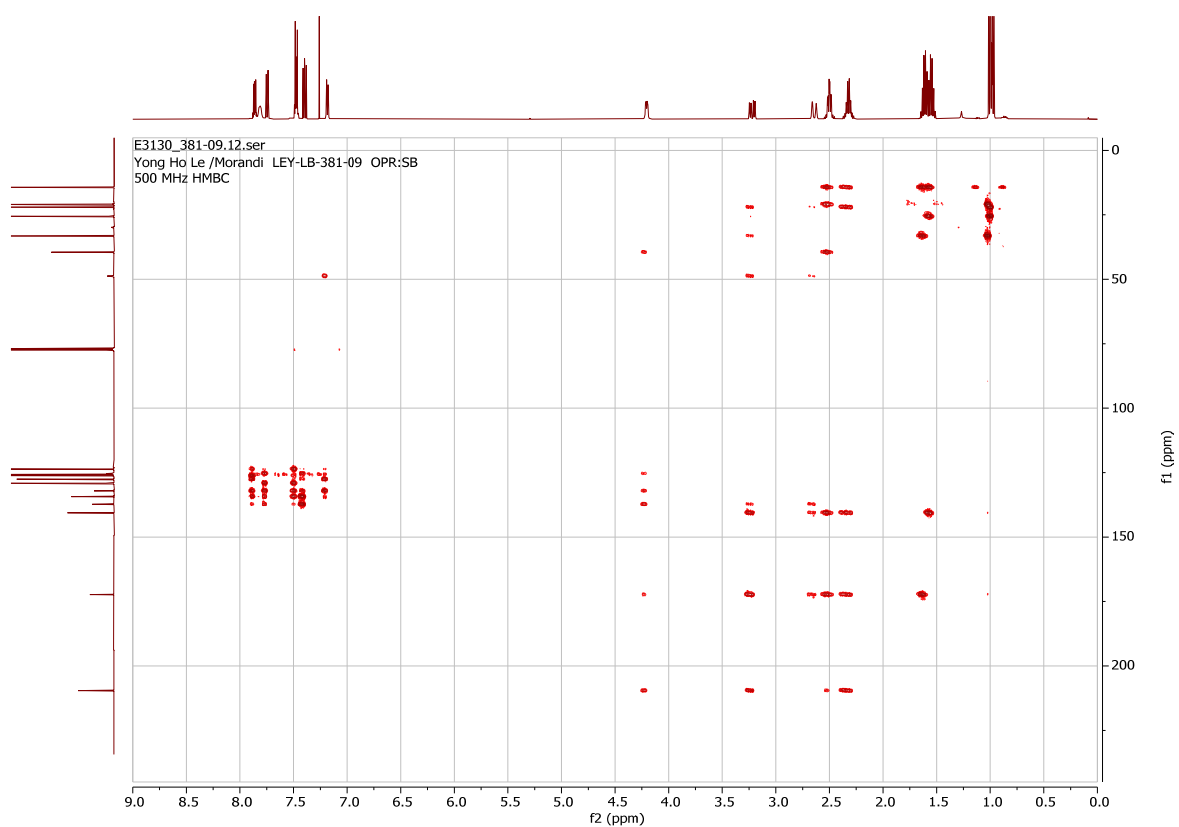
2-(2-oxo-3,4-dipropylcyclopent-3-en-1-yl)phenyl acetate (**3m**).



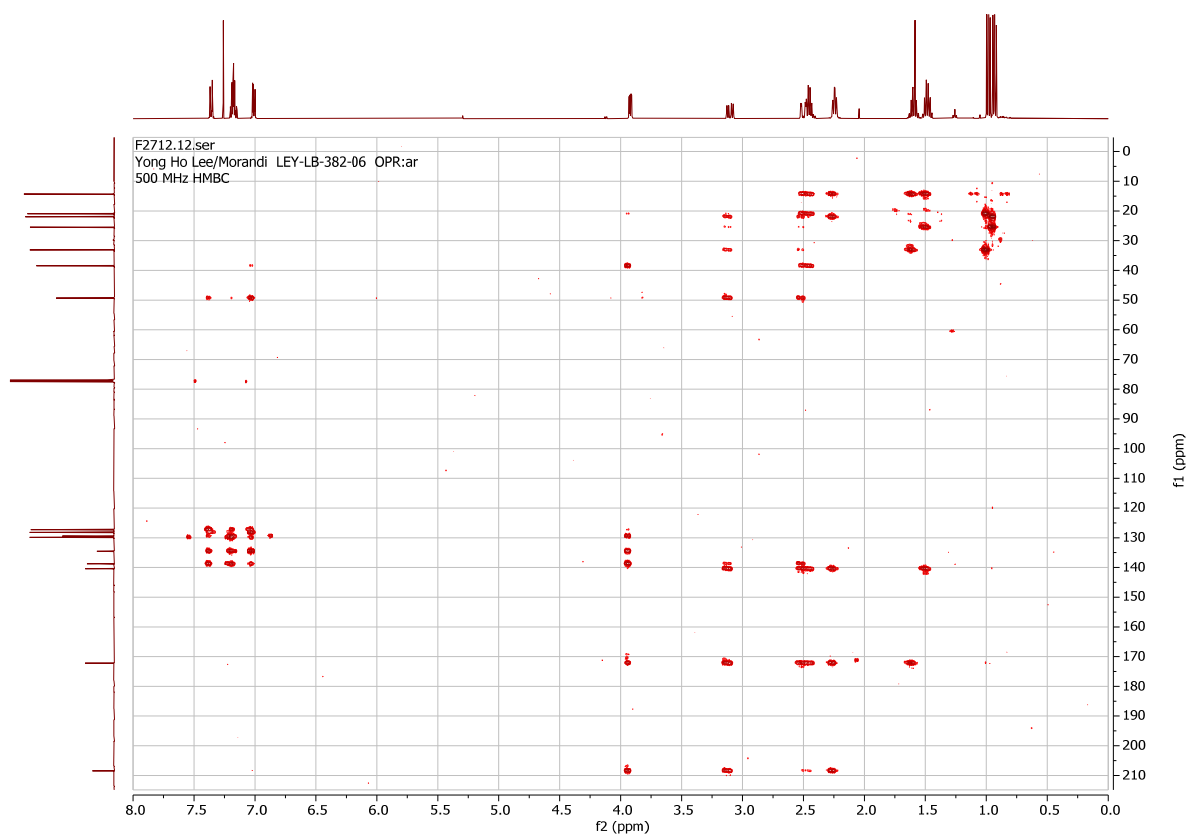


5-(naphthalen-1-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3n**).

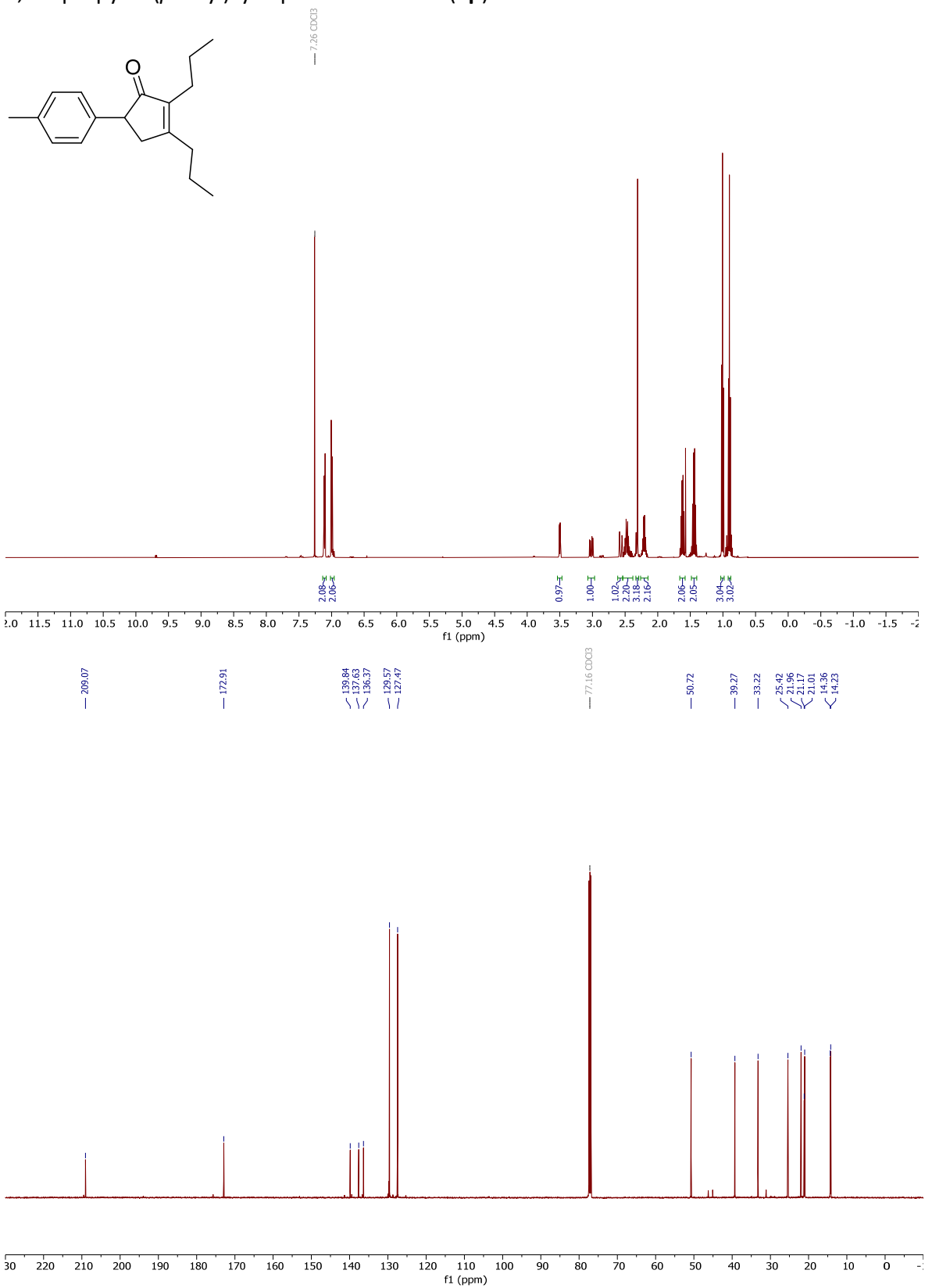


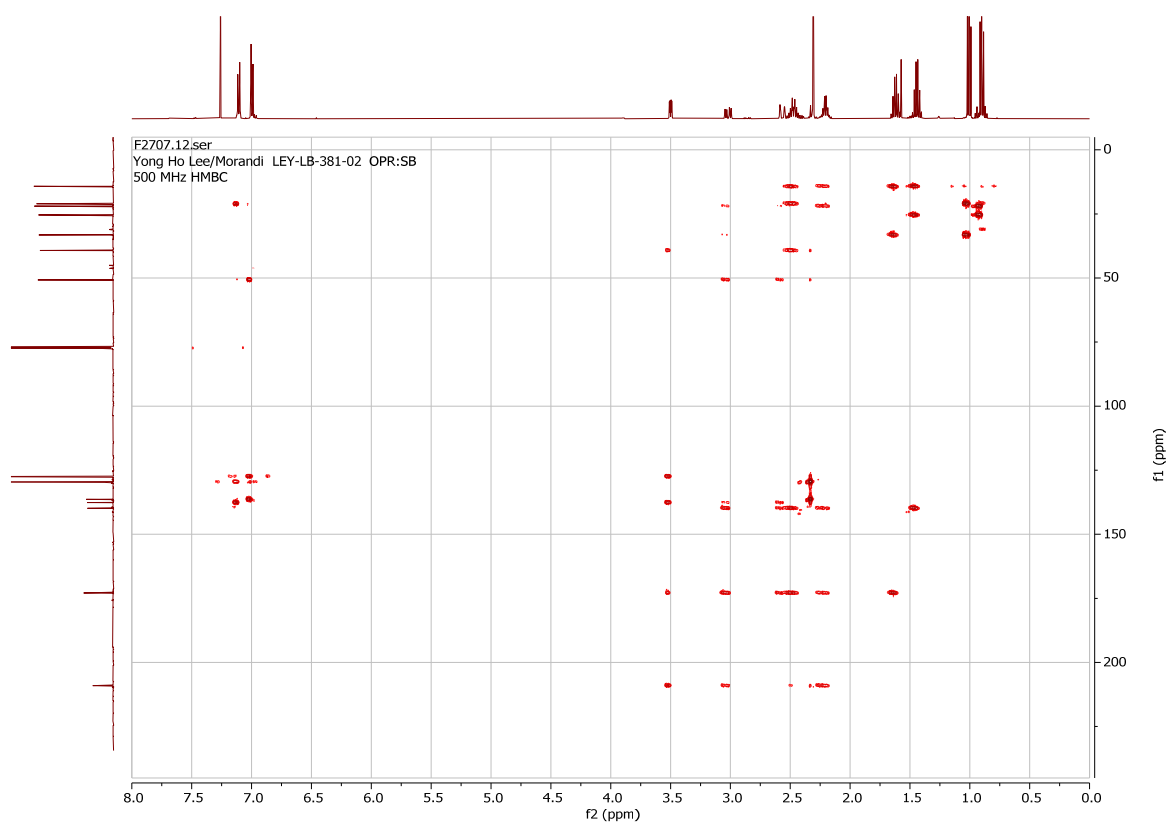


CCCCC1=C(C)C(=O)C(C1)Cc2ccccc2Cl

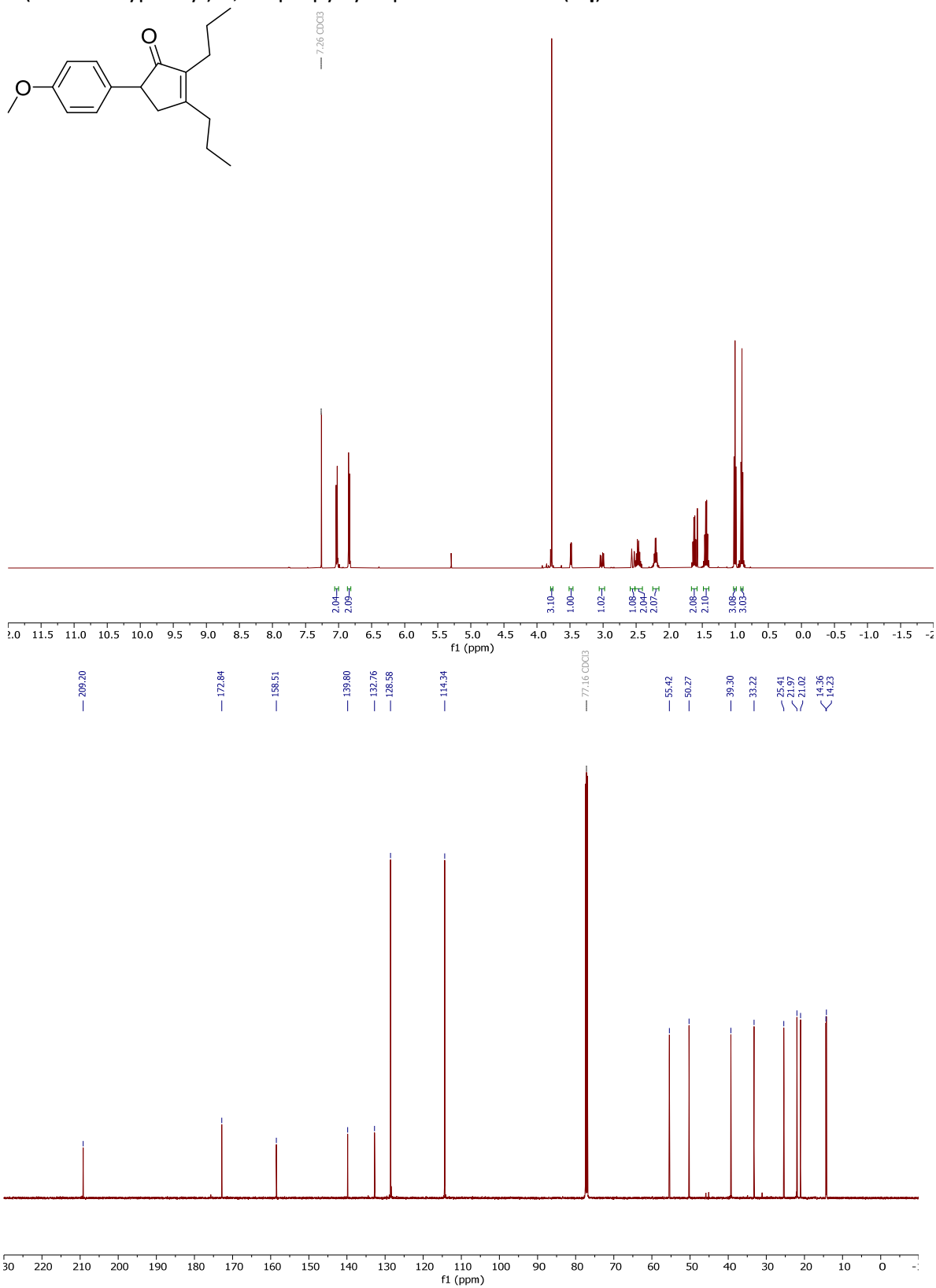


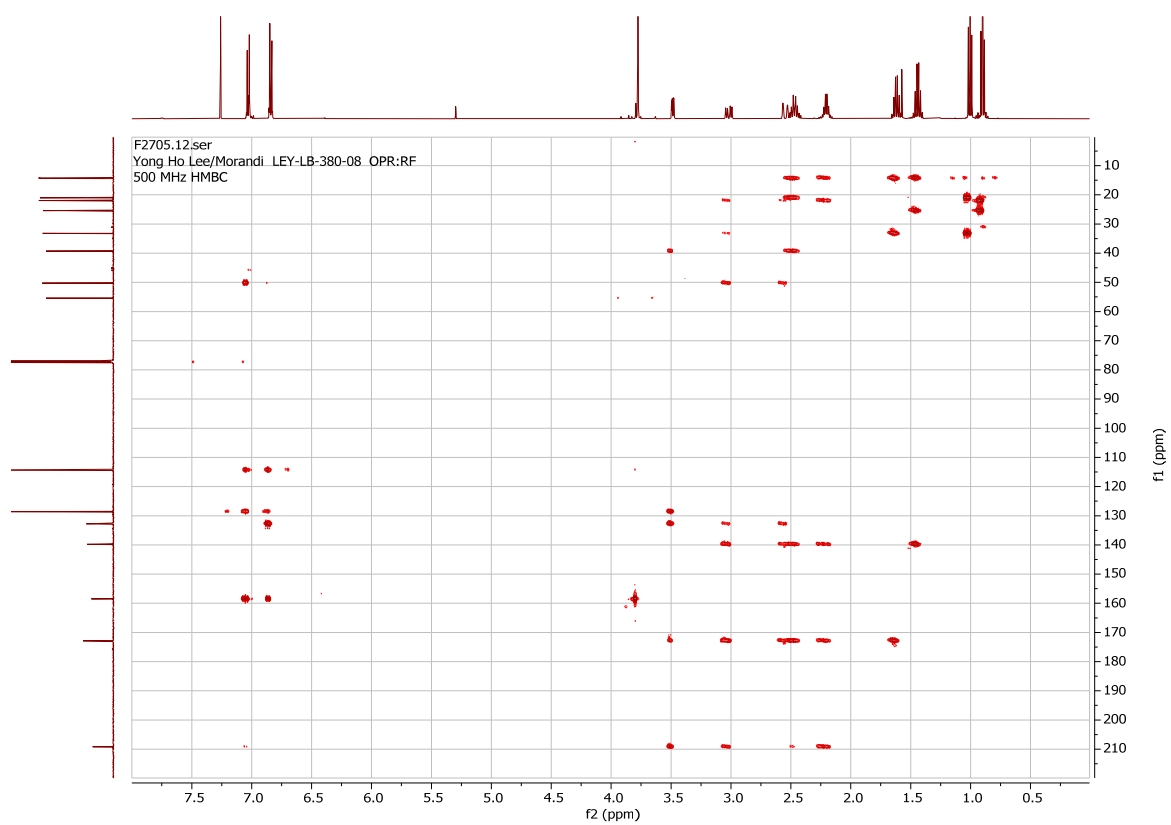
2,3-dipropyl-5-(*p*-tolyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3p**).



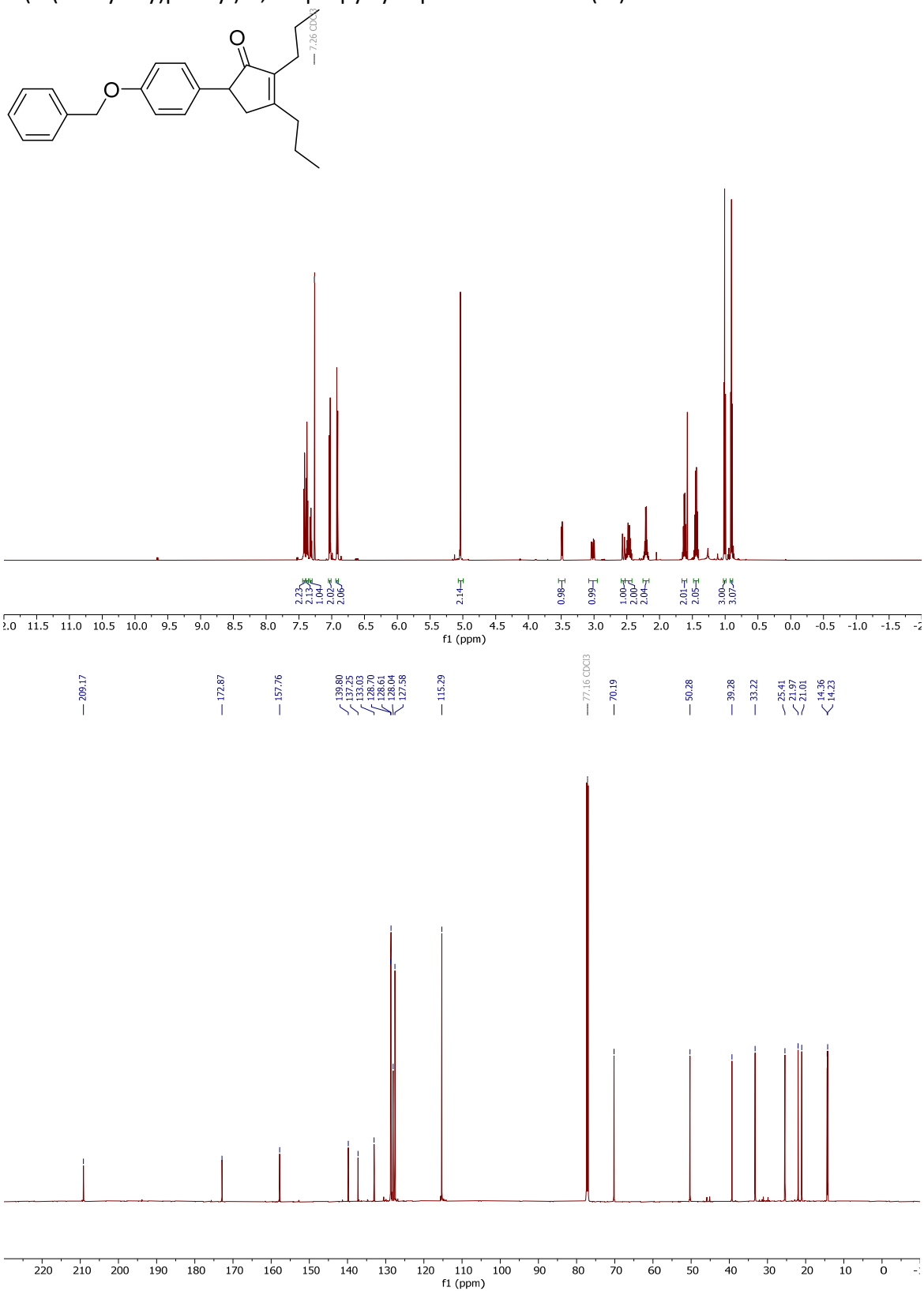


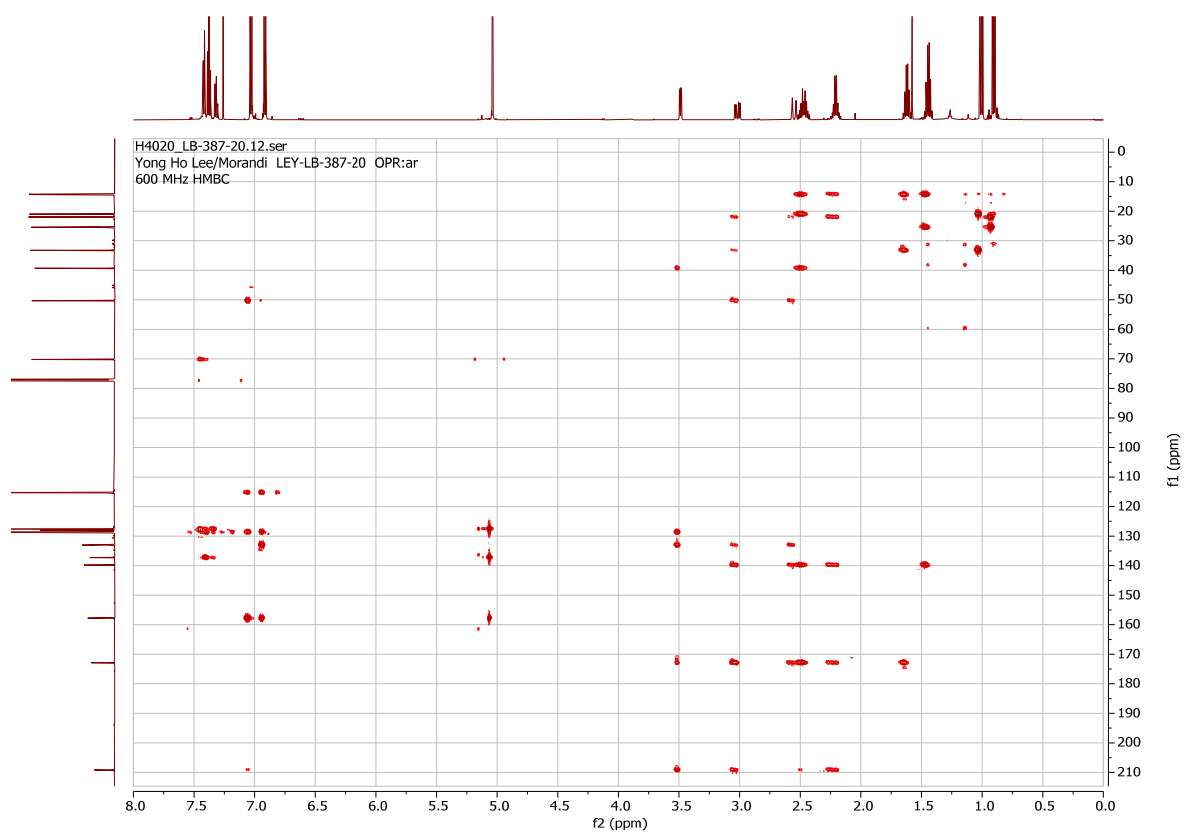
5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3q**).



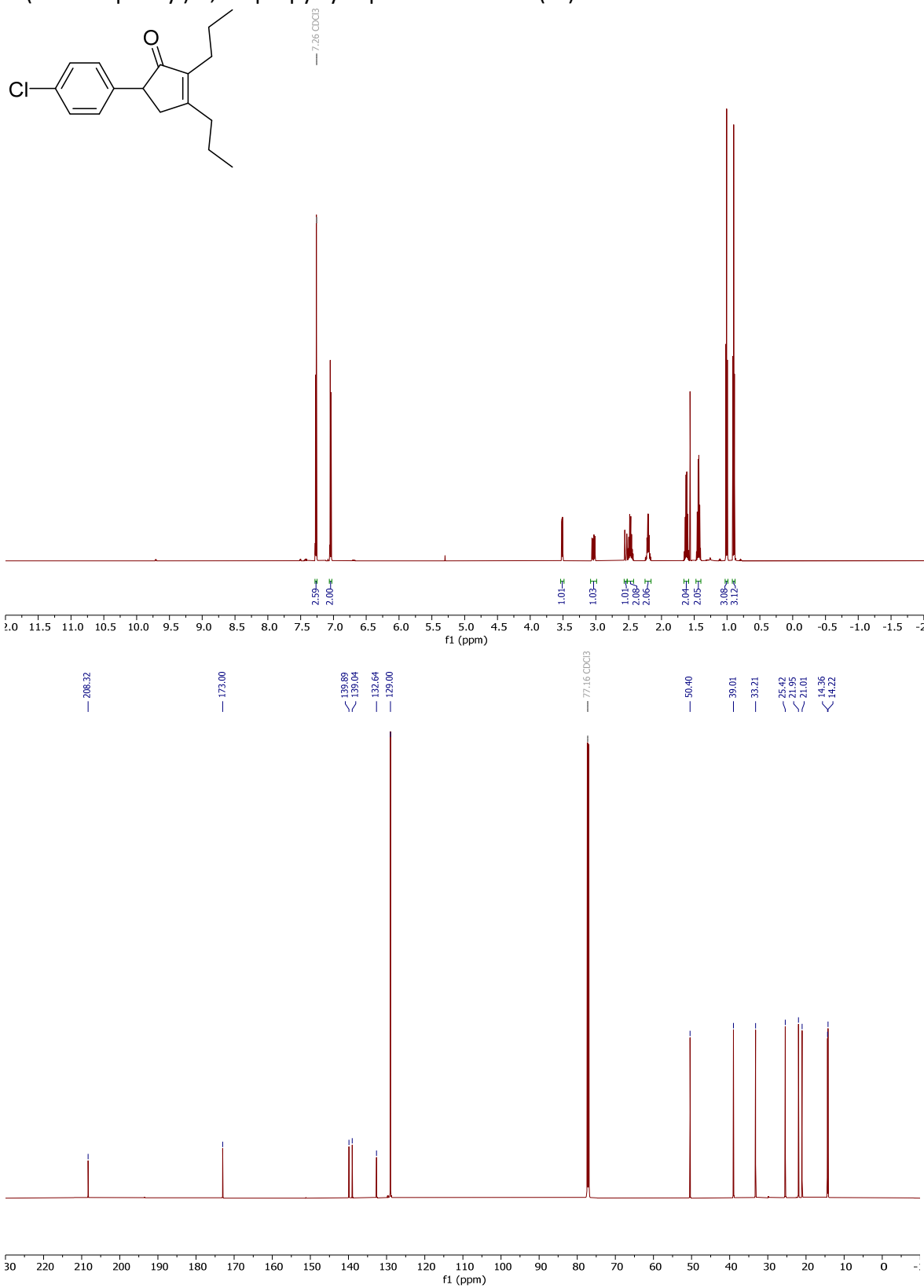


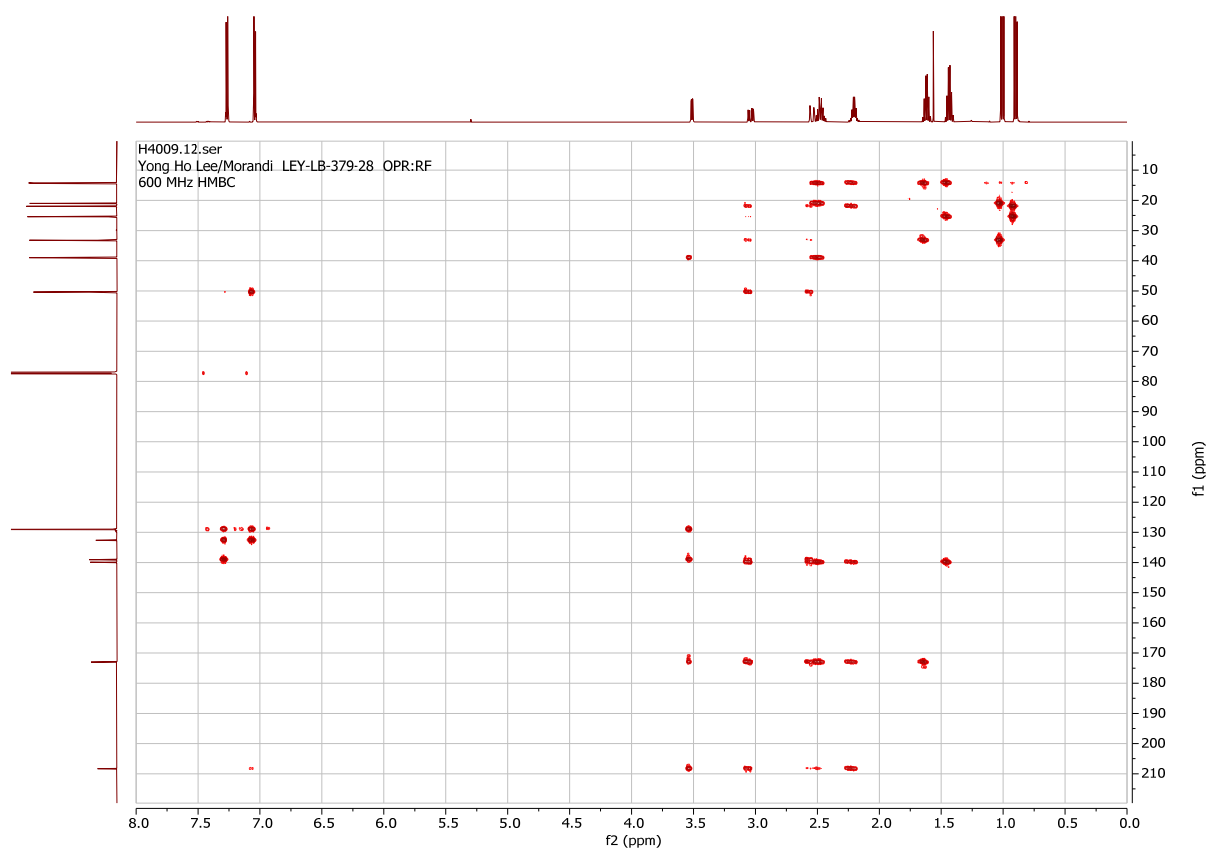
5-(4-(benzyloxy)phenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3r**).



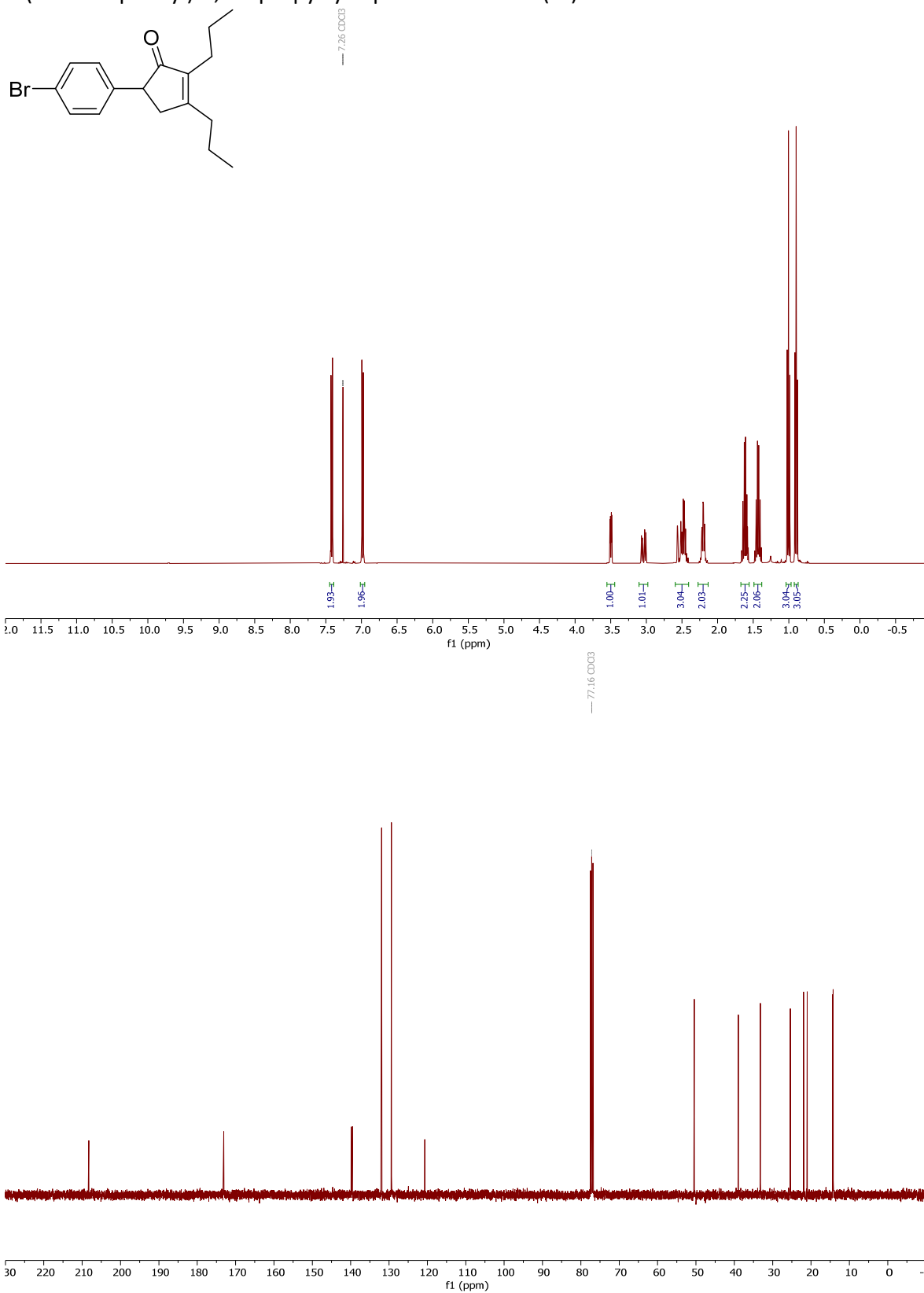


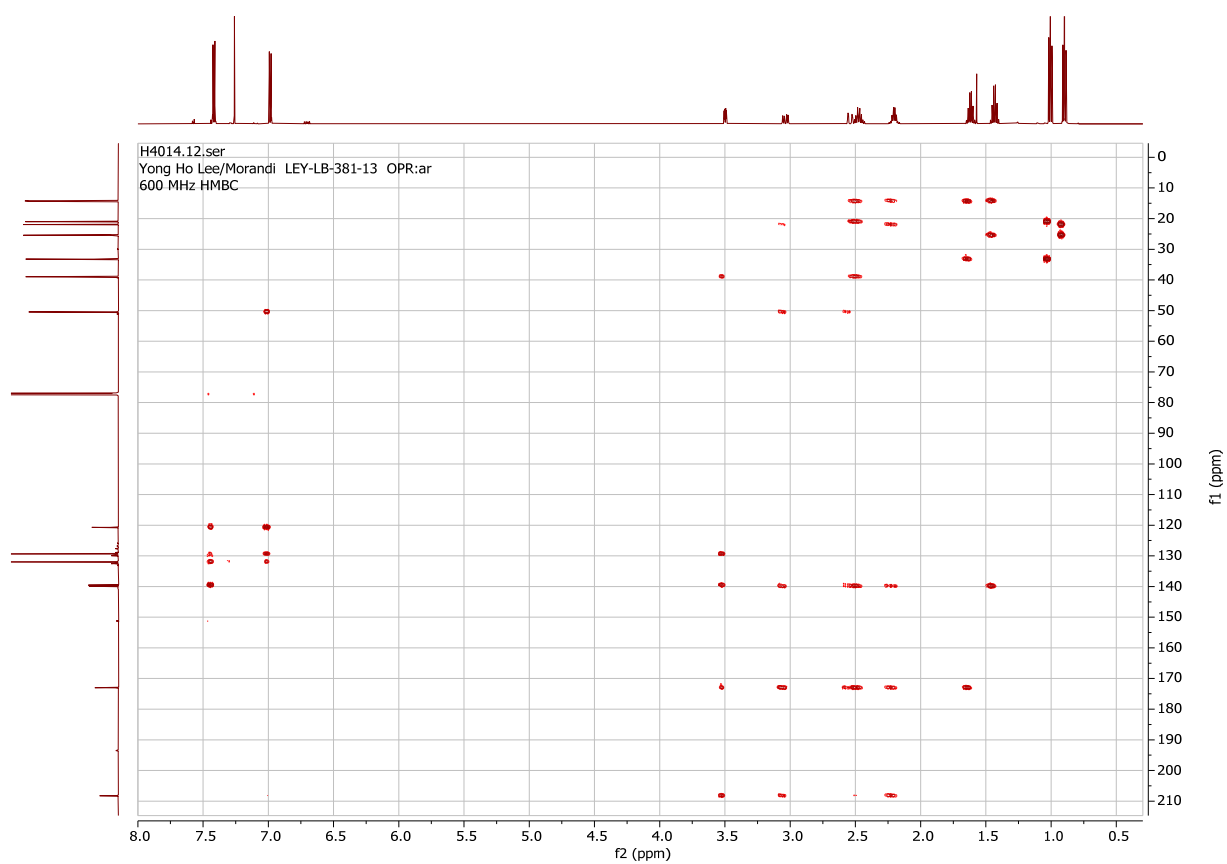
5-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3s**).



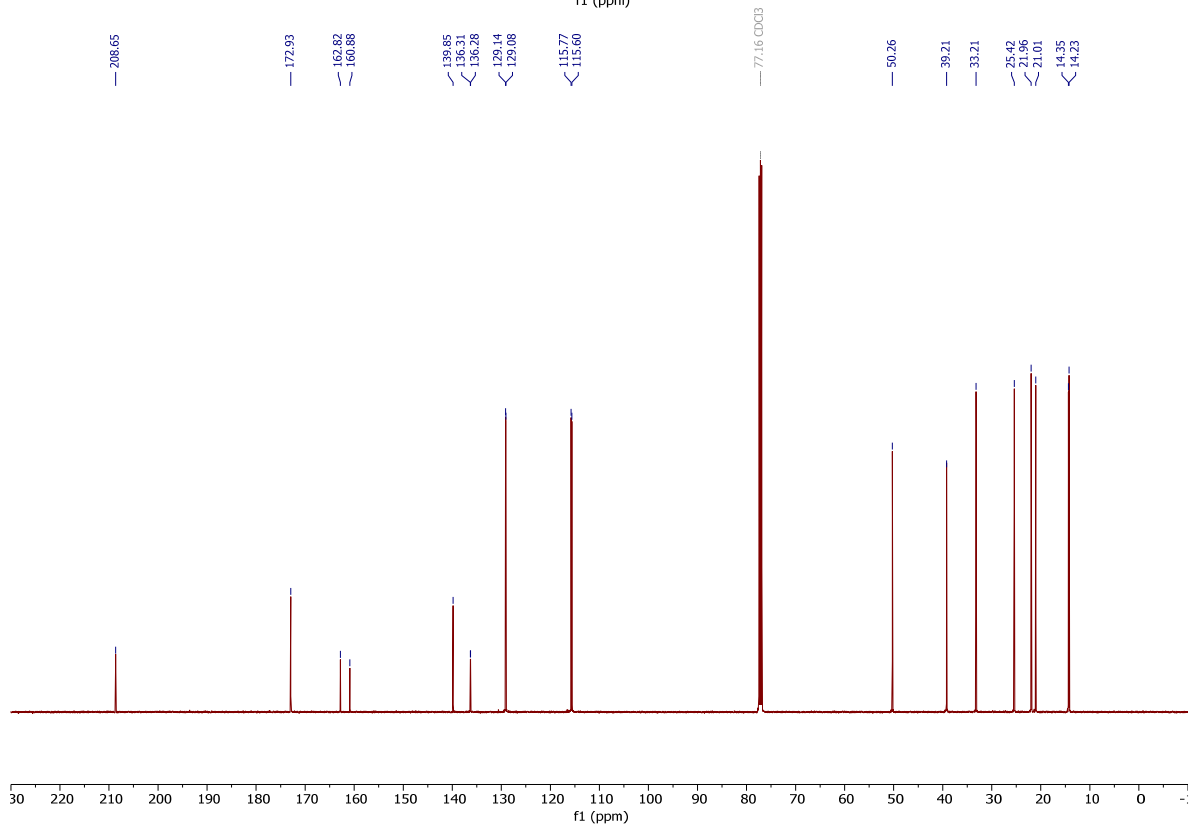
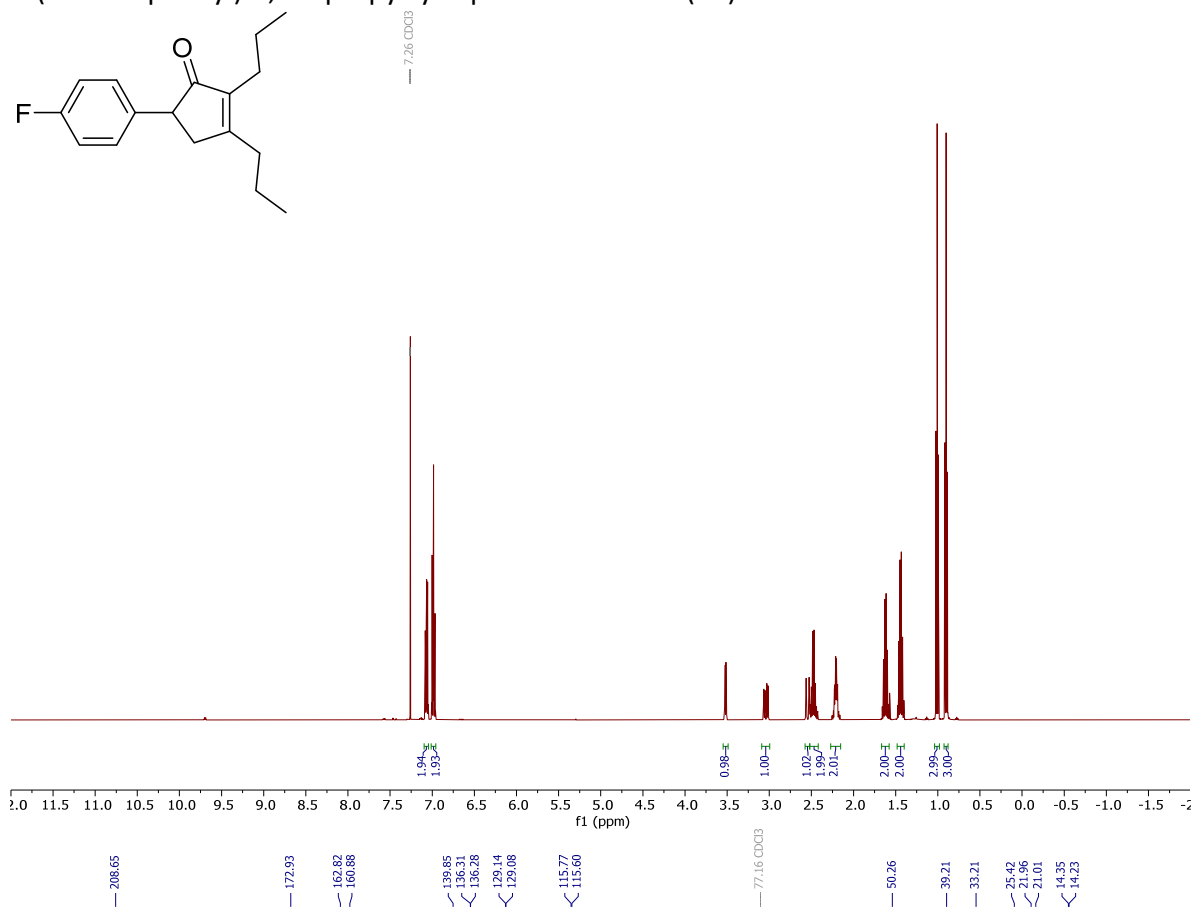
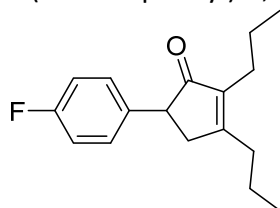


5-(4-bromophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3t**).

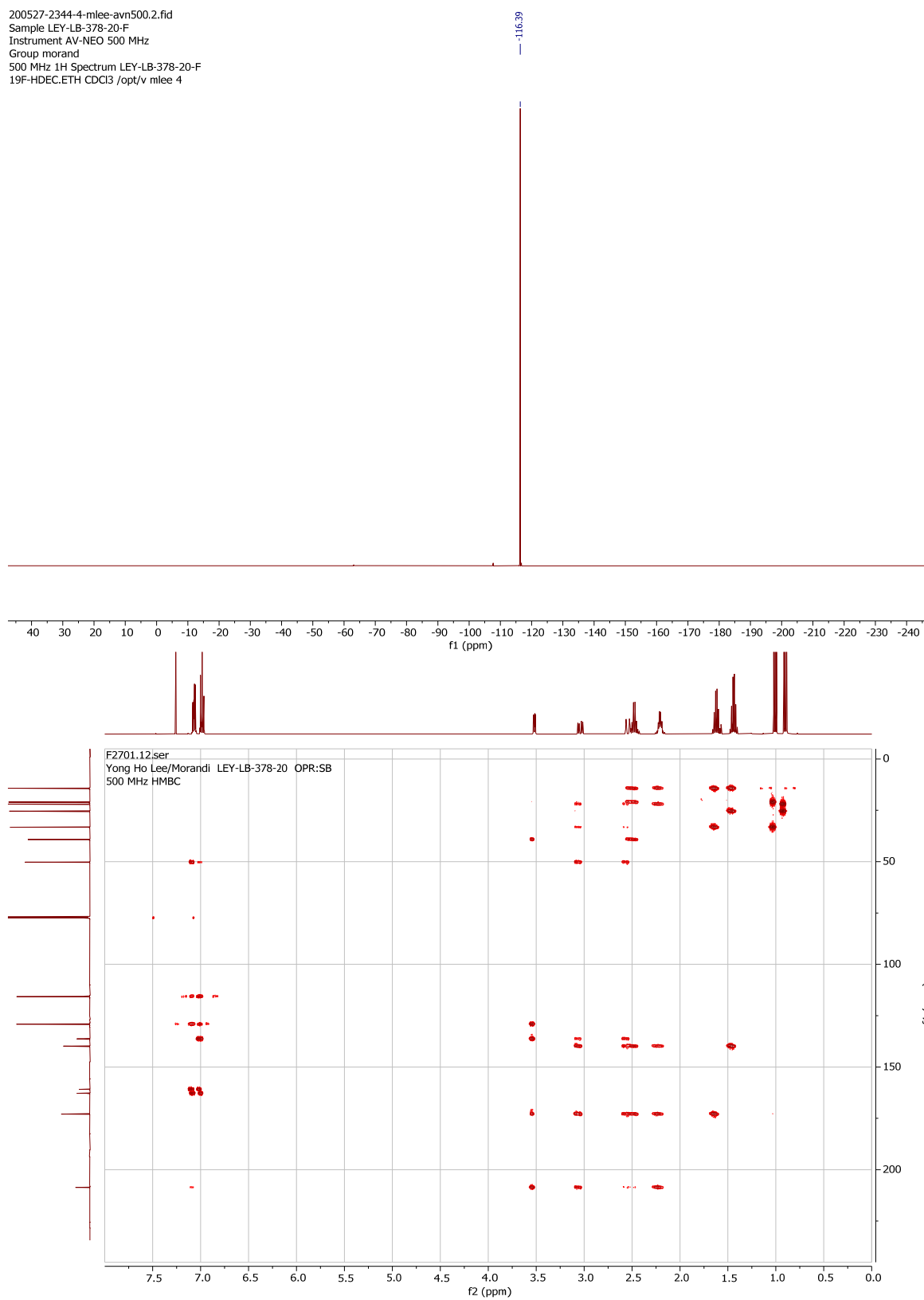




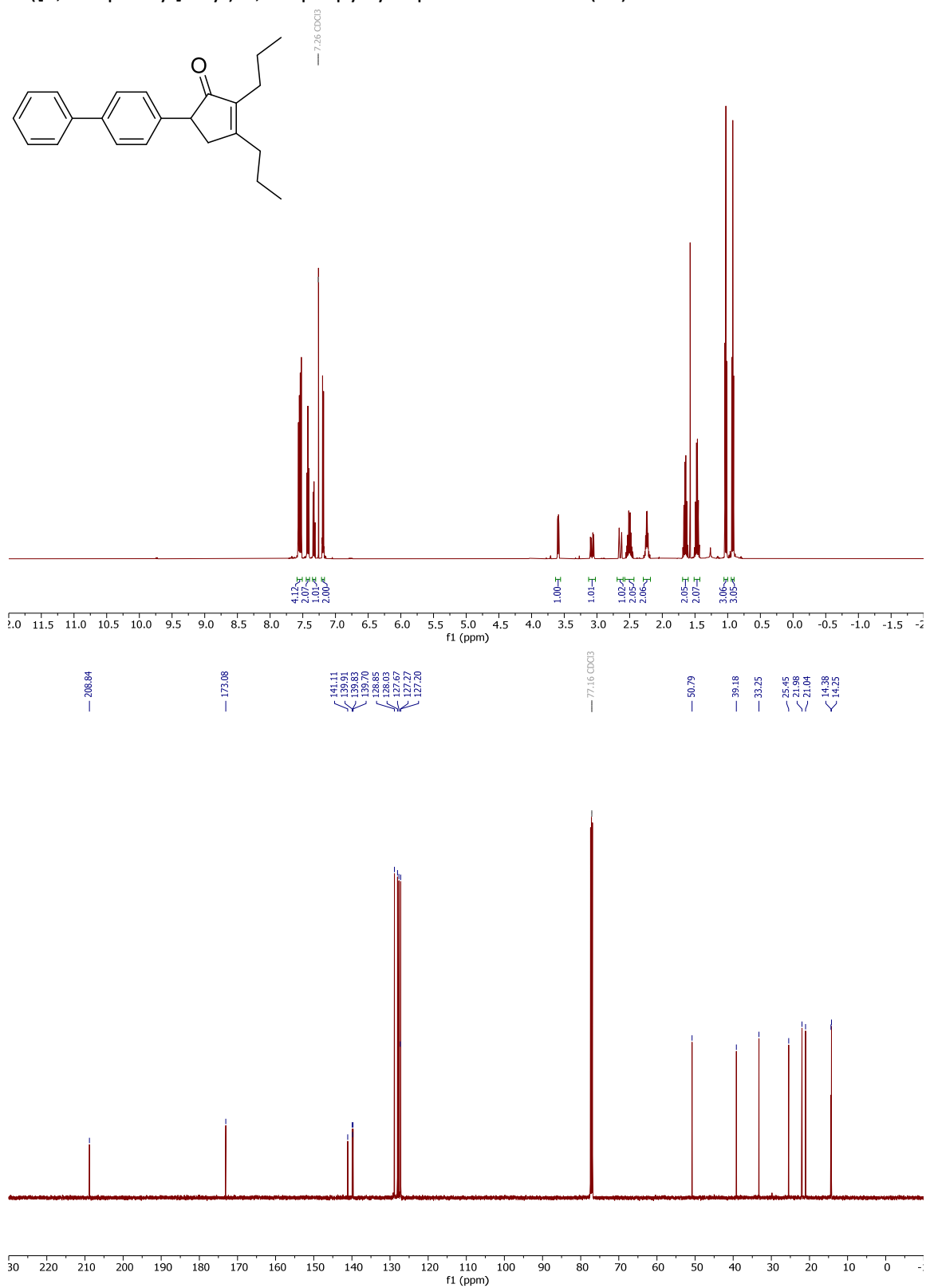
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3u**).

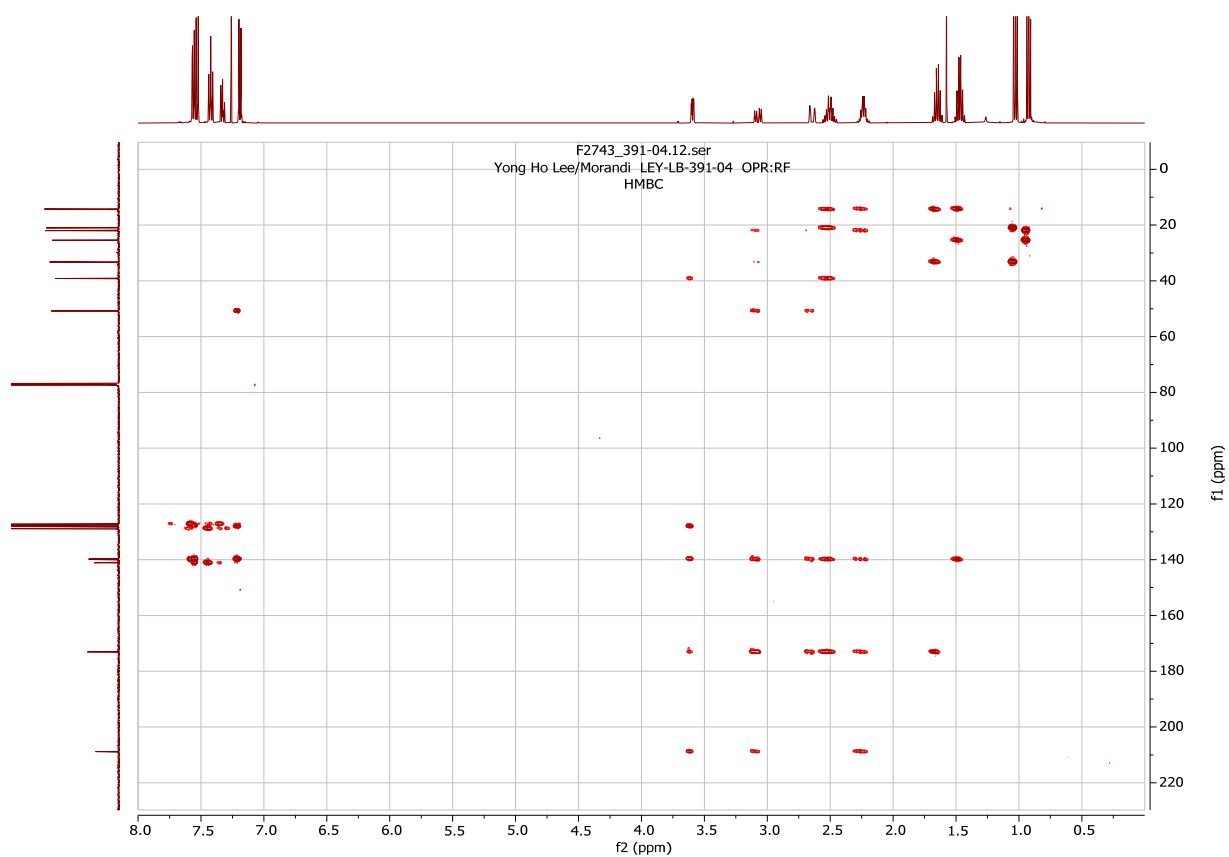


200527-2344-4-mlee-avn500.2.fid
Sample LEY-LB-378-20-F
Instrument AV-NEO 500 MHz
Group morand
500 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-378-20-F
19F-HDEC.ETH CDG3 /opt/v mlee 4

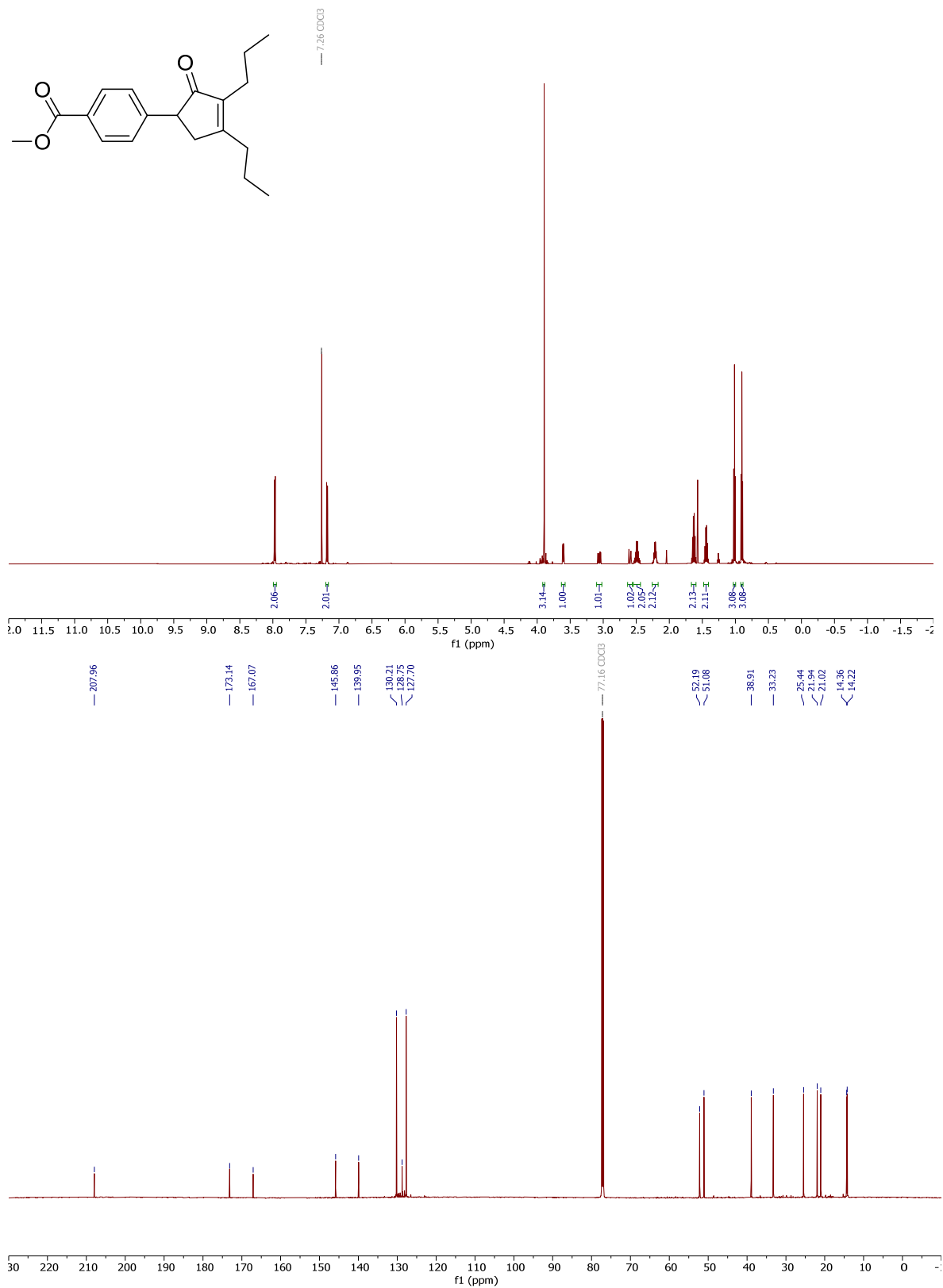


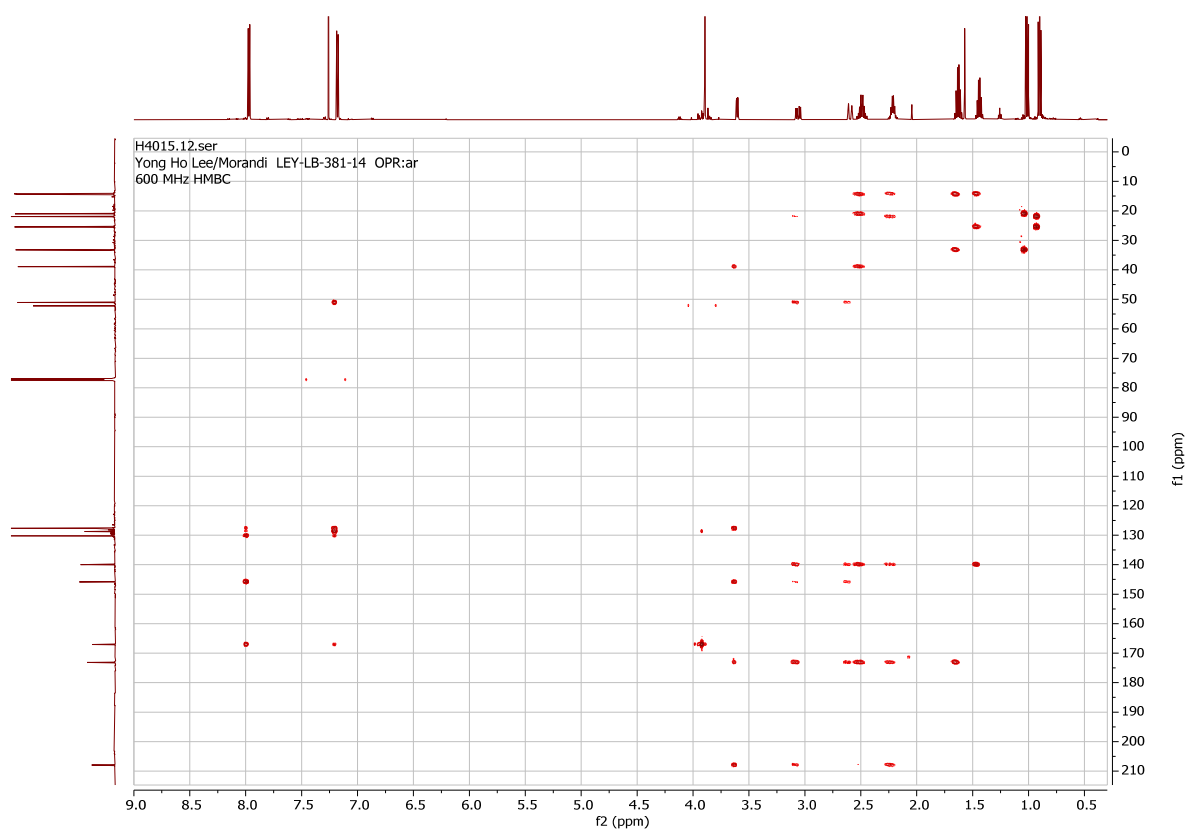
5-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3v**).



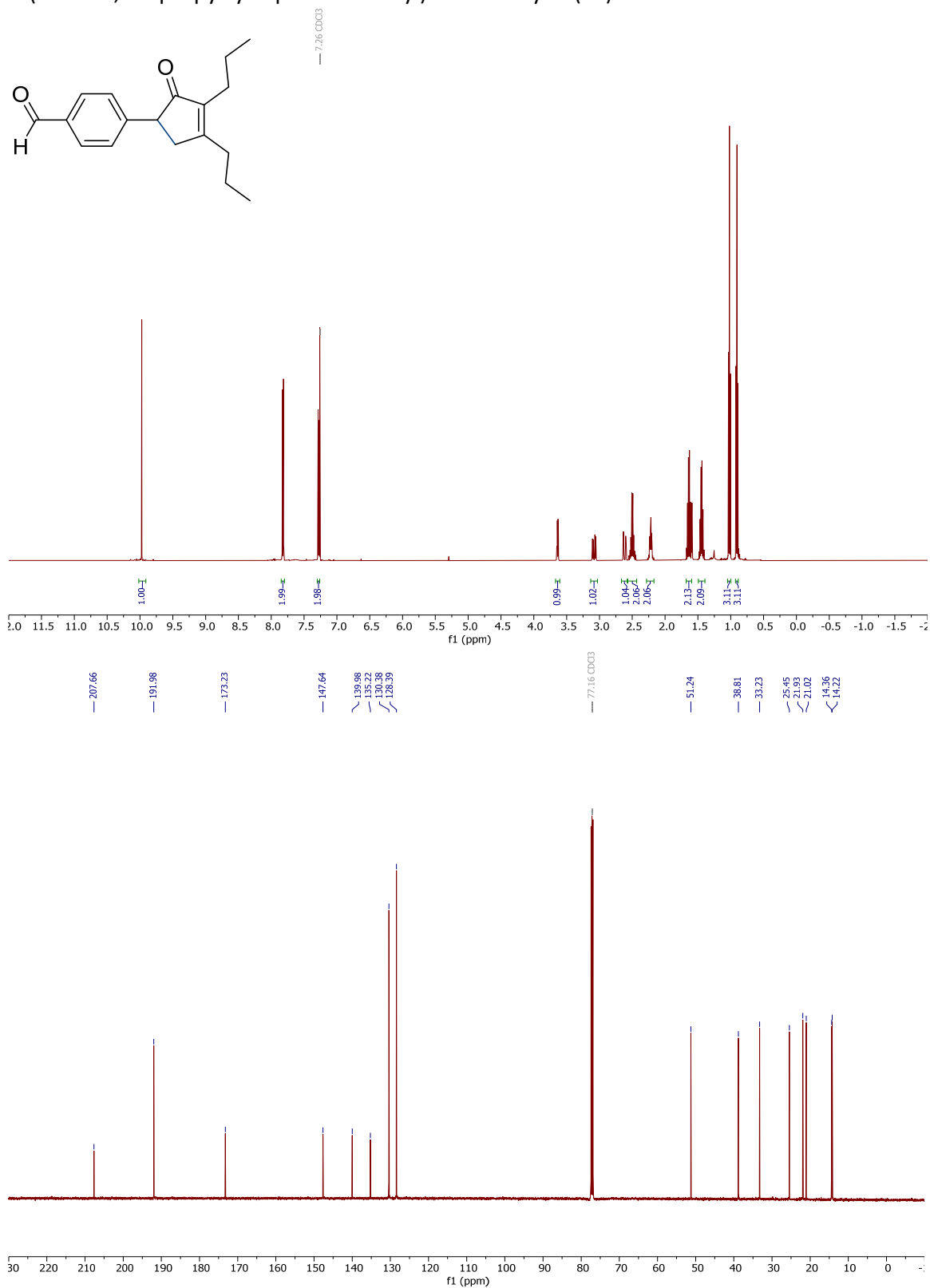


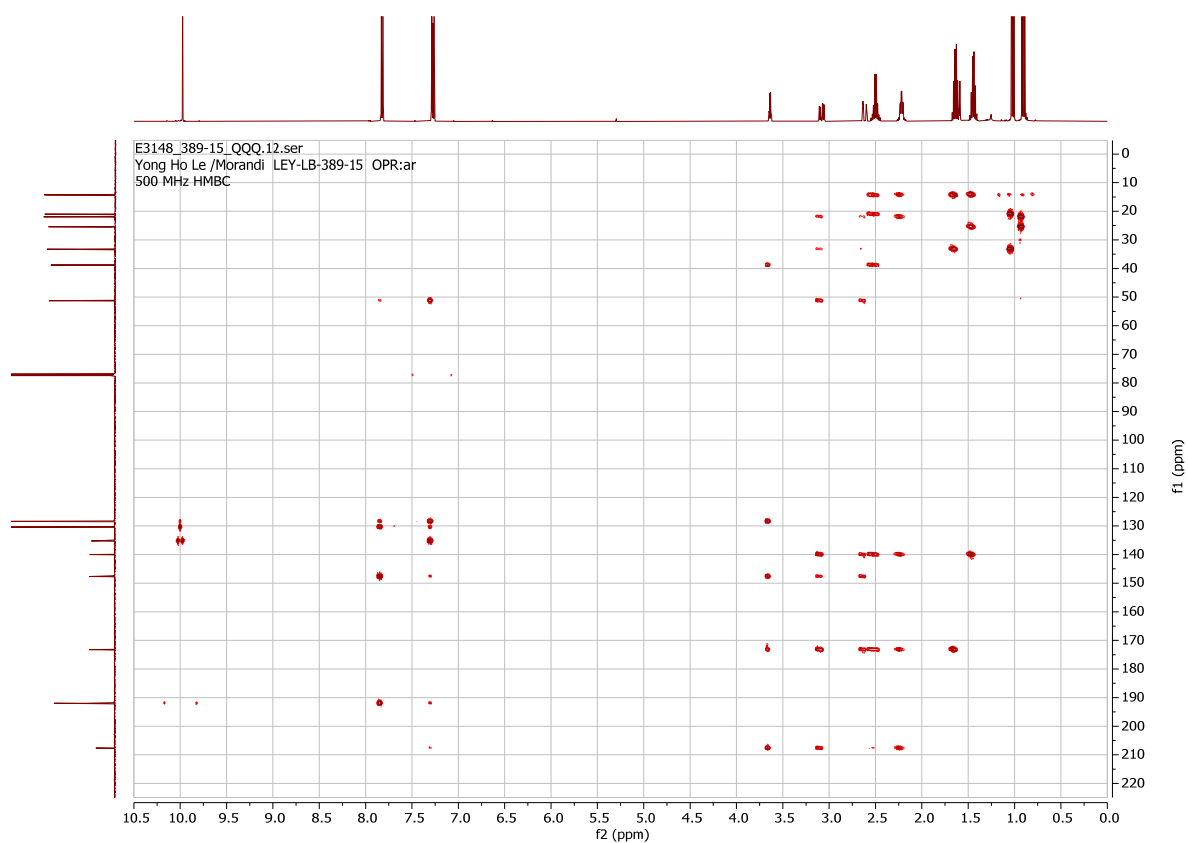
methyl 4-(2-oxo-3,4-dipropylcyclopent-3-en-1-yl)benzoate (**3w**).



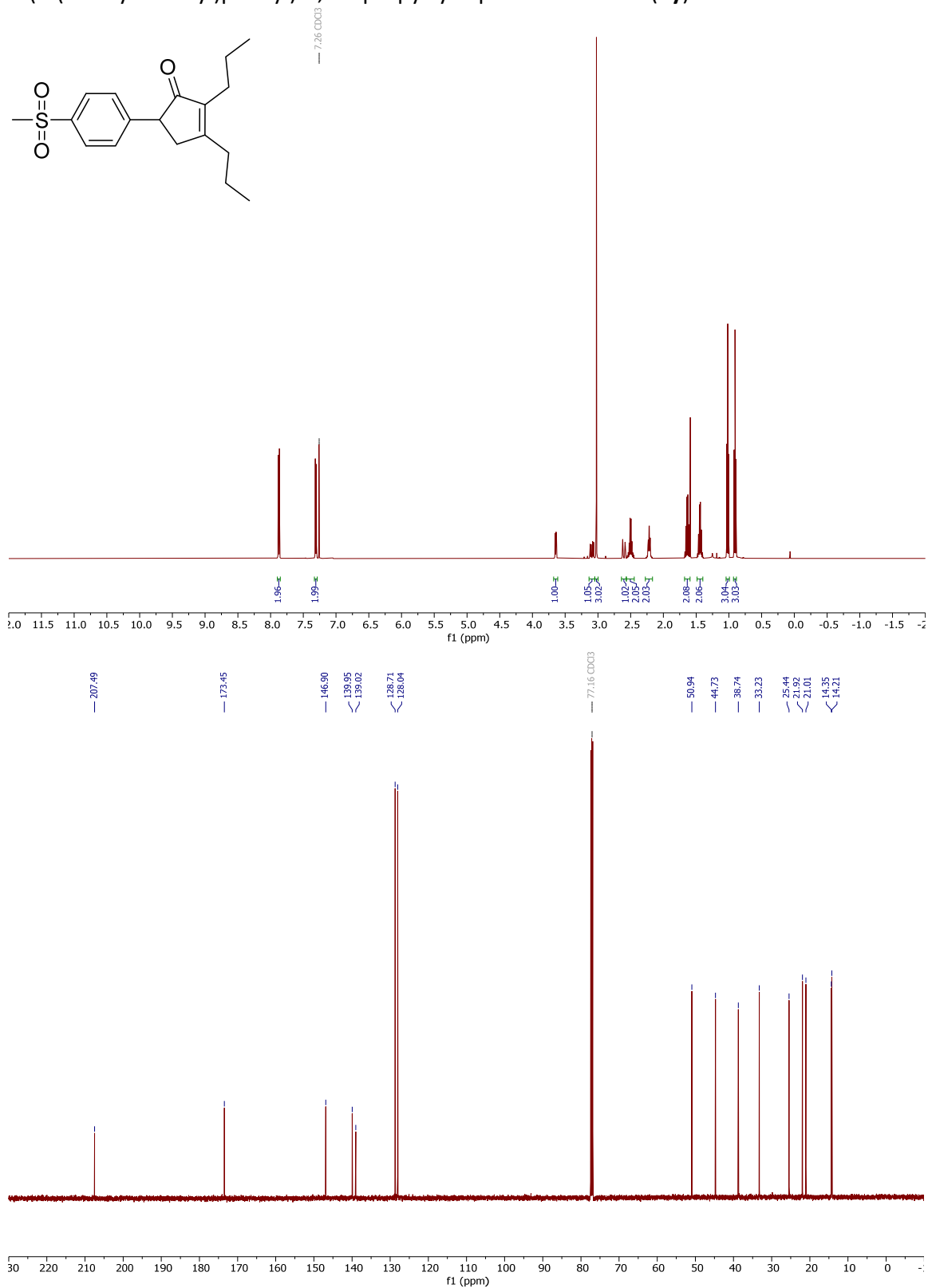


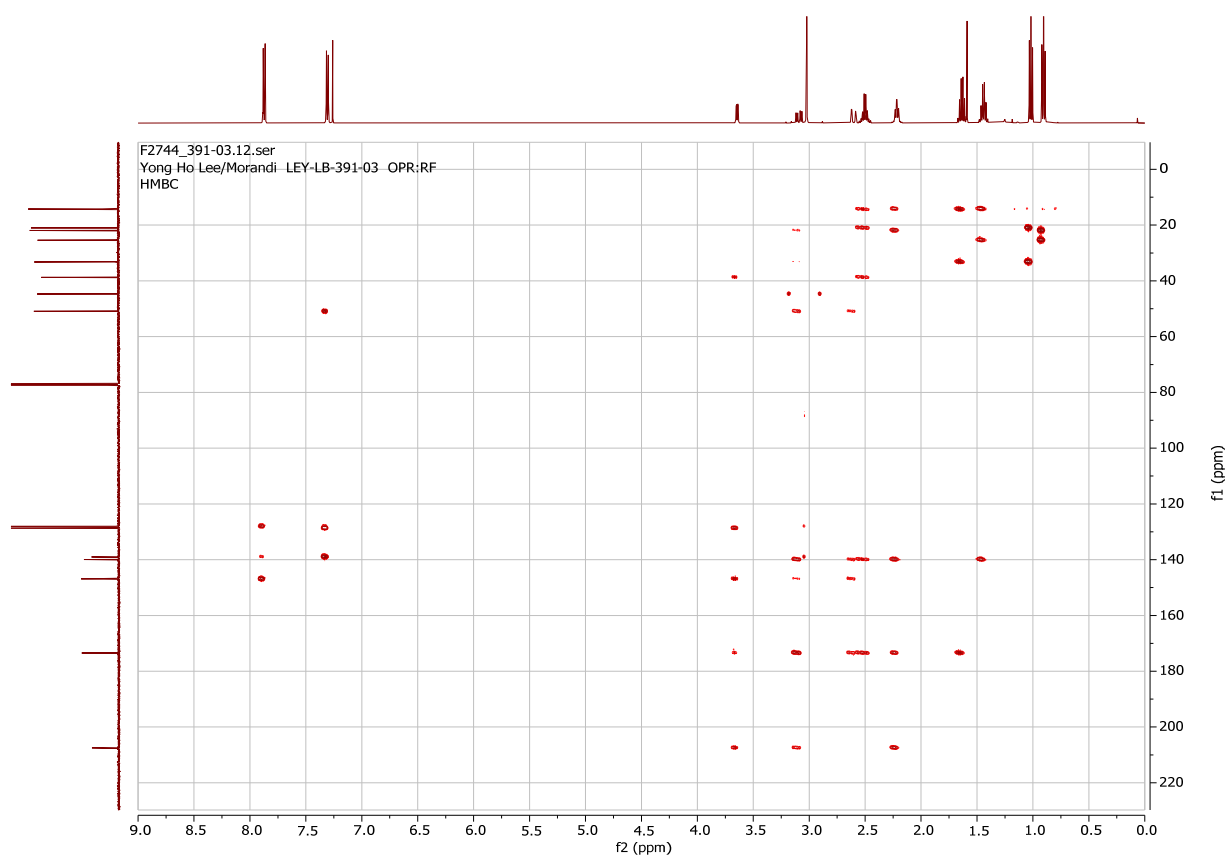
4-(2-oxo-3,4-dipropylcyclopent-3-en-1-yl)benzaldehyde (**3x**).



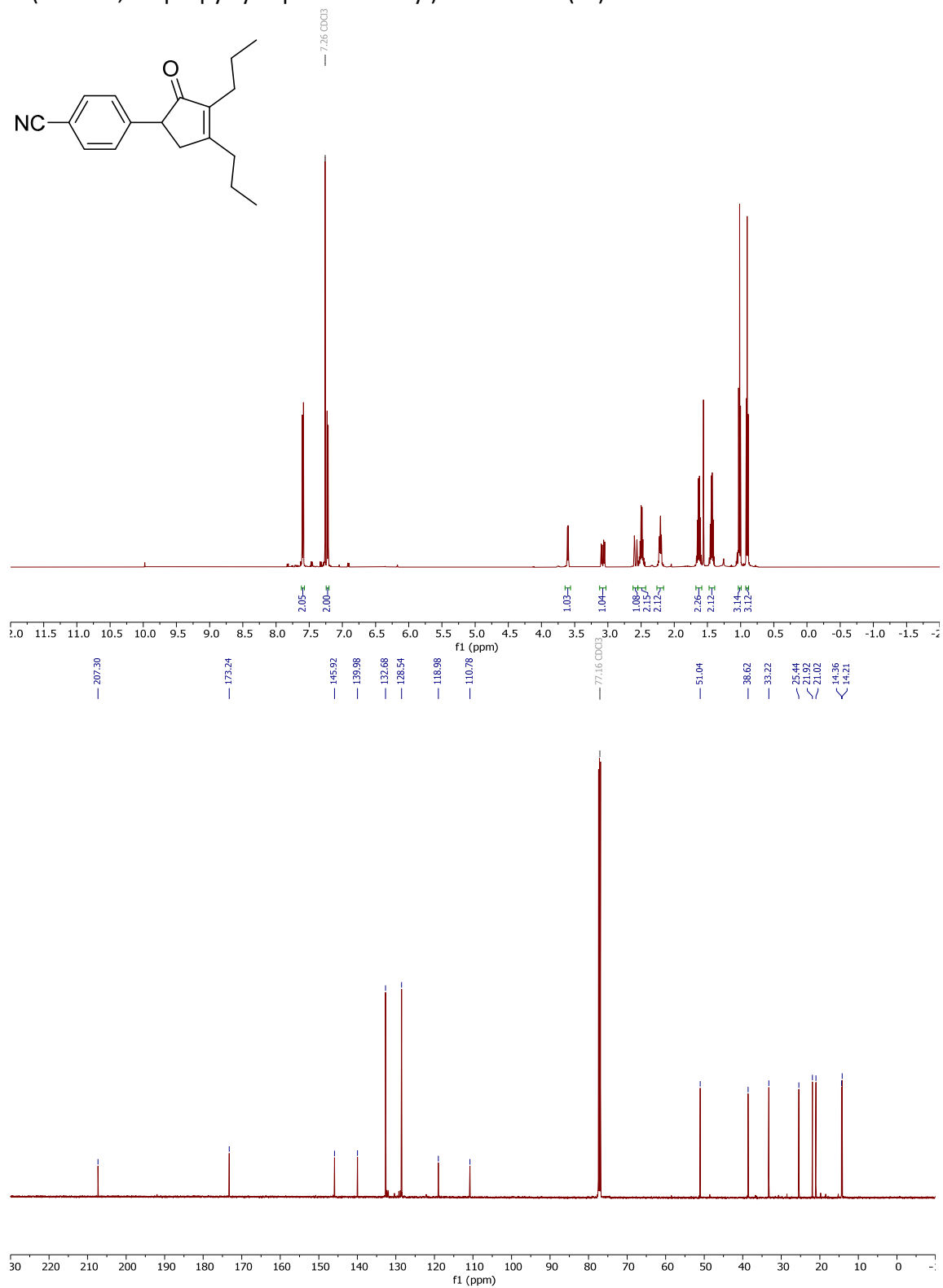


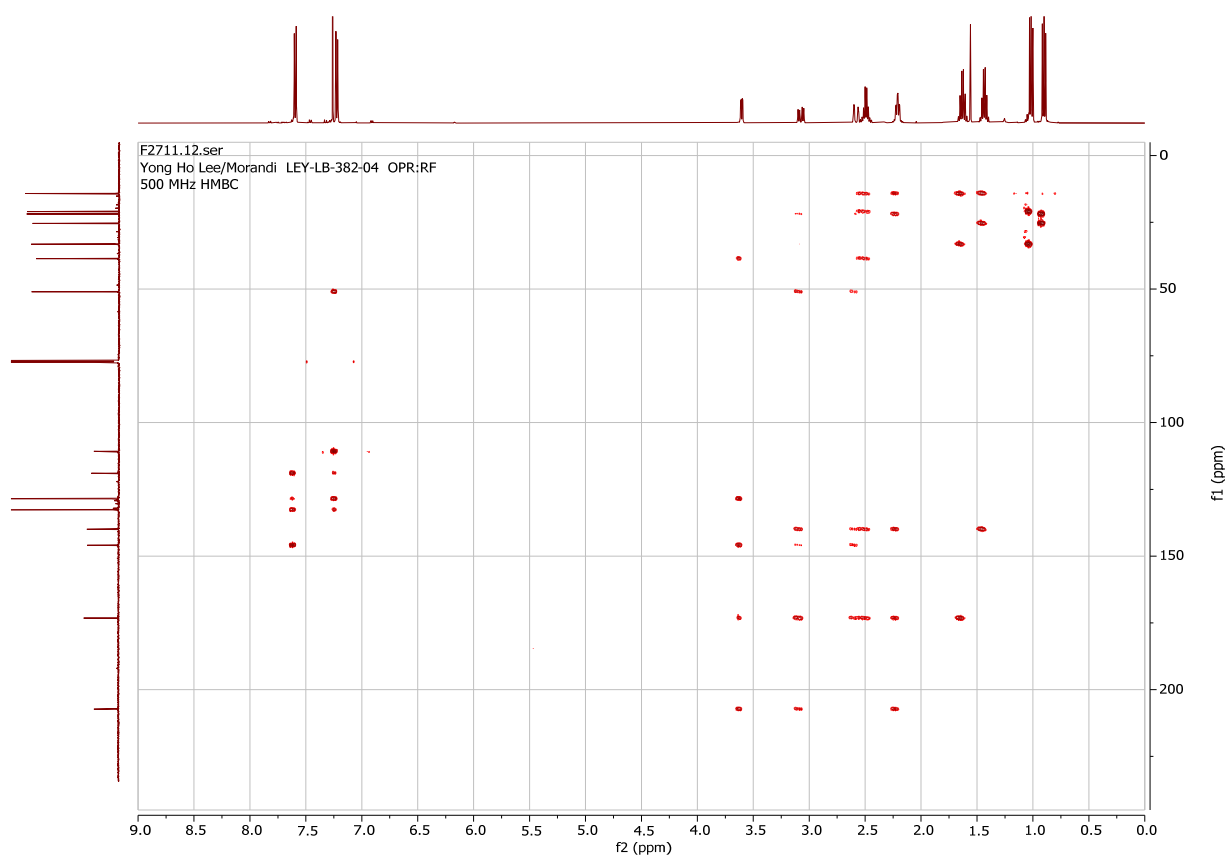
5-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3y**).



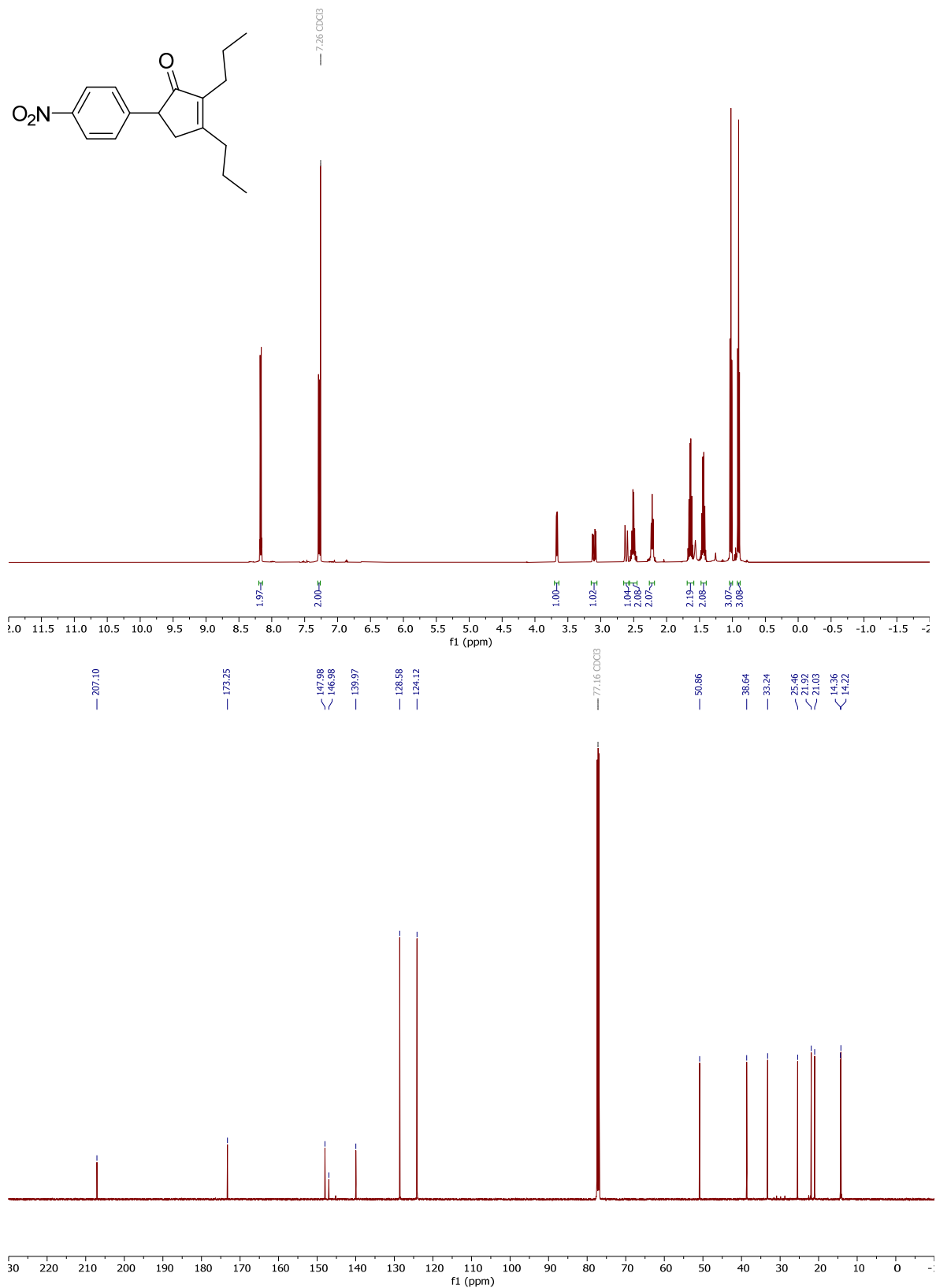


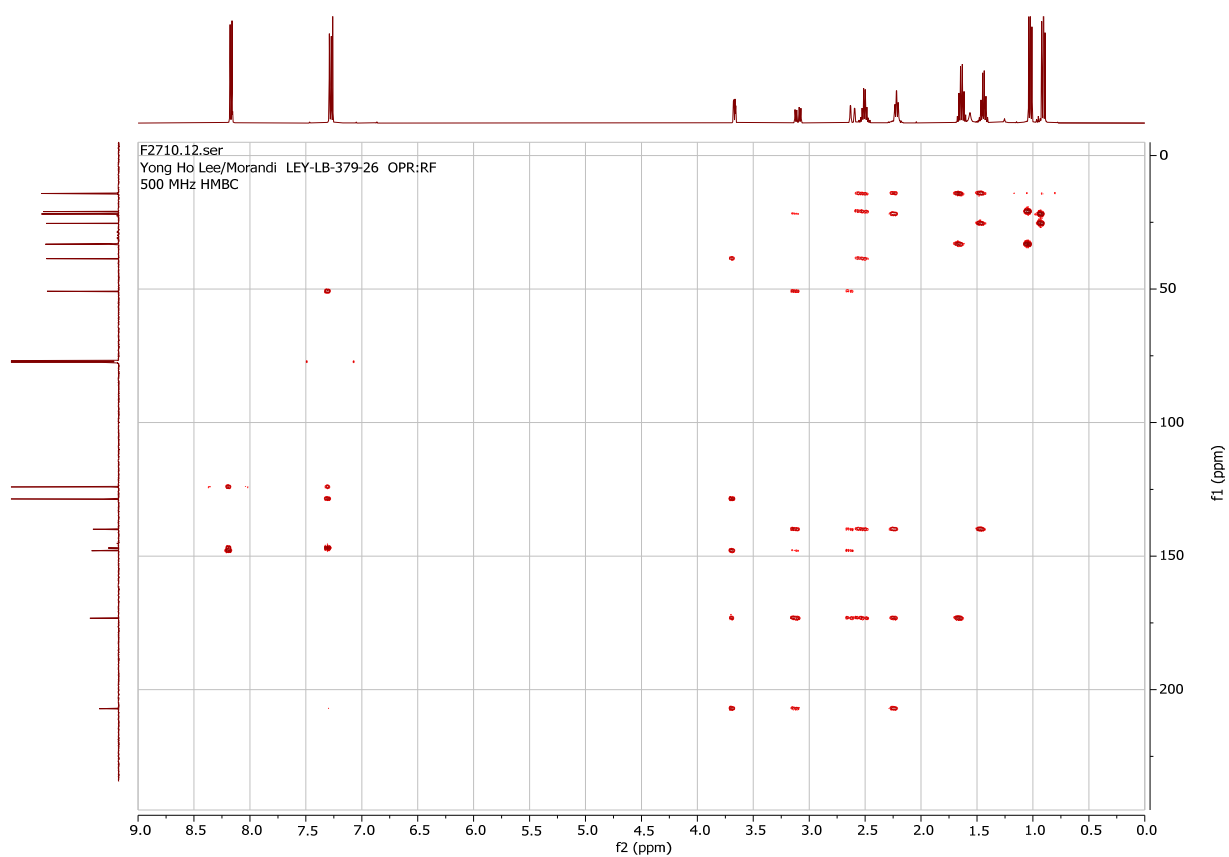
4-(2-oxo-3,4-dipropylcyclopent-3-en-1-yl)benzonitrile (**3z**).



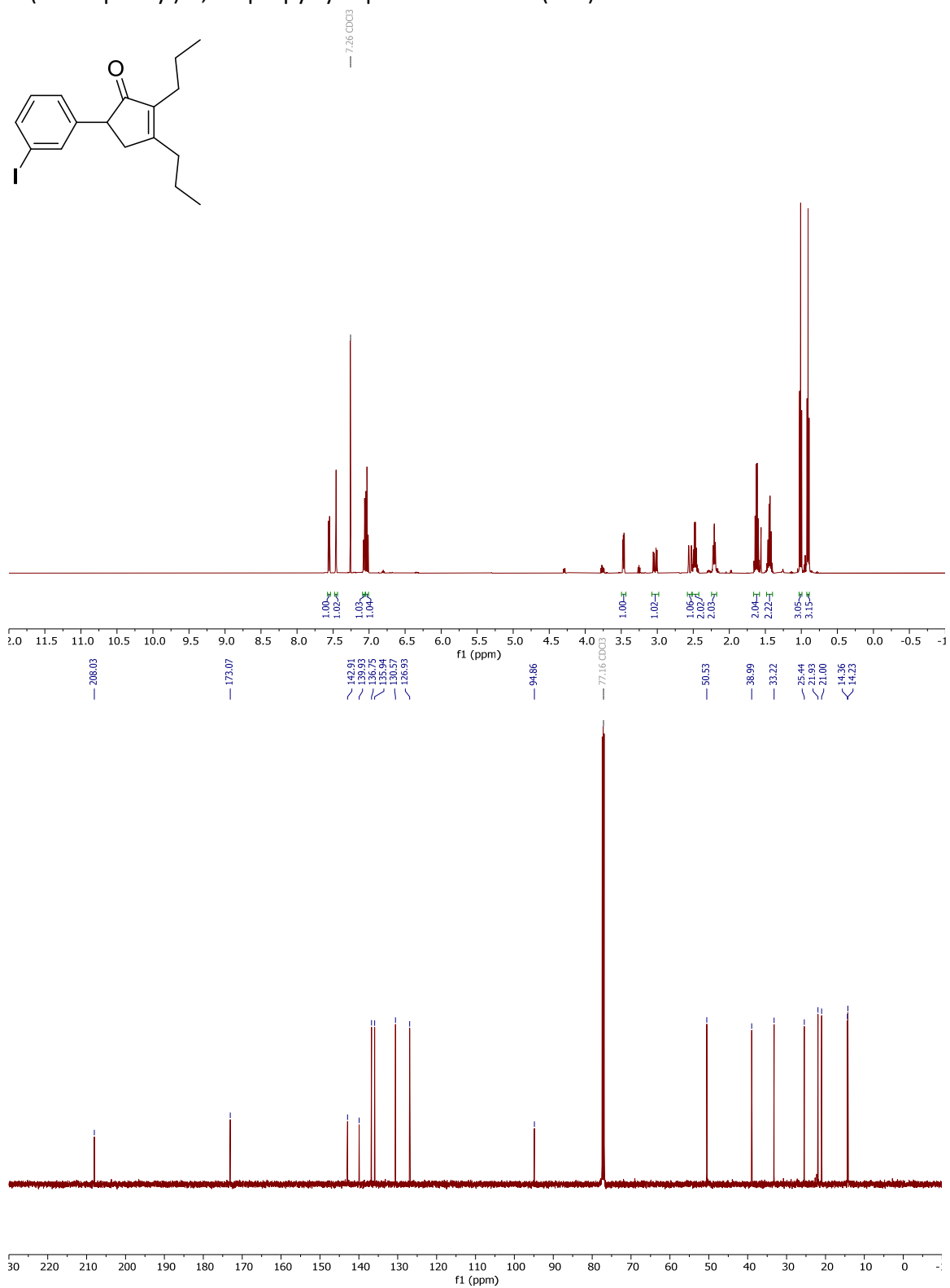


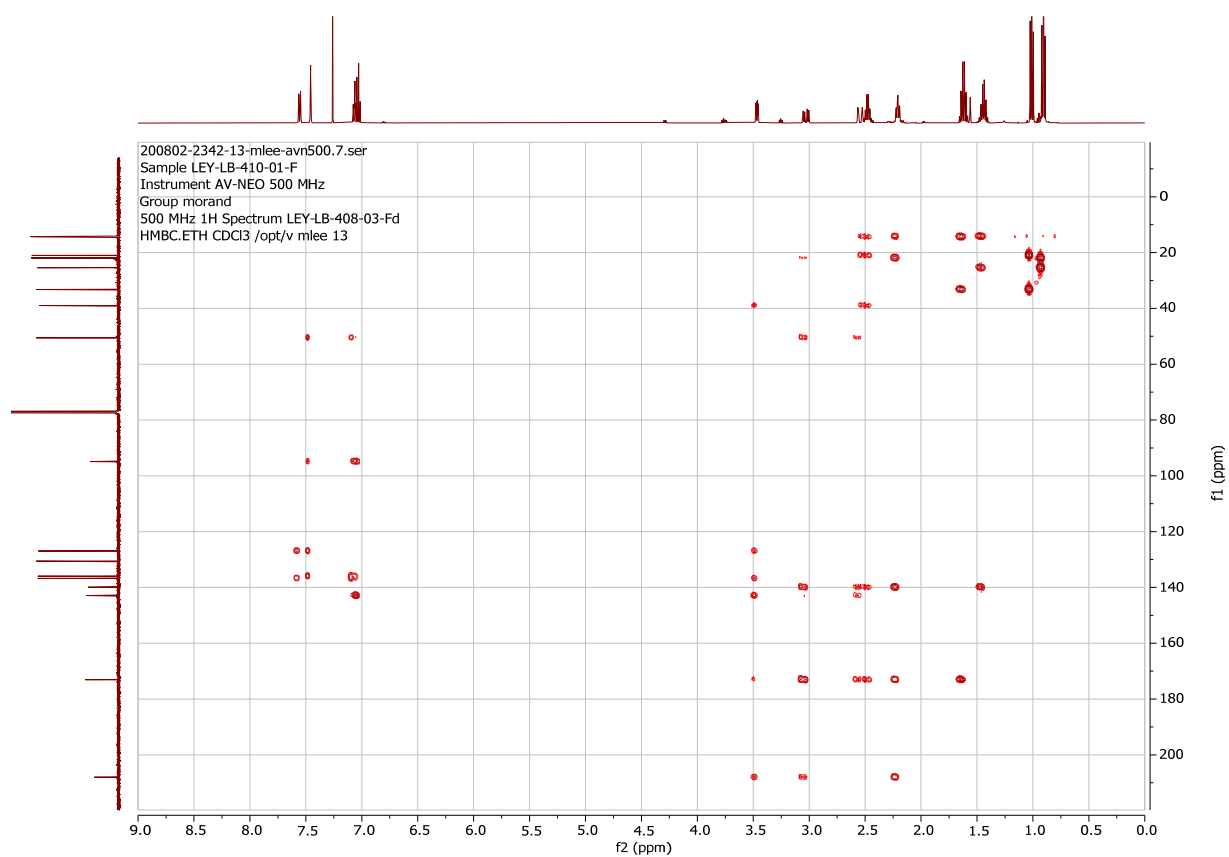
5-(4-nitrophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3aa**).



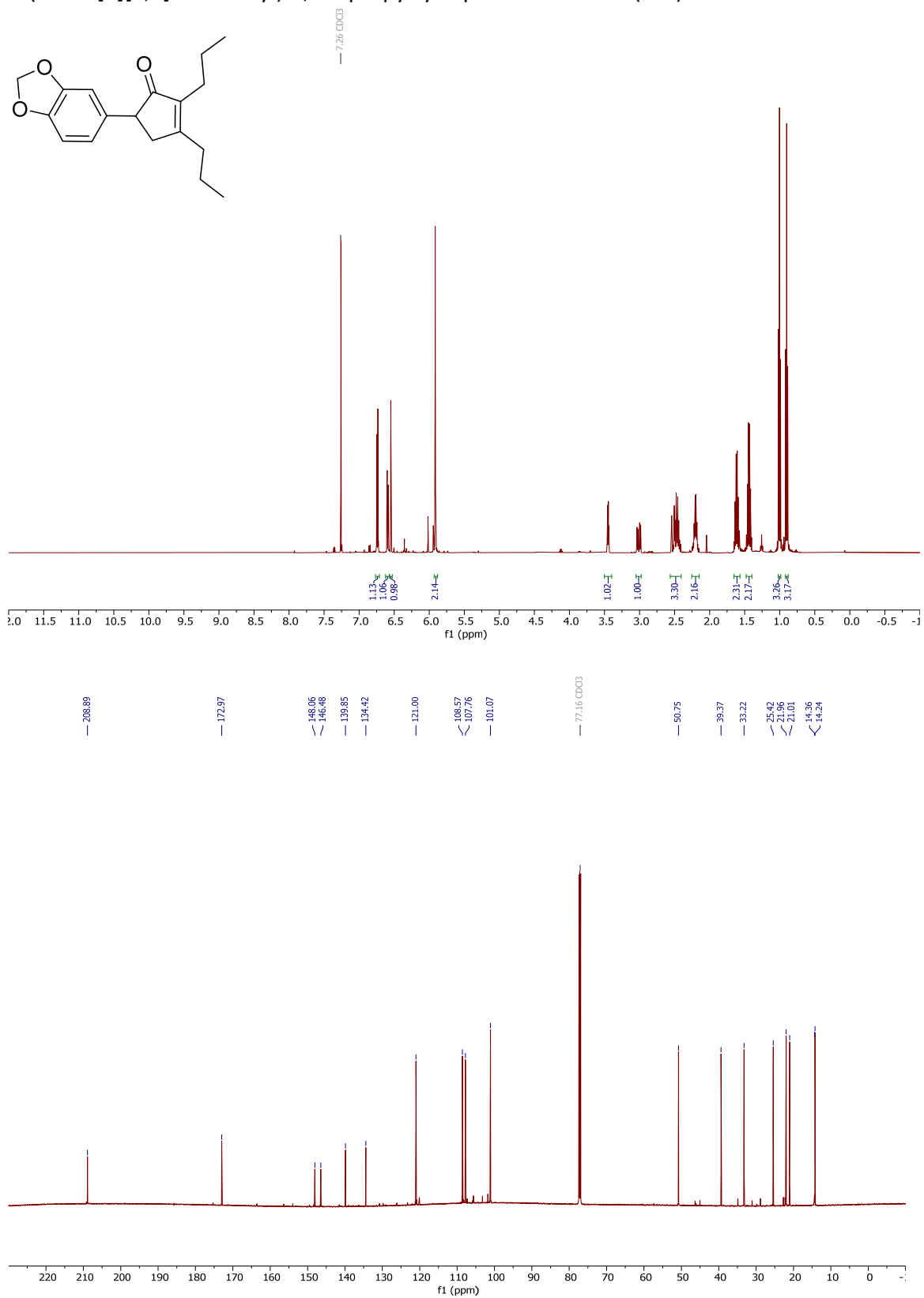


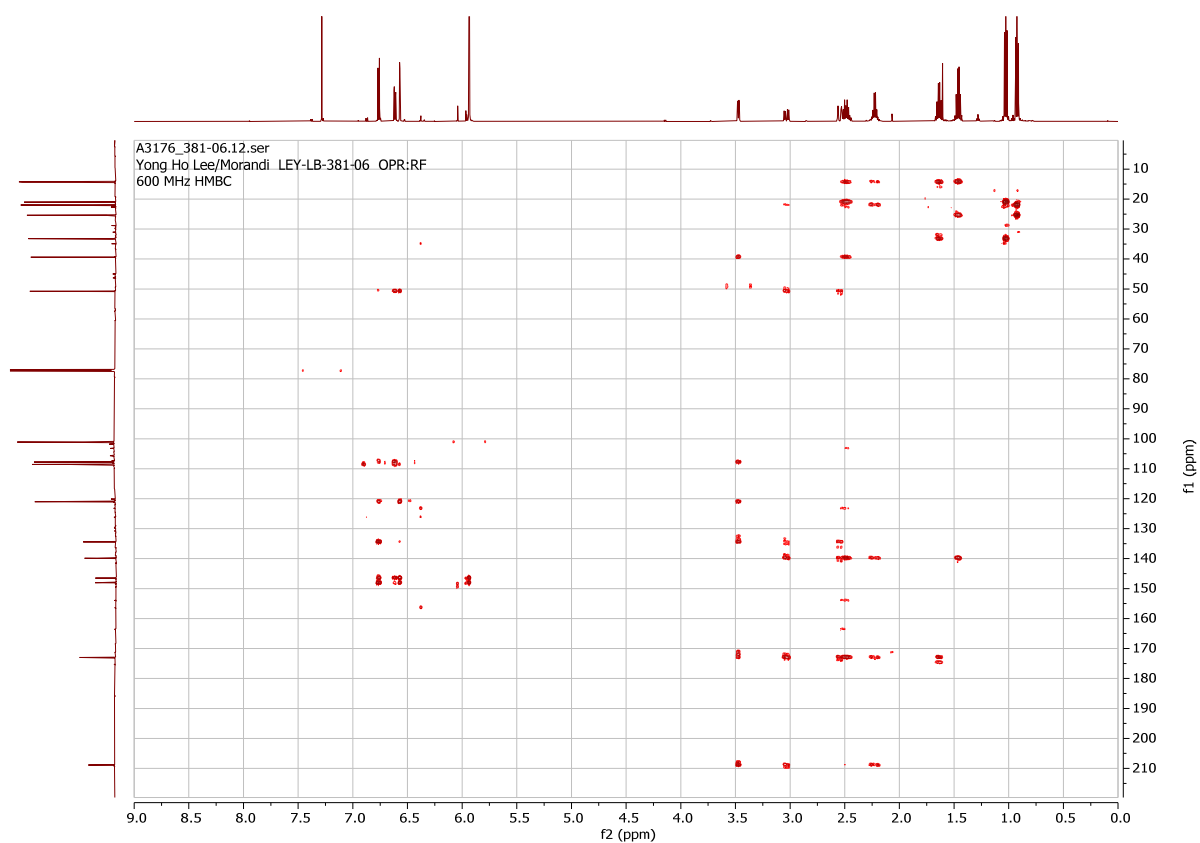
5-(3-iodophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ab**).



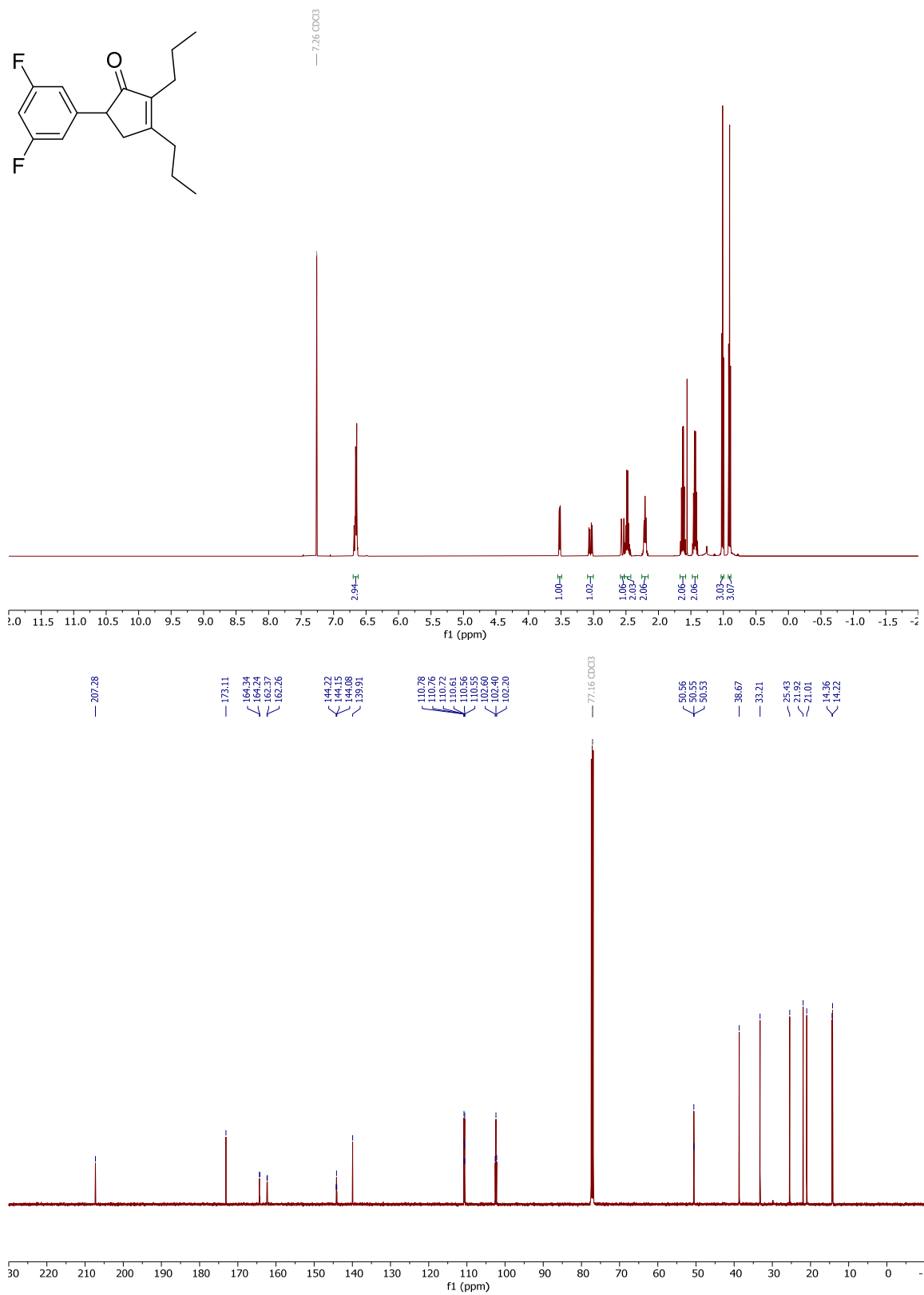


5-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ac**).

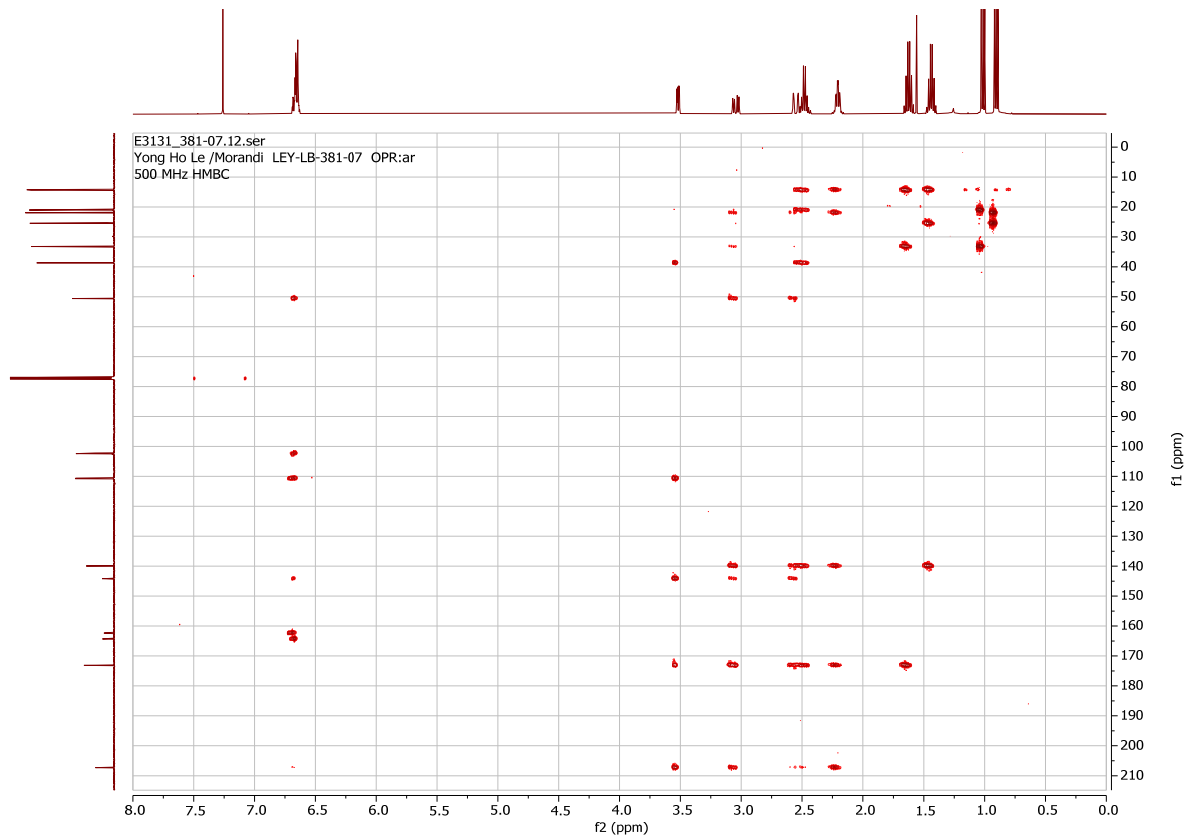
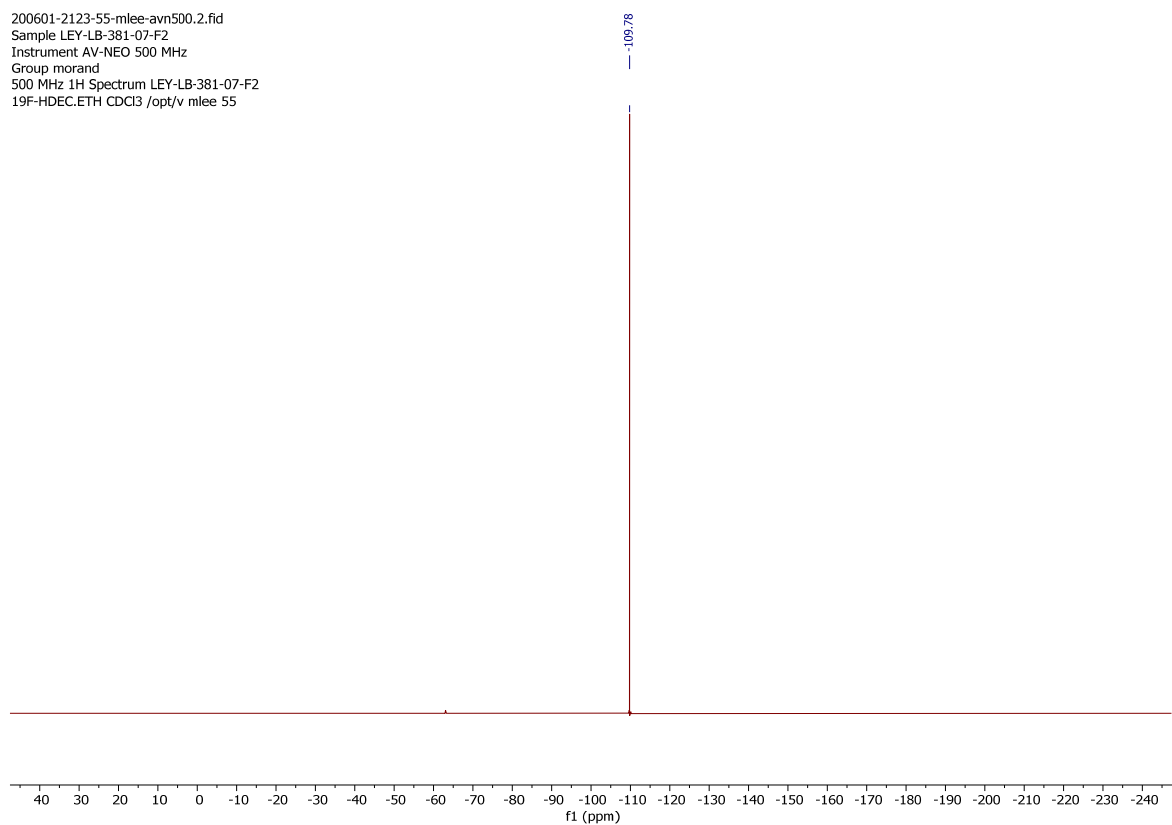




5-(3,5-difluorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ad**).

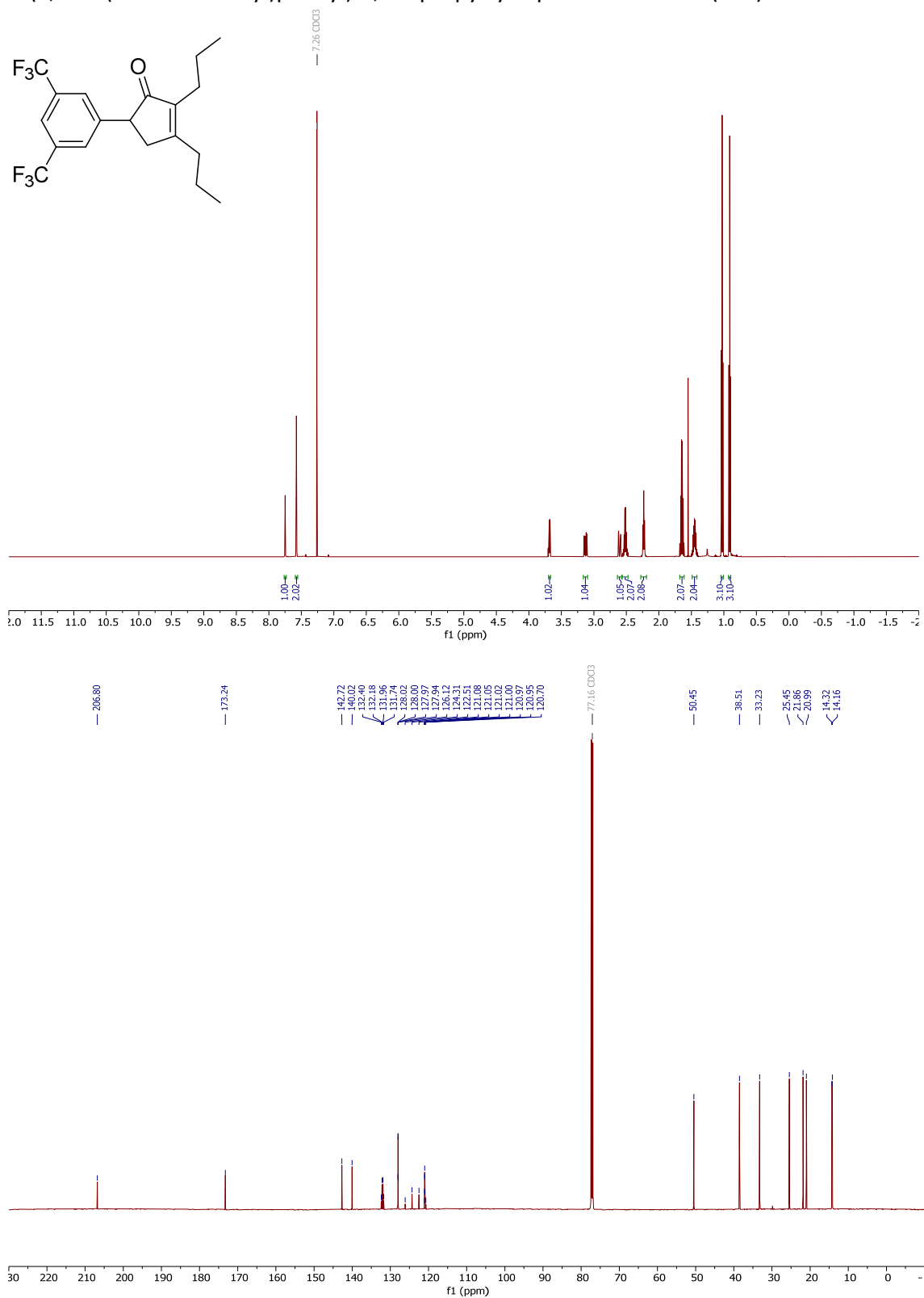


200601-2123-55-mlee-avn500.2.fid
Sample LEY-LB-381-07-F2
Instrument AV-NEO 500 MHz
Group morand
500 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-381-07-F2
19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl3 /opt/v mlee 55

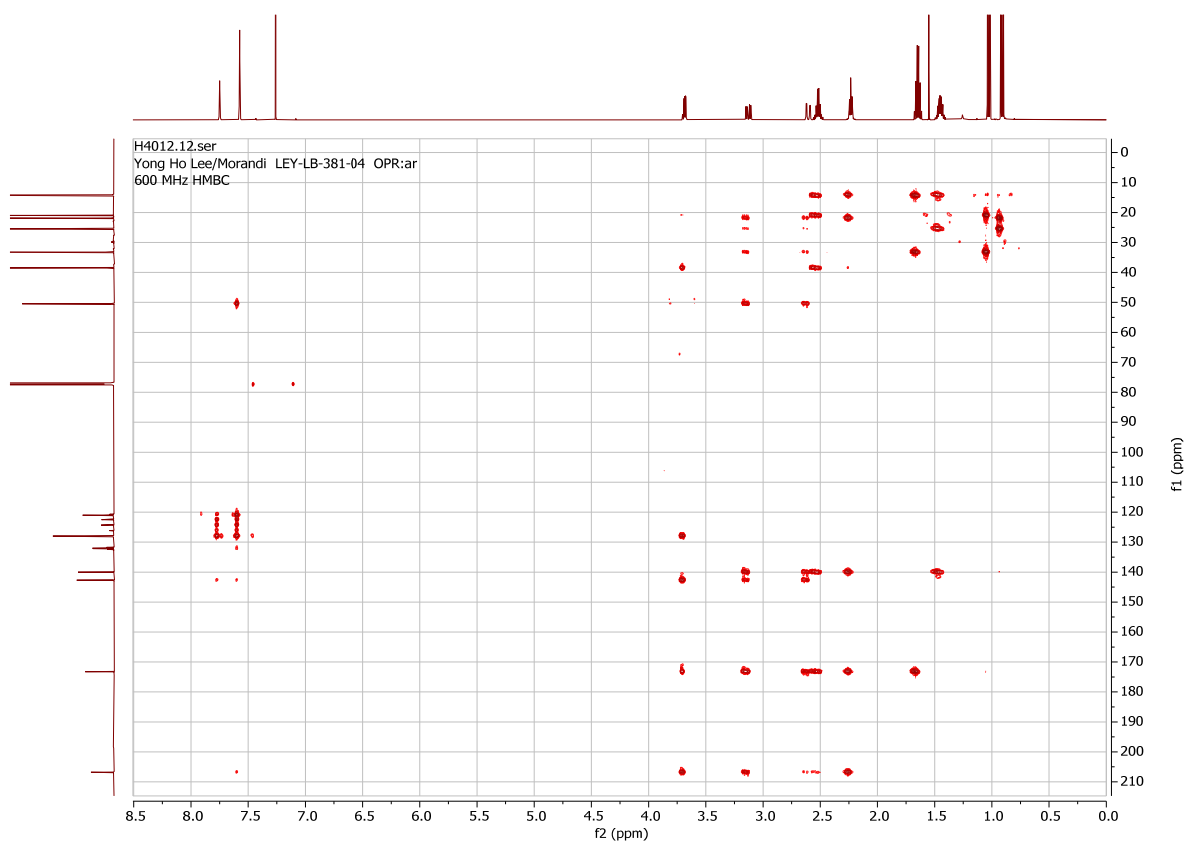
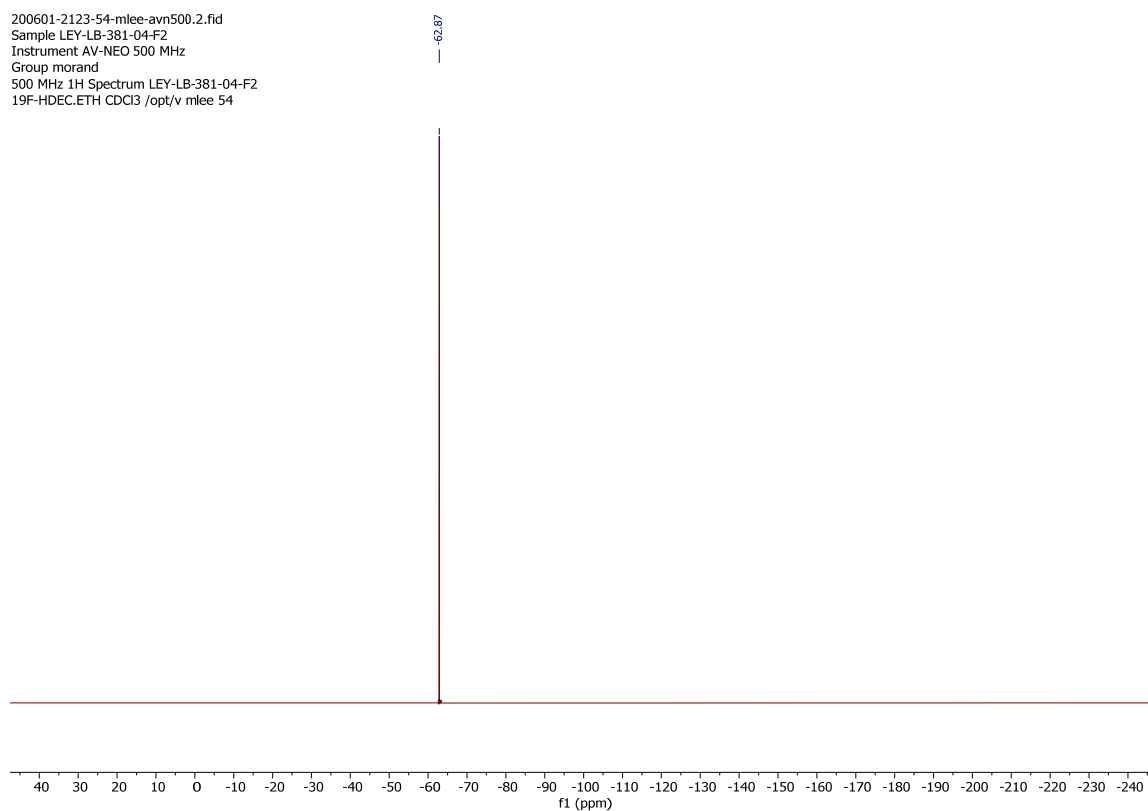


S180

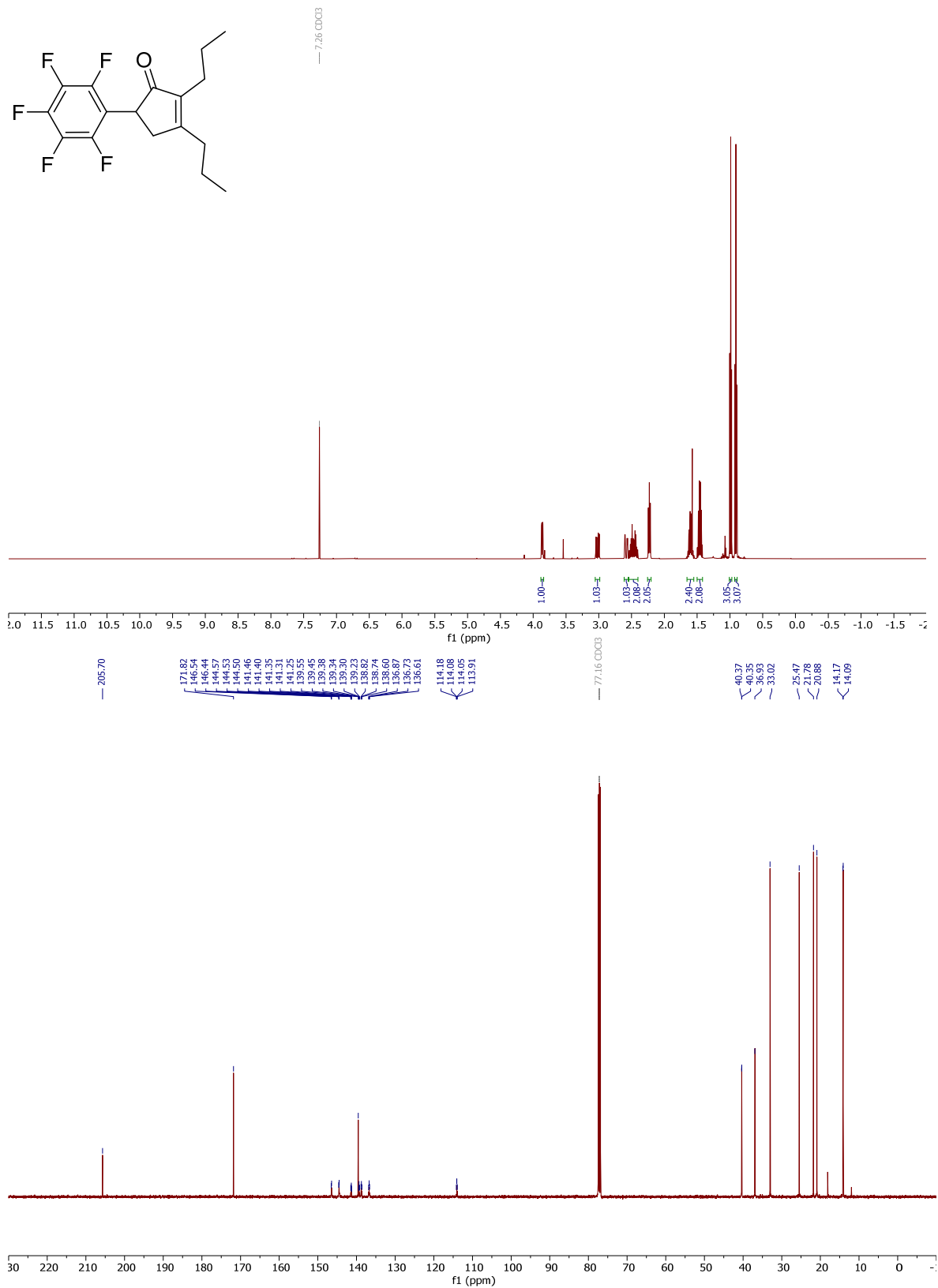
5-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ae**).



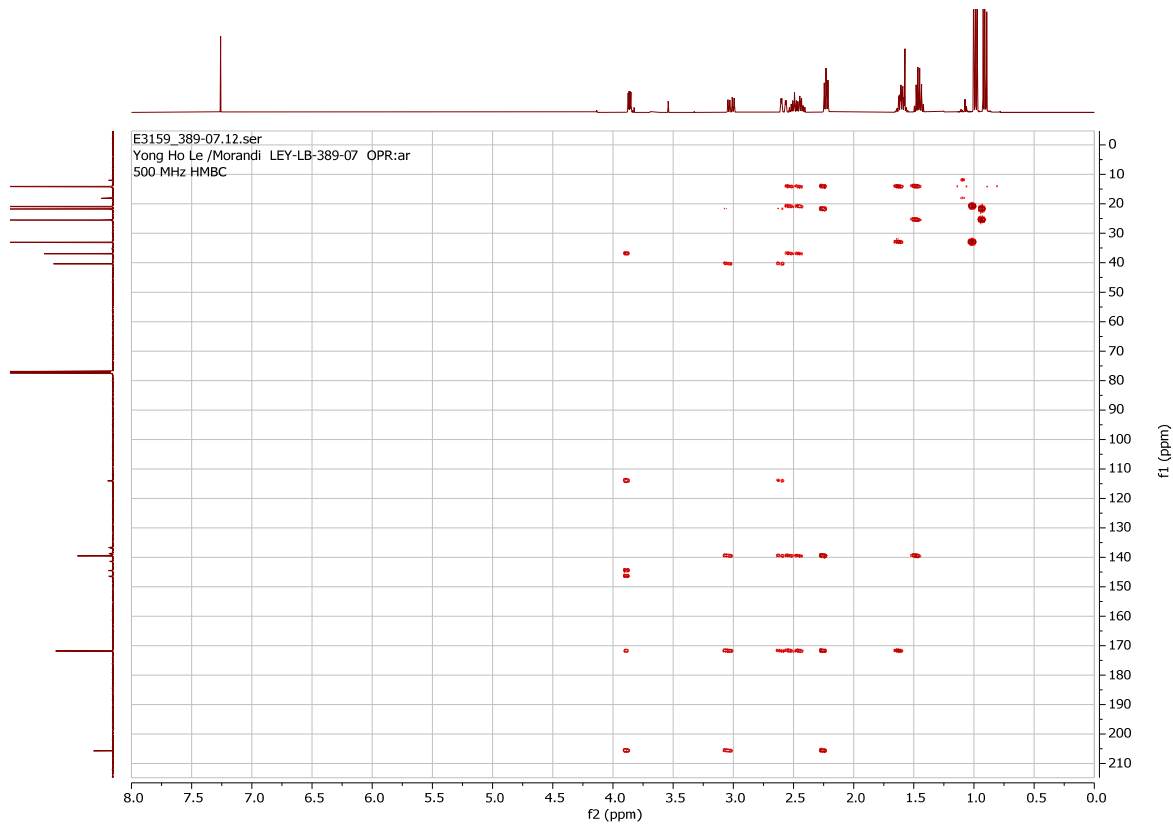
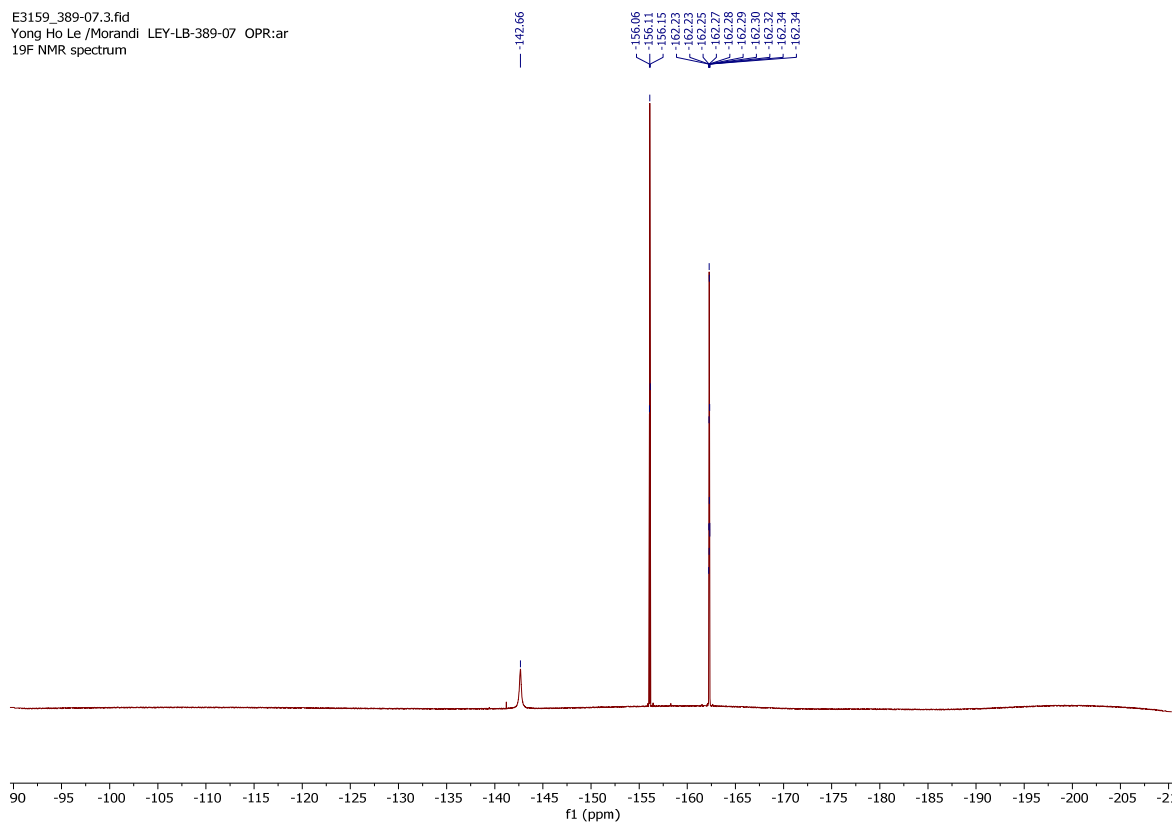
200601-2123-54-mlee-avn500.2.fid
Sample LEY-LB-381-04-F2
Instrument AV-NEO 500 MHz
Group morand
500 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-381-04-F2
19F-HDEC.ETH CDG3 /opt/v mlee 54



5-(perfluorophenyl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3af**).



E3159_389-07.3.fid
 Yong Ho Le /Morandi LEY-LB-389-07 OPR:ar
 19F NMR spectrum



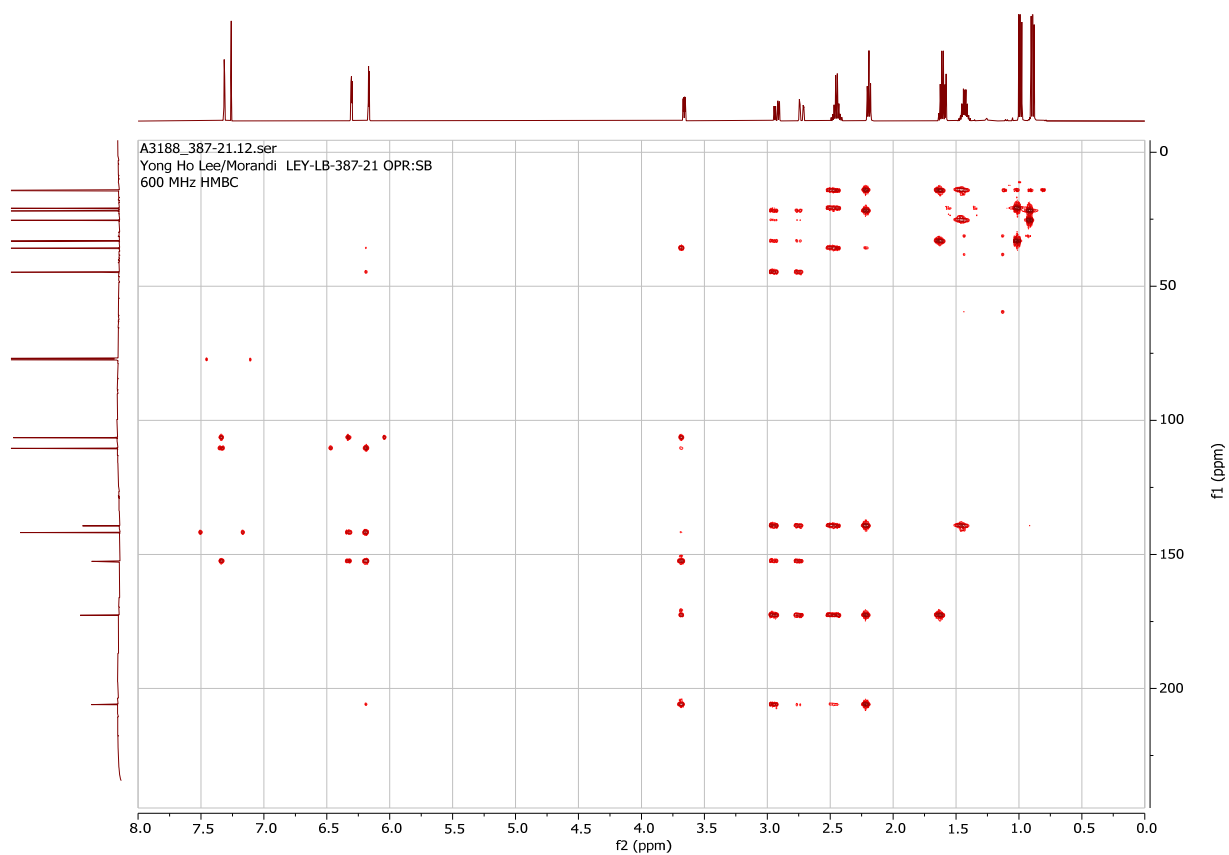
Chemical structure: CC/C=C(CCC)C(=O)C1=CC=CC=C1

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃):

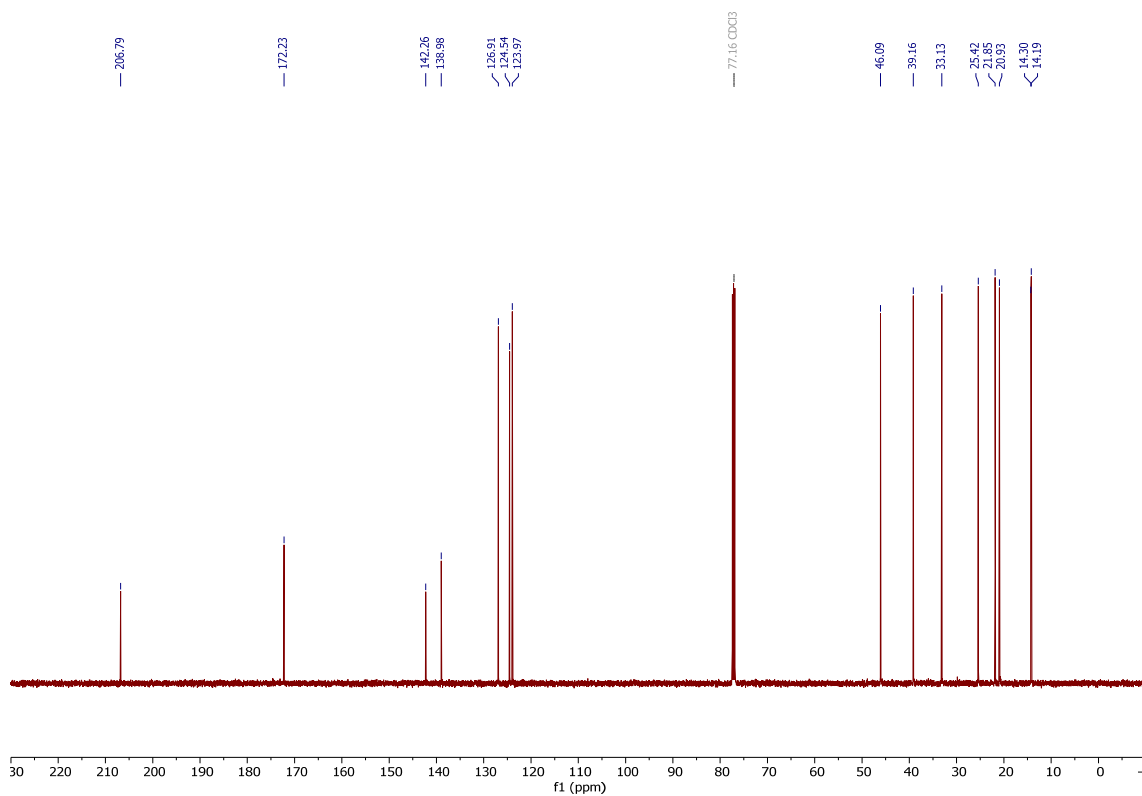
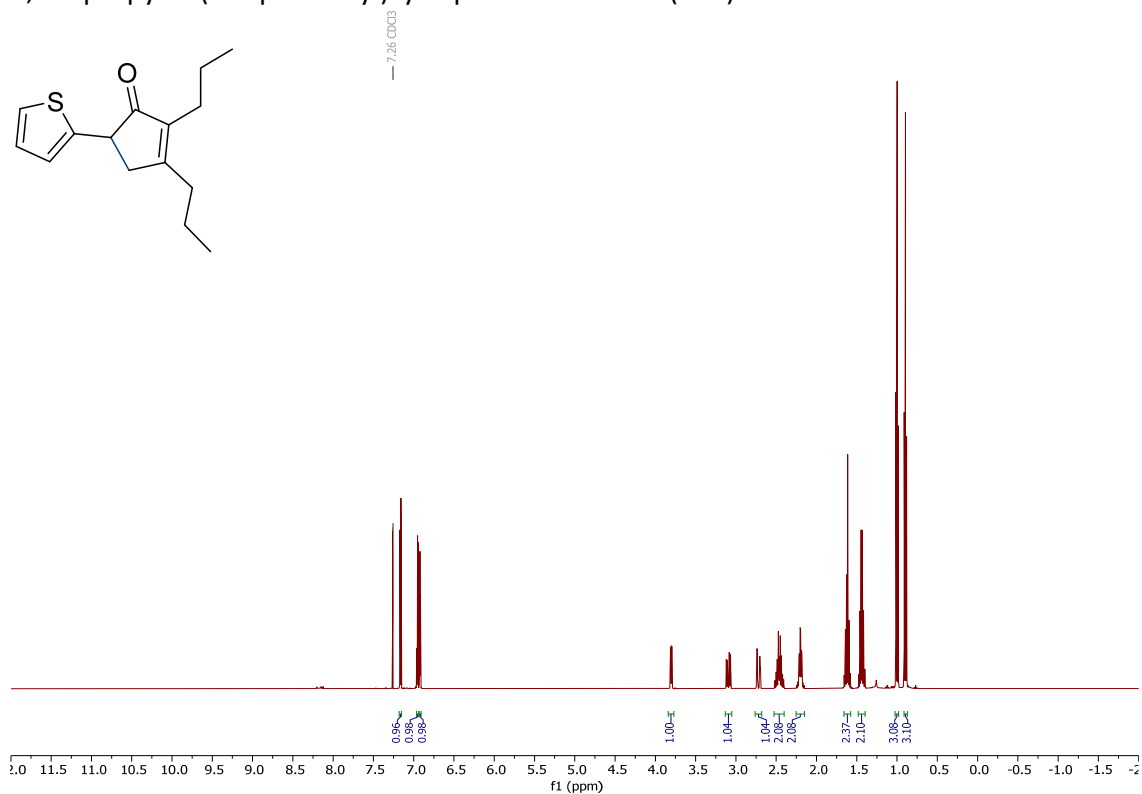
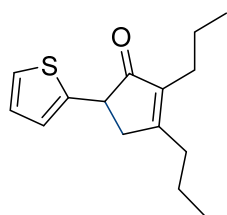
- 7.26 (d, 2H, aromatic)
- 6.28 (d, 1H, aromatic)
- 6.18 (d, 1H, aromatic)
- 3.58 (t, 2H, CH₂)
- 2.58 (m, 2H, CH₂)
- 2.48 (m, 2H, CH₂)
- 2.30 (m, 2H, CH₂)
- 2.11 (m, 2H, CH₂)
- 1.00 (m, 4H, CH₃)

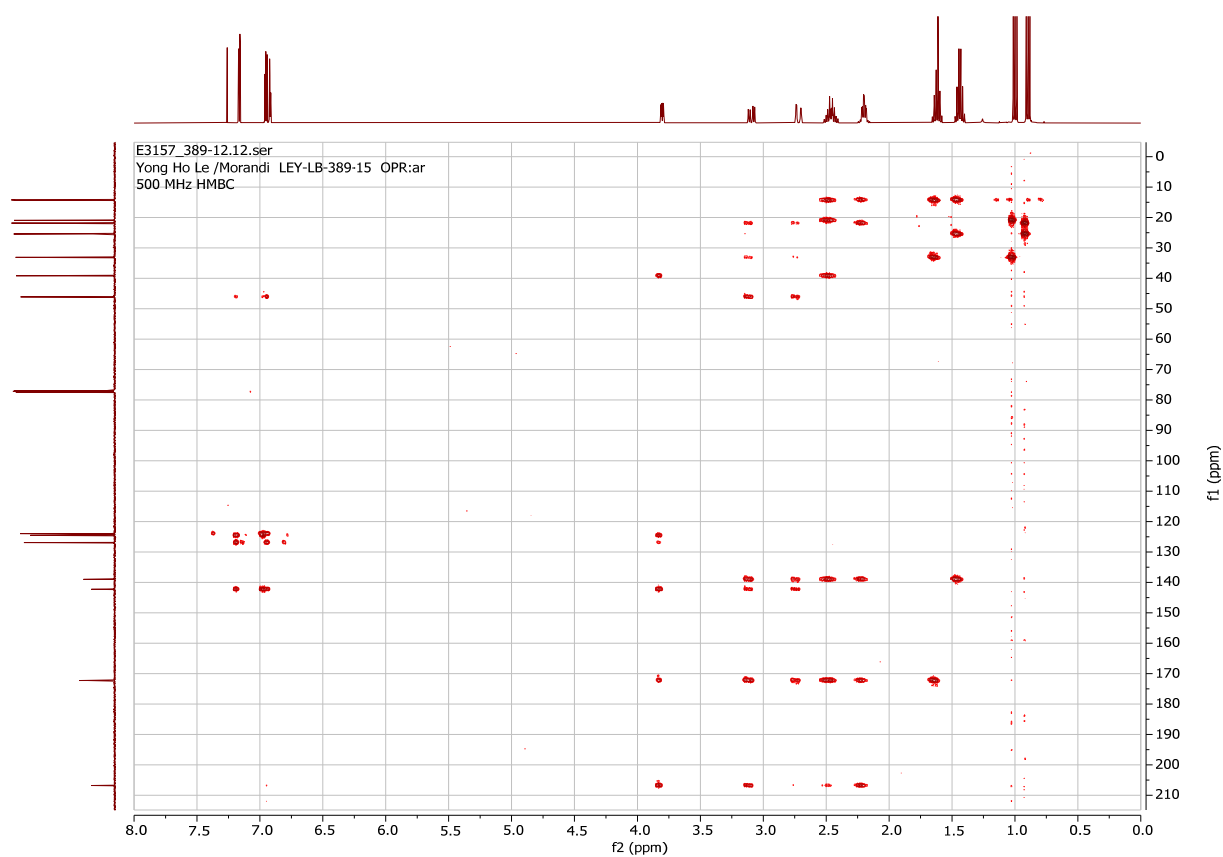
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃):

- 205.99 (C=O)
- 172.70 (C=C)
- 152.56 (C=C)
- 141.85 (C=C)
- 139.34 (C=C)
- 110.45 (C=C)
- 106.44 (C=C)
- 77.16 (CDCl₃)
- 44.76 (CH₂)
- 35.79 (CH₂)
- 33.17 (CH₂)
- 25.39 (CH₃)
- 21.89 (CH₃)
- 20.91 (CH₃)
- 14.29 (CH₃)
- 14.18 (CH₃)

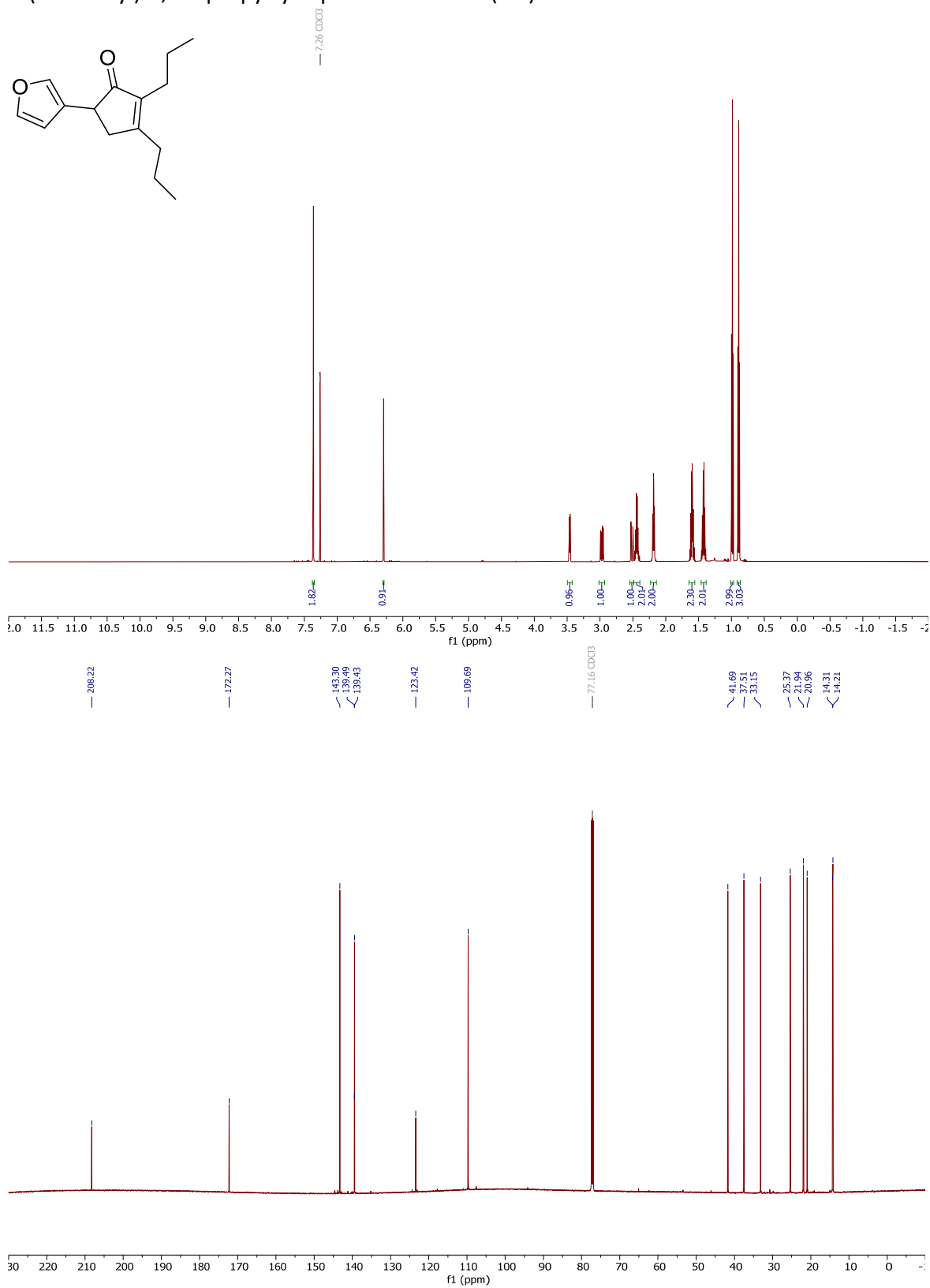


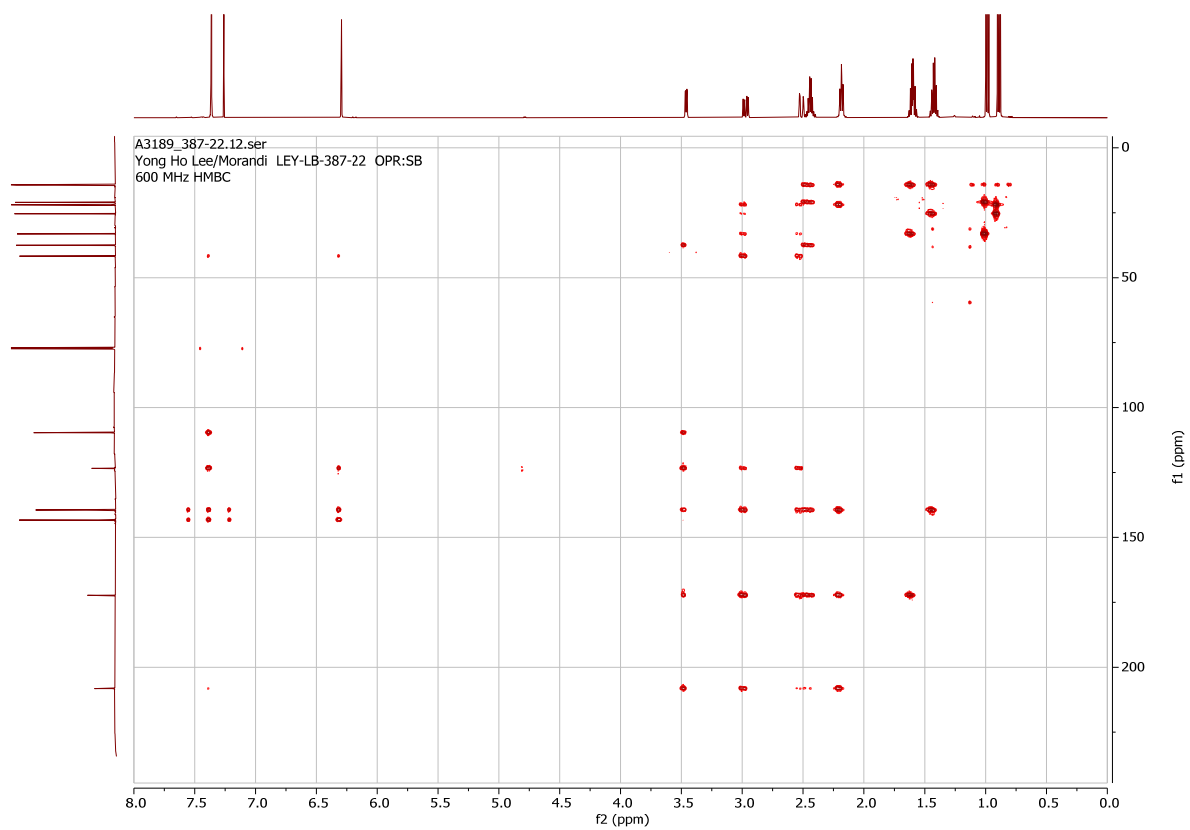
2,3-dipropyl-5-(thiophen-2-yl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ah**).



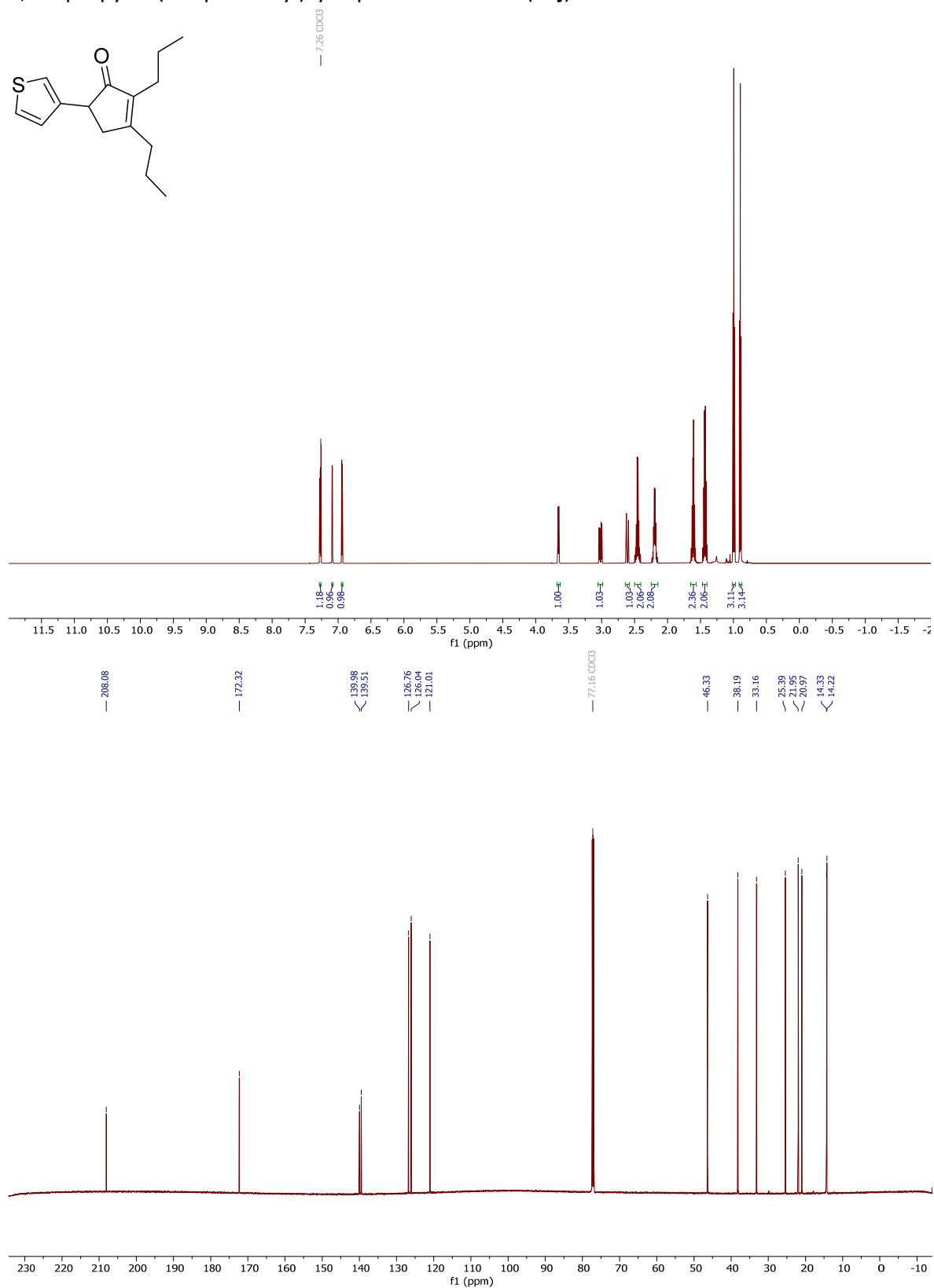
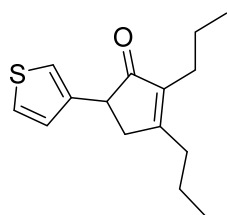


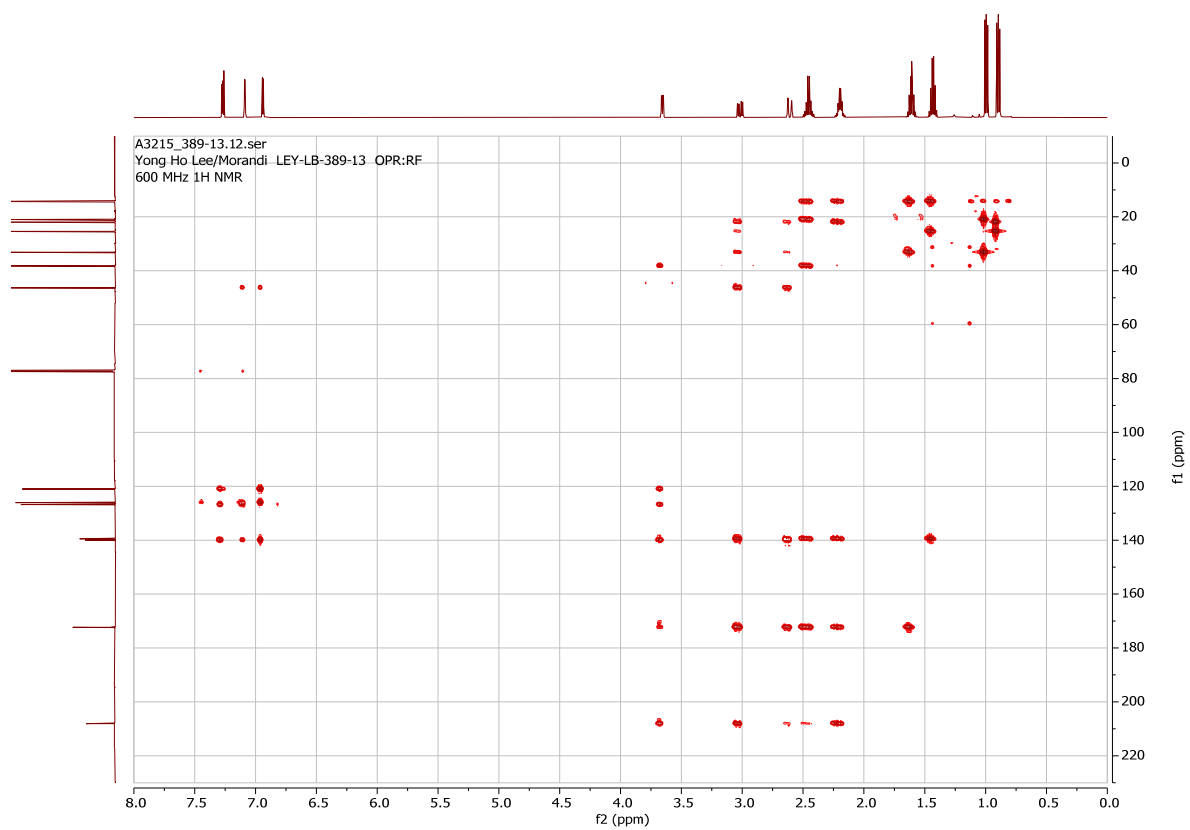
5-(furan-3-yl)-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ai**).



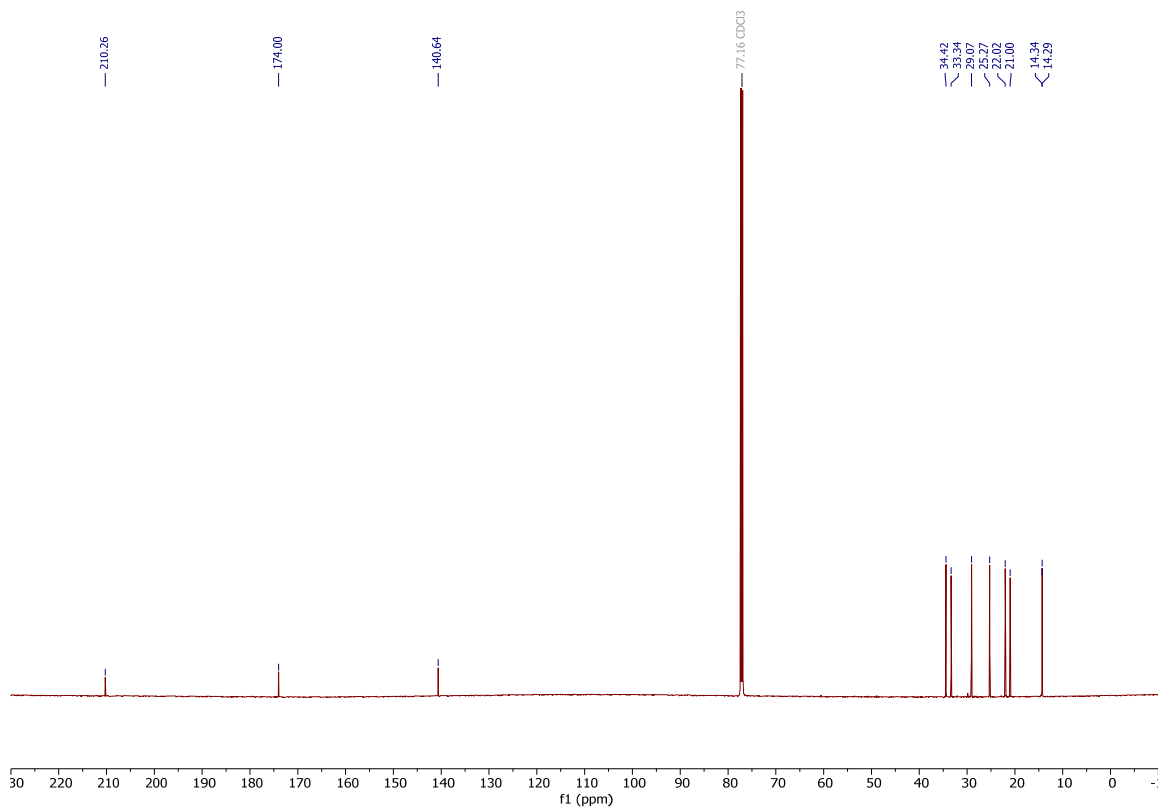
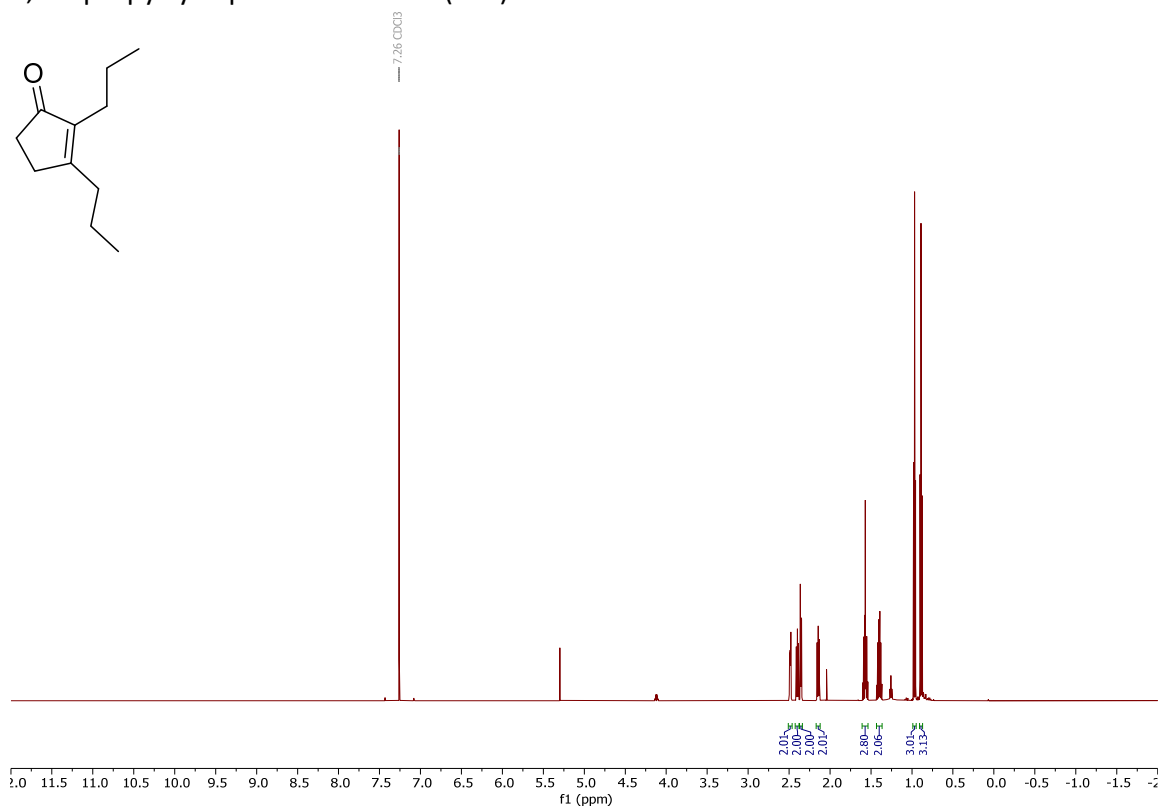
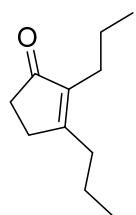


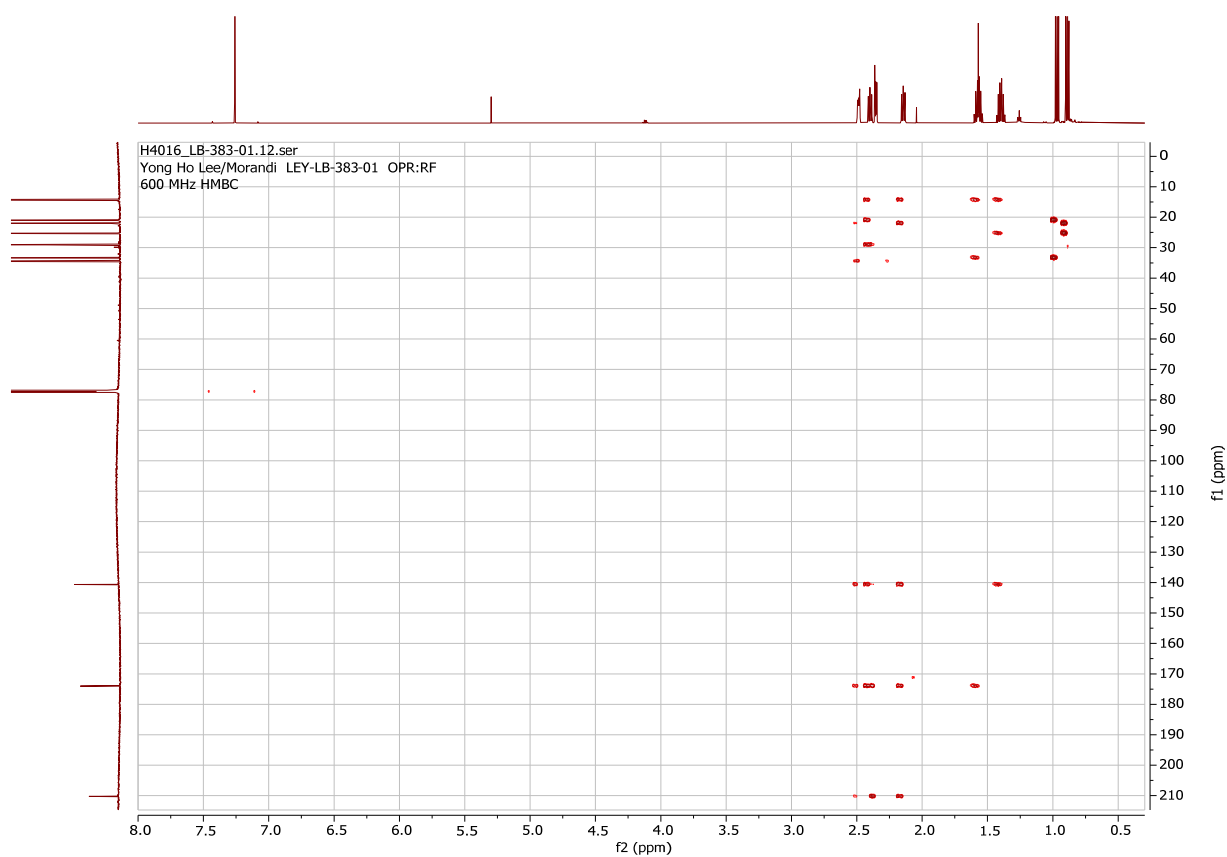
2,3-dipropyl-5-(thiophen-3-yl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3aj**).



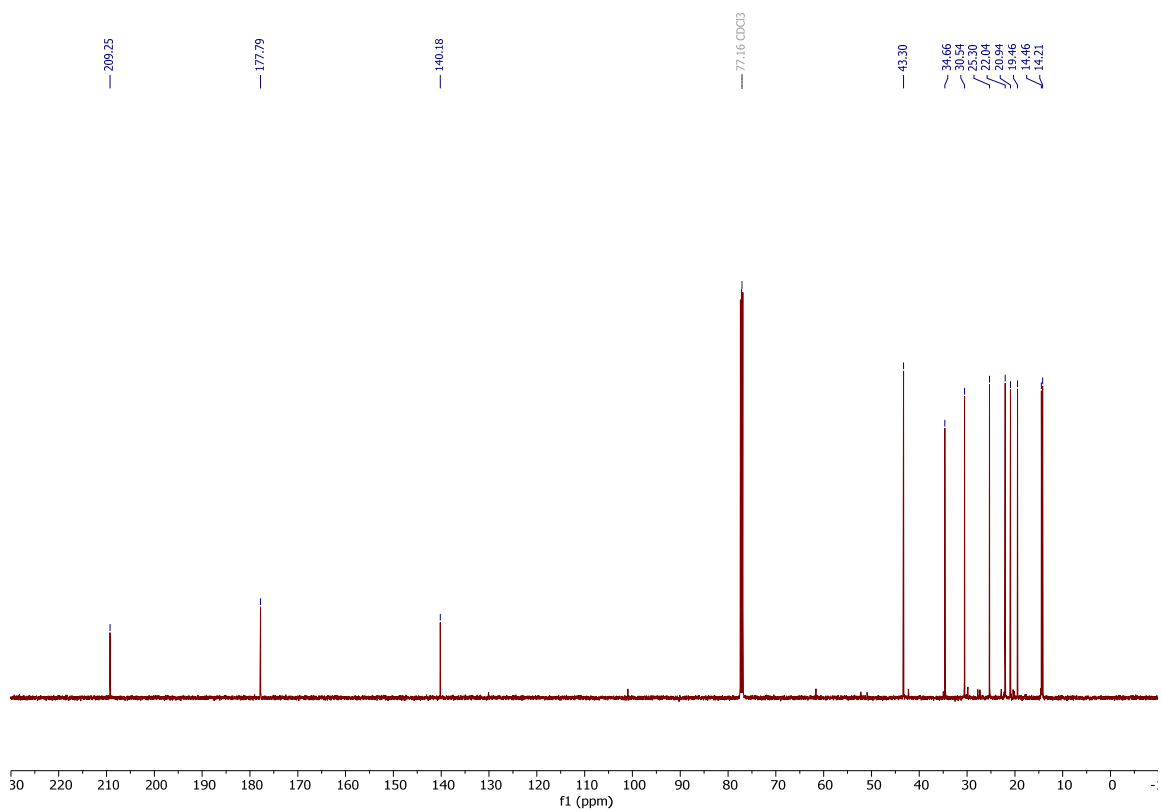
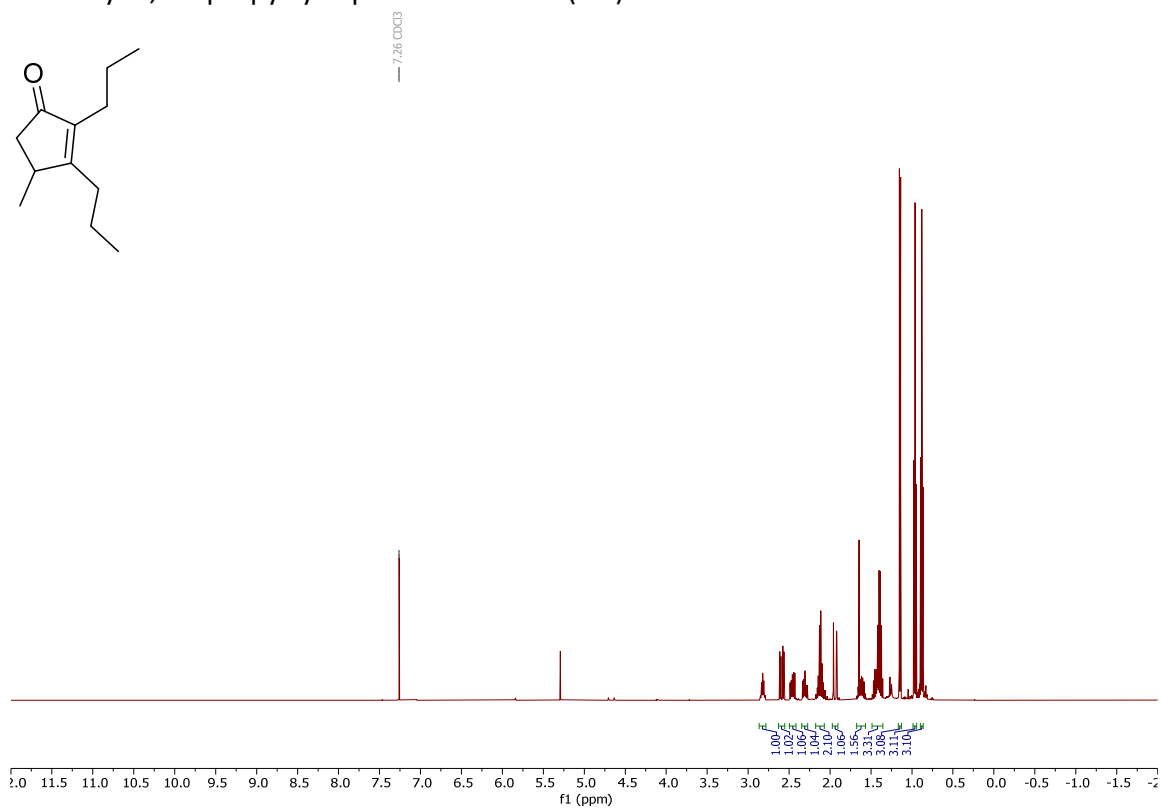
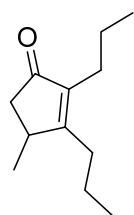


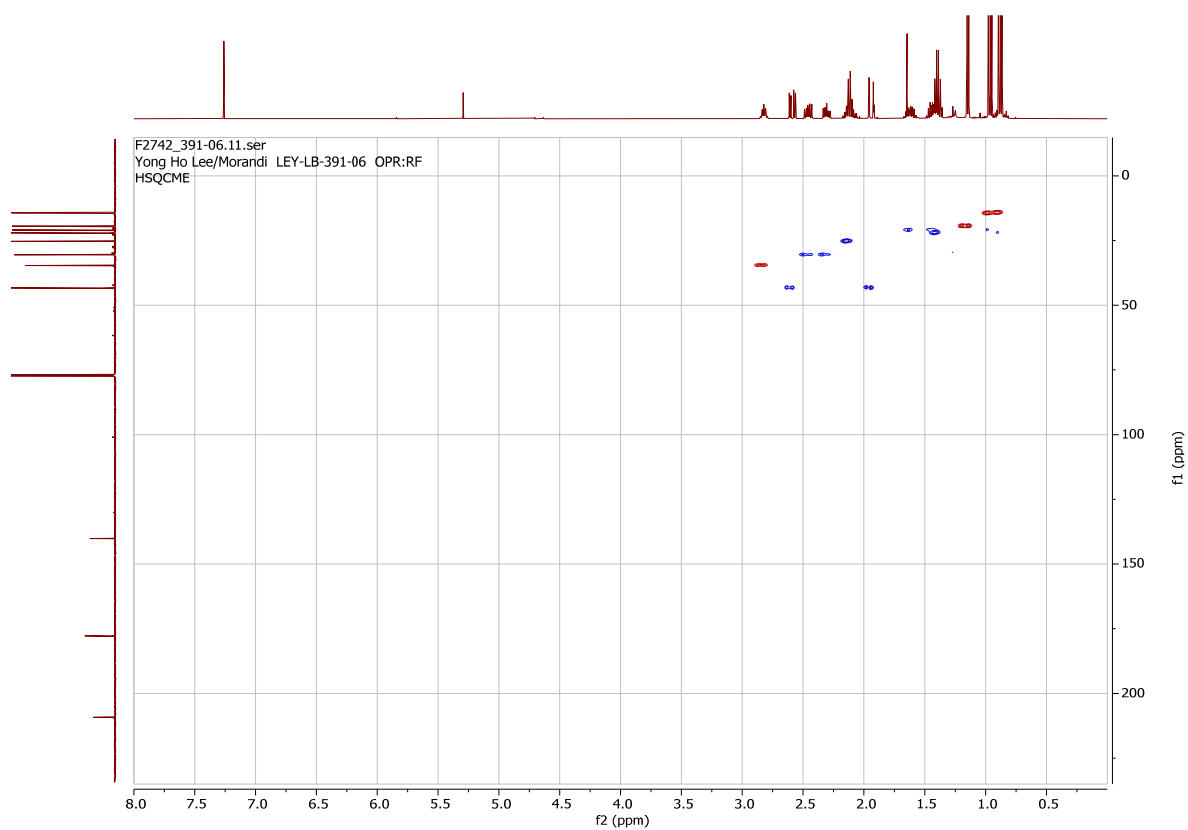
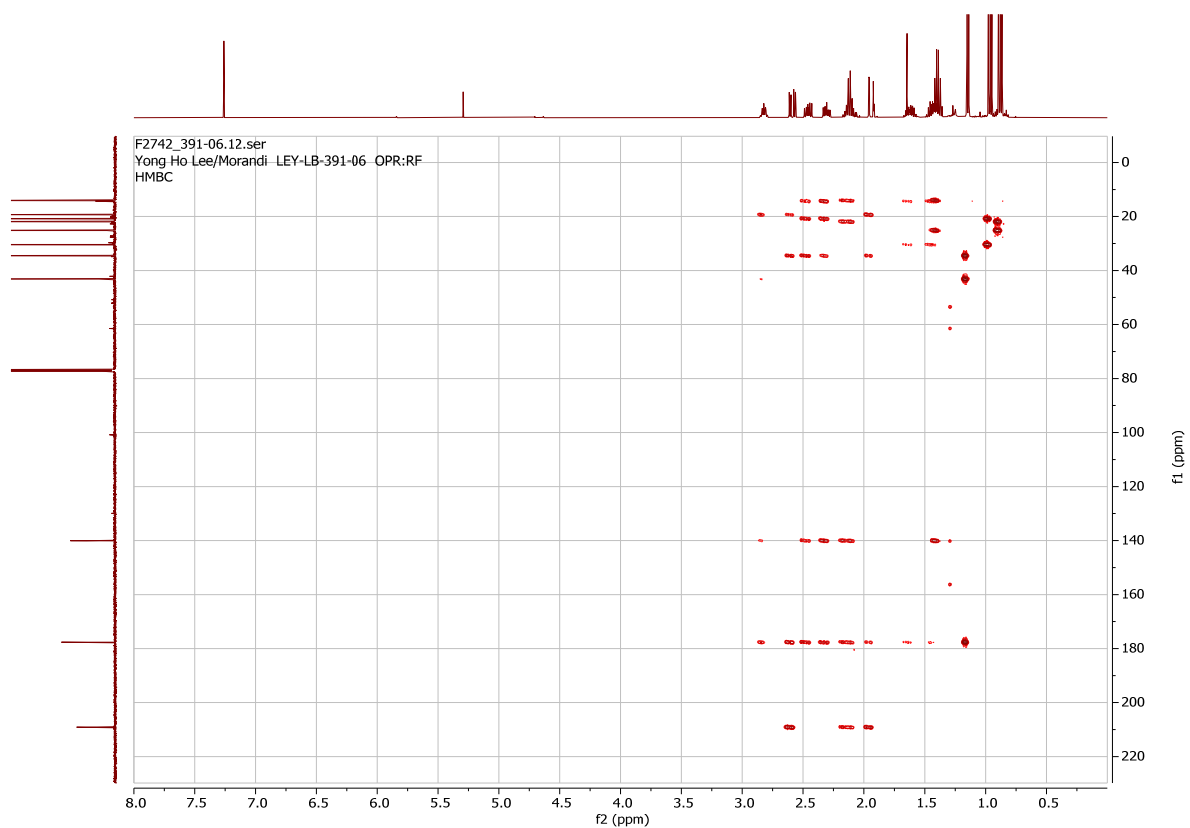
2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ak**).



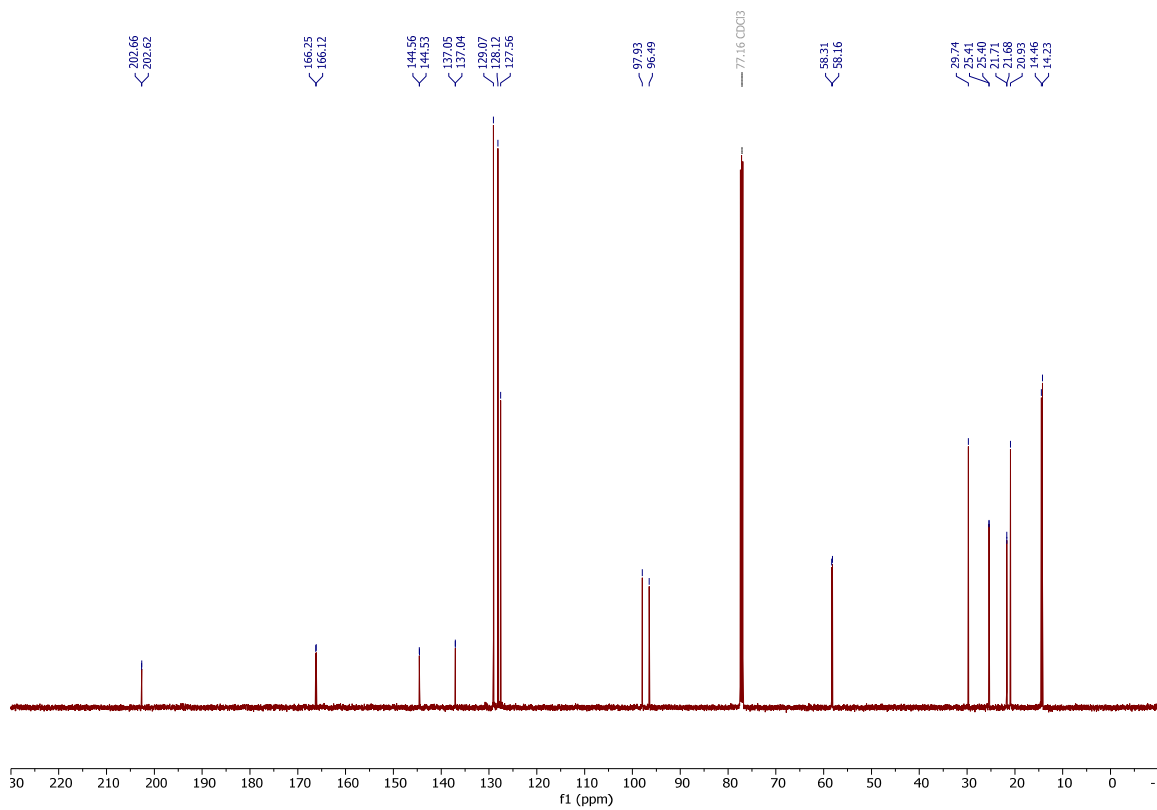
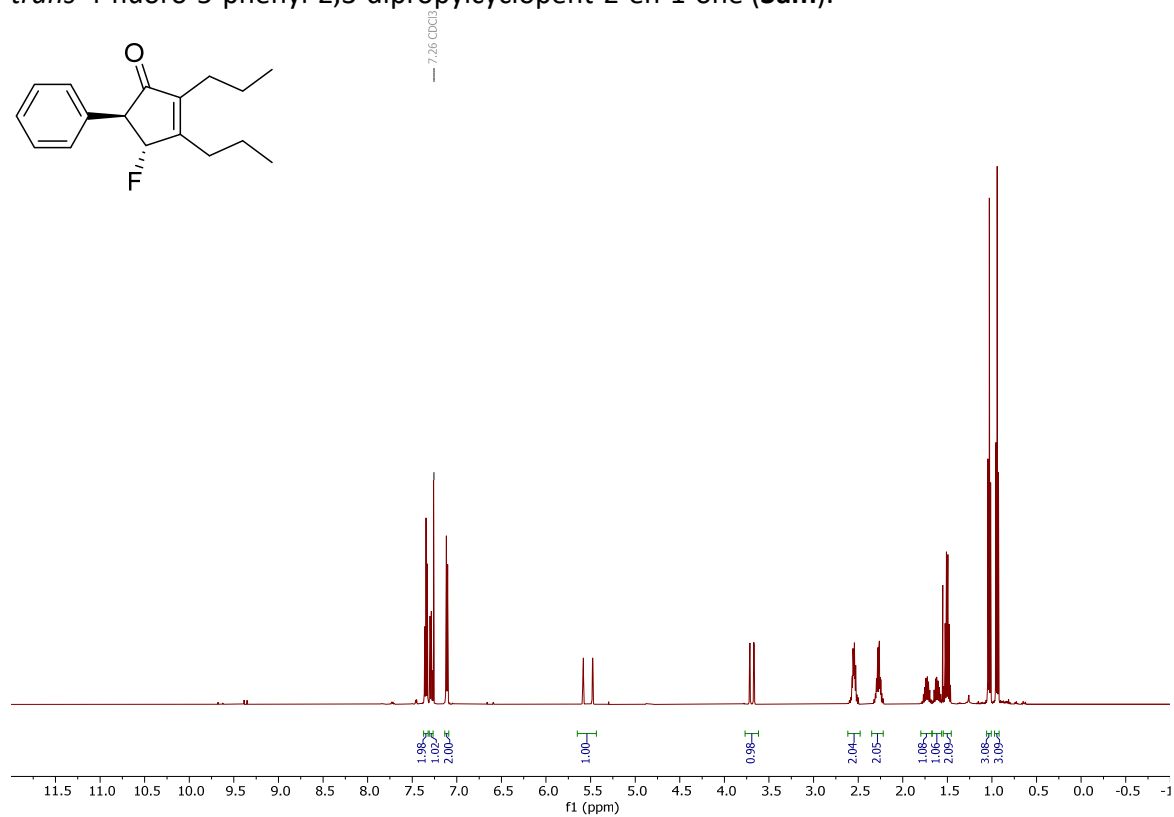
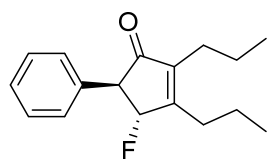


4-methyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3al**).

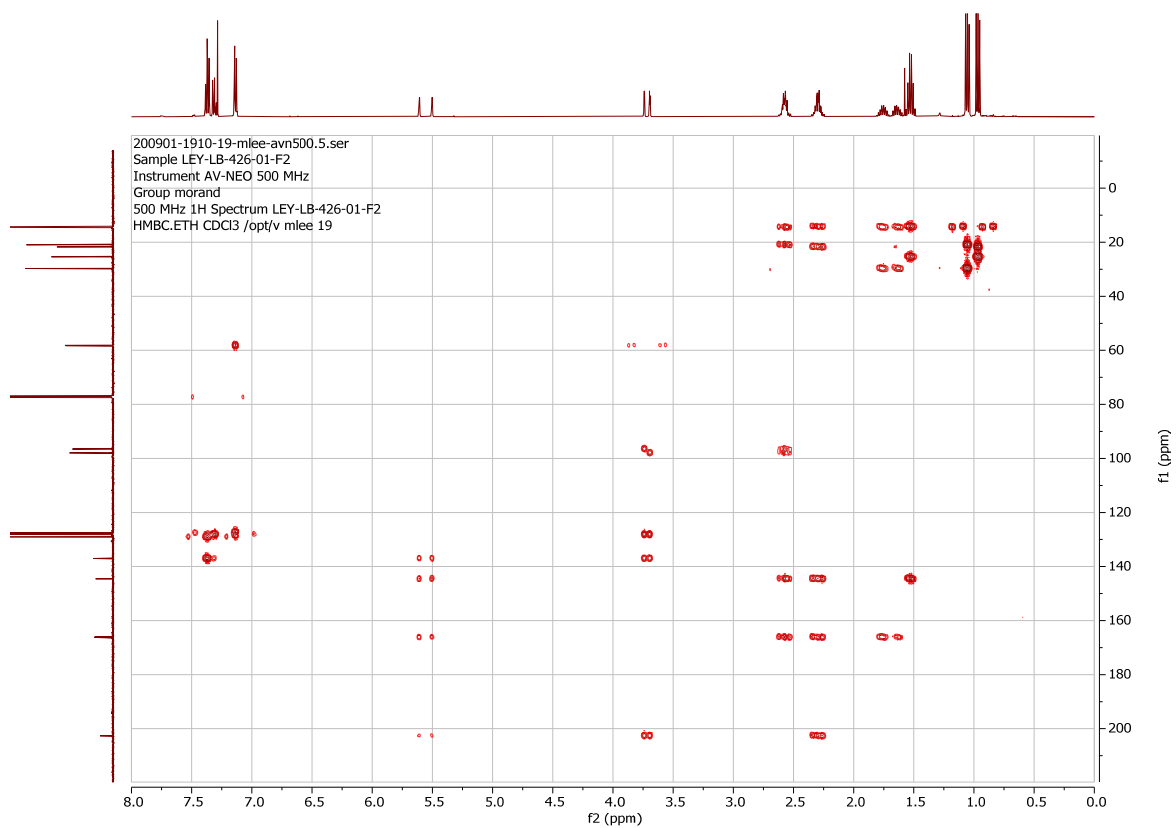
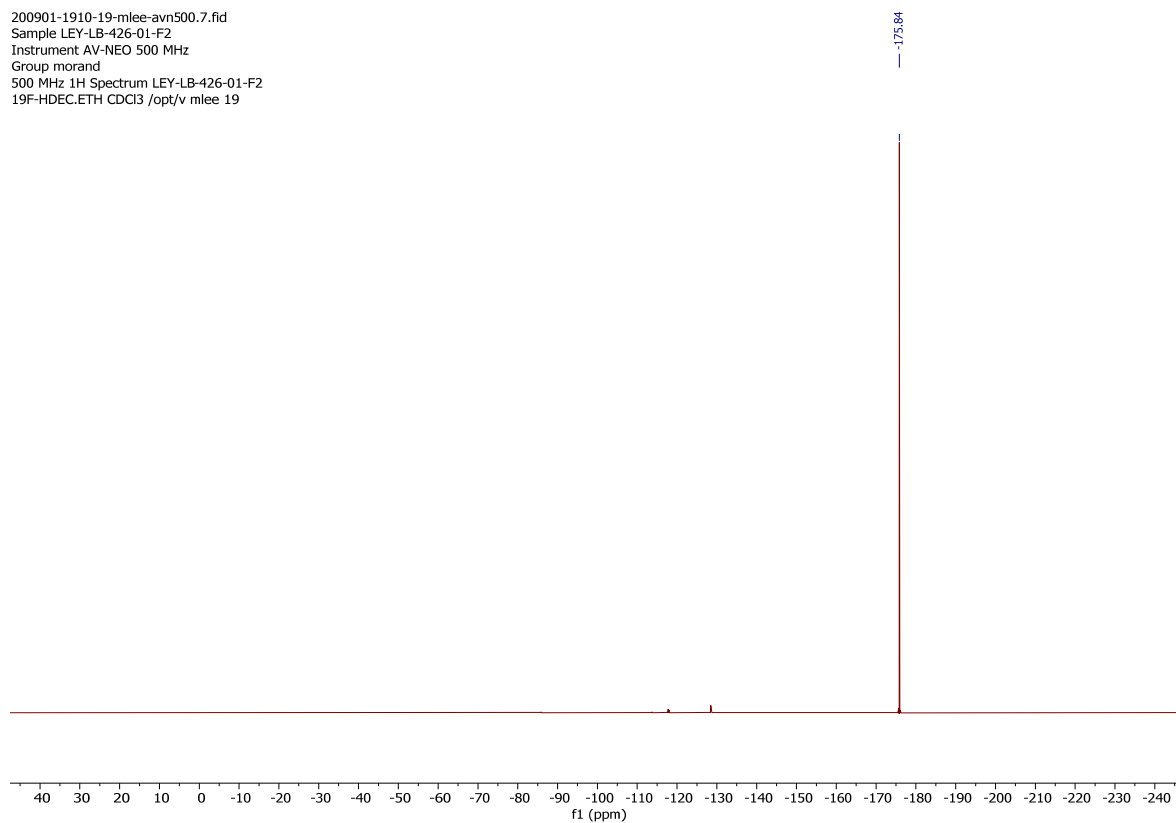


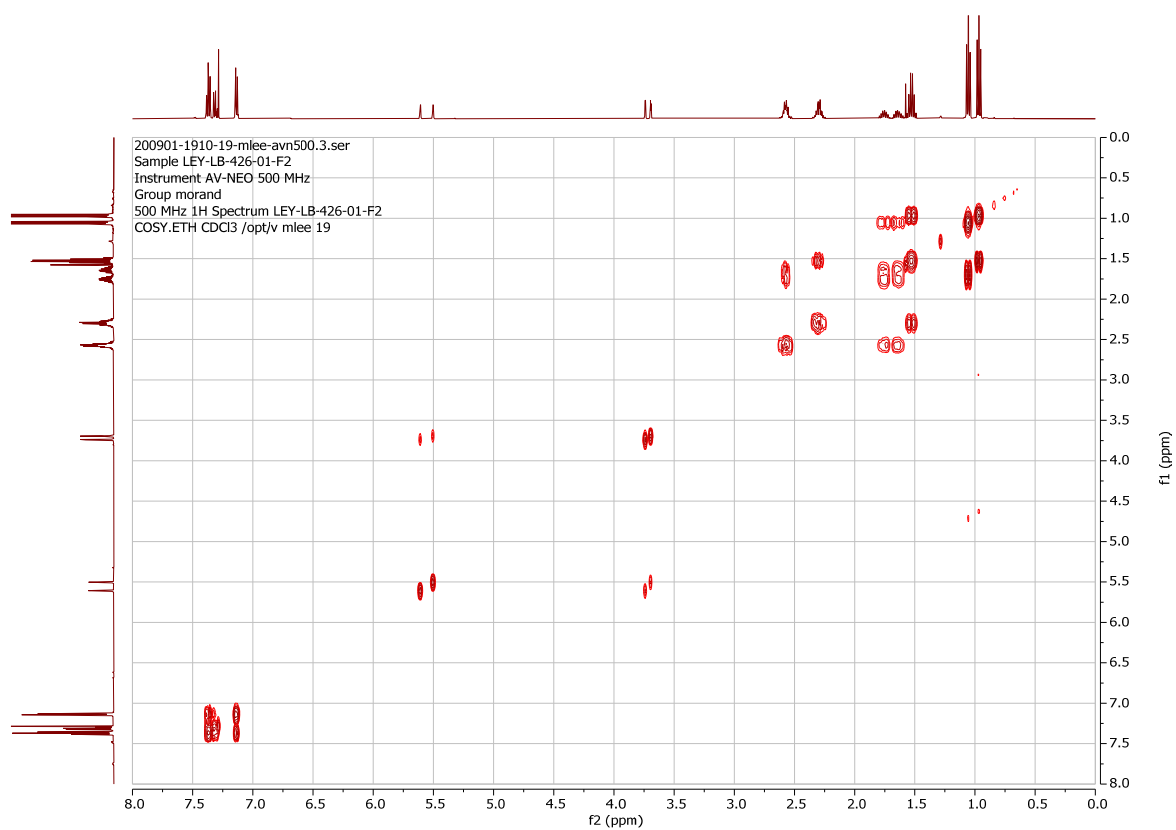
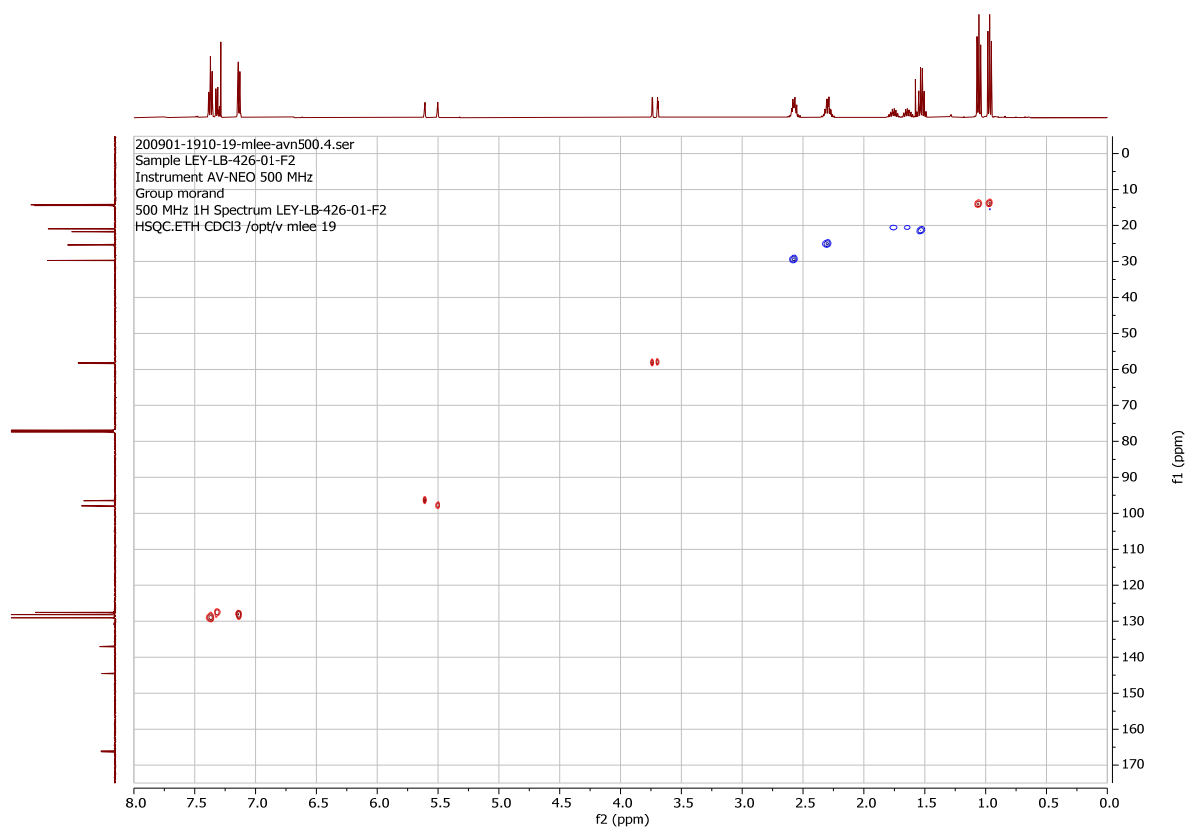


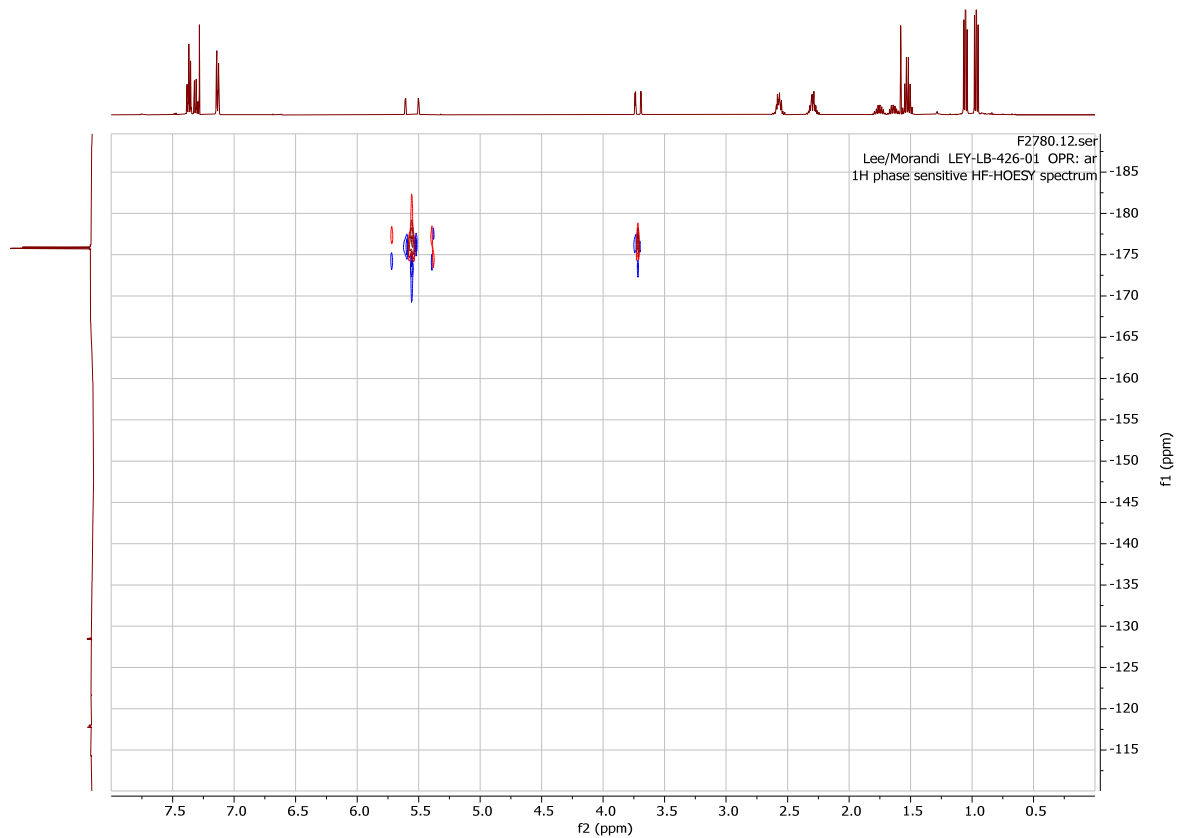
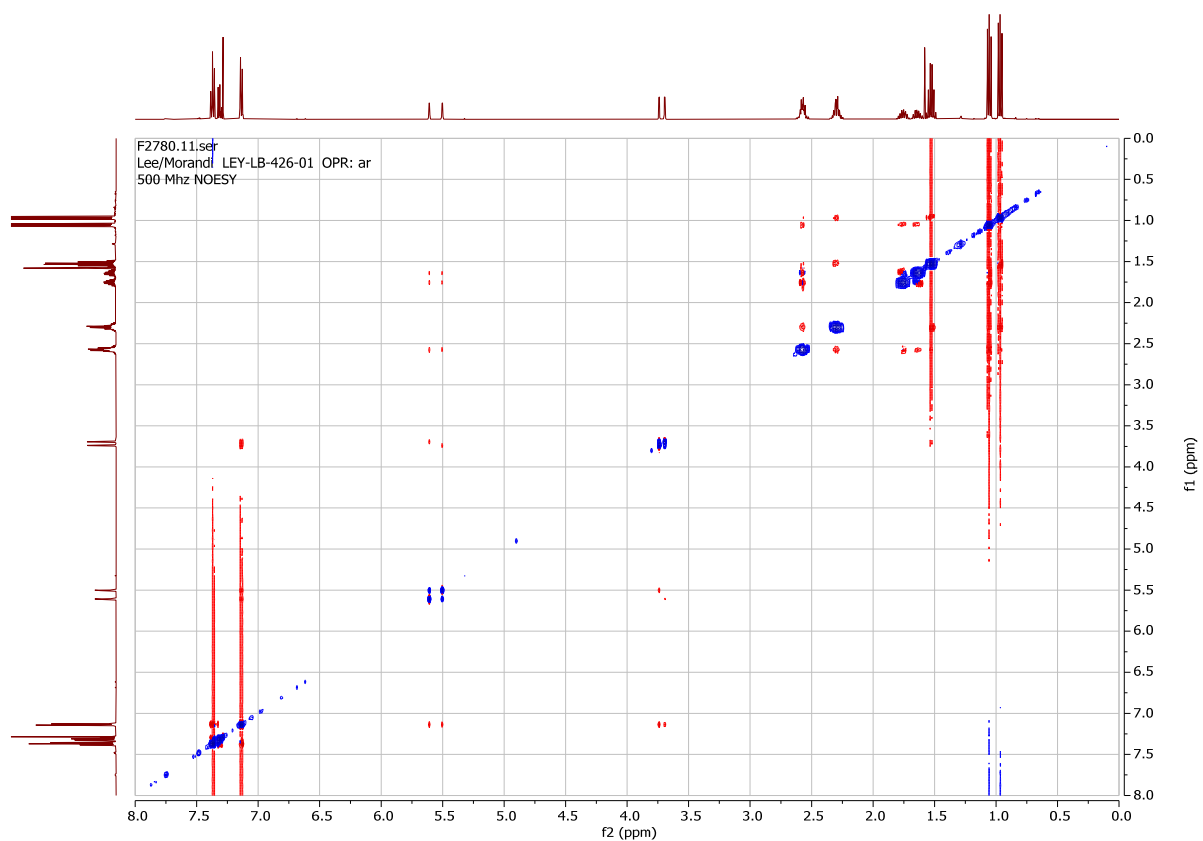
trans-4-fluoro-5-phenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3am**).



200901-1910-19-mlee-avn500.7.fid
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Instrument AV-NEO 500 MHz
Group morand
500 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-426-01-F2
19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl3 /opt/v mlee 19

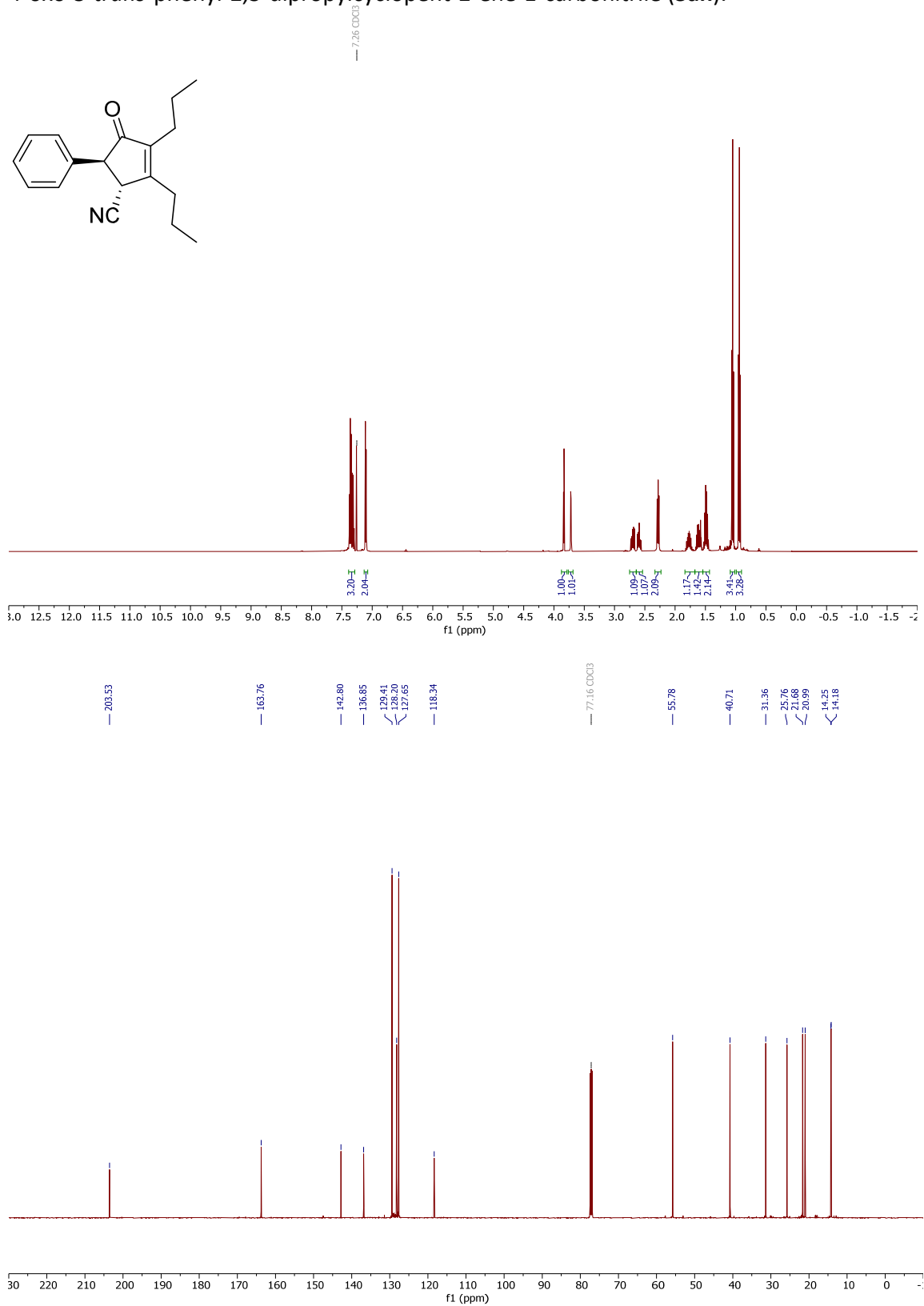


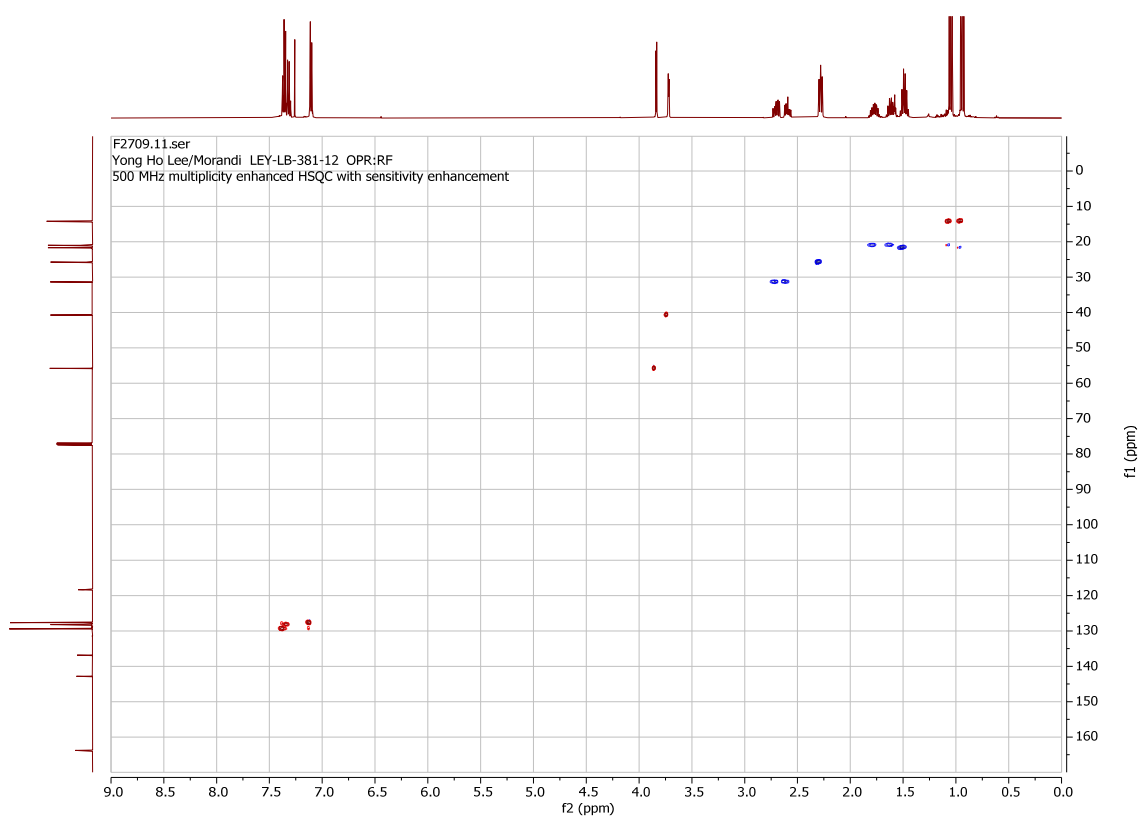
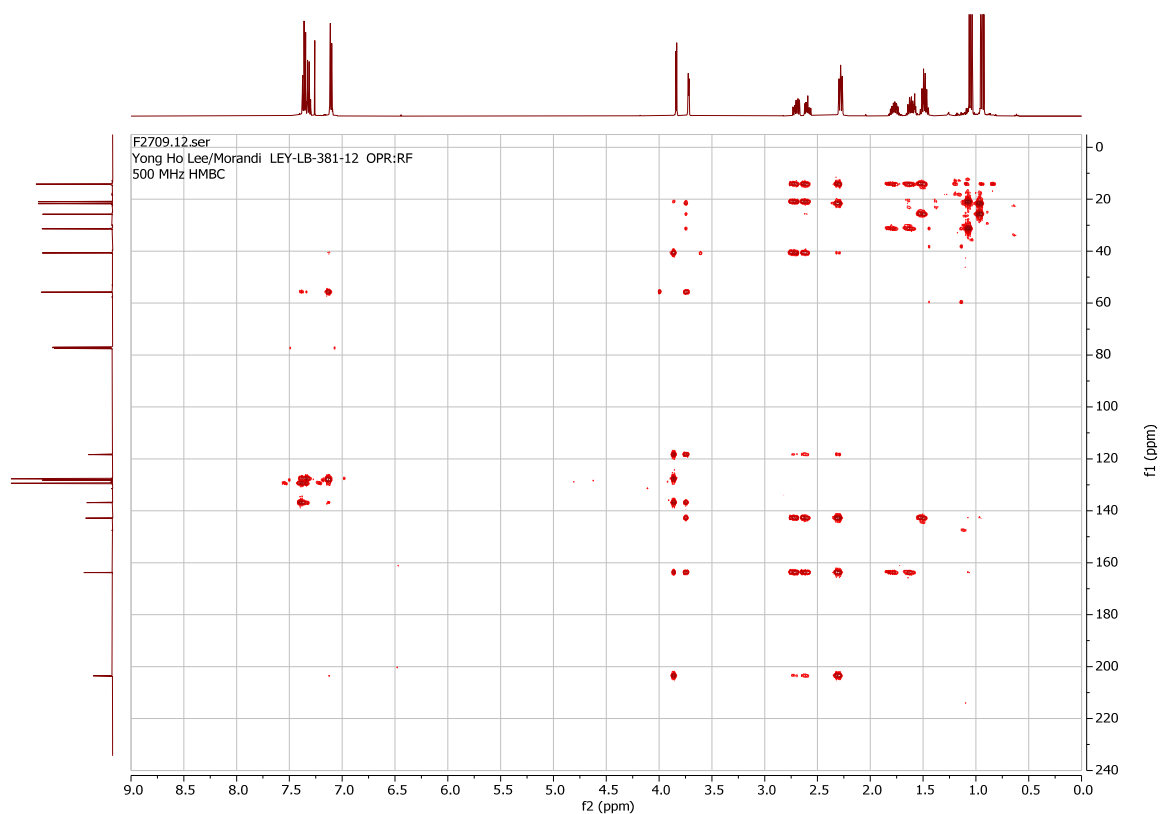


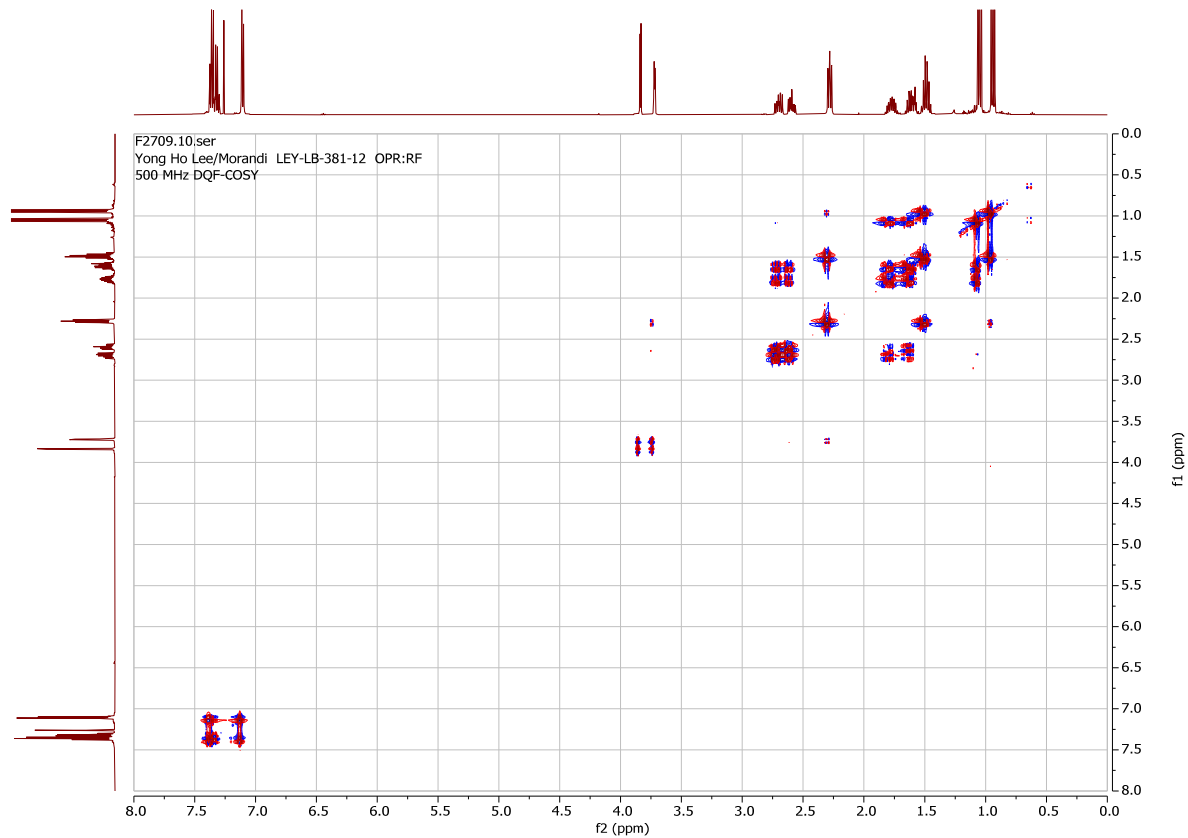
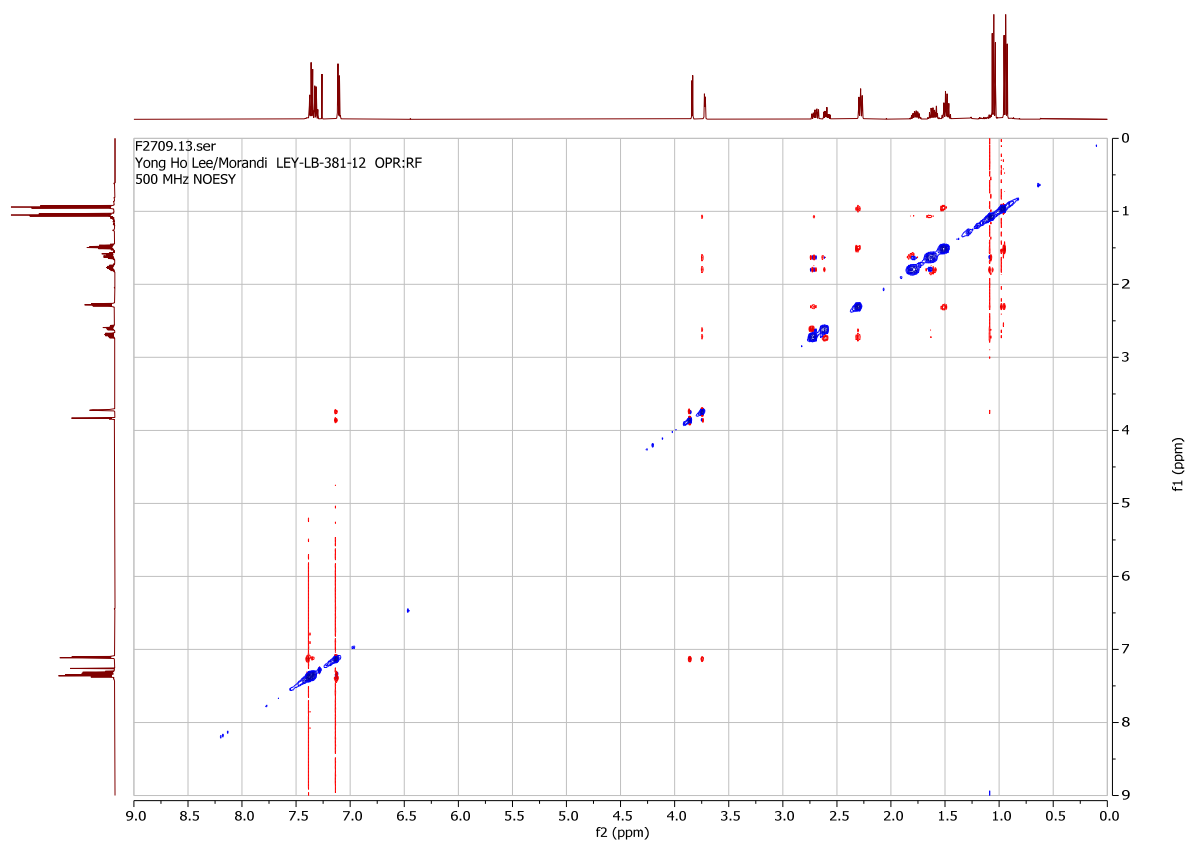


S200

4-oxo-5-*trans*-phenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-ene-1-carbonitrile (**3an**).

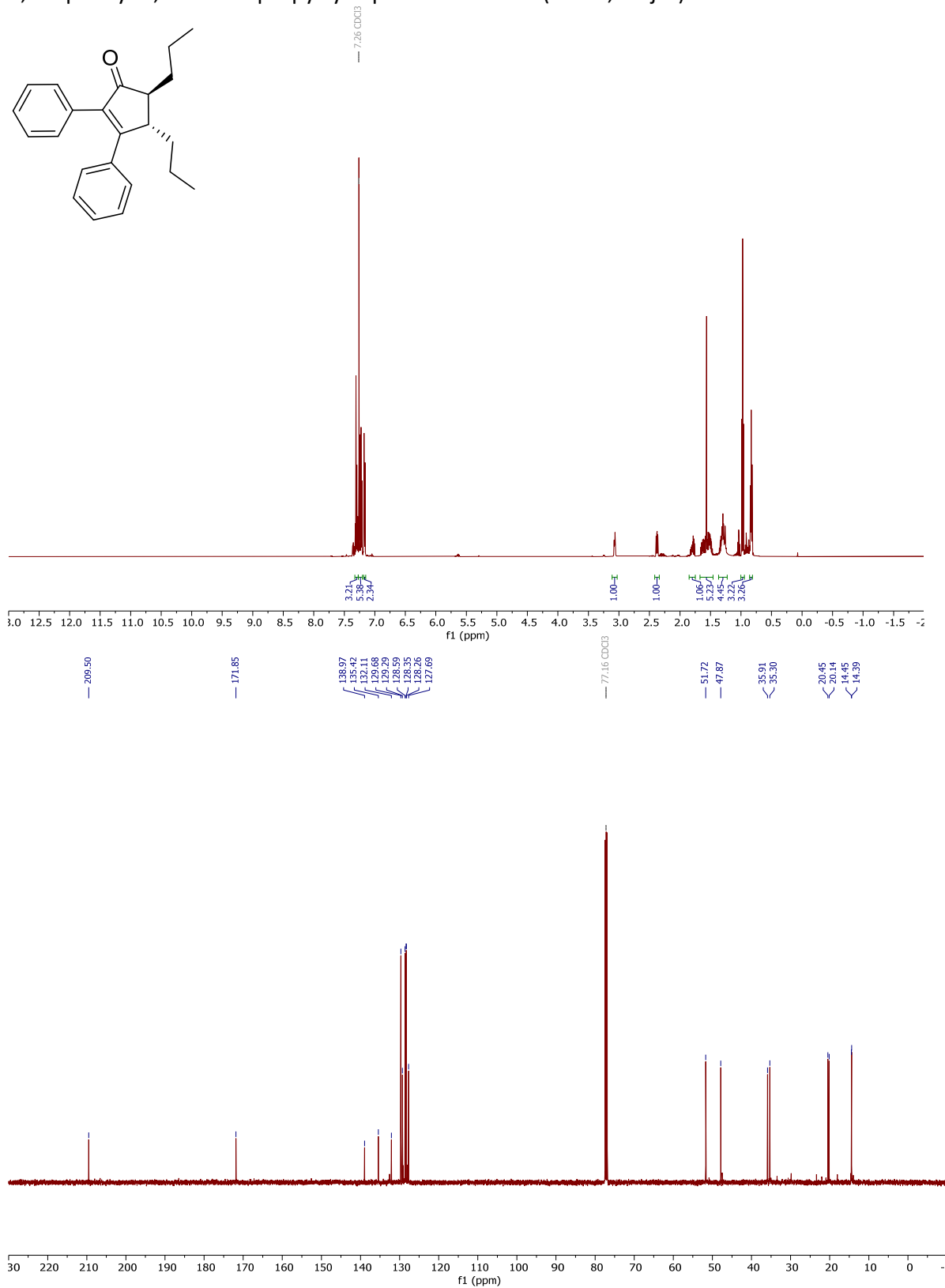


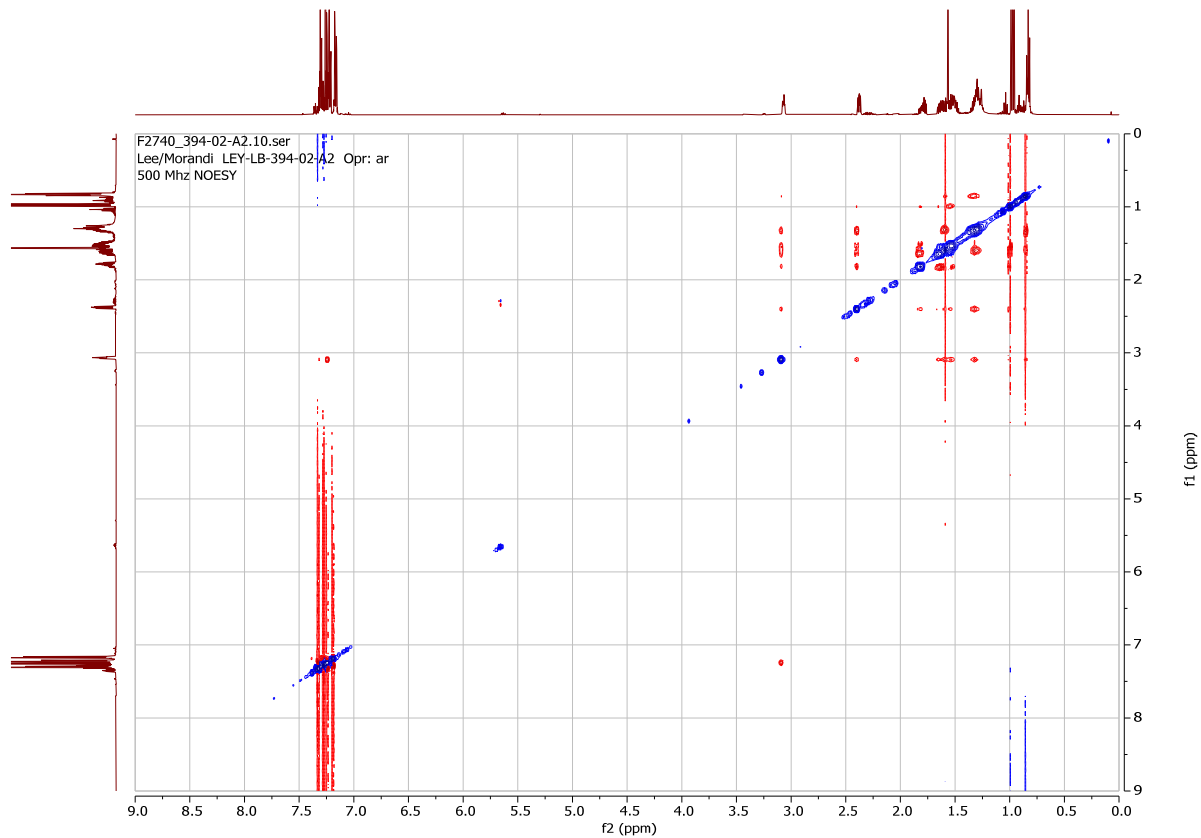
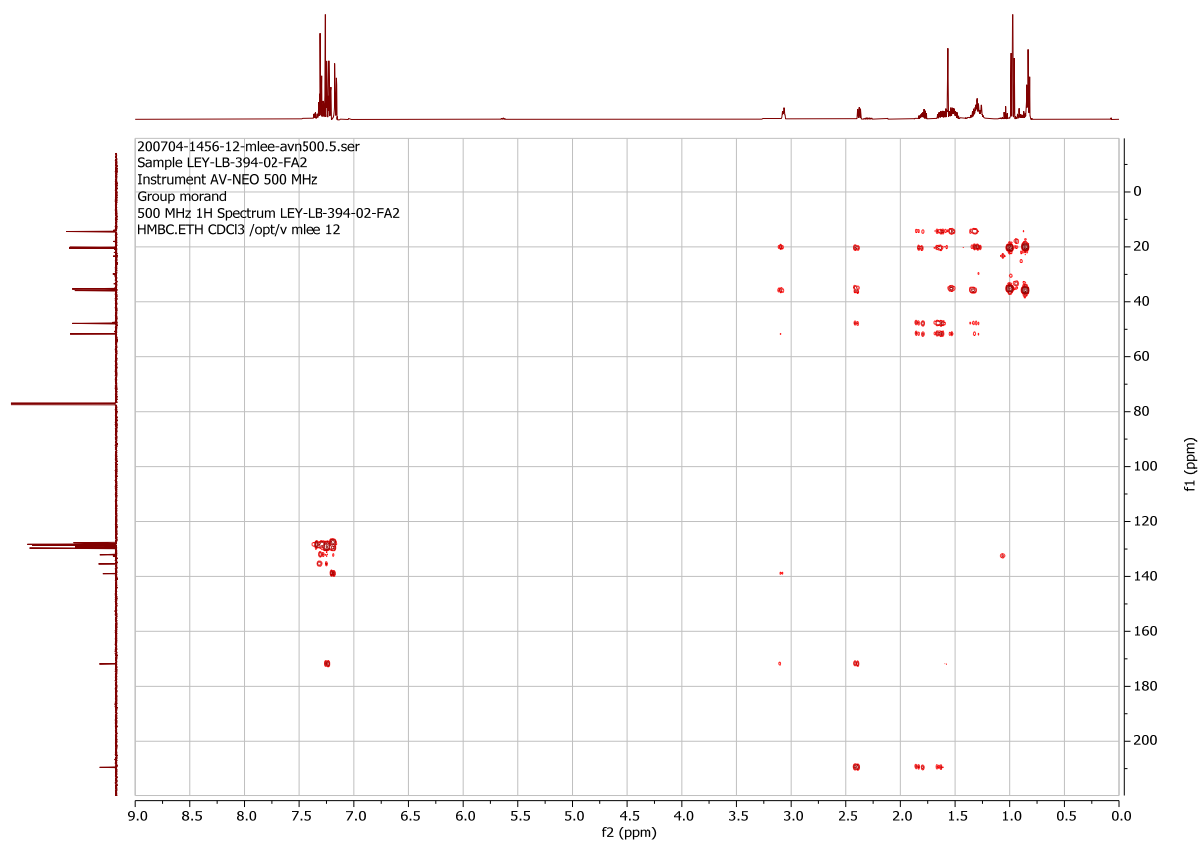




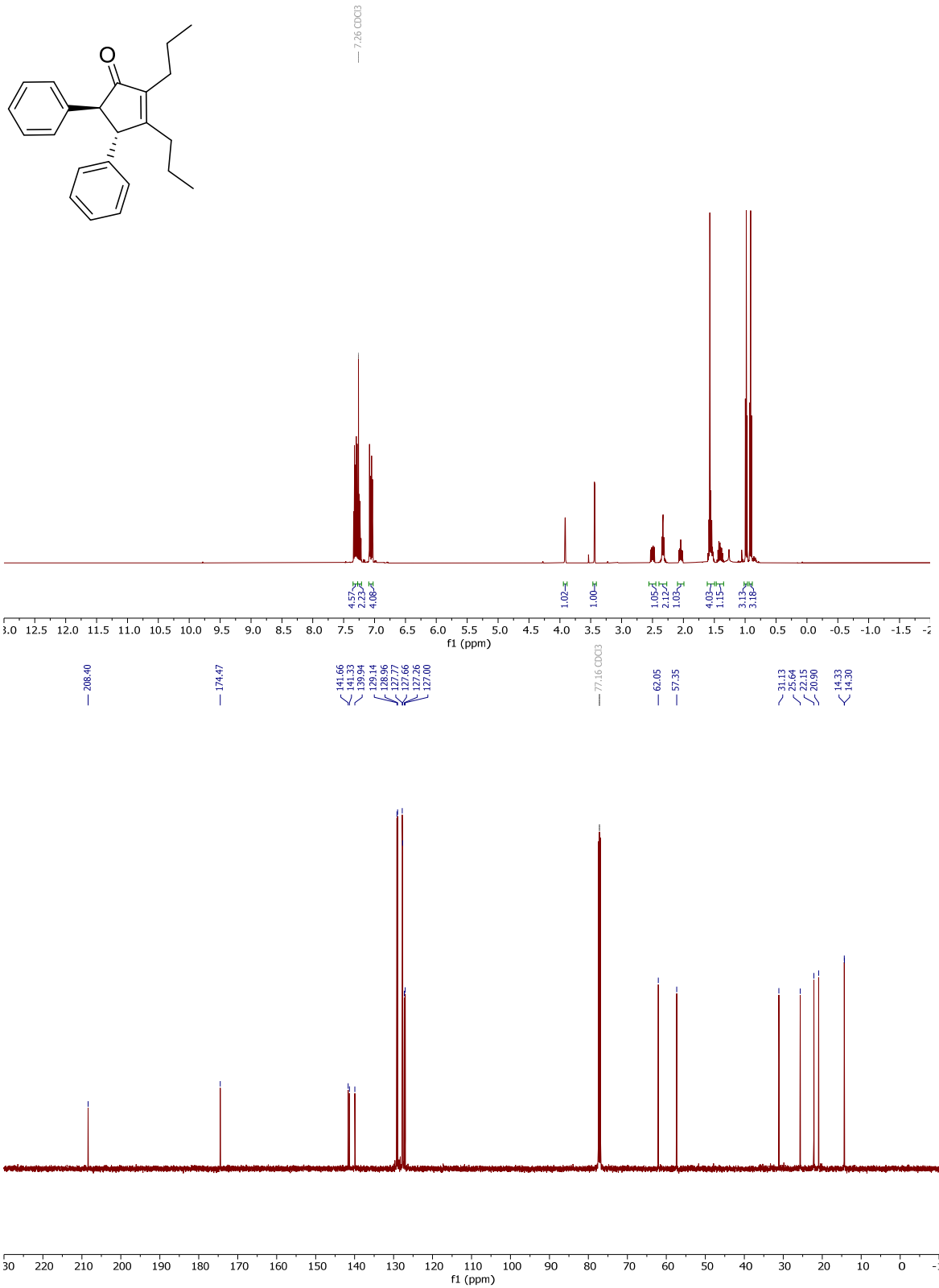
S203

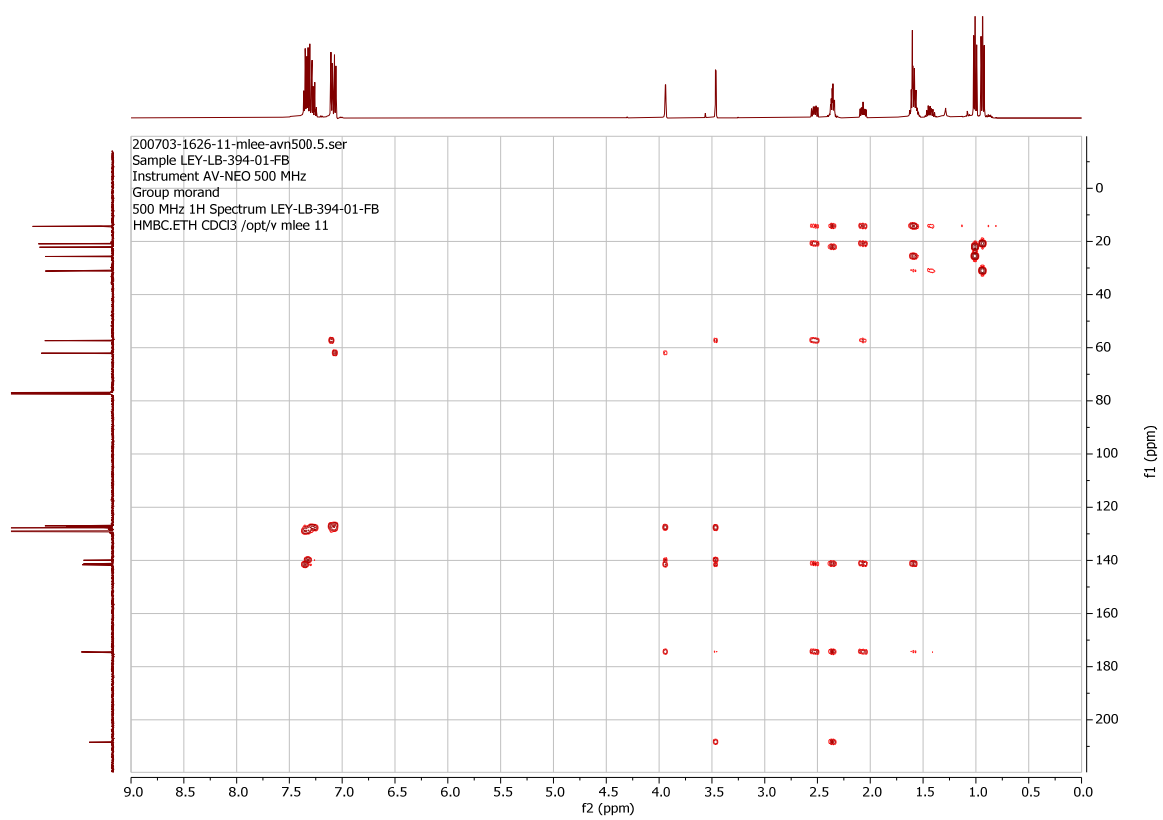
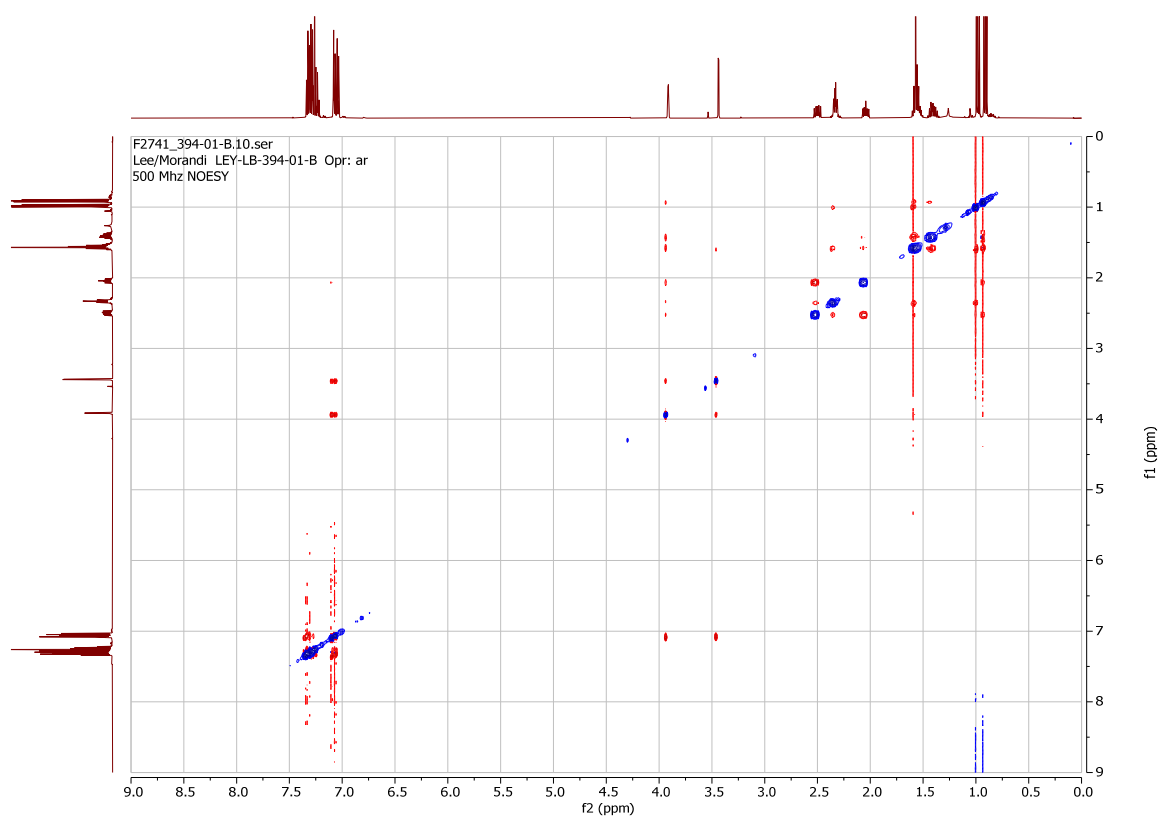
2,3-diphenyl-4,5-*trans*-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ao-2**, major).



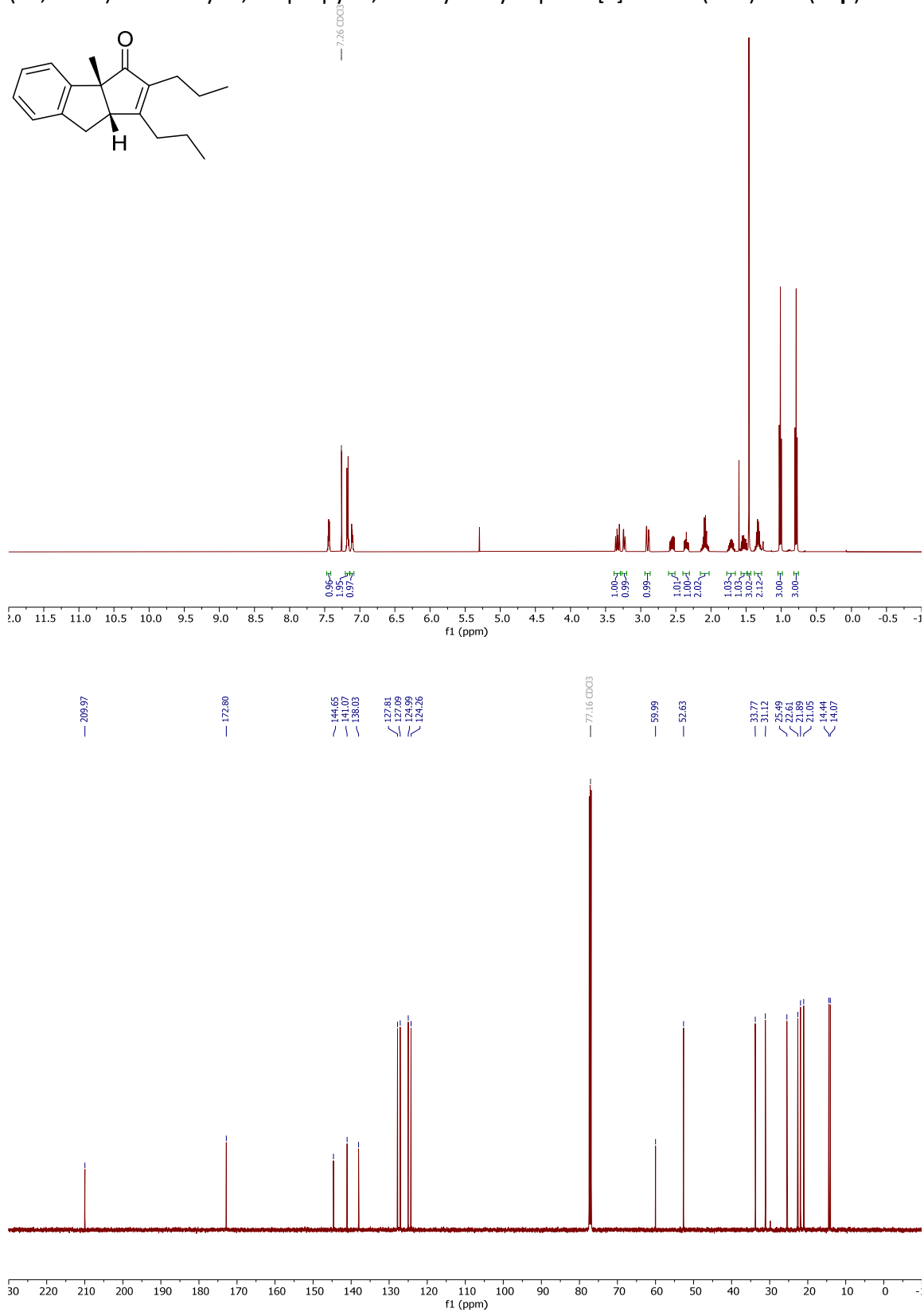


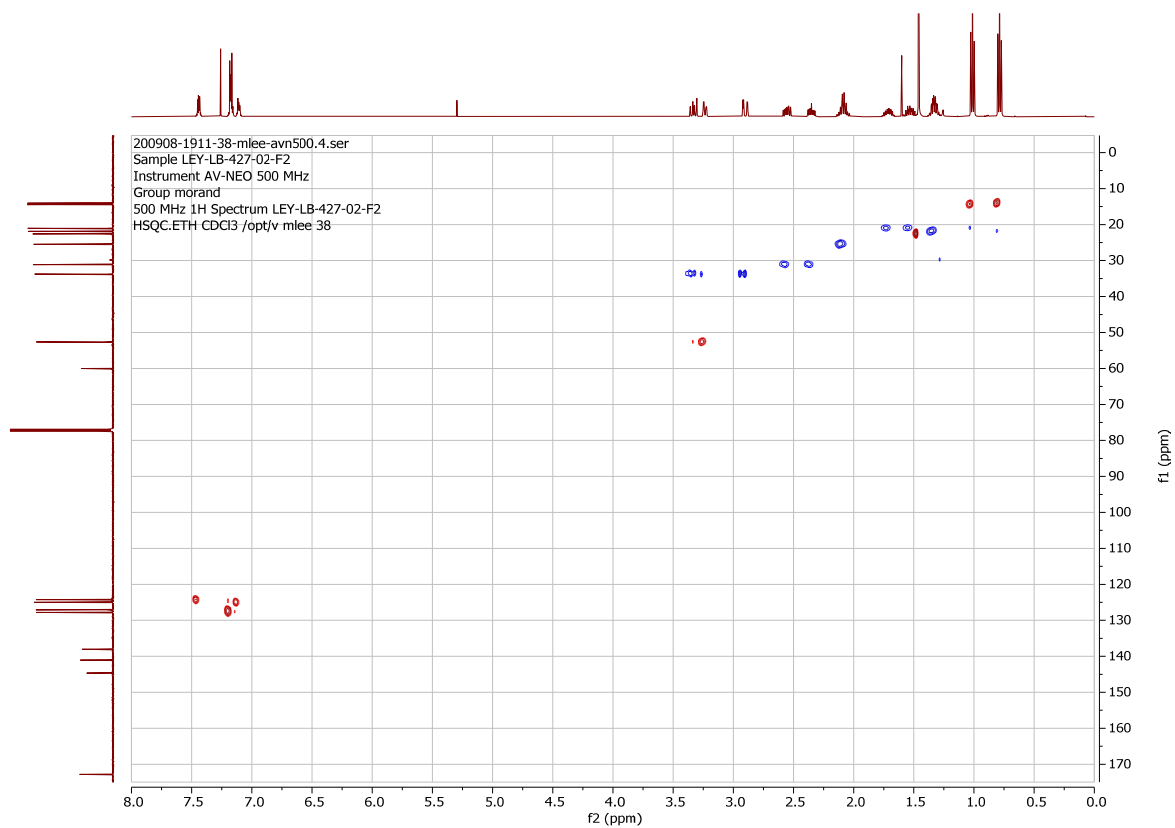
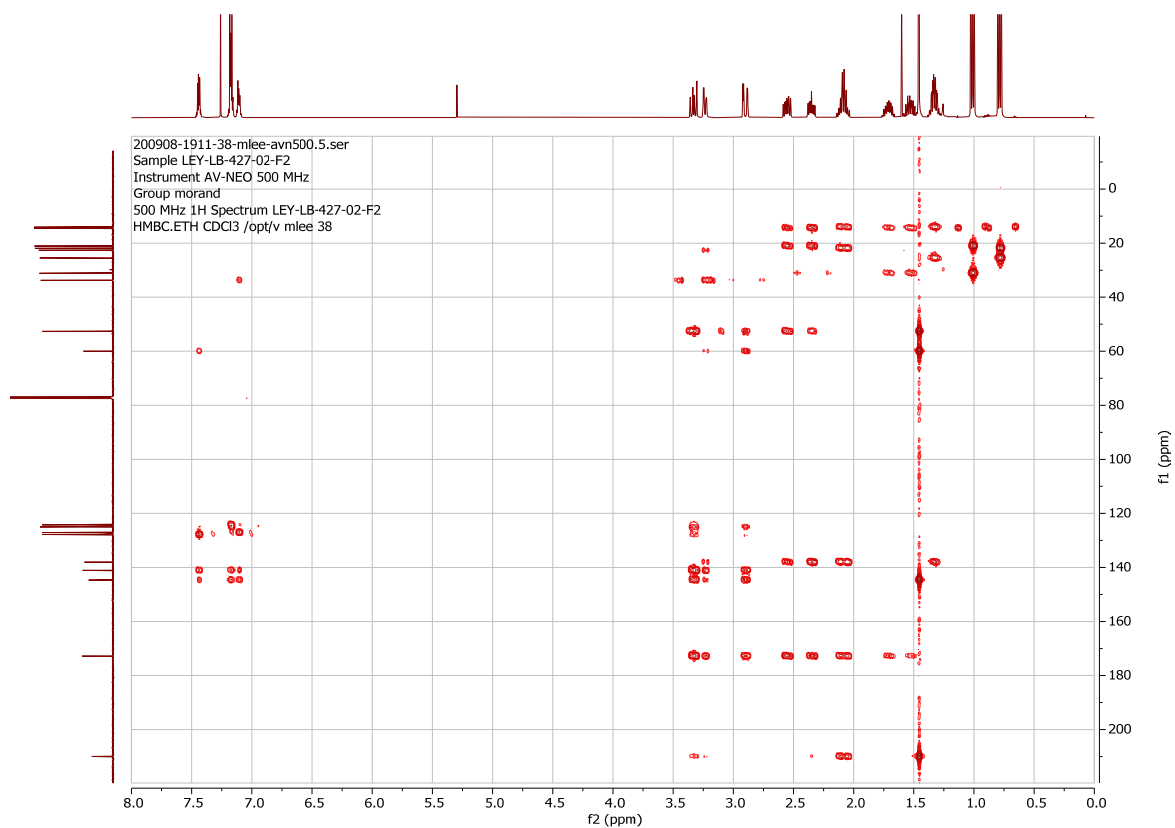
4,5-*trans*-diphenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ao-1**, minor).

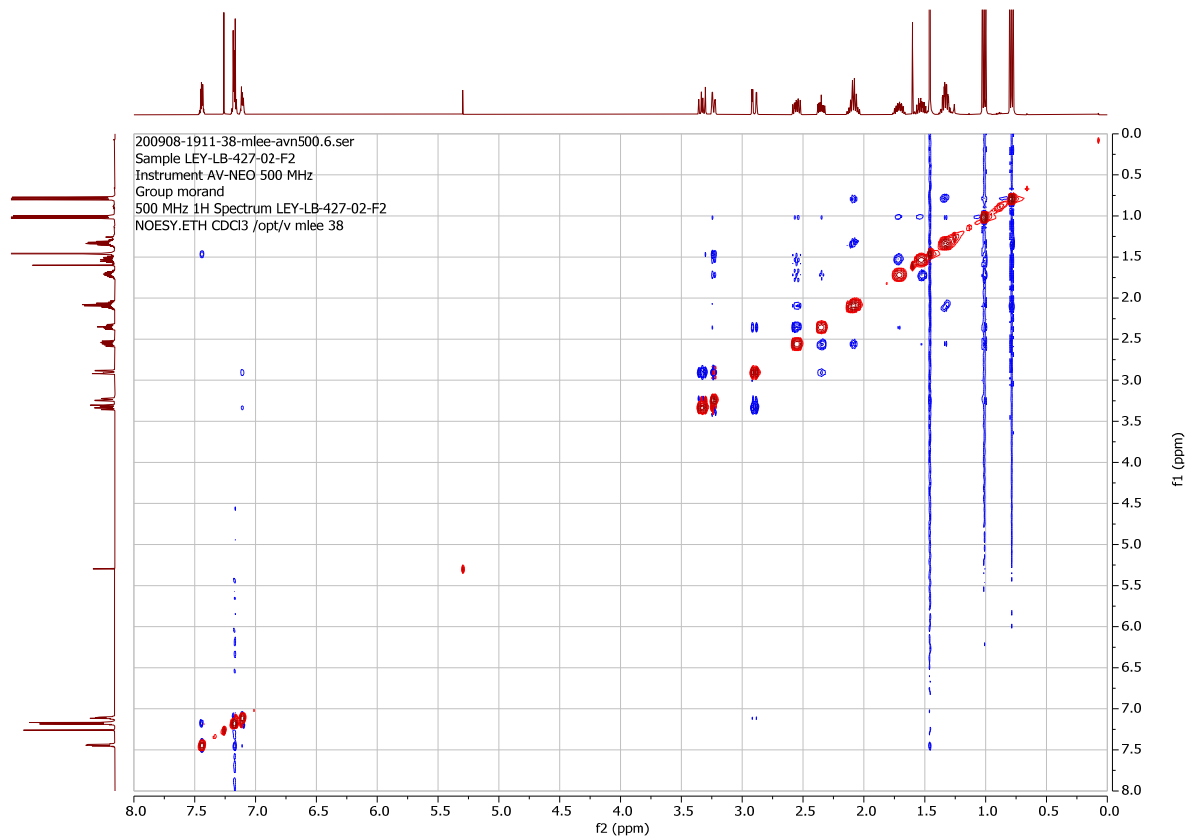
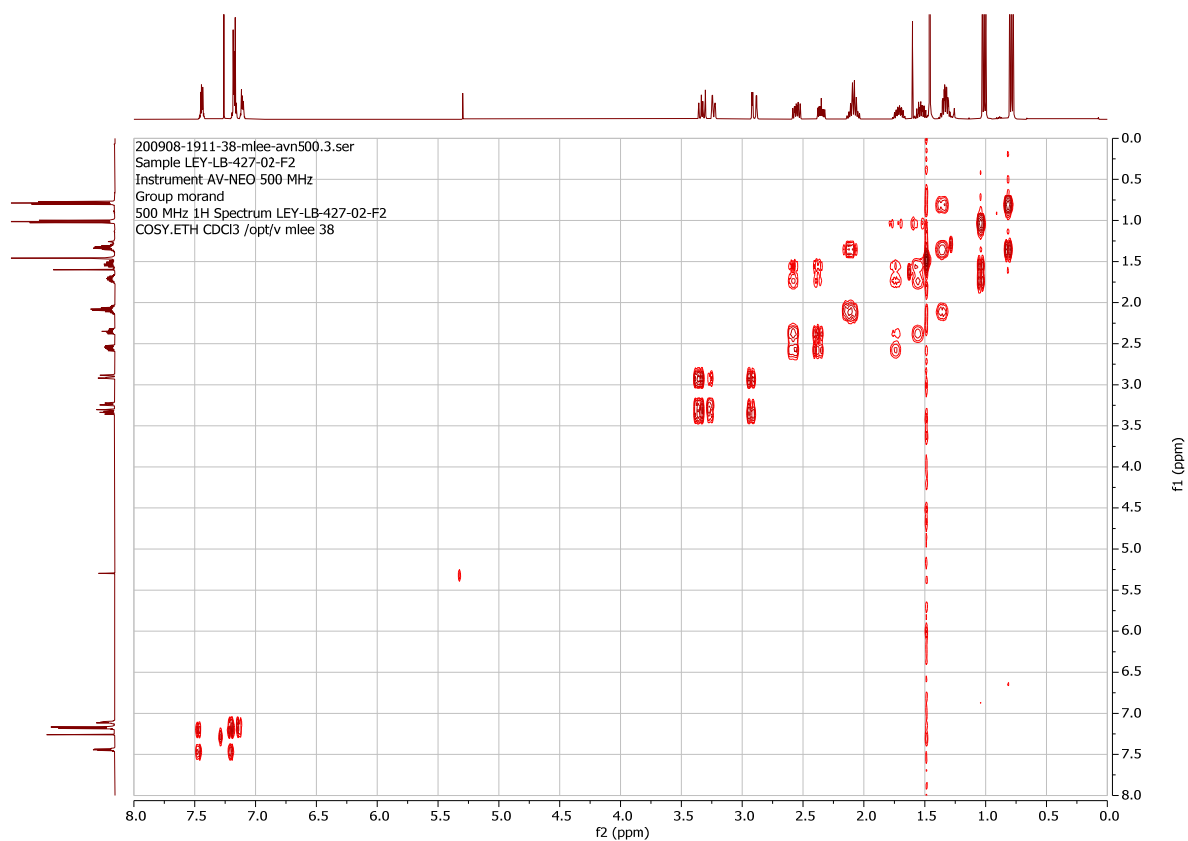




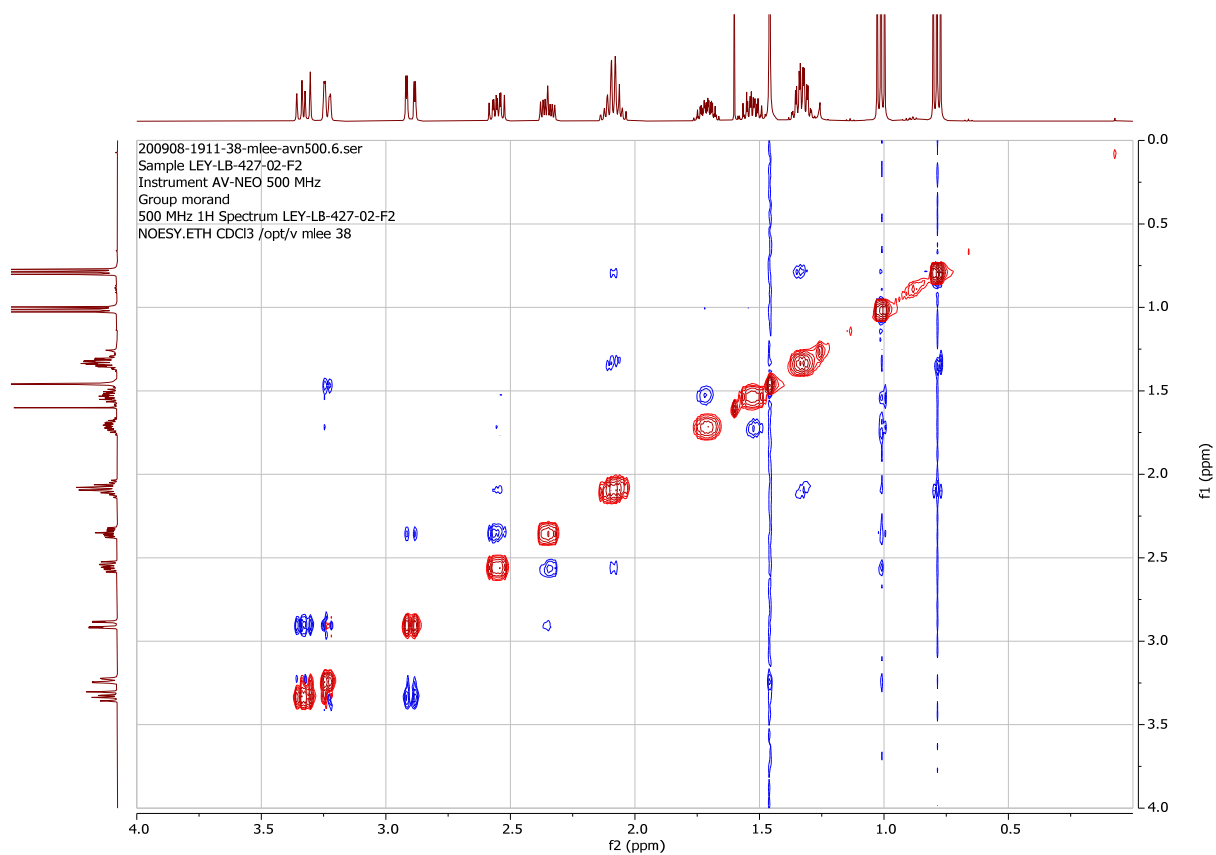
(3a,8a-*cis*)-3a-methyl-1,2-dipropyl-8,8a-dihydrocyclopenta[a]inden-3(3aH)-one (**3ap**).



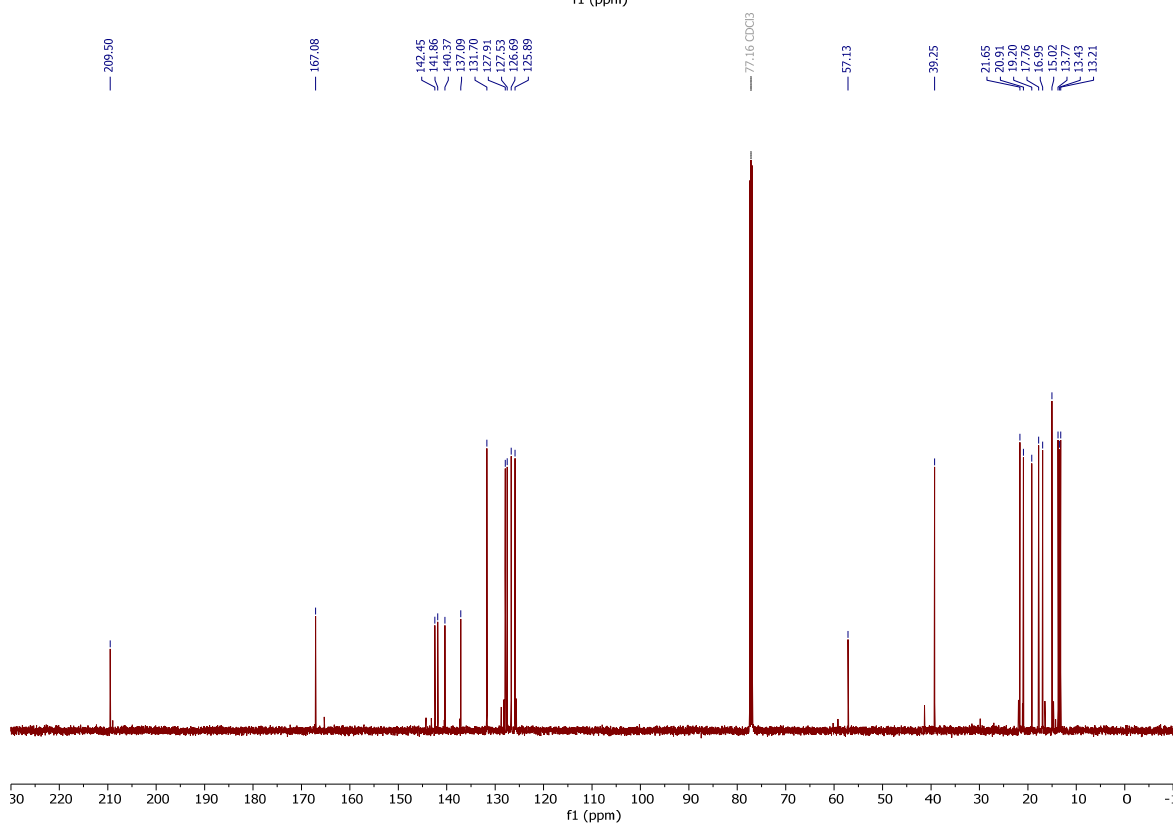
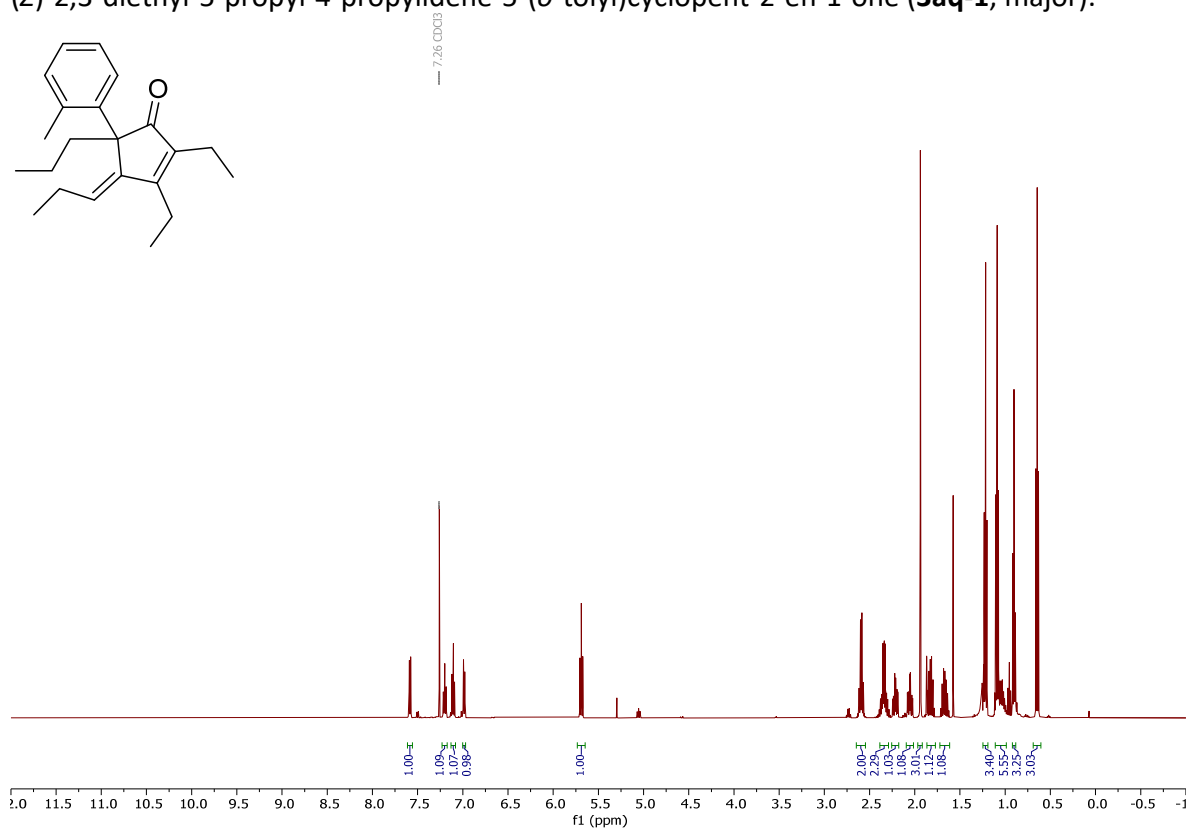
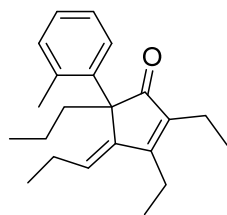


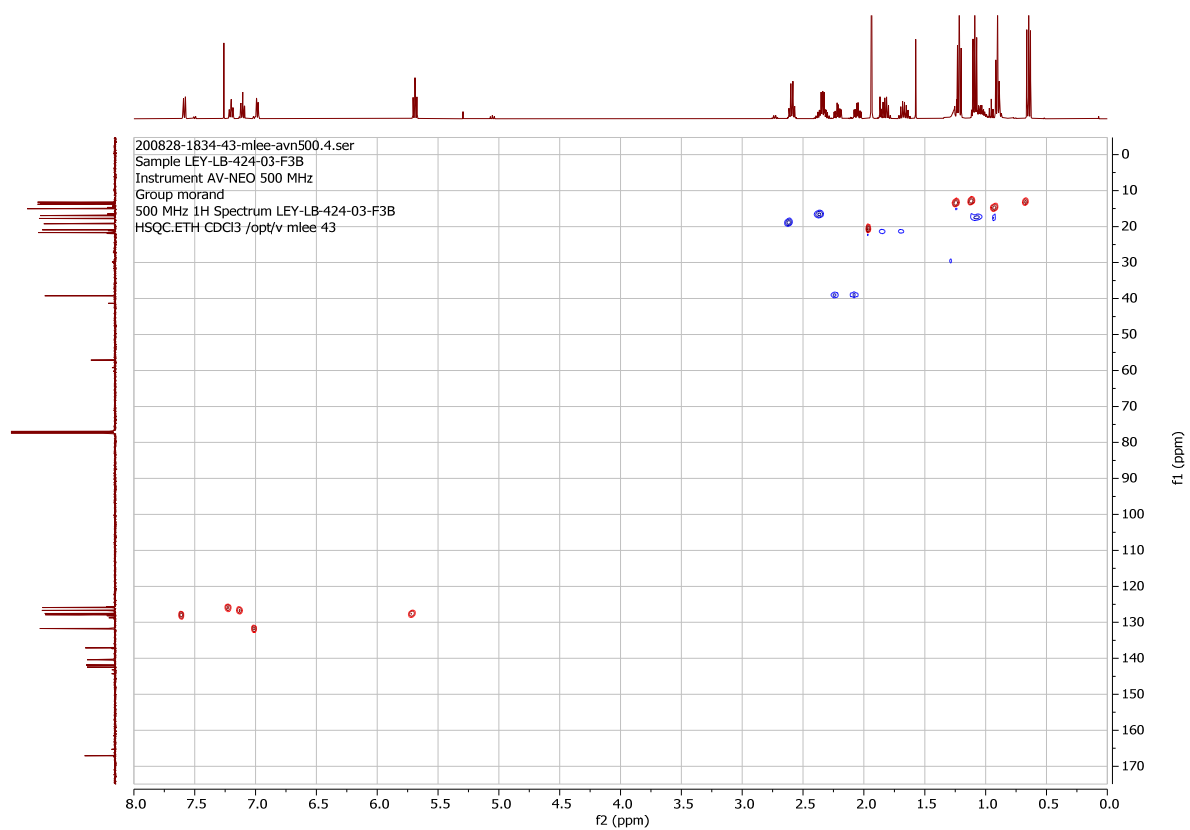
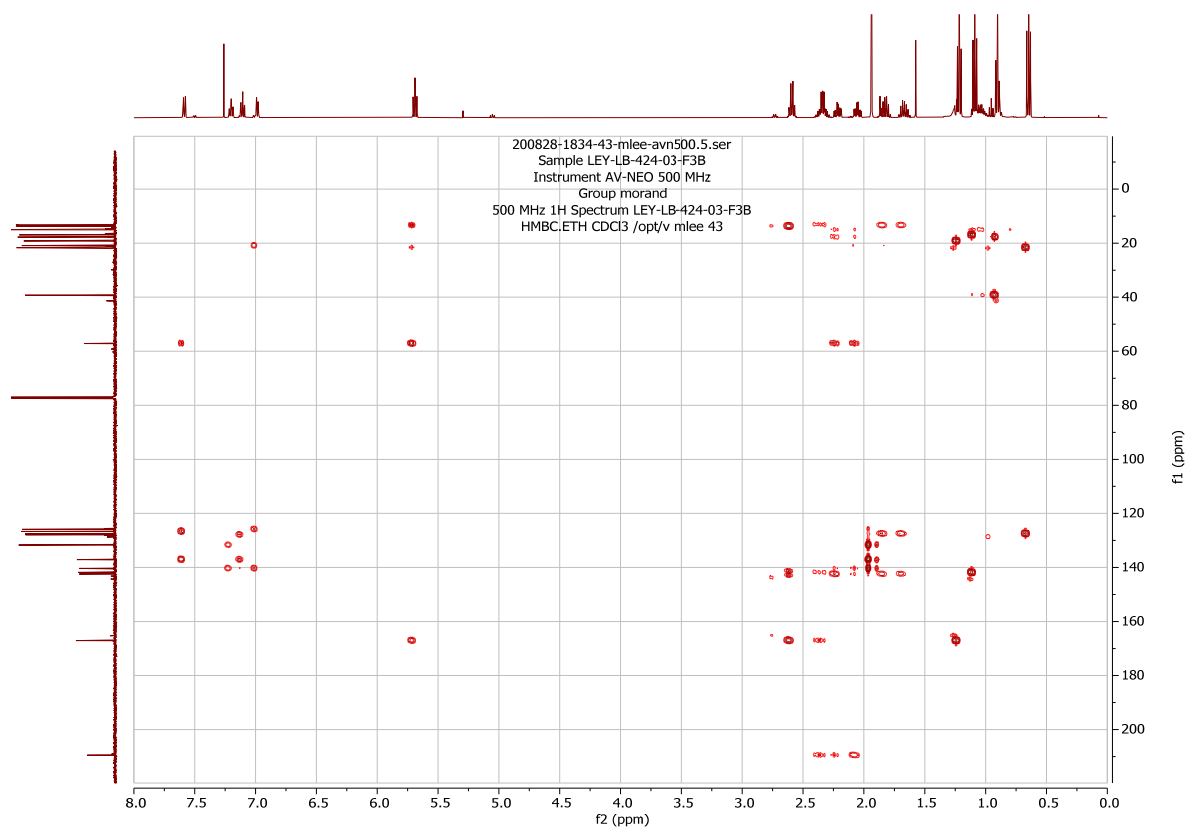


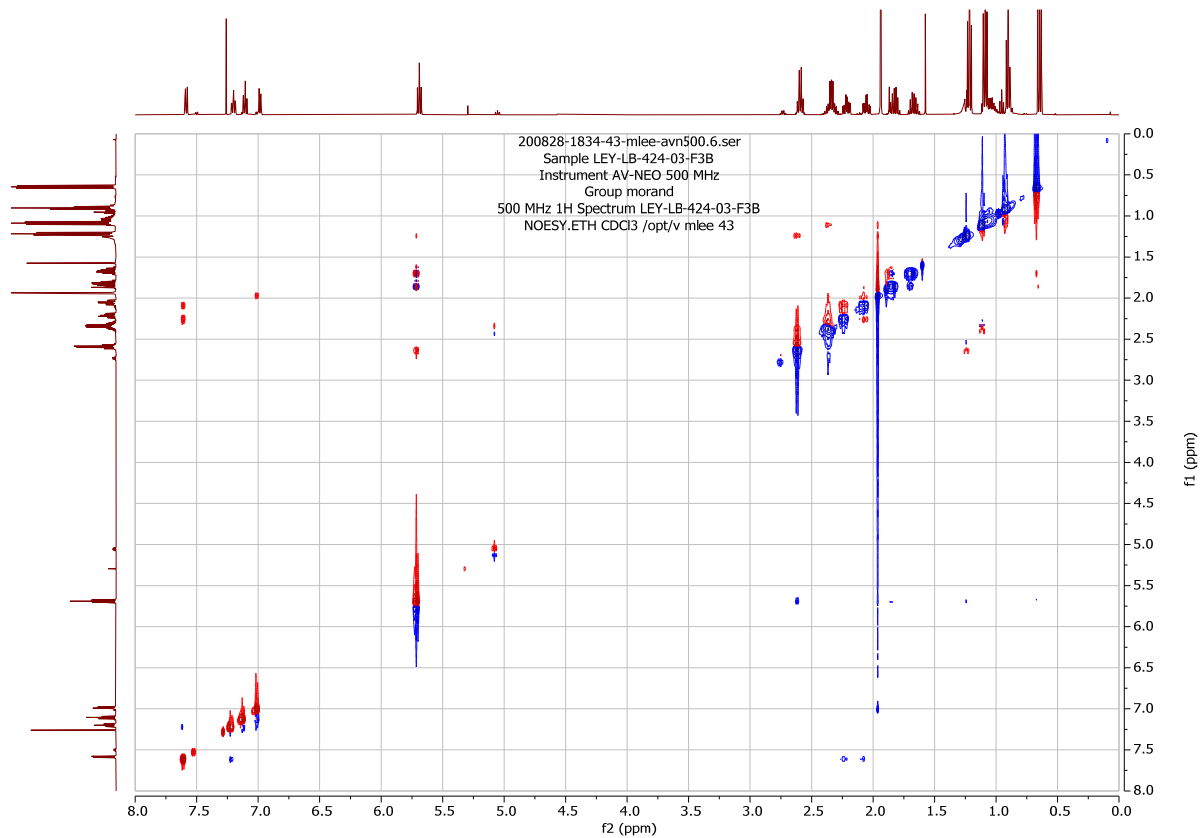
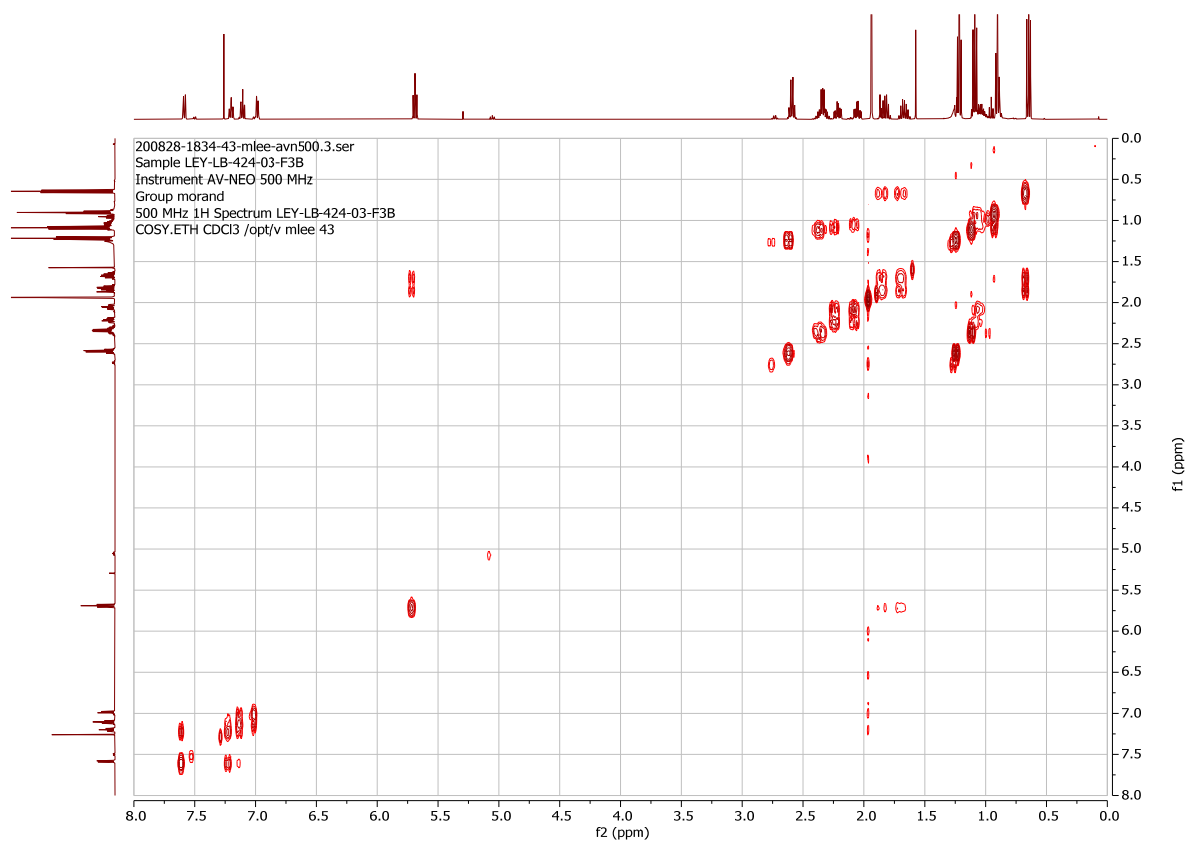
S210



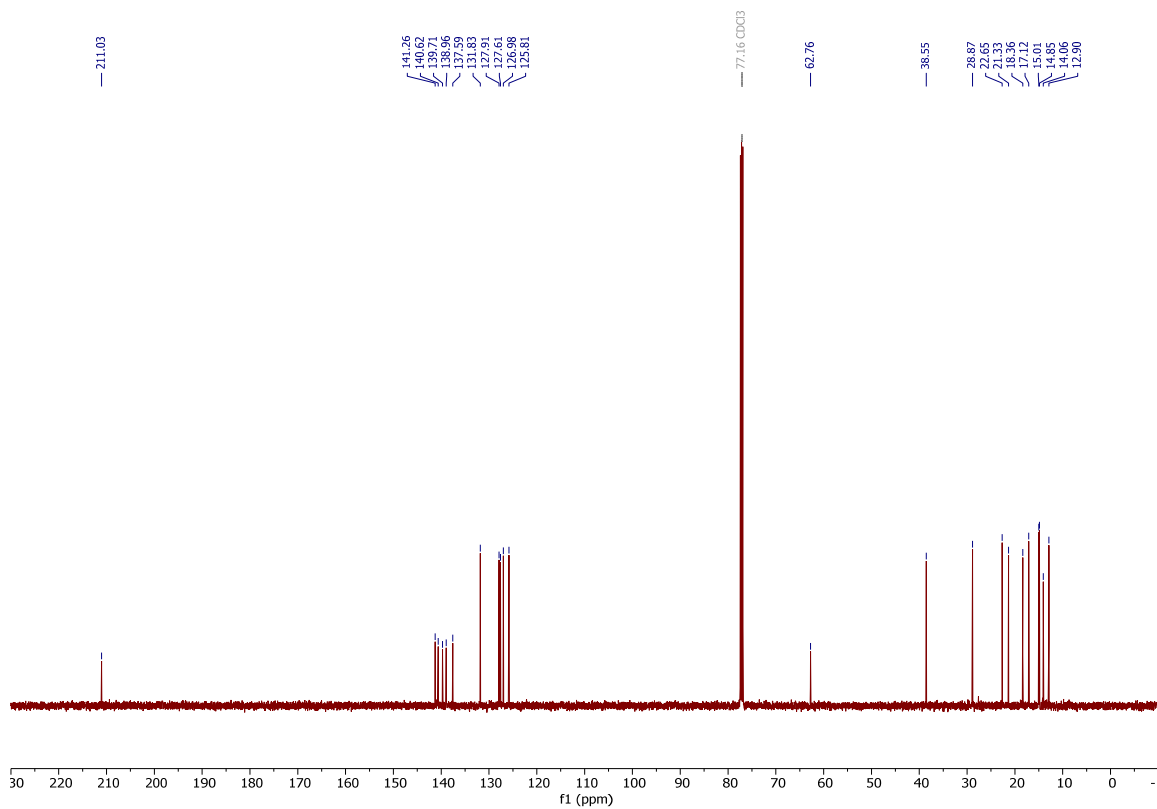
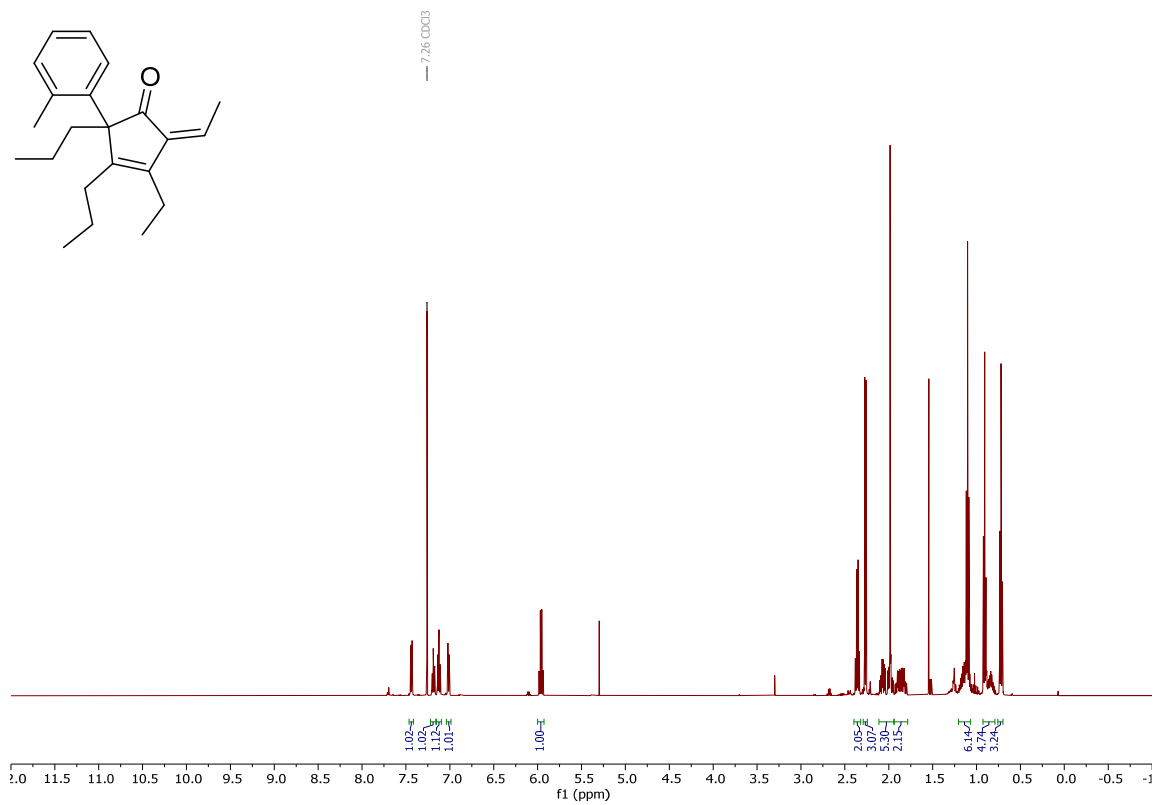
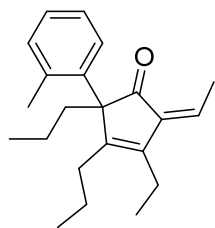
(Z)-2,3-diethyl-5-propyl-4-propylidene-5-(*o*-tolyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3aq-1**, major).

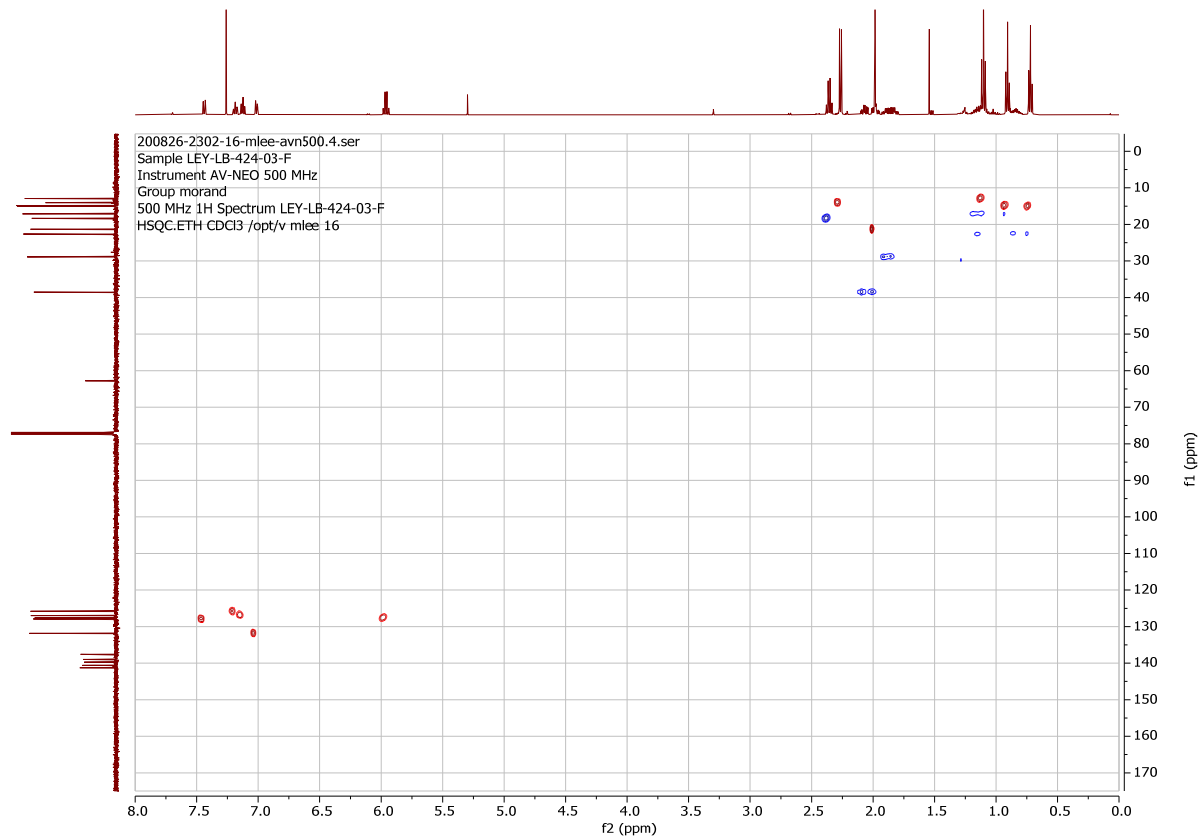
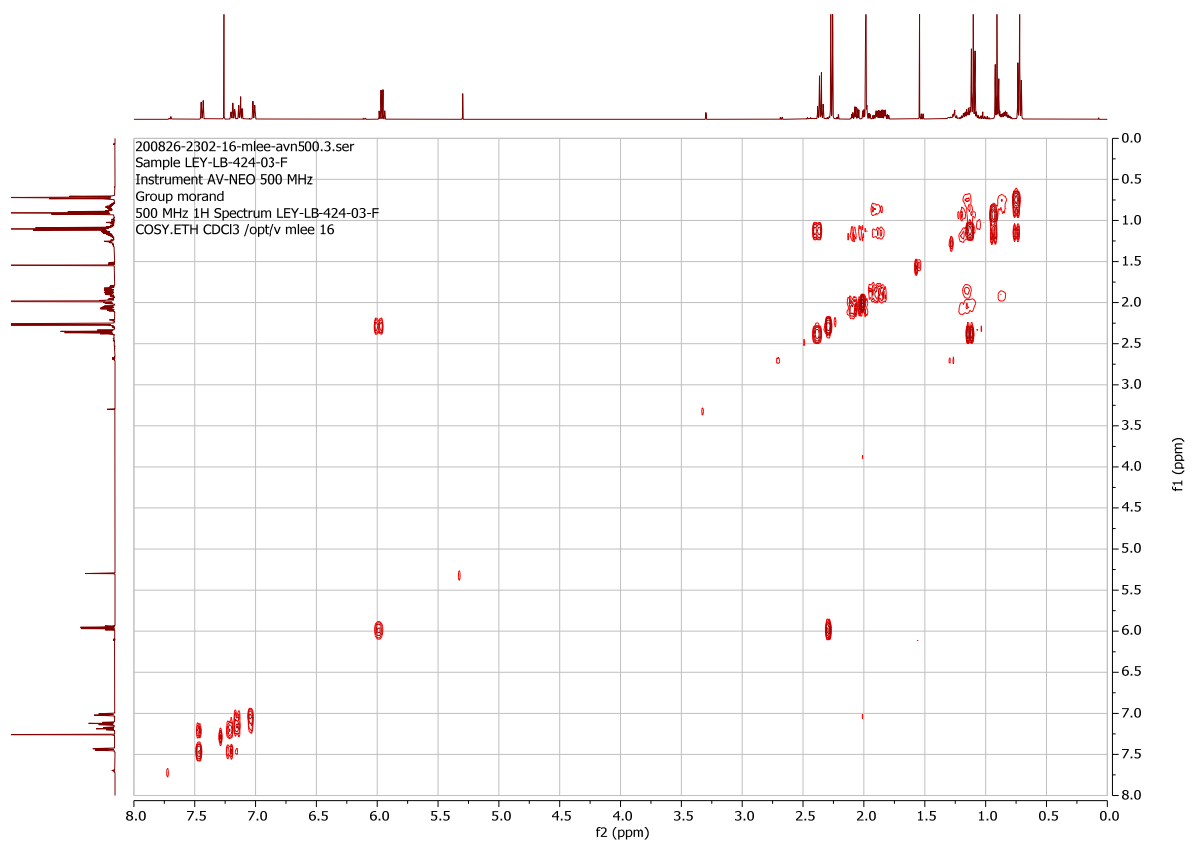


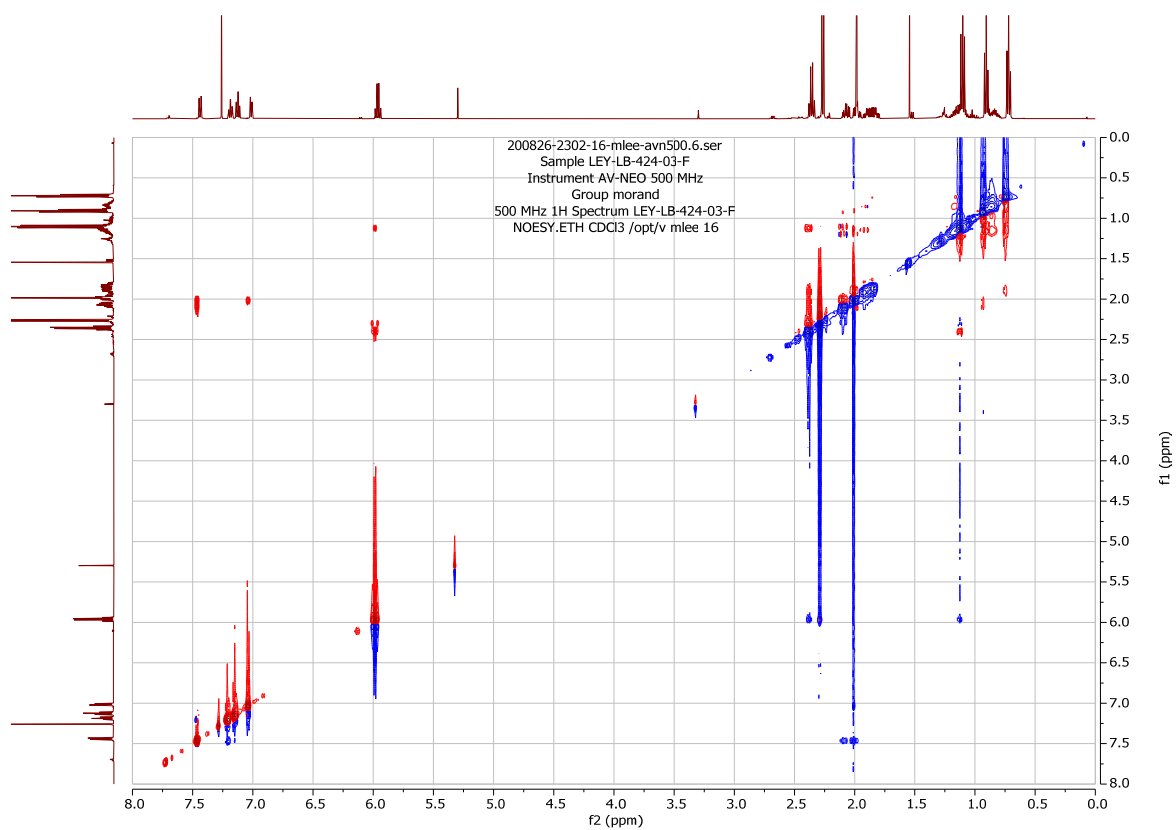
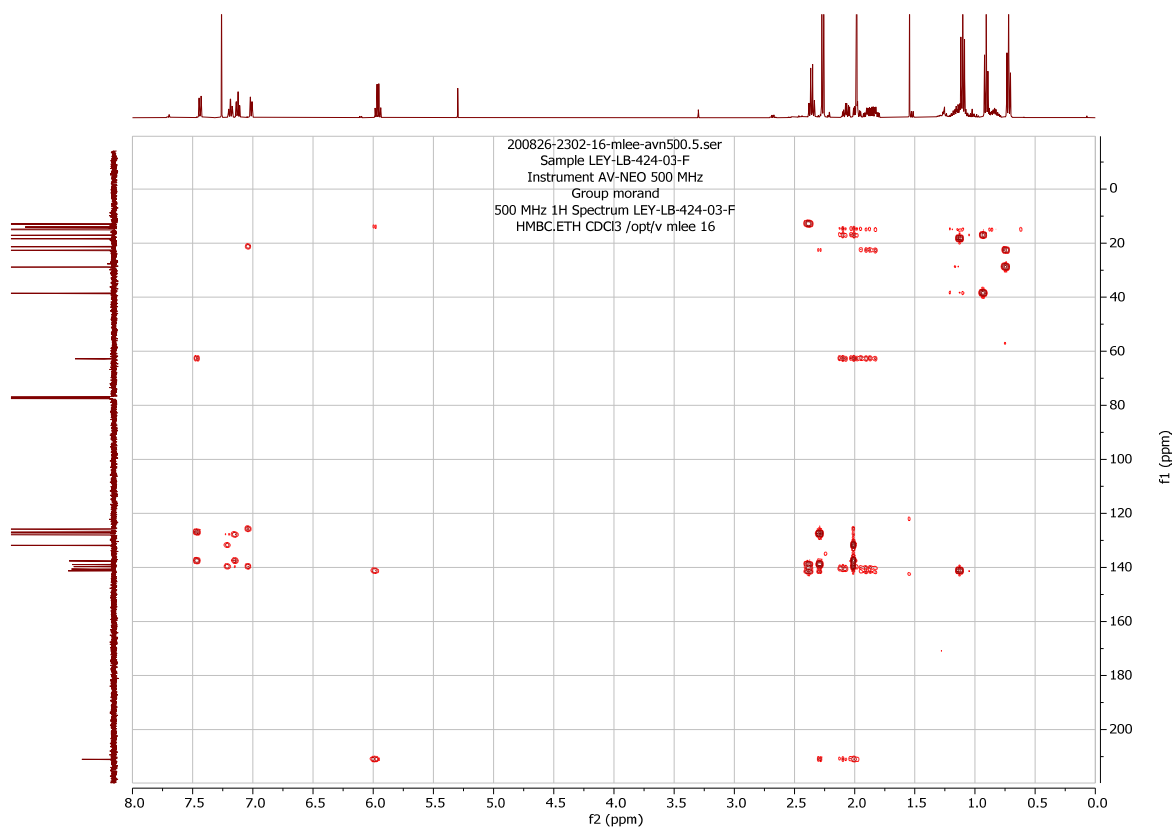




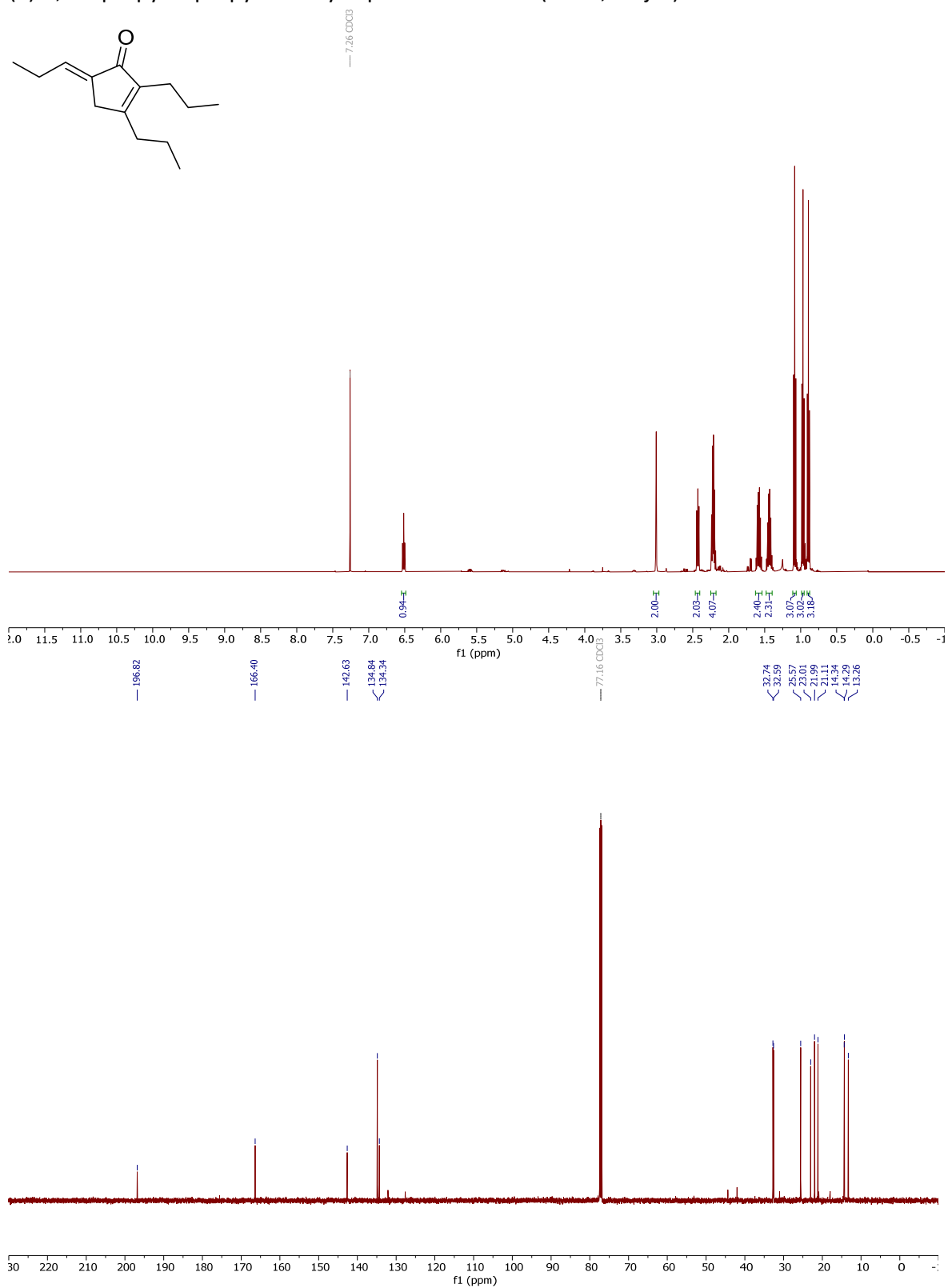
(Z)-4-ethyl-5-ethylidene-2,3-dipropyl-2-(*o*-tolyl)cyclopent-3-en-1-one (**3aq-2**, minor).

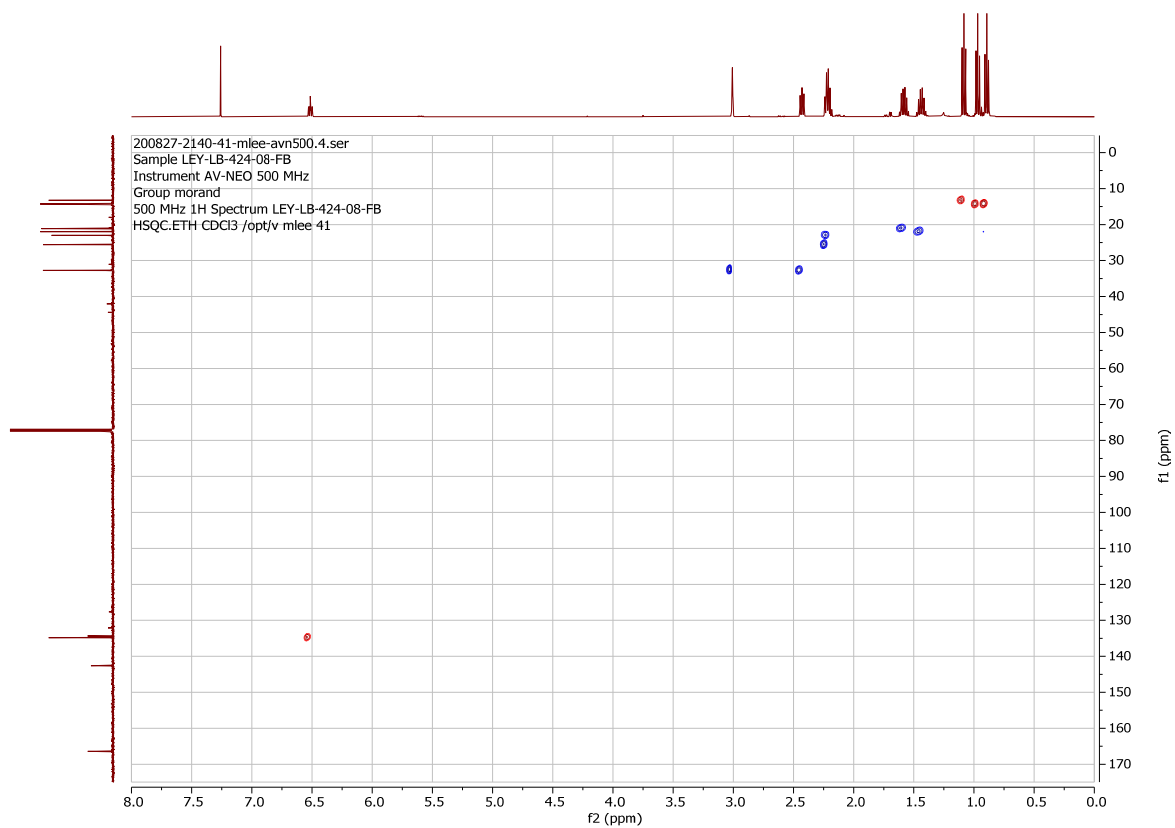
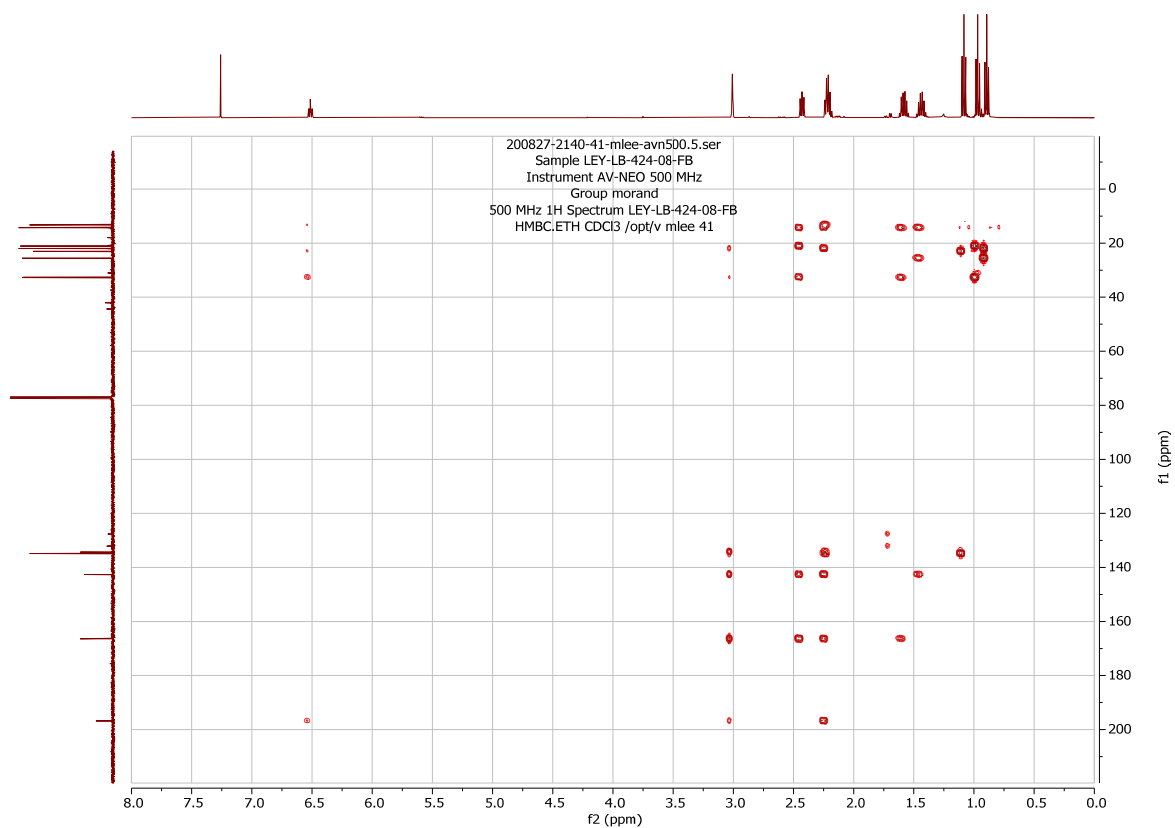


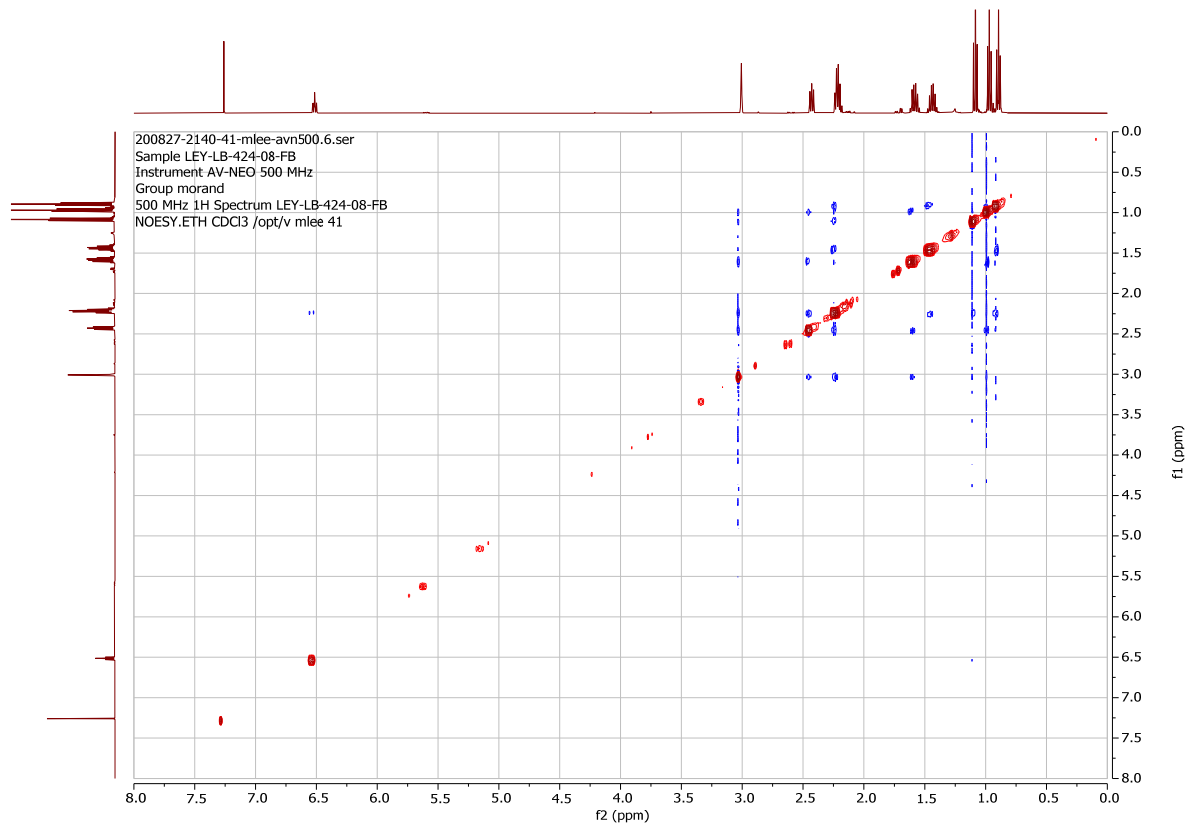
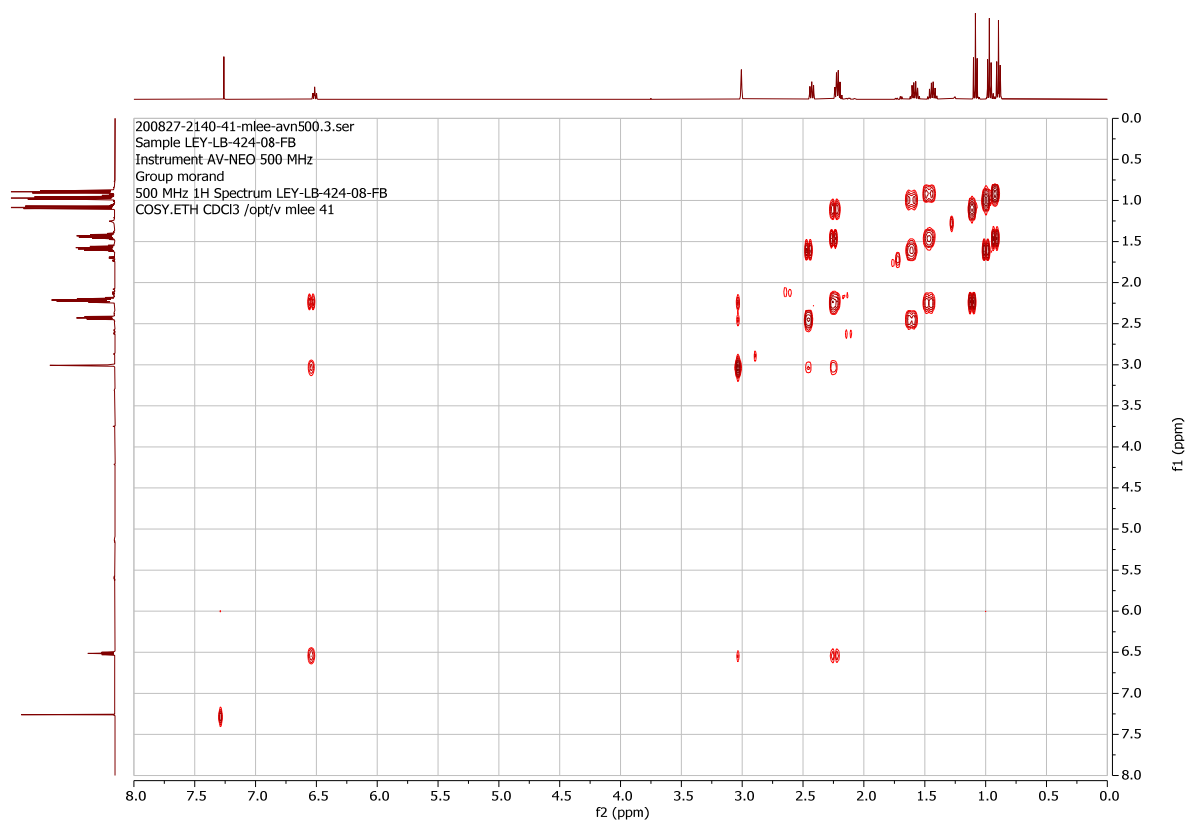




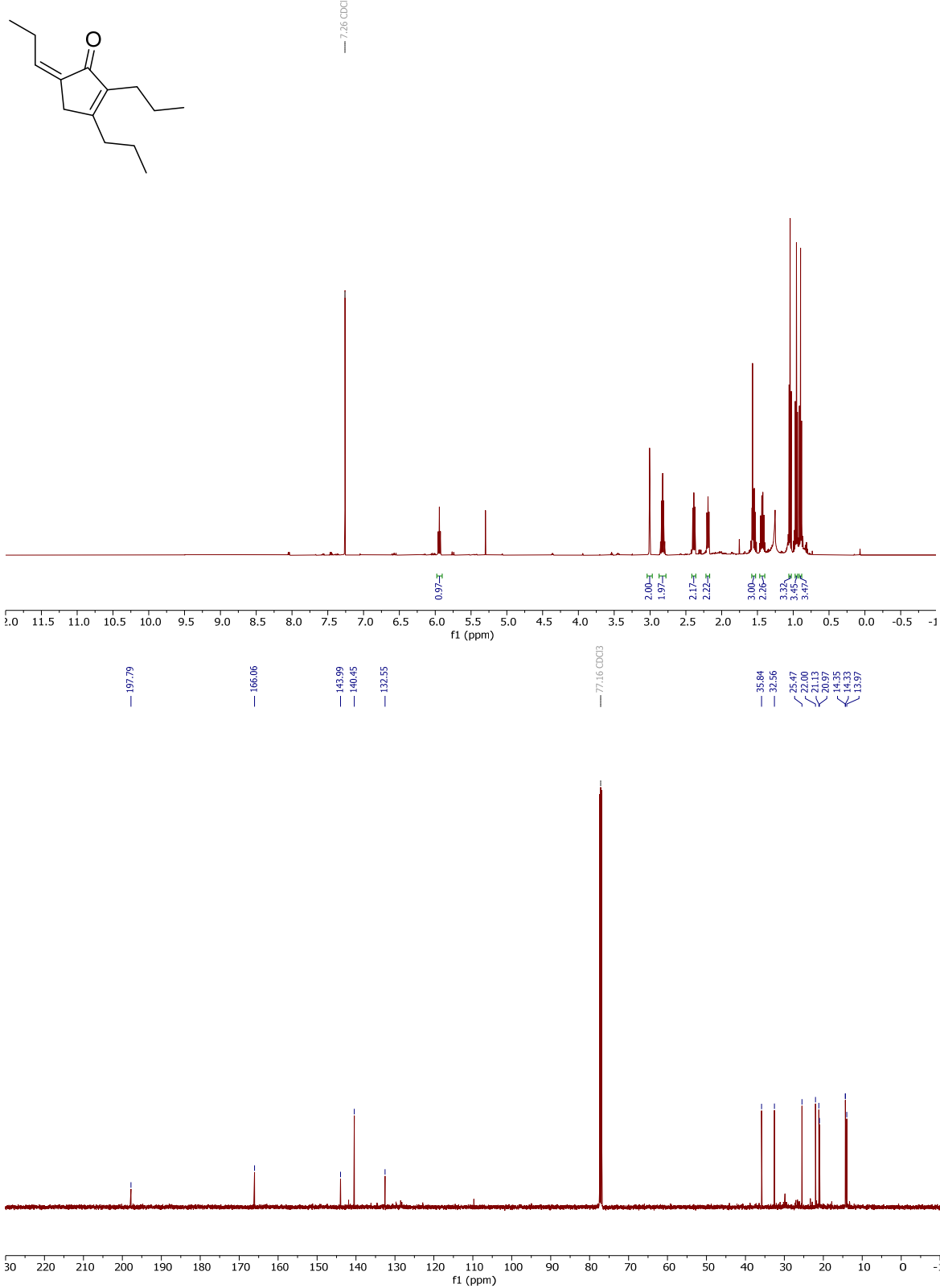
(*E*)-2,3-dipropyl-5-propyldenecyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ar-1**, major).

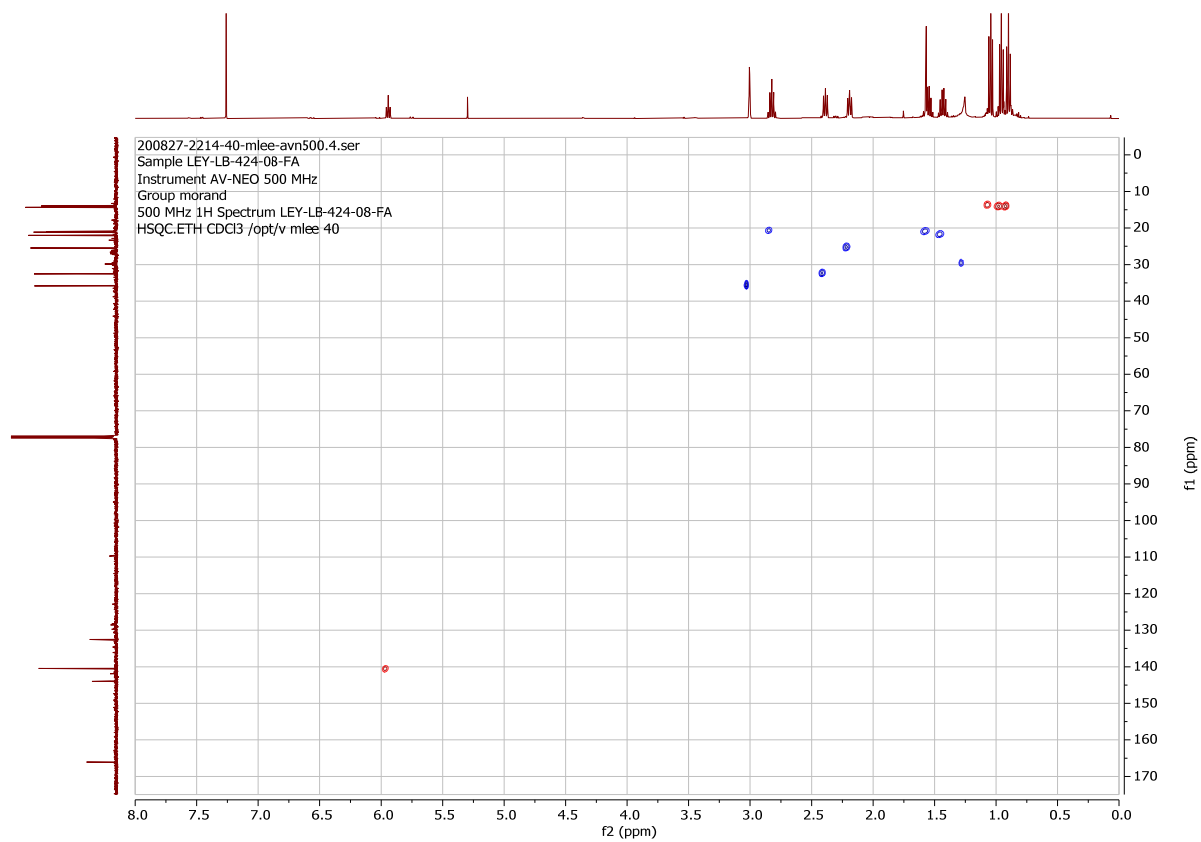
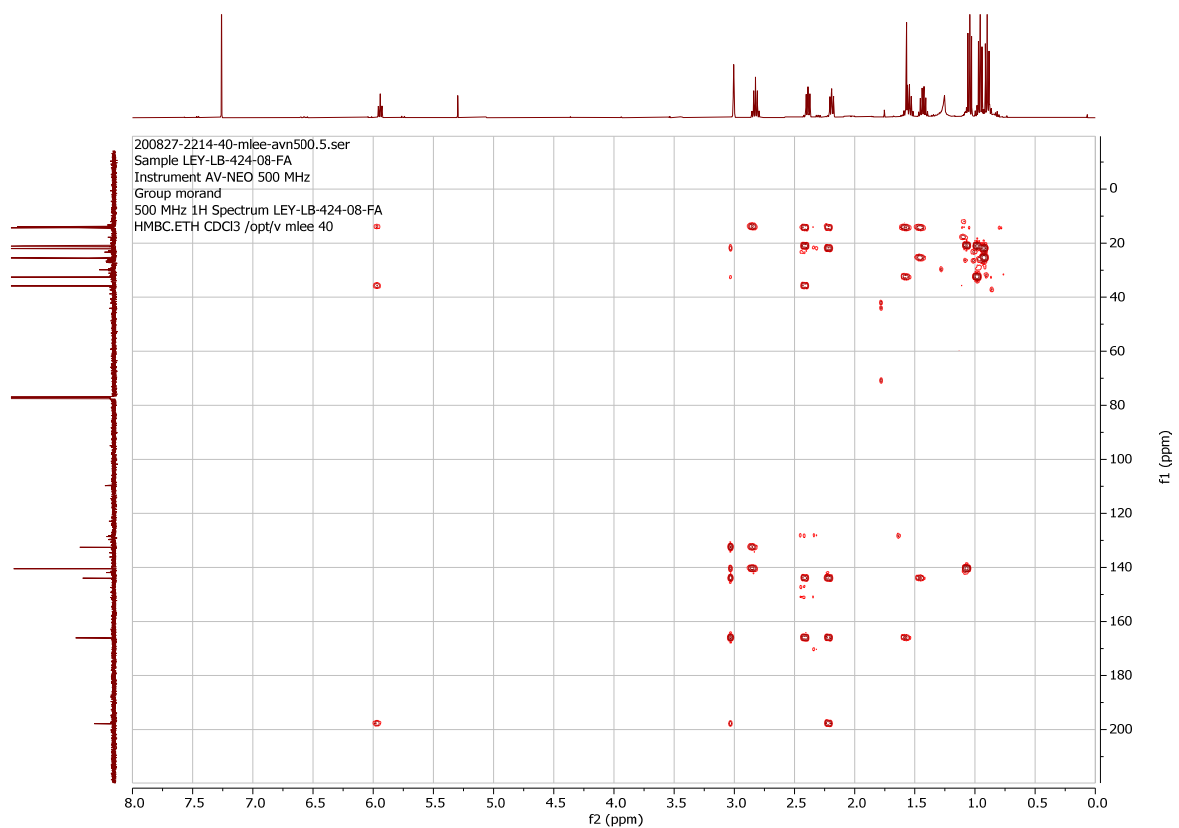




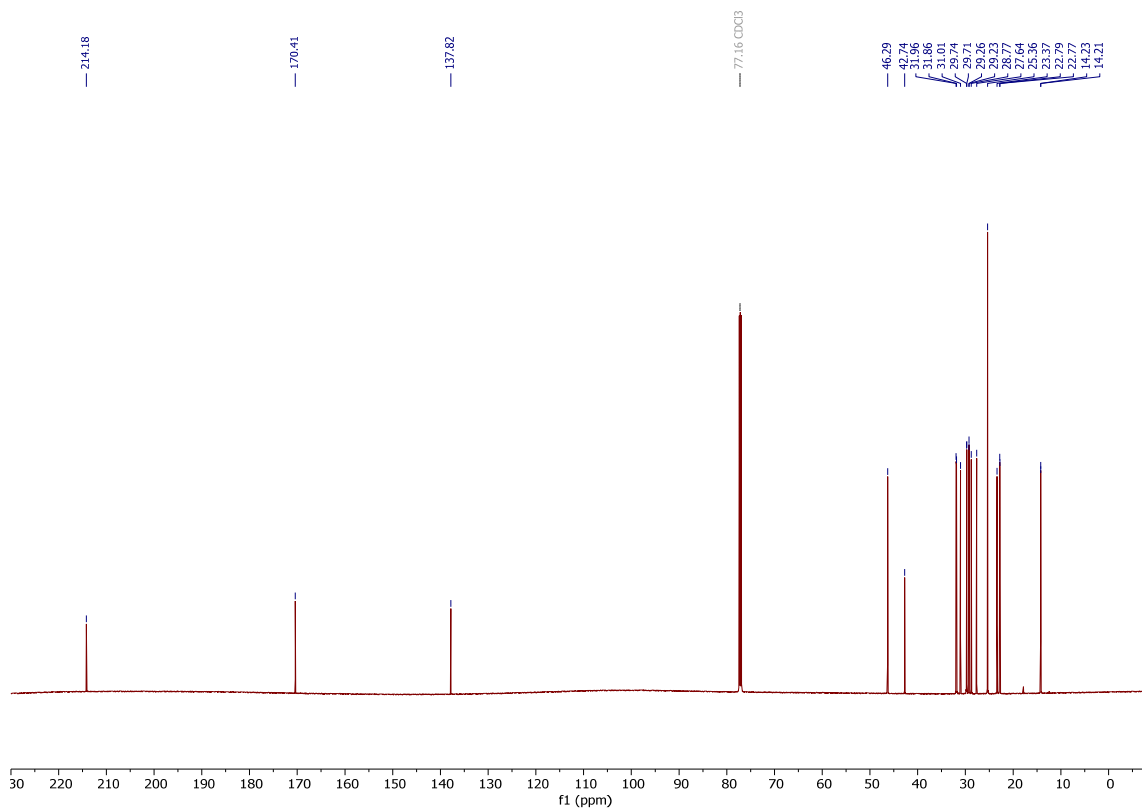
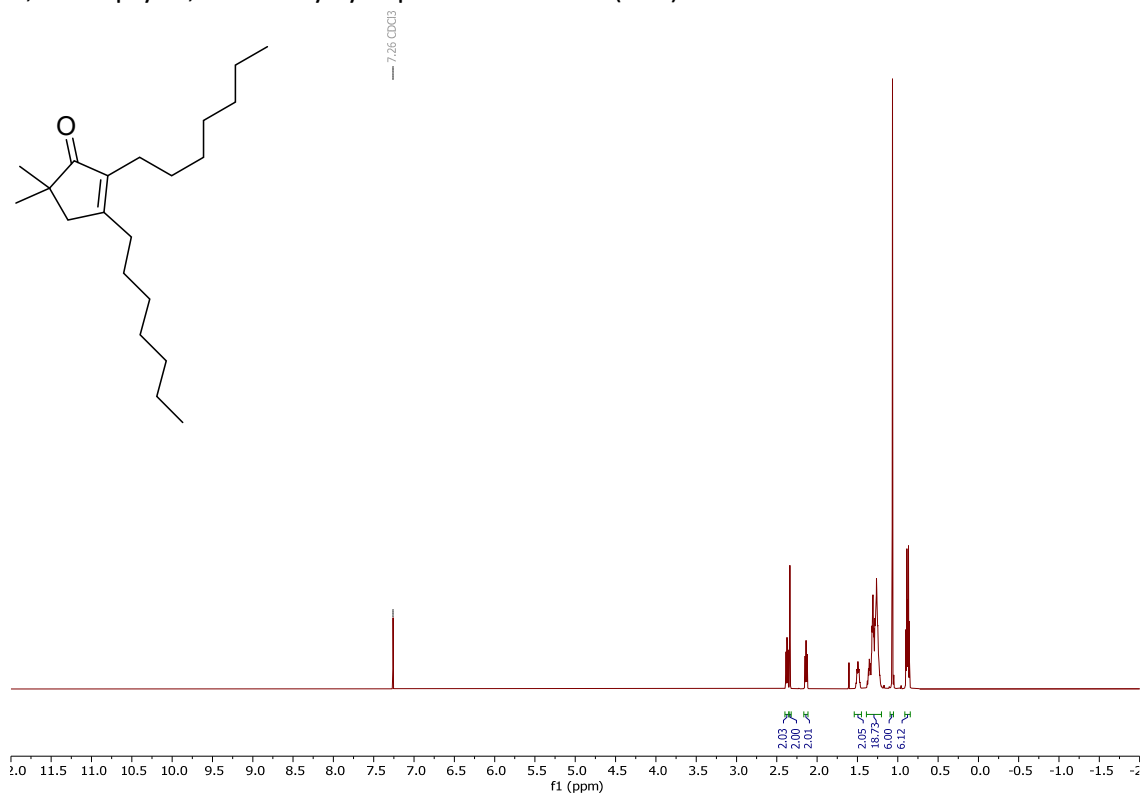


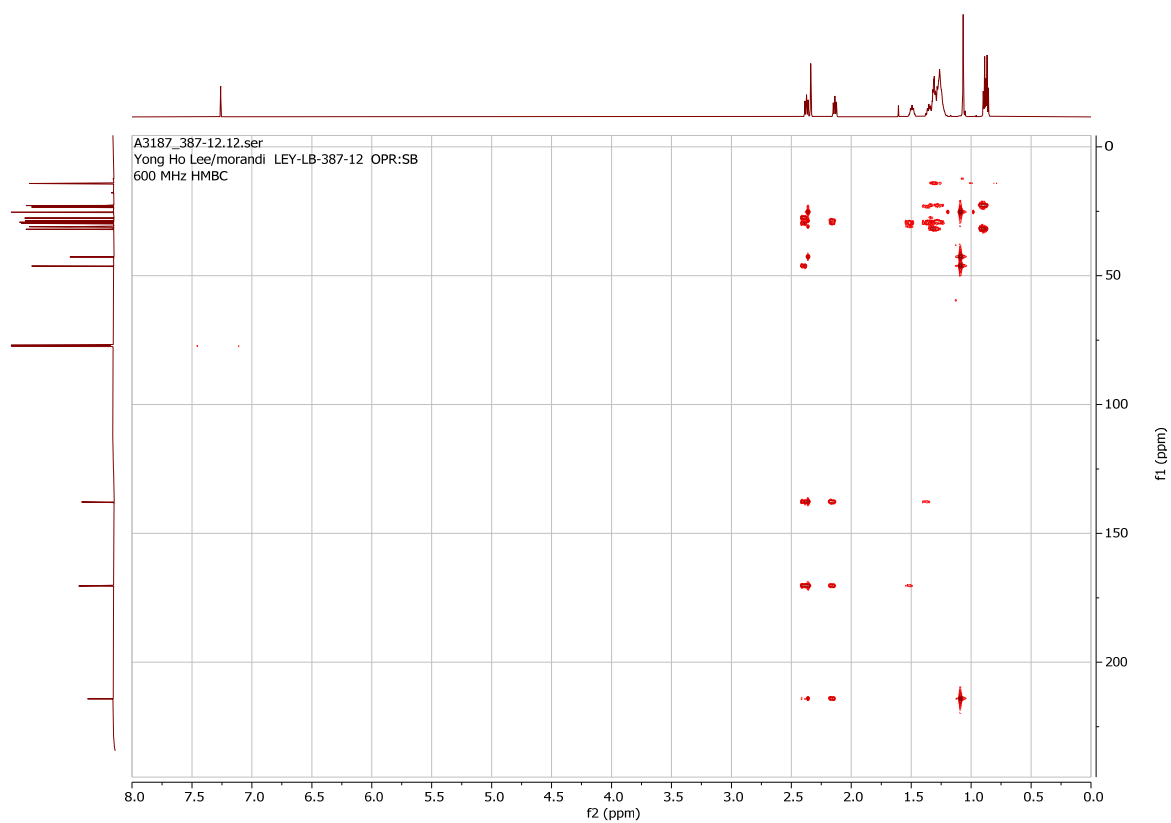
(Z)-2,3-dipropyl-5-propylenecyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ar-2**, minor).



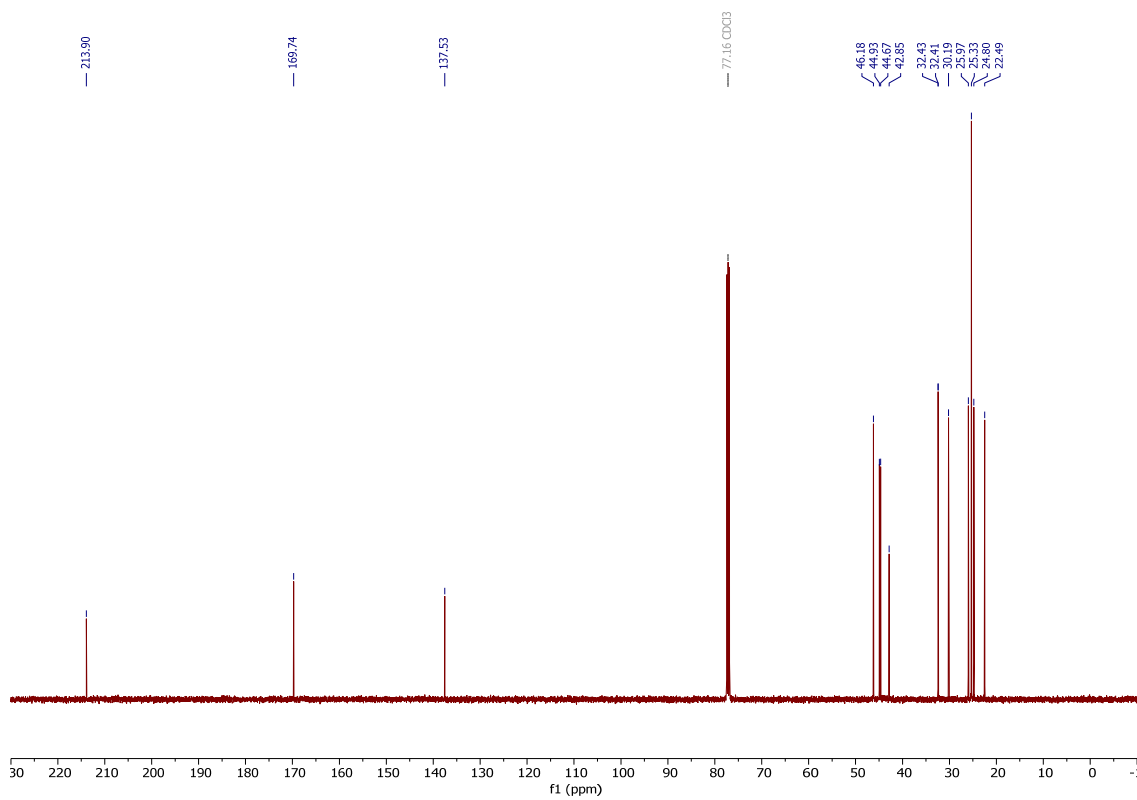
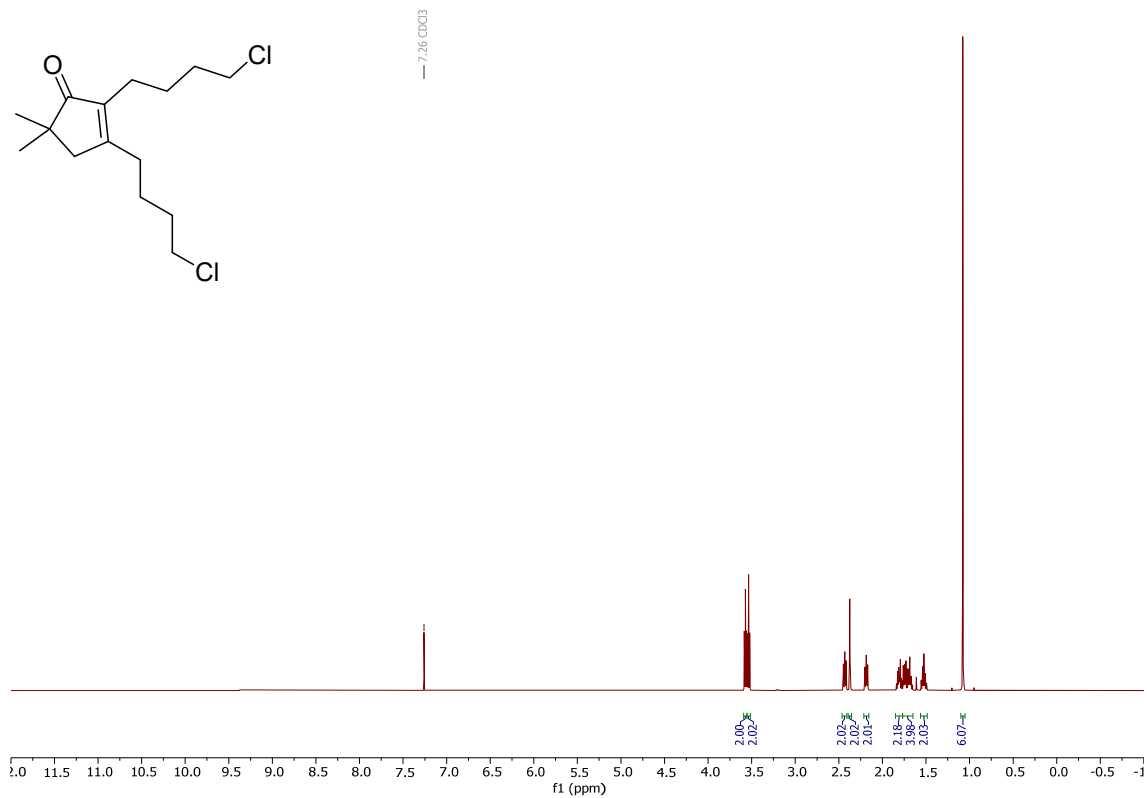


2,3-diheptyl-5,5-dimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3ba**).



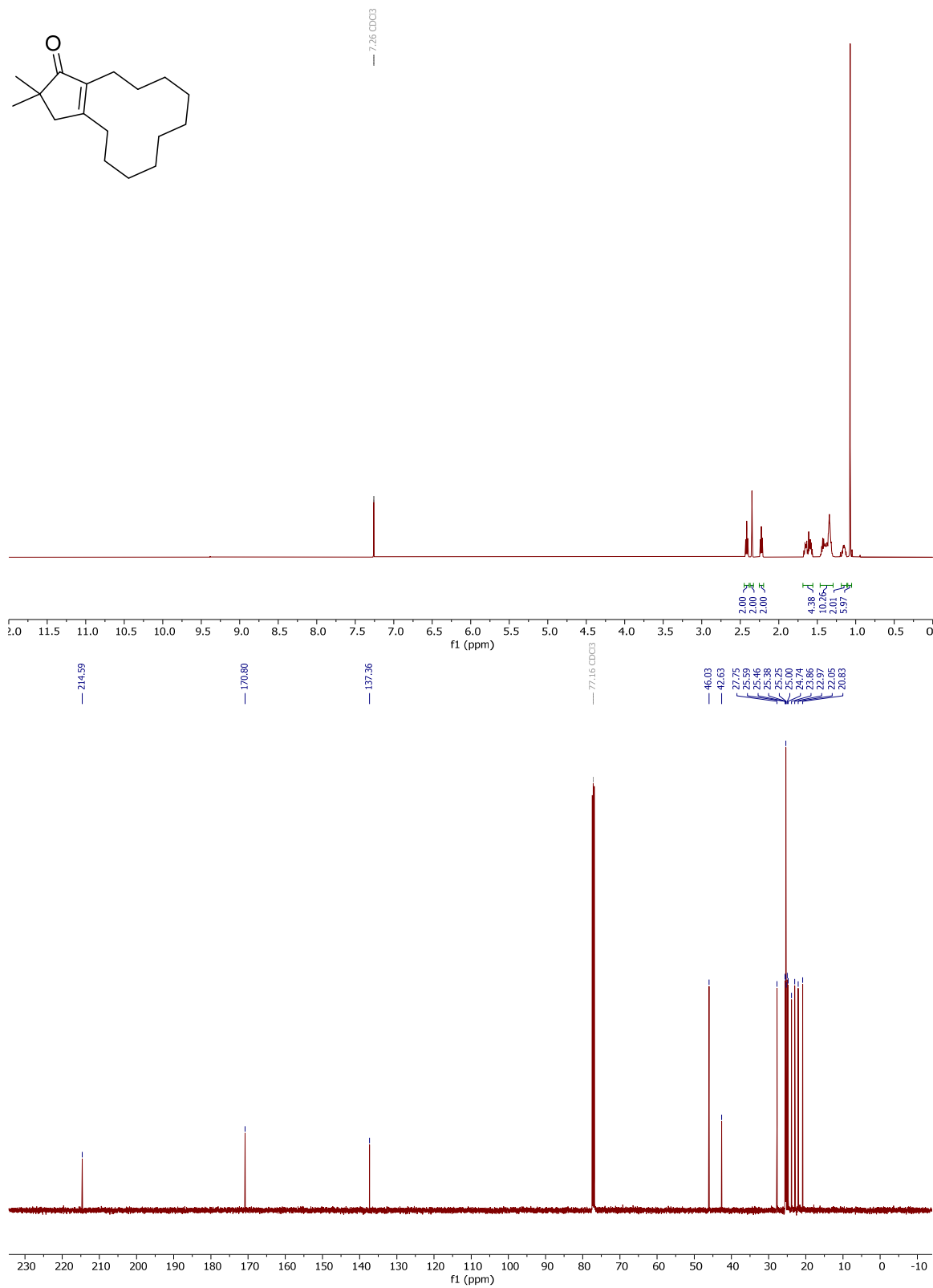


2,3-bis(4-chlorobutyl)-5,5-dimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bb**).



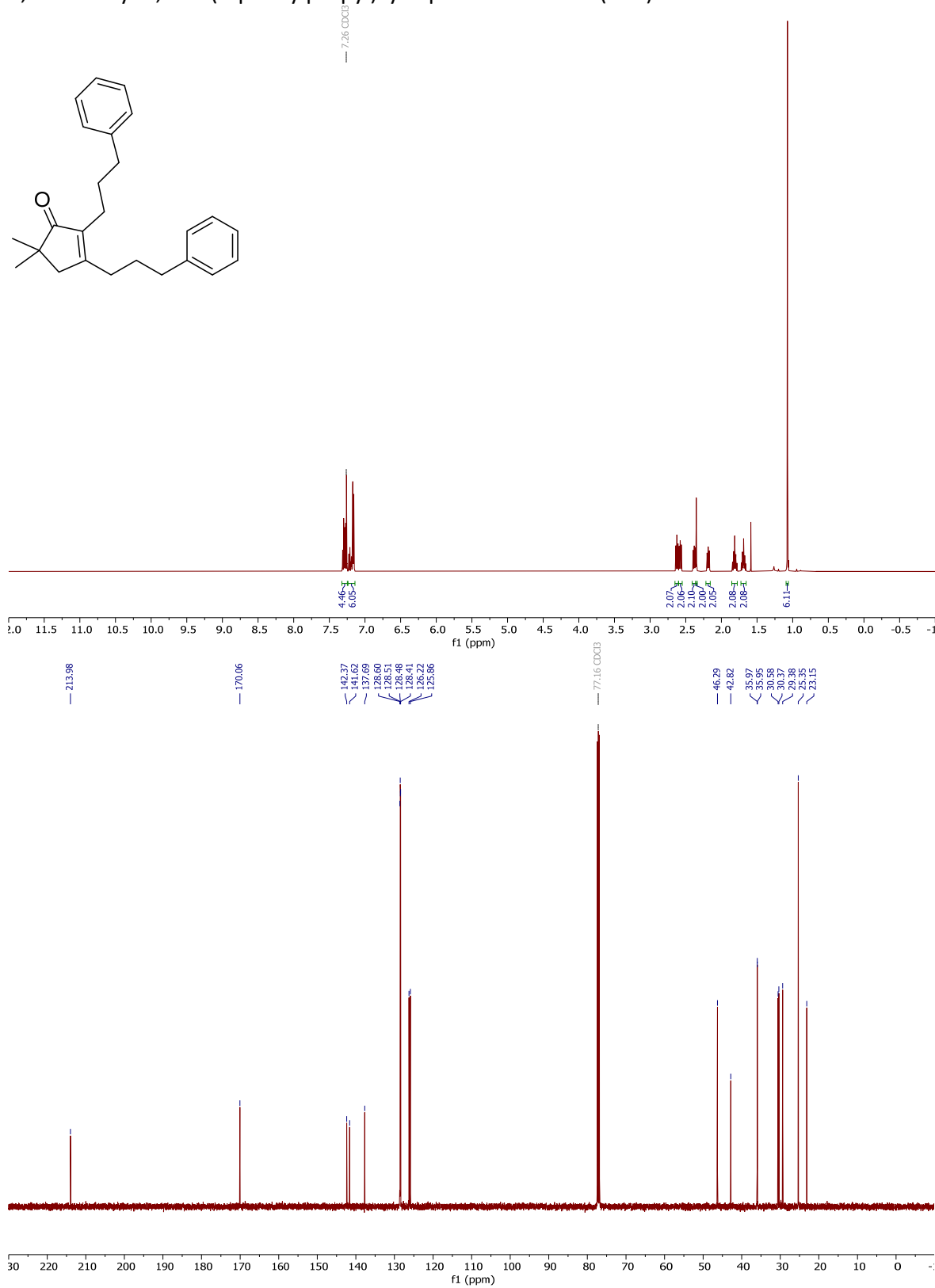


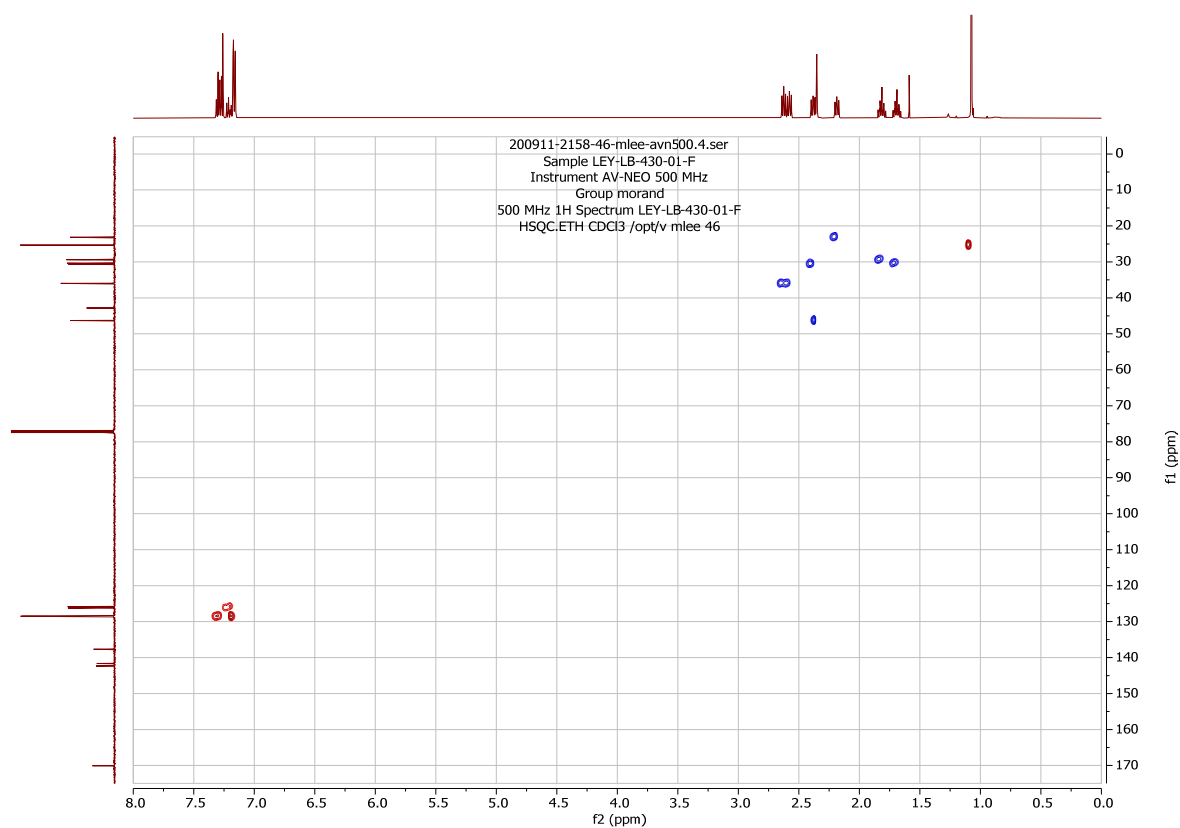
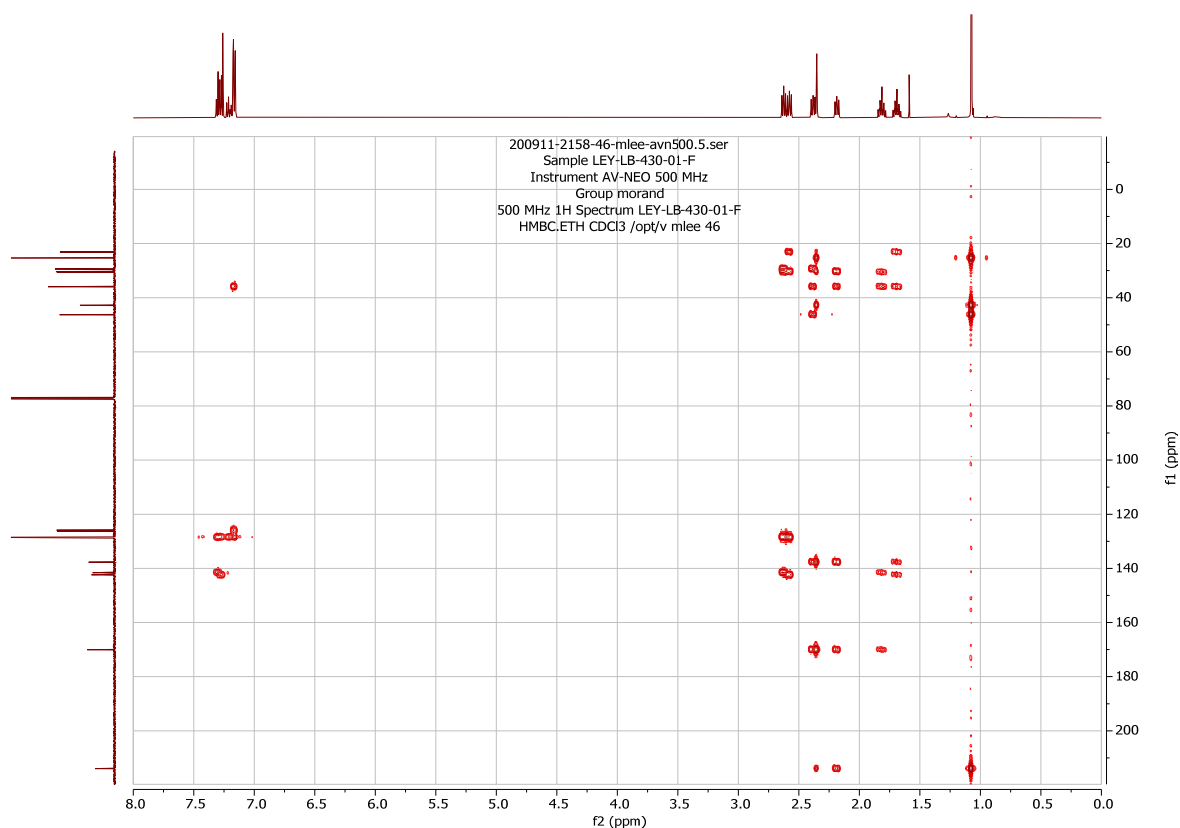
2,2-dimethyl-2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13-dodecahydro-1*H*-cyclopenta[12]annulen-1-one (**3bc**).

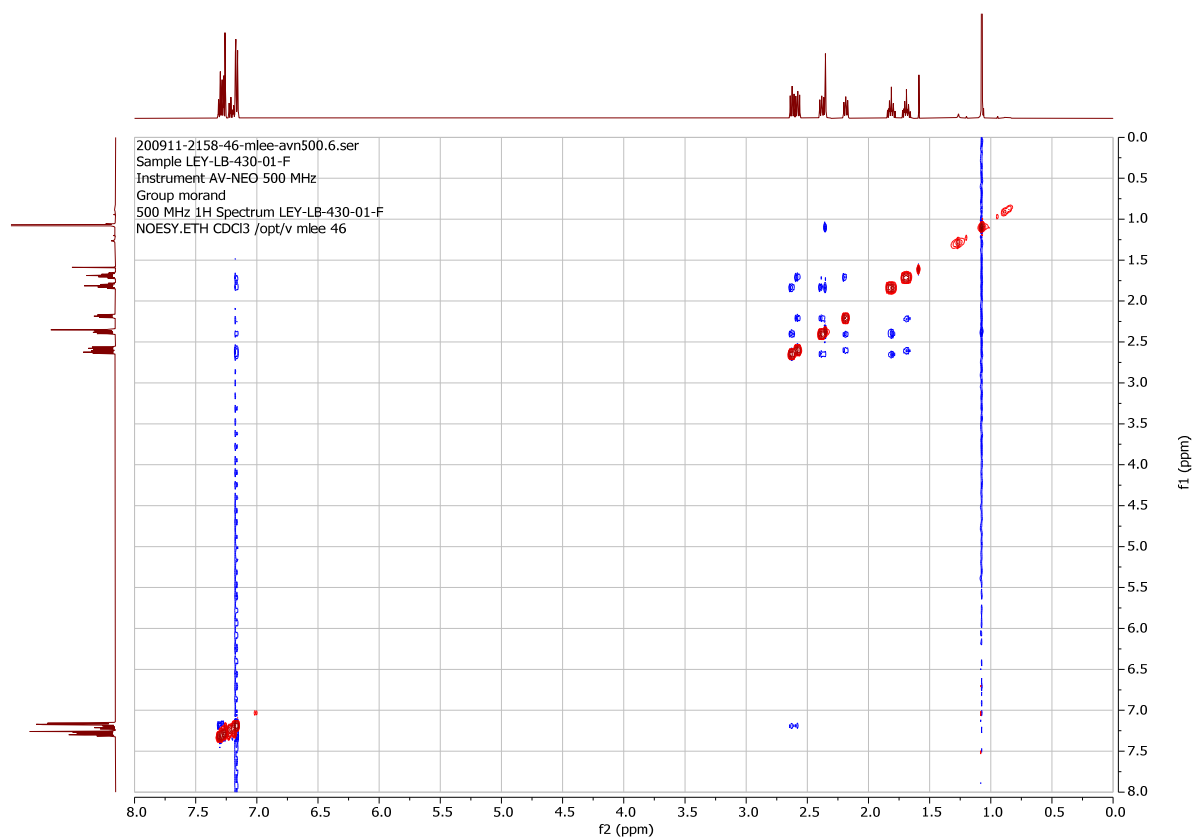
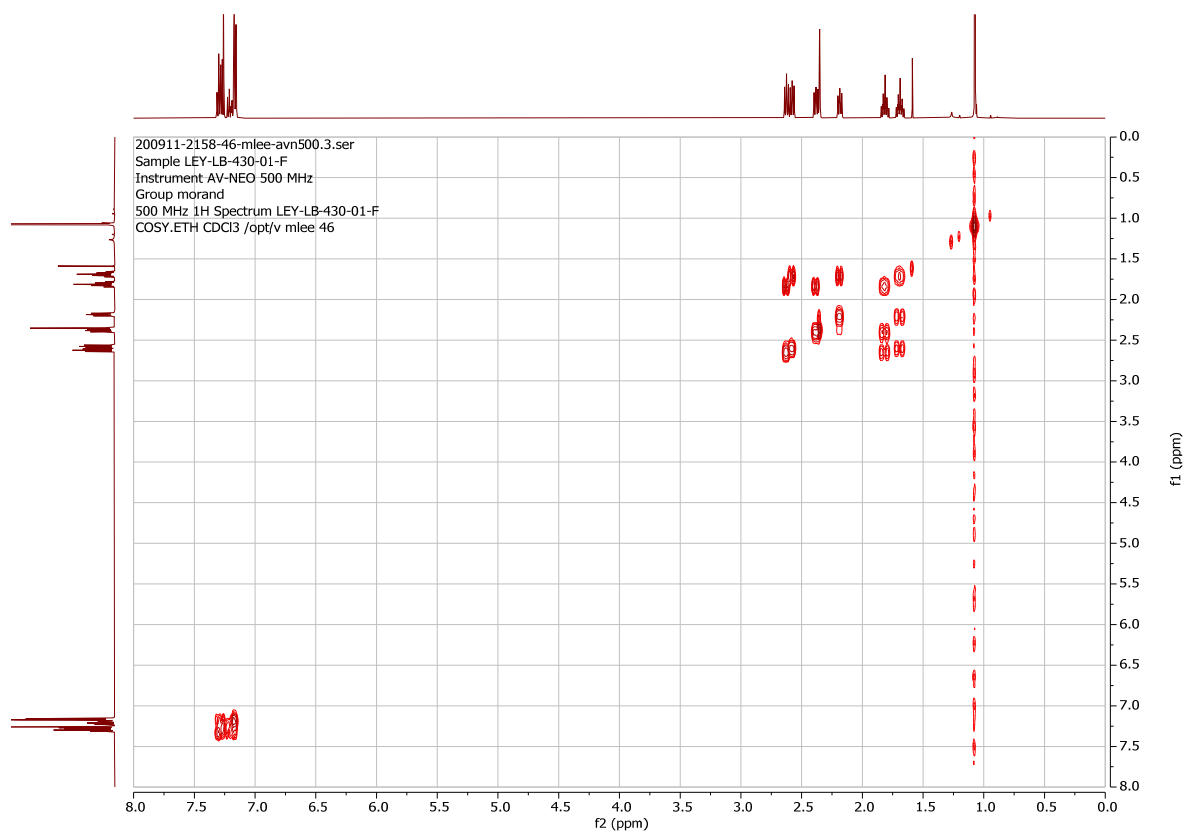




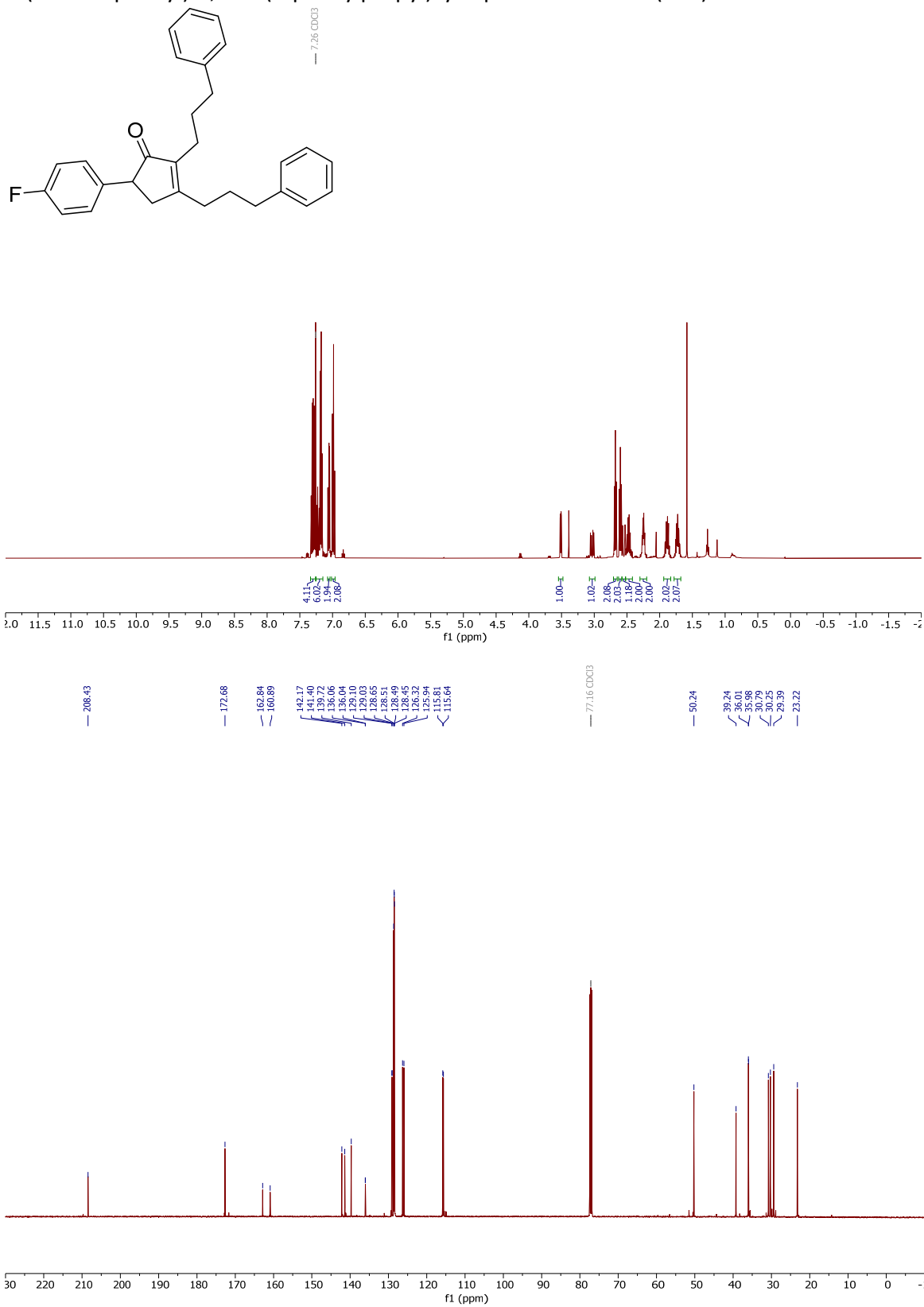
5,5-dimethyl-2,3-bis(3-phenylpropyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bd**).



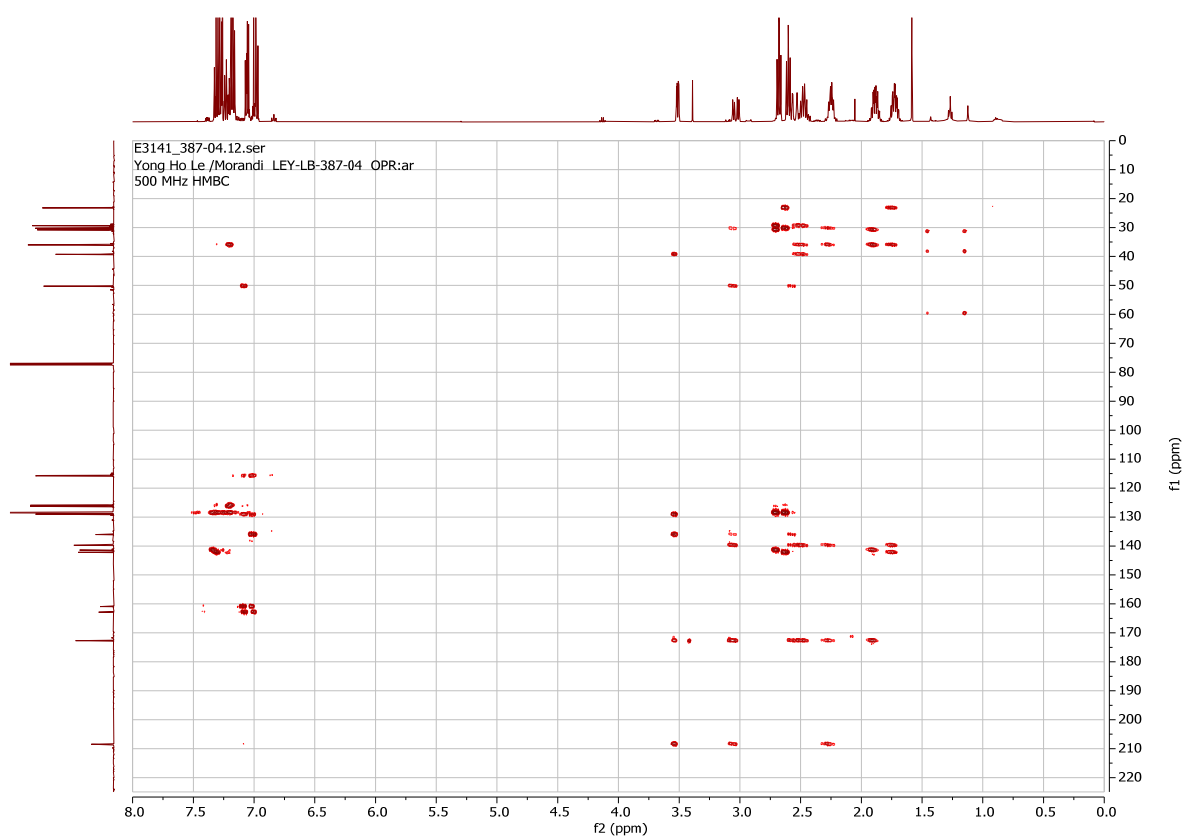
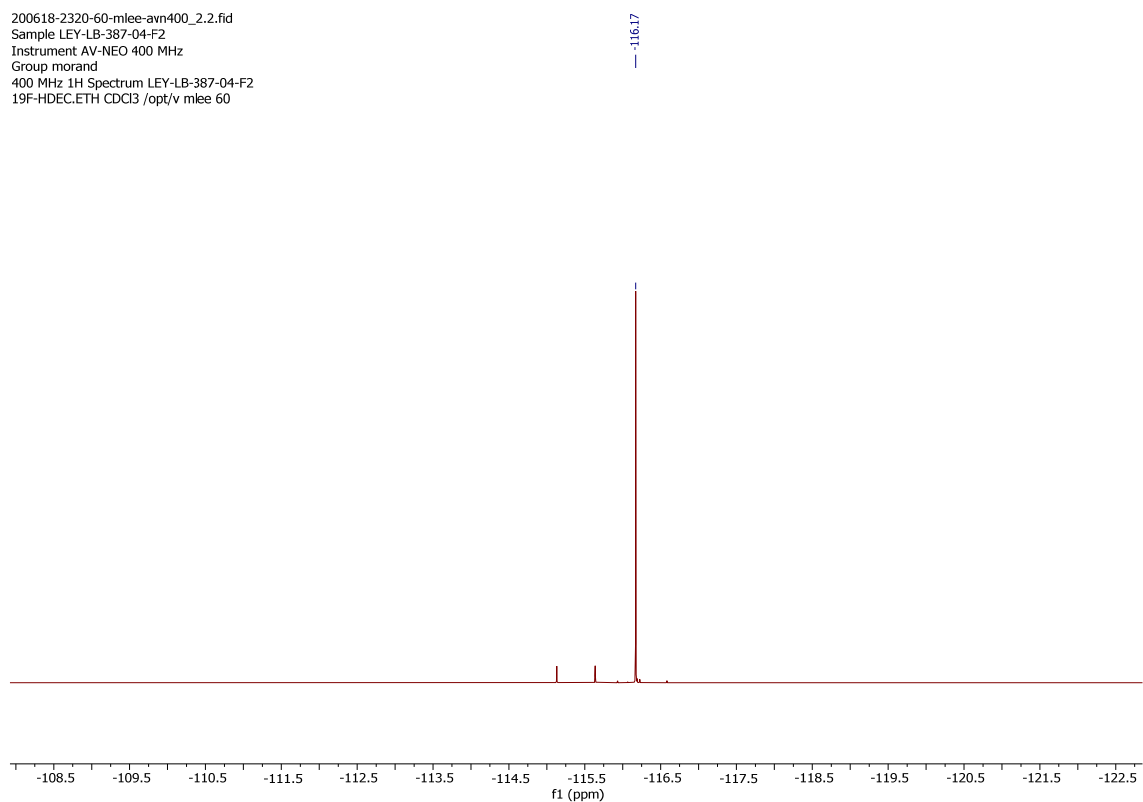




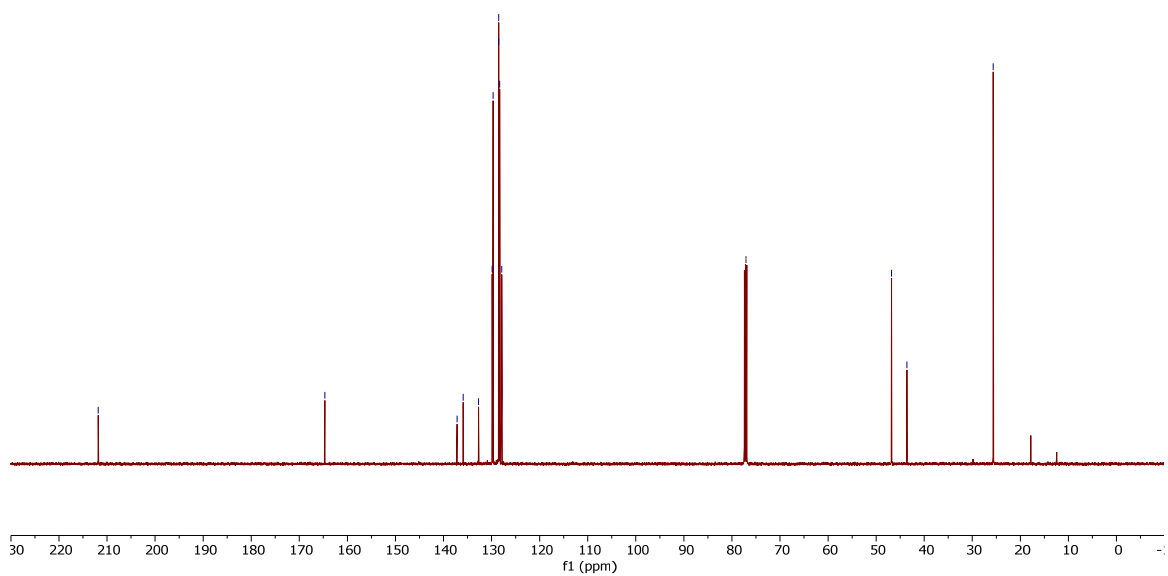
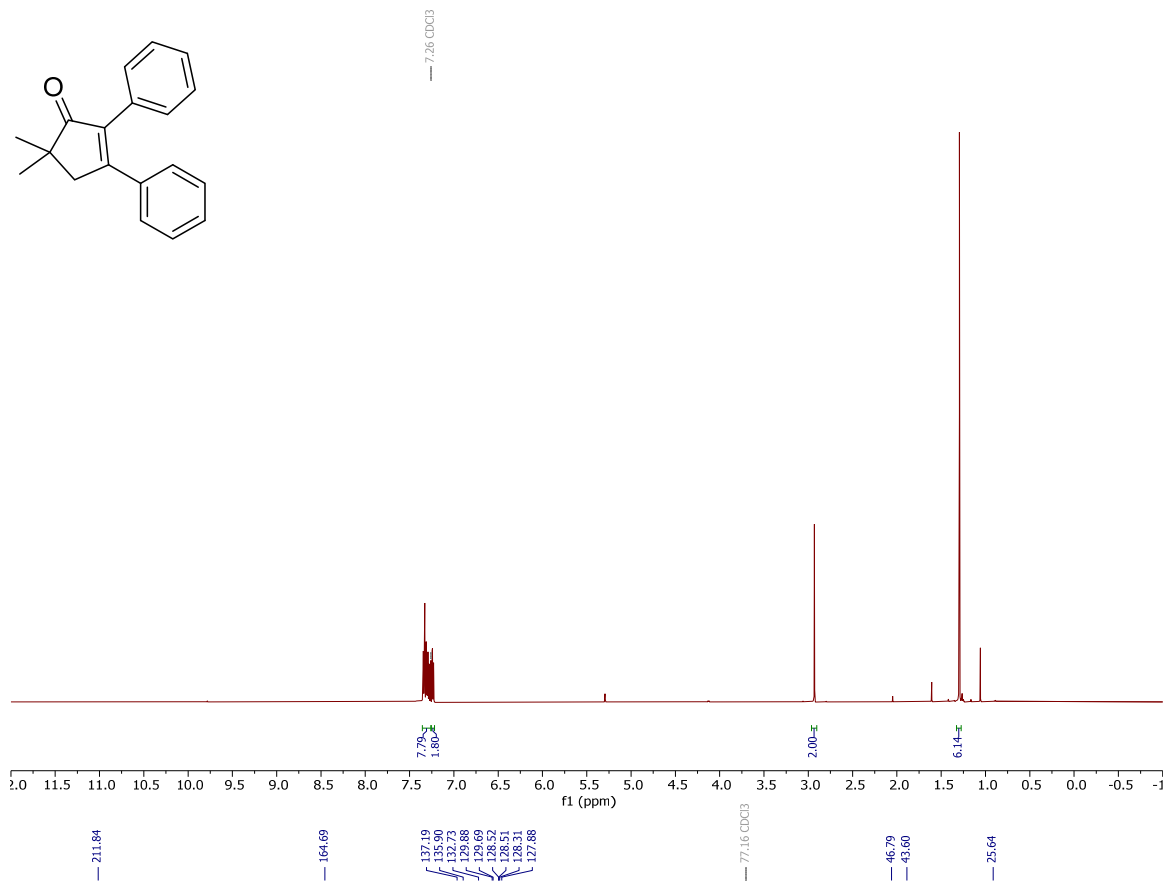
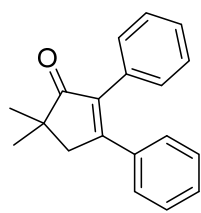
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,3-bis(3-phenylpropyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3be**).

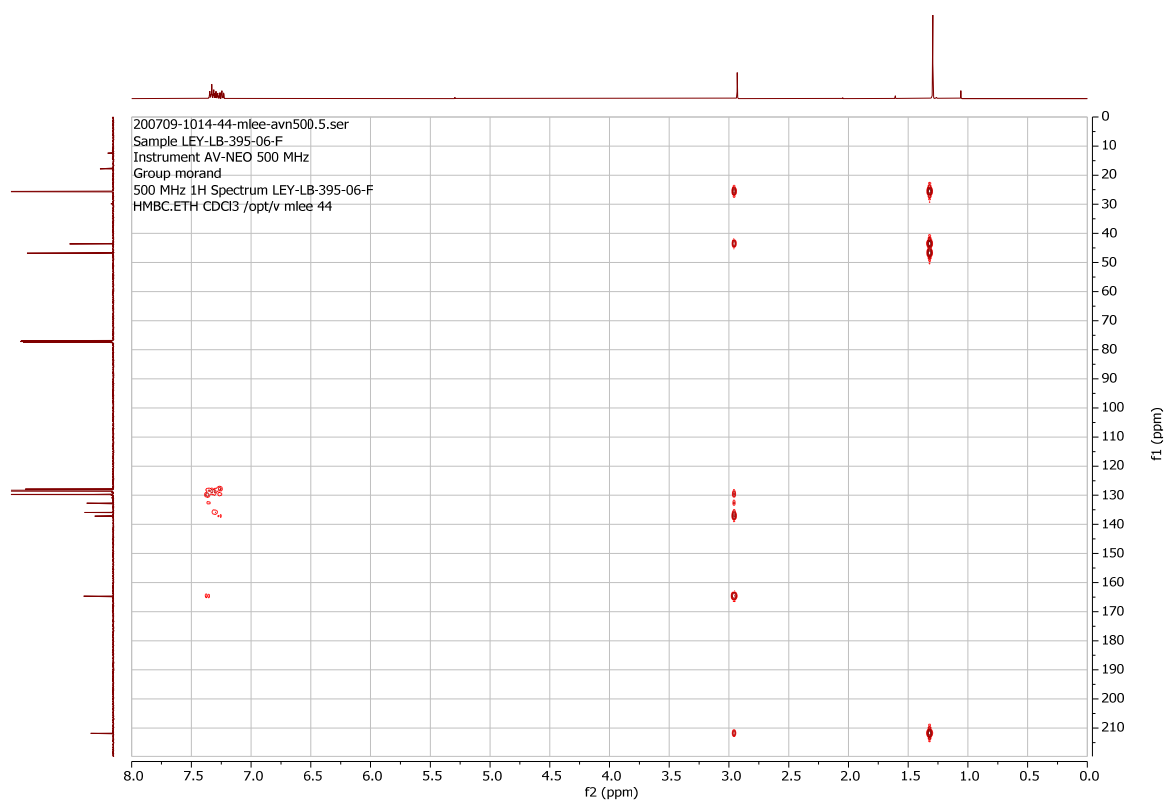


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Instrument AV-NEO 400 MHz
Group morand
400 MHz ¹H Spectrum LEY-LB-387-04-F2
19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl₃ /opt/v mlee 60

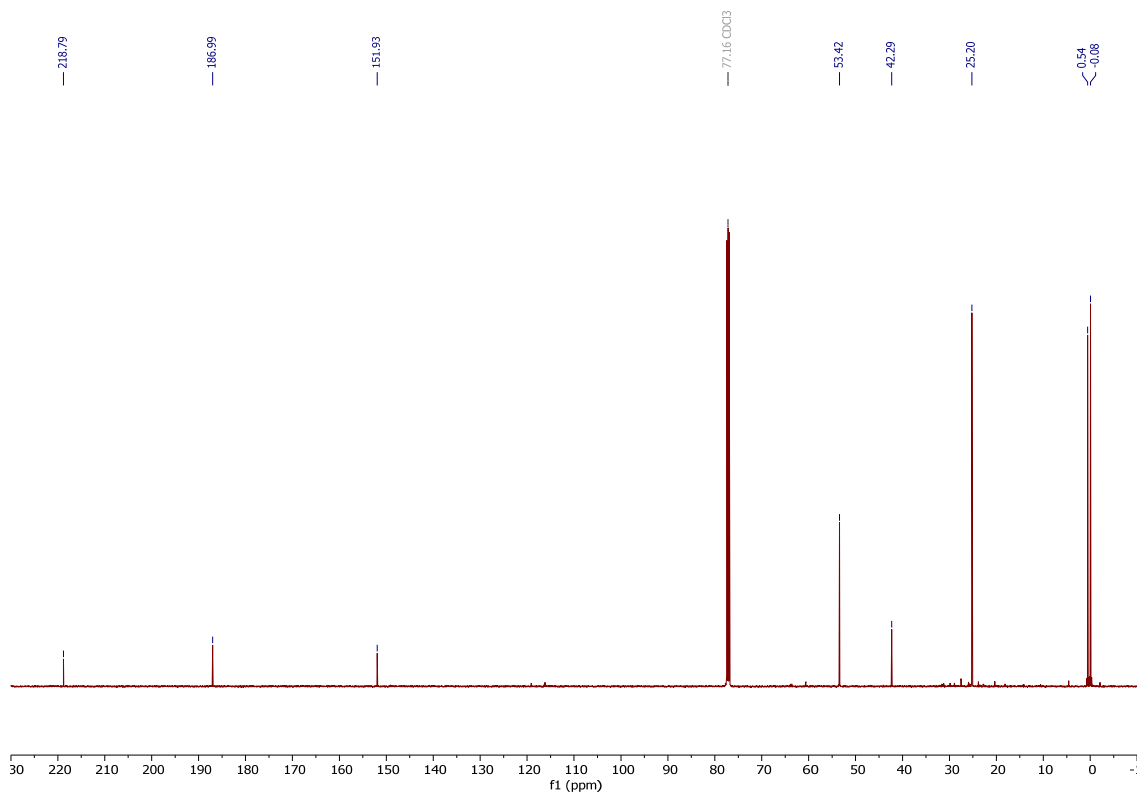
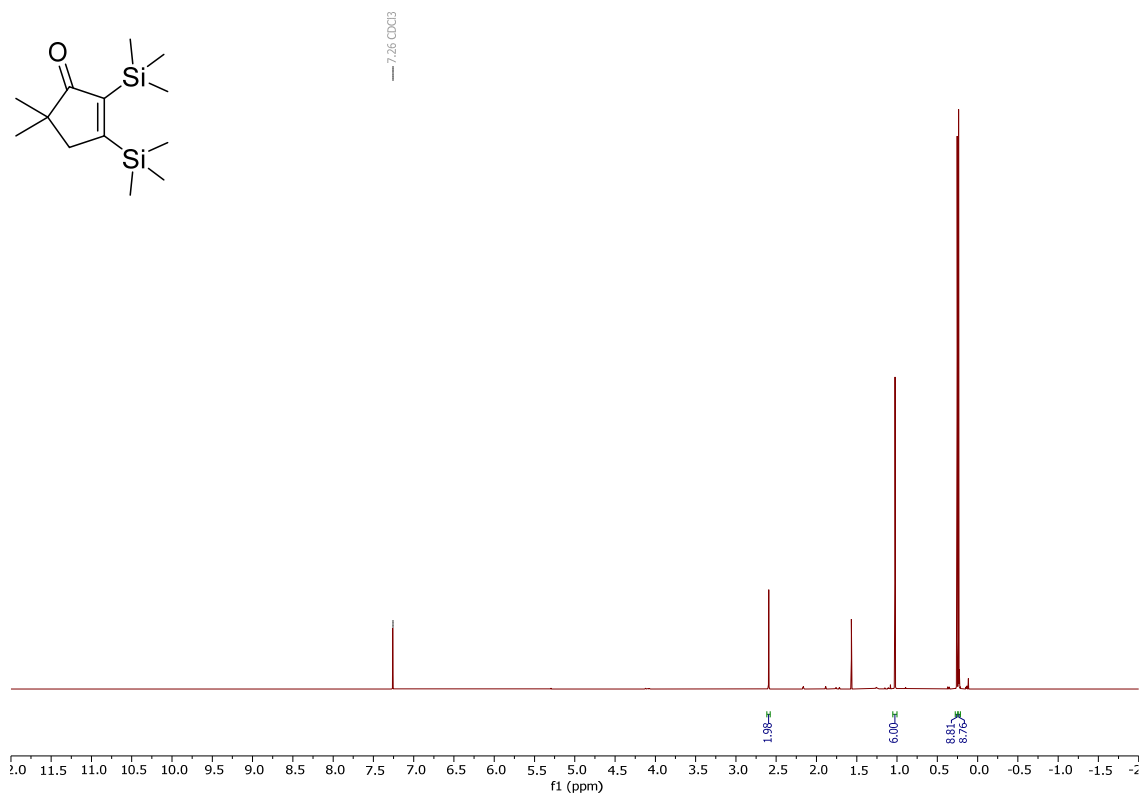
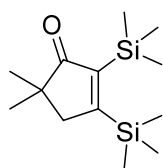


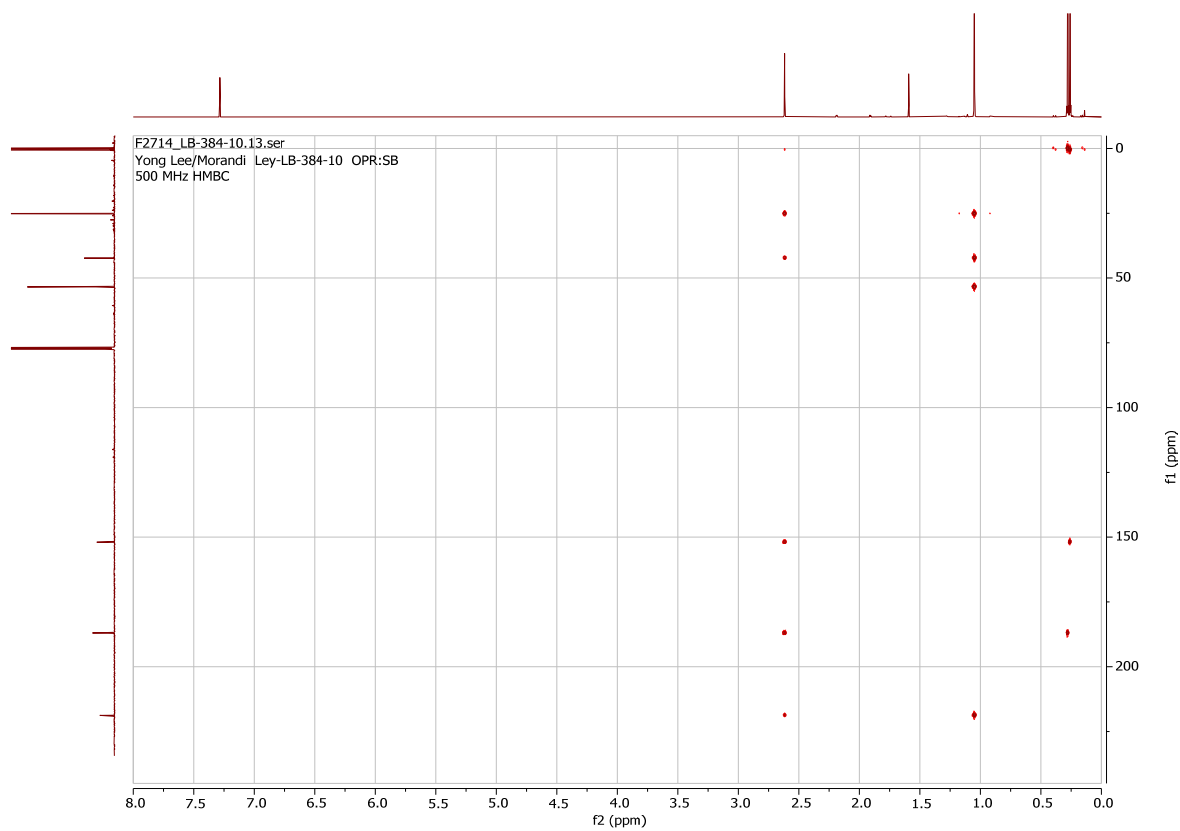
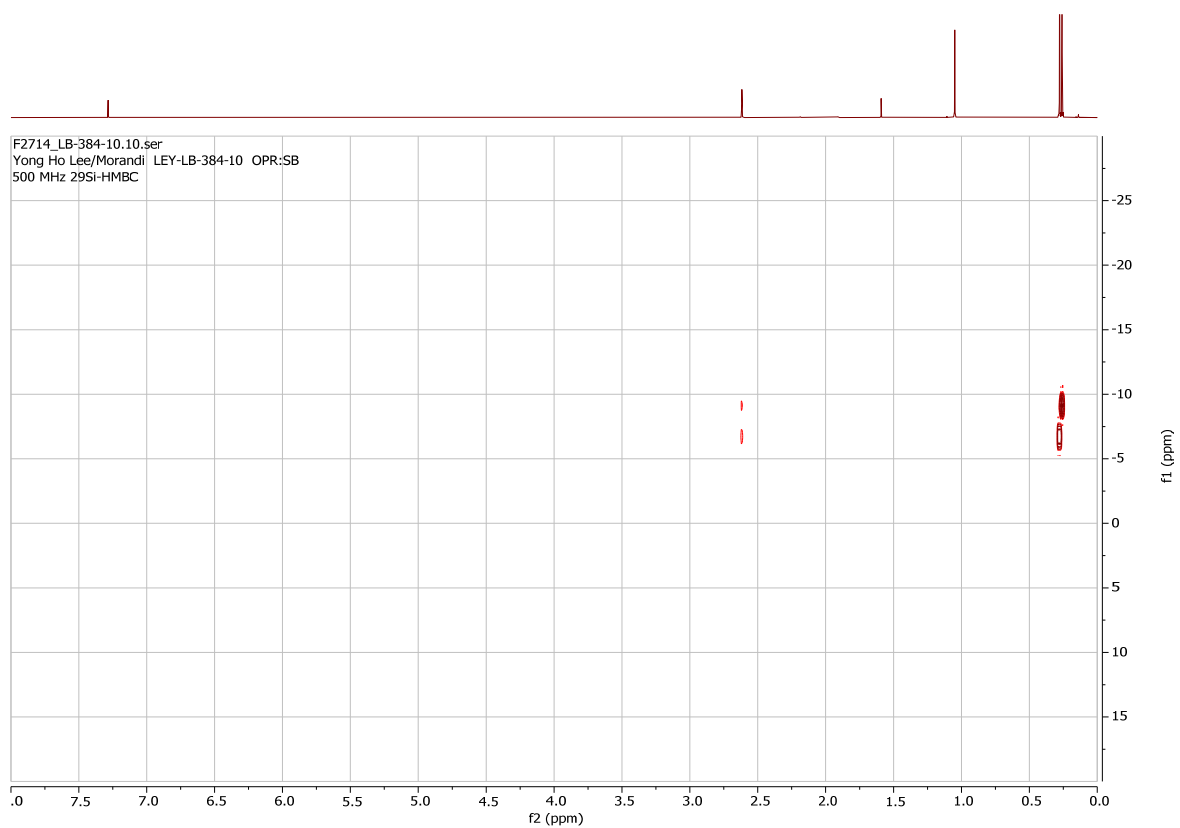
5,5-dimethyl-2,3-diphenylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bf**).



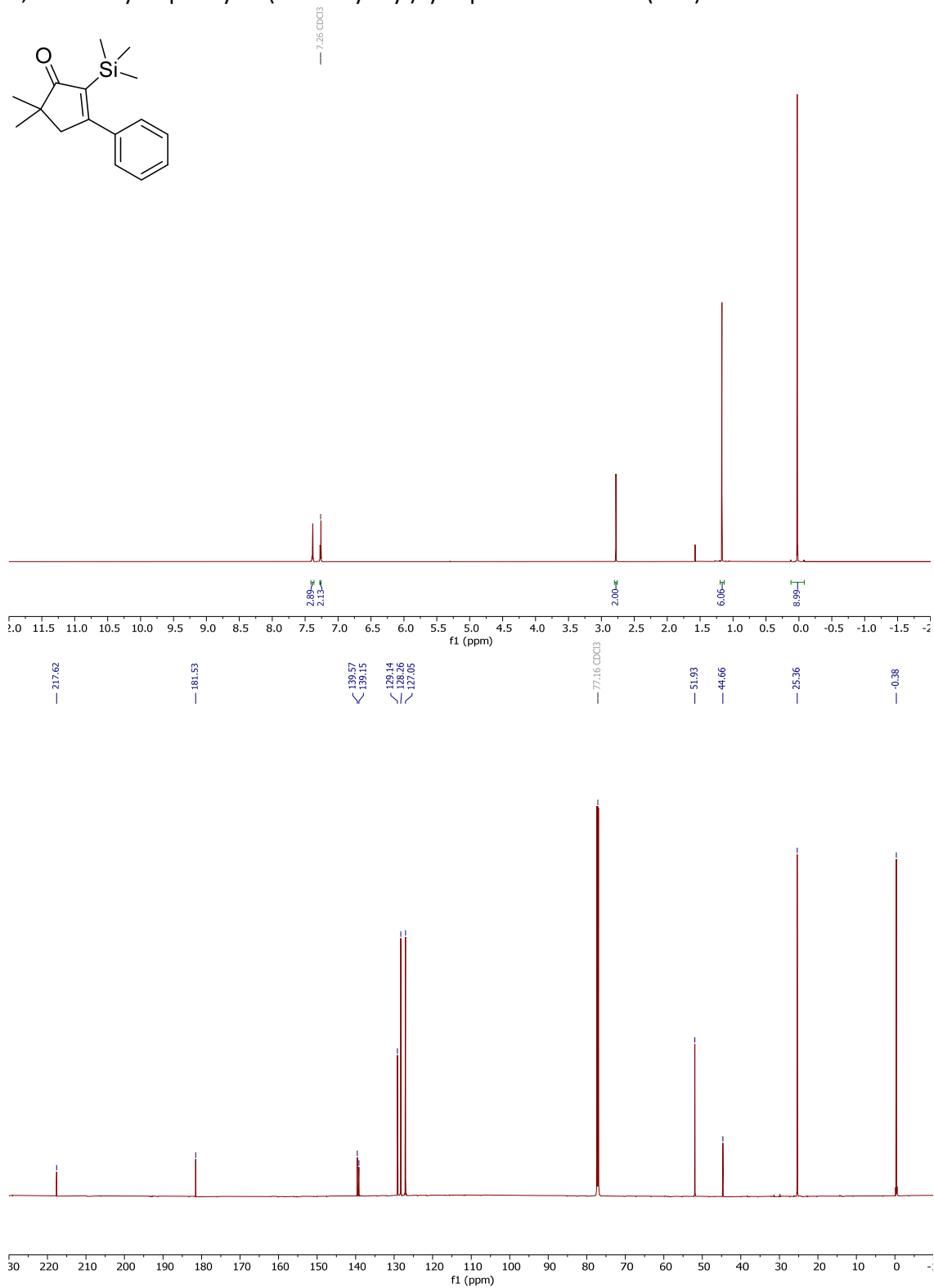
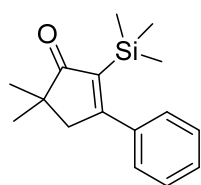


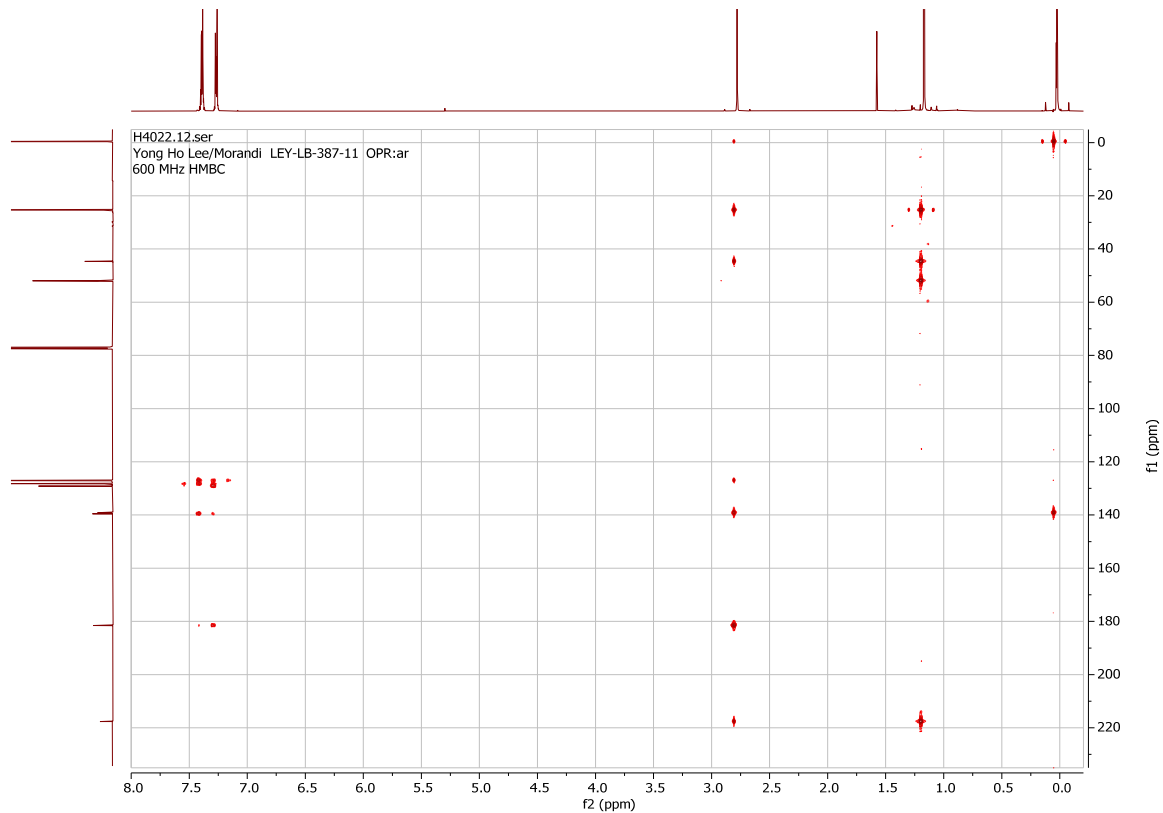
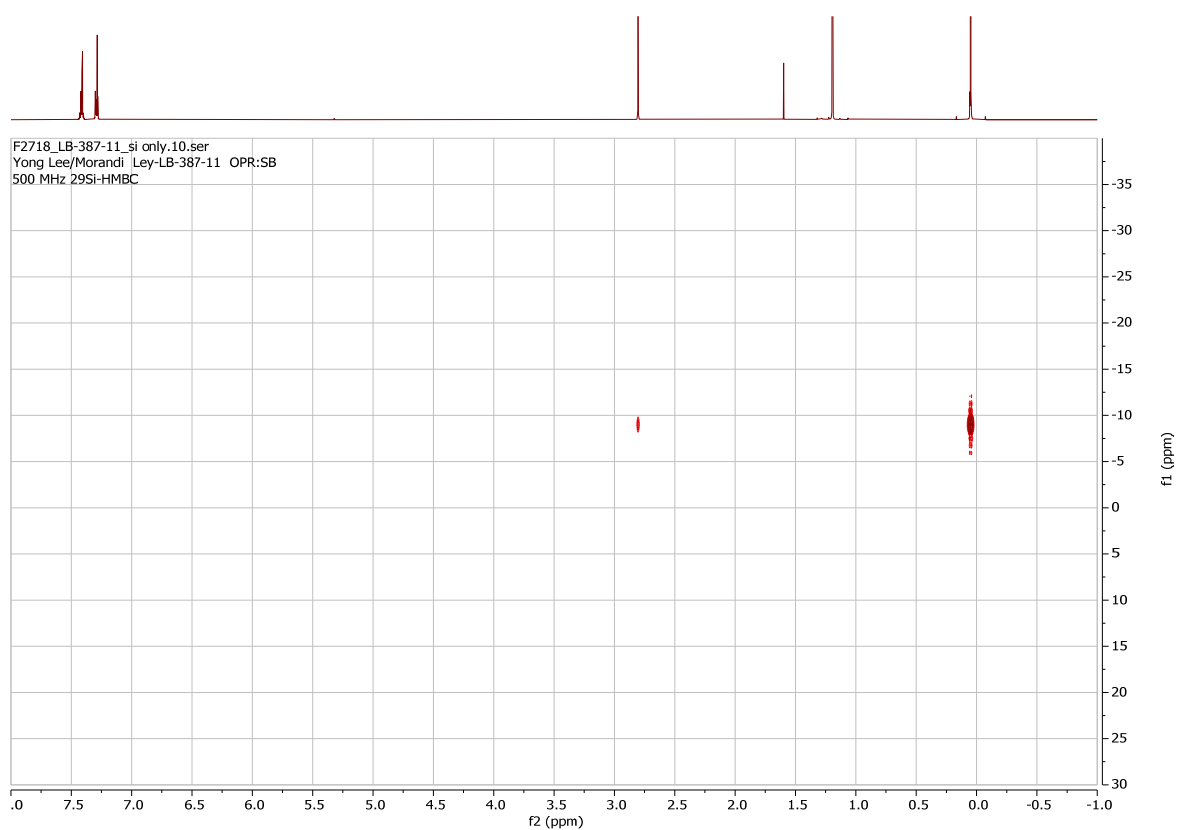
5,5-dimethyl-2,3-bis(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bg**).

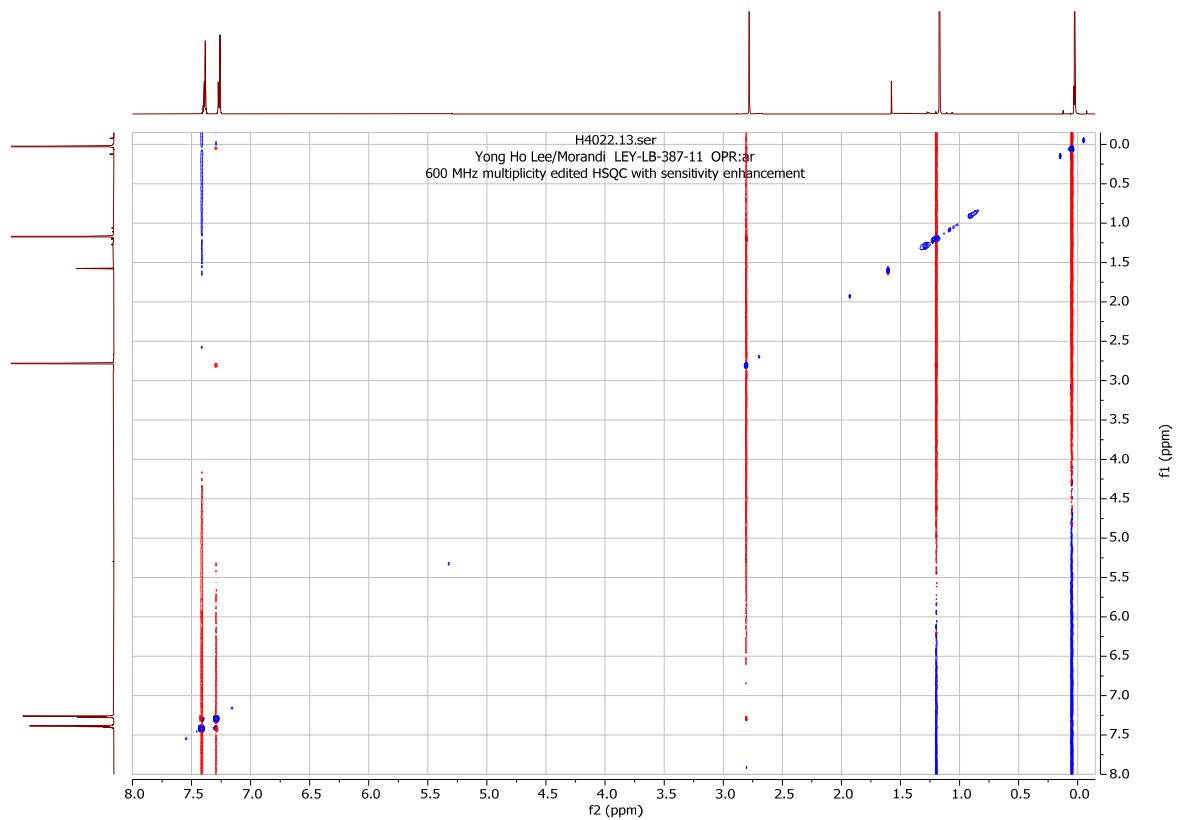
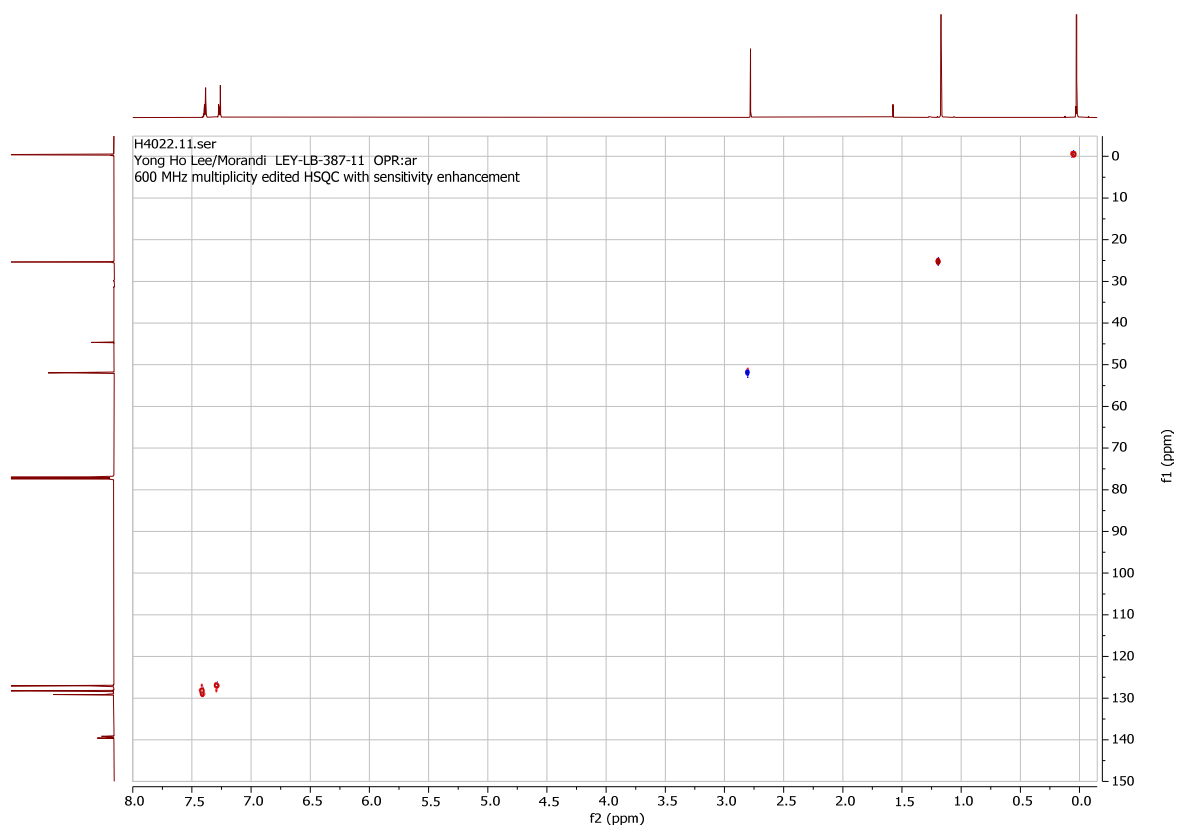




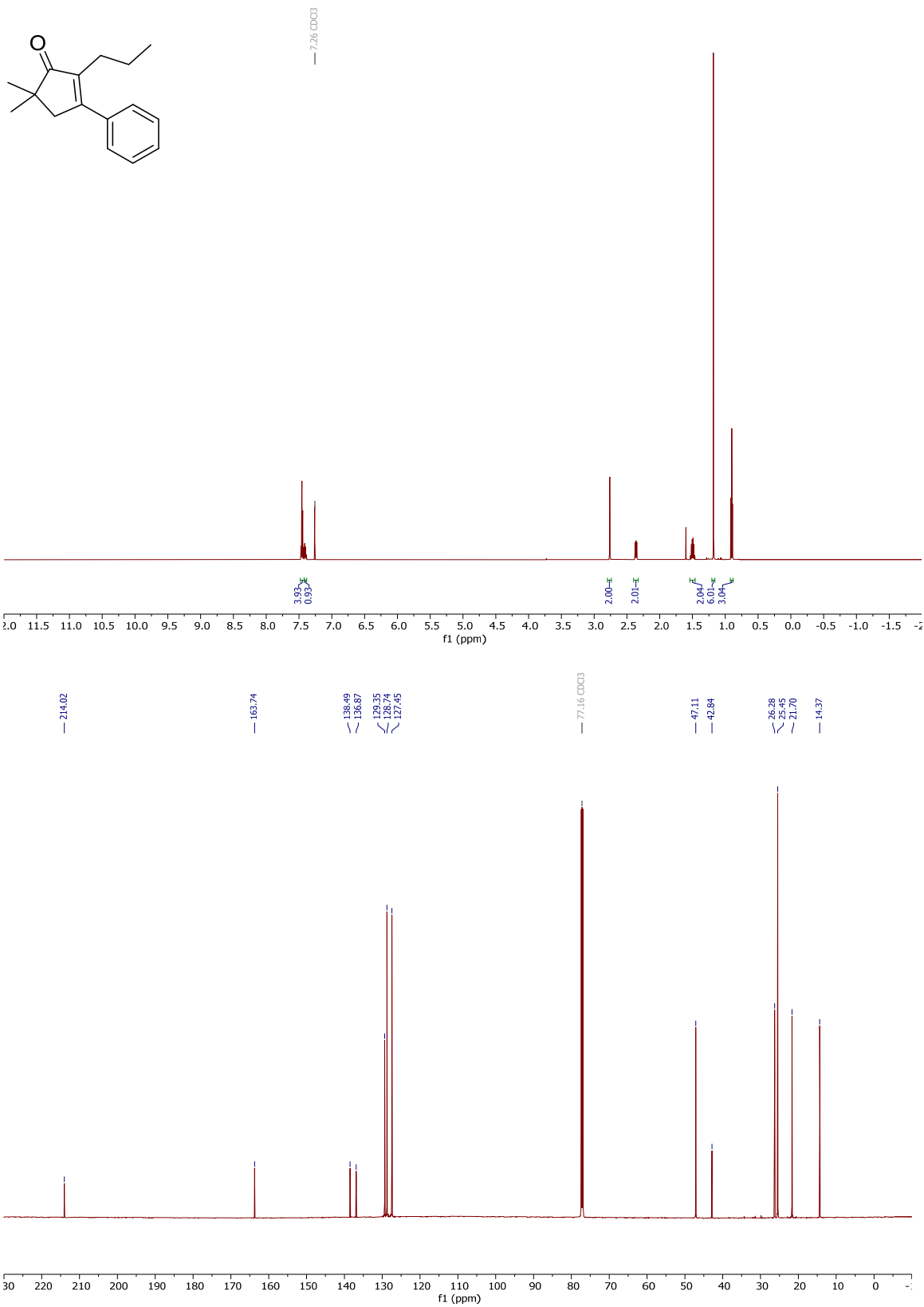
5,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-2-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bh**).

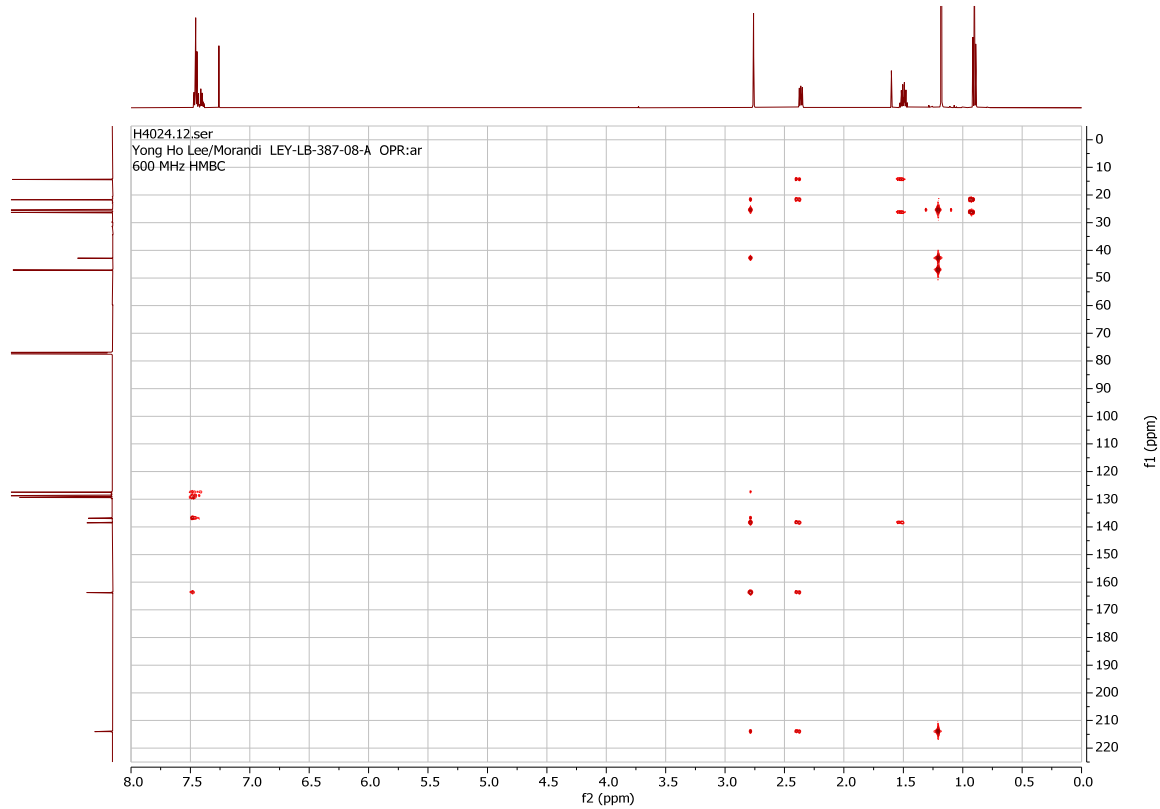
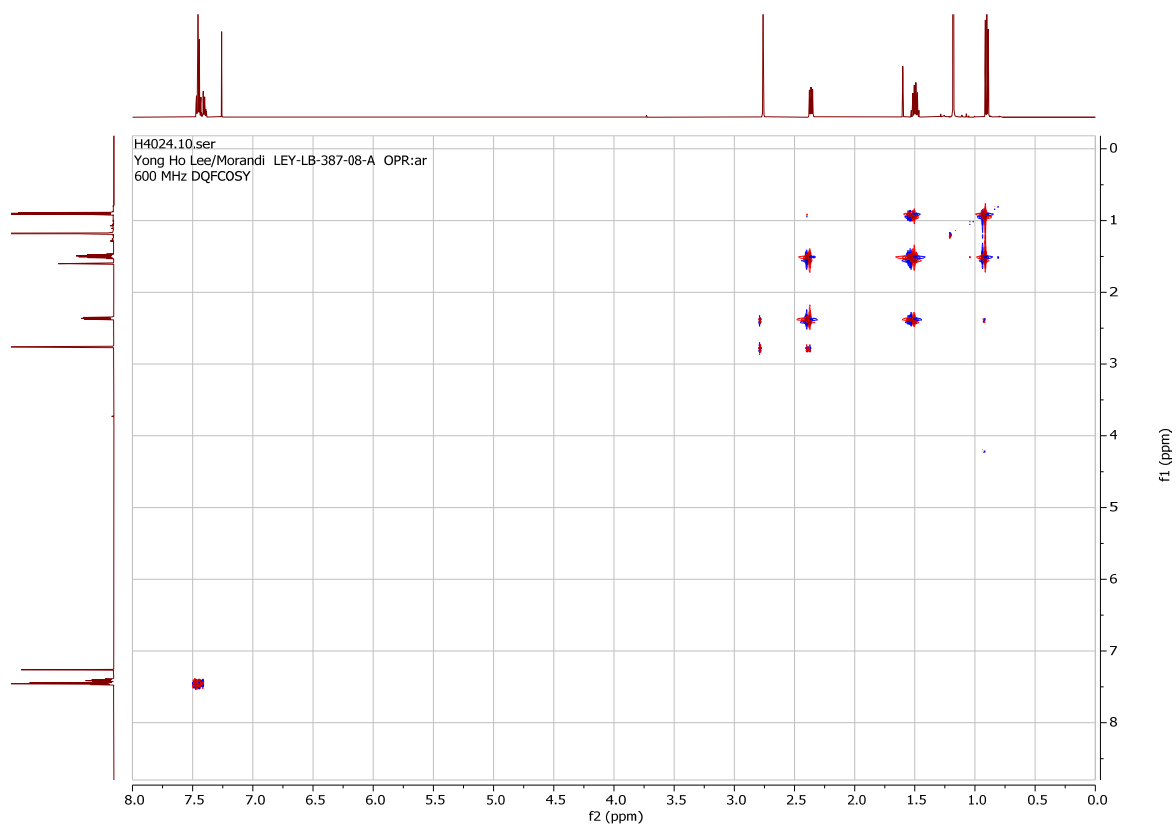


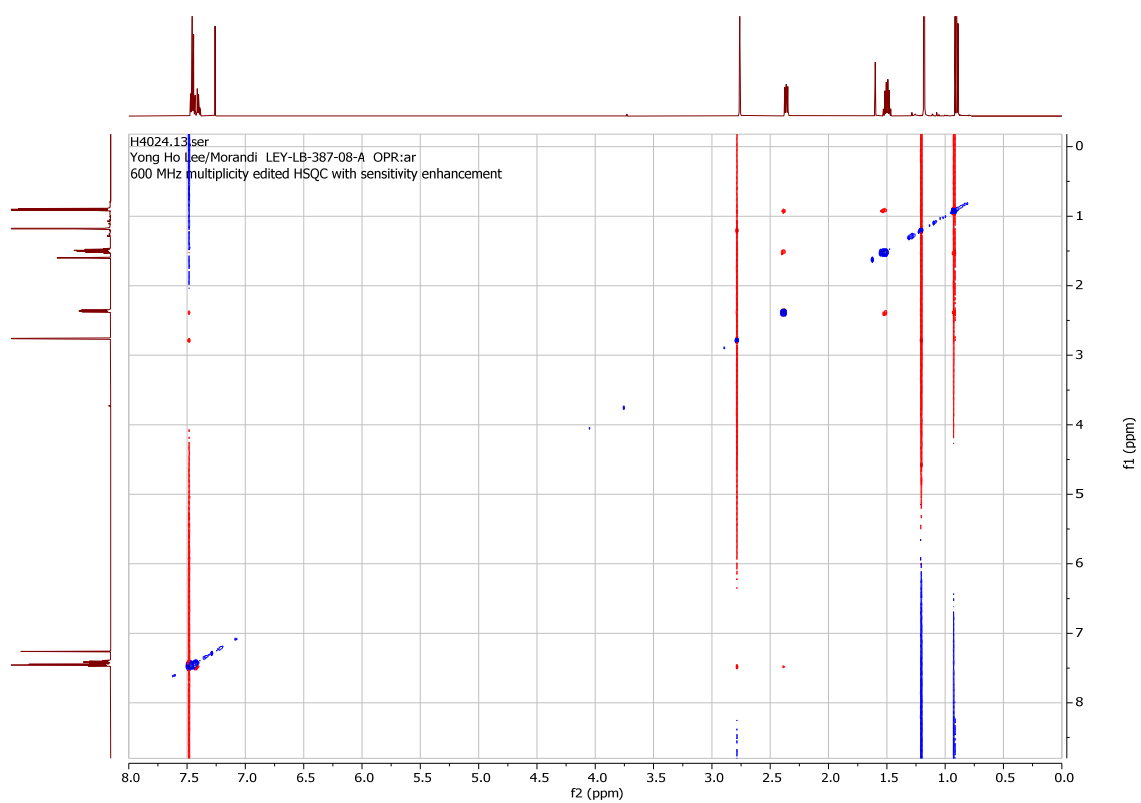
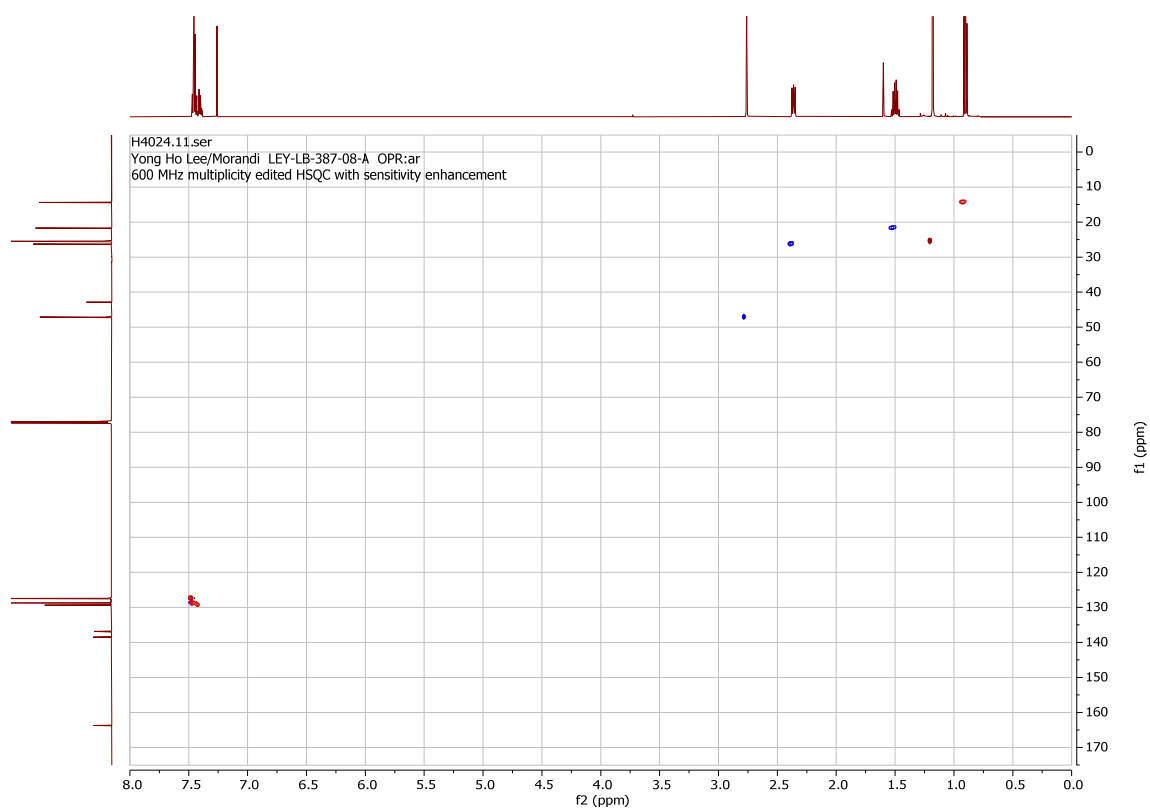




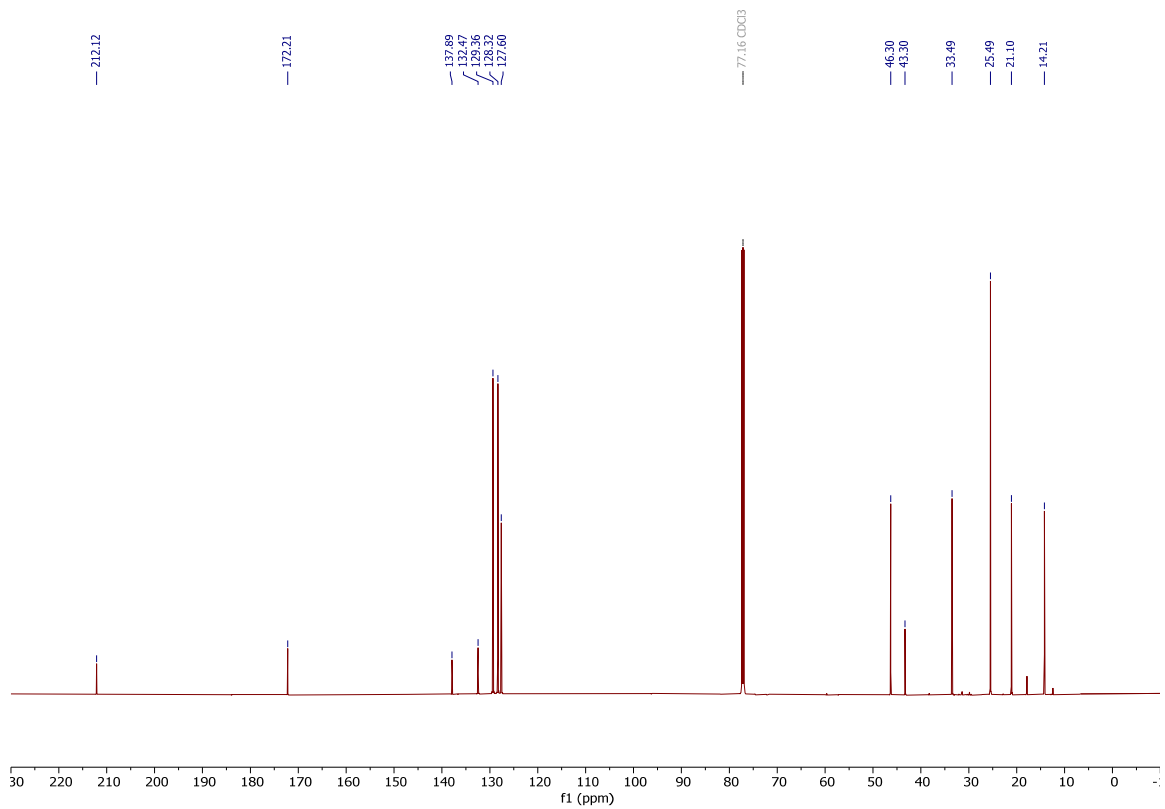
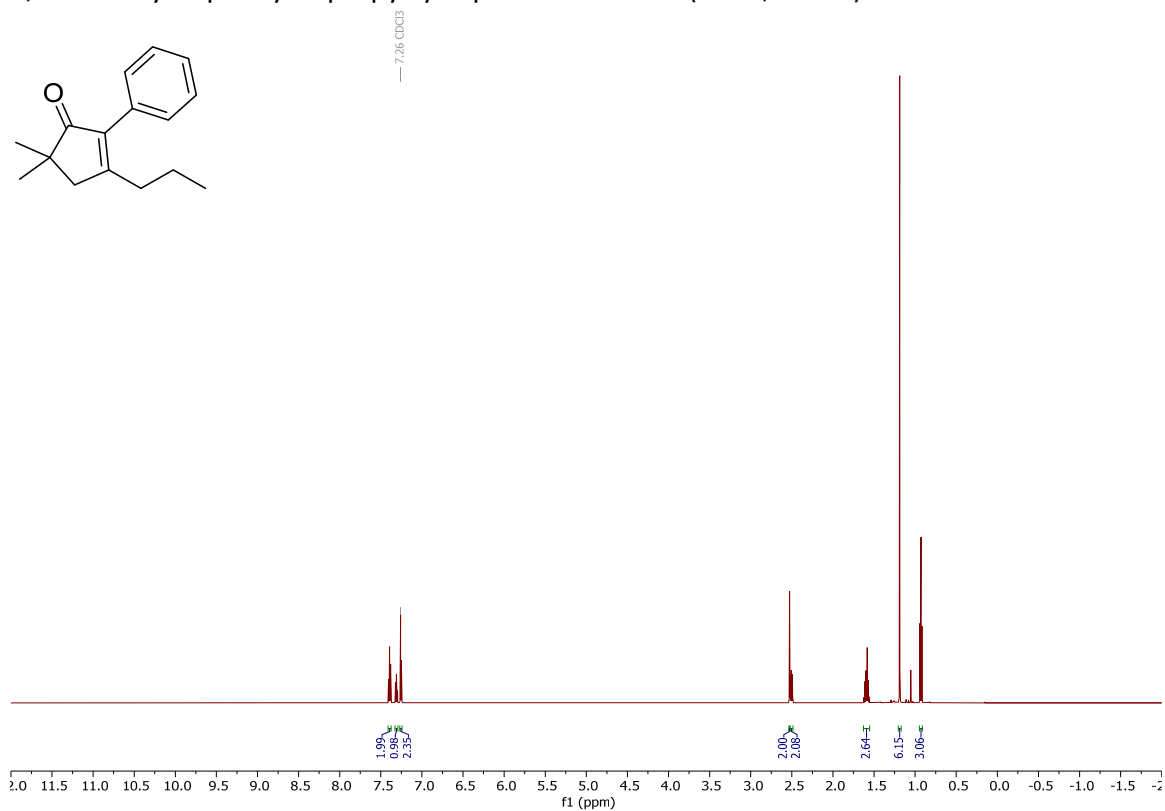
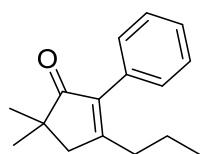
5,5-dimethyl-3-phenyl-2-propylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bi-1**, major).

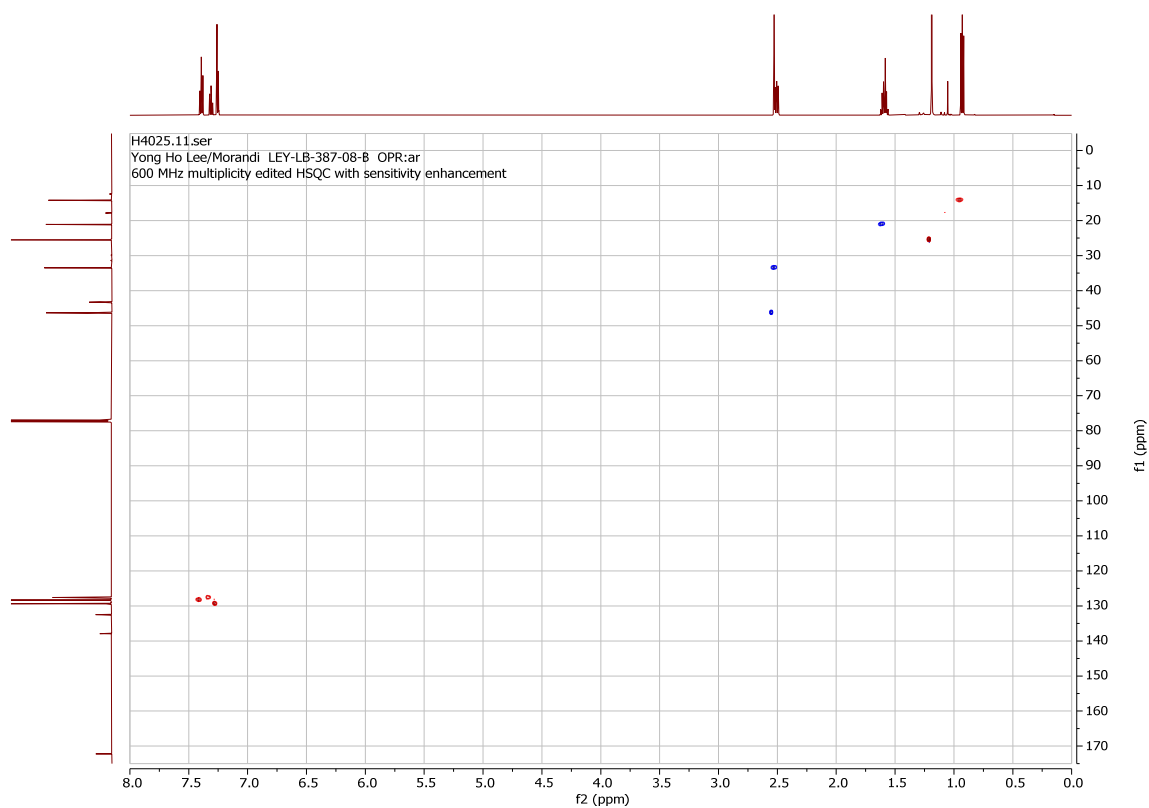
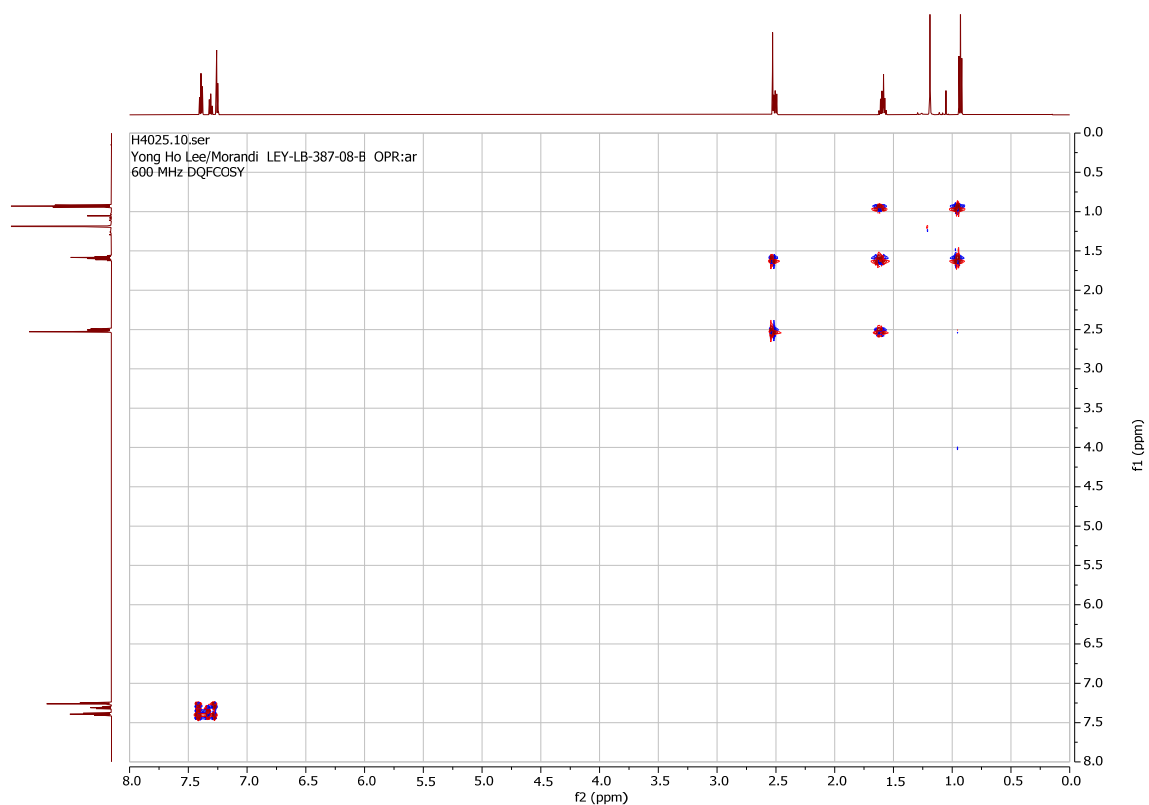


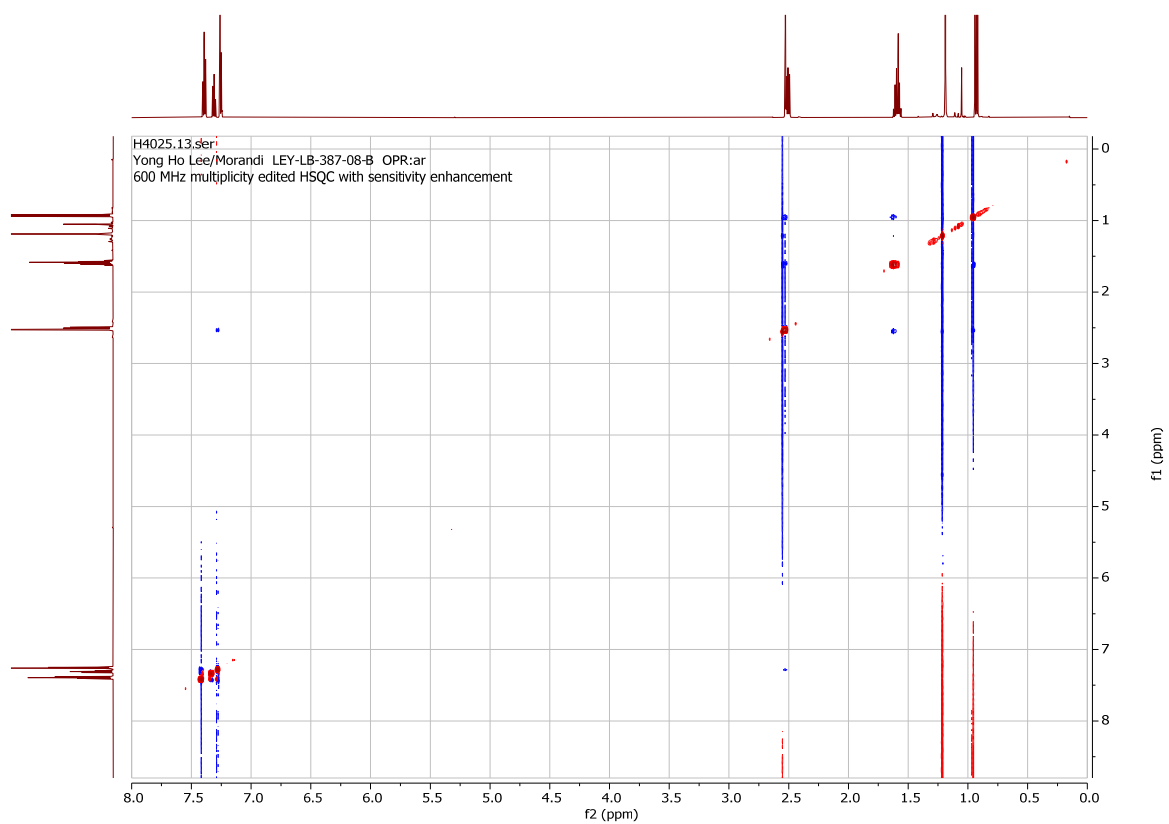
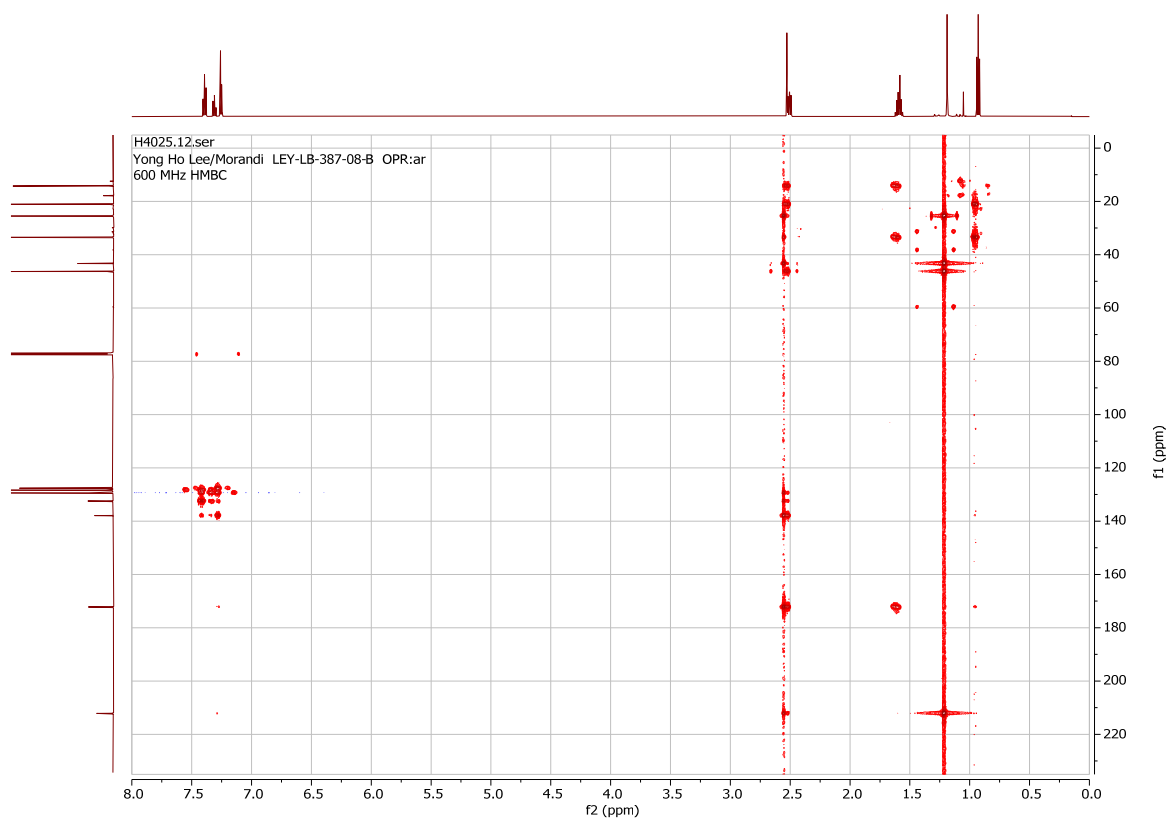




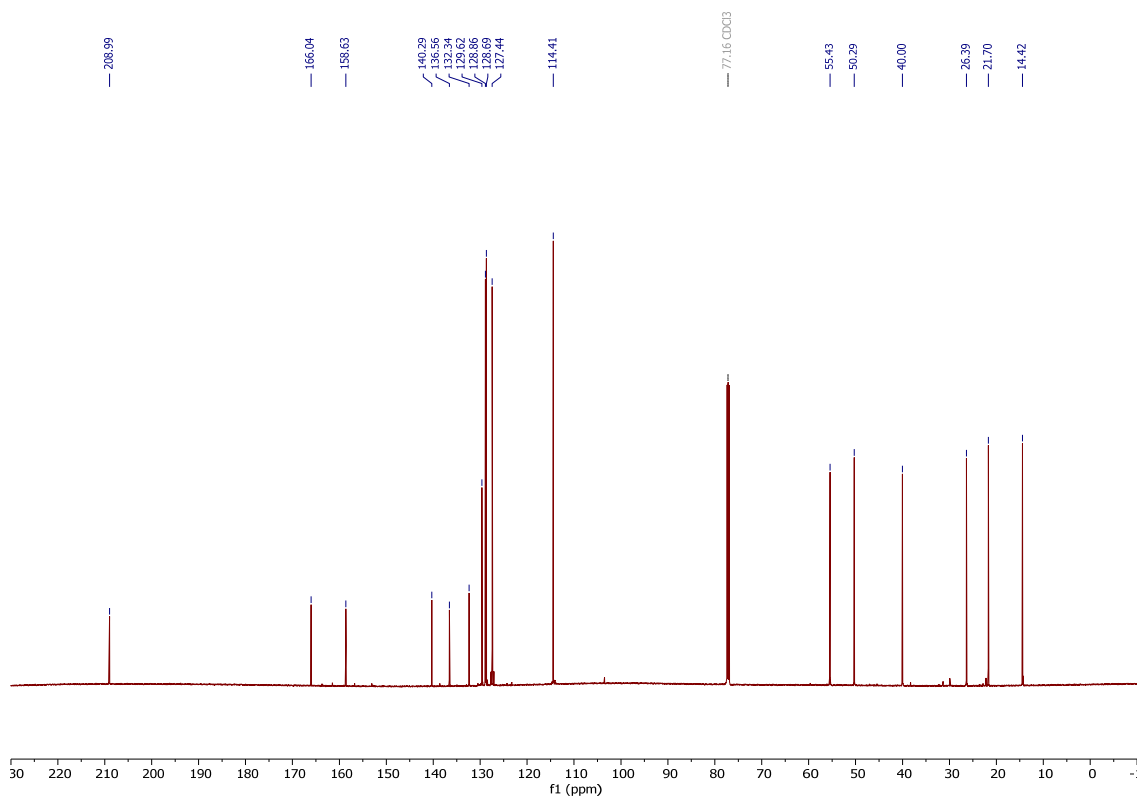
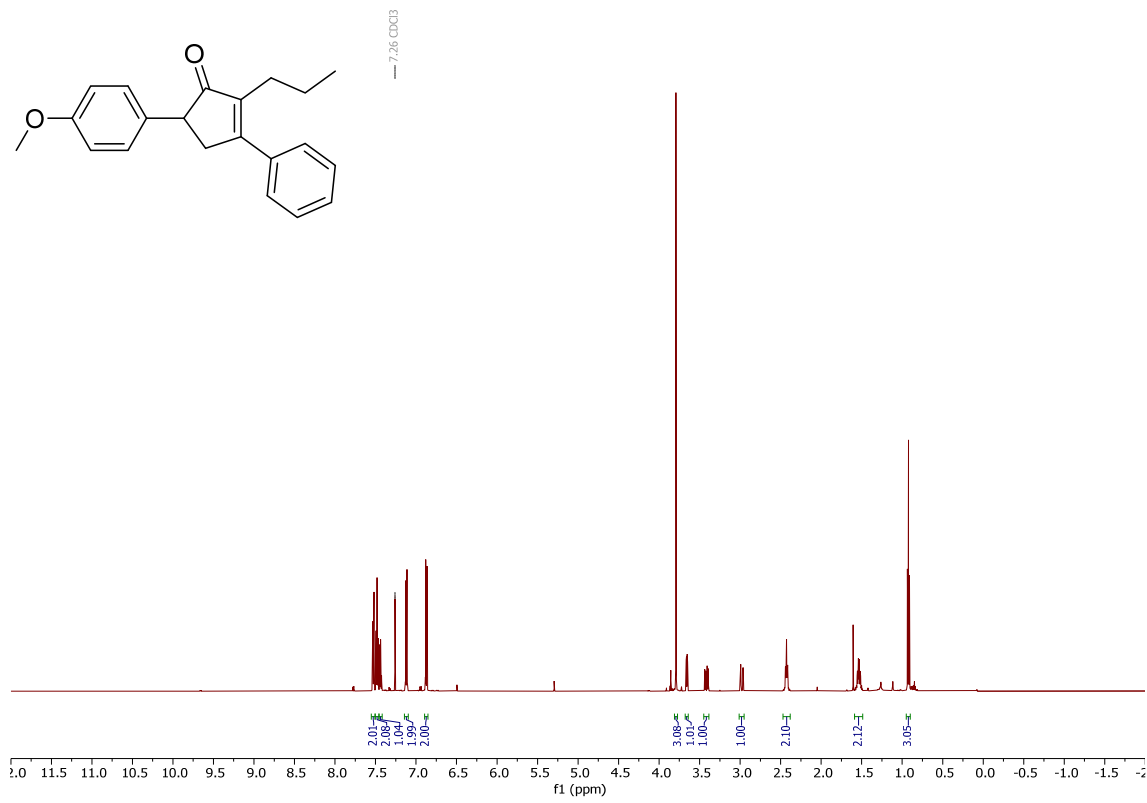
5,5-dimethyl-2-phenyl-3-propylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bi-2**, minor).

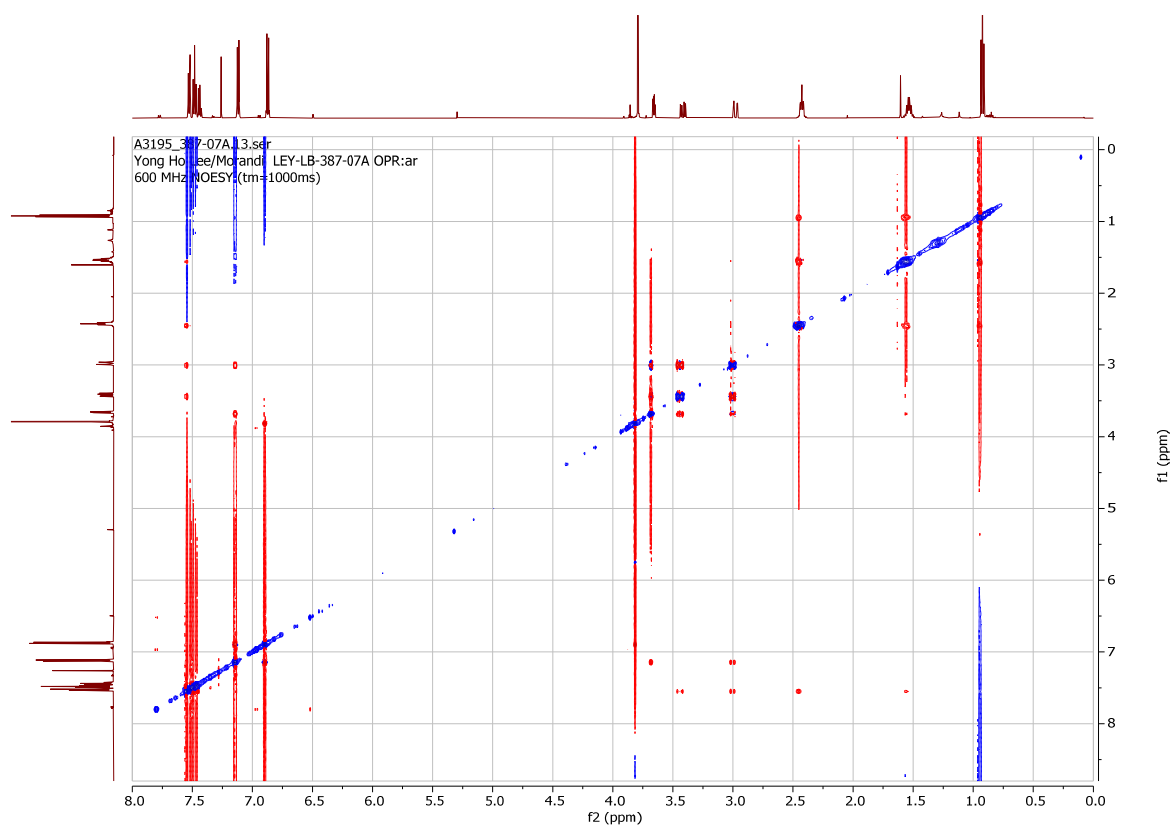
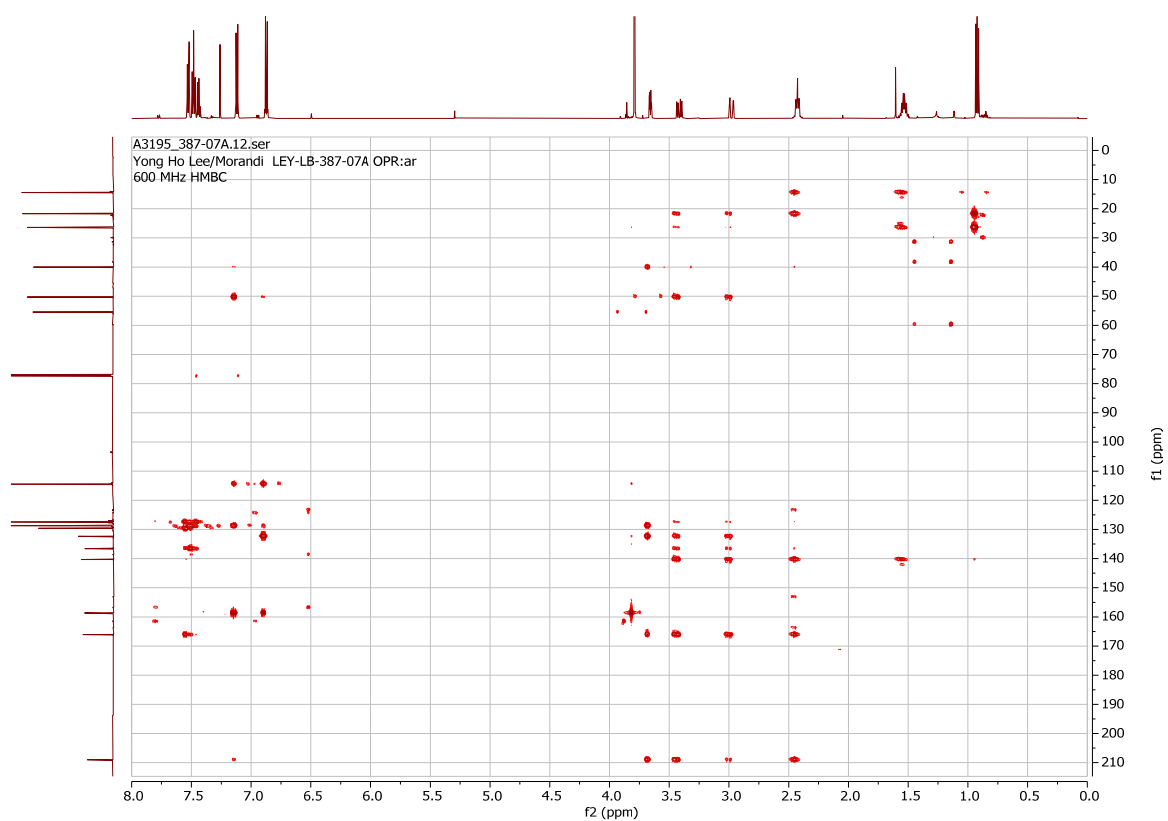


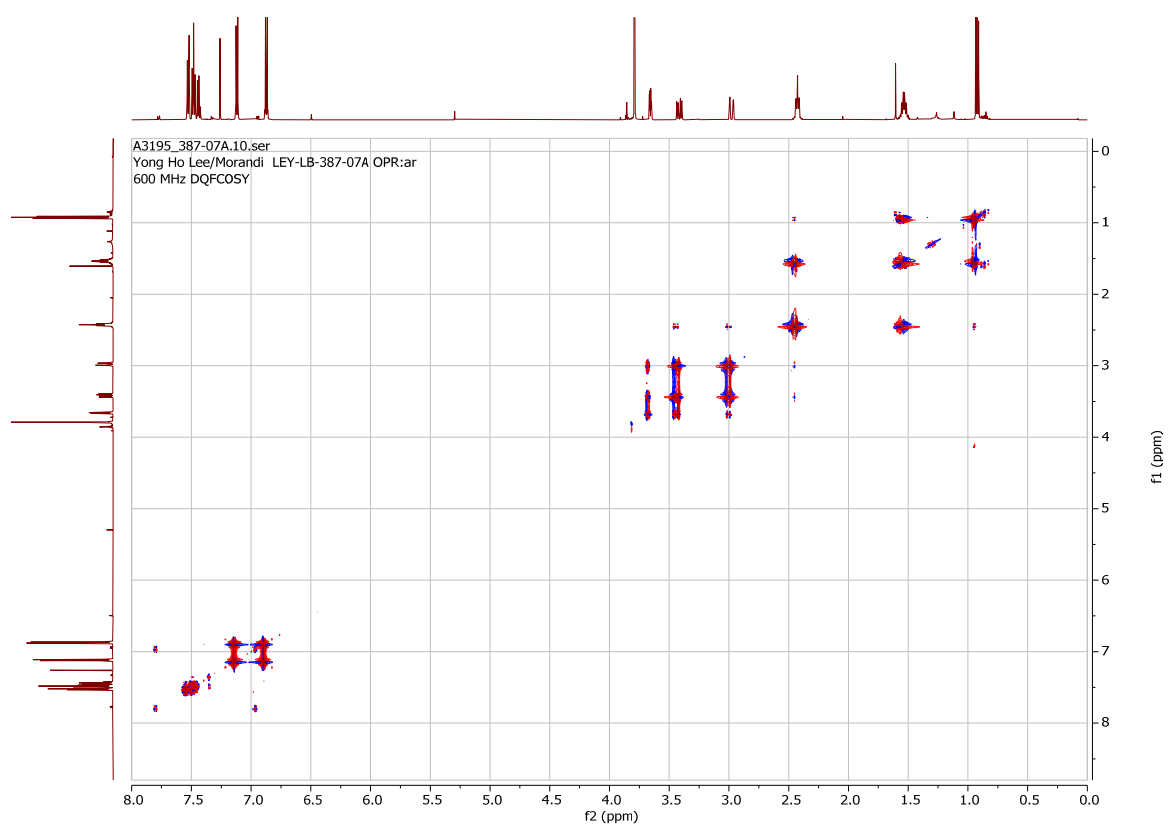
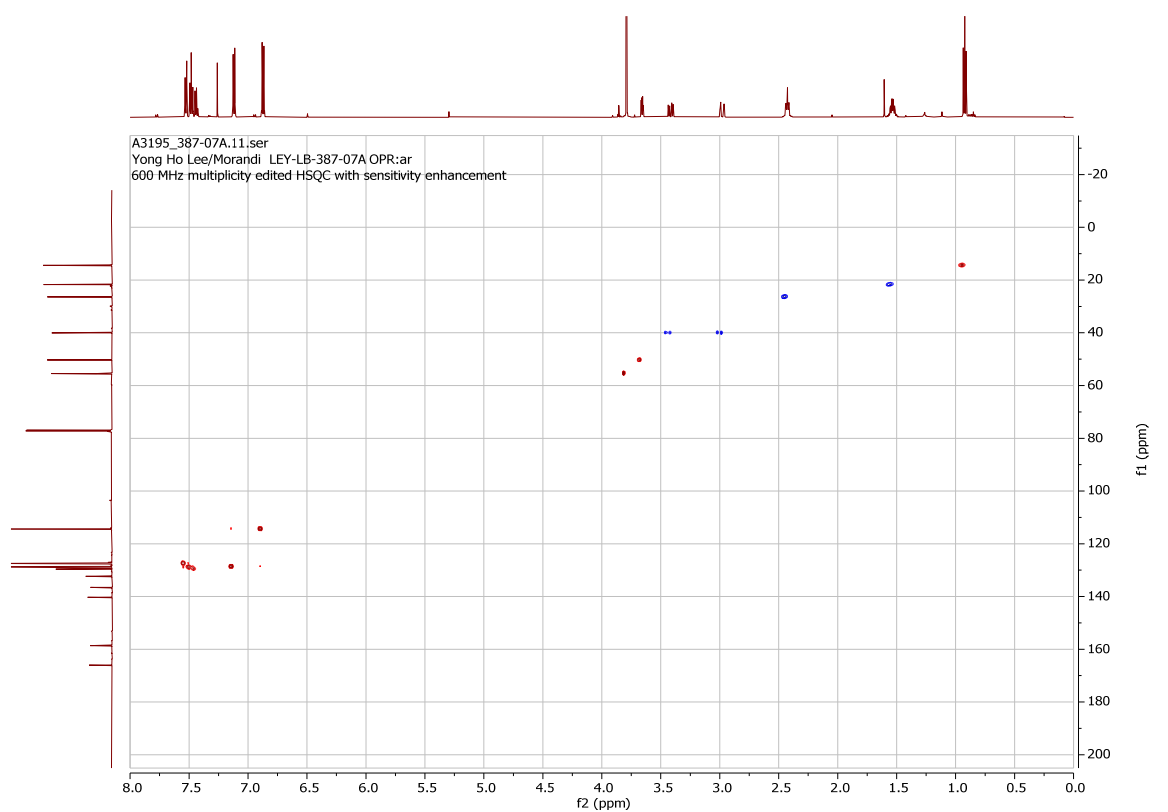




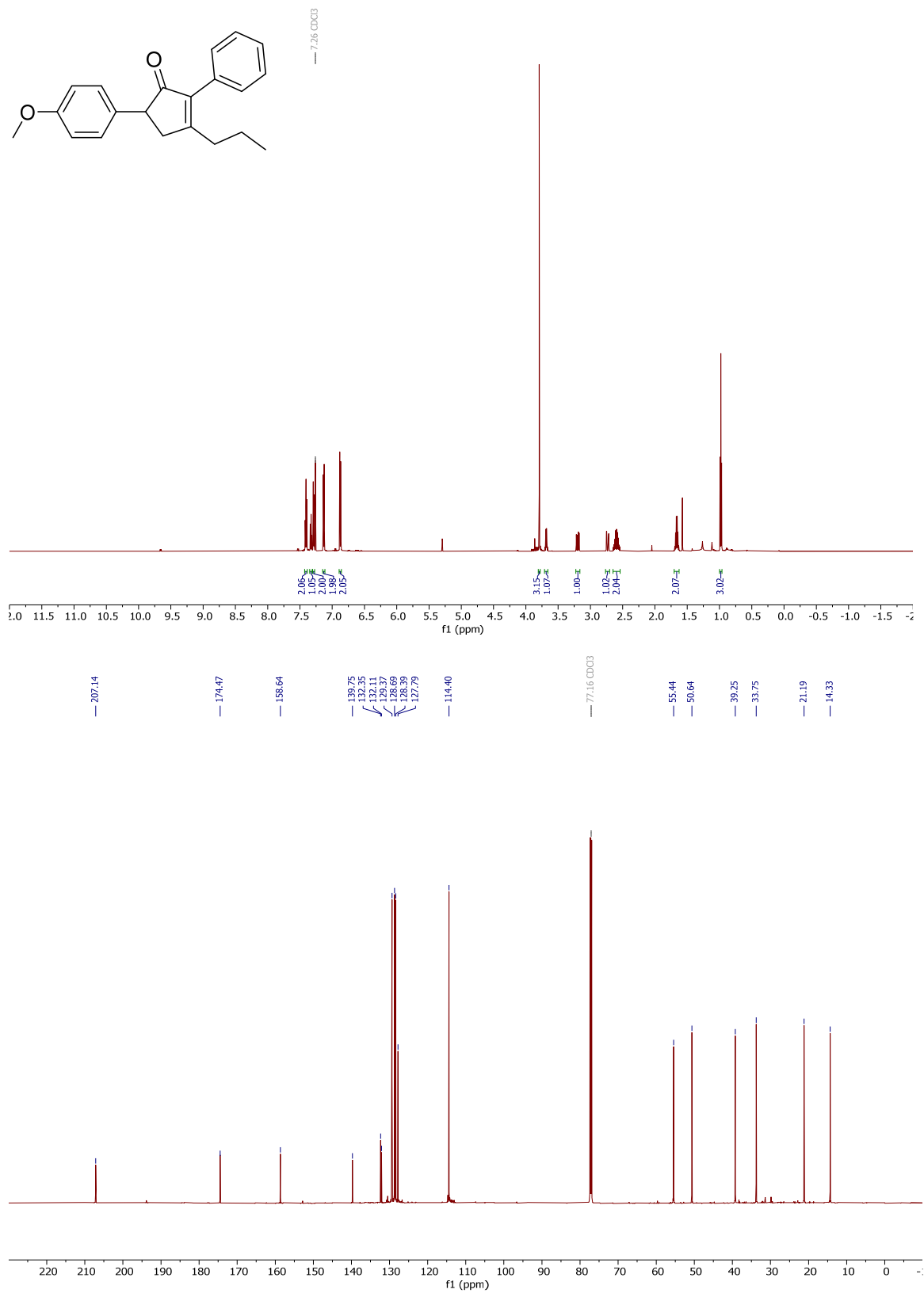
5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-phenyl-2-propylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bj-1**, major).

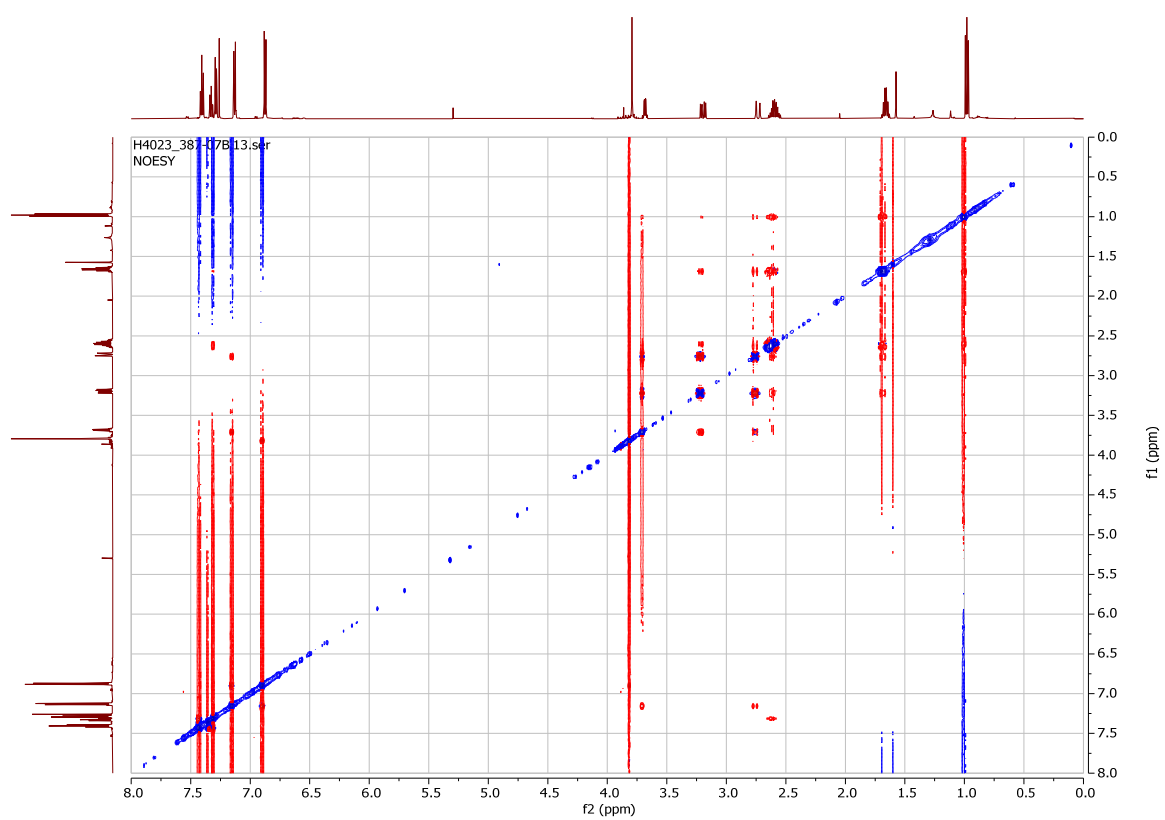
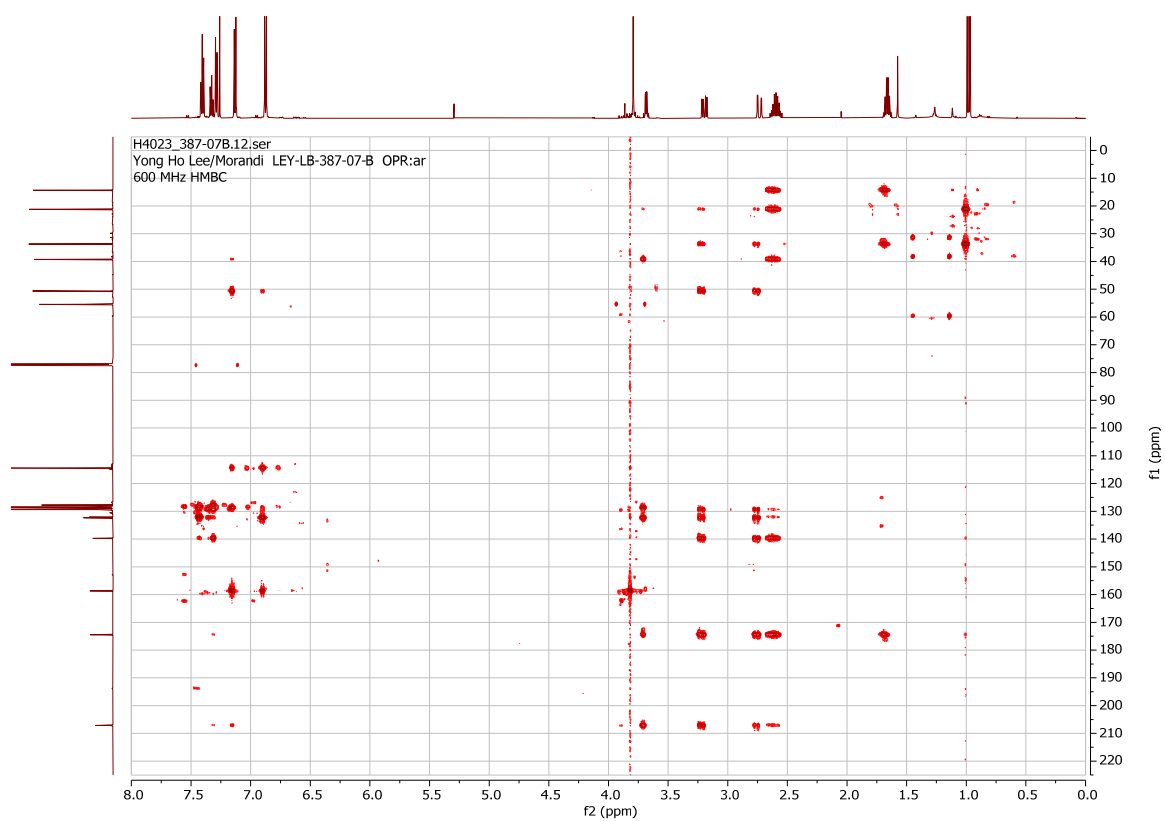


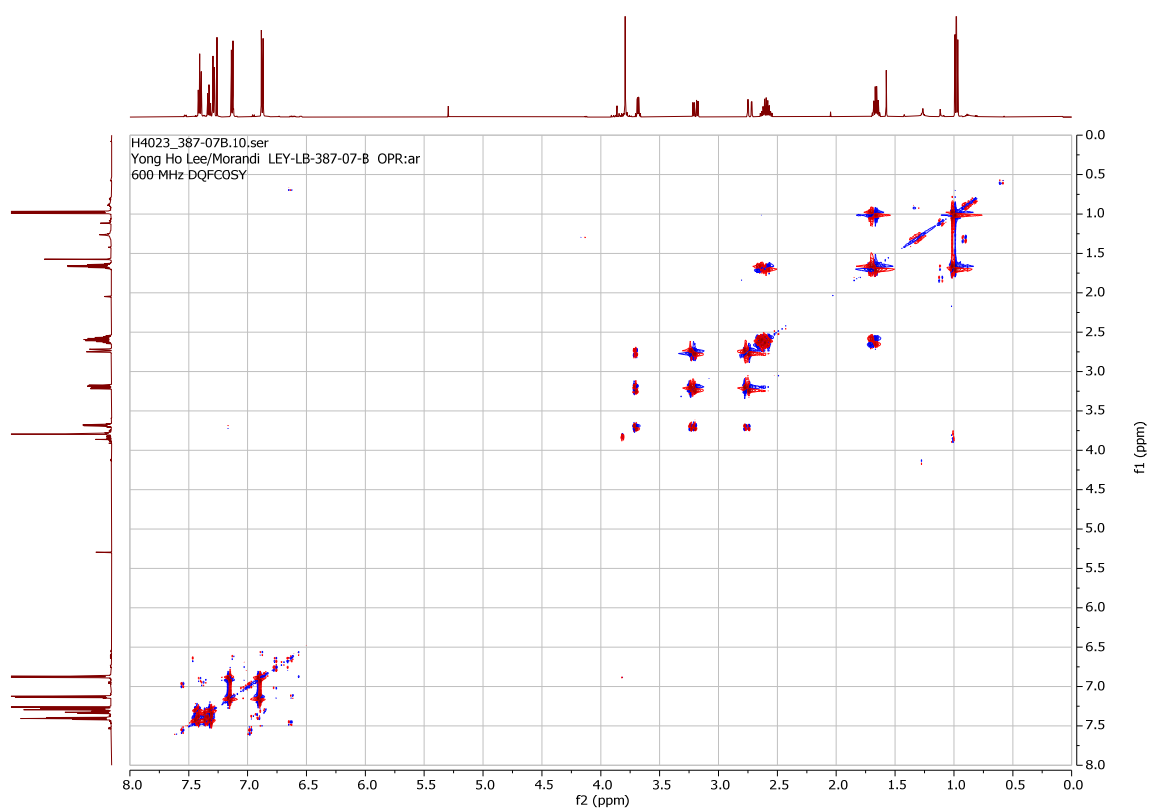
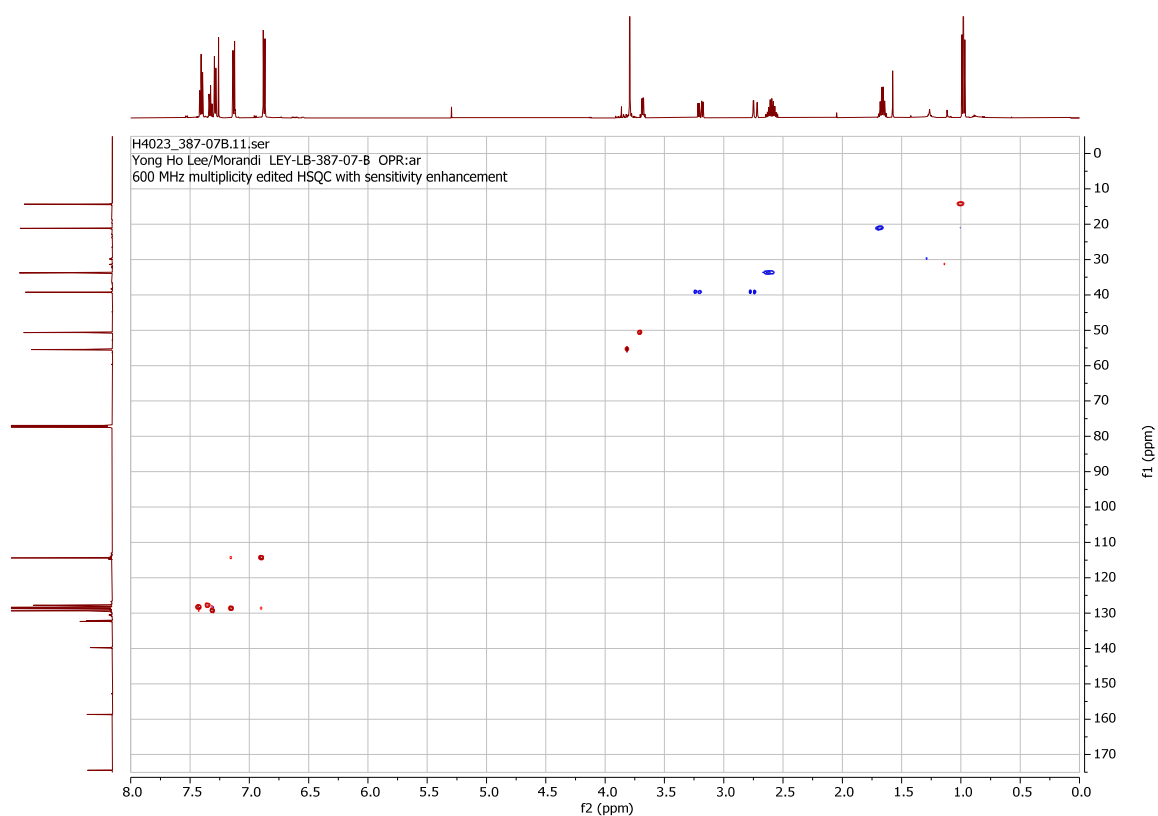




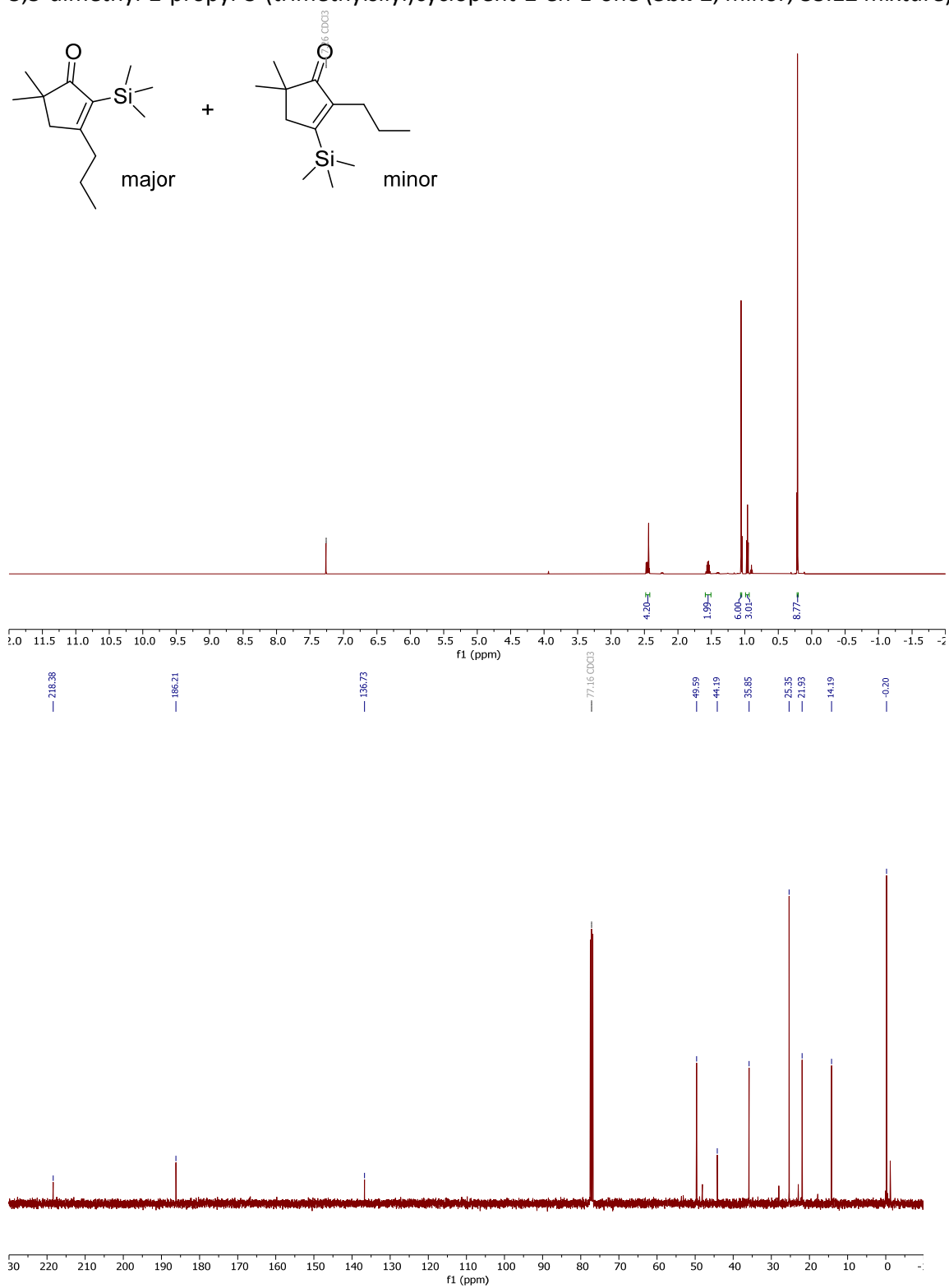
5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-phenyl-3-propylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bj-2**, minor).

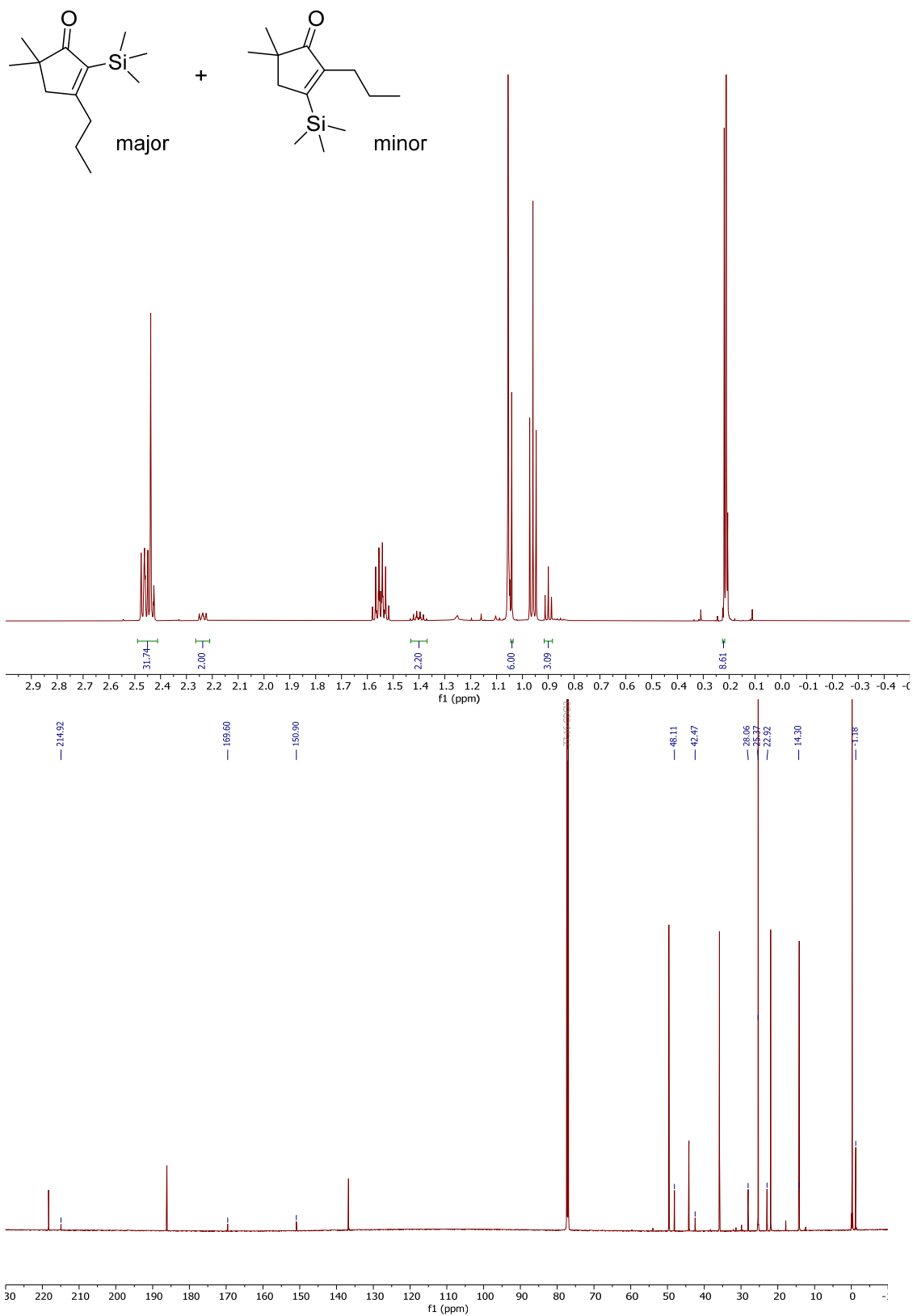


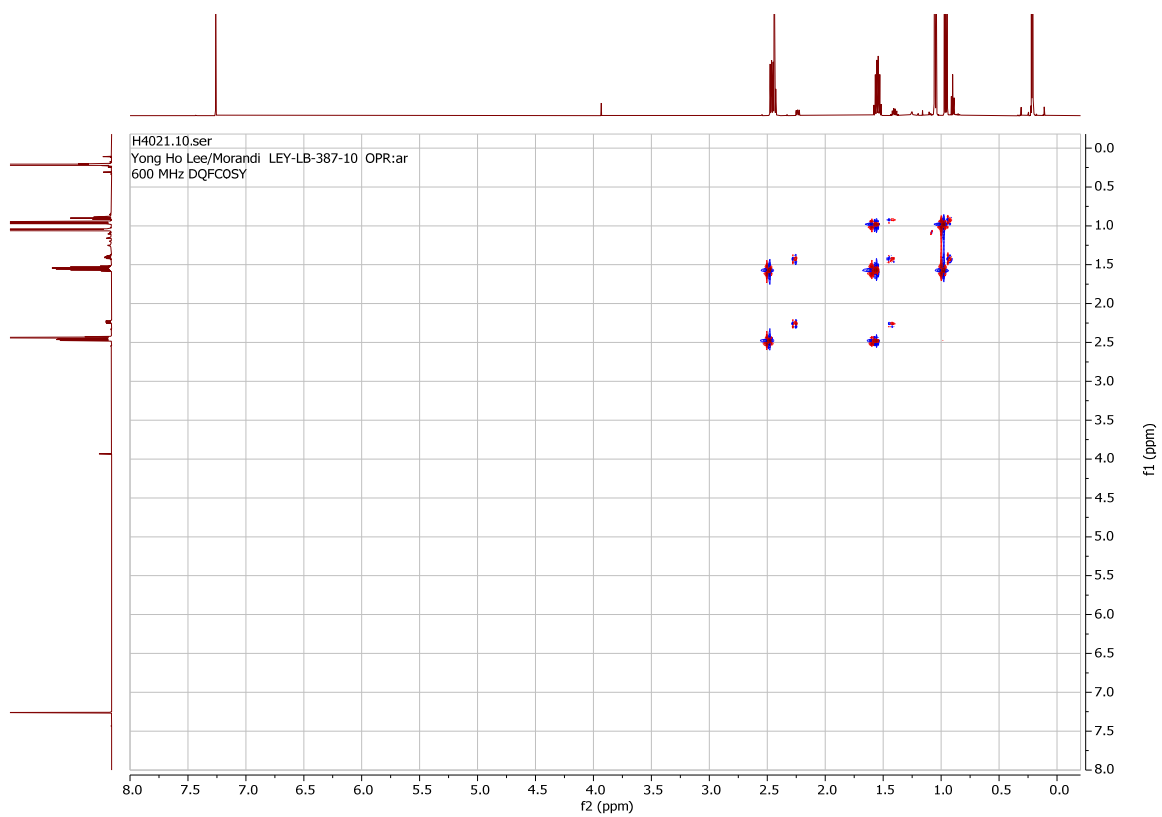
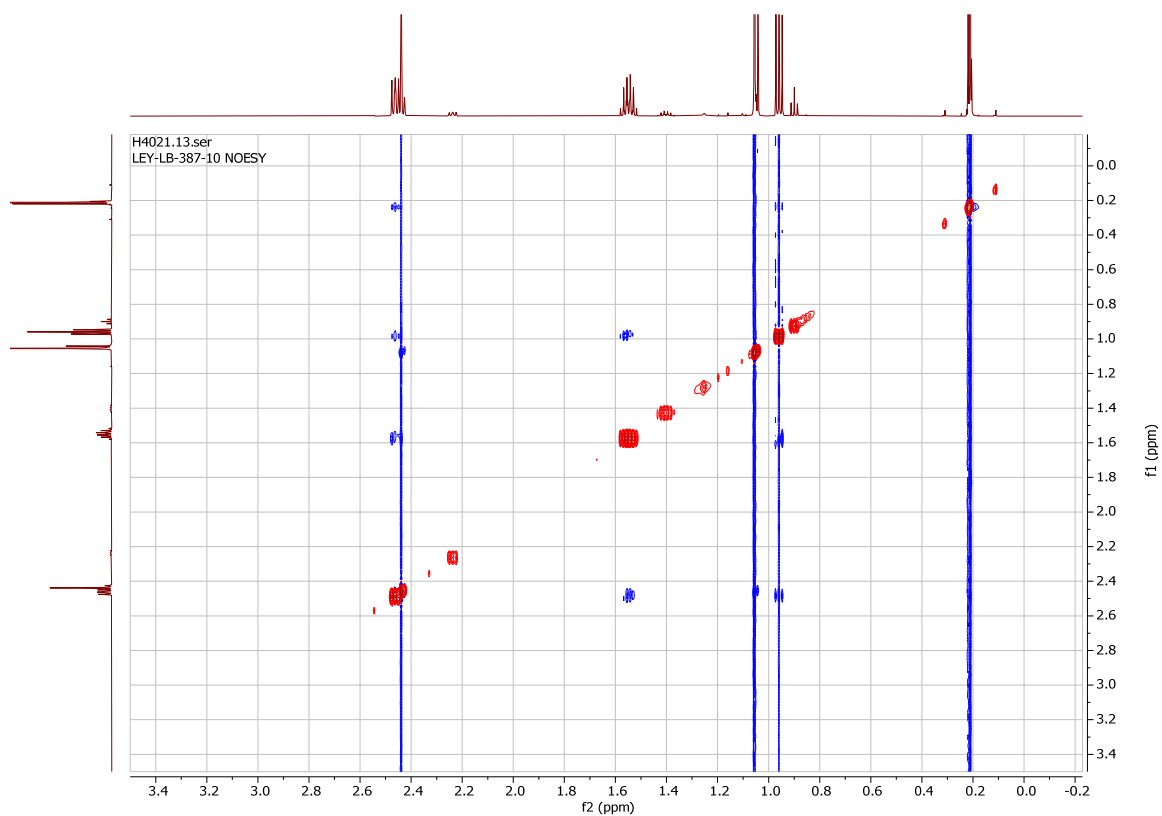


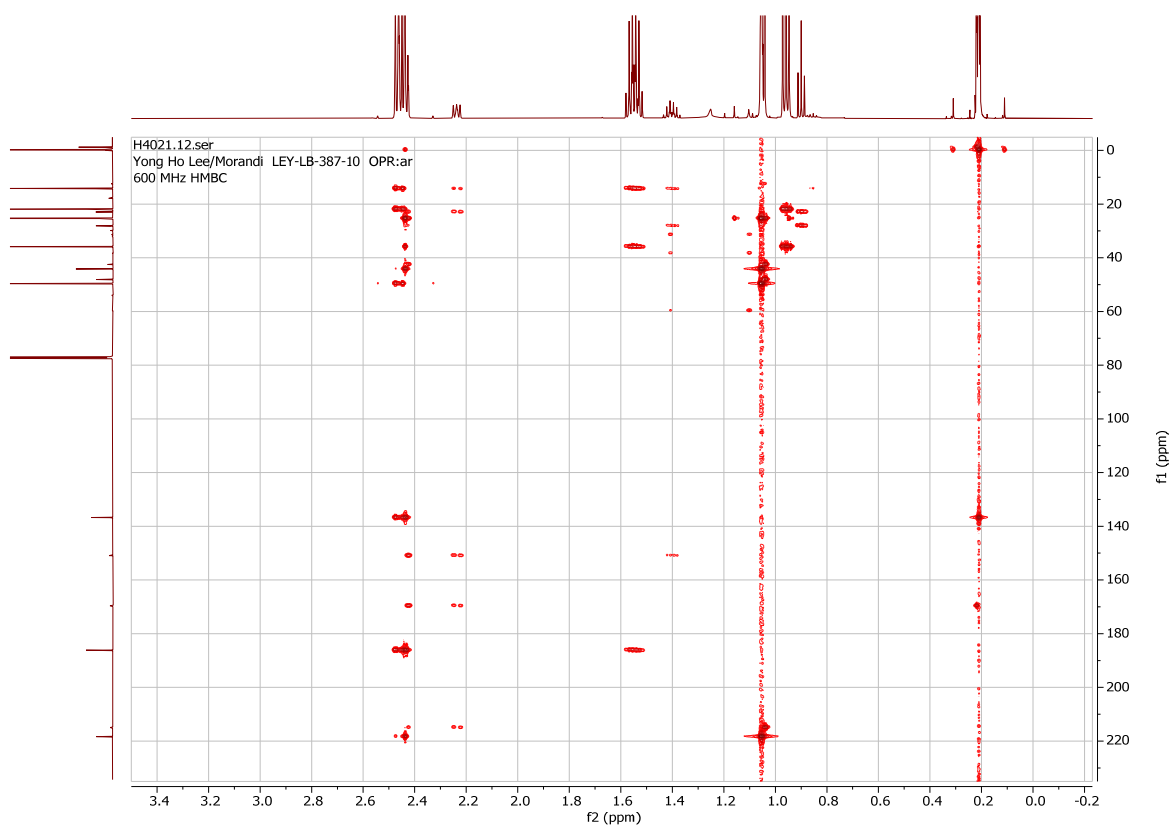
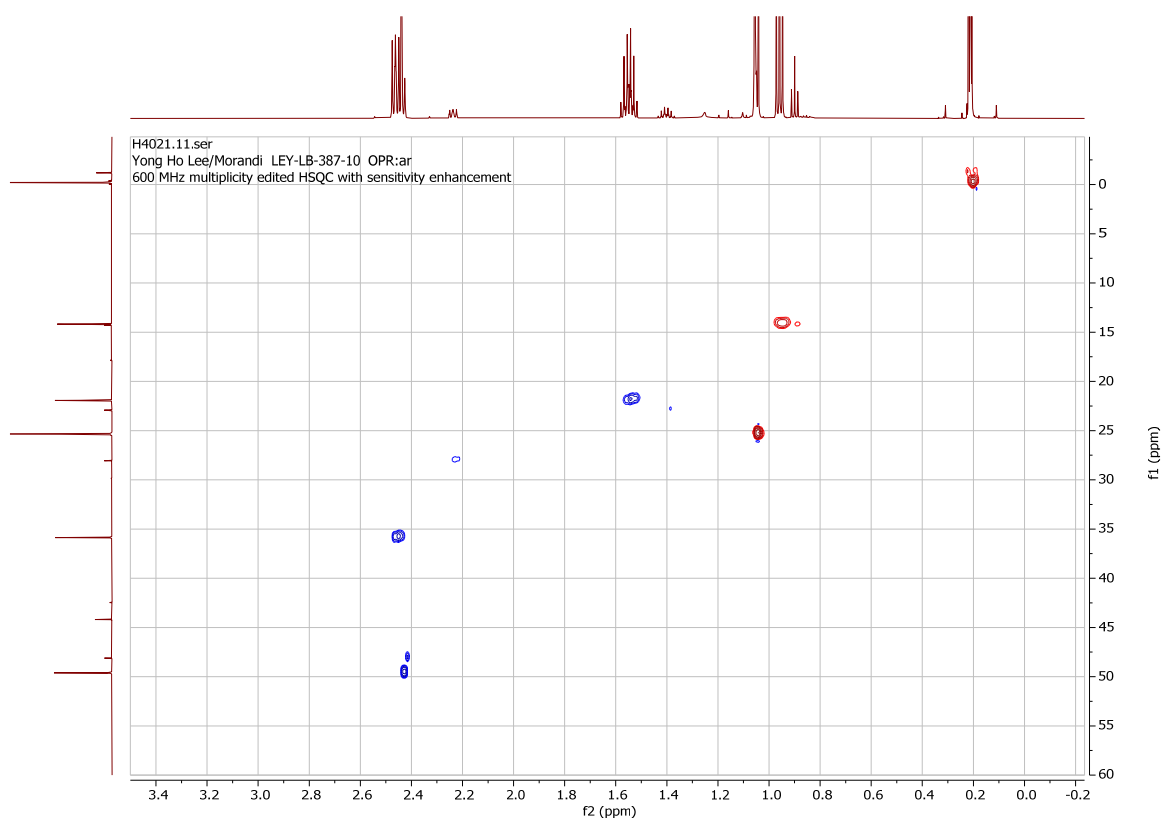


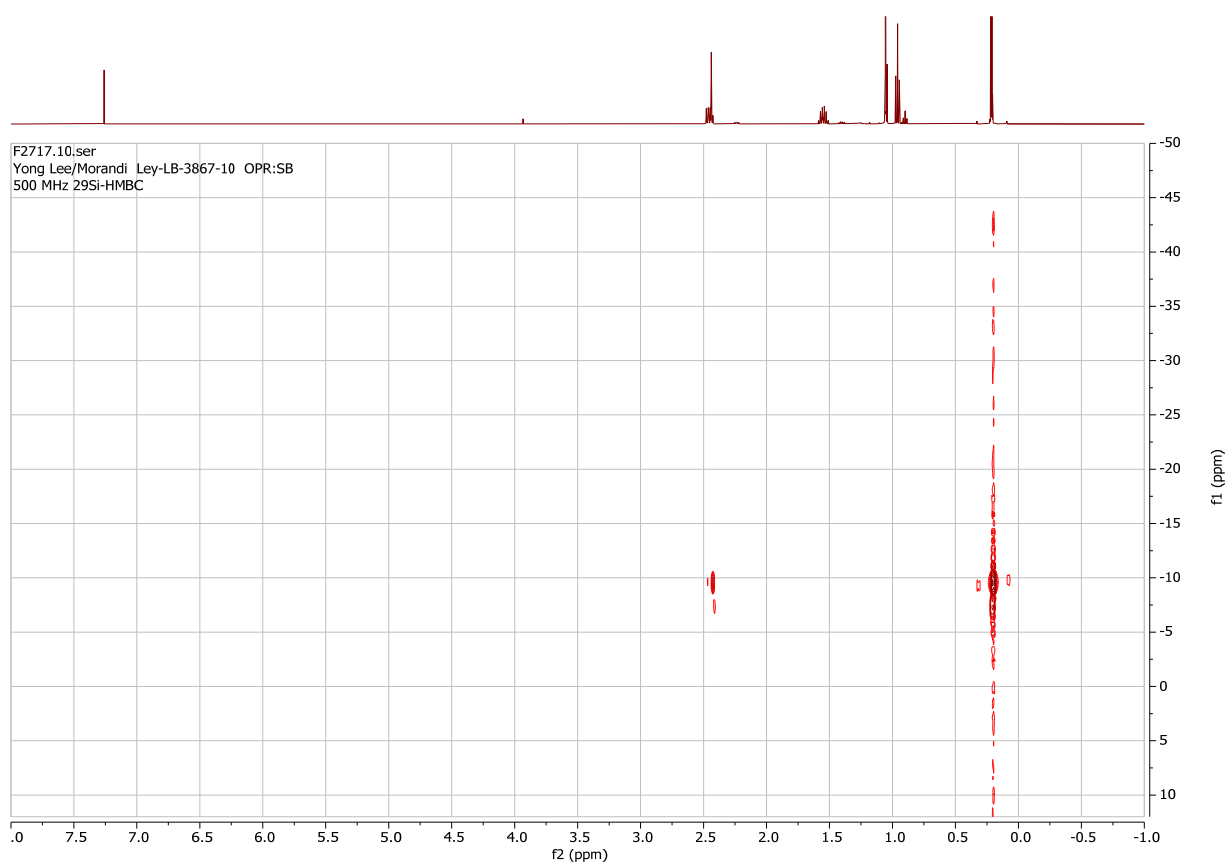
5,5-dimethyl-3-propyl-2-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bk-1**, major, **88:12** mixture).
 5,5-dimethyl-2-propyl-3-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bk-2**, minor, **88:12** mixture).



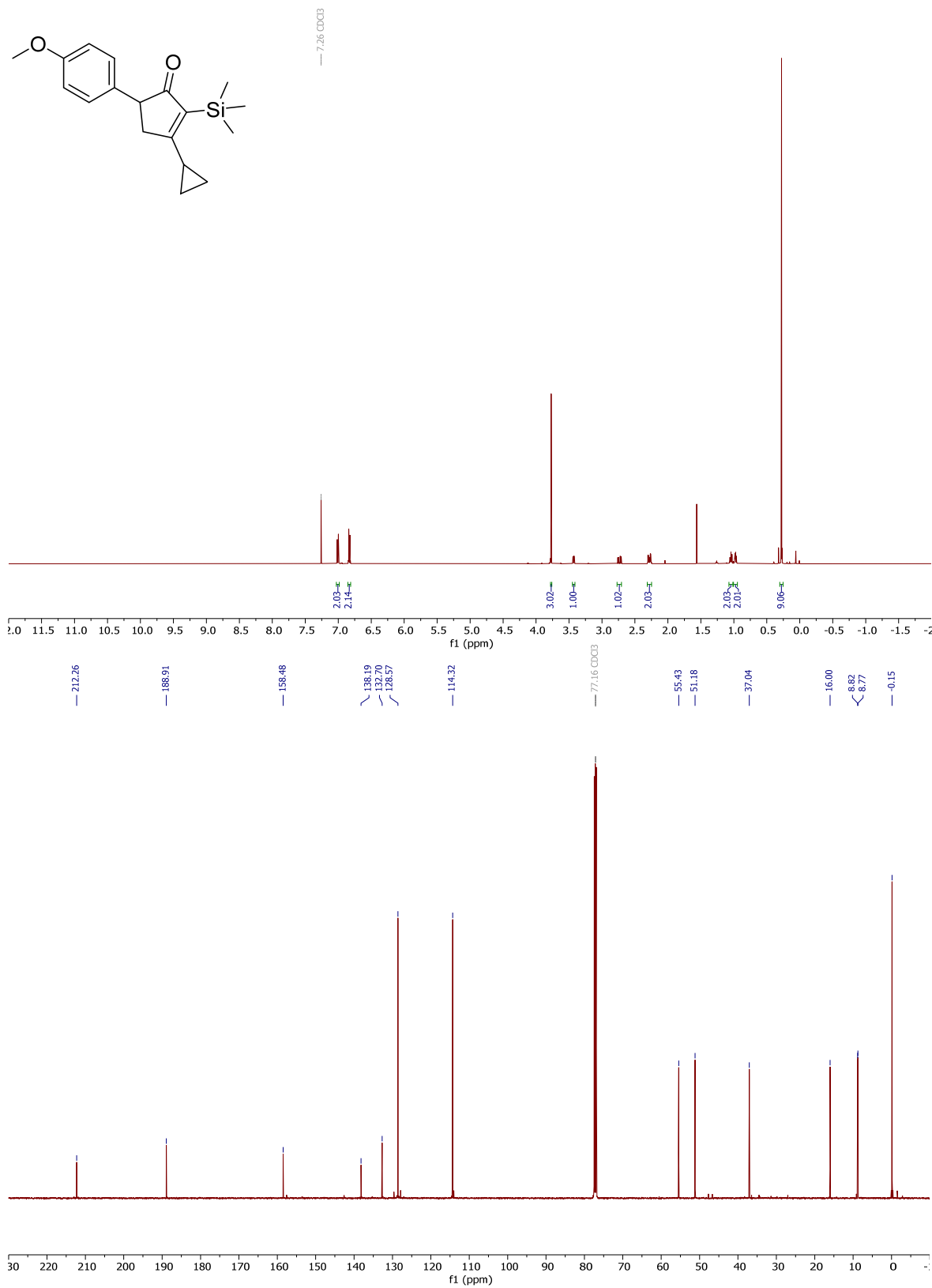


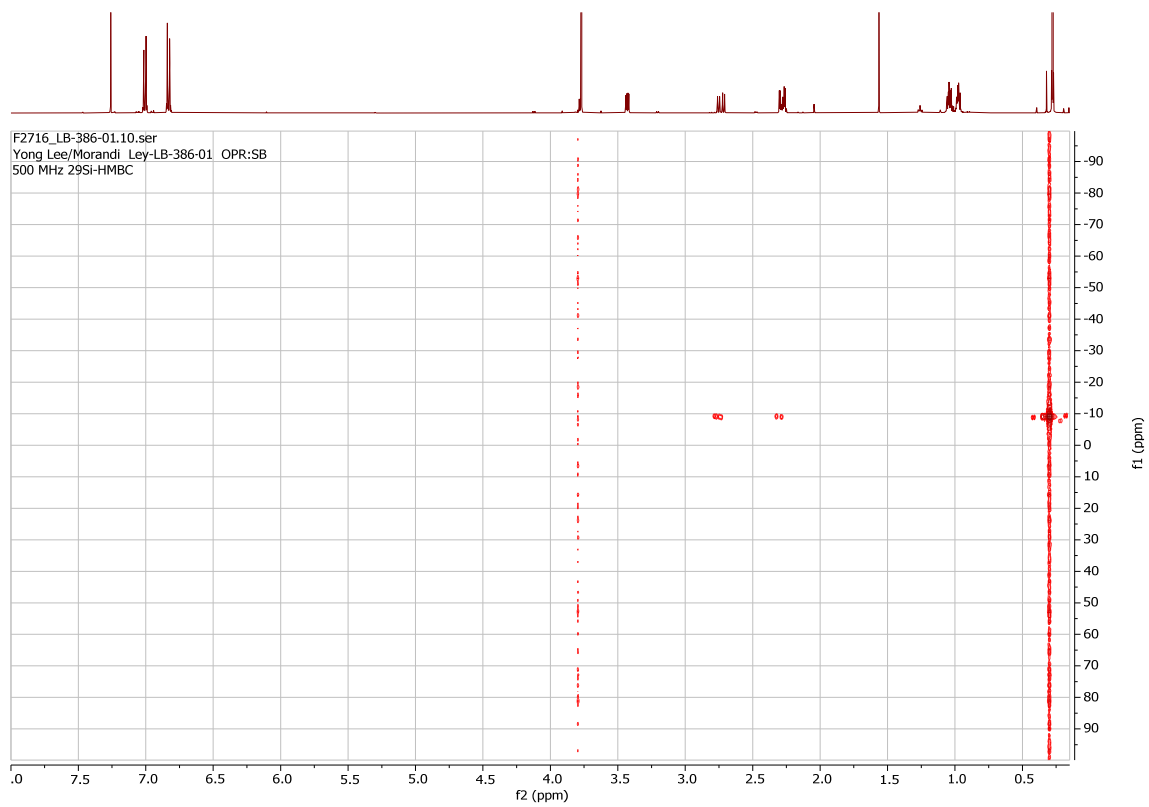
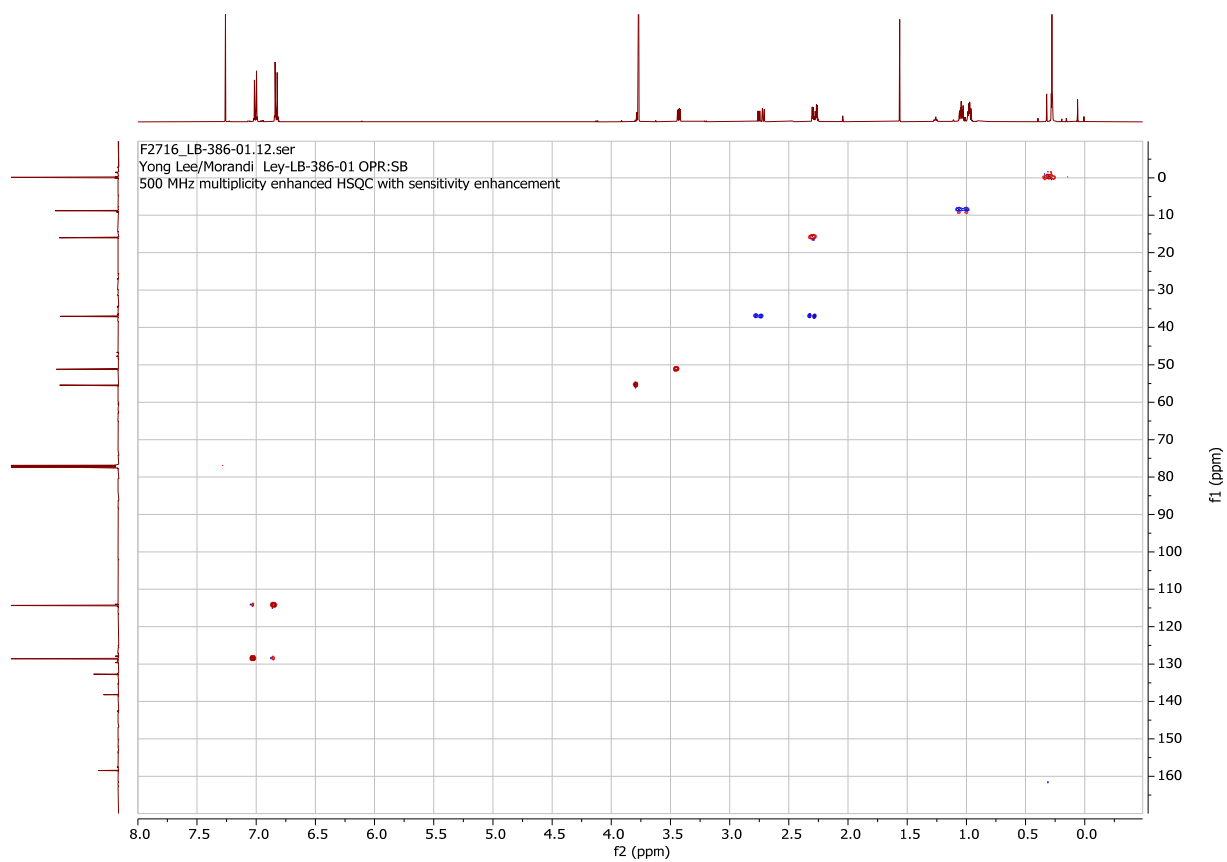


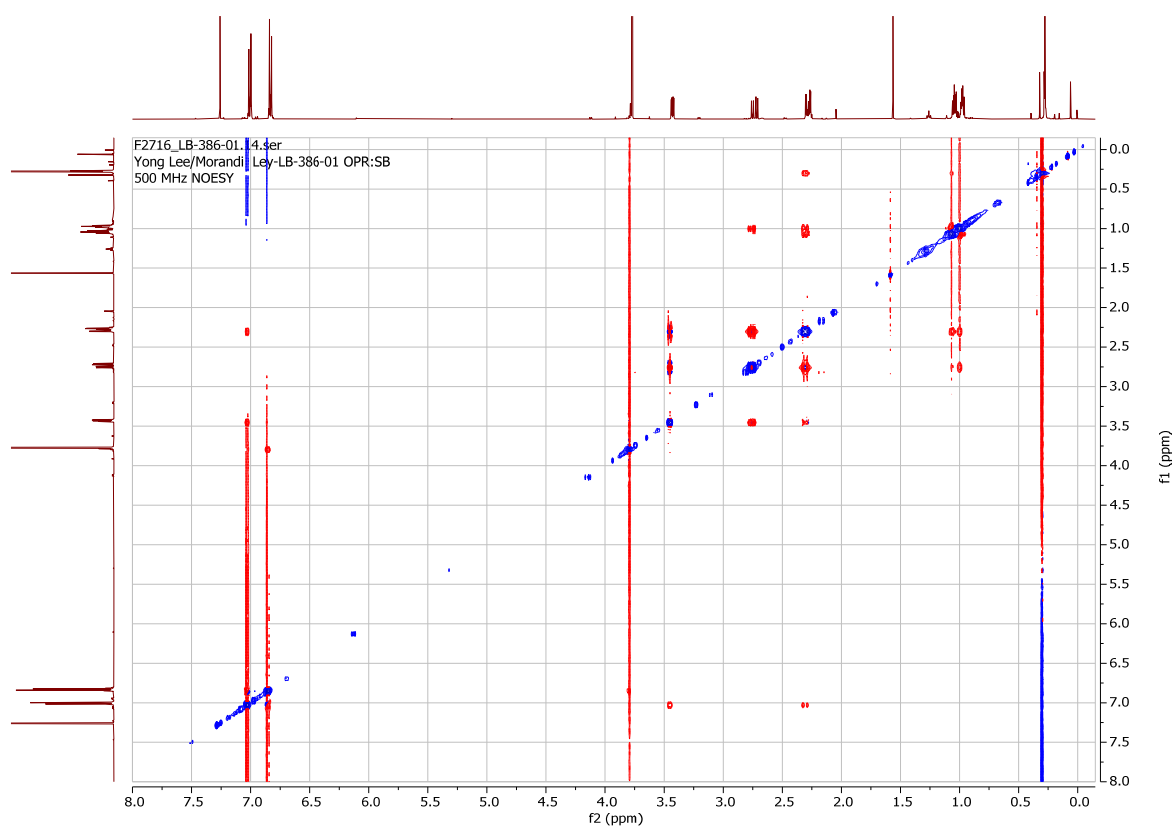
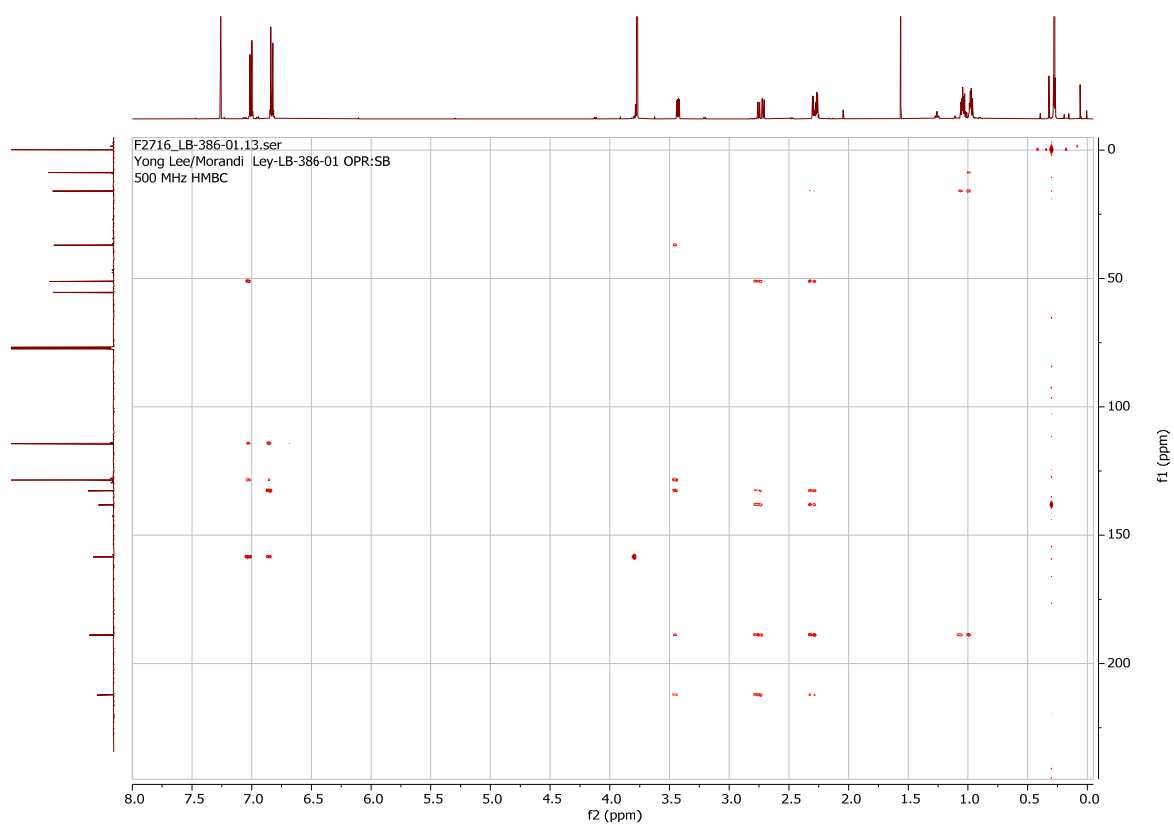


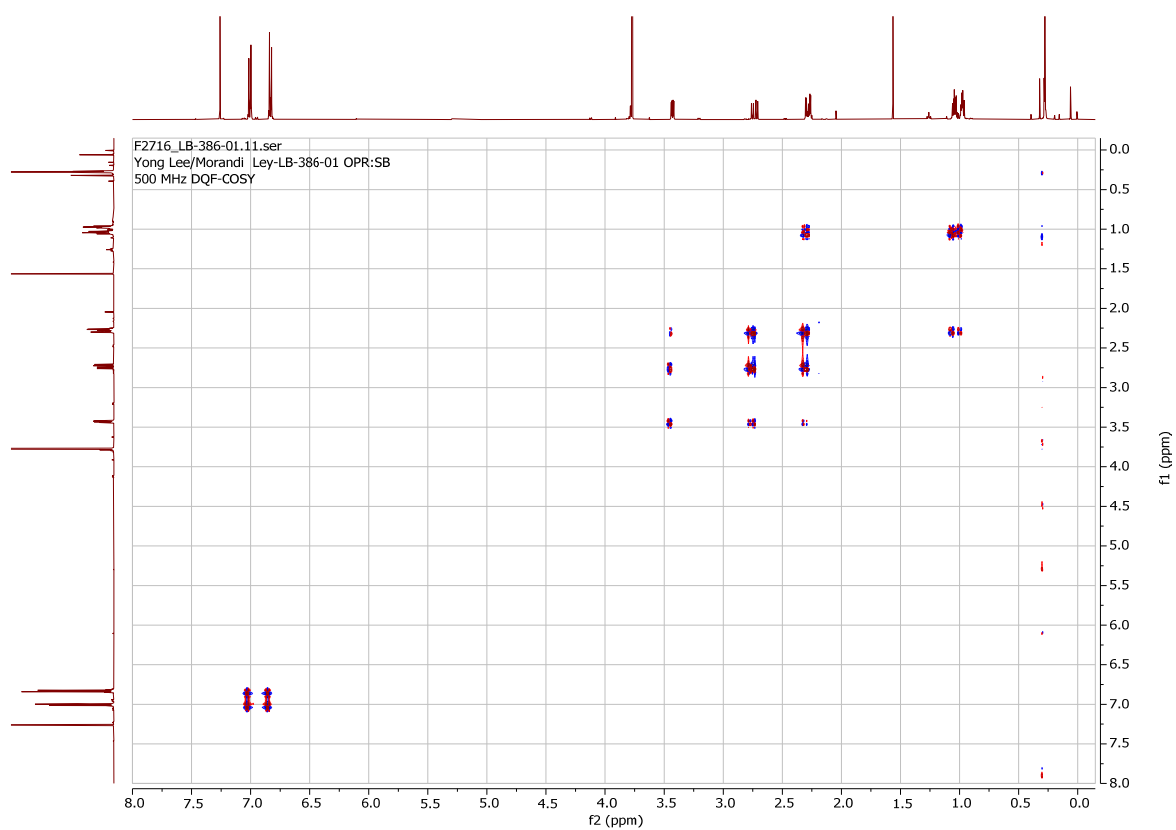


3-cyclopropyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bl**).

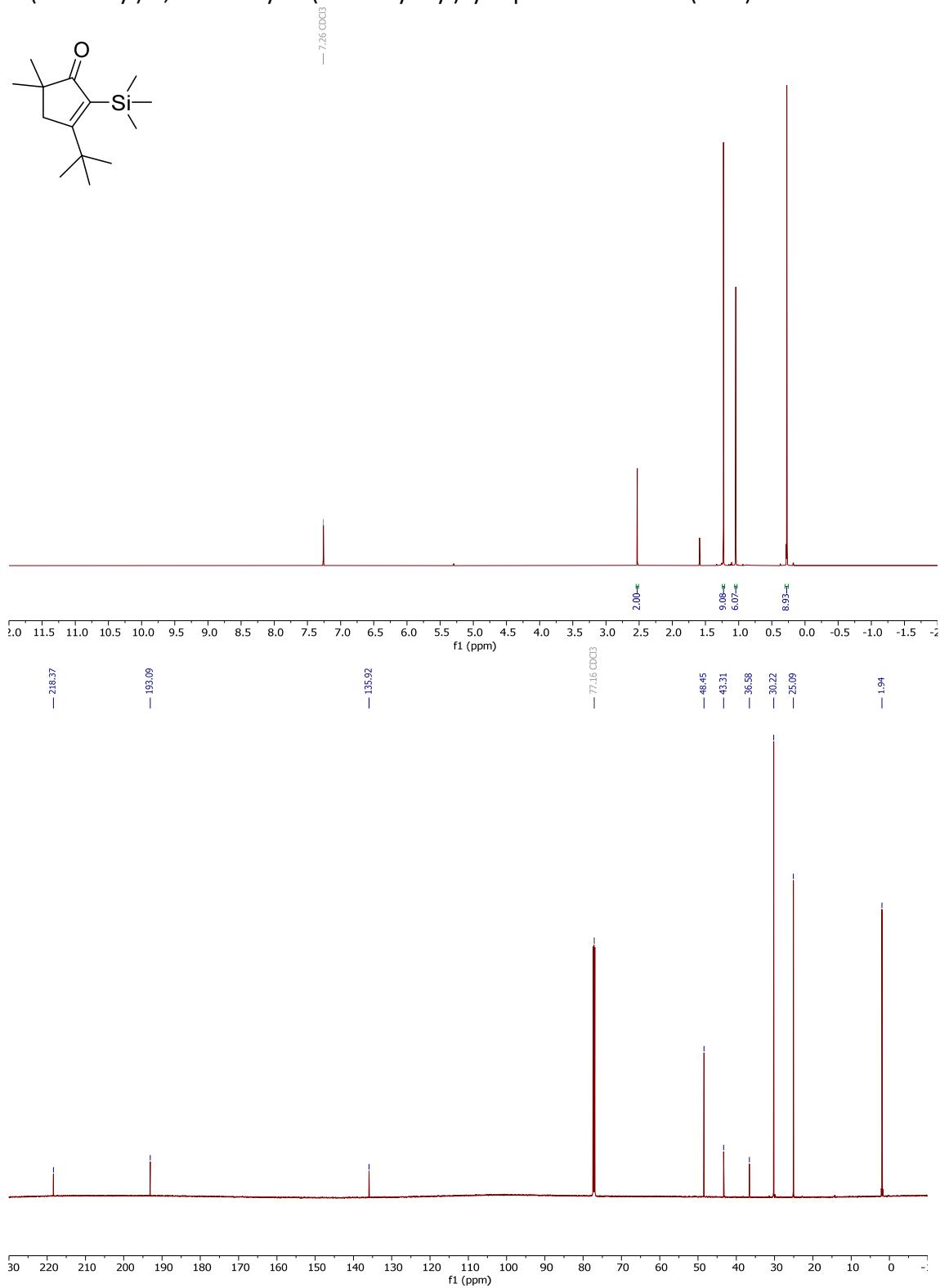


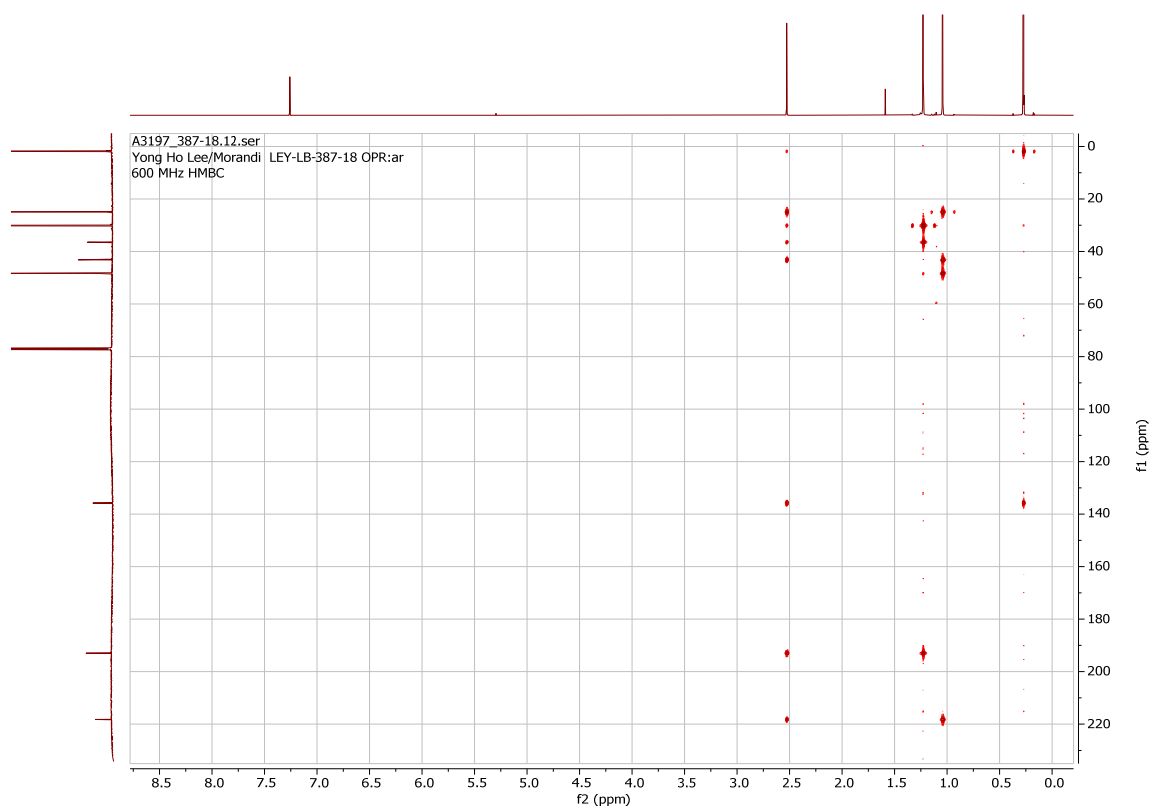
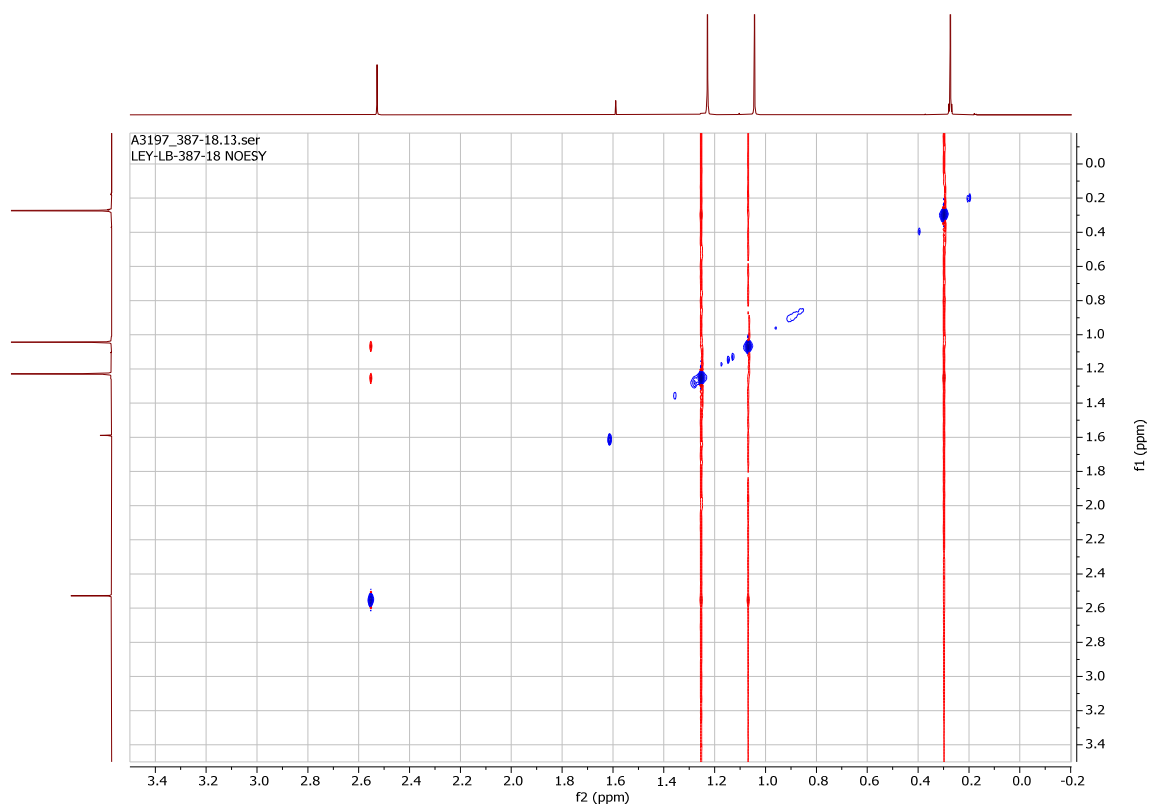




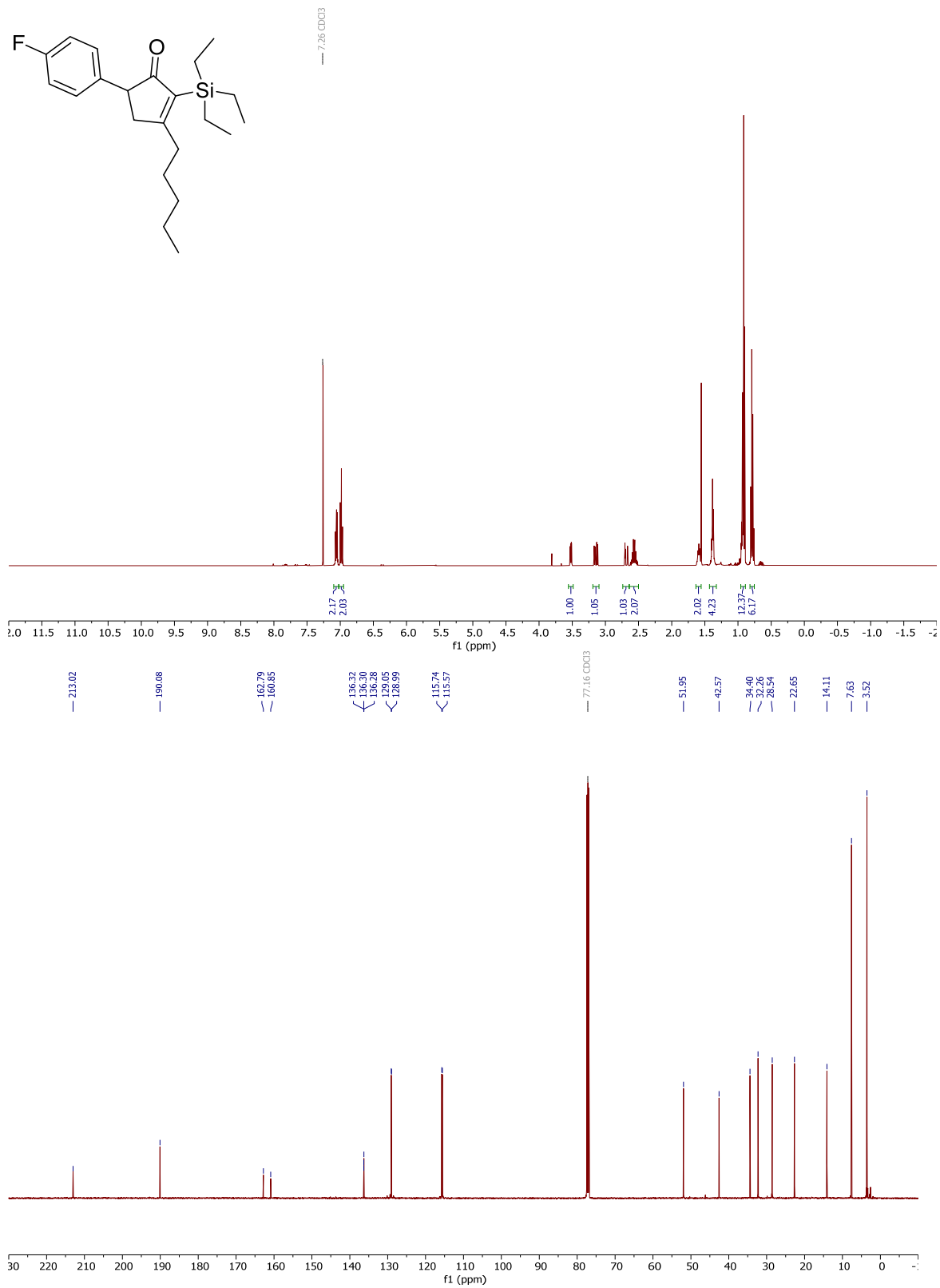


3-(*tert*-butyl)-5,5-dimethyl-2-(trimethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bm**).

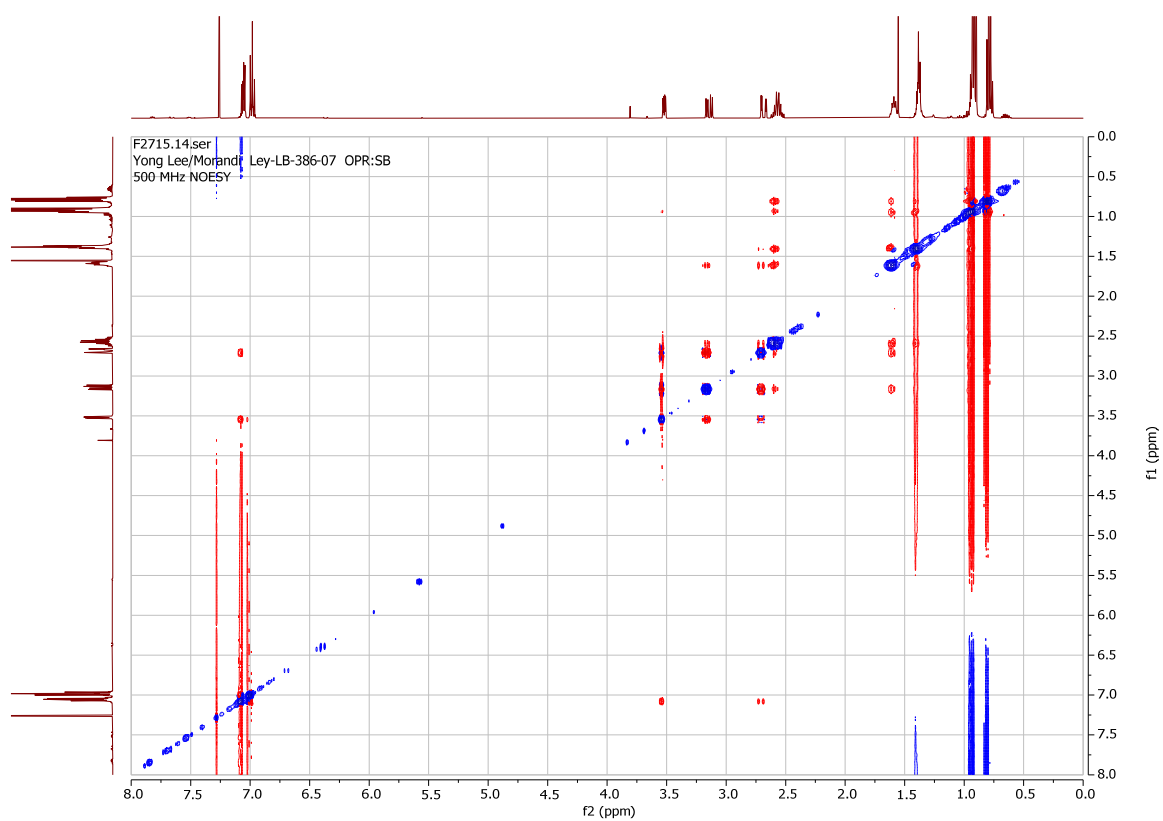
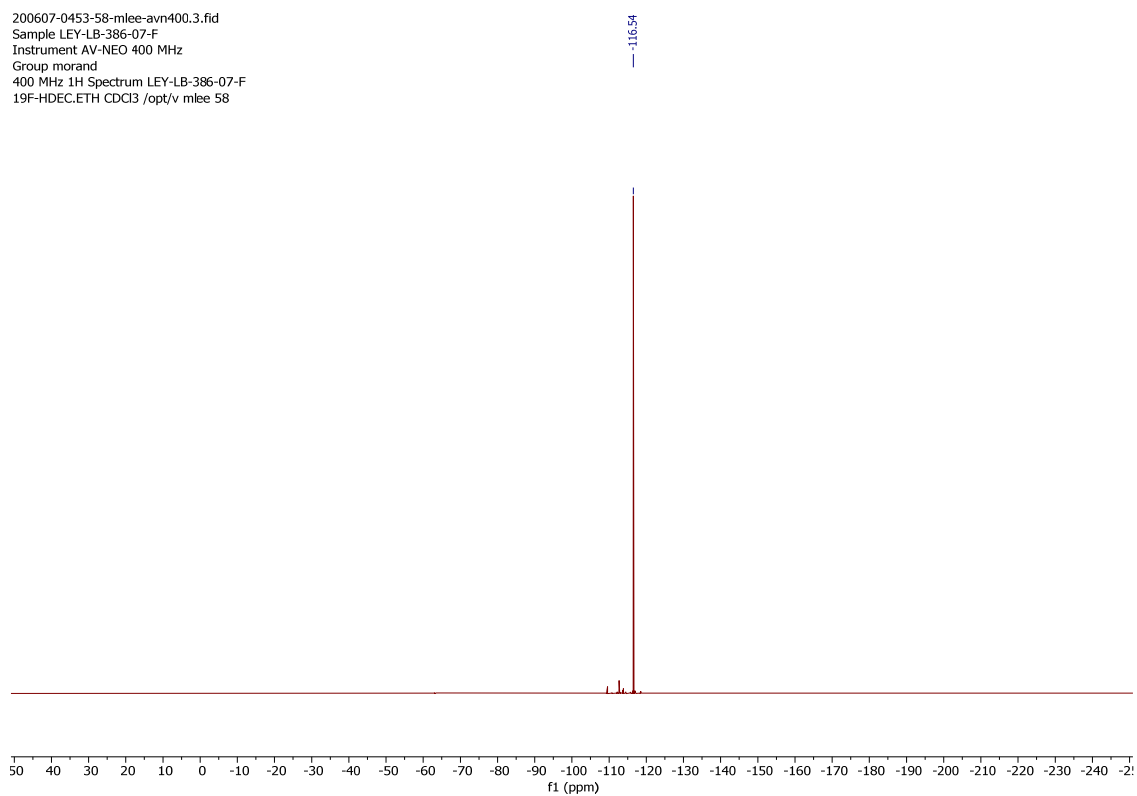


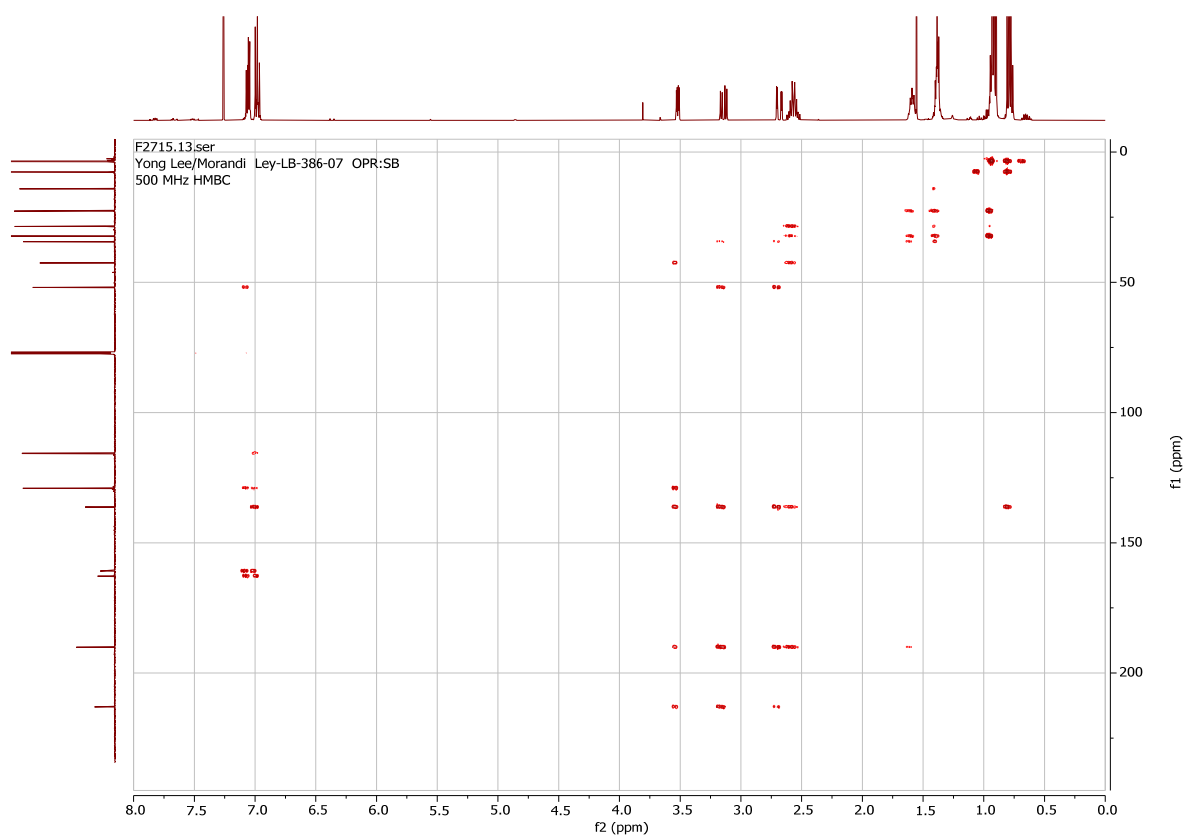


5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-pentyl-2-(triethylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bn**).

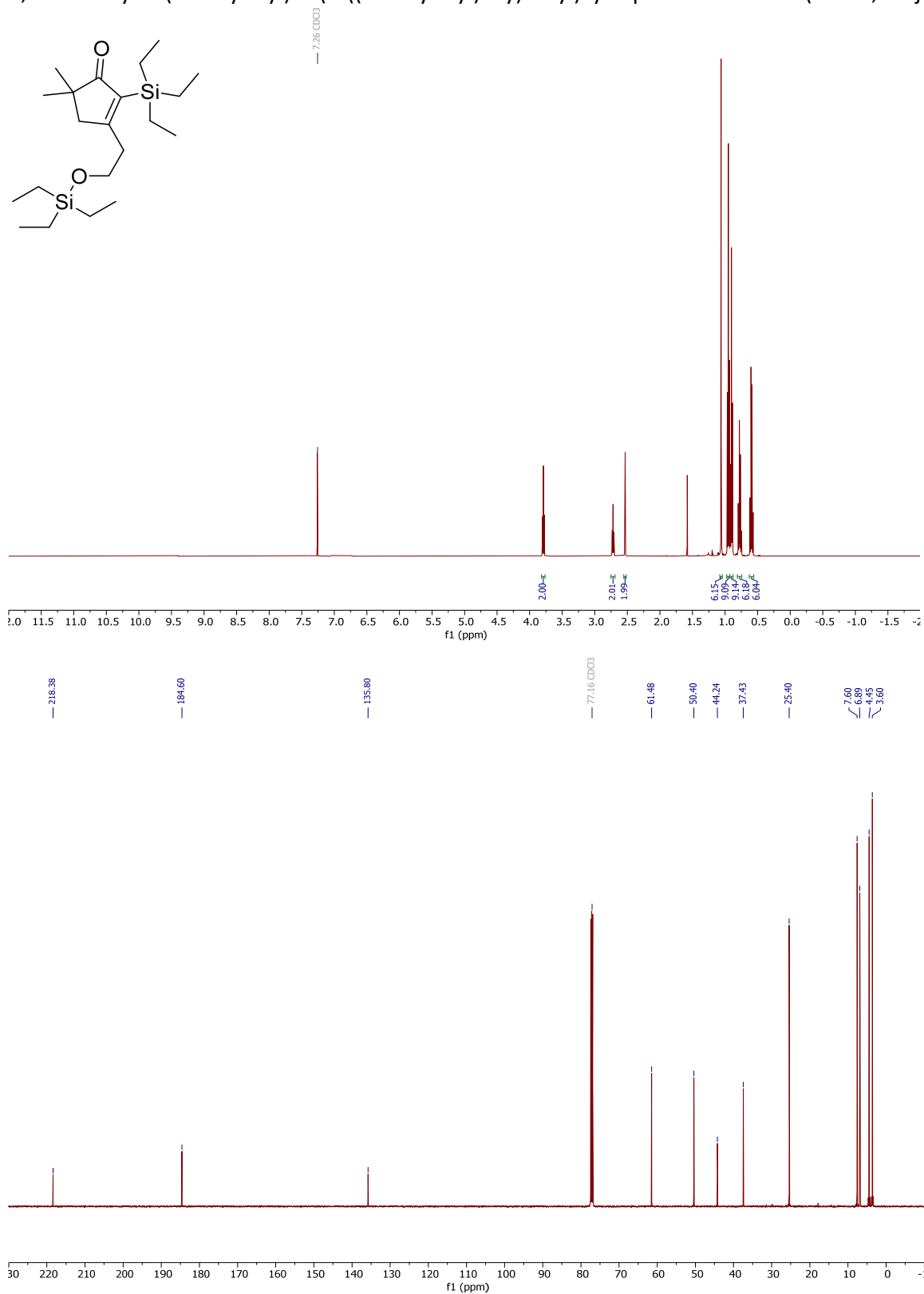


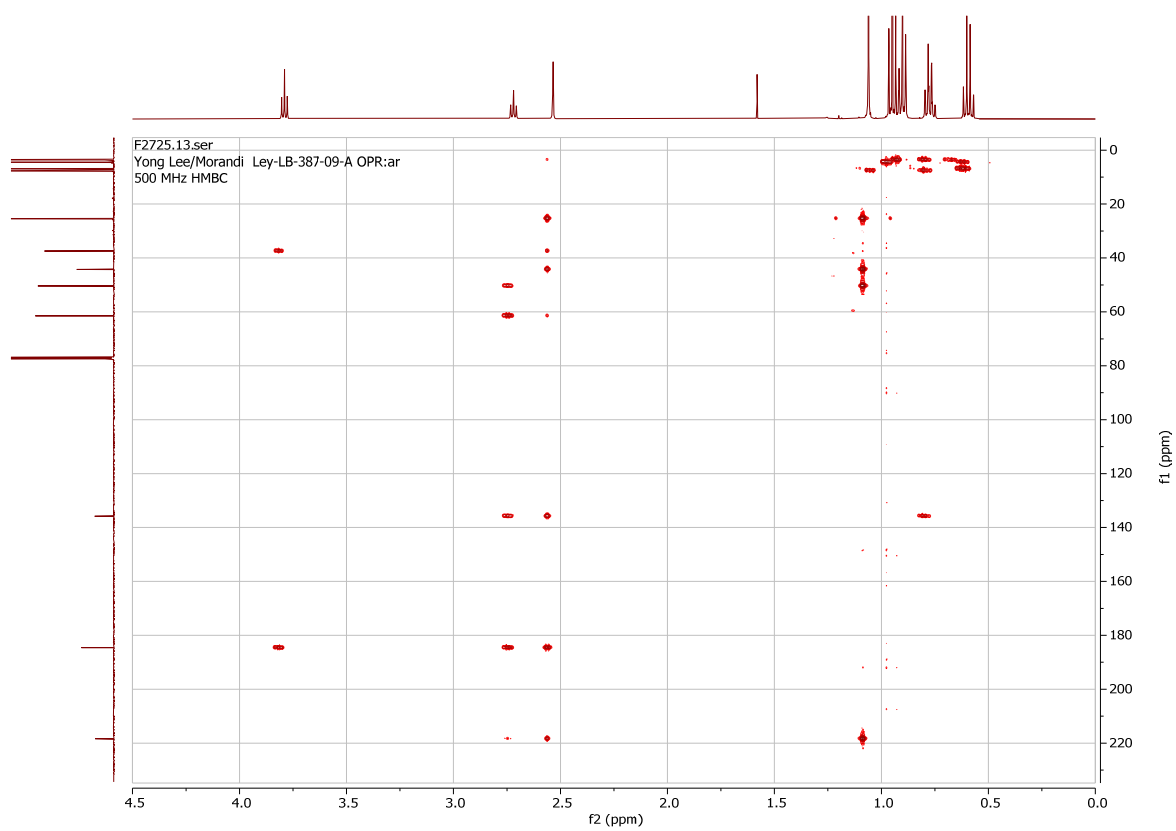
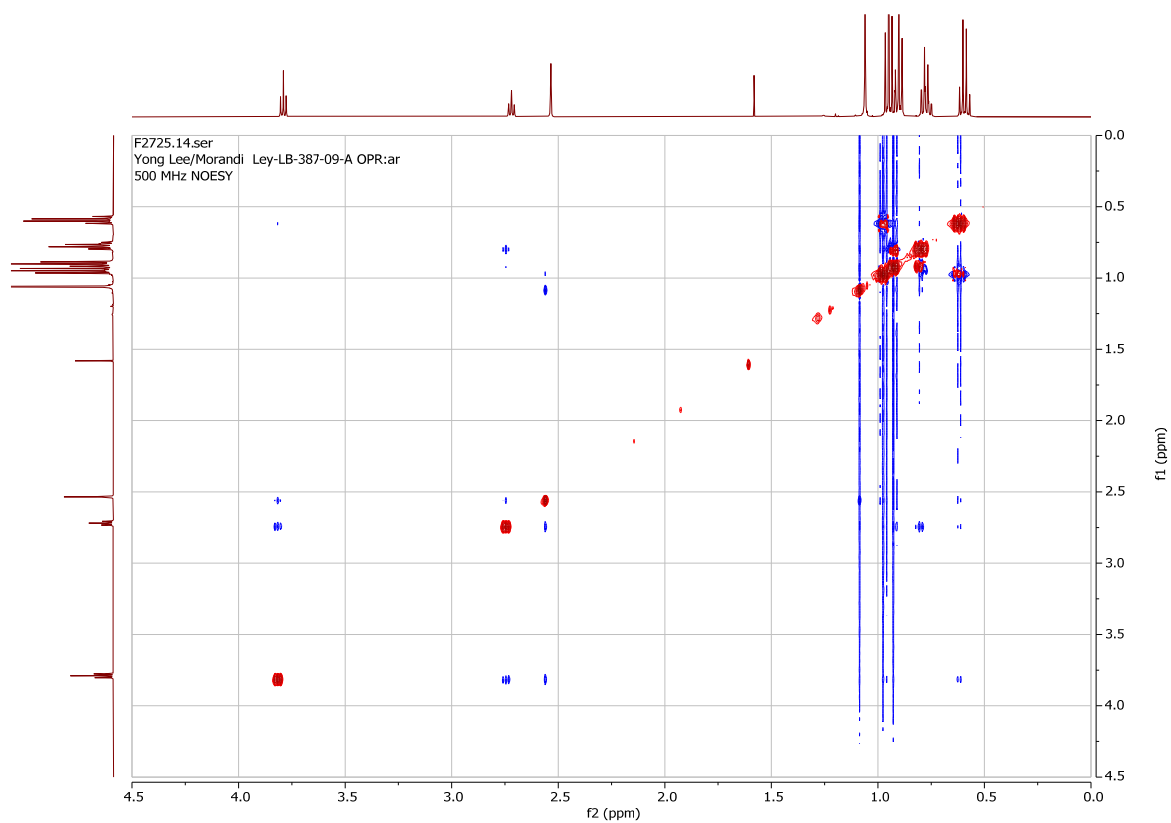
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Instrument AV-NEO 400 MHz
Group morand
400 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-386-07-F
19F-HDEC.ETH CDG3 /opt/v mlee 58

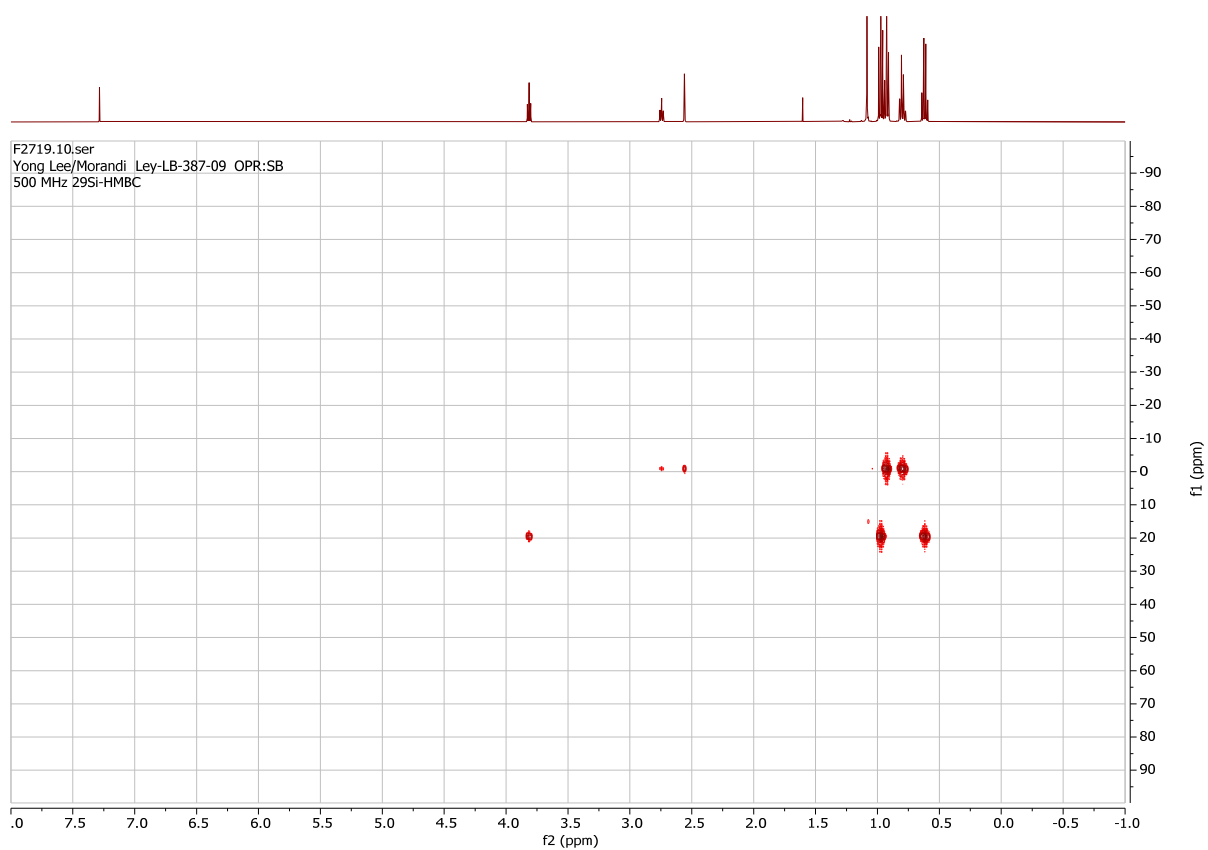




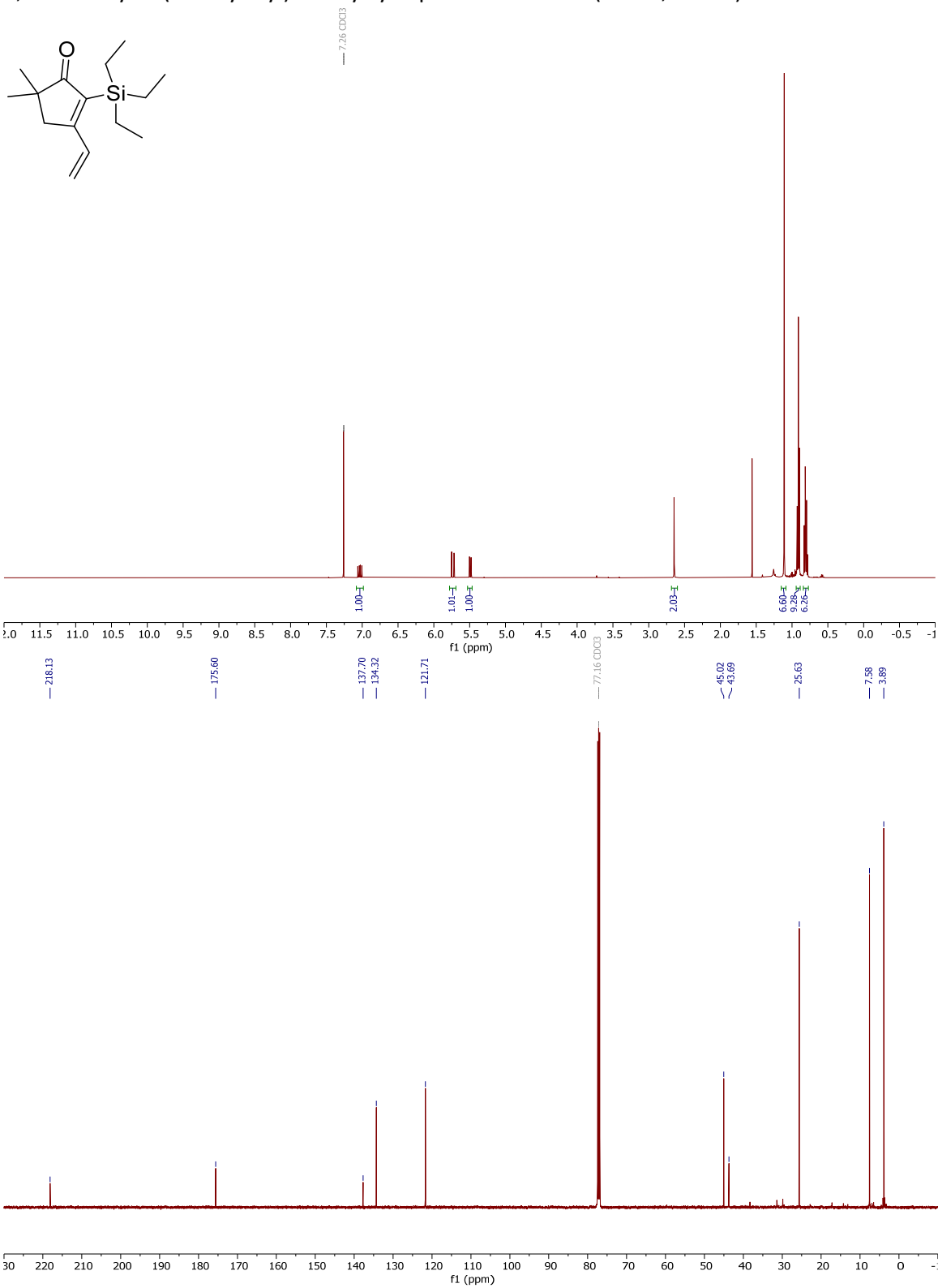
5,5-dimethyl-2-(triethylsilyl)-3-(2-((triethylsilyl)oxy)ethyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bo-1**, major).

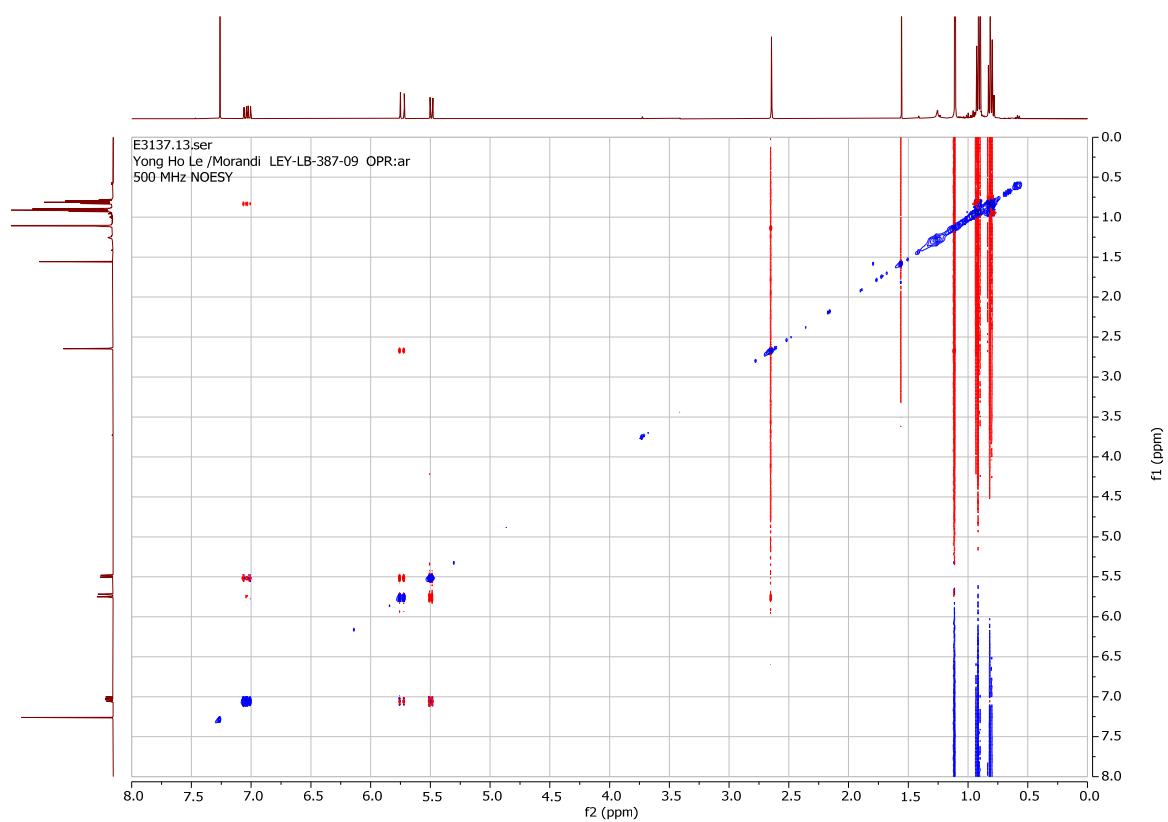
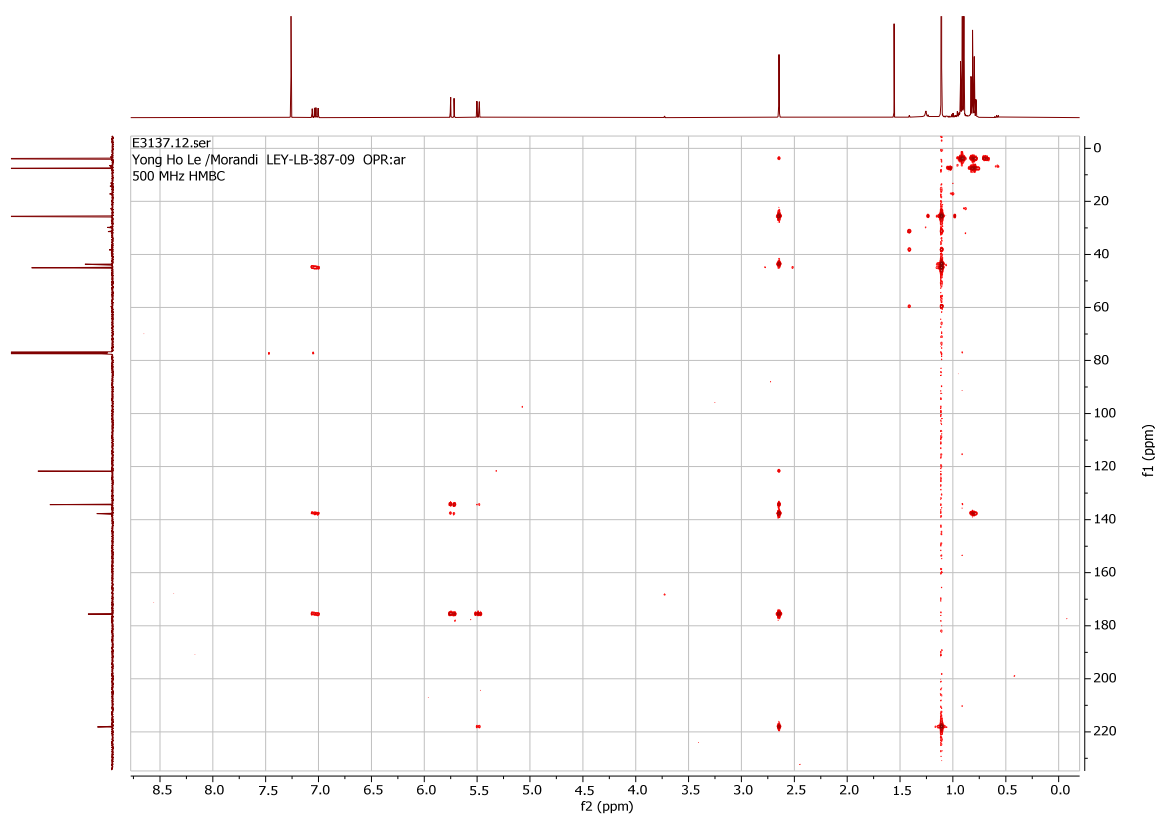




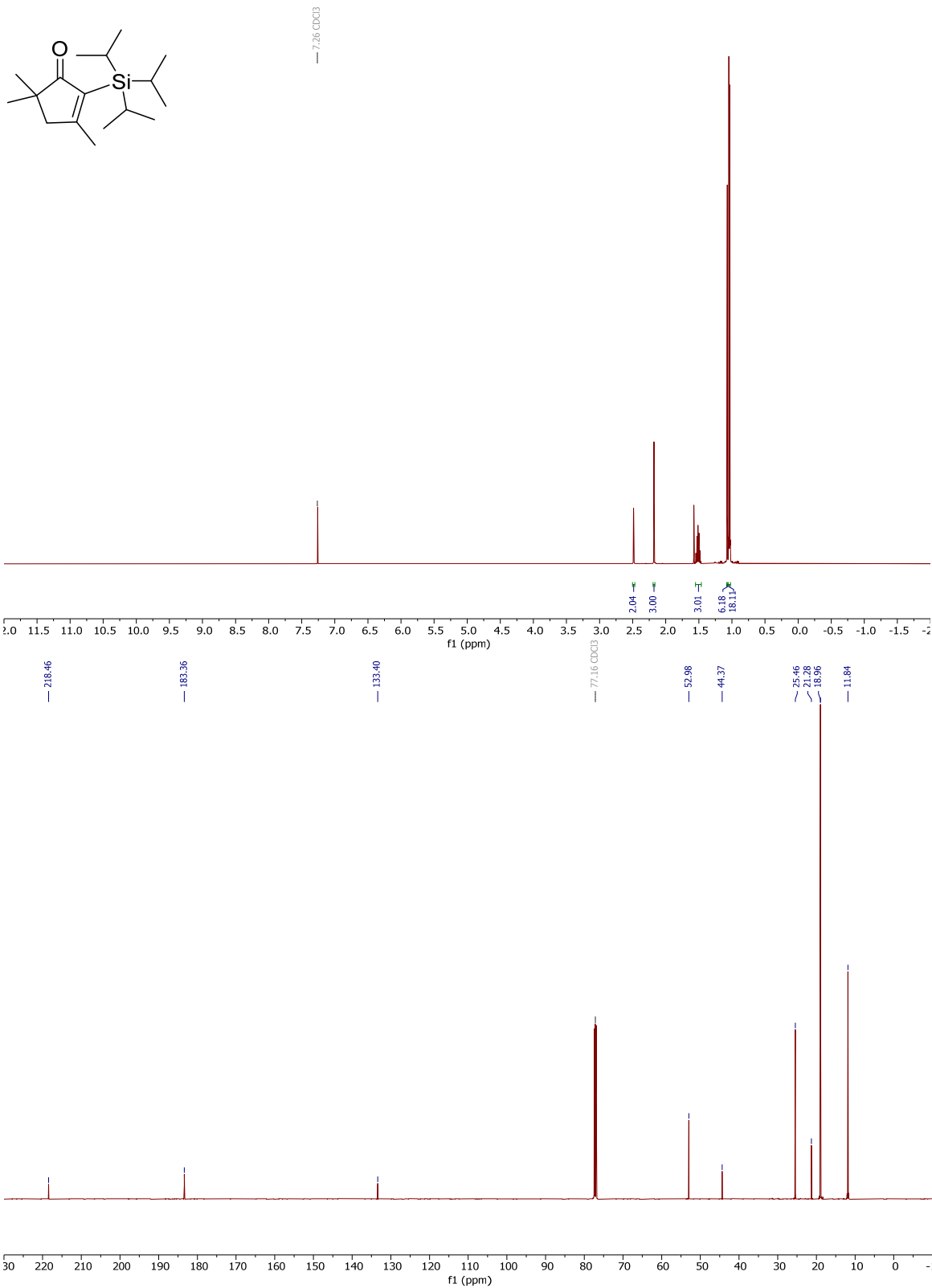


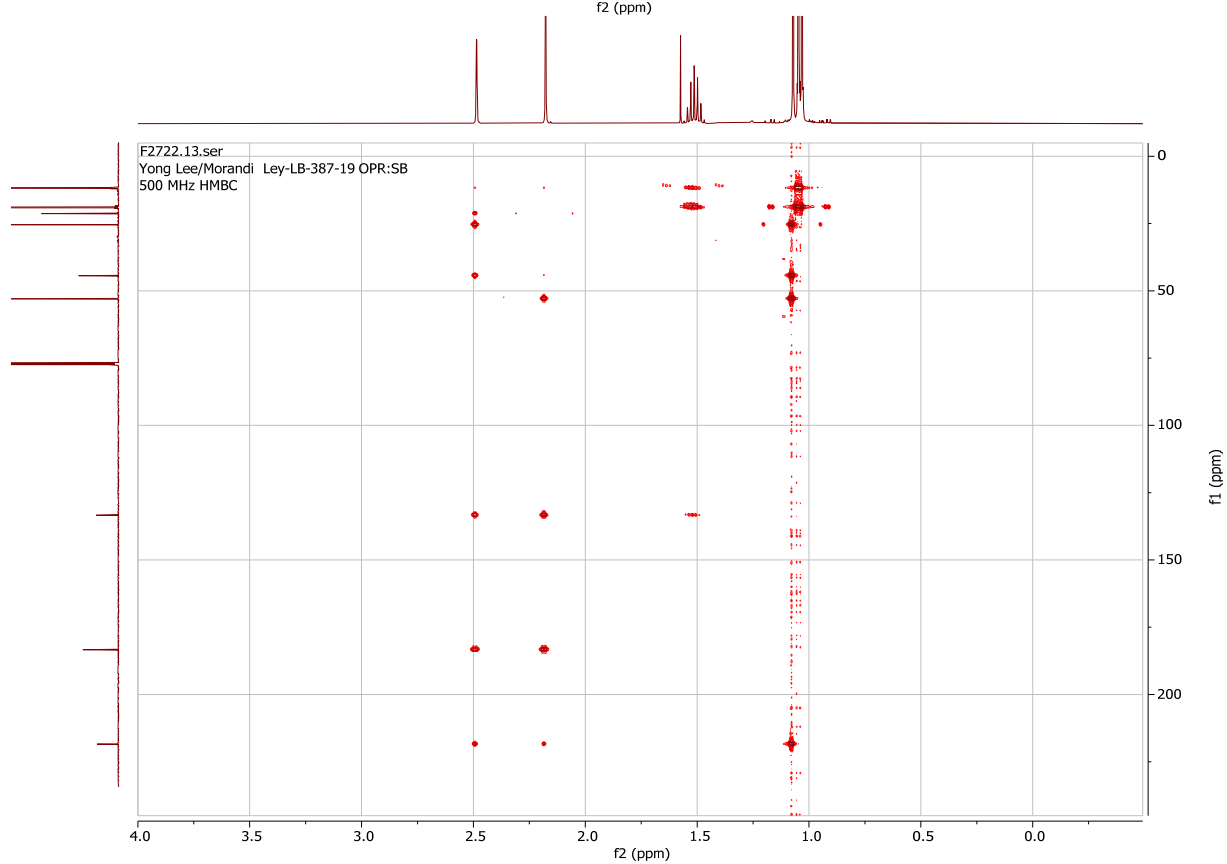
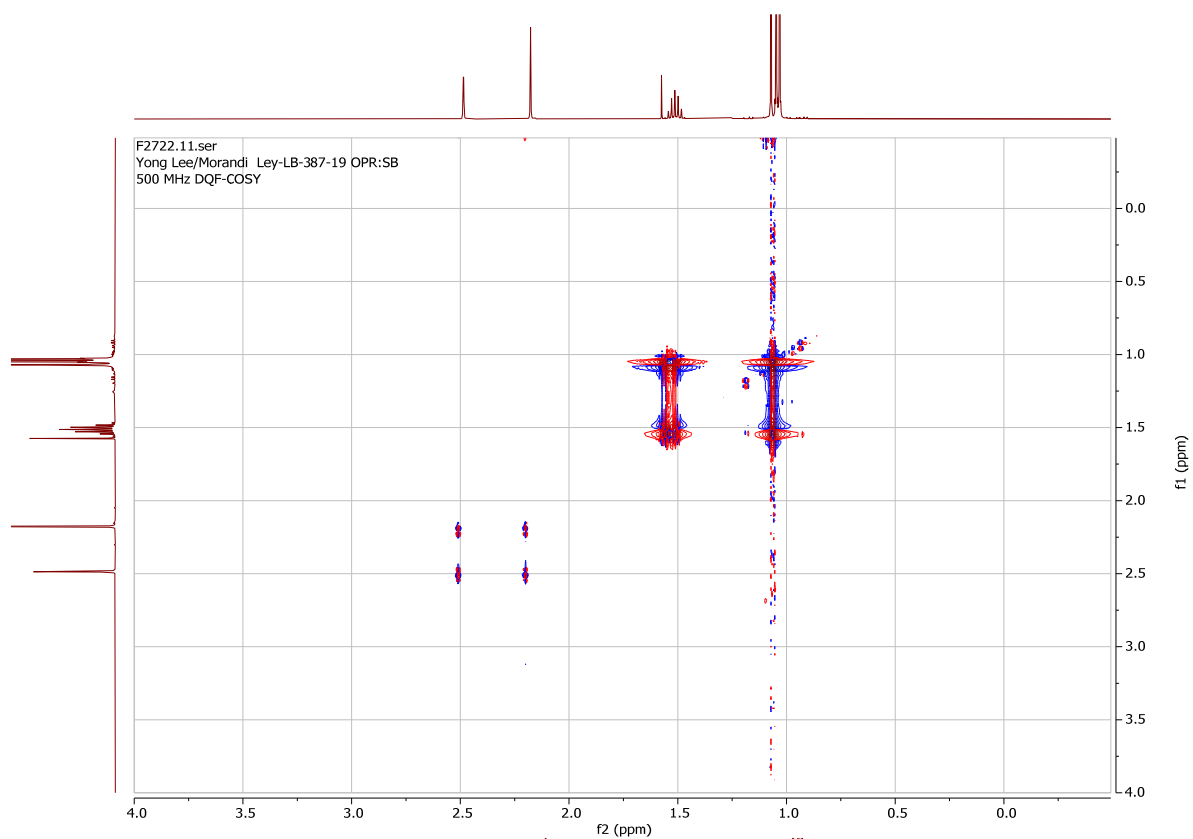
5,5-dimethyl-2-(triethylsilyl)-3-vinylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bo-2**, minor).

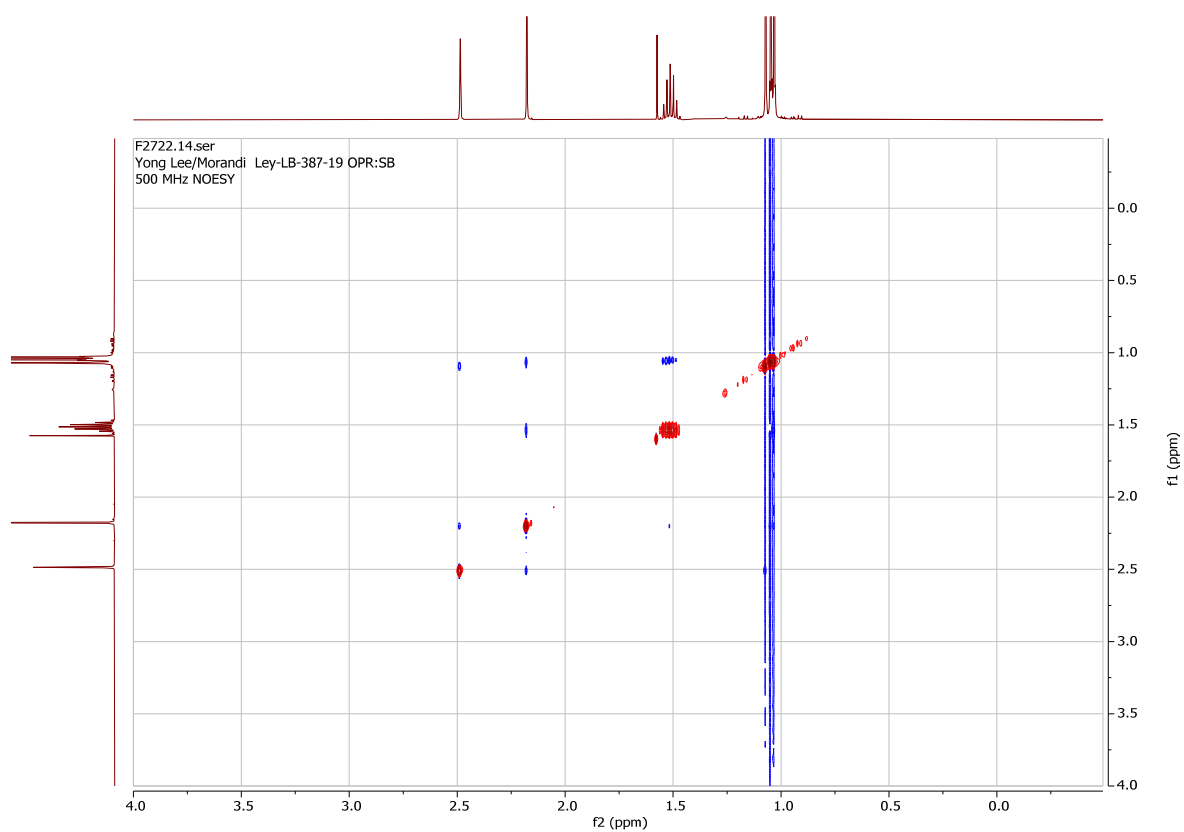




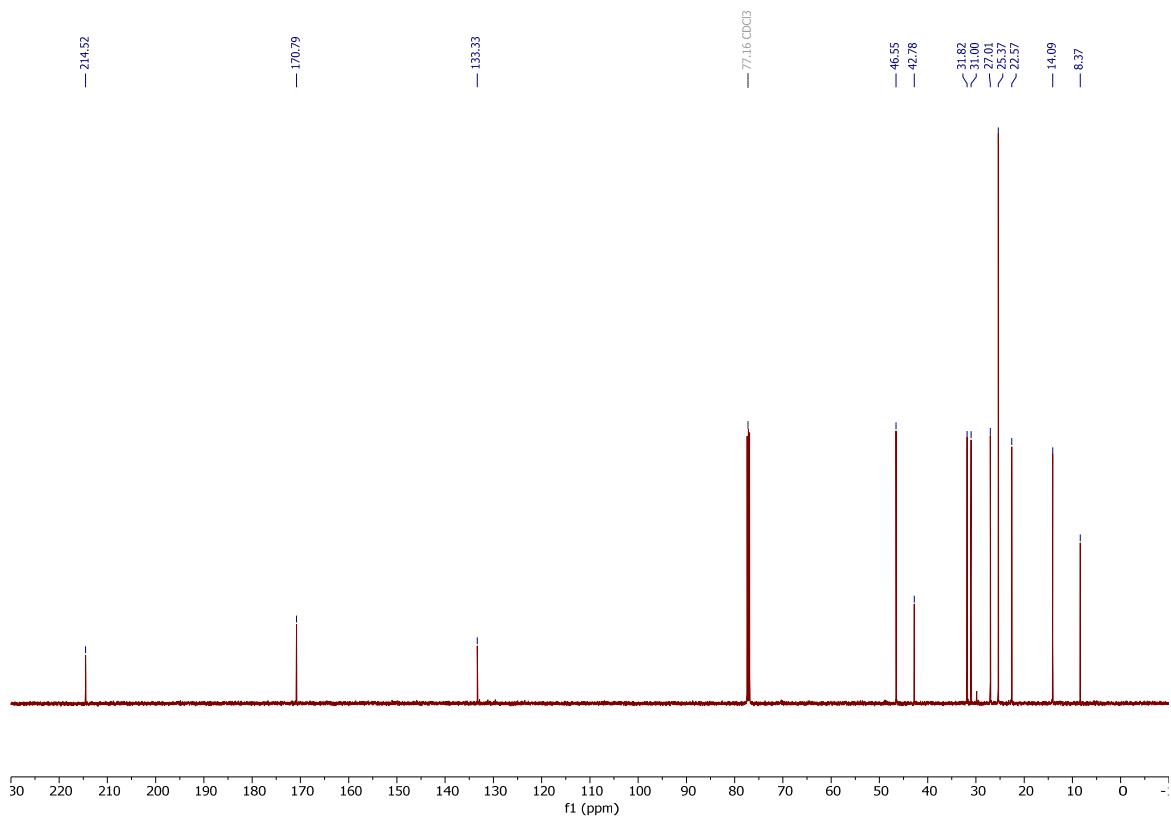
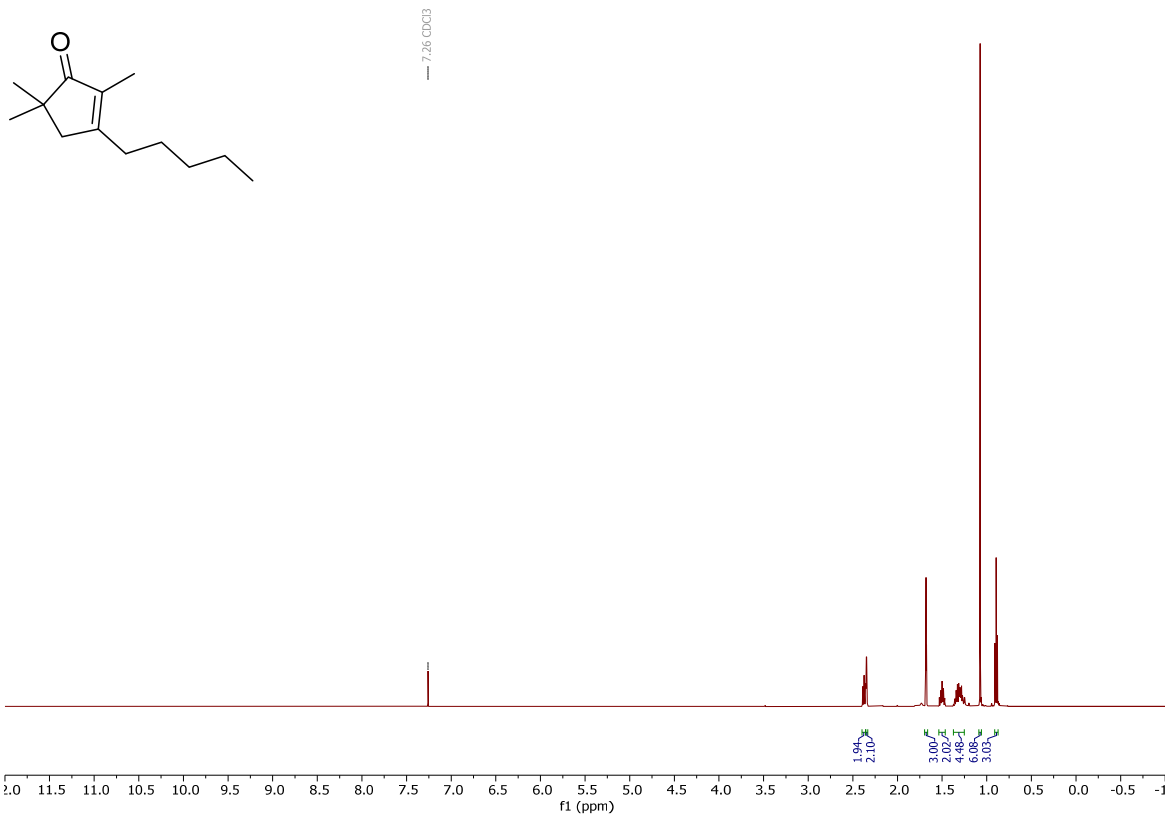
3,5,5-trimethyl-2-(triisopropylsilyl)cyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bp**).

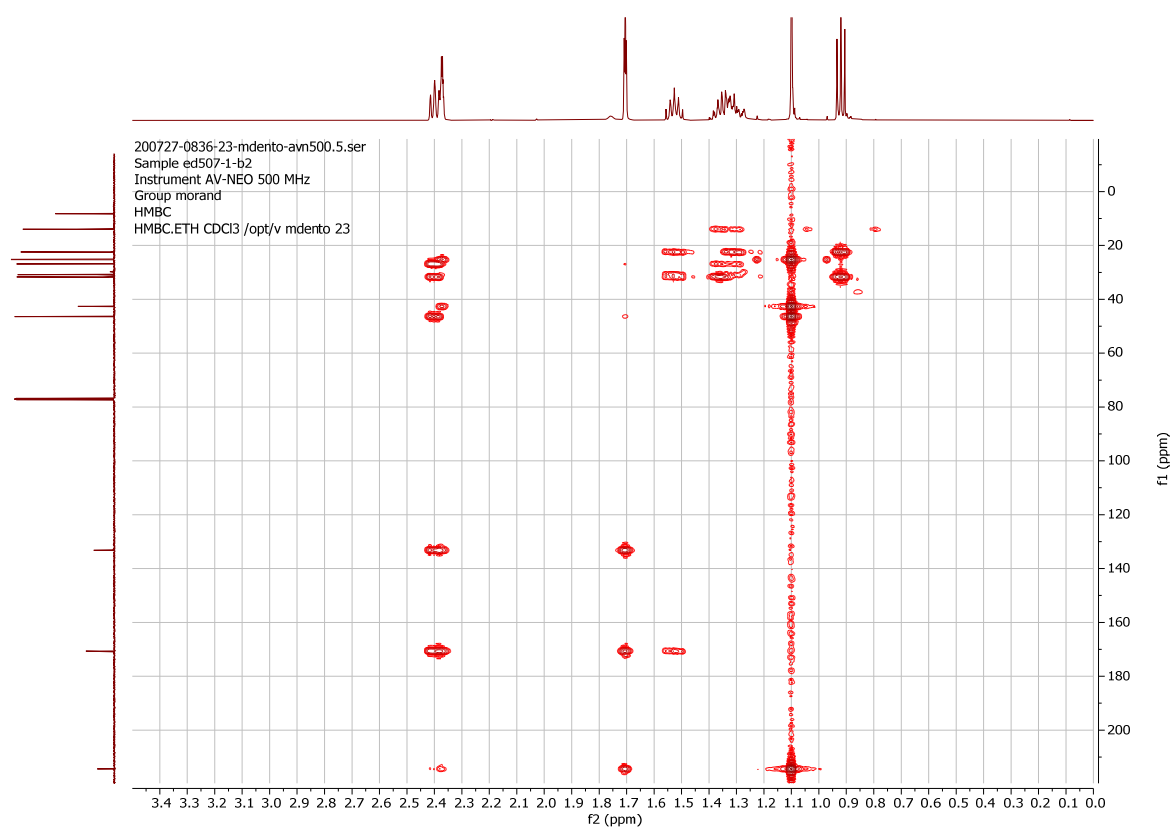
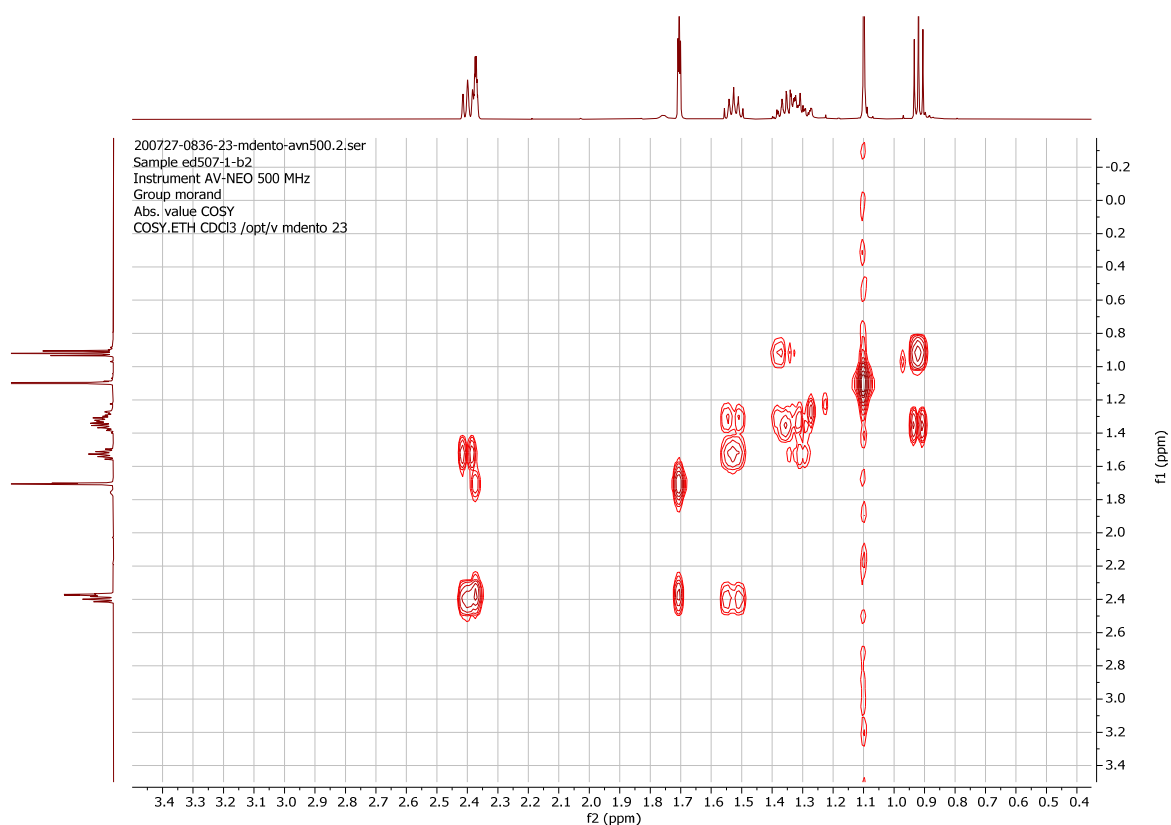


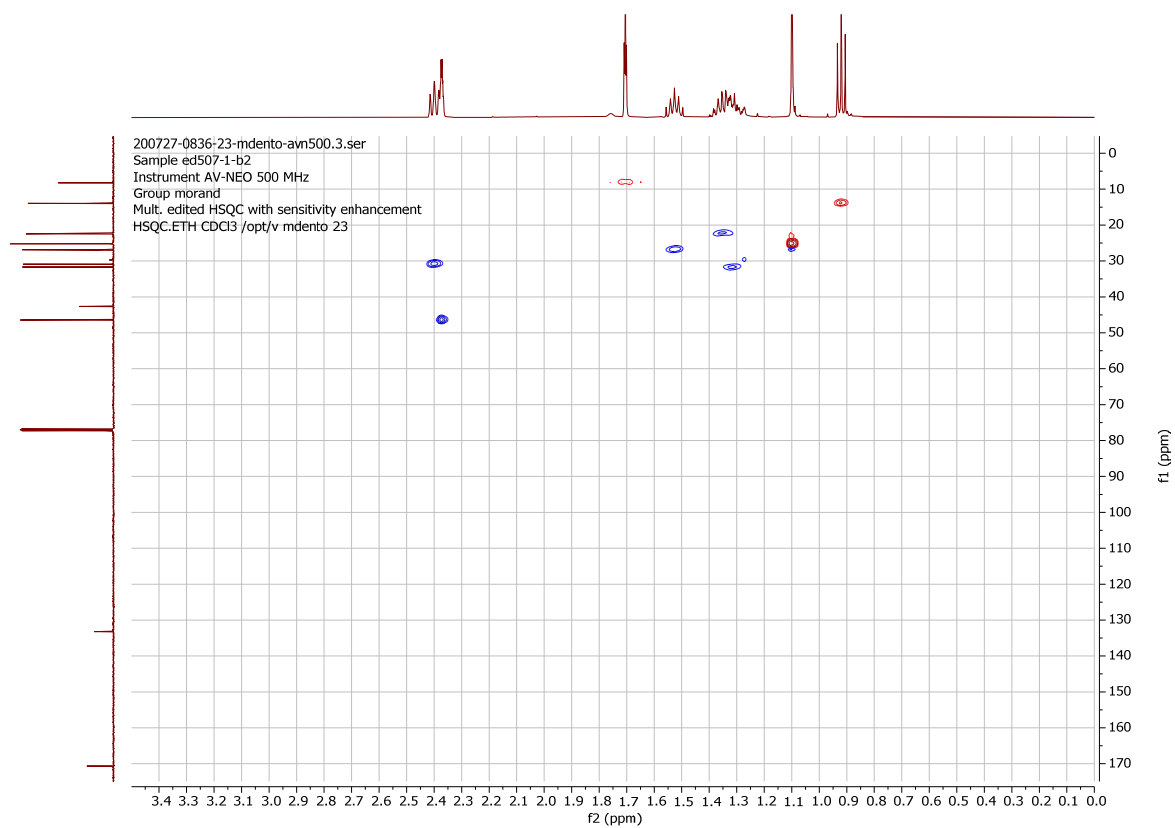




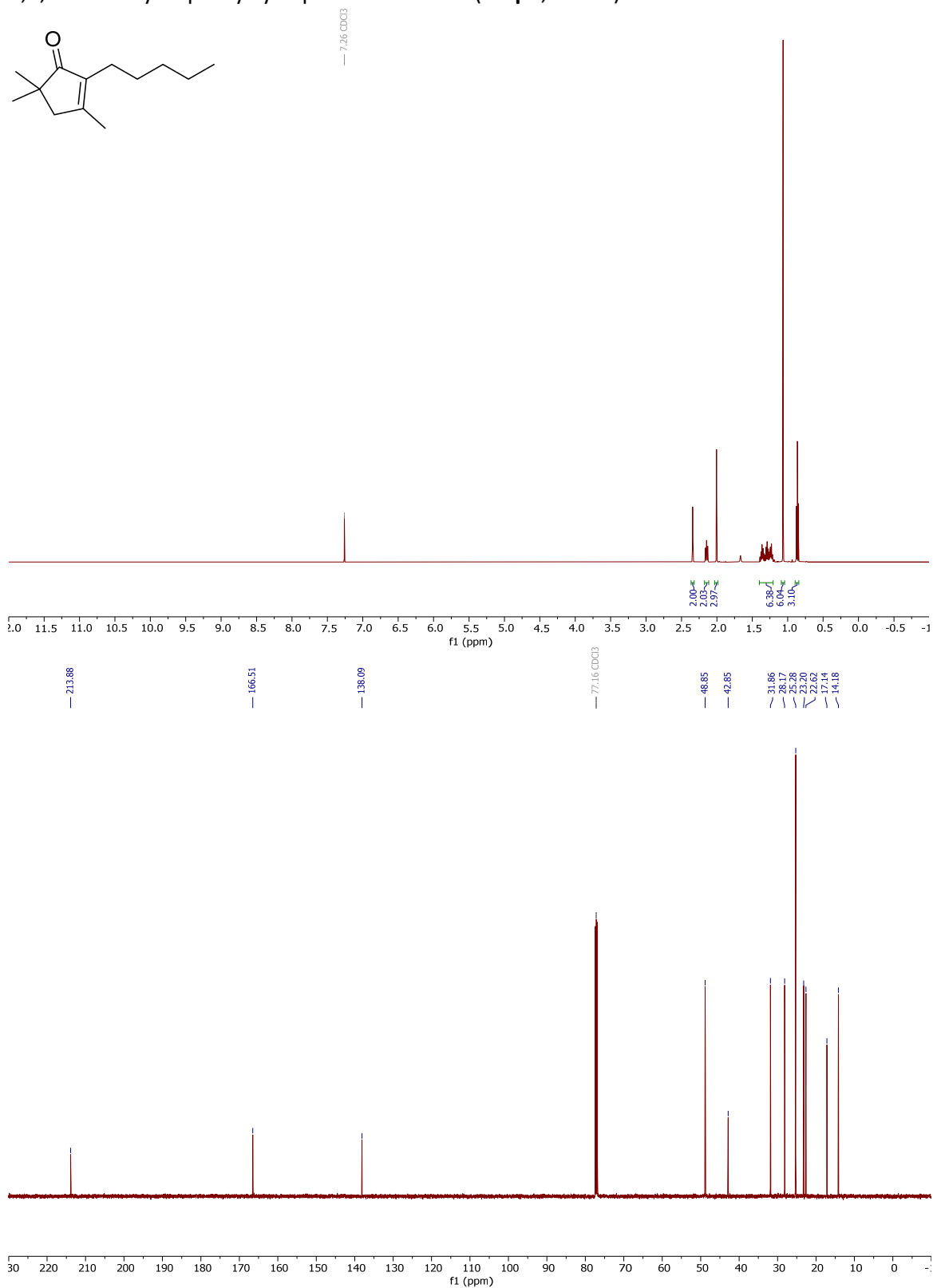
2,5,5-trimethyl-3-pentylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bq-1**, major).

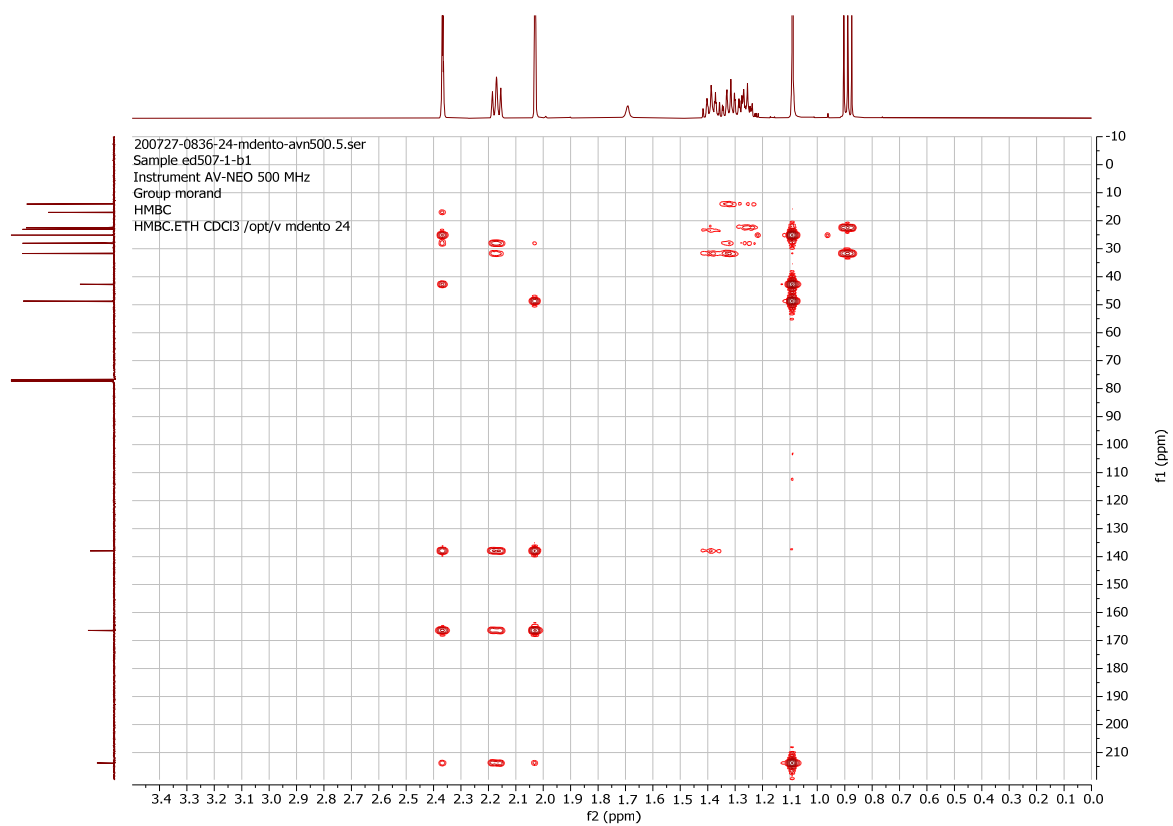
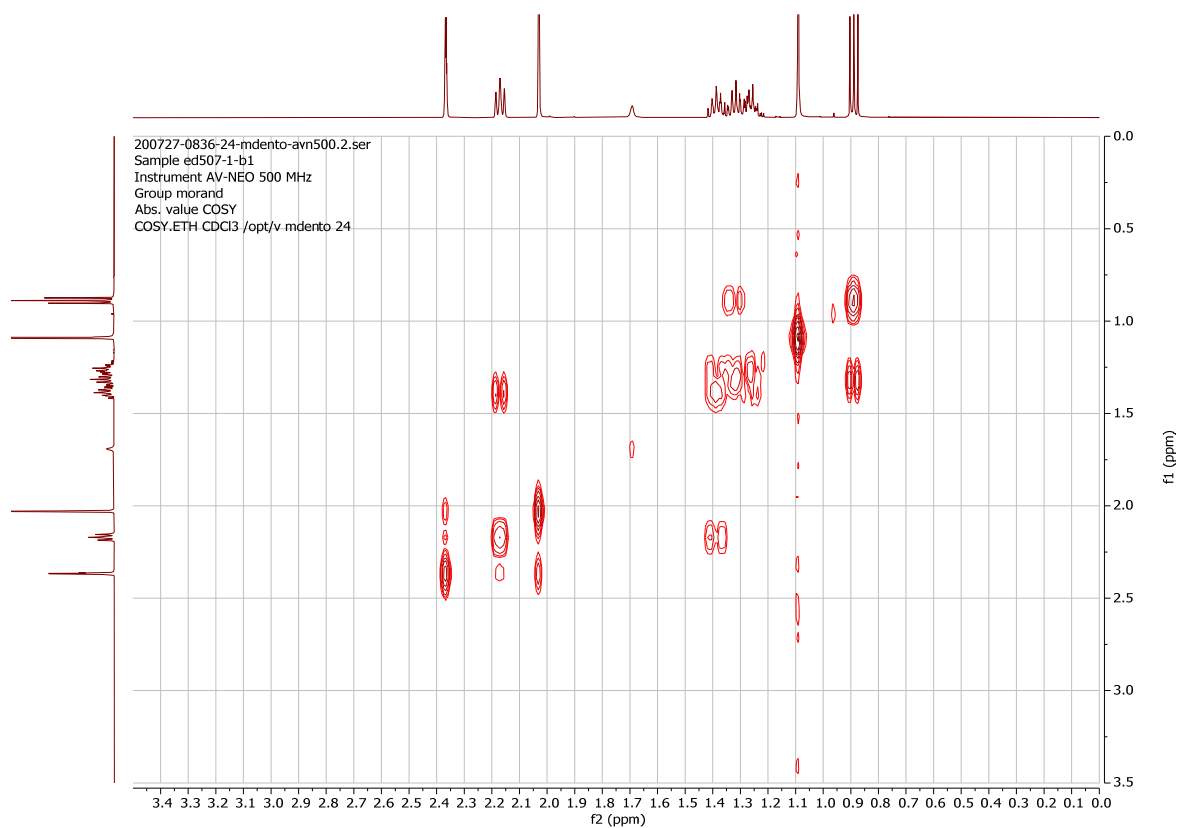


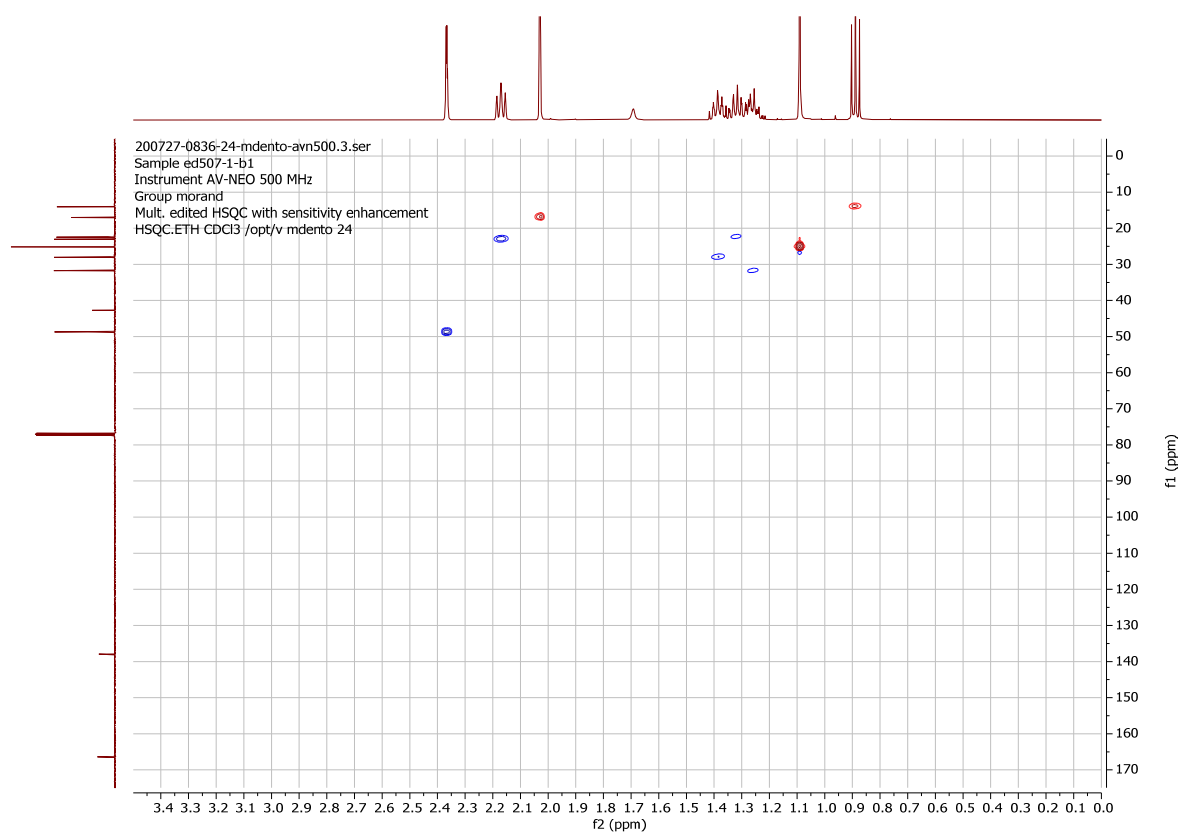




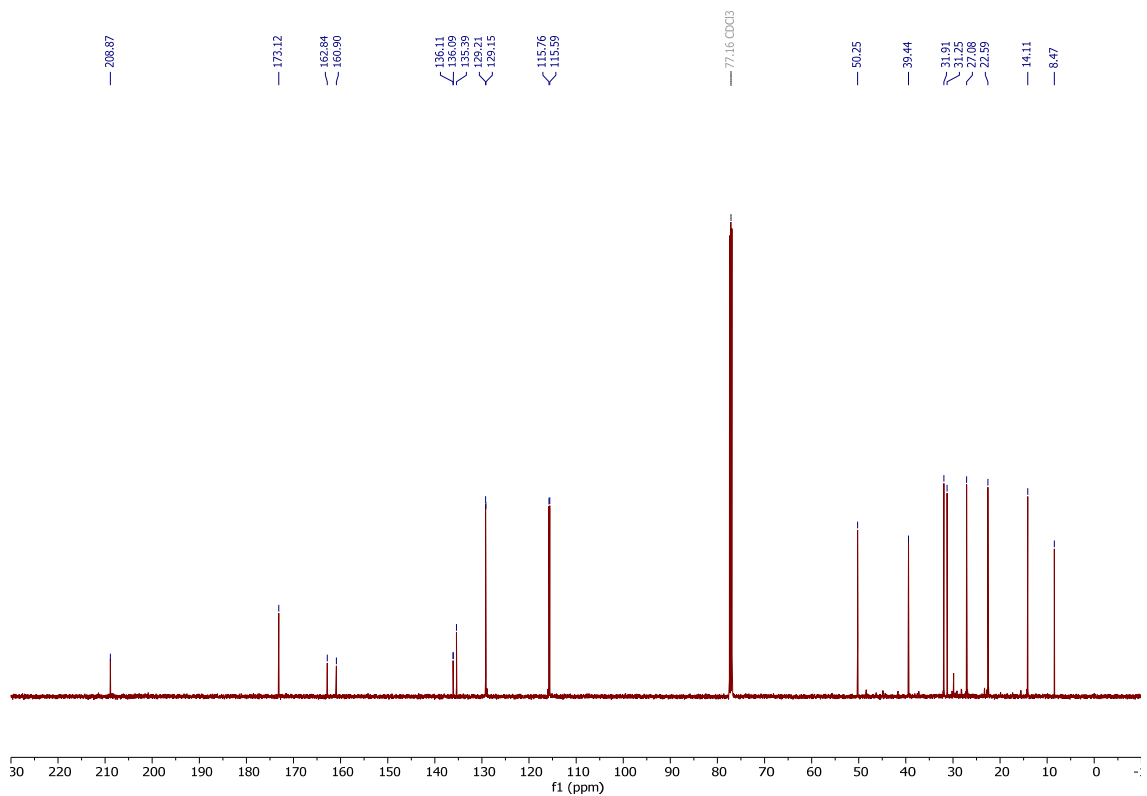
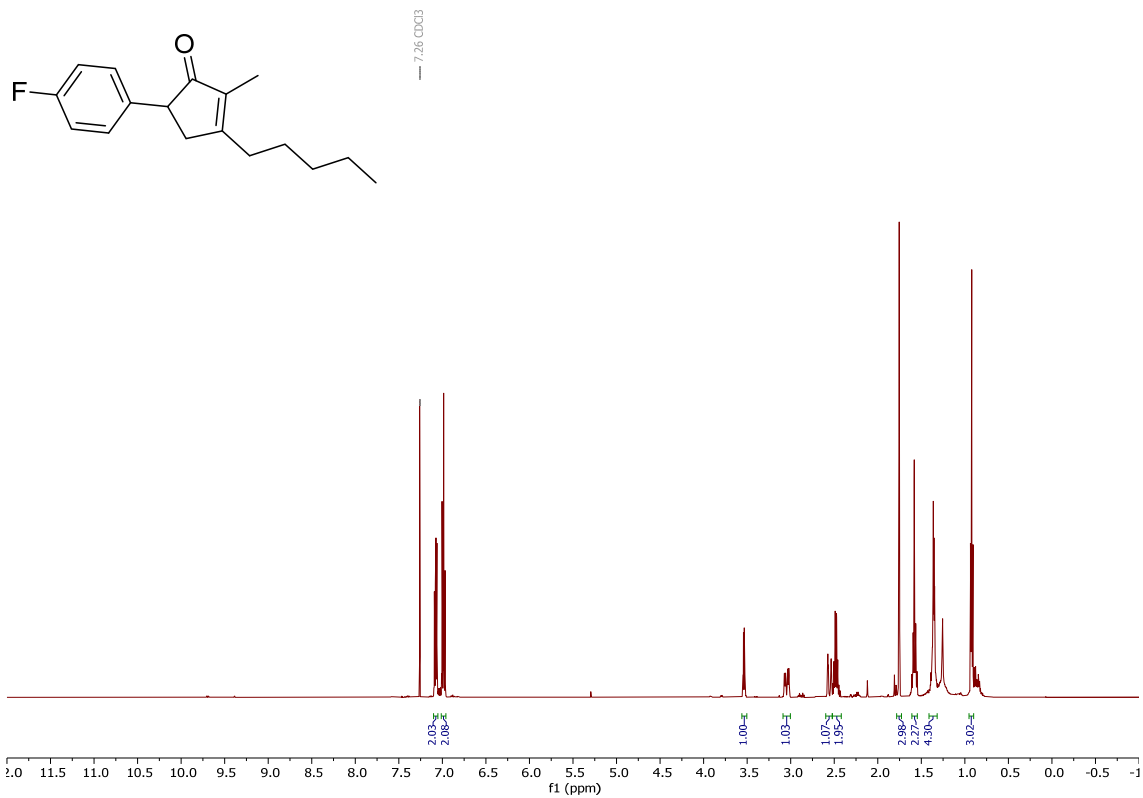
3,5,5-trimethyl-2-pentylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bq-2**, minor).



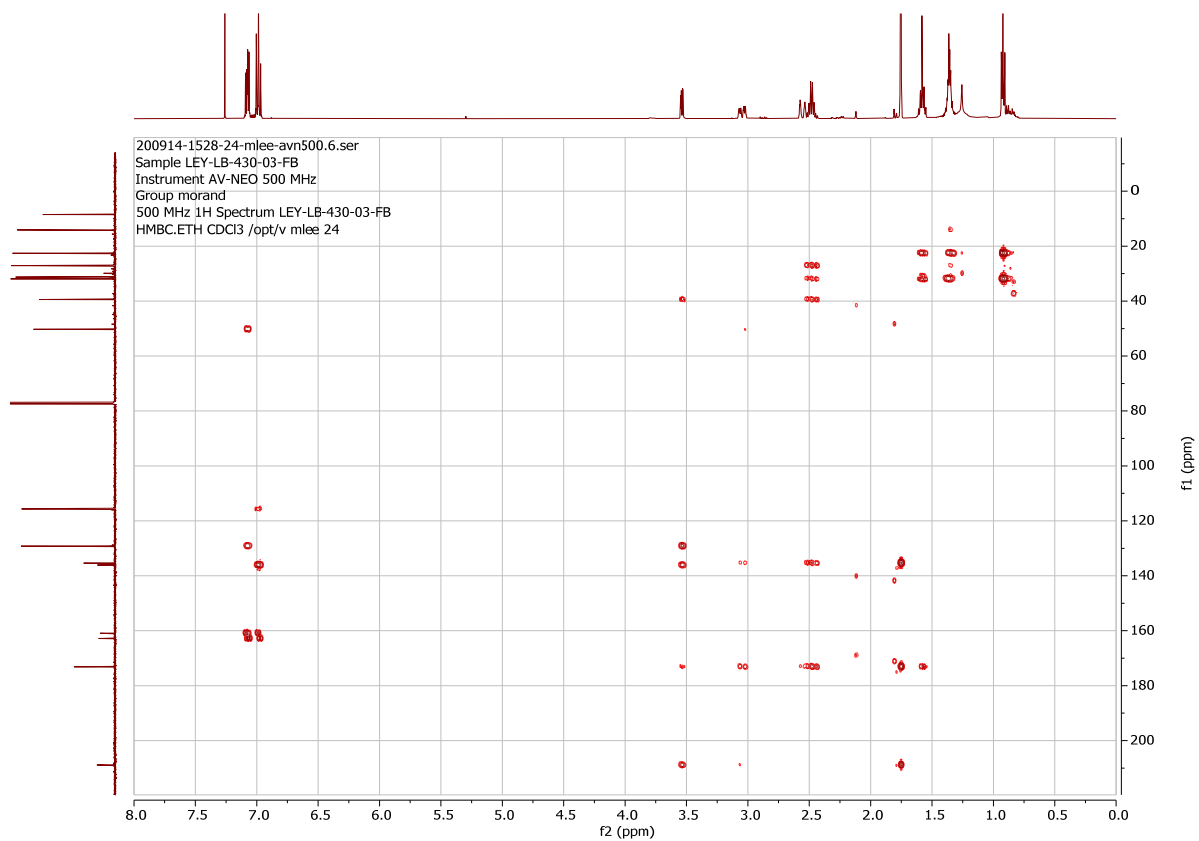
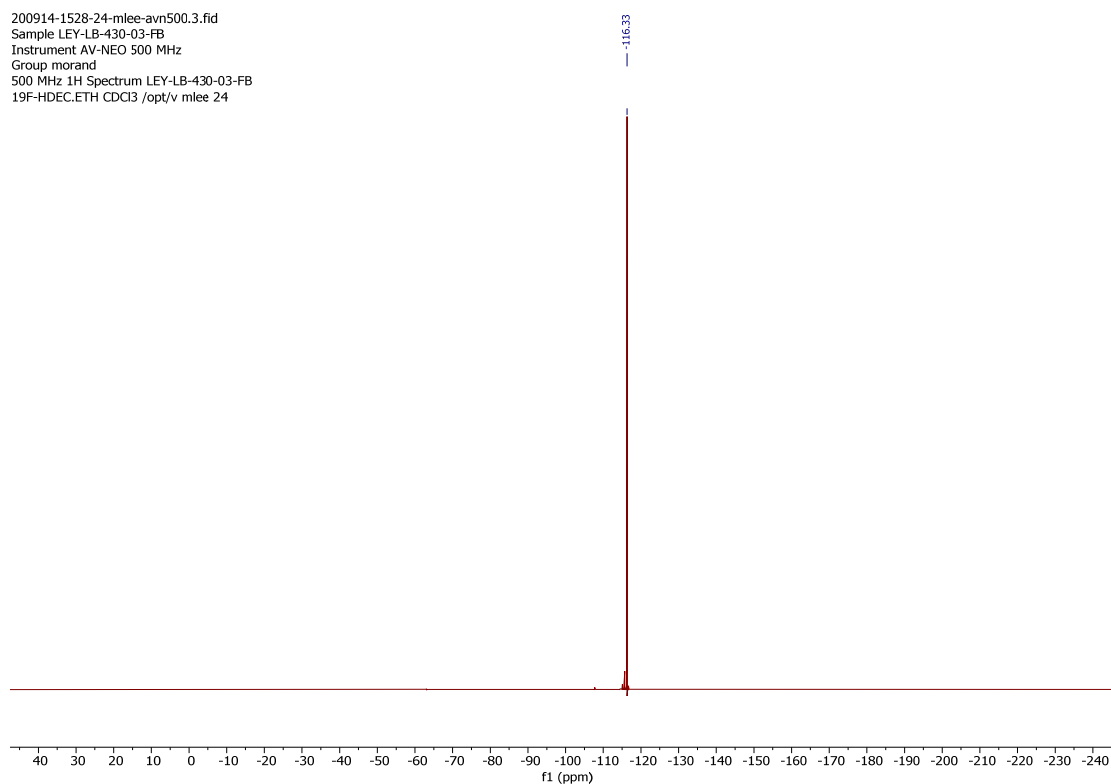


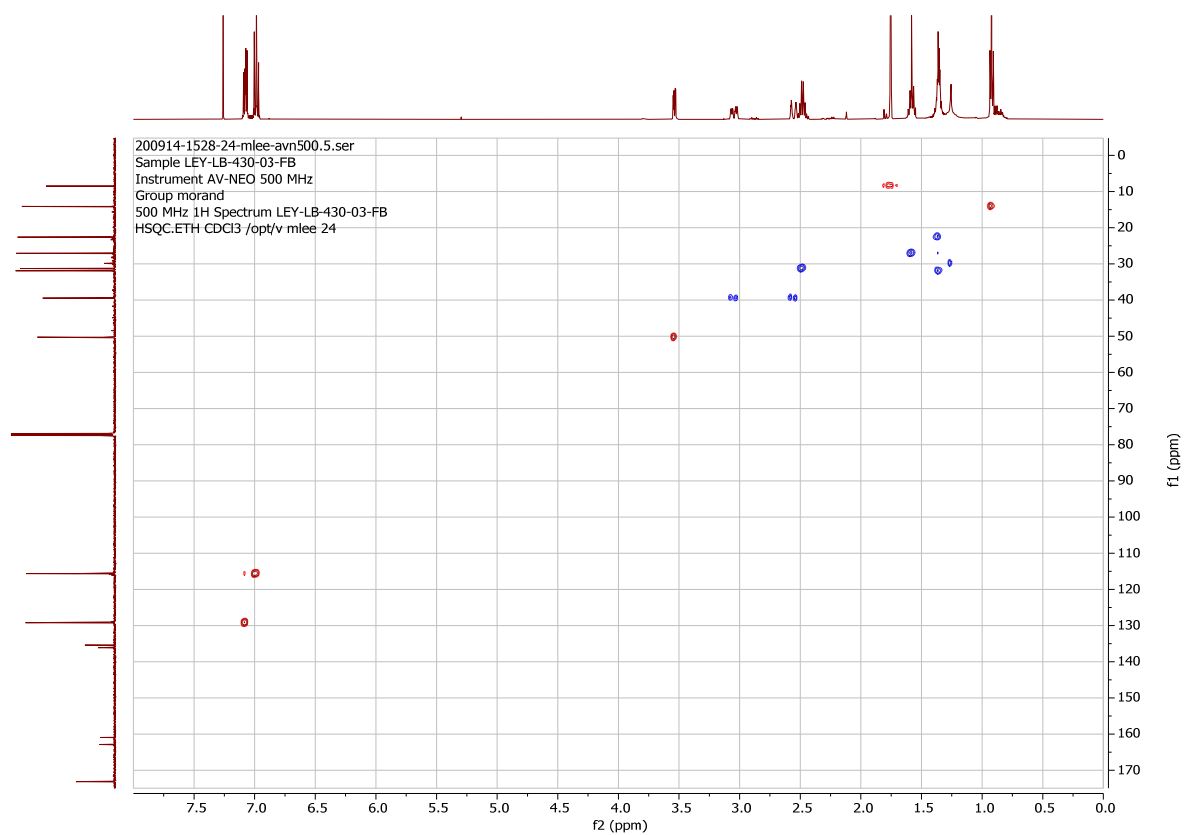
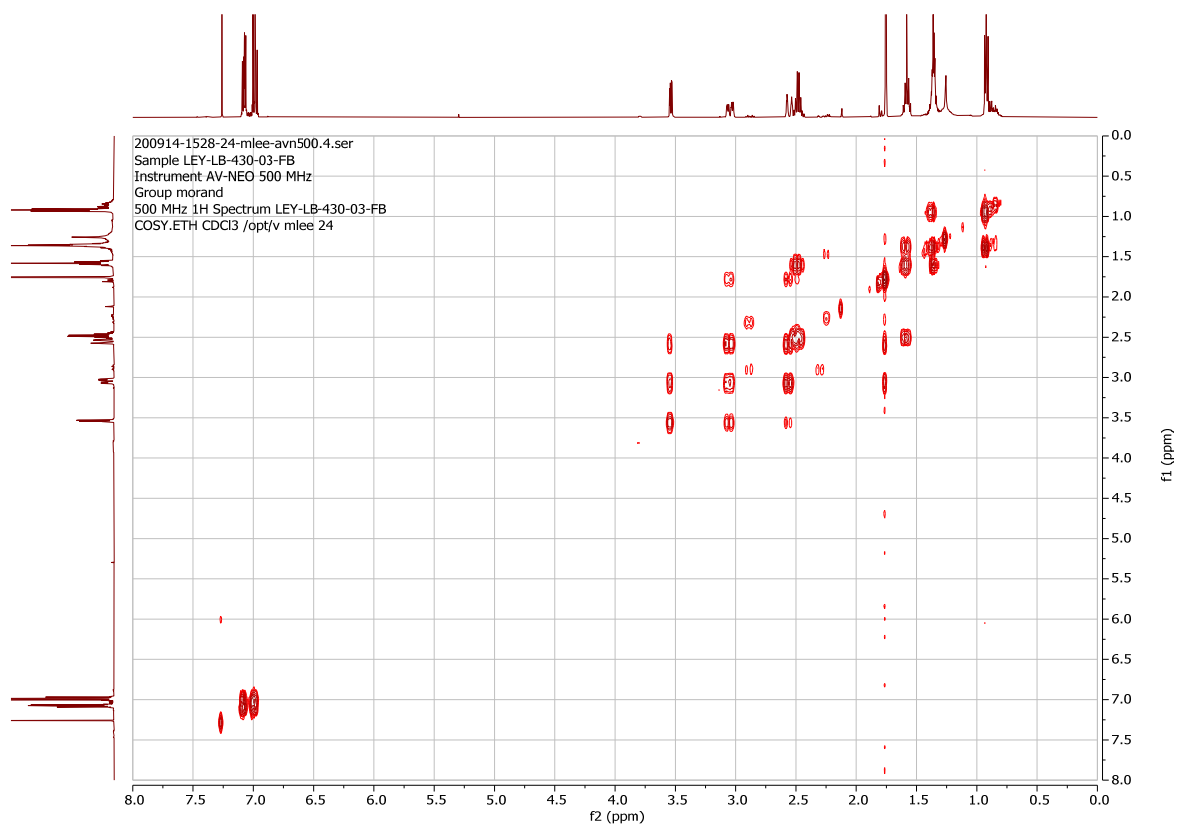


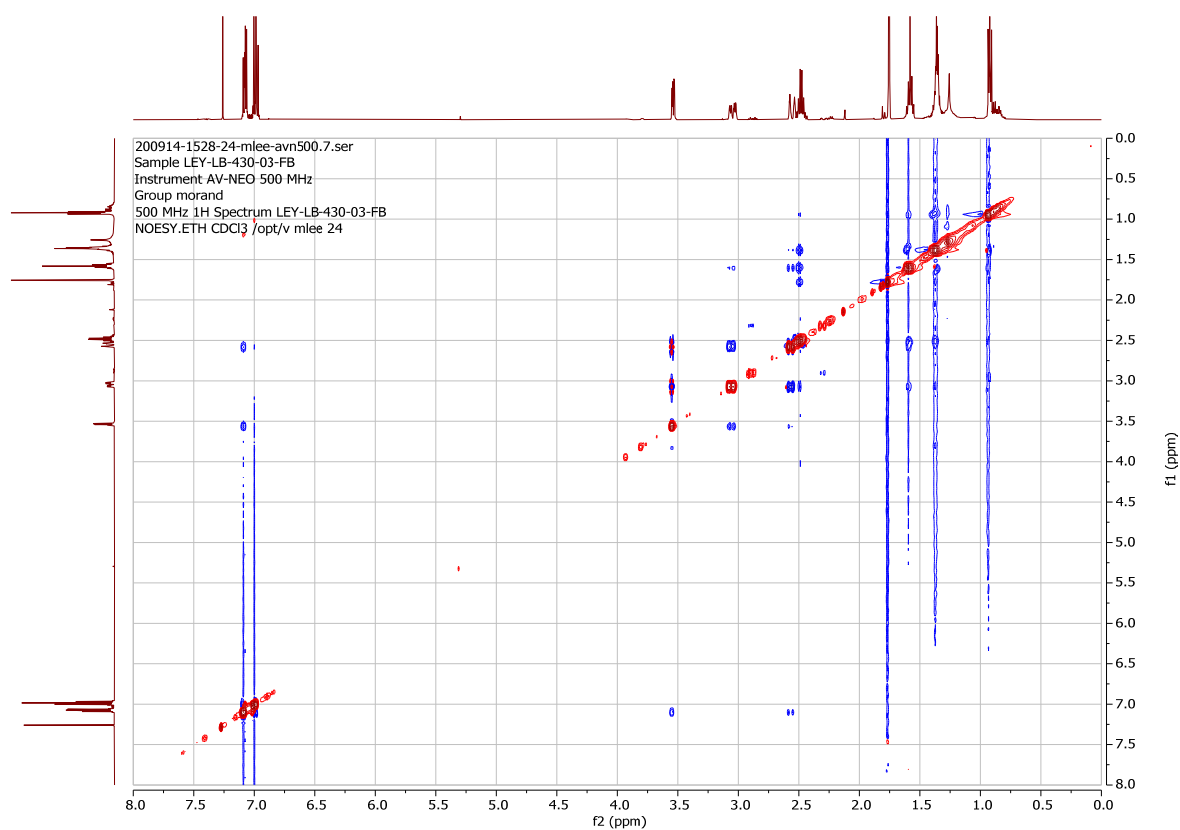
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-2-methyl-3-pentylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3br-1**, major).



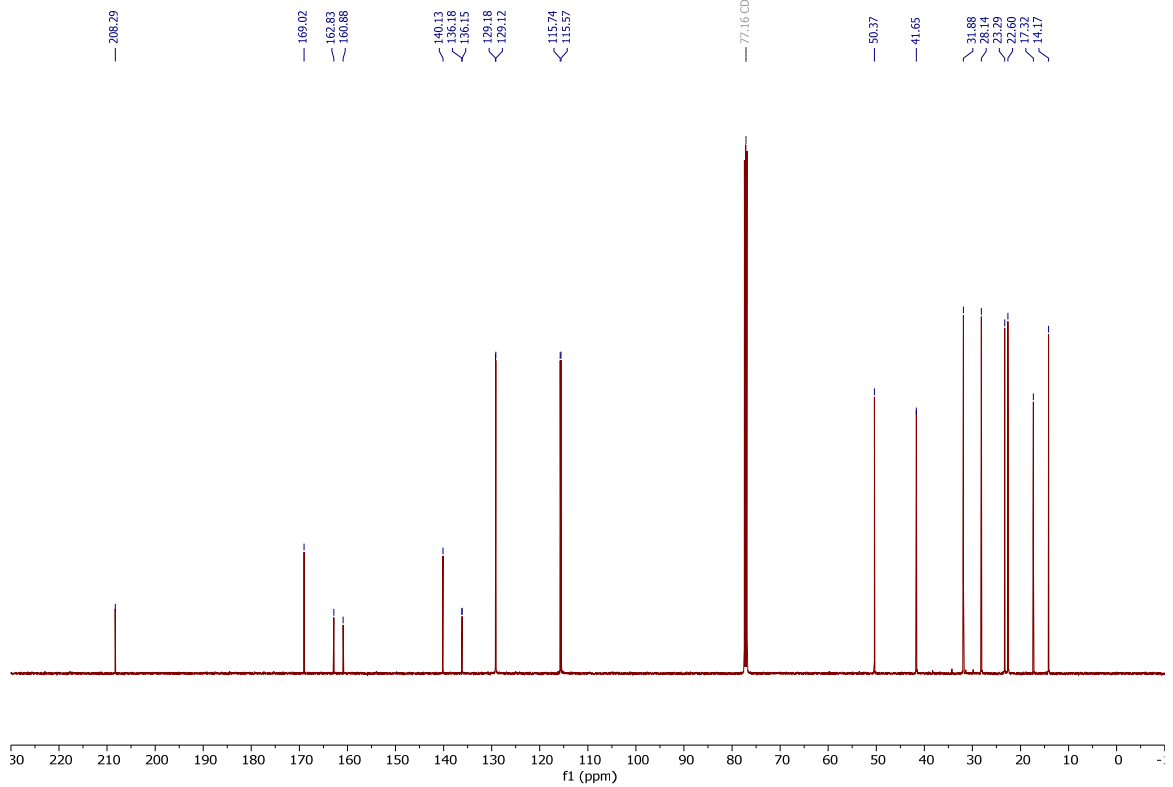
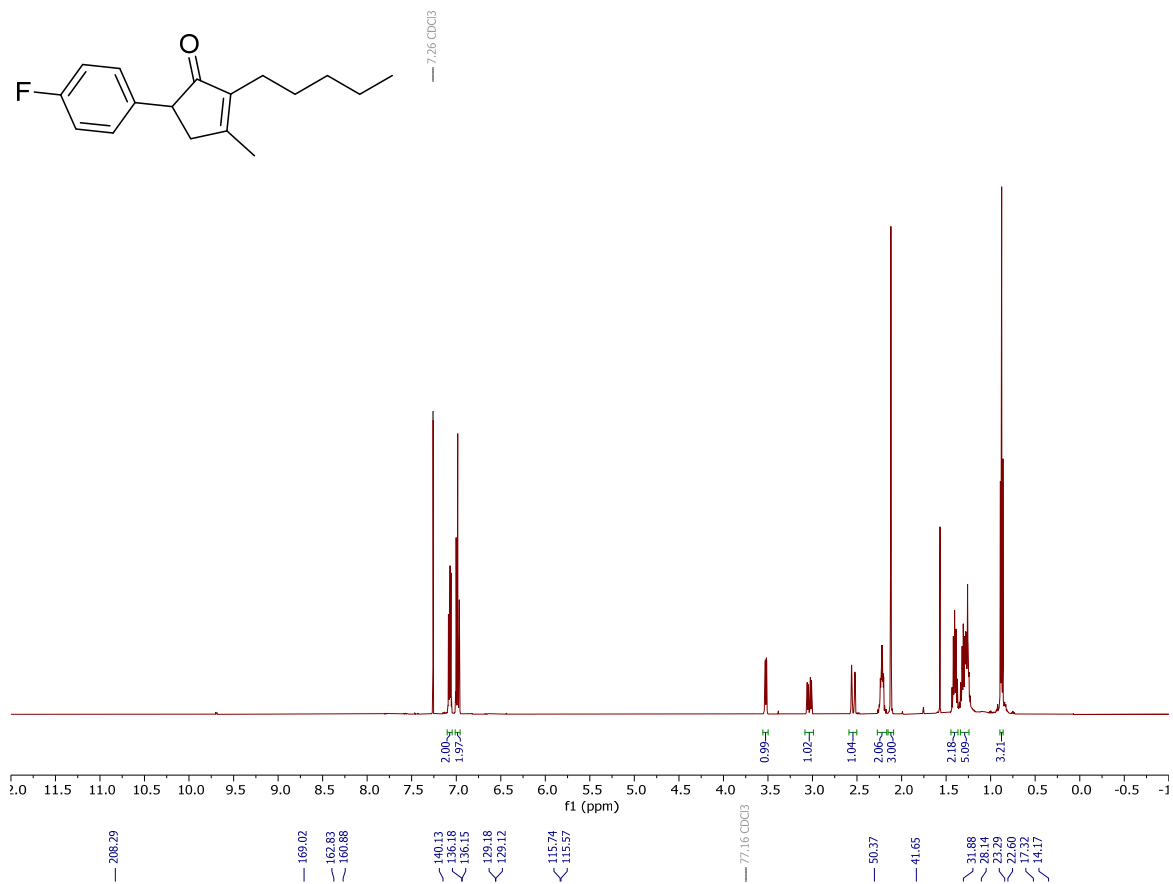
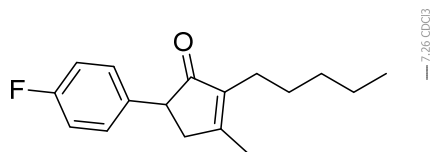
200914-1528-24-mlee-avn500.3.fid
Sample LEY-LB-430-03-FB
Instrument AV-NEO 500 MHz
Group morand
500 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-430-03-FB
19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl3 /opt/v mlee 24



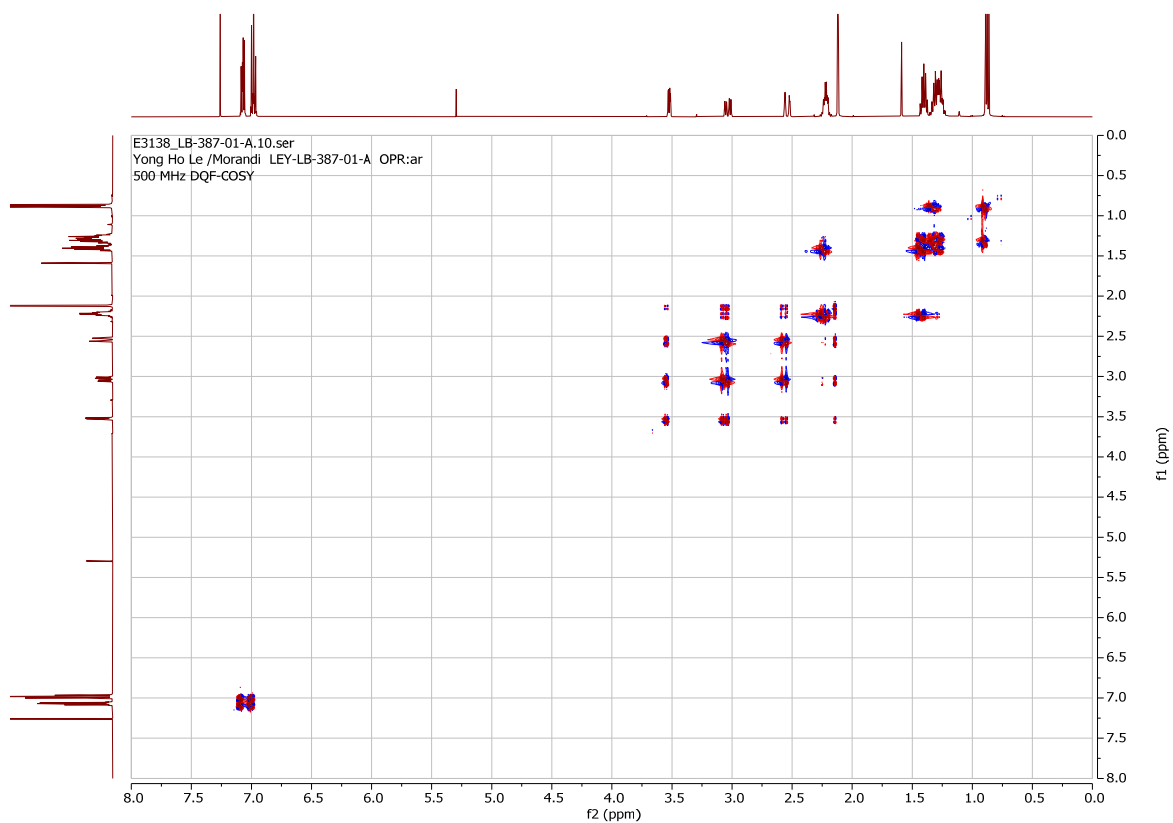
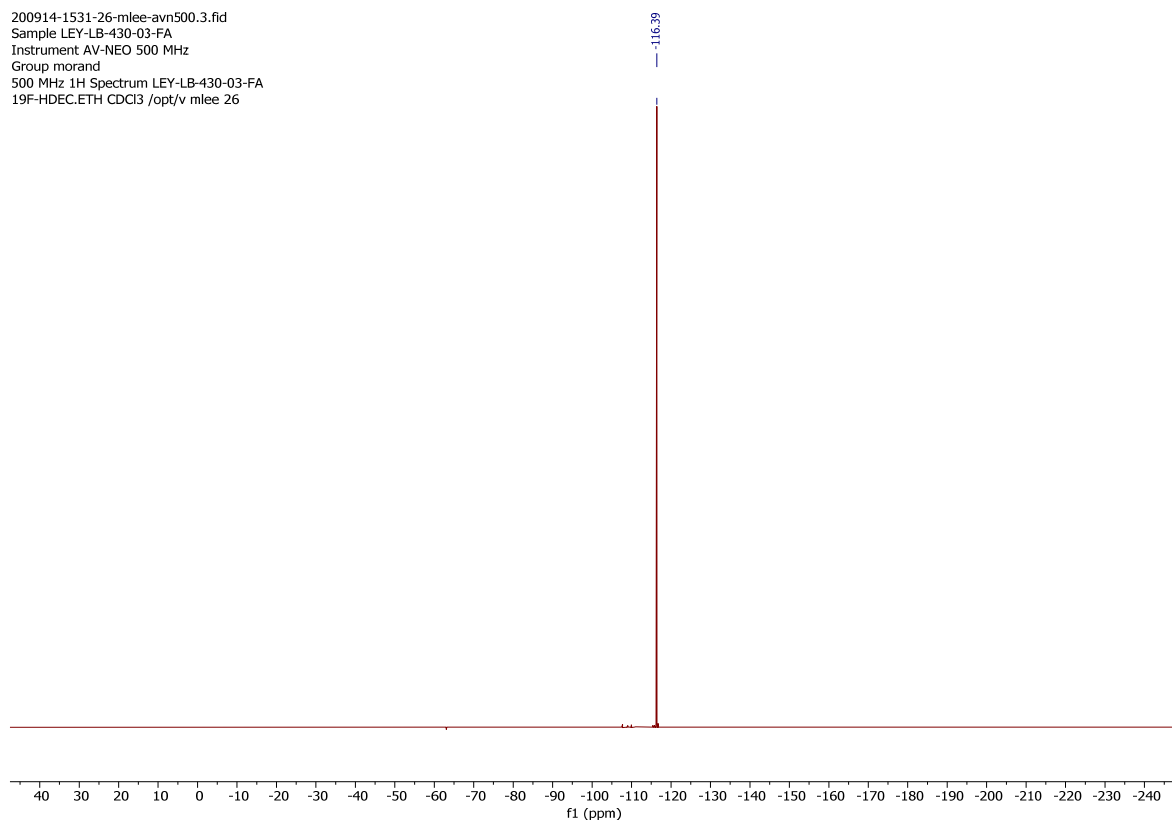


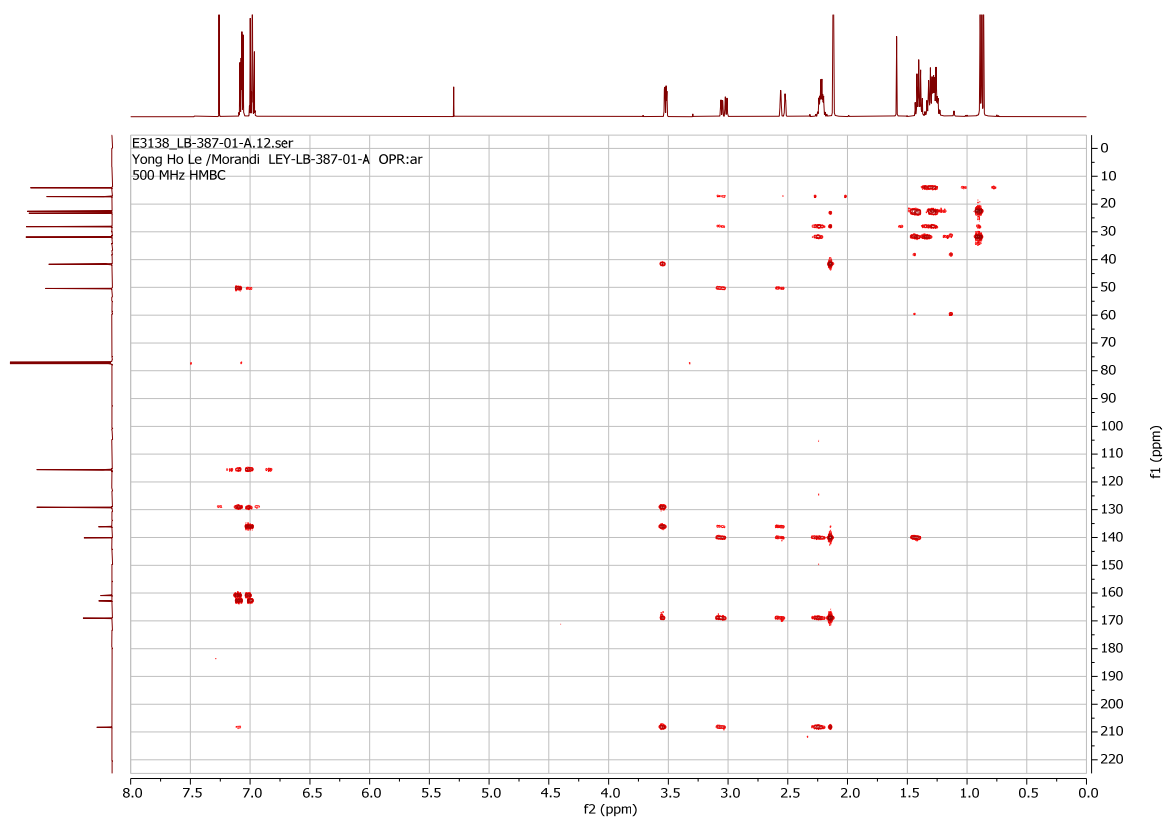
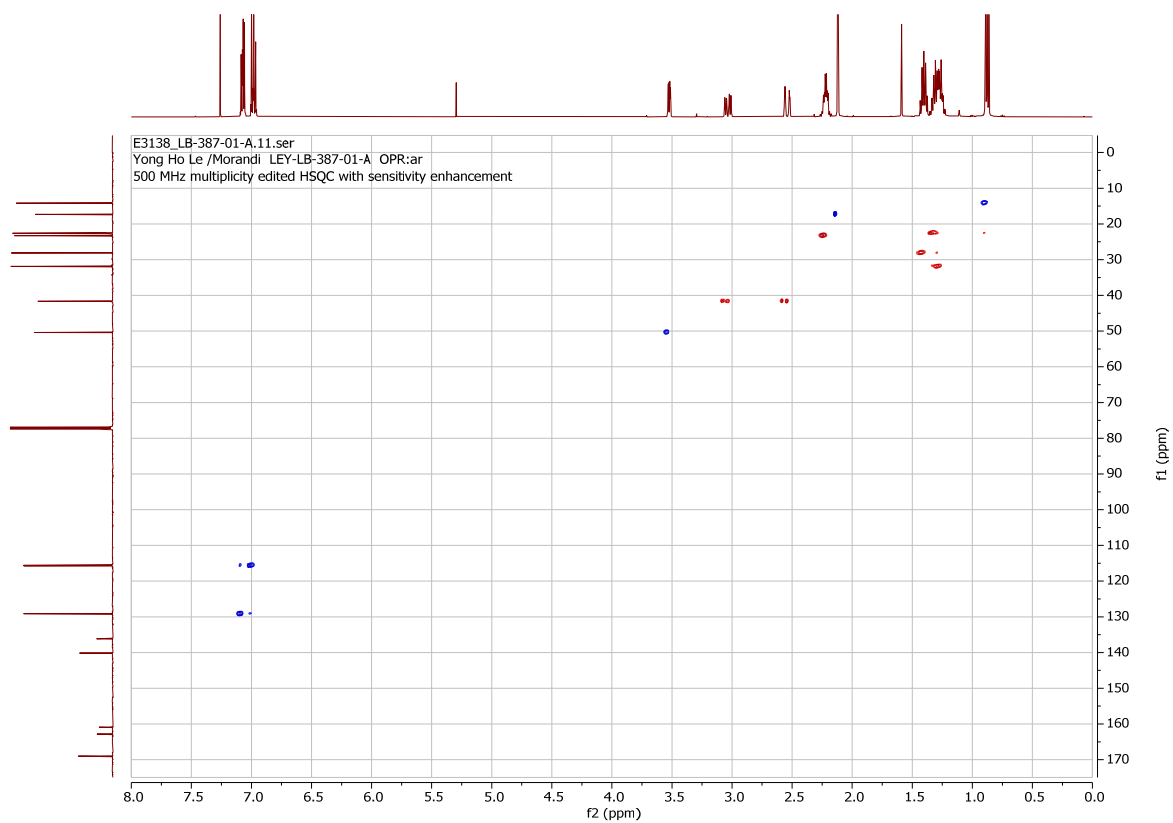


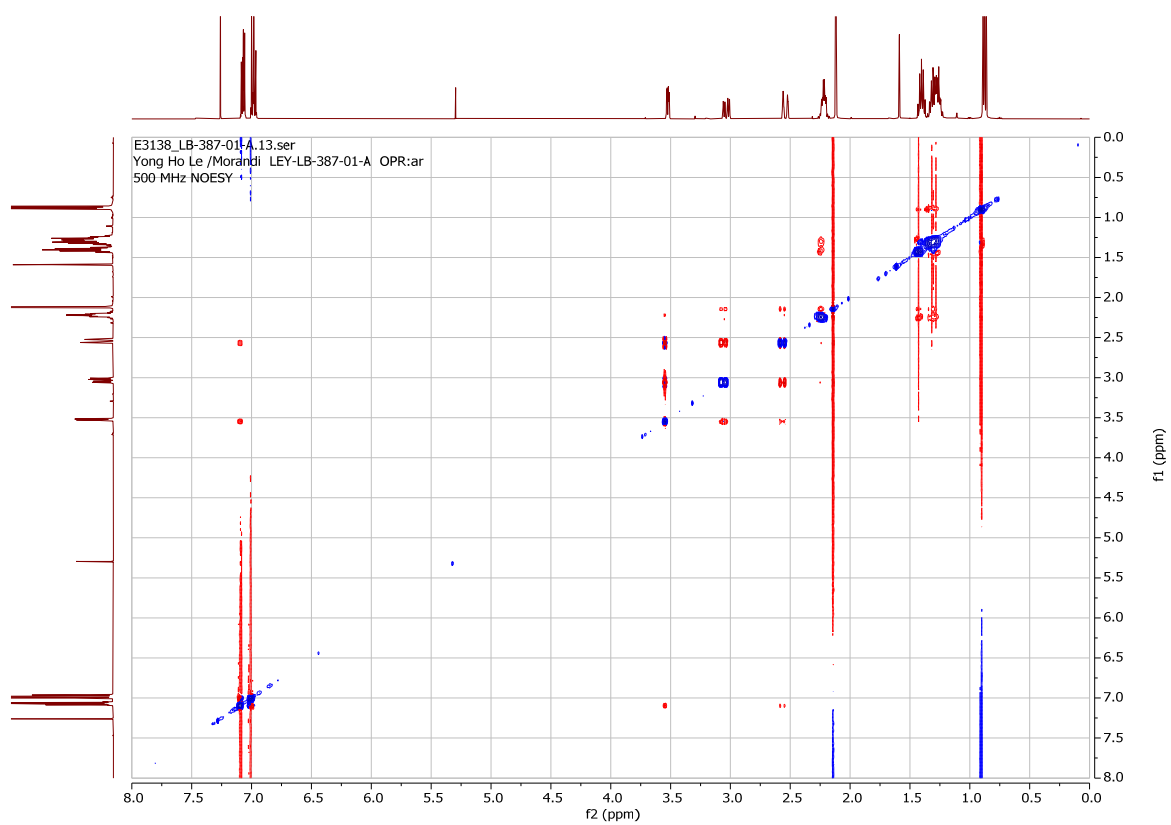
5-(4-fluorophenyl)-3-methyl-2-pentylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3br-2**, minor).



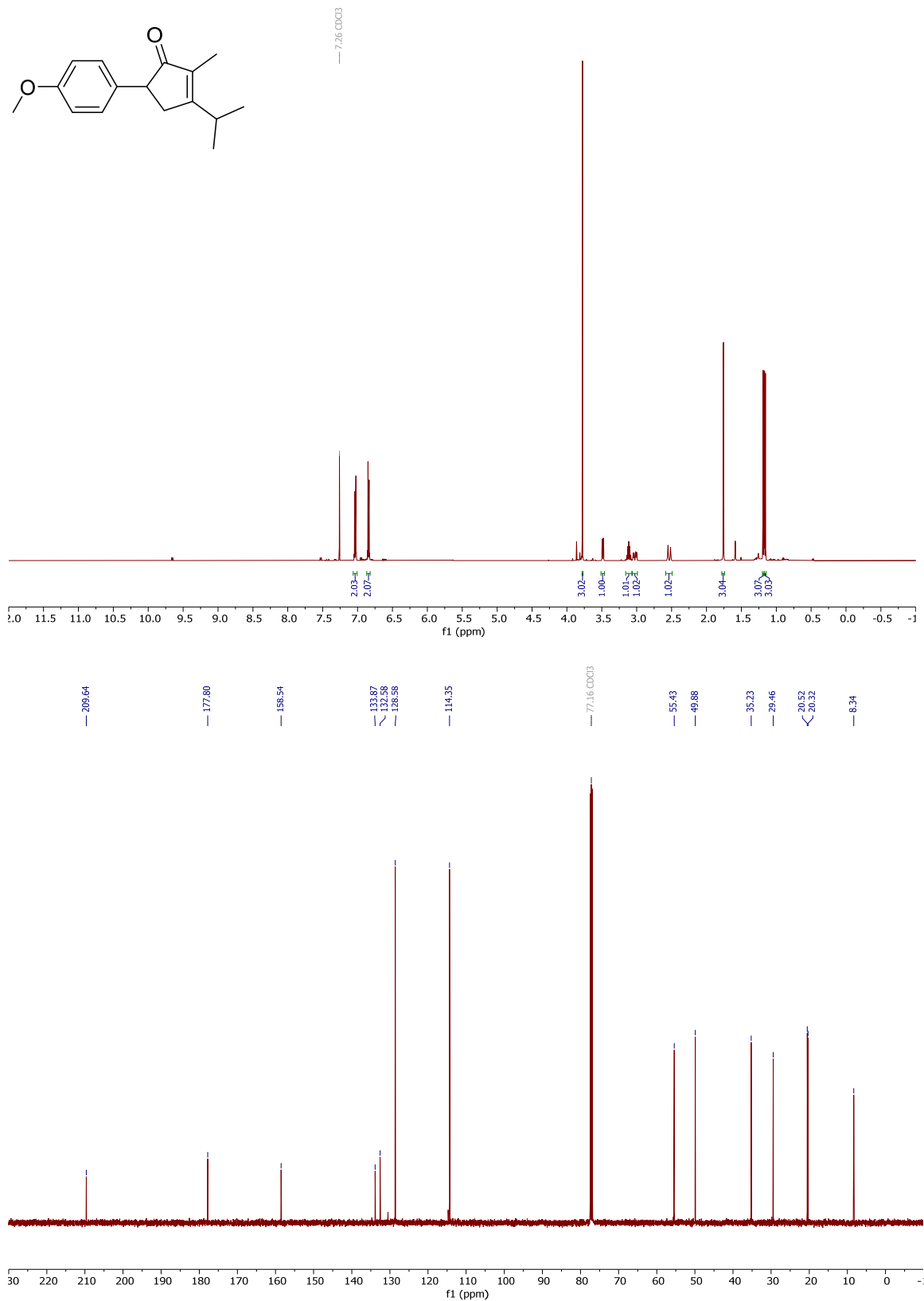
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Sample LEY-LB-430-03-FA
Instrument AV-NEO 500 MHz
Group morand
500 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-430-03-FA
19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl3 /opt/v mlee 26

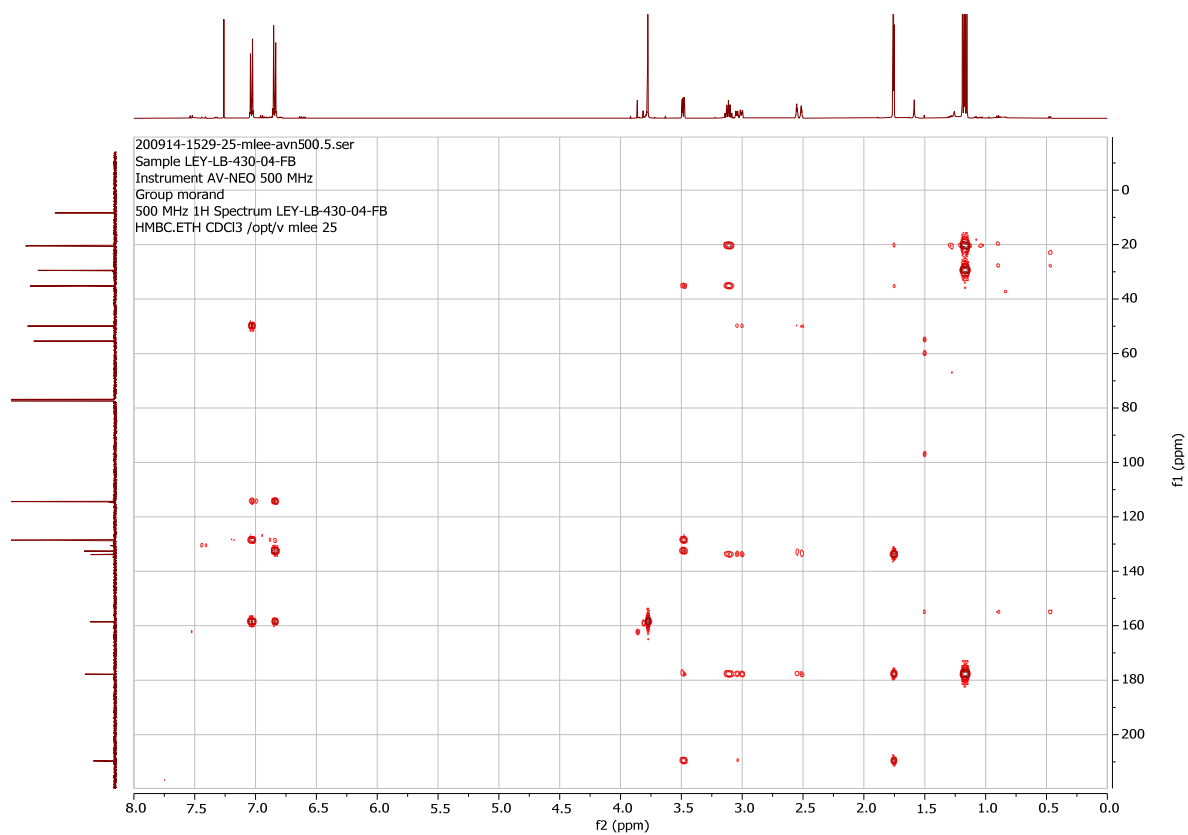
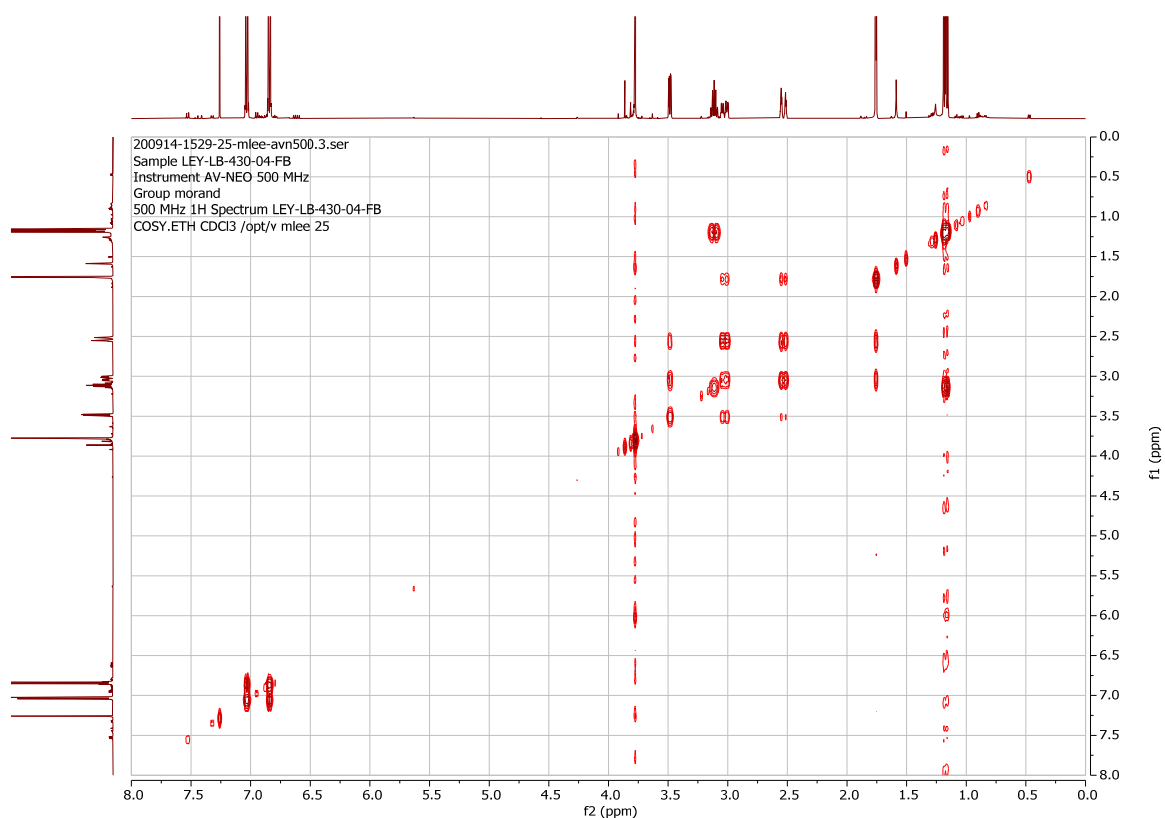


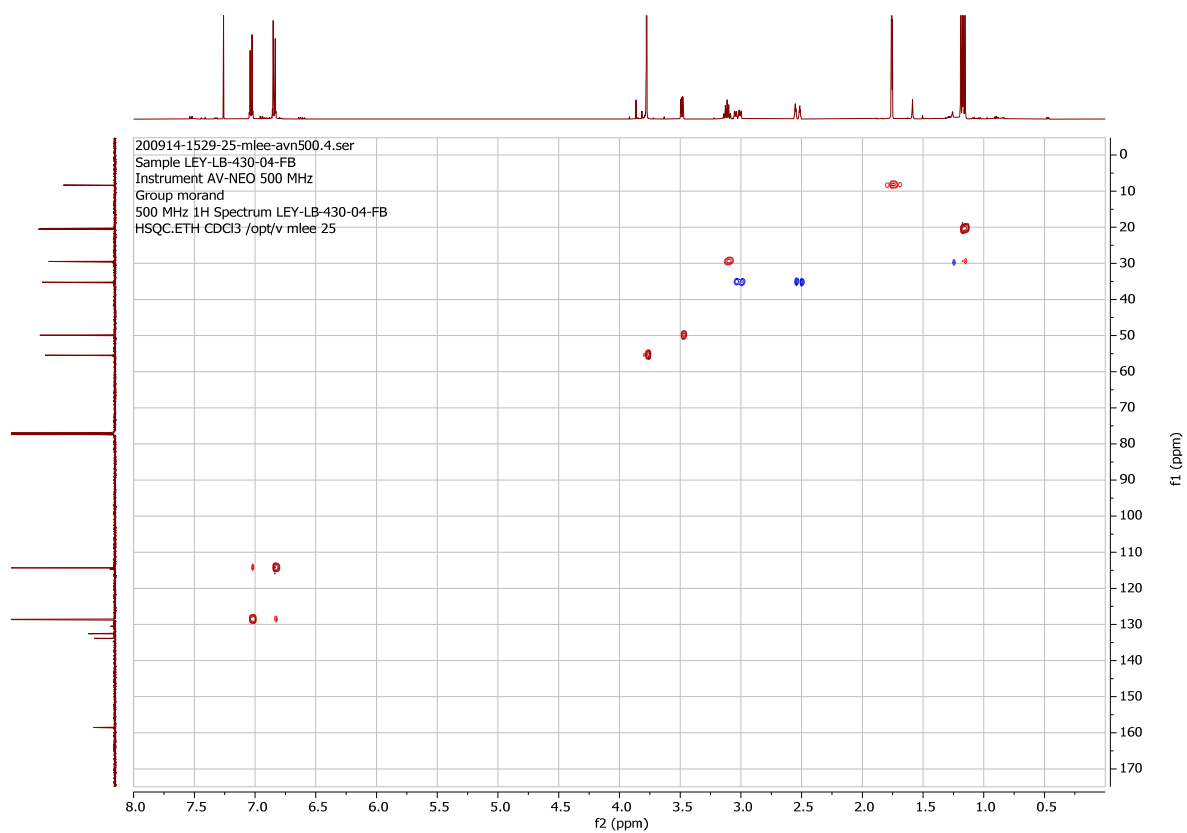
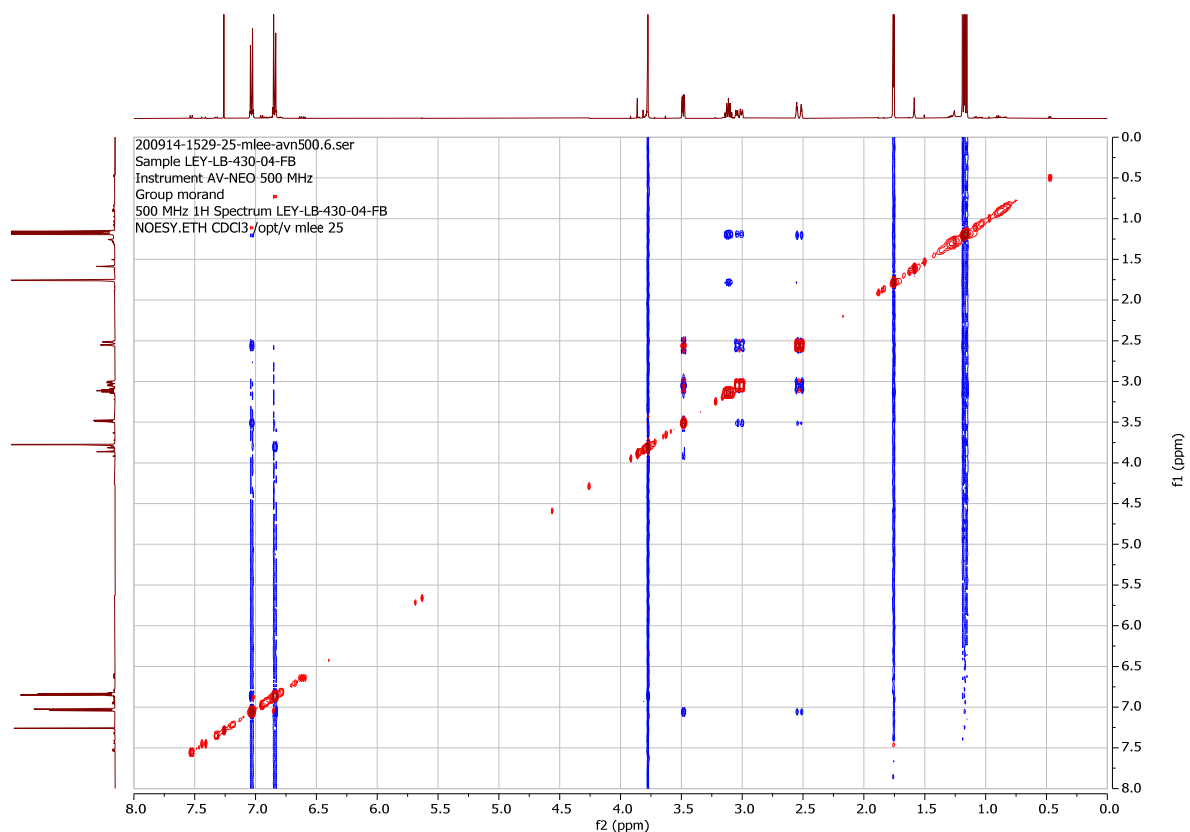




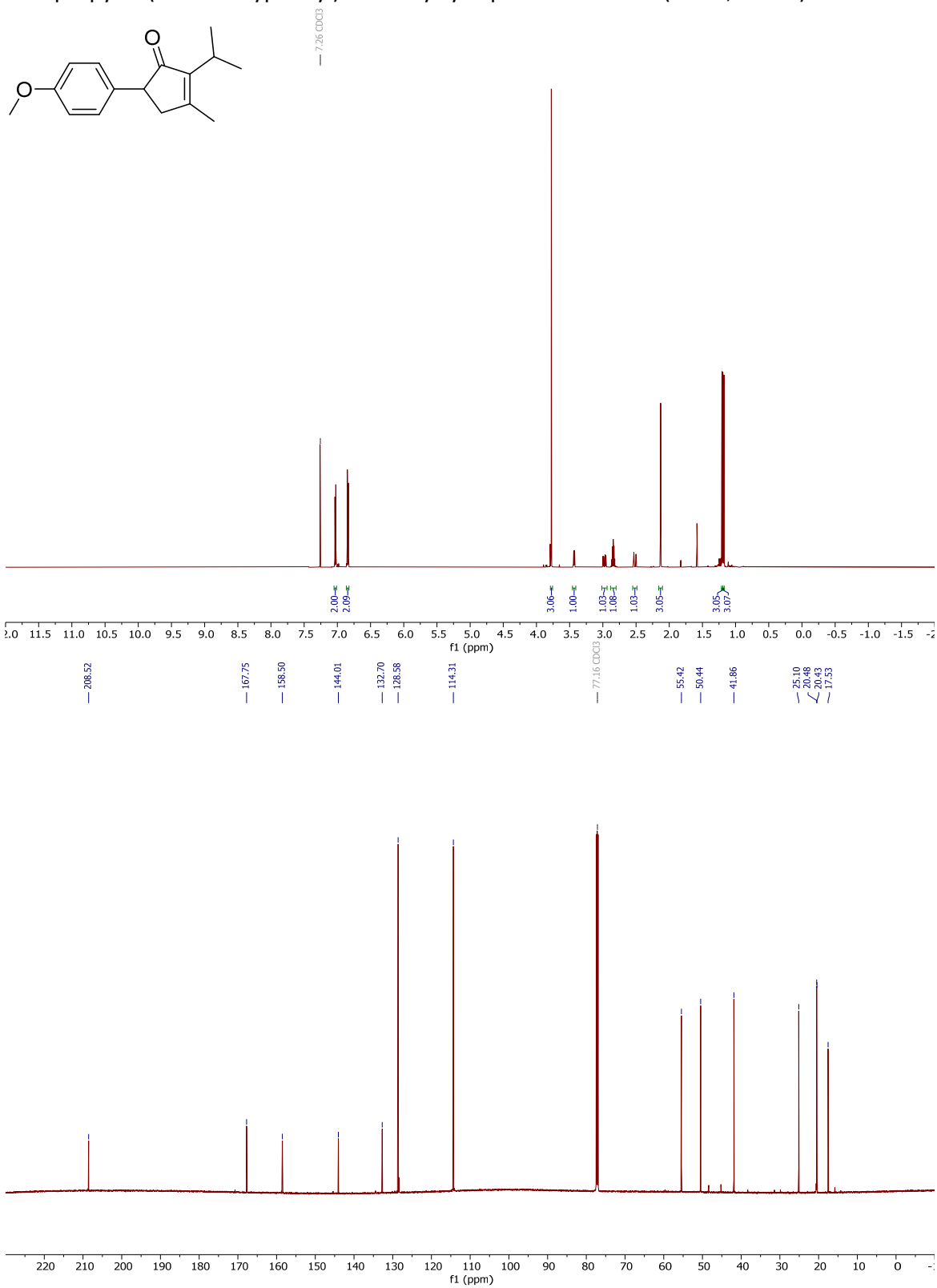
3-isopropyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2-methylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bs-1**, major).

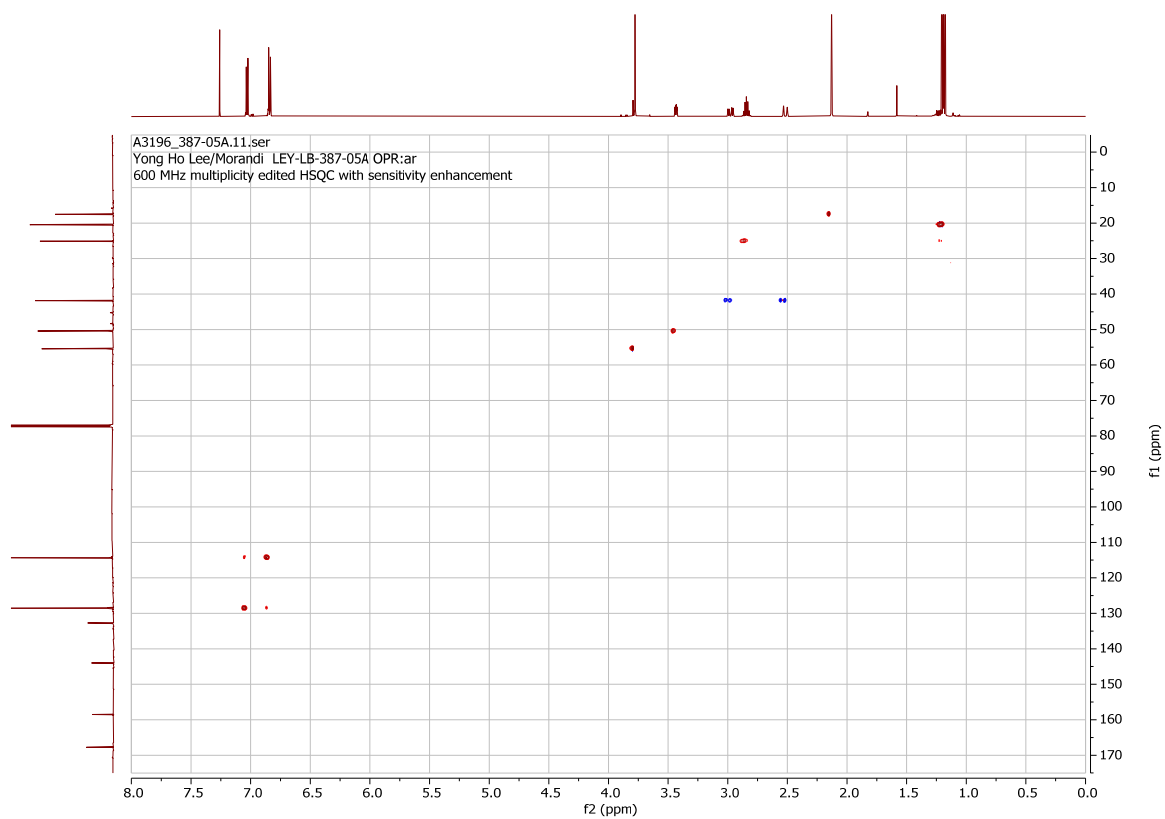
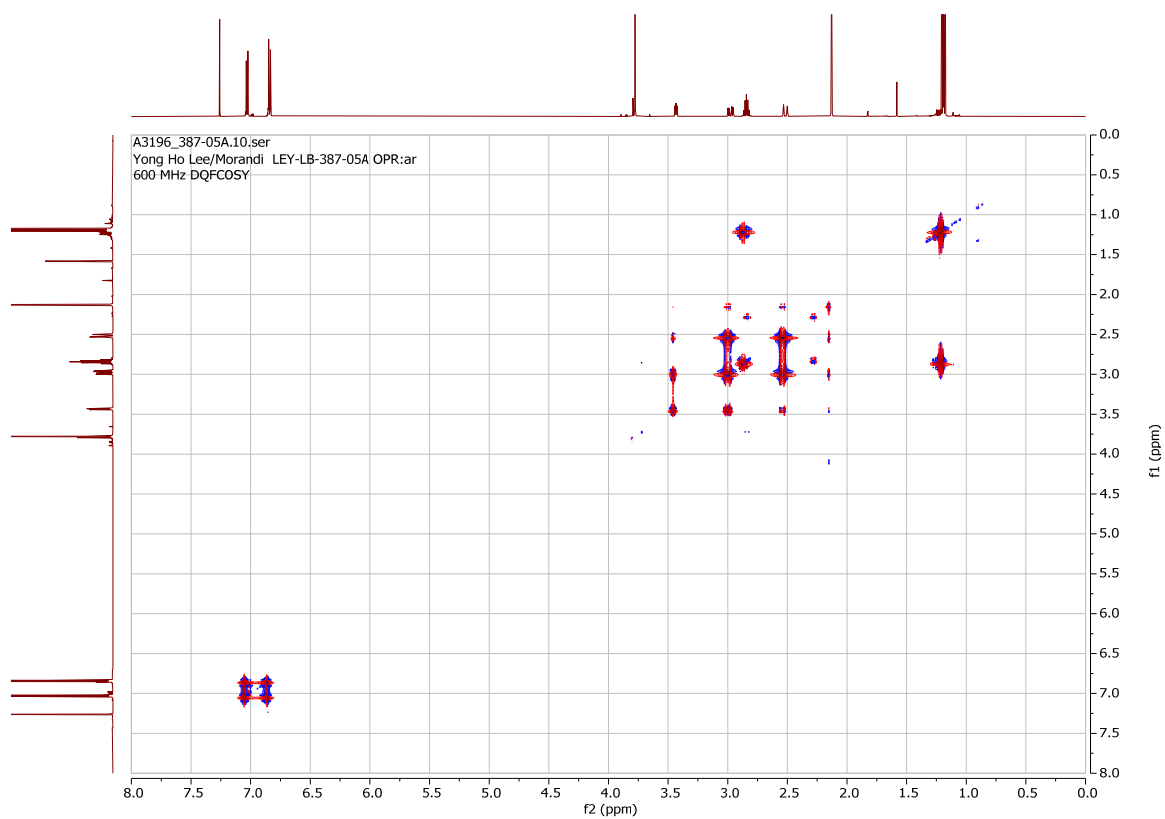


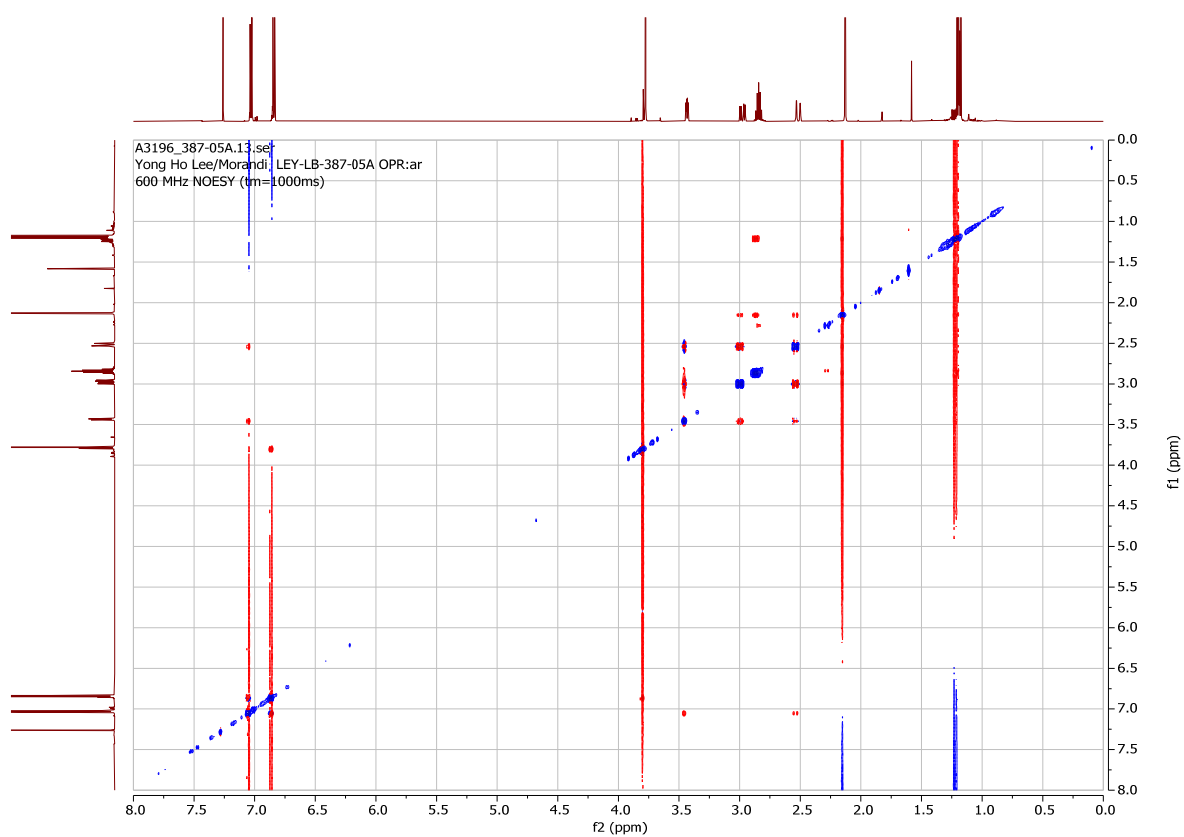
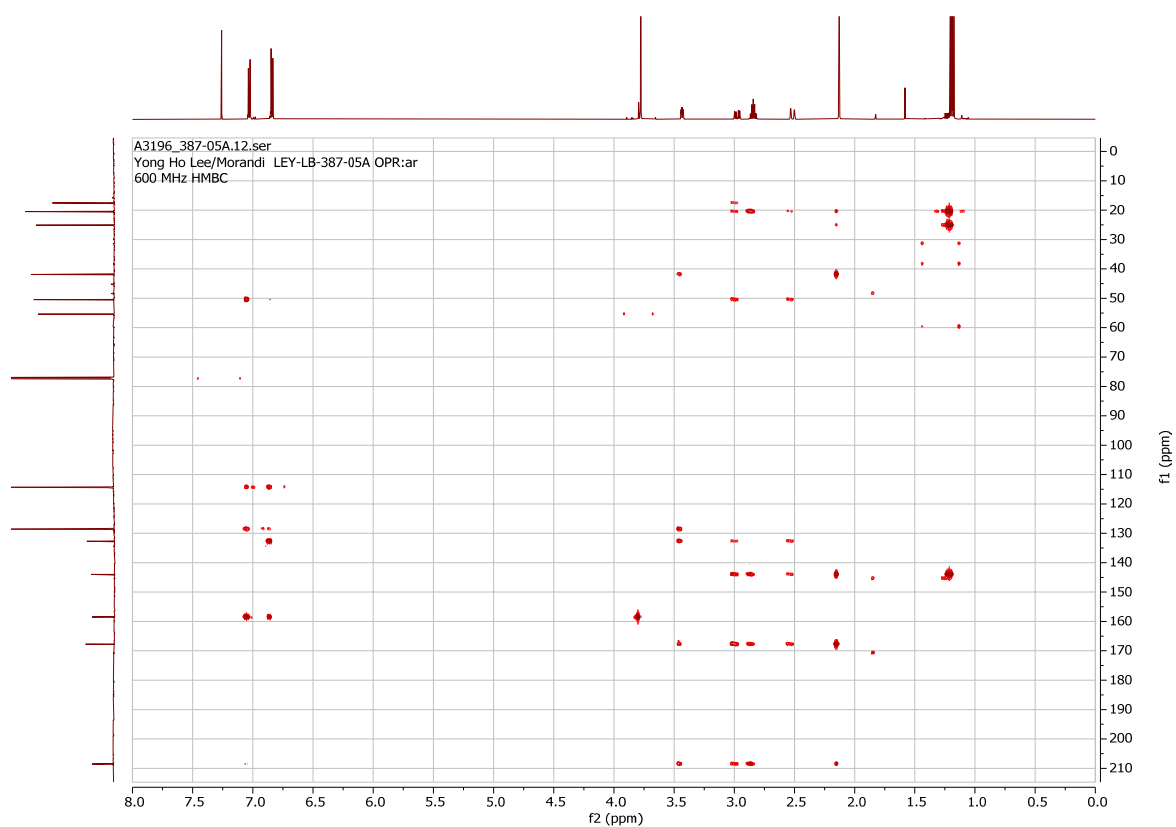




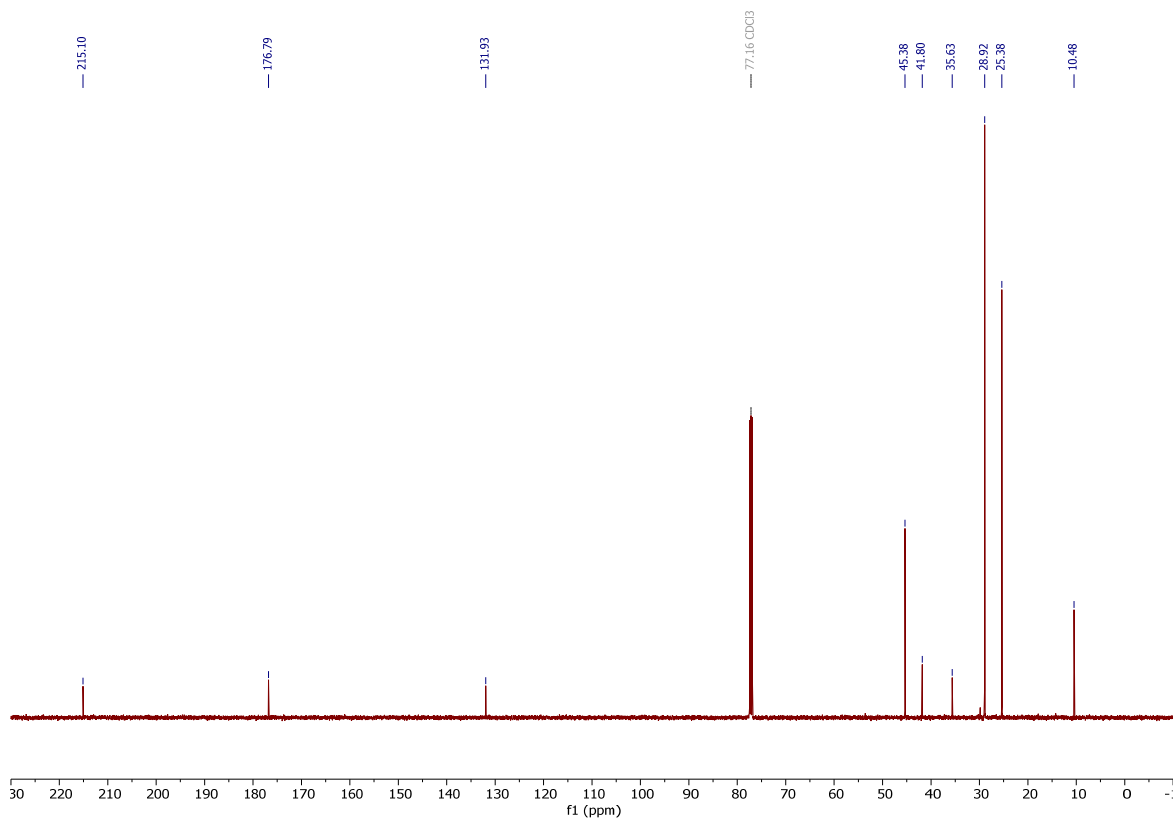
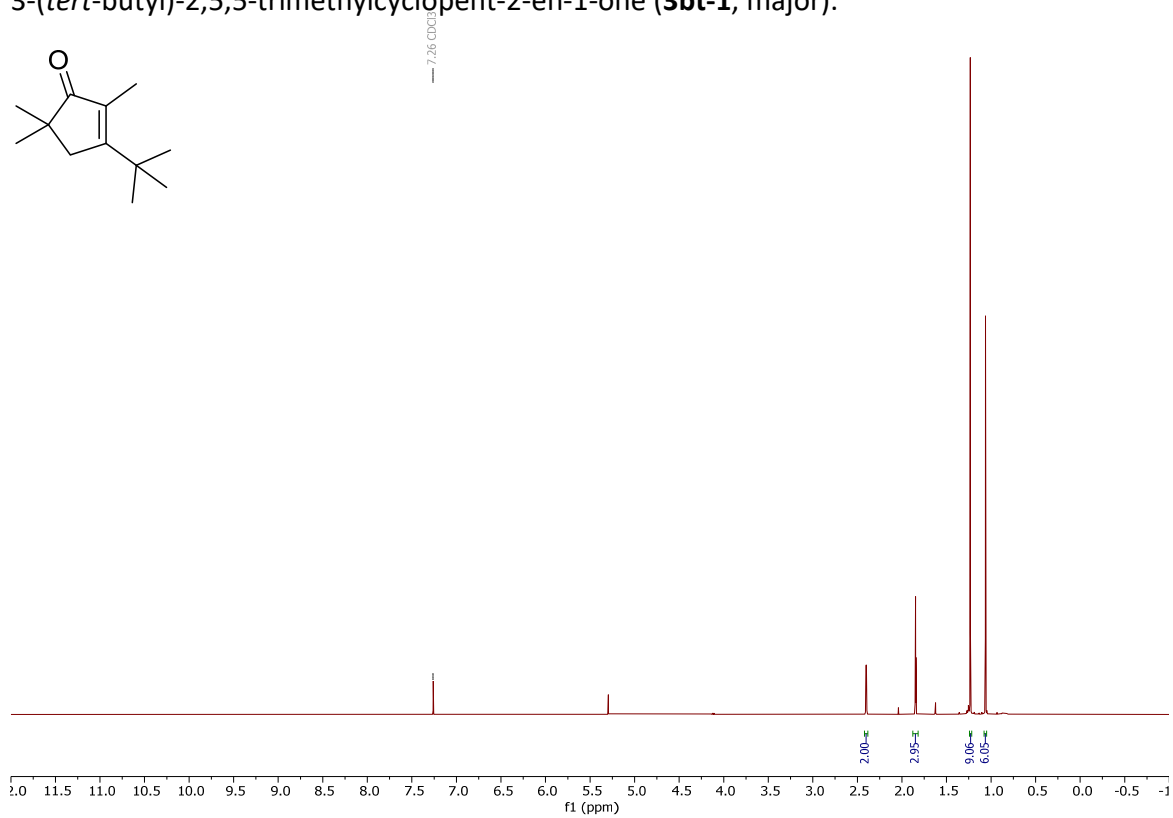
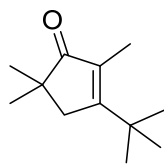
2-isopropyl-5-(4-methoxyphenyl)-3-methylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bs-2**, minor).

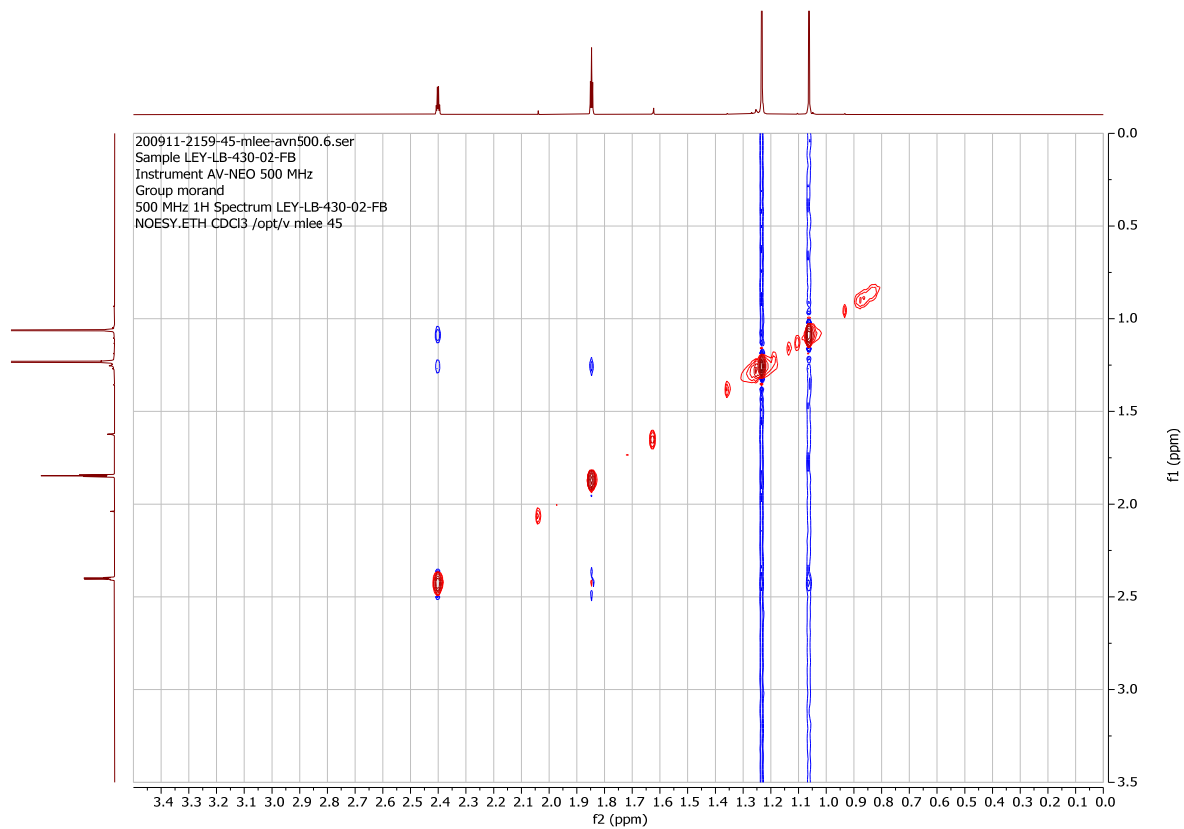
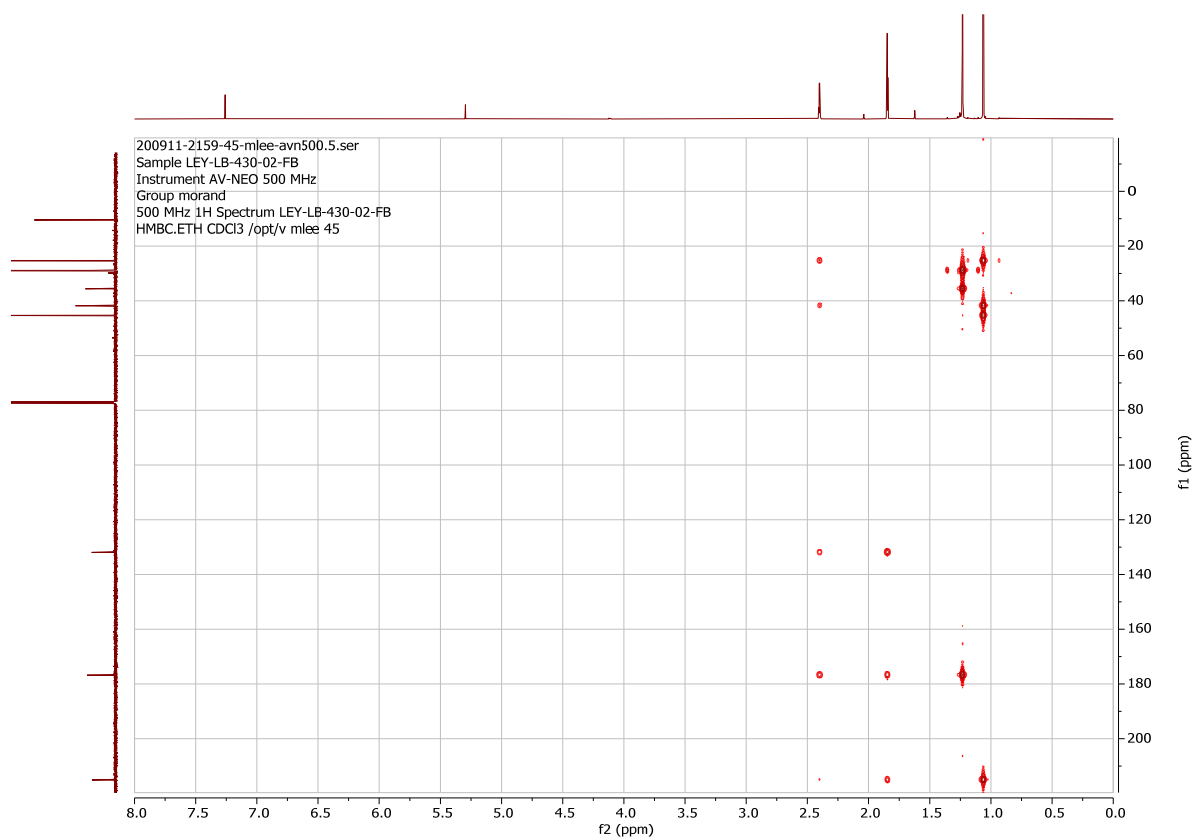


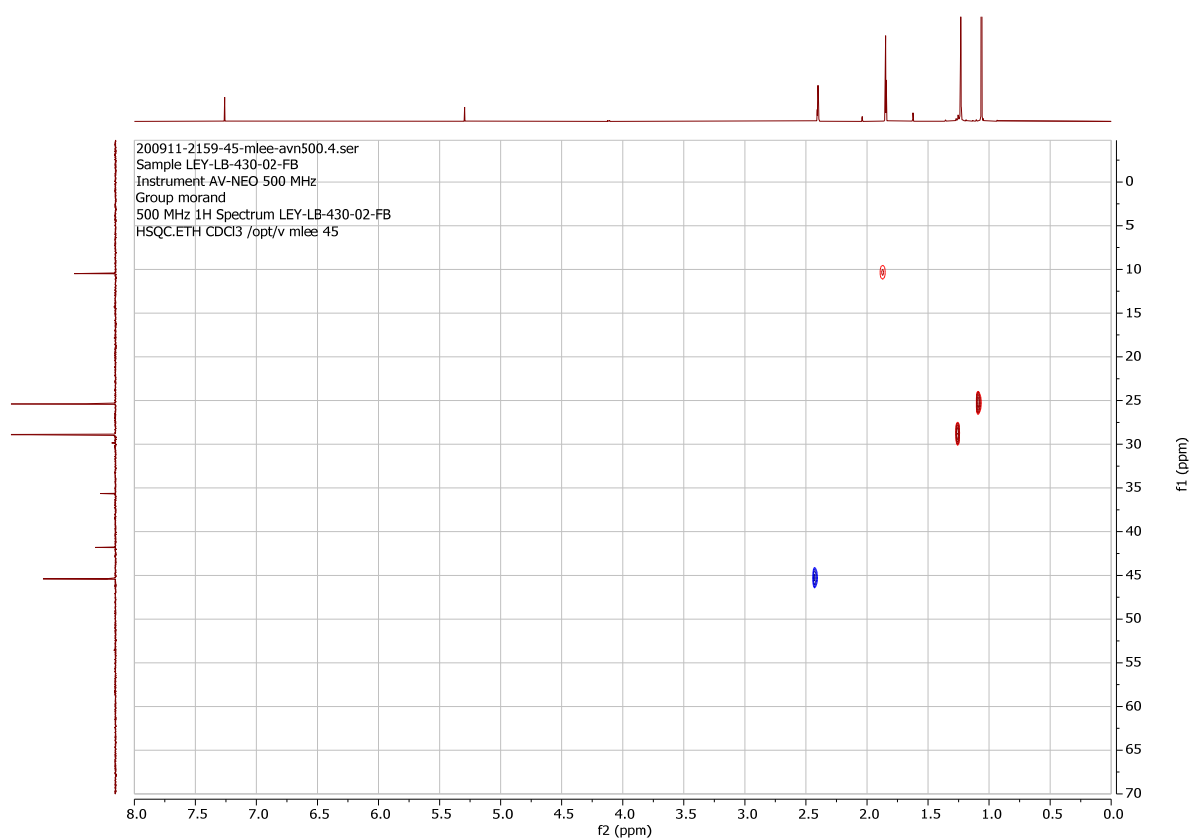
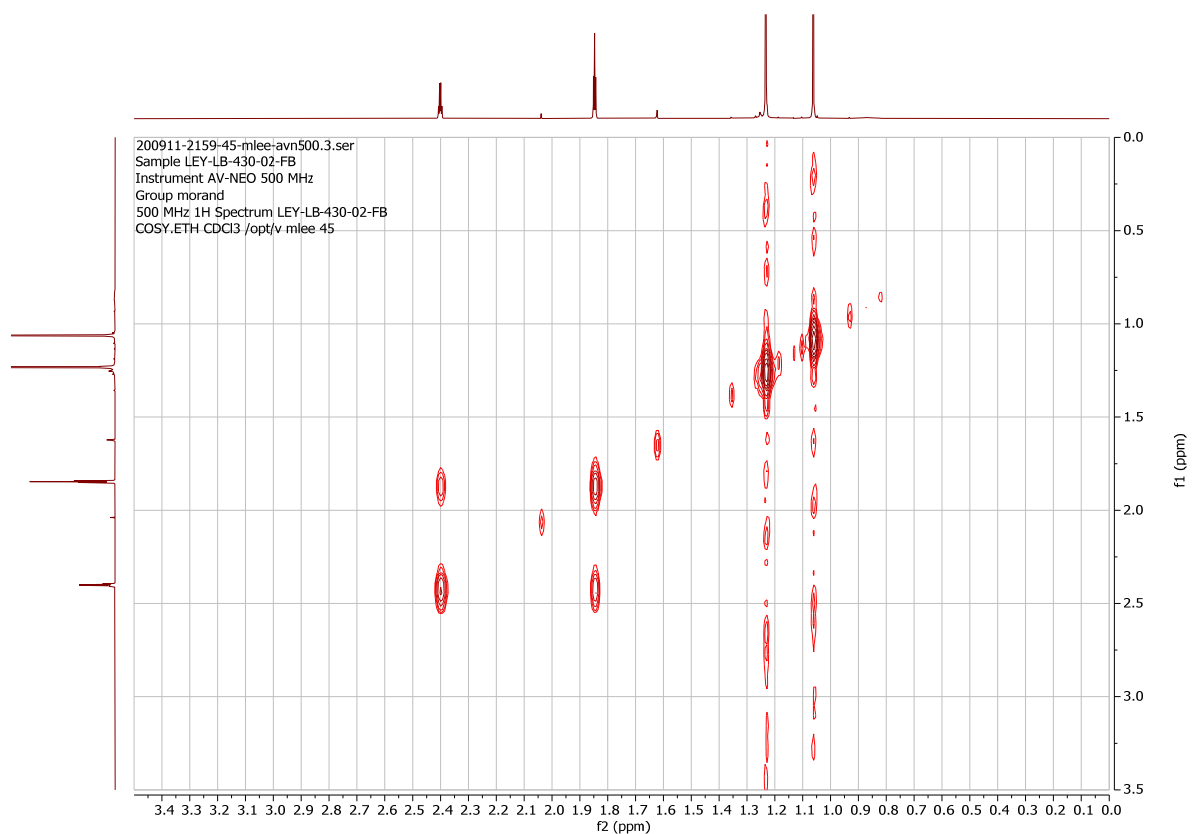




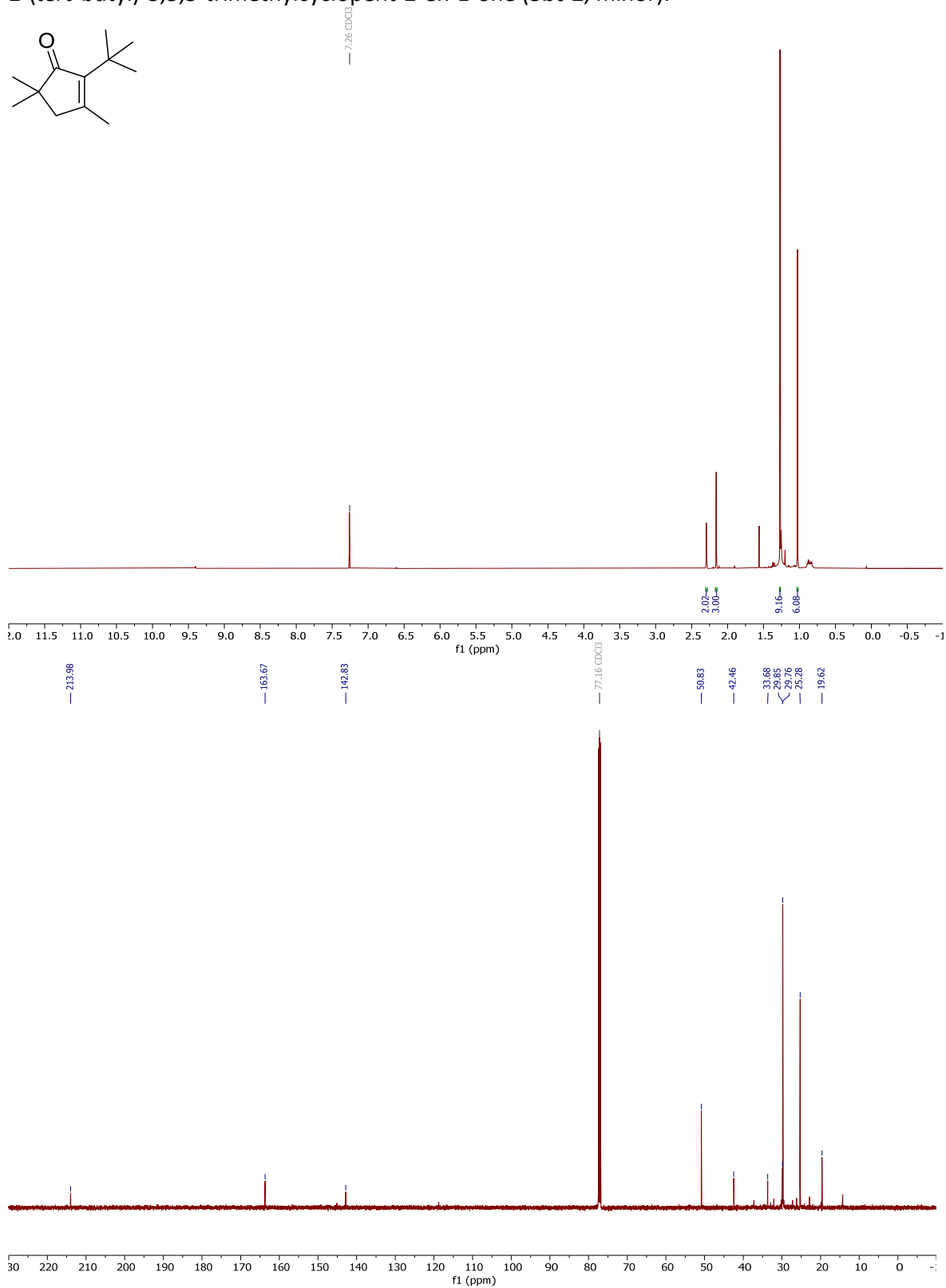
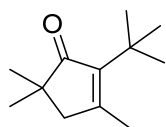
3-(*tert*-butyl)-2,5,5-trimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bt-1**, major).

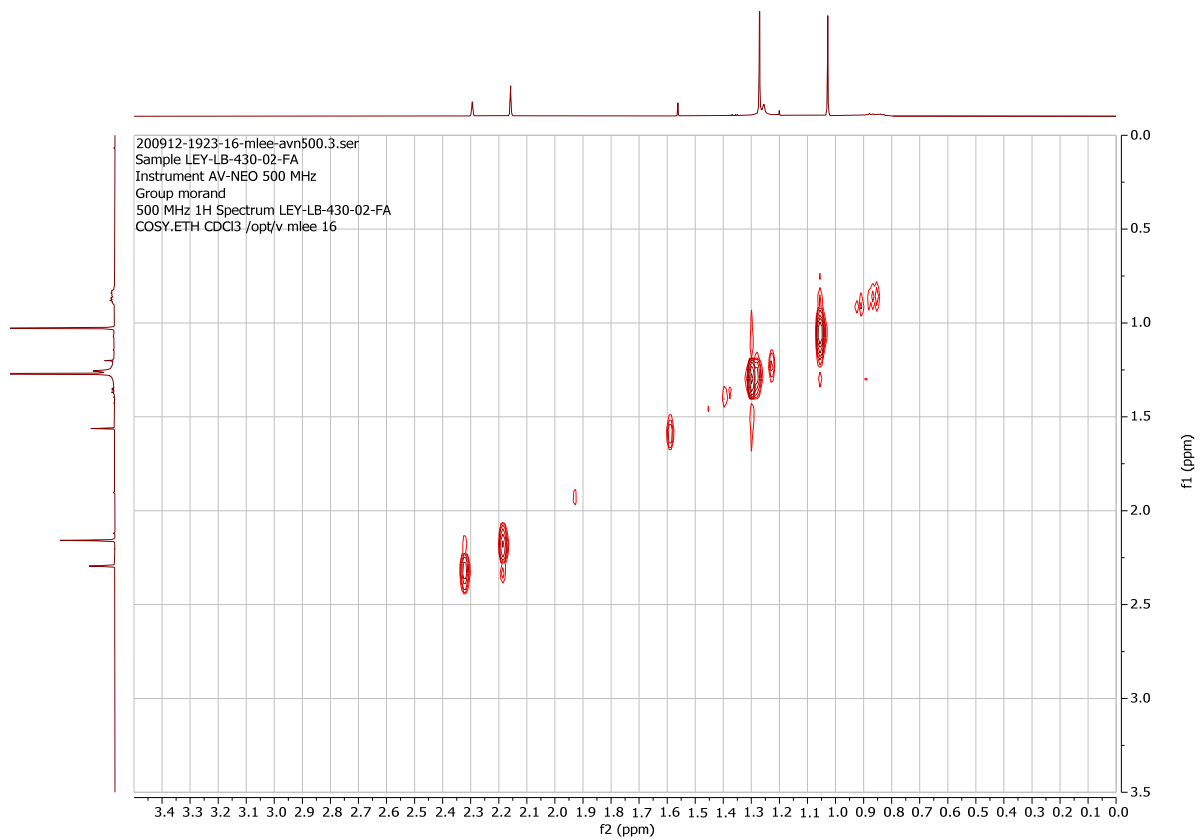
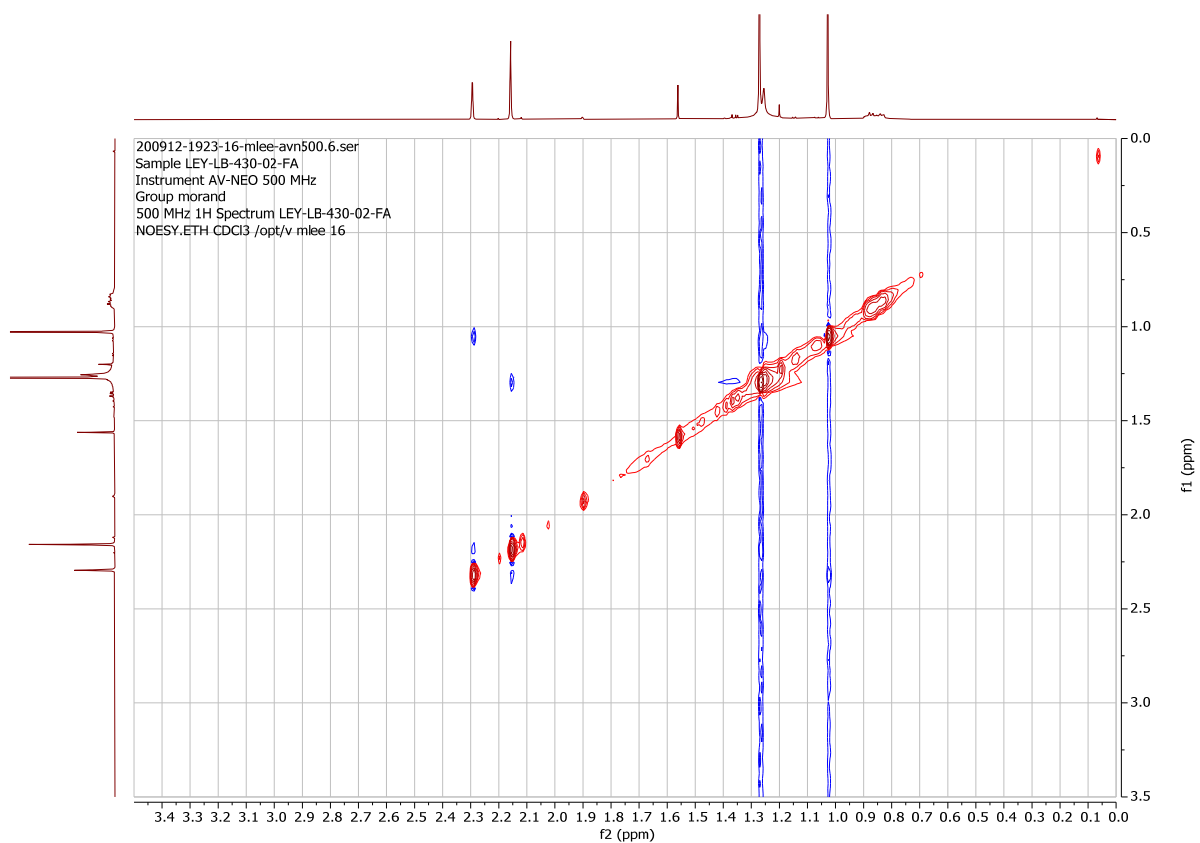




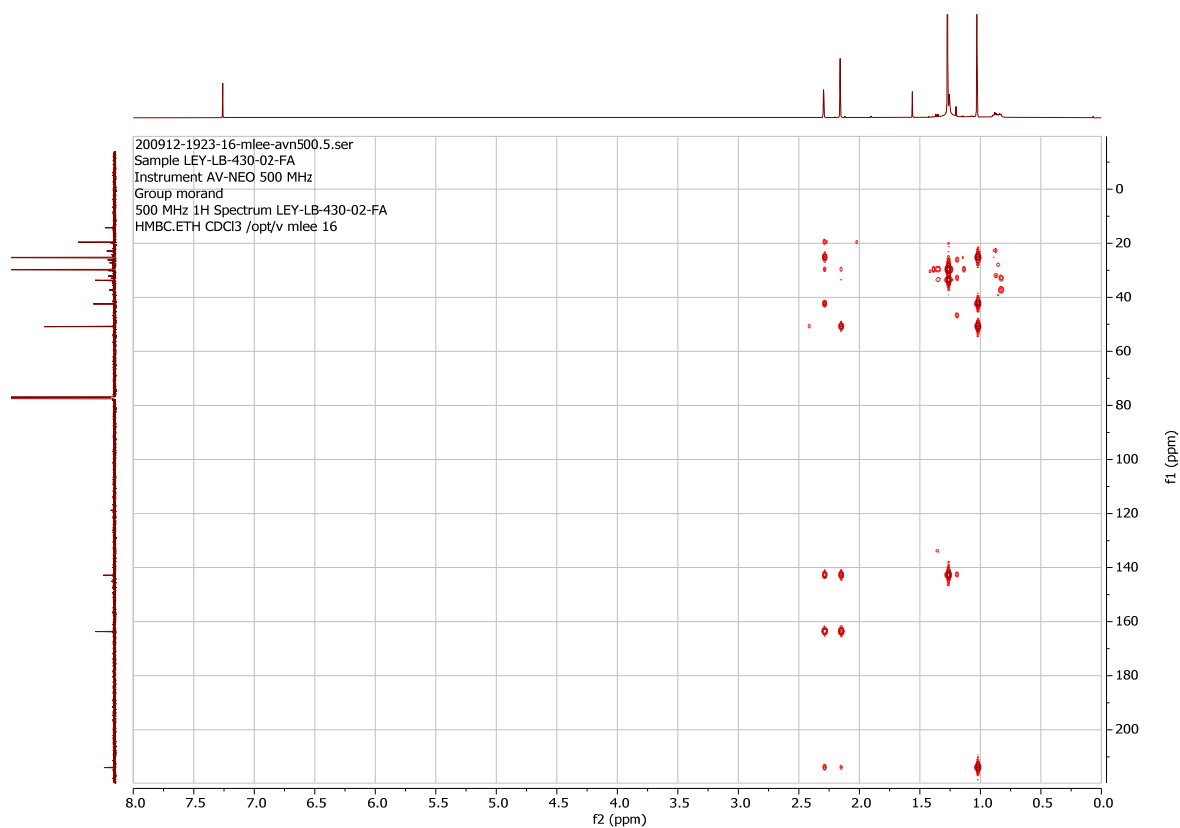
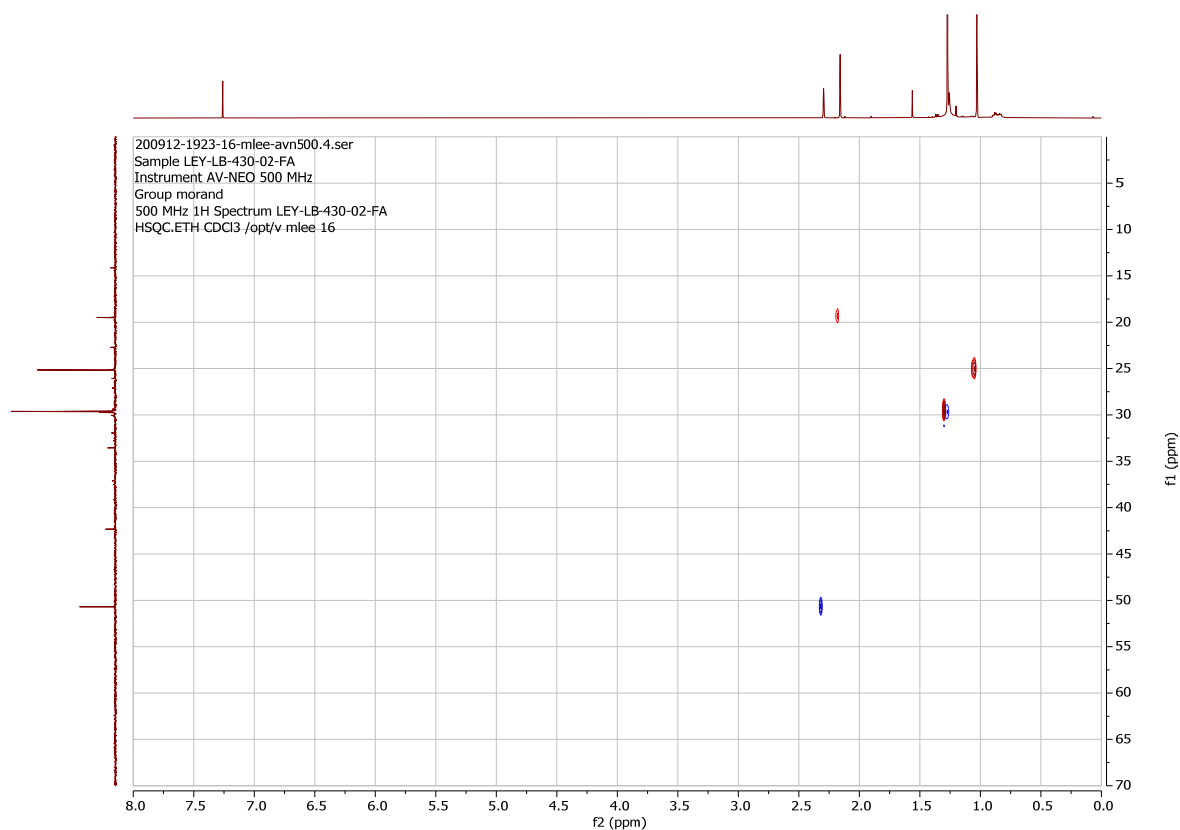


2-(*tert*-butyl)-3,5,5-trimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3bt-2**, minor).

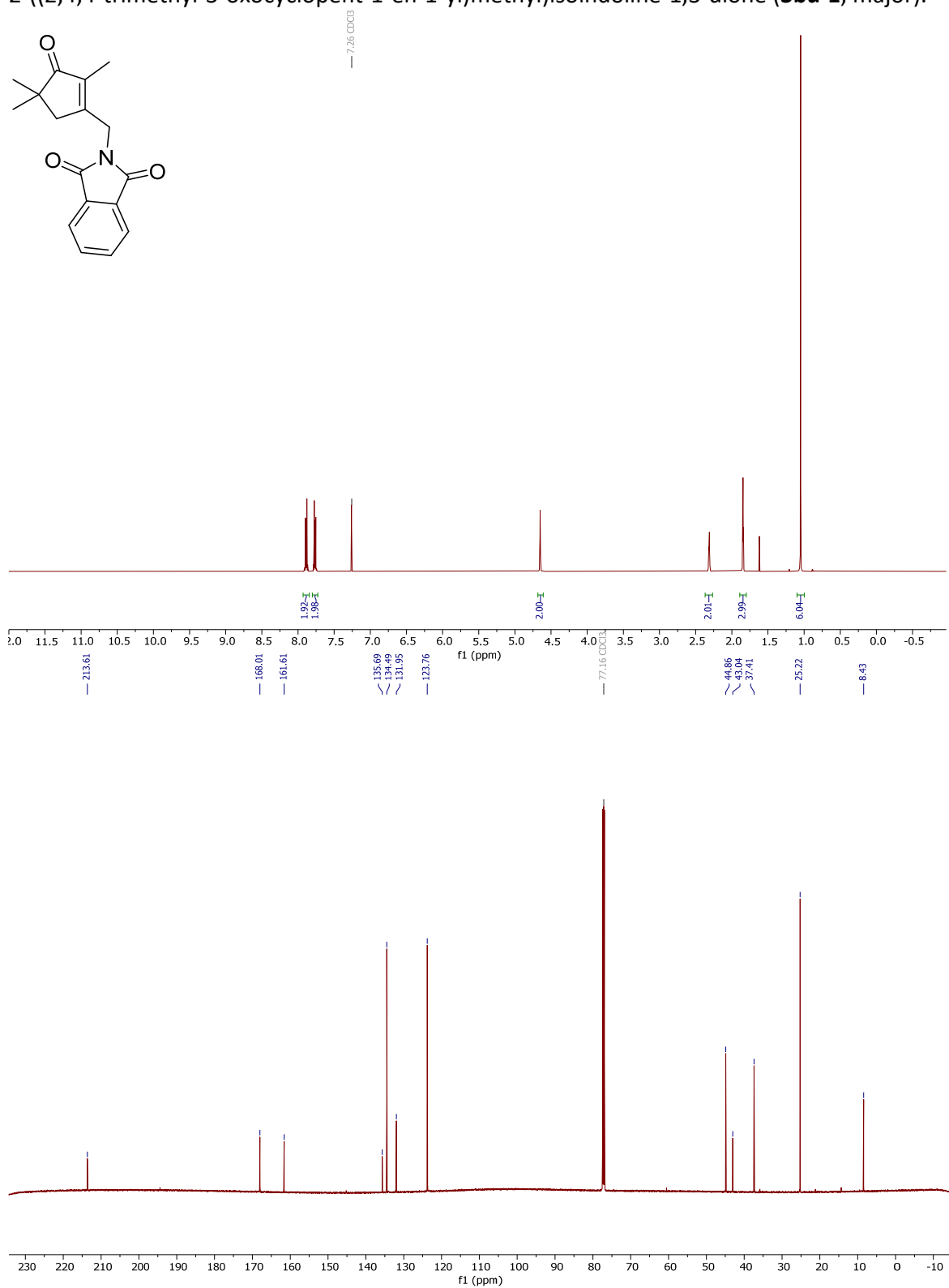


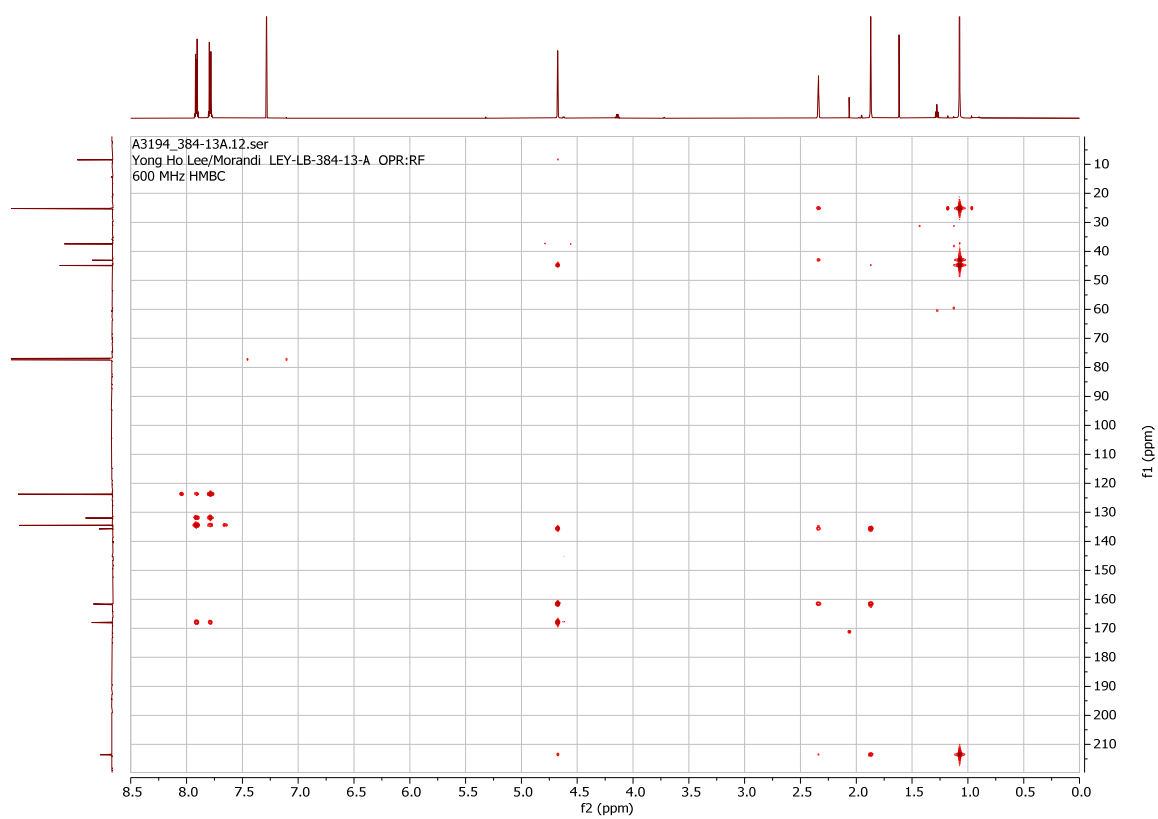
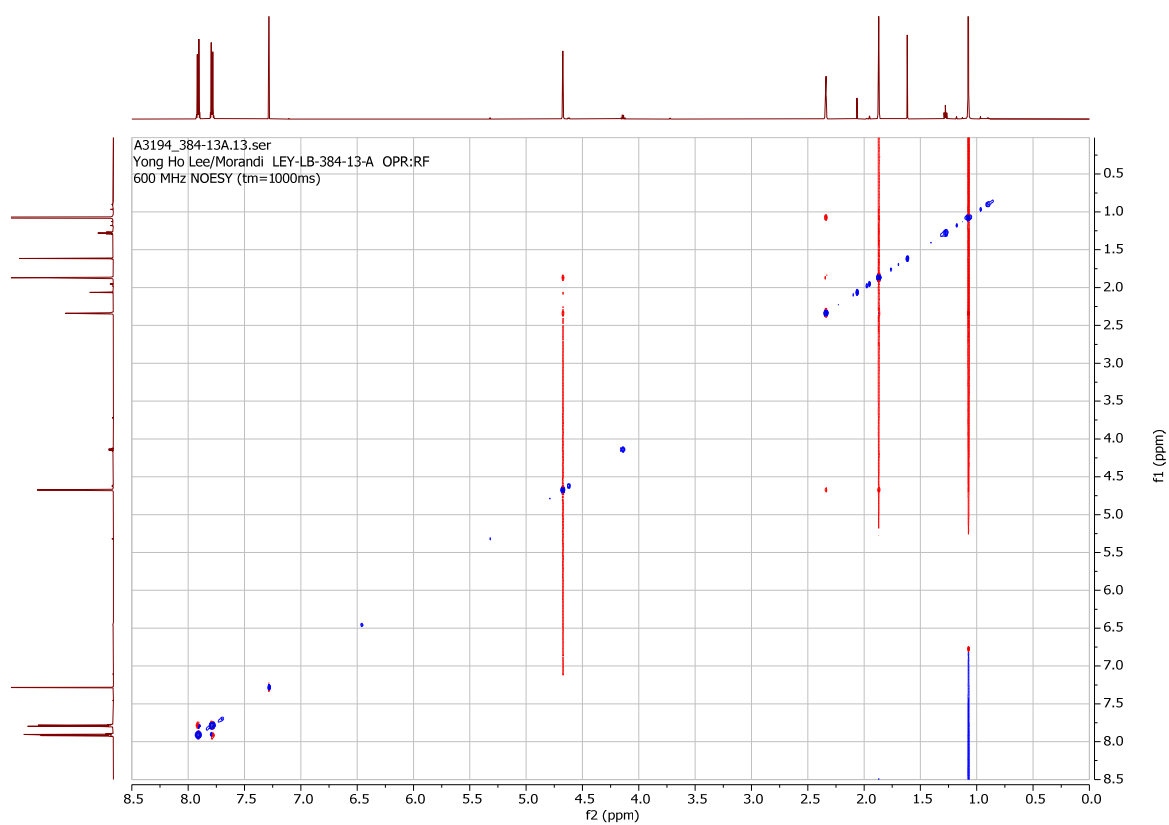


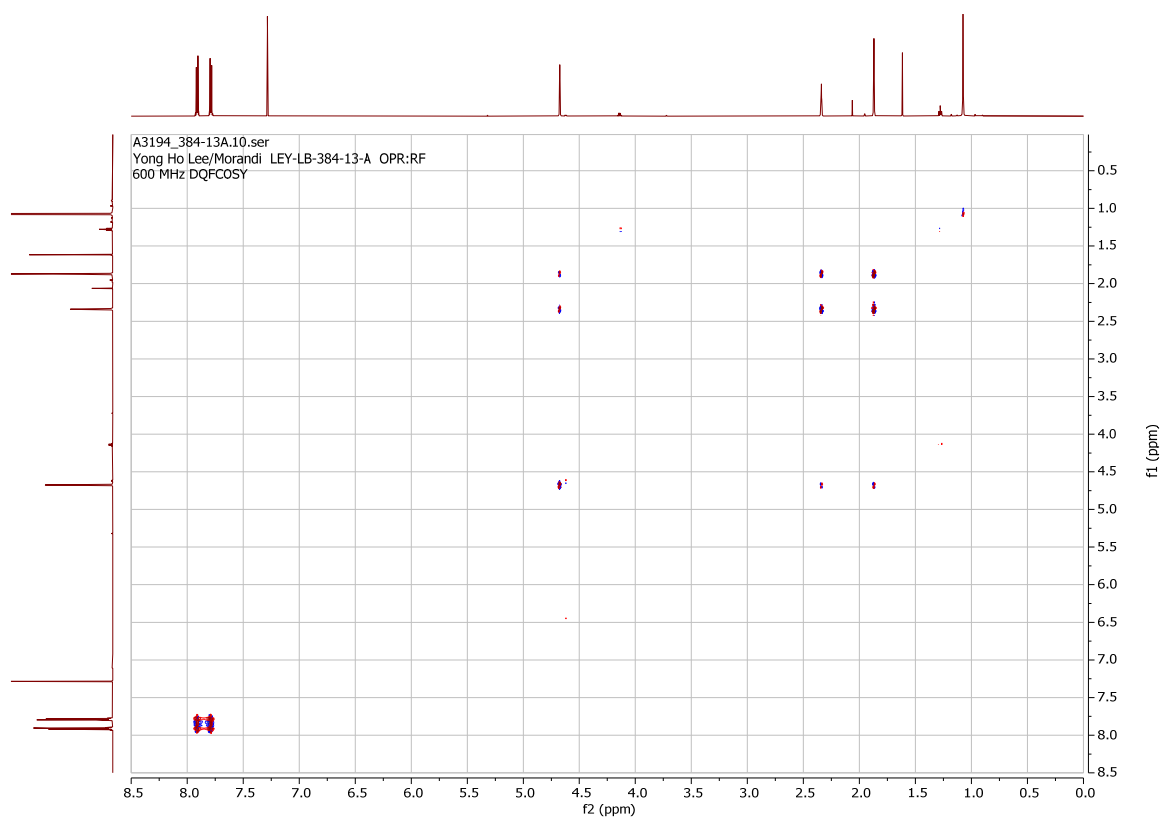
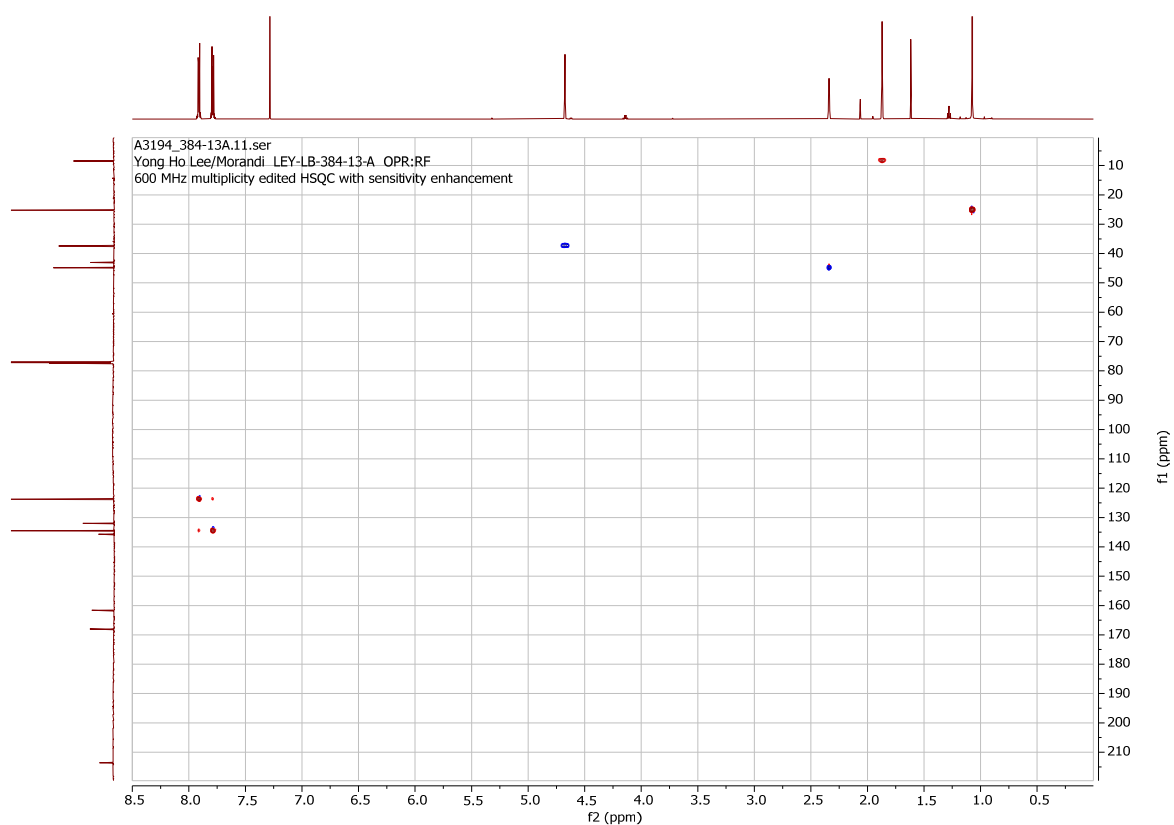
S300



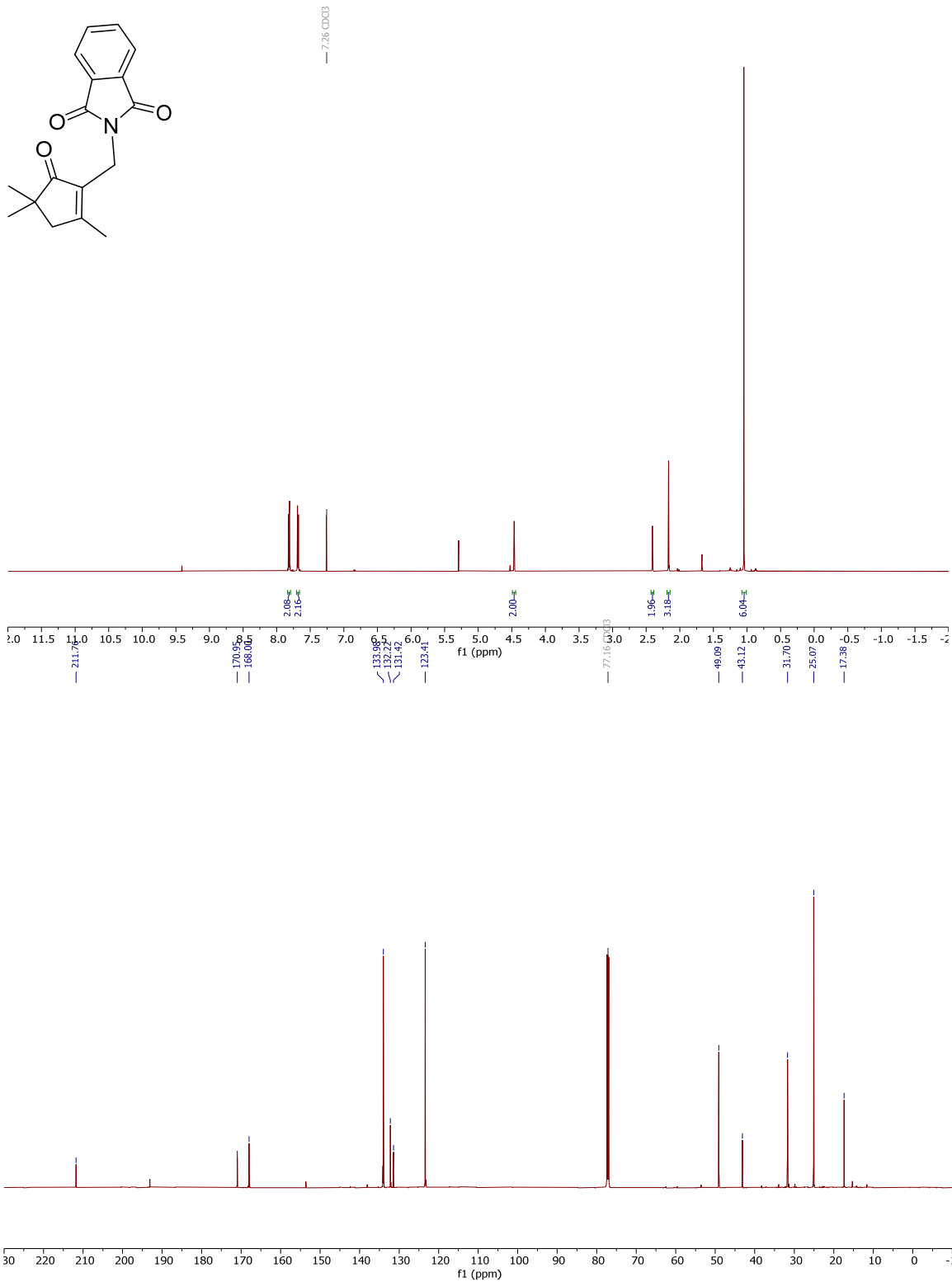
2-((2,4,4-trimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (**3bu-1**, major).

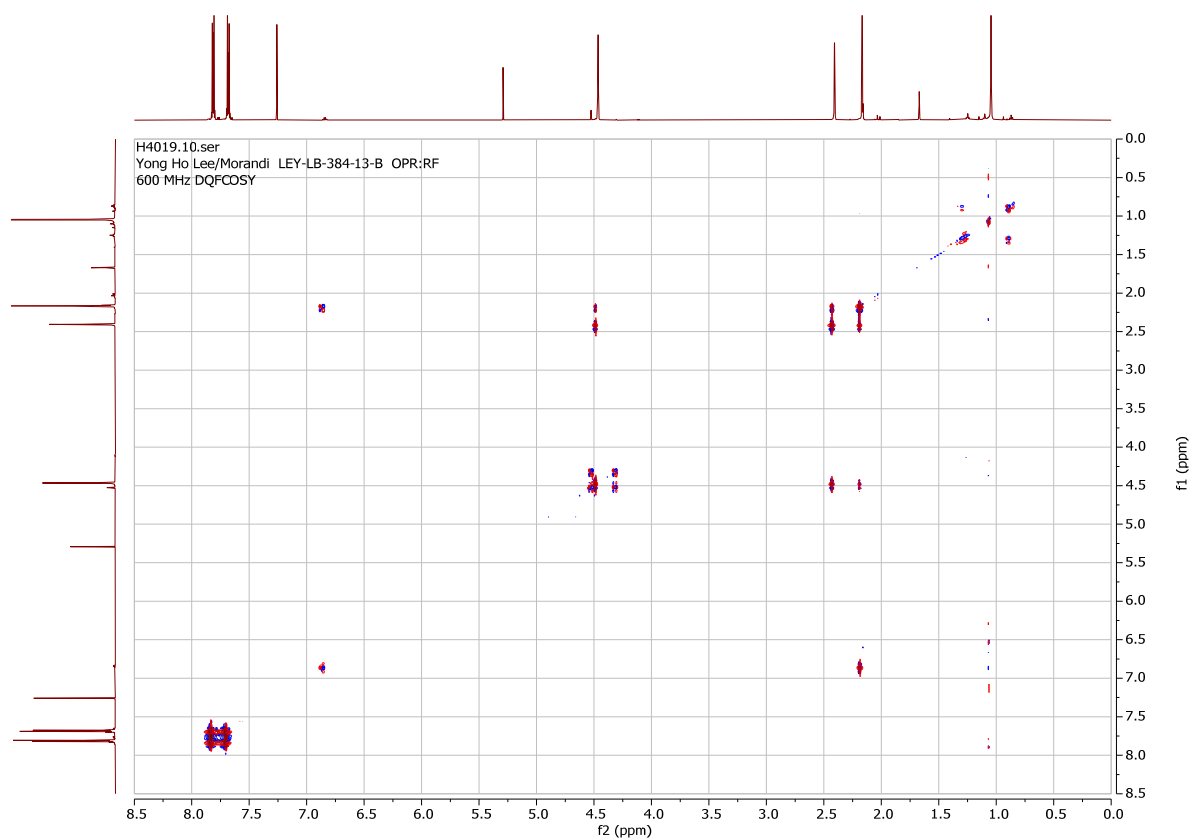
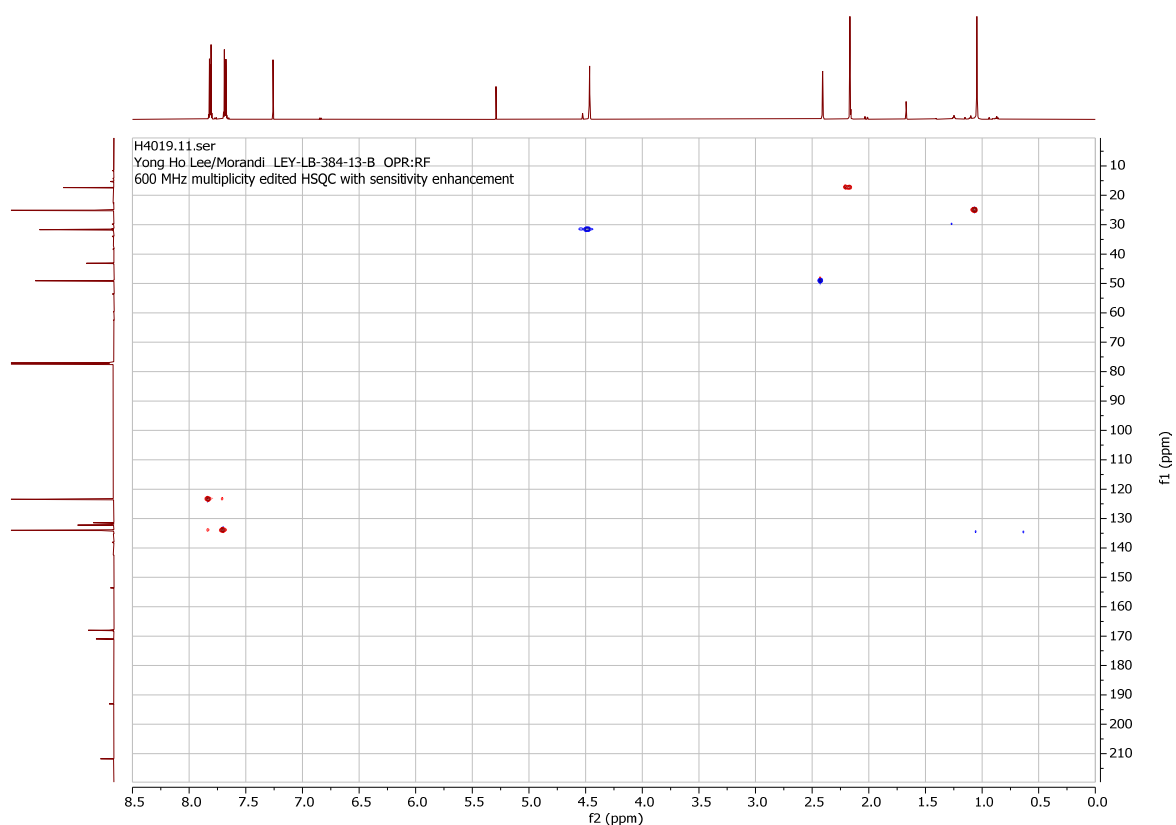


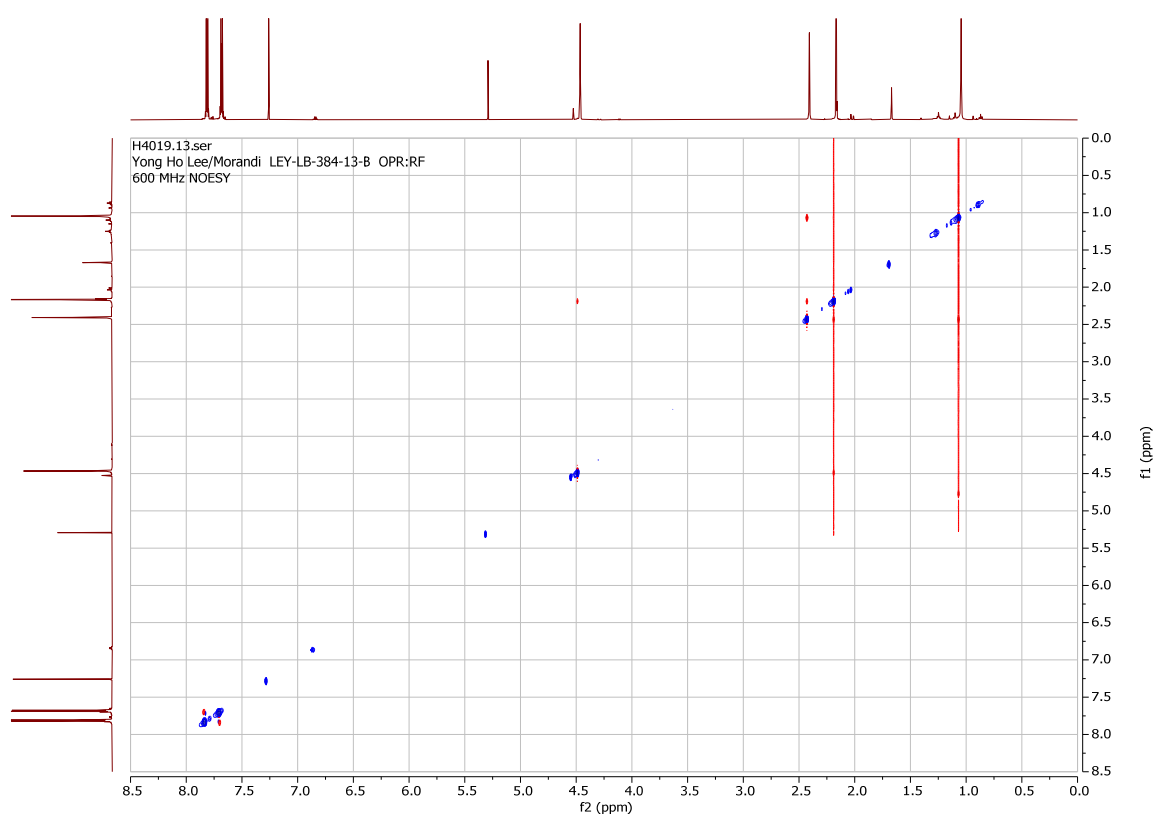
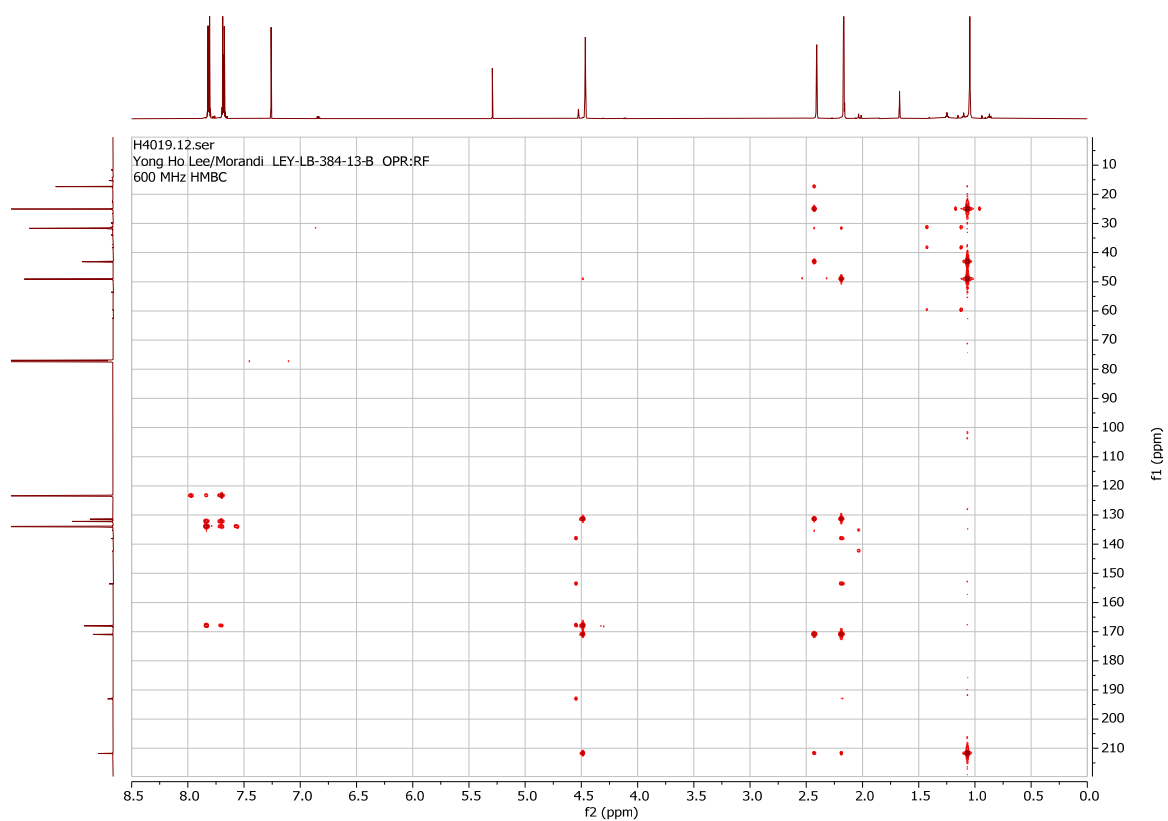




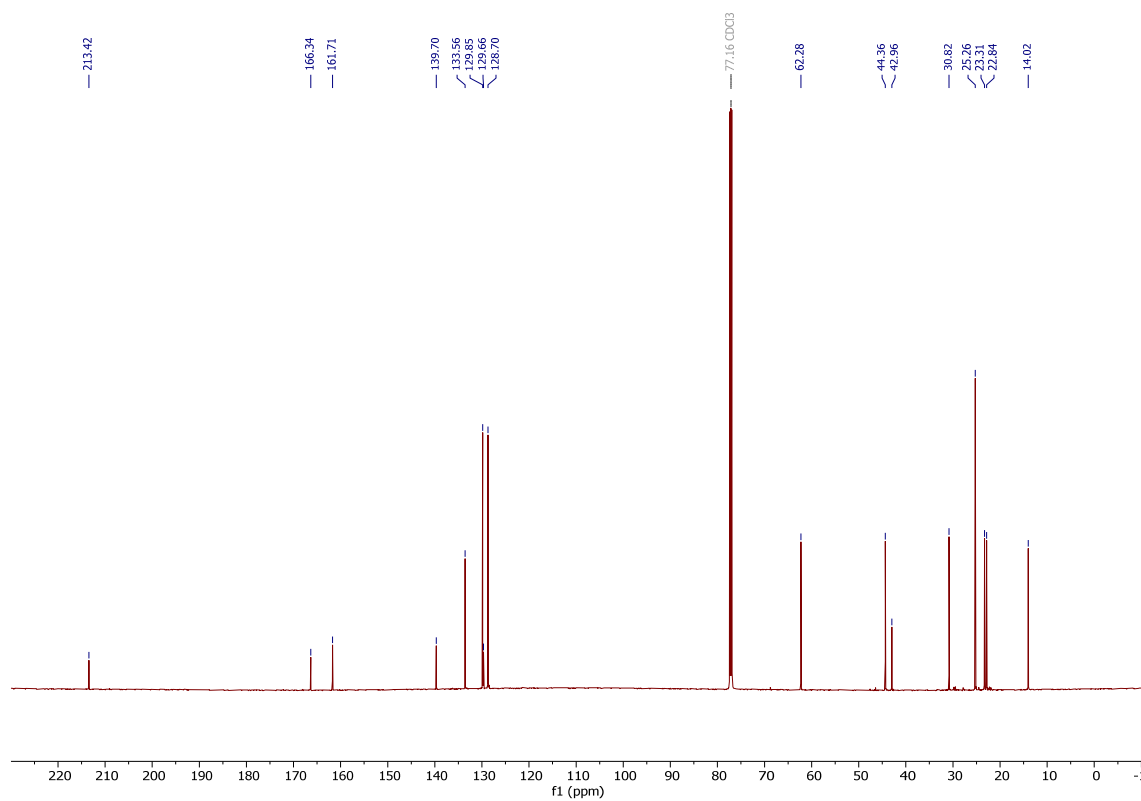
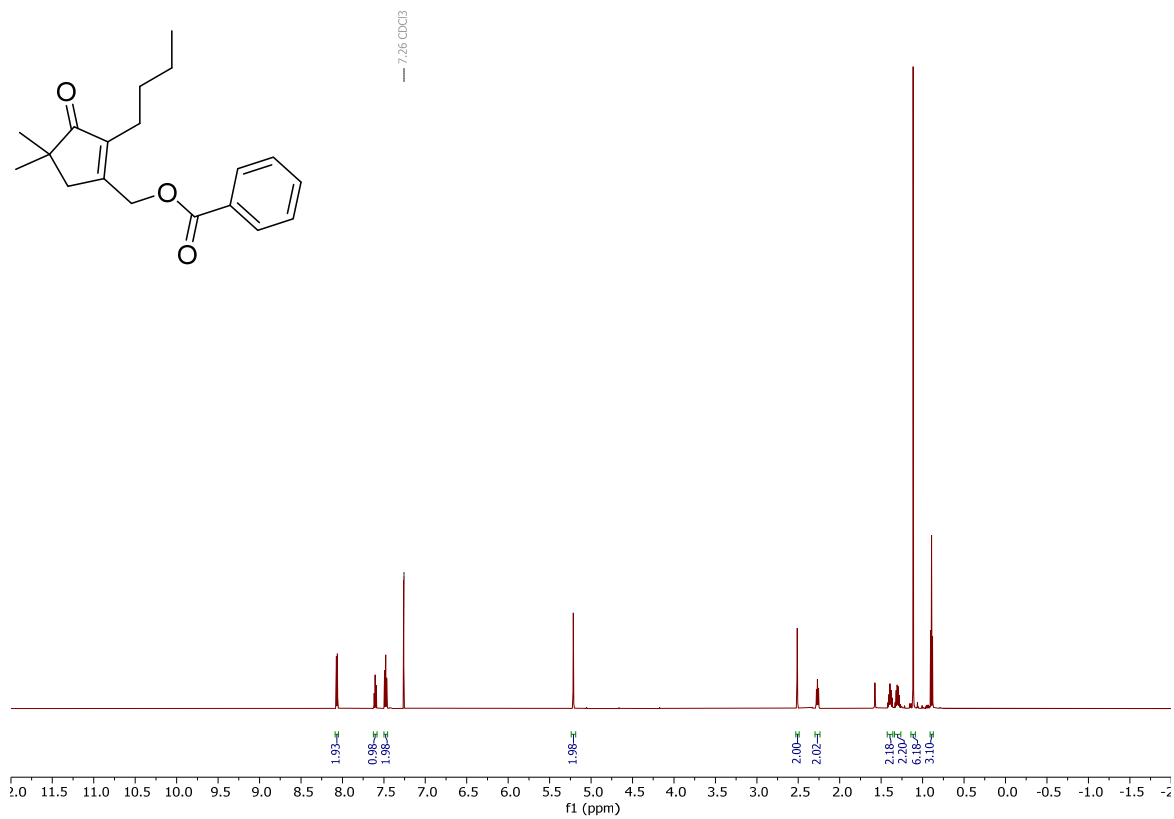
2-((2,4,4-trimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)methyl)isoindoline-1,3-dione (**3bu-2**, minor).

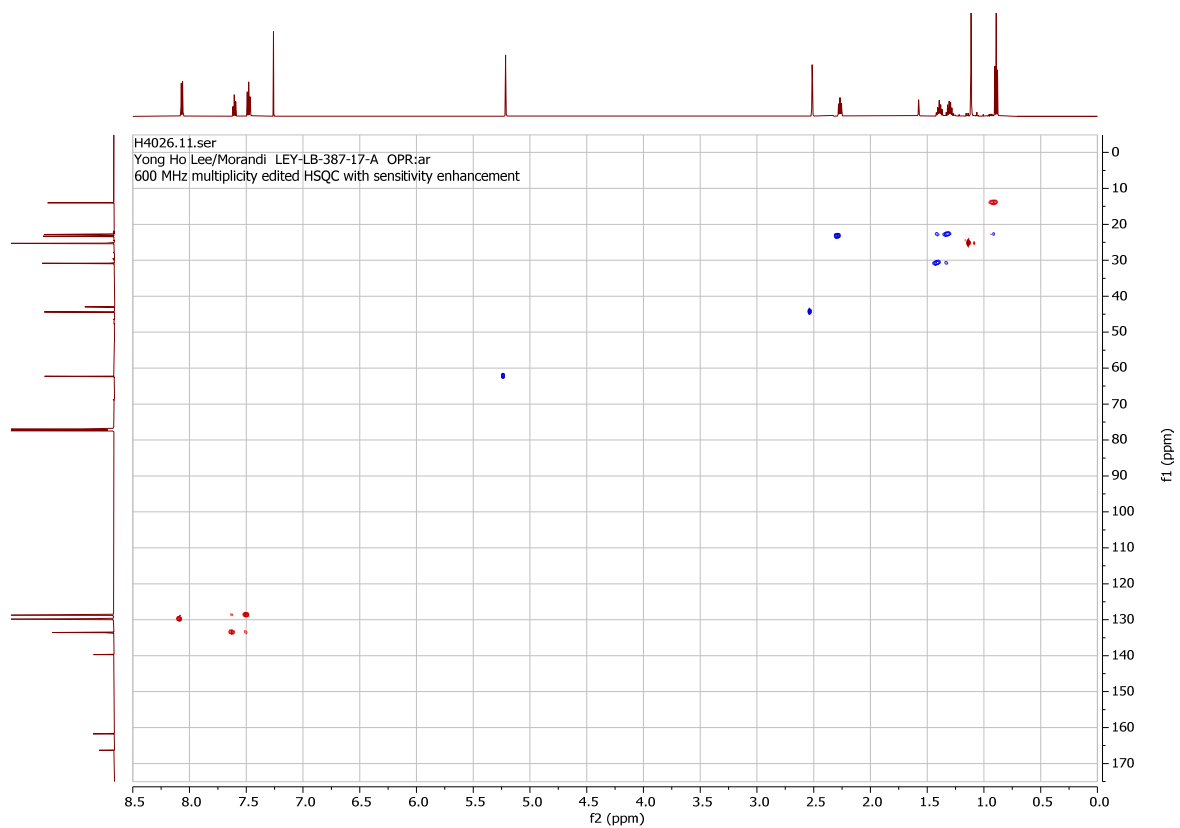
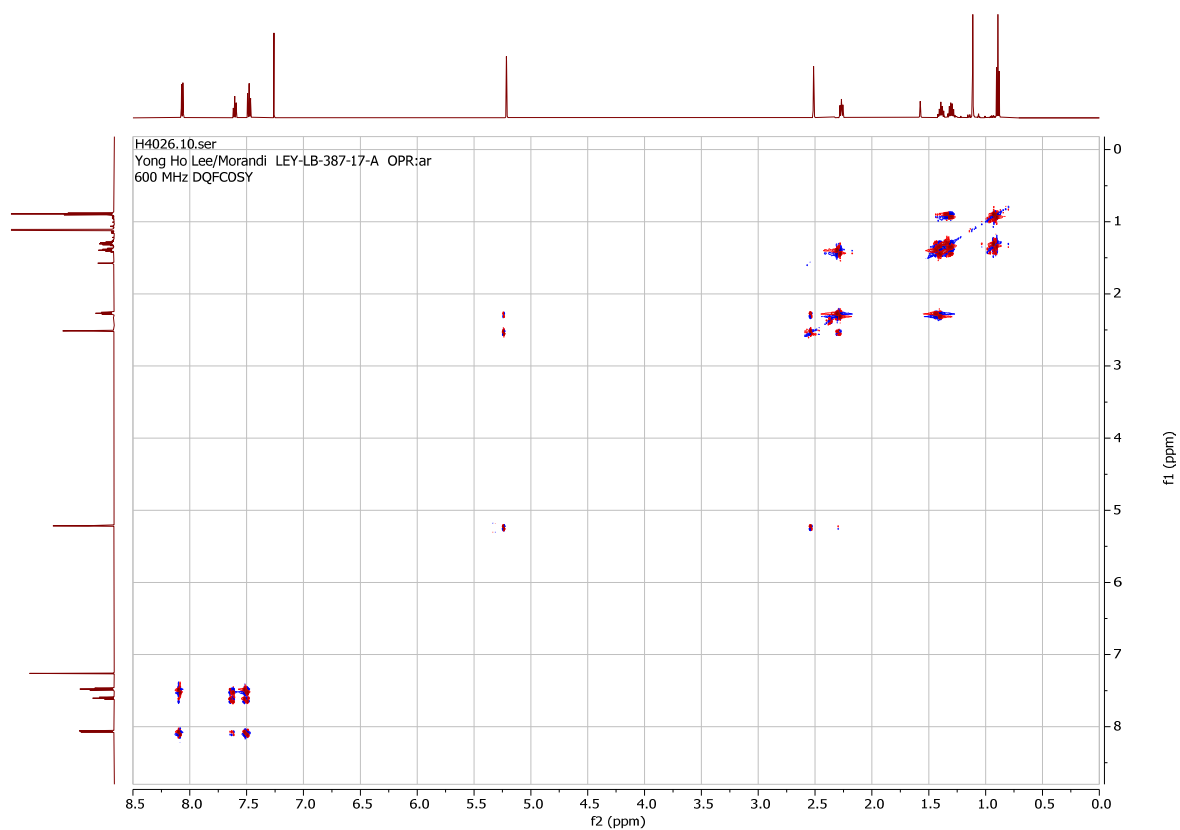


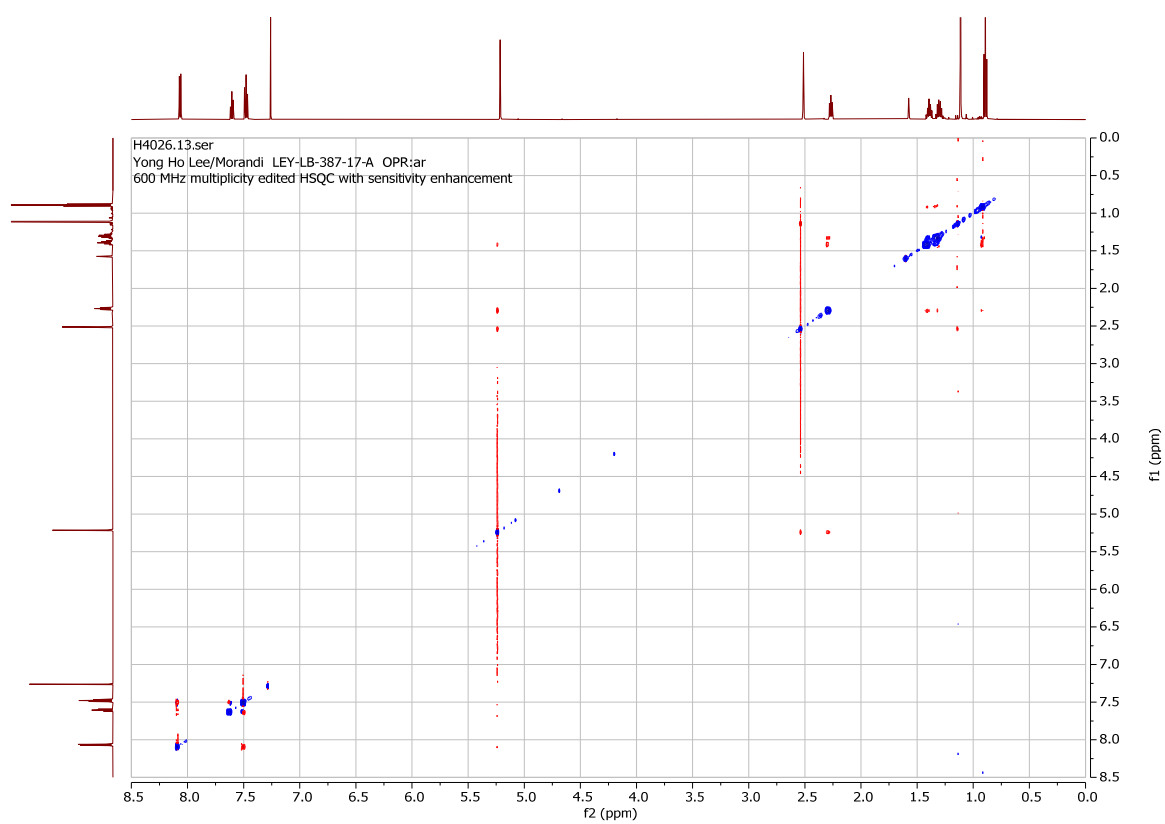
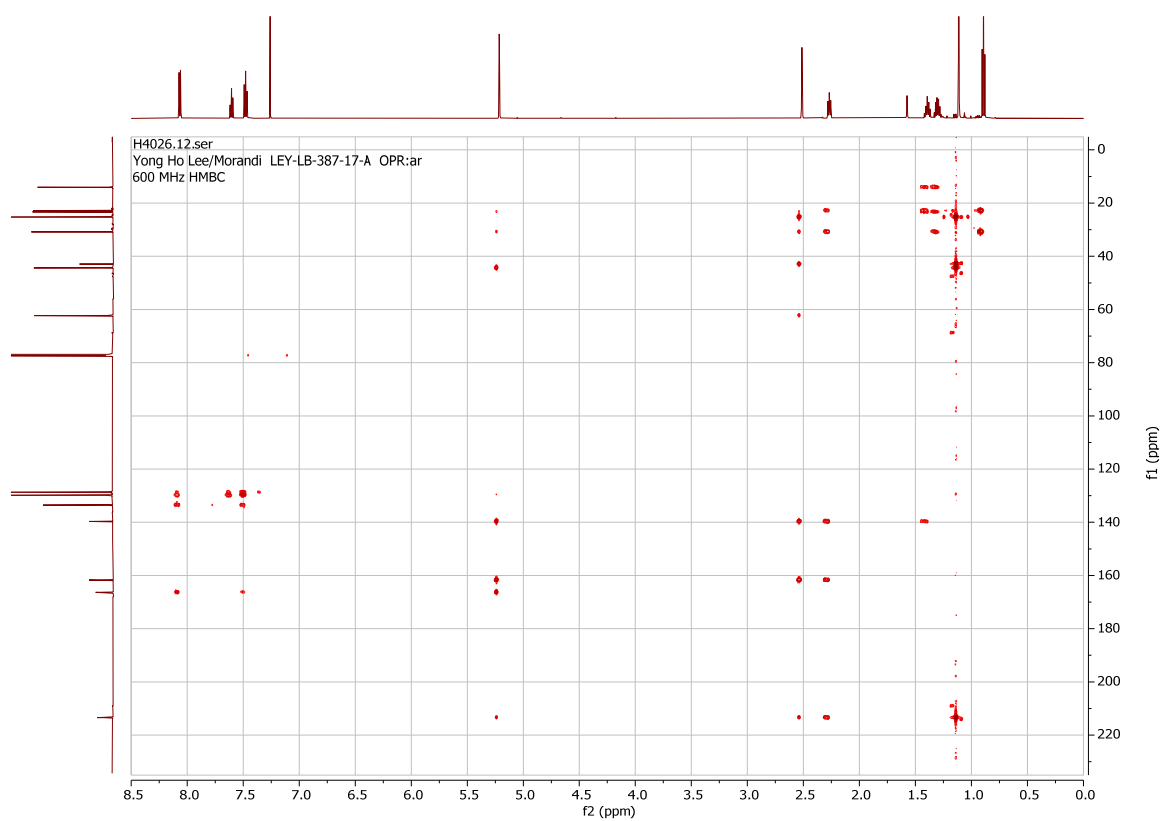




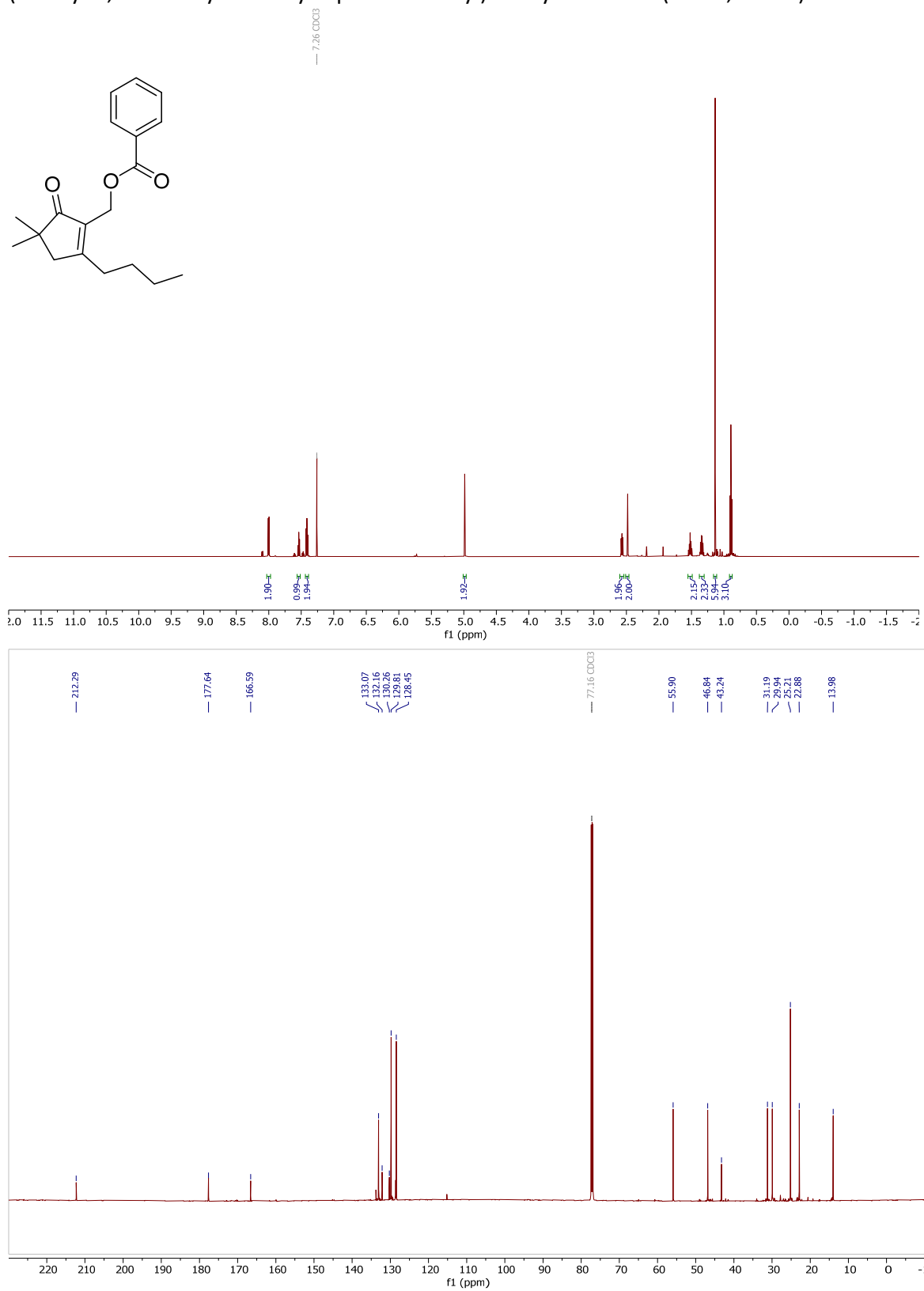
(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (**3bv-1**, major).

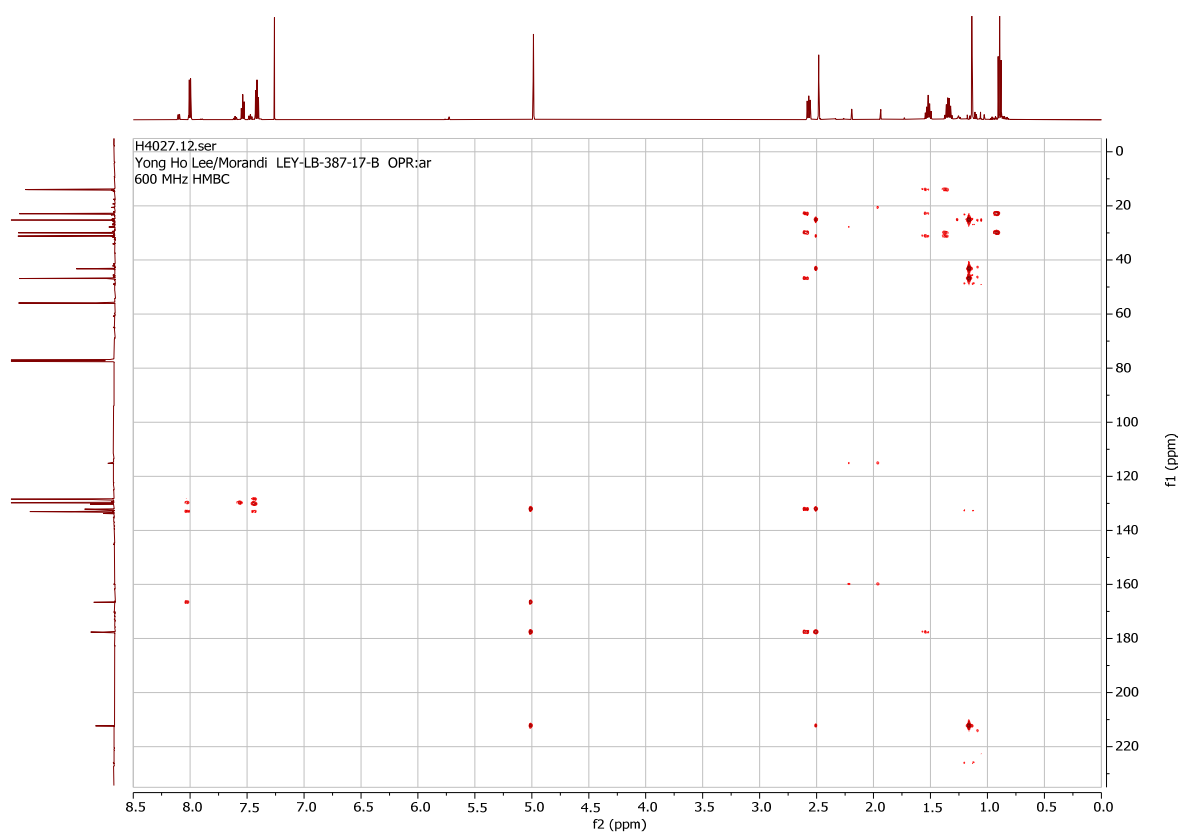
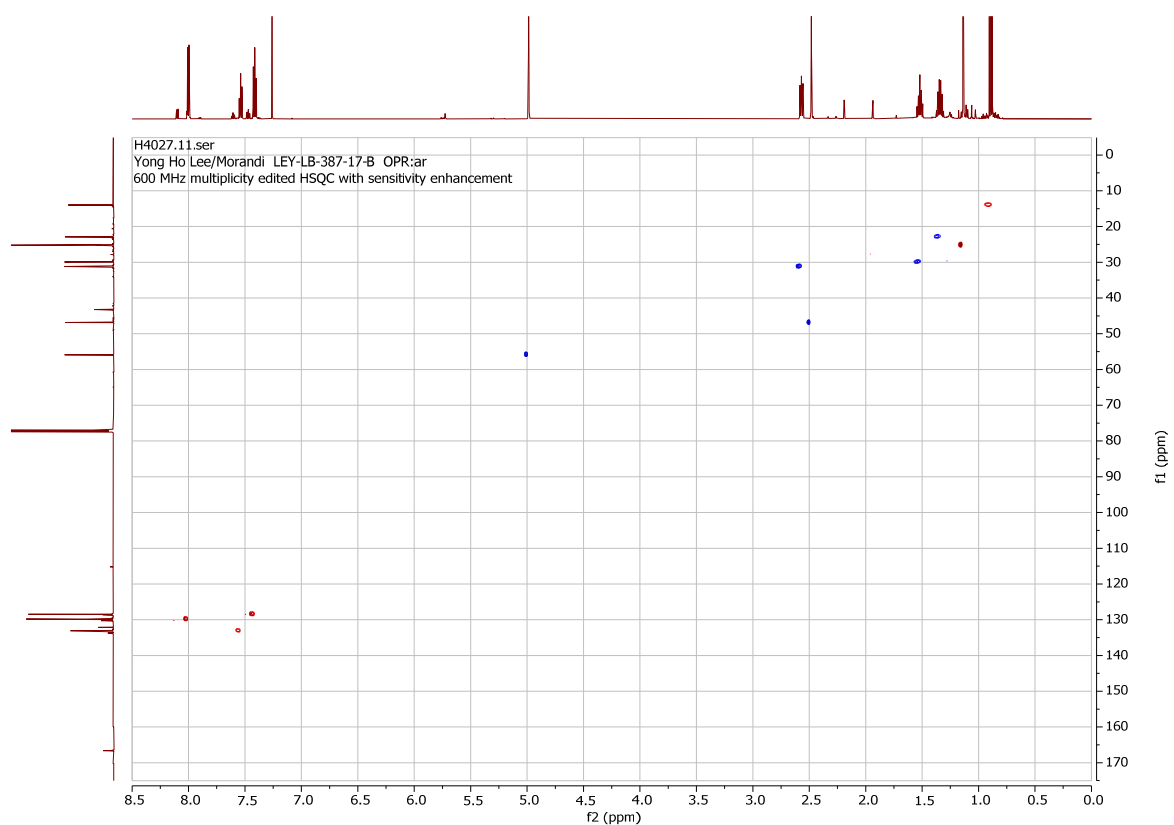




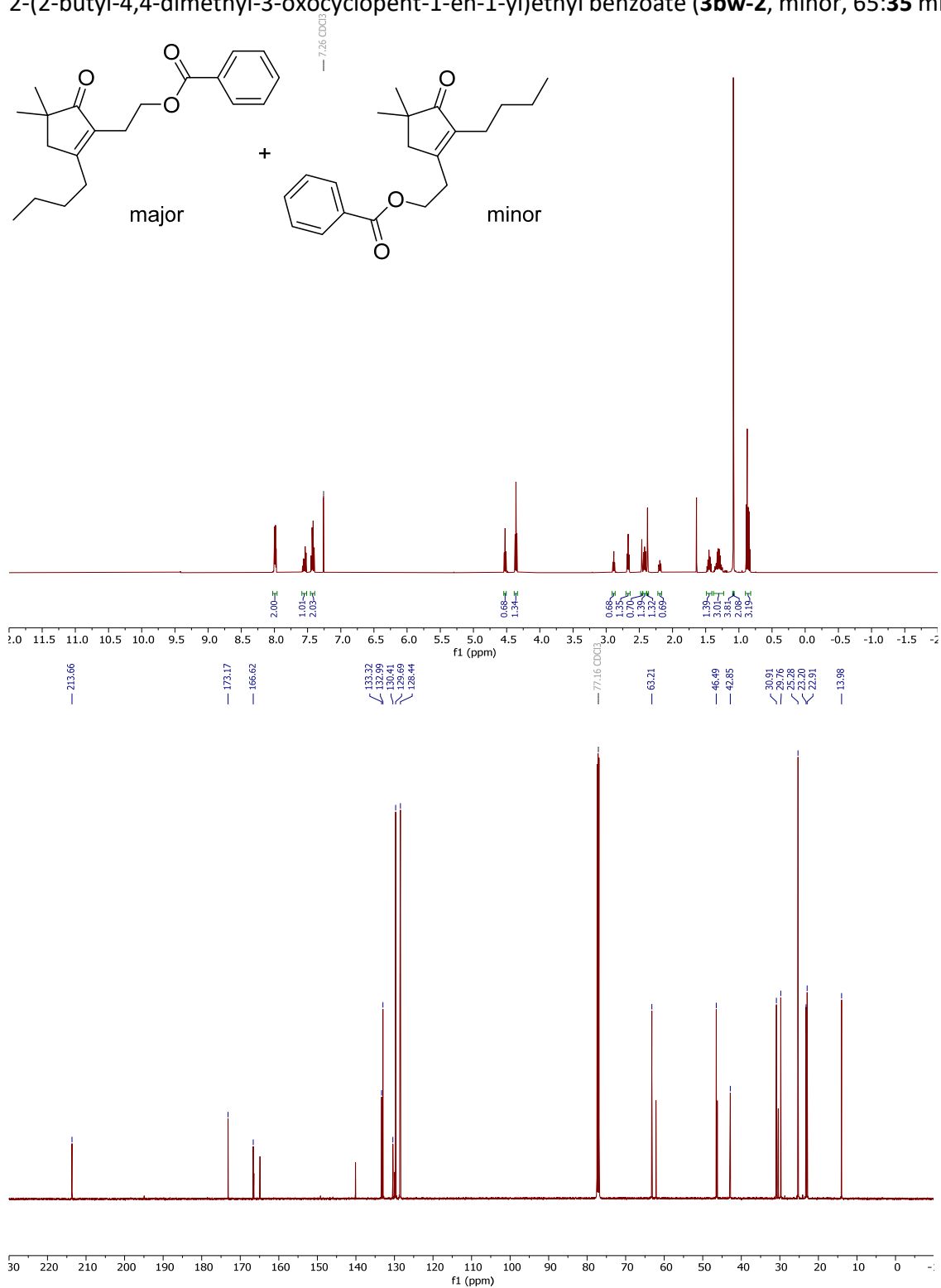


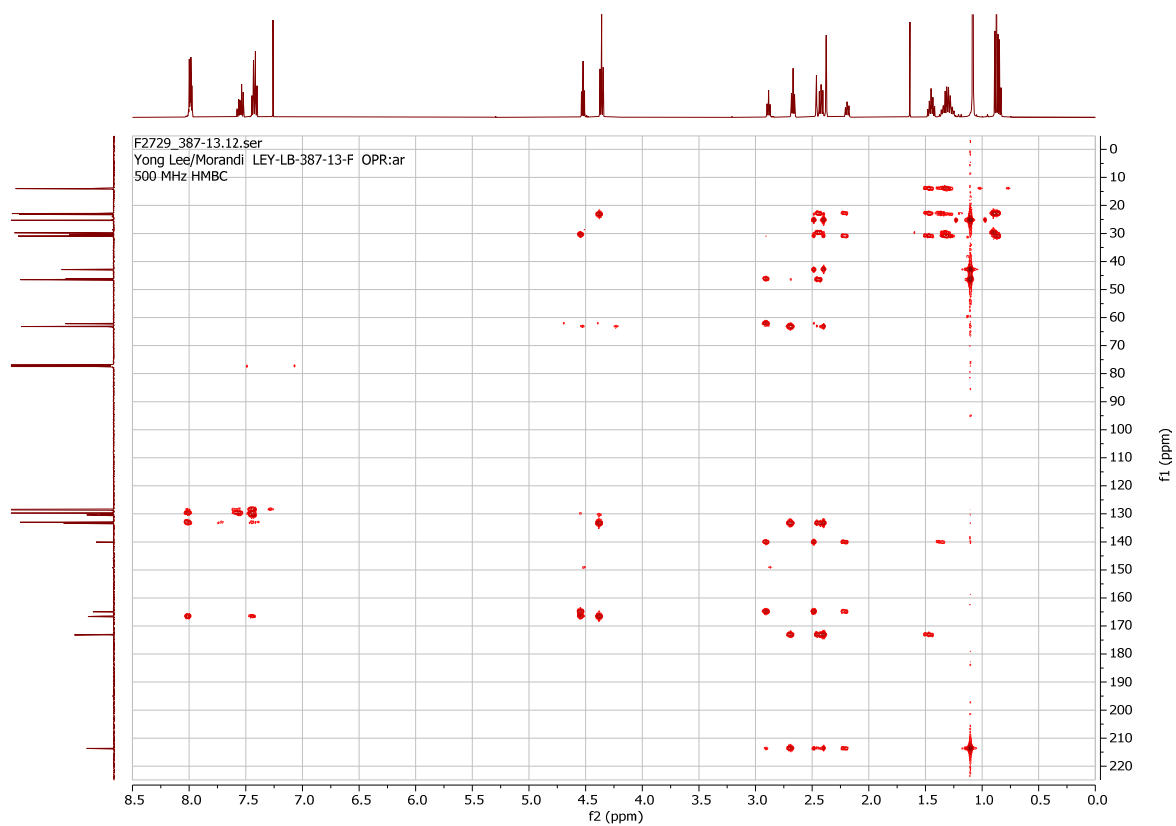
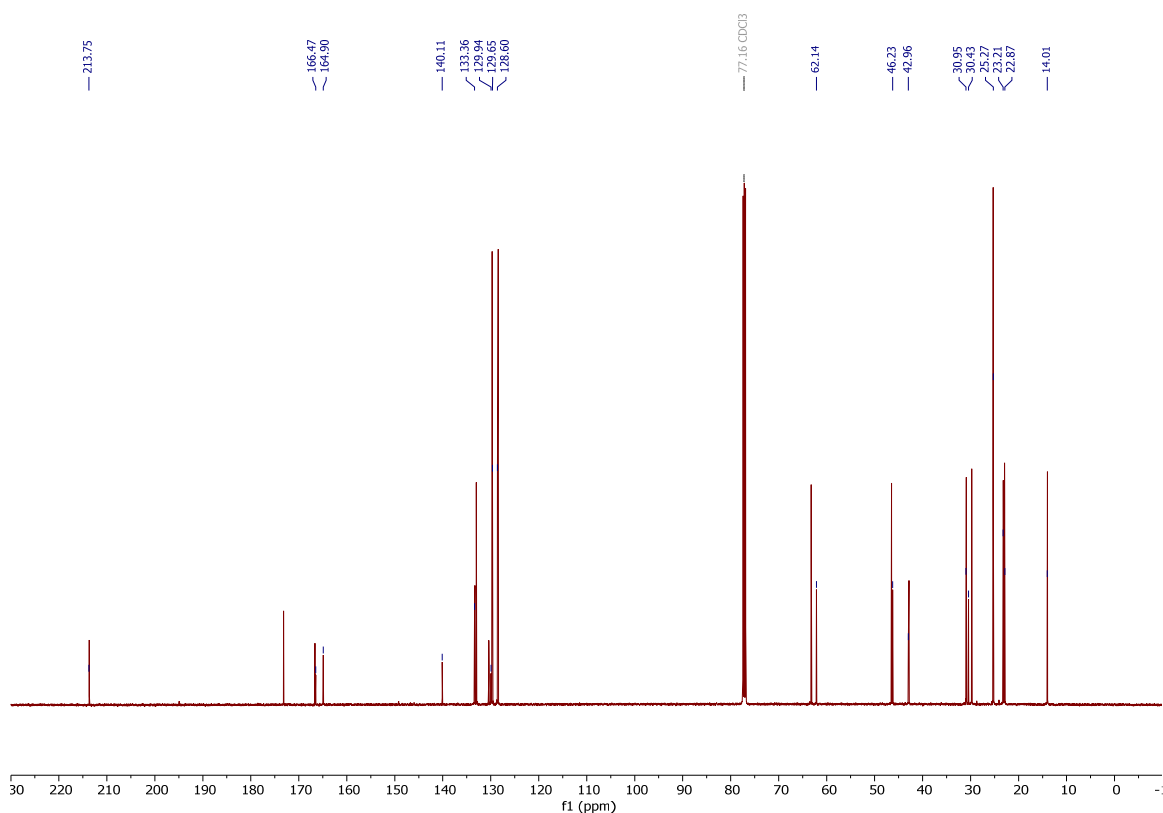
(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)methyl benzoate (**3bv-2**, minor).

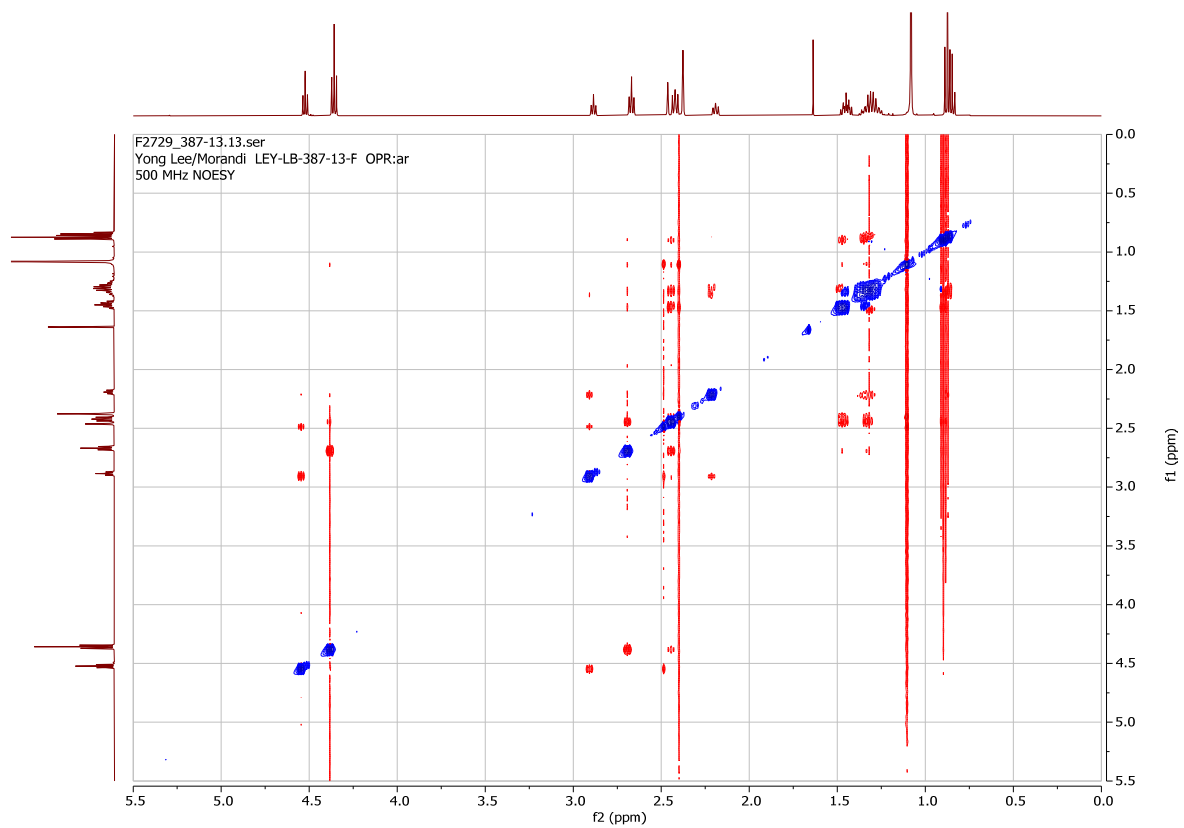
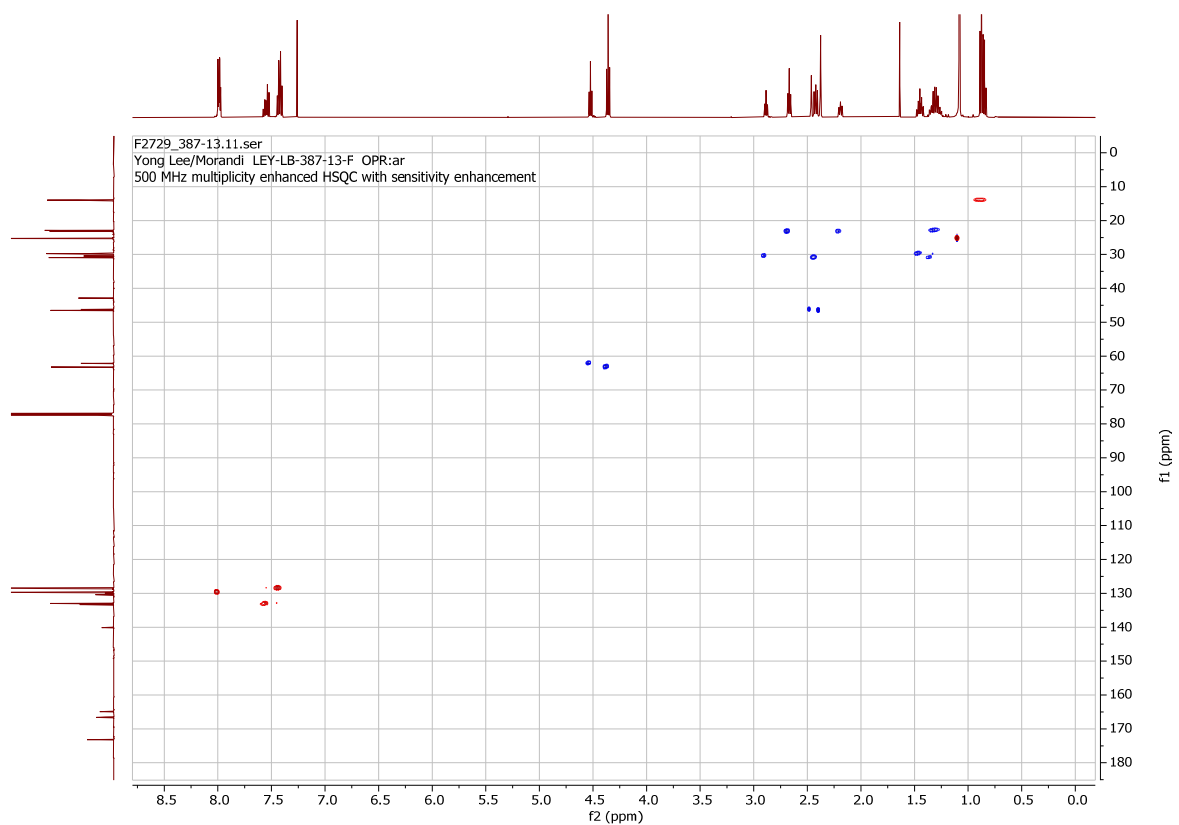


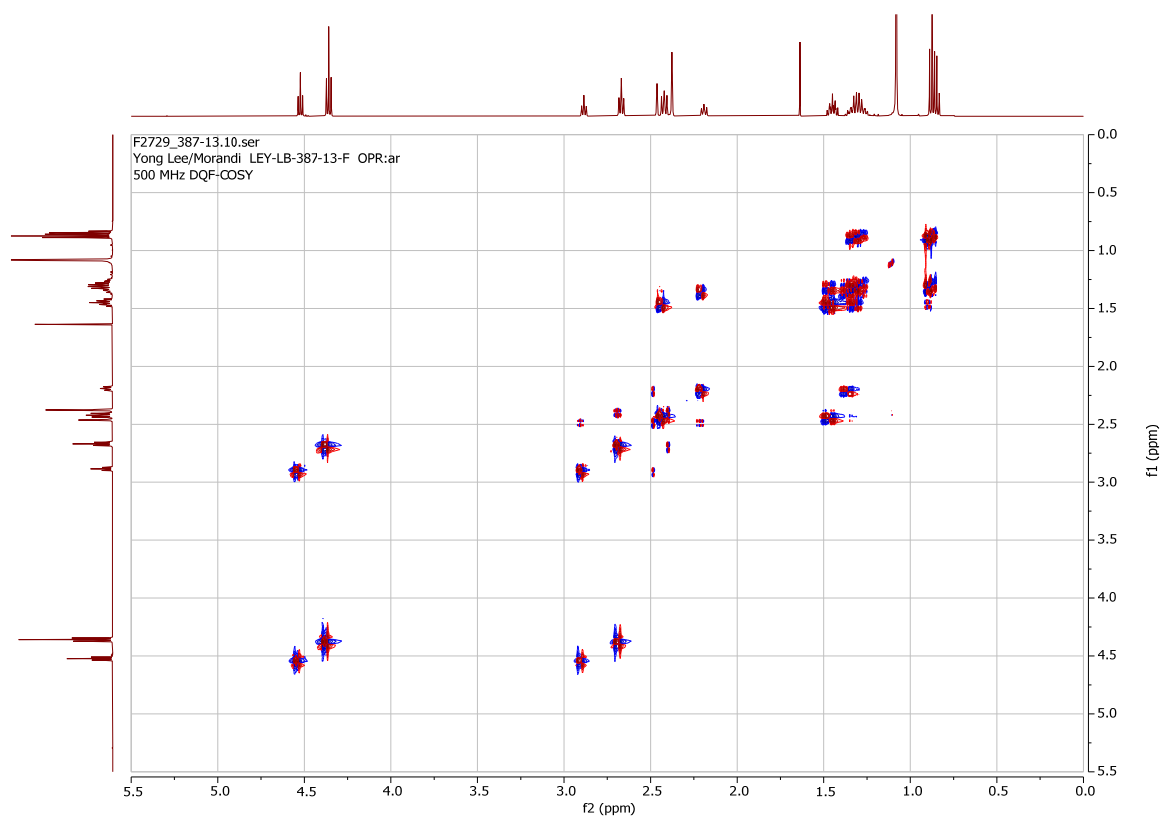


2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl benzoate (**3bw-1**, major, 65:35 mixture).
 2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl benzoate (**3bw-2**, minor, 65:35 mixture).

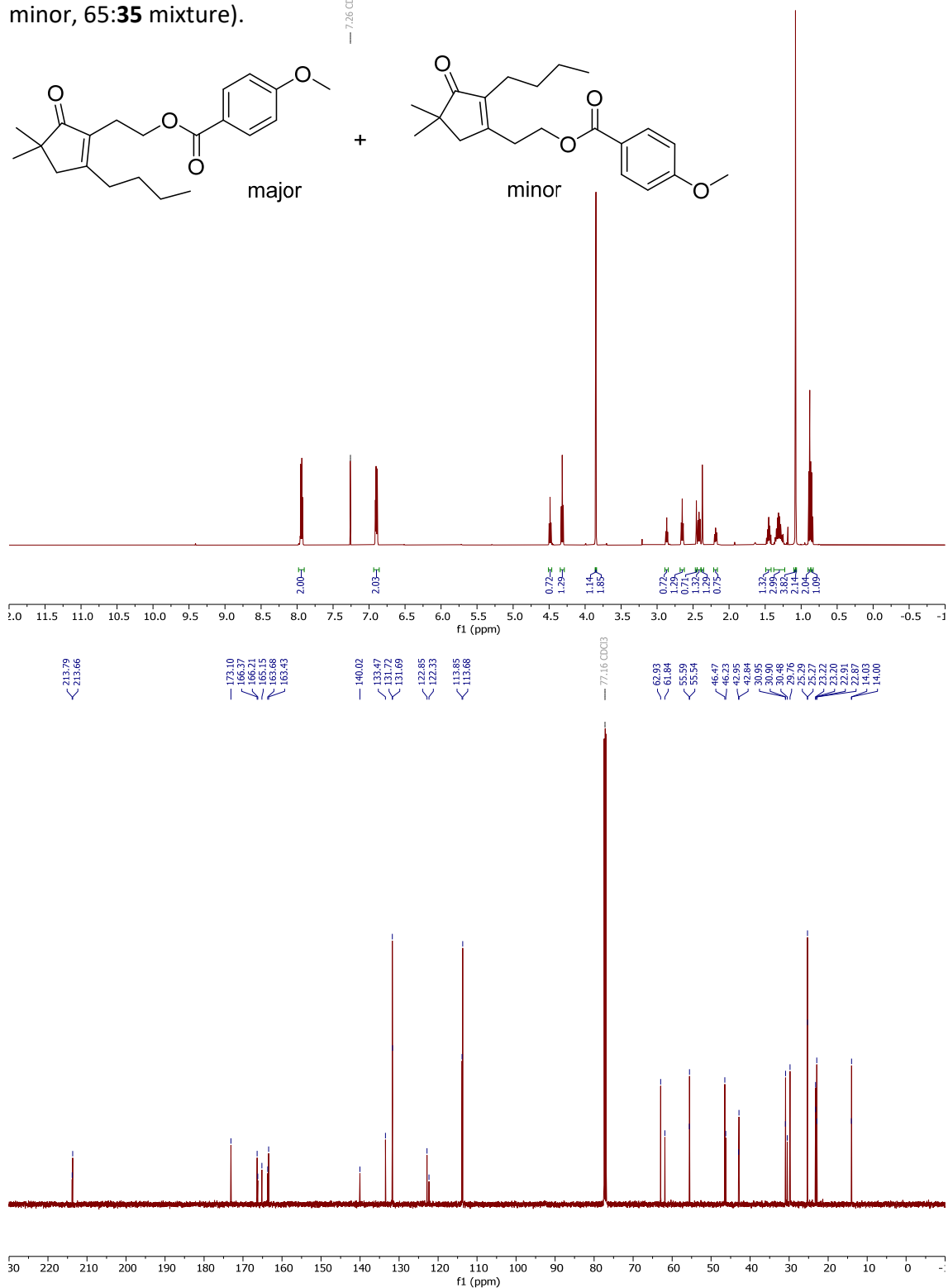


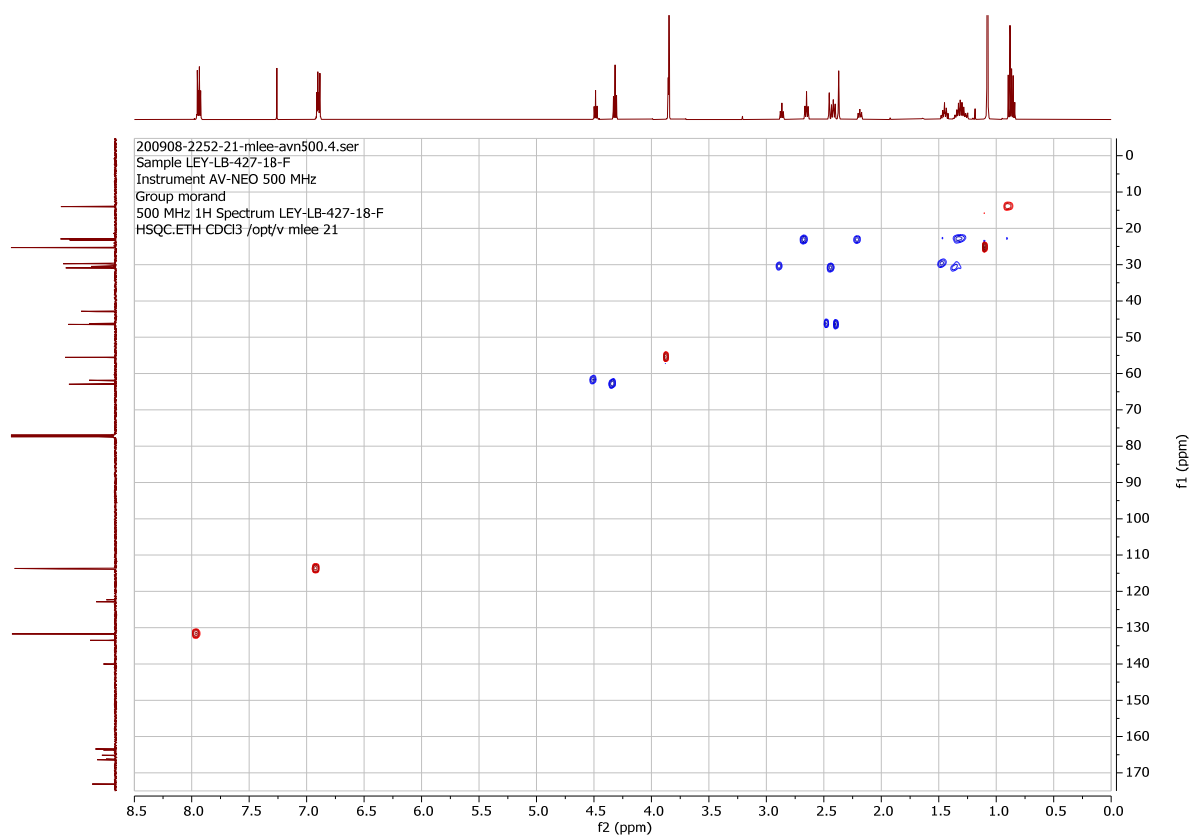
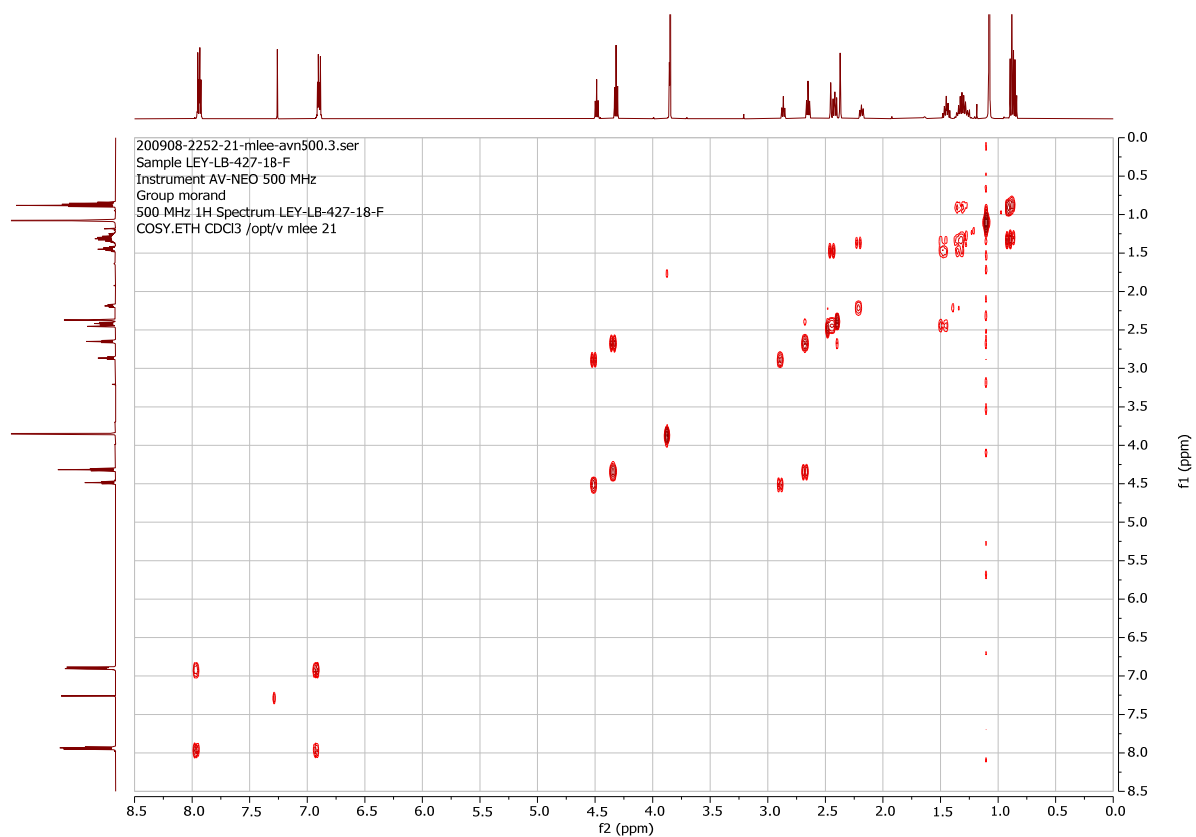




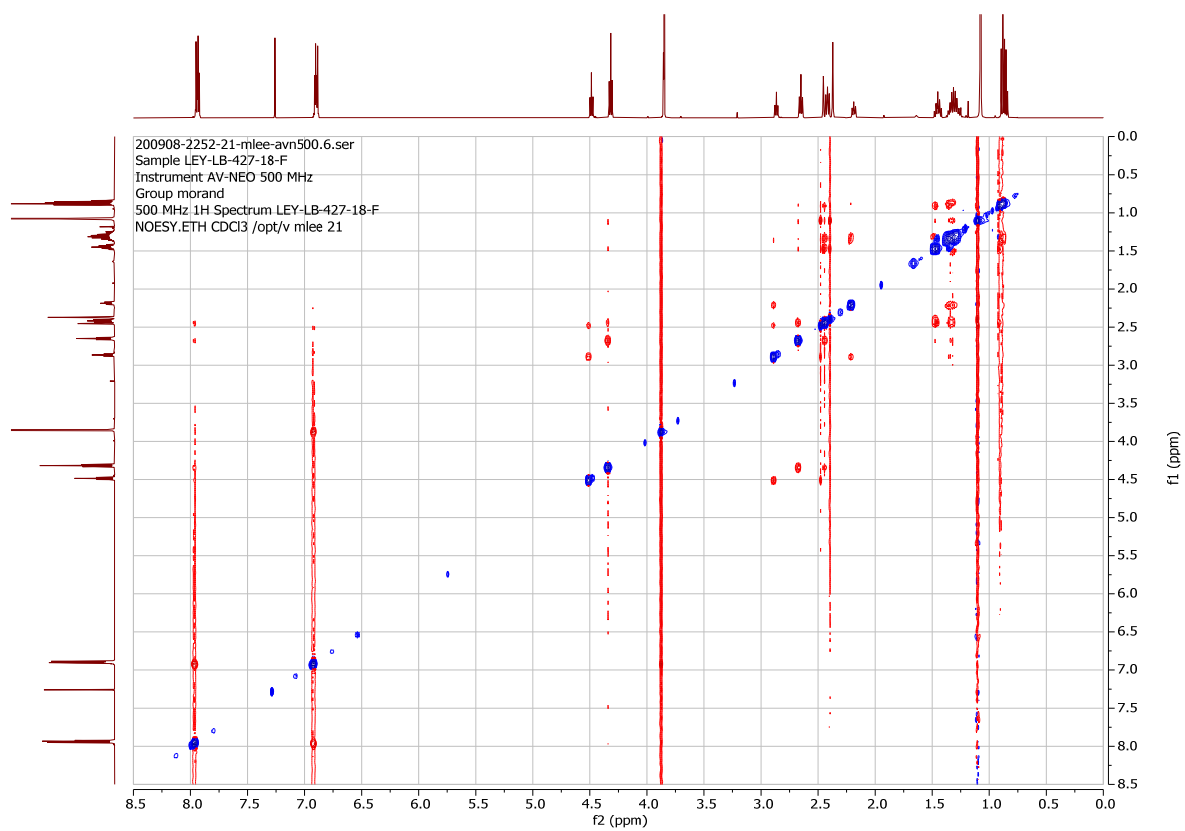
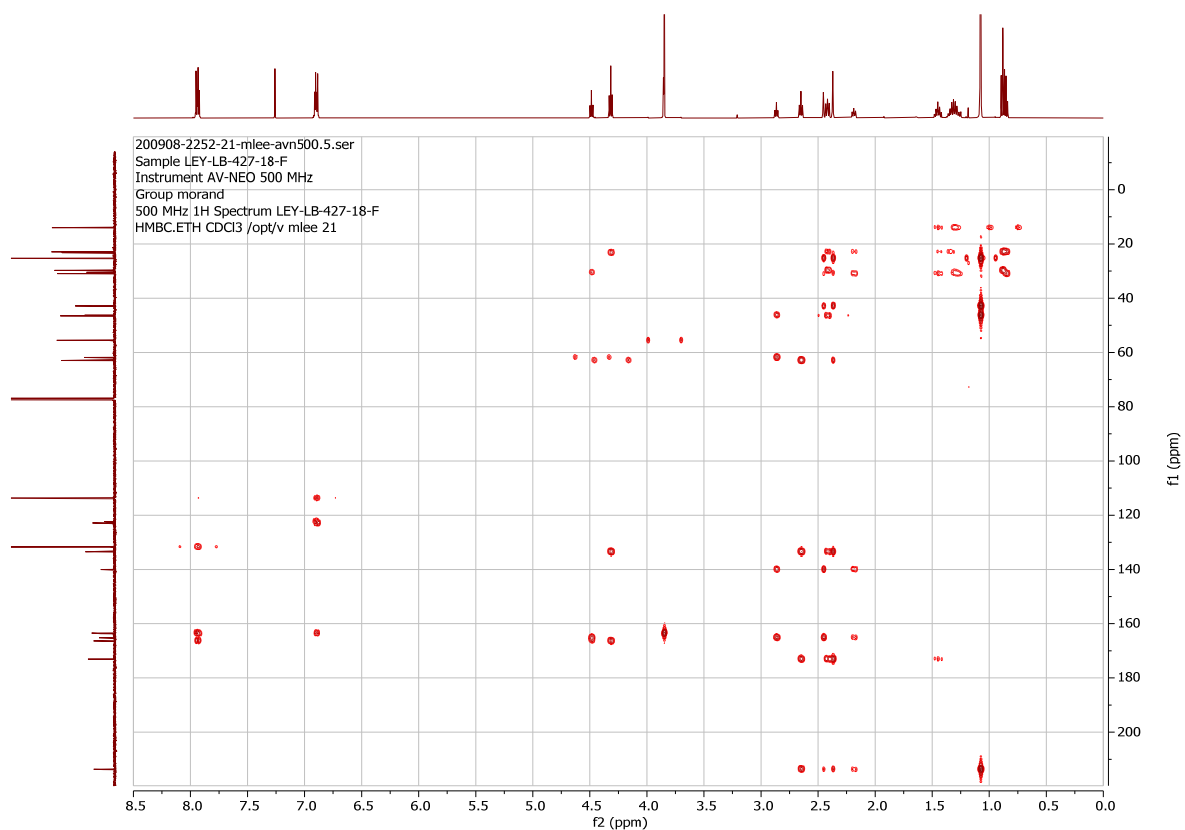


2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl 4-methoxybenzoate (**3bx-1**, major, 65:35 mixture). 2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl 4-methoxybenzoate (**3bx-2**, minor, 65:35 mixture).

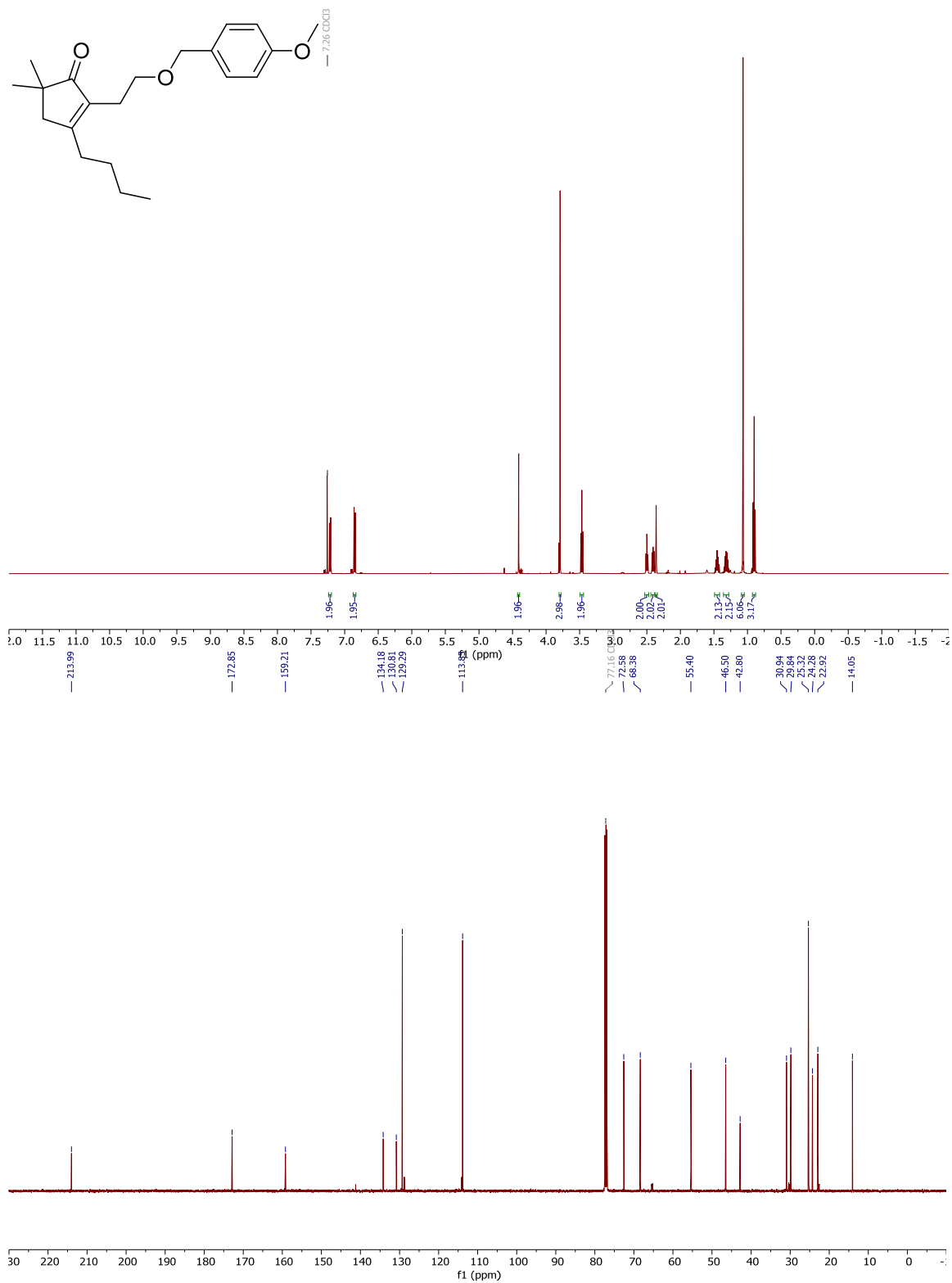


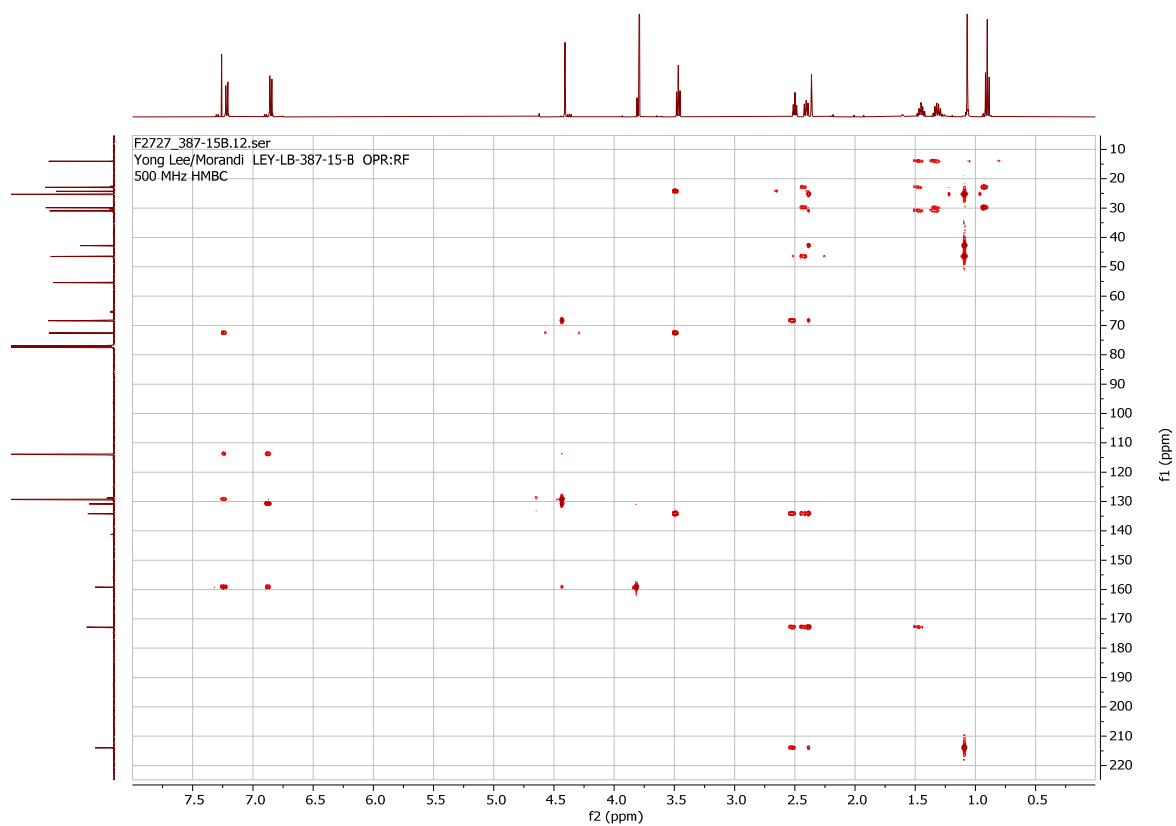
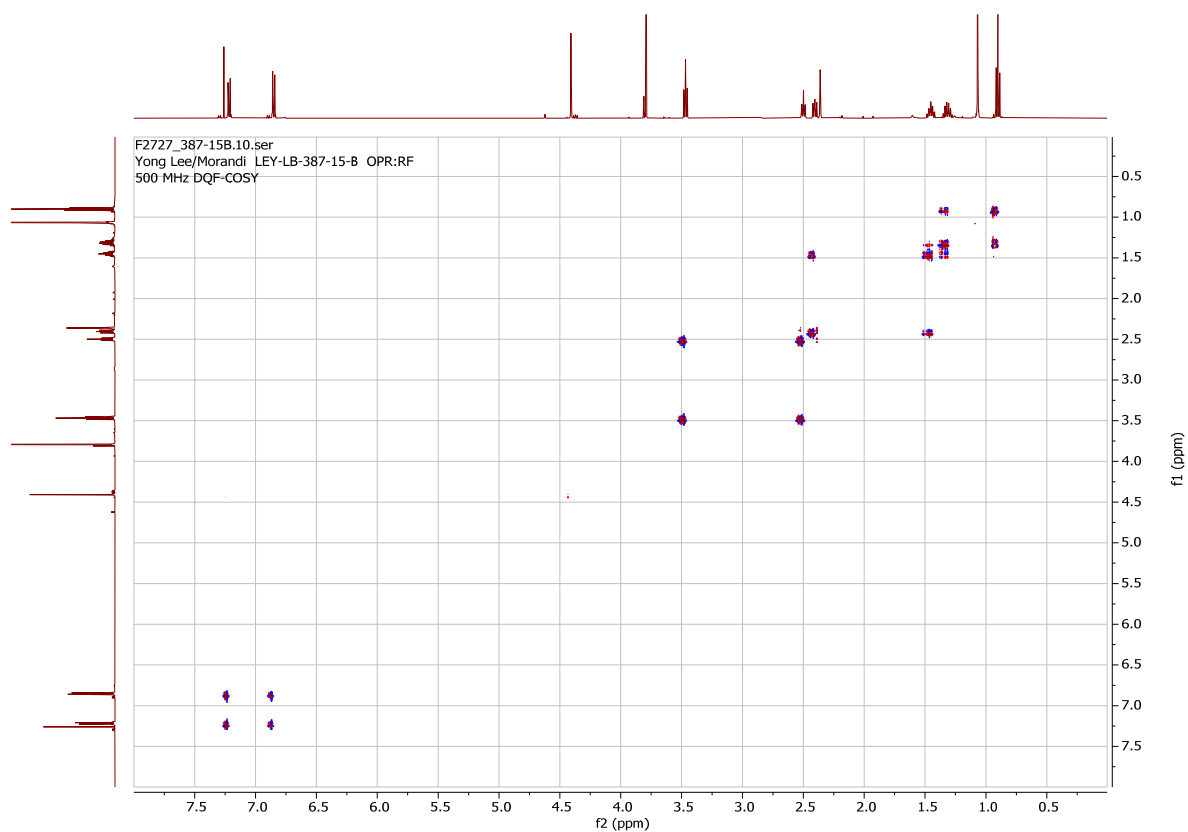


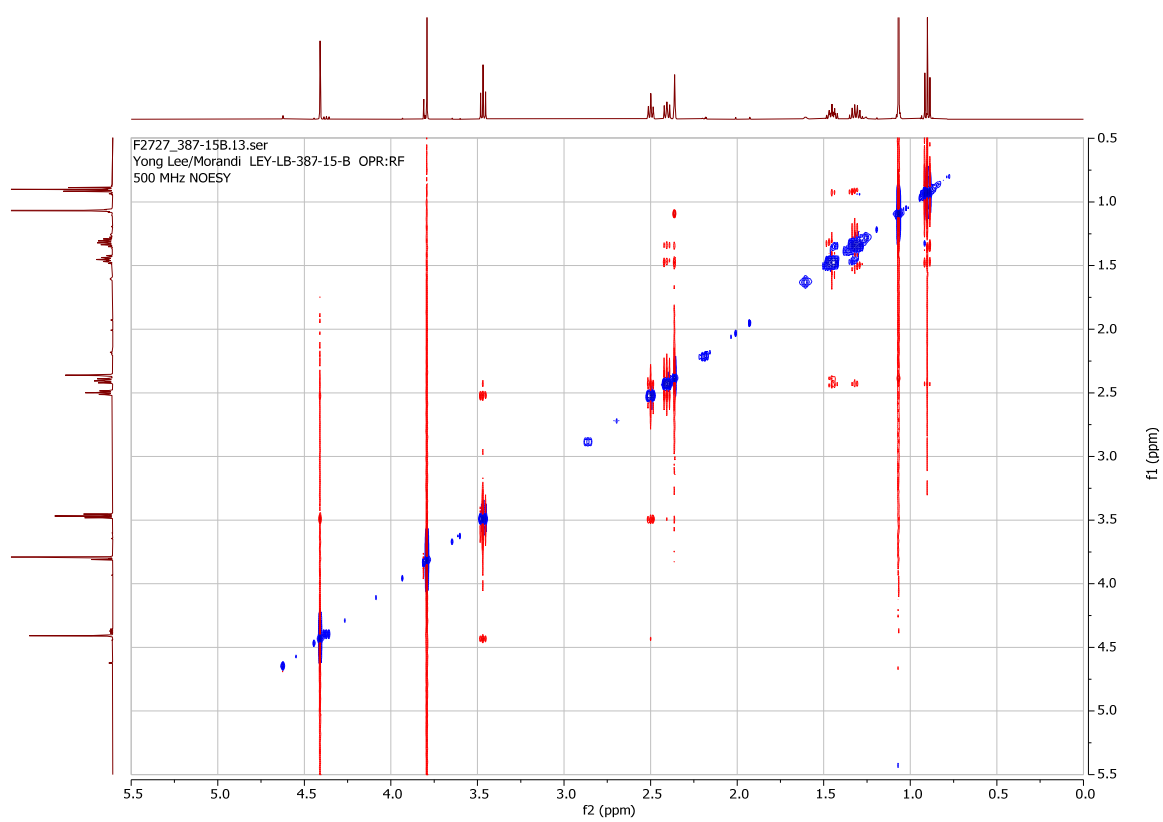
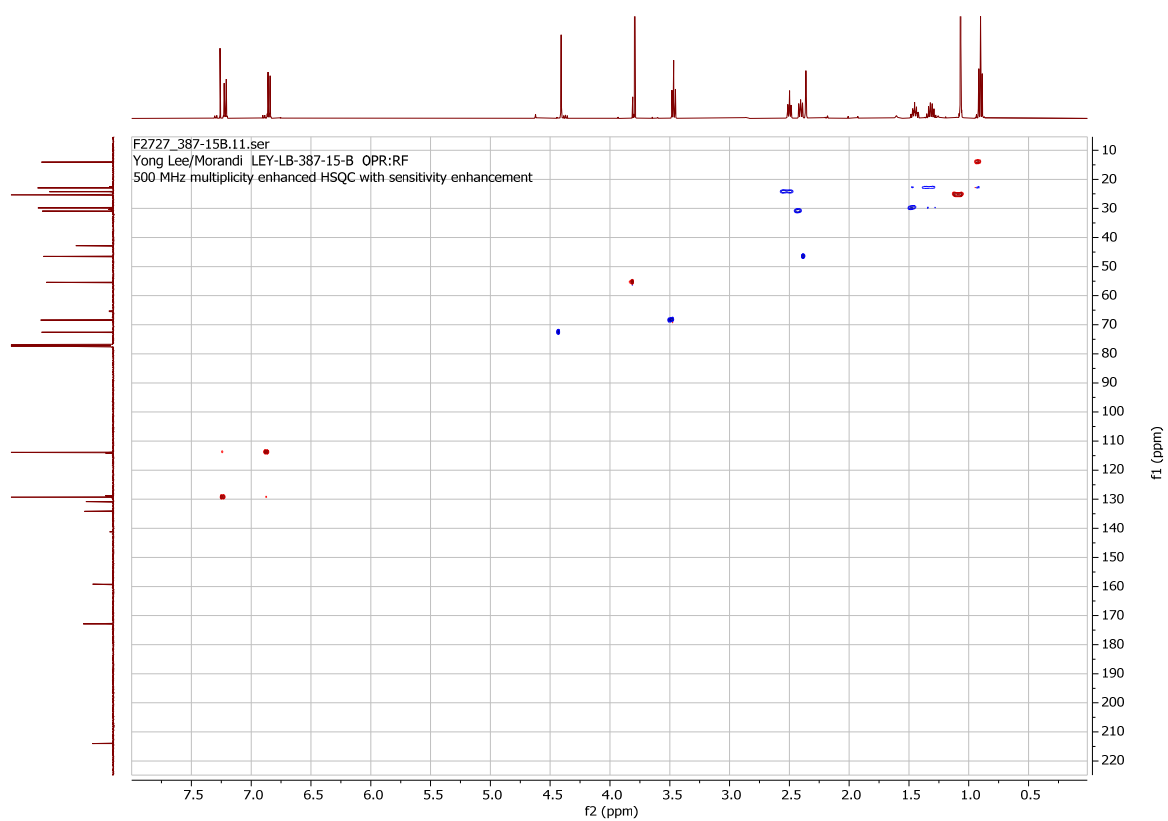
S318



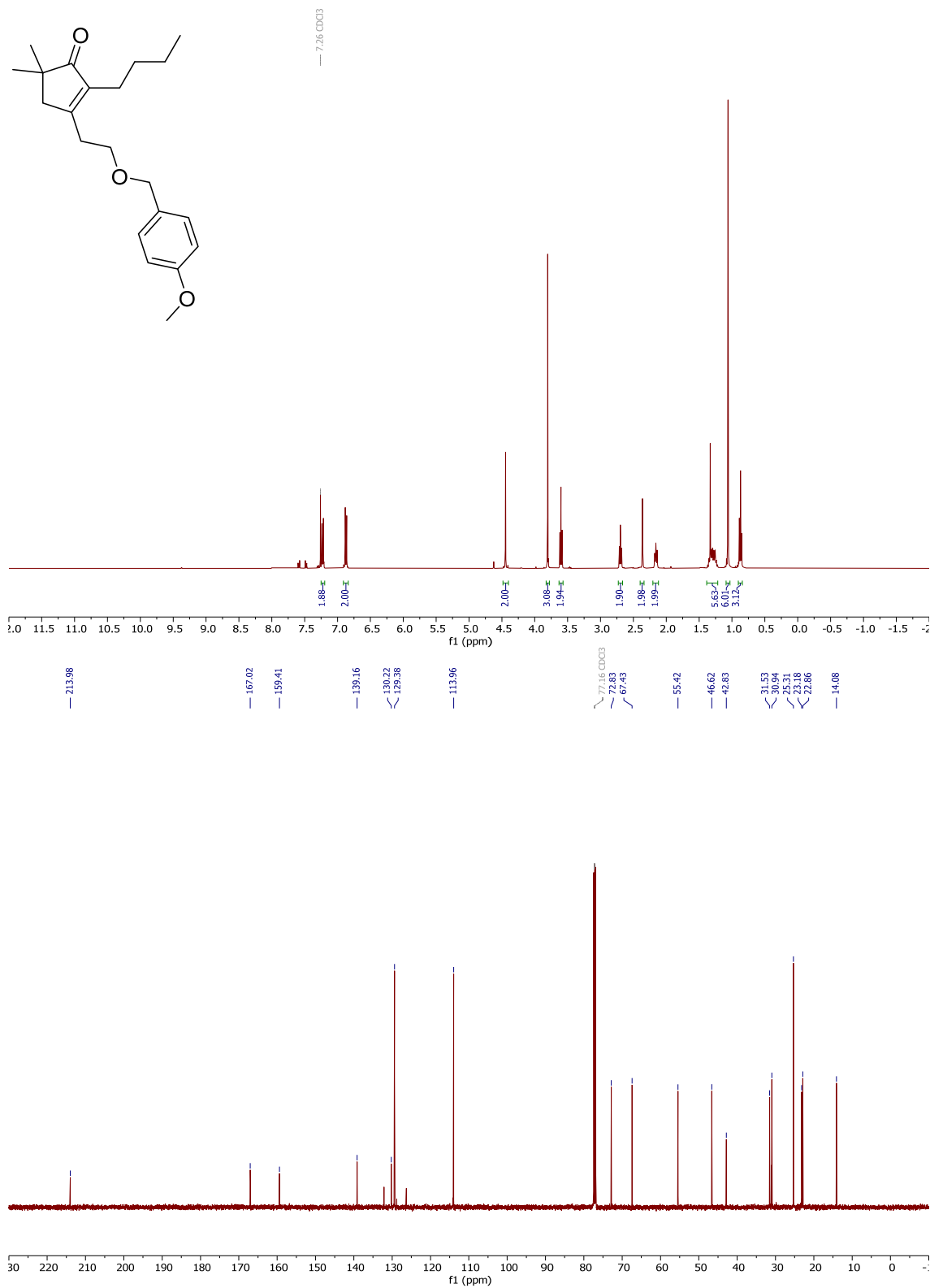
3-butyl-2-(2-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)ethyl)-5,5-dimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3by-1**, major).

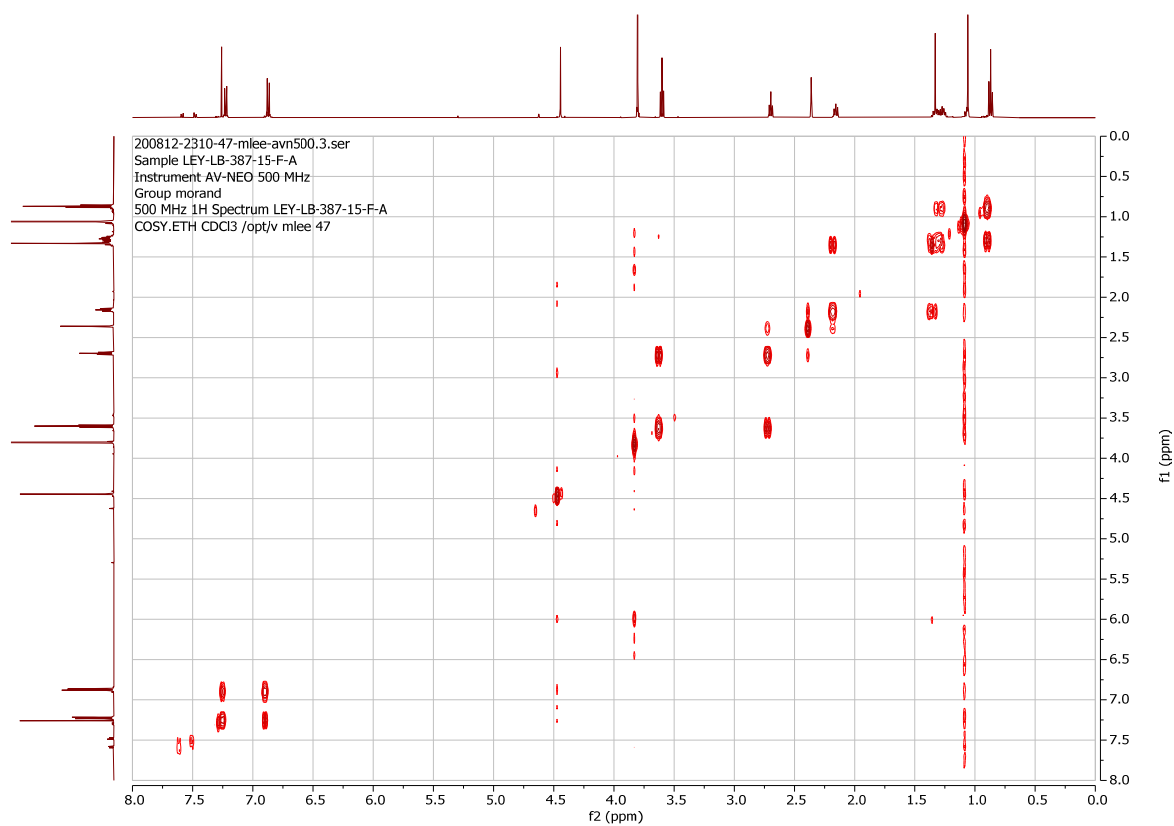
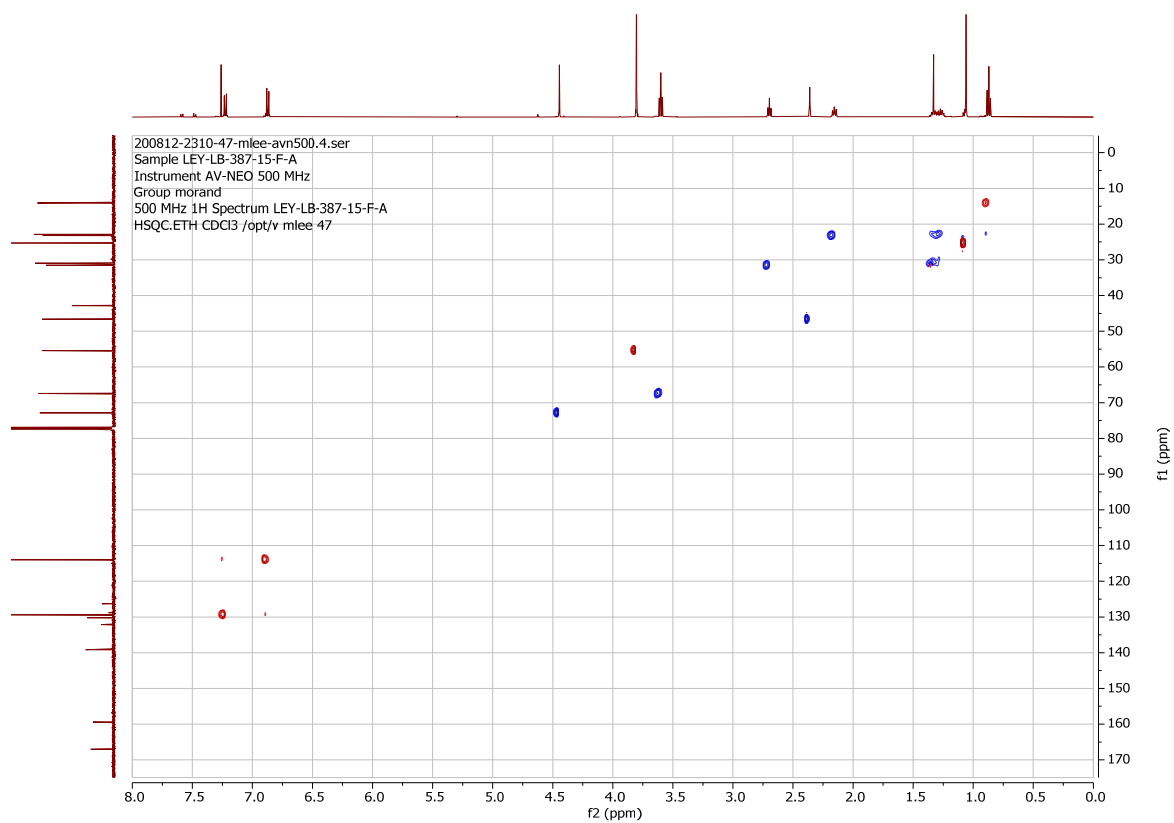


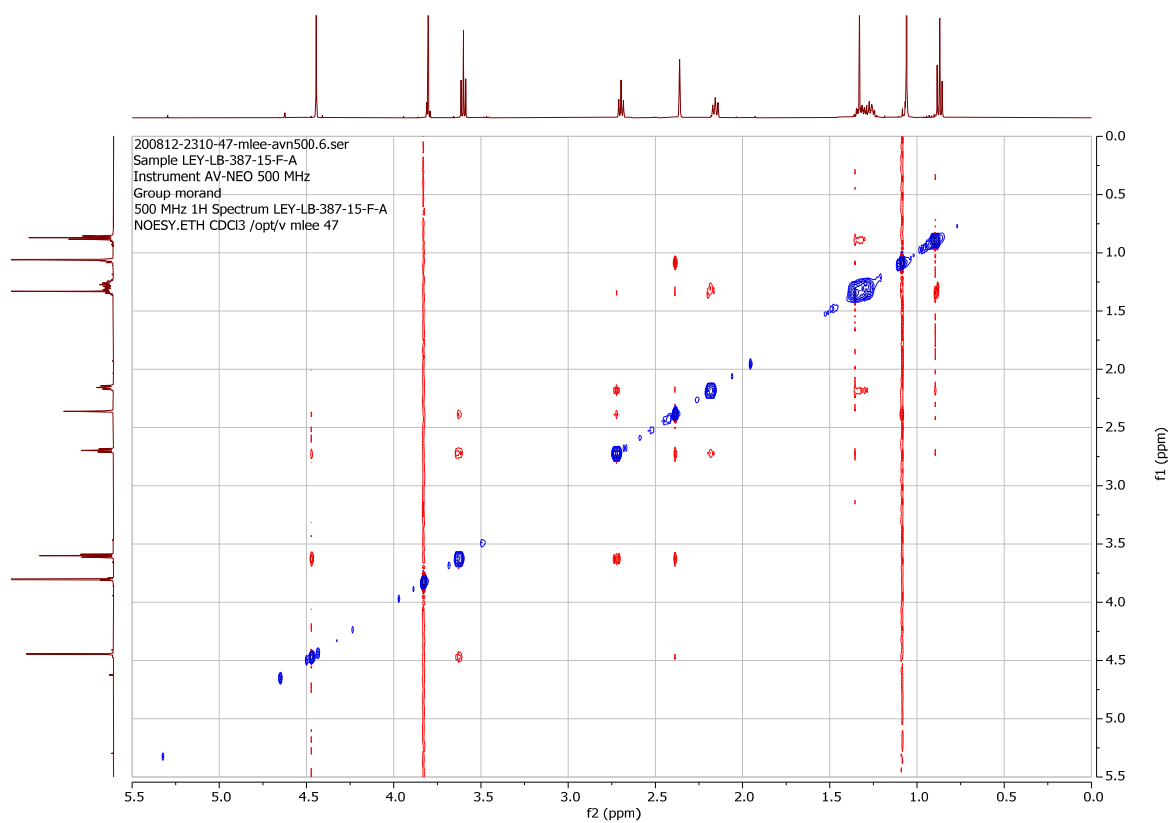
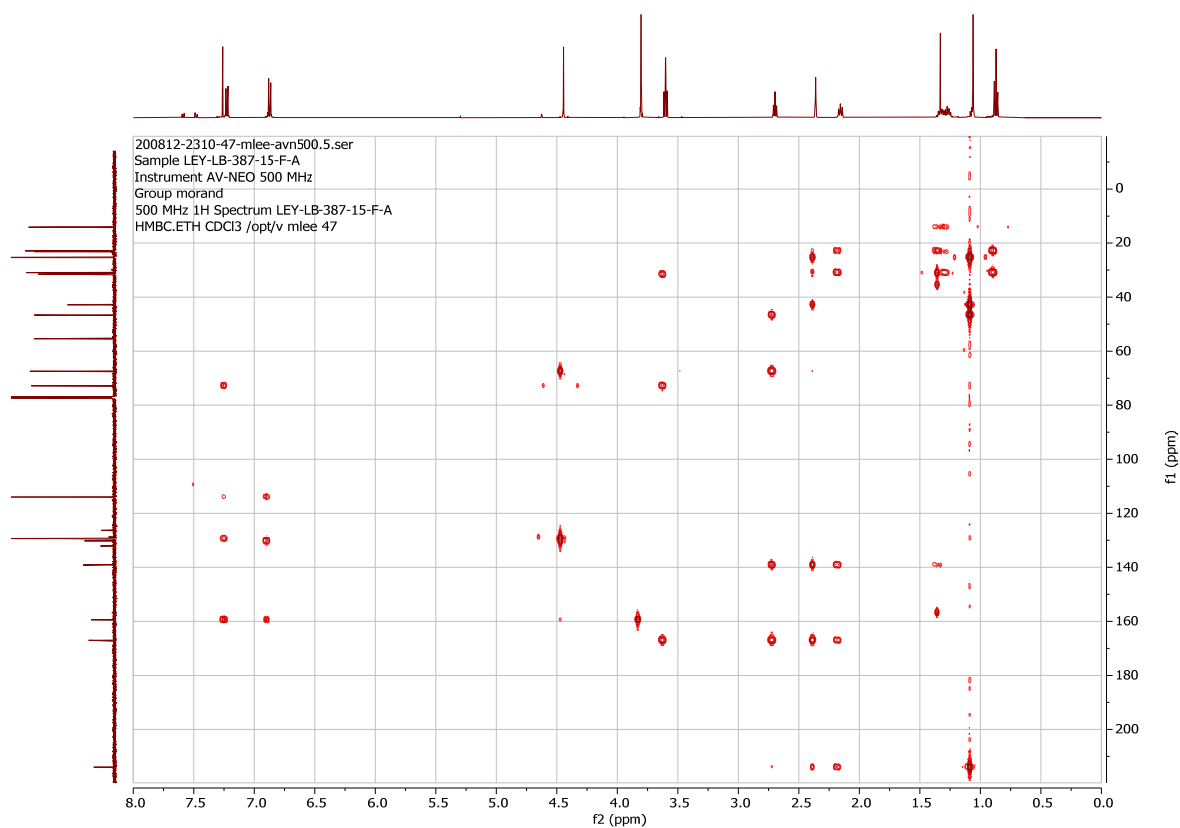




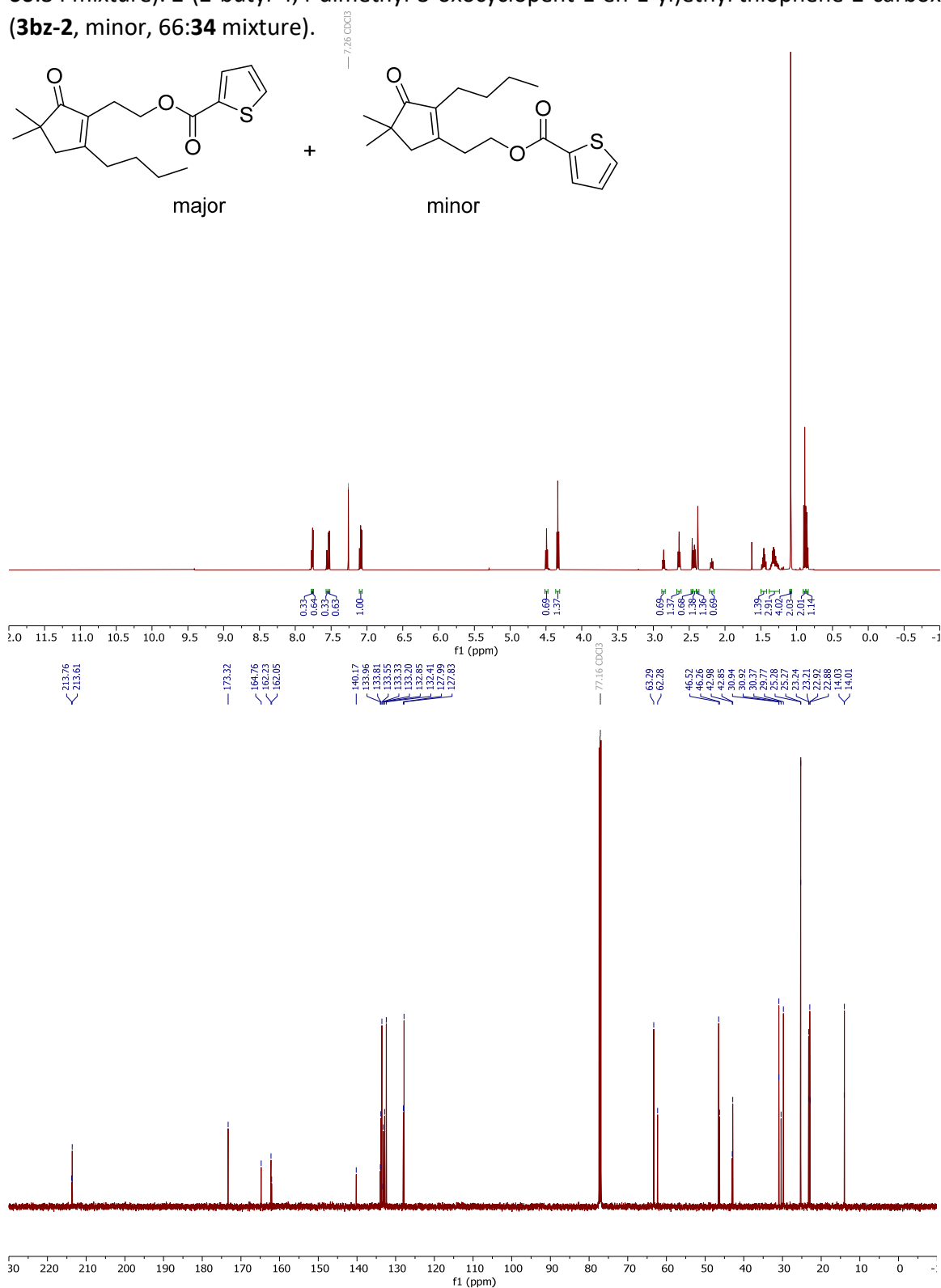
2-butyl-3-(2-((4-methoxybenzyl)oxy)ethyl)-5,5-dimethylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3by-2**, minor).

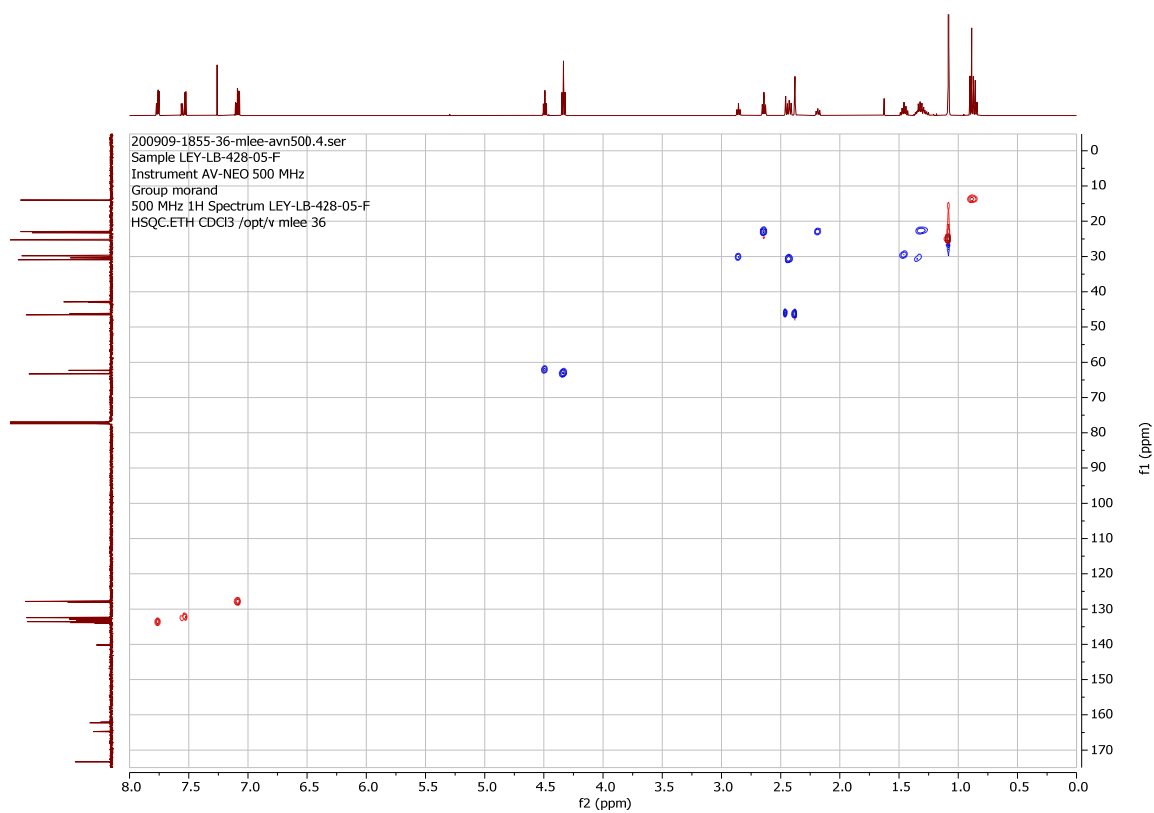
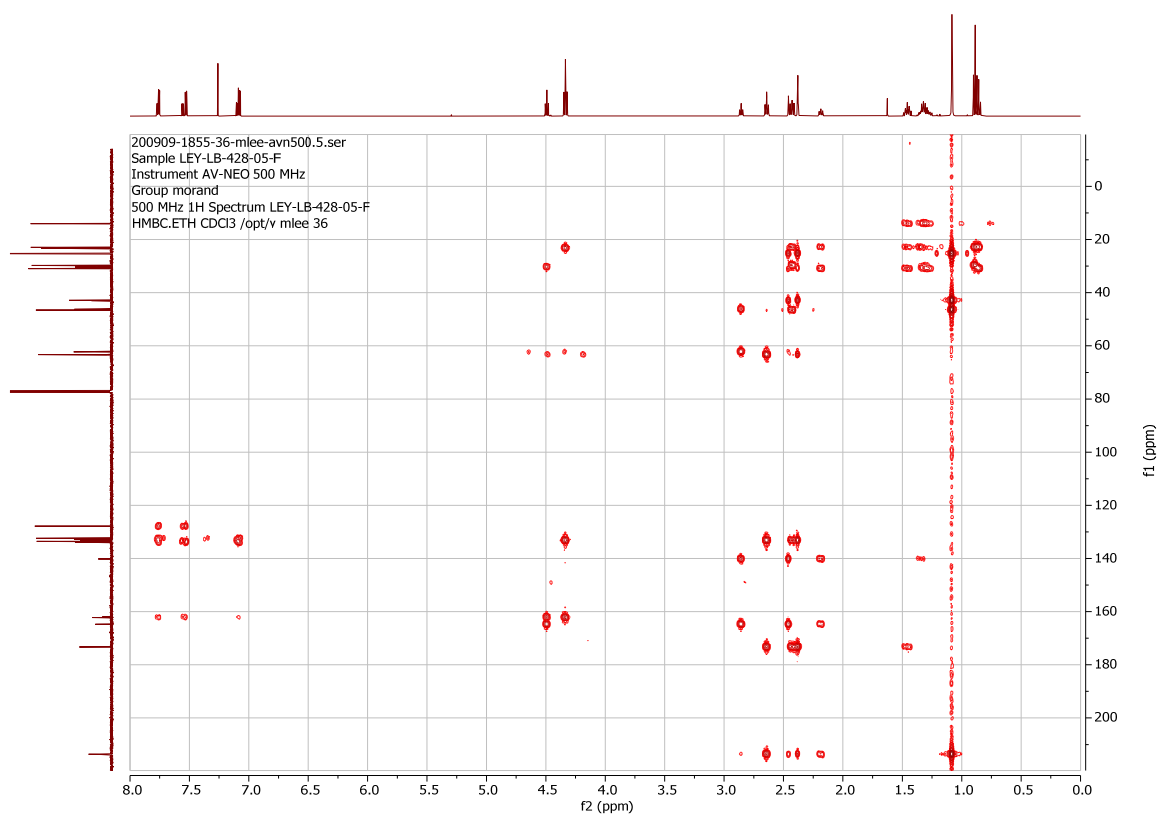


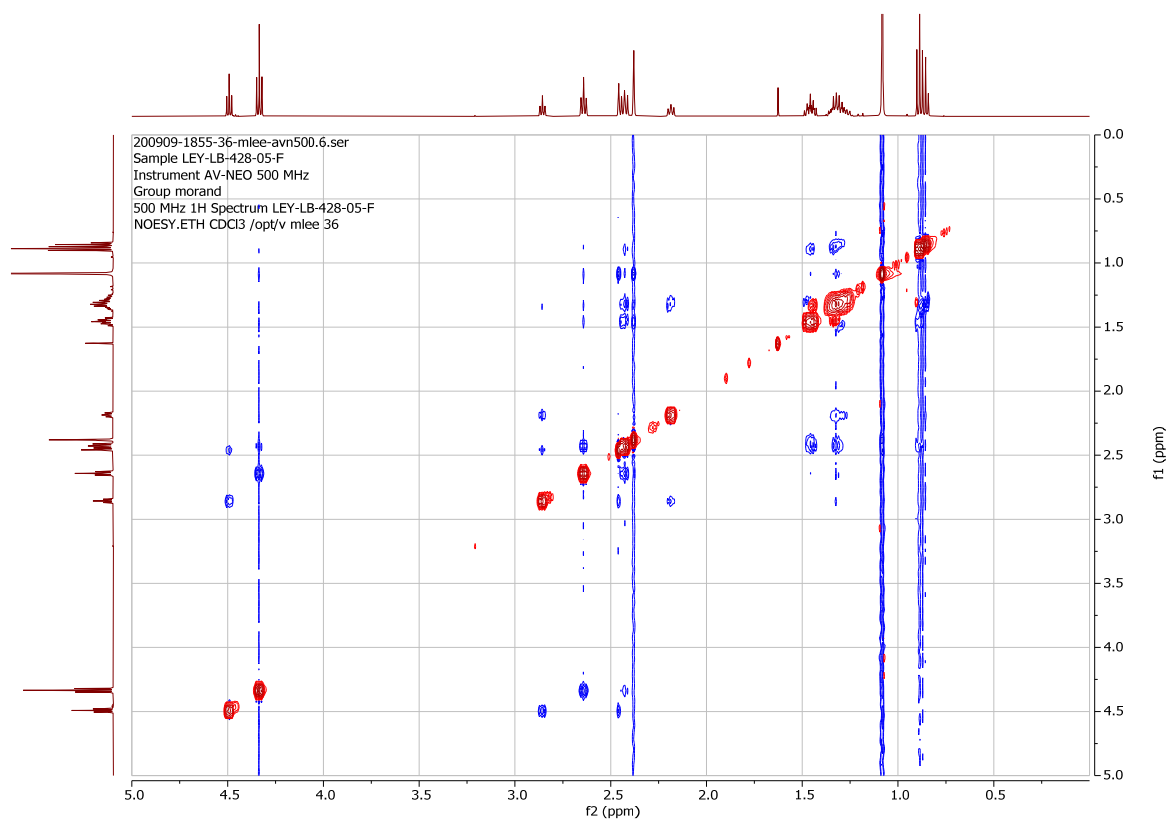
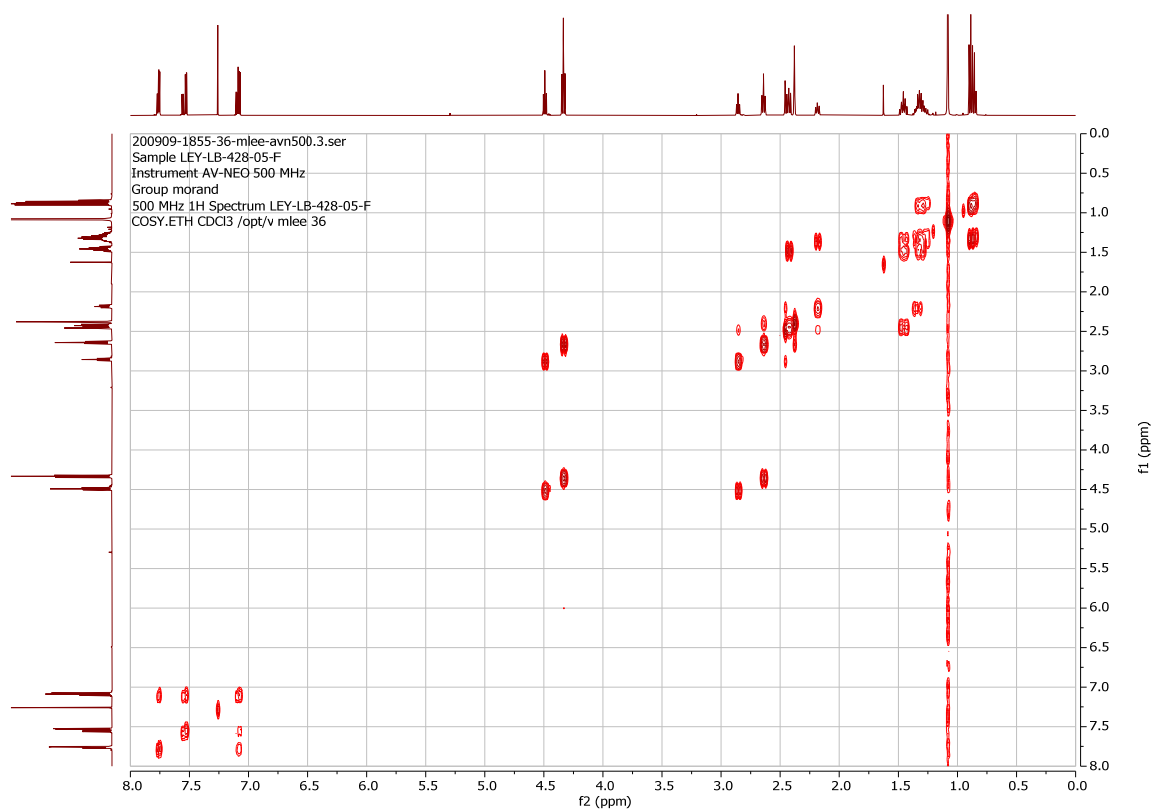




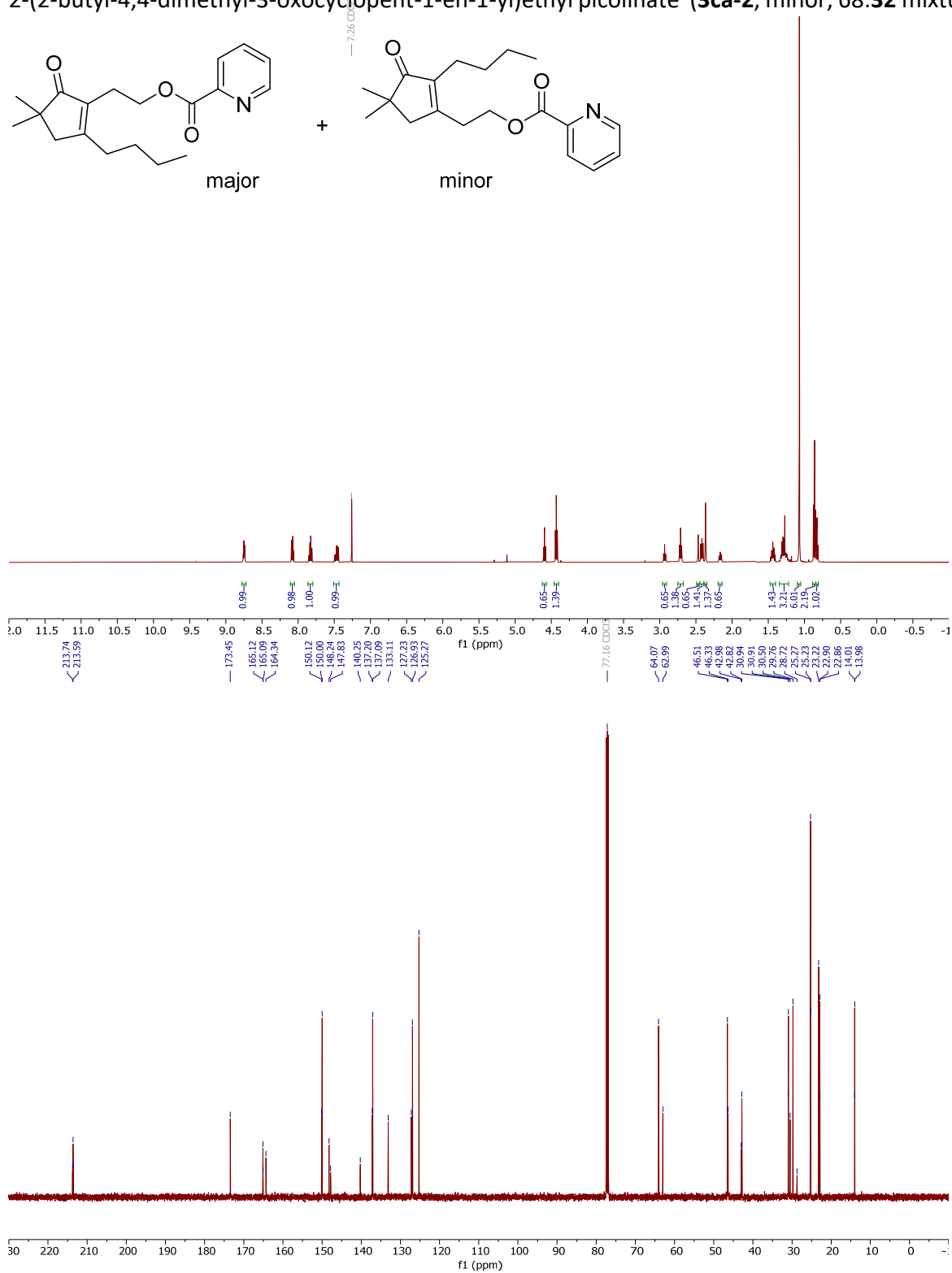
2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl thiophene-2-carboxylate (**3bz-1**, major, 66:34 mixture). 2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl thiophene-2-carboxylate (**3bz-2**, minor, 66:34 mixture).

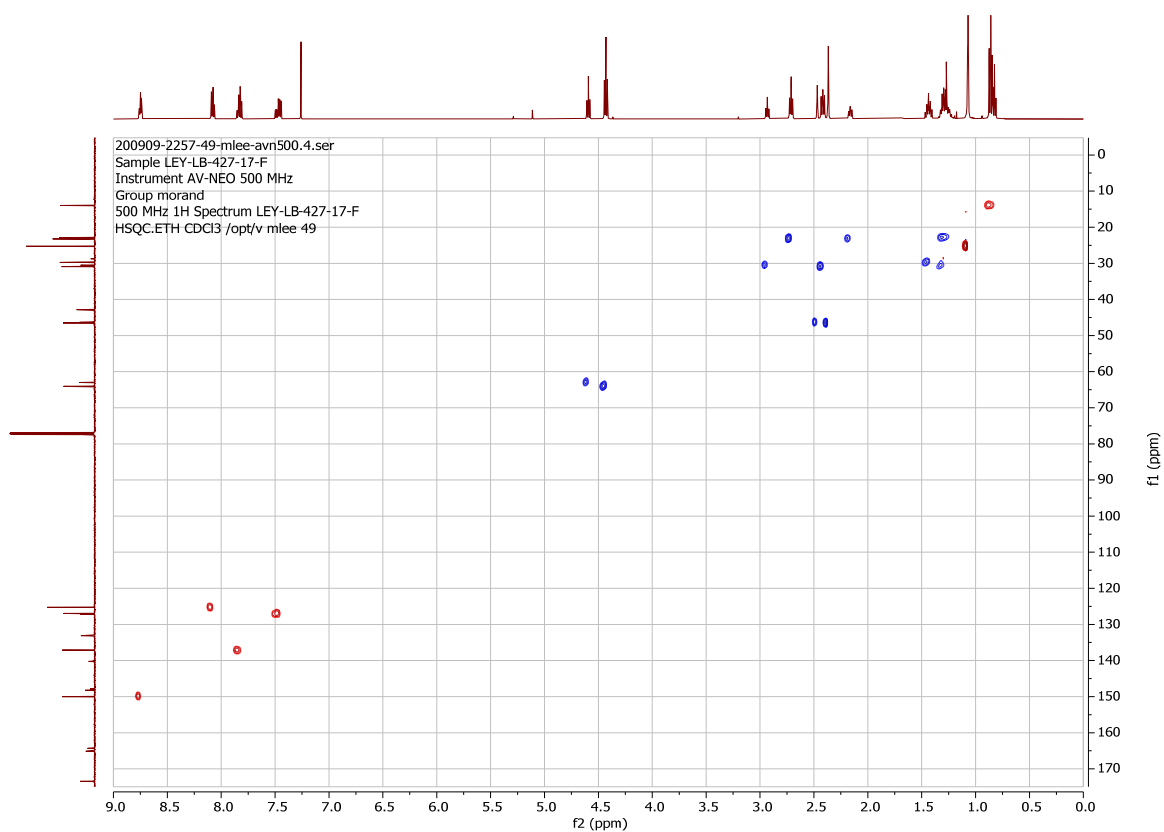
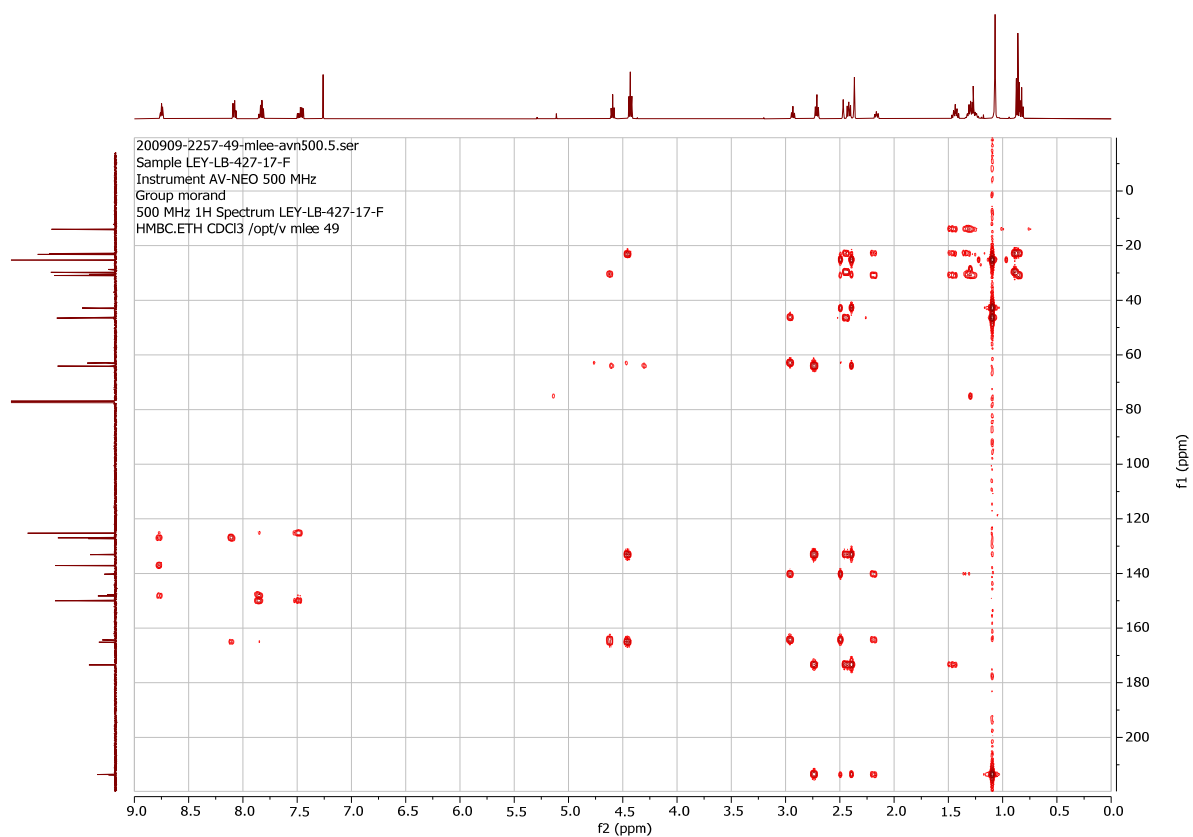


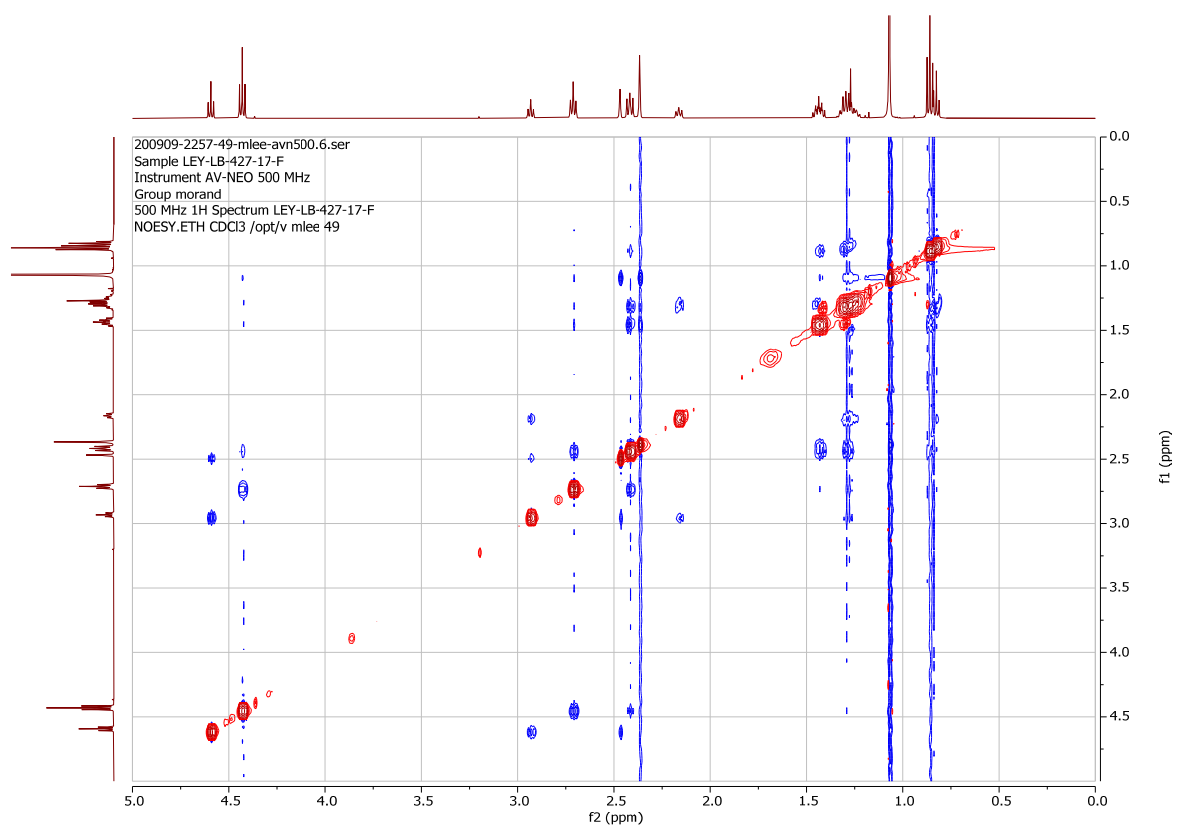
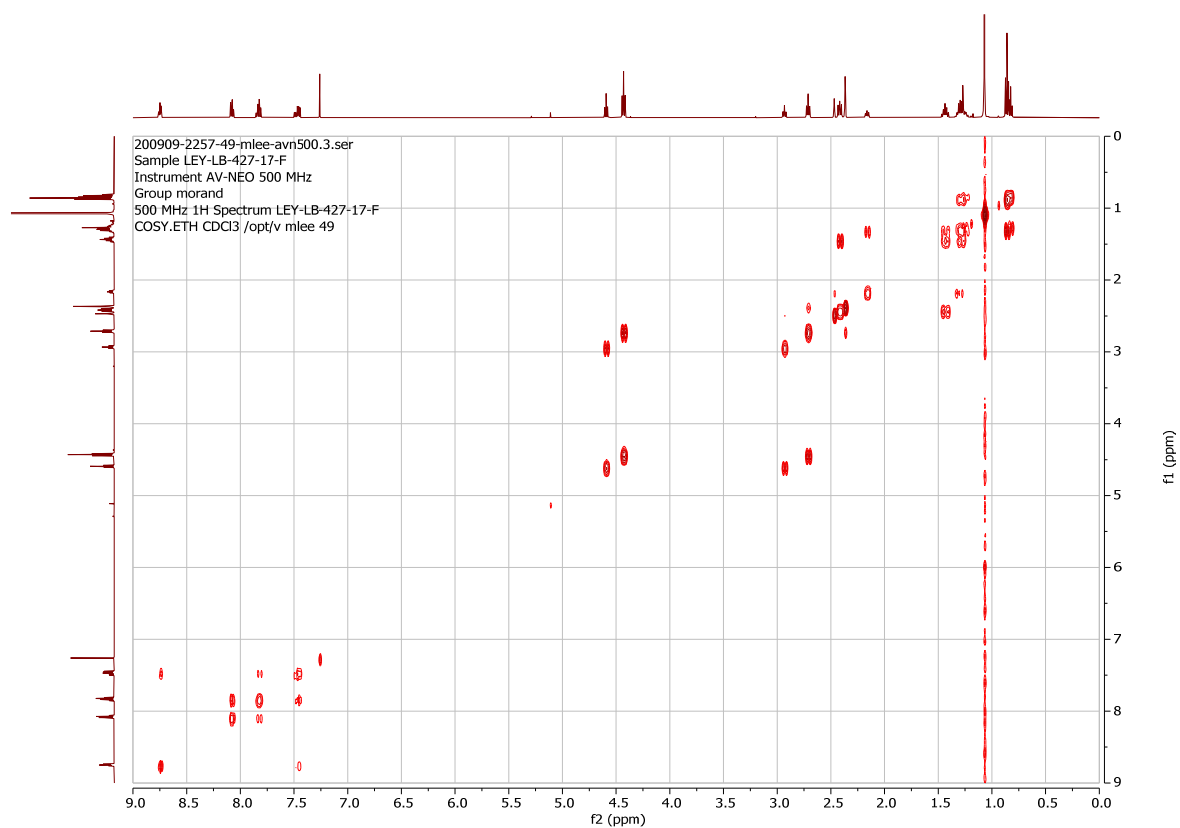




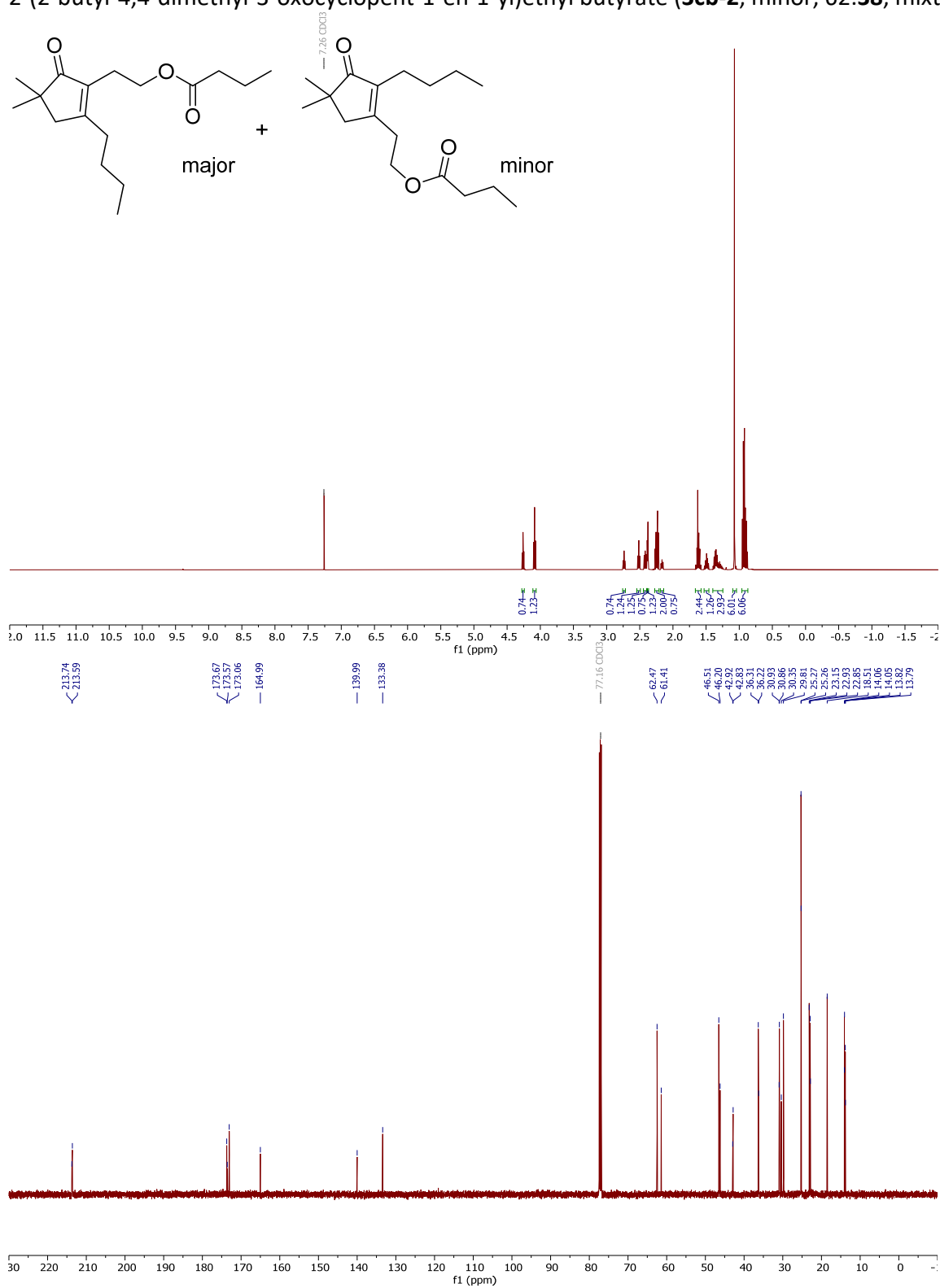
2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl picolinate (**3ca-1**, major, 68:32 mixture).
 2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl picolinate (**3ca-2**, minor, 68:32 mixture).

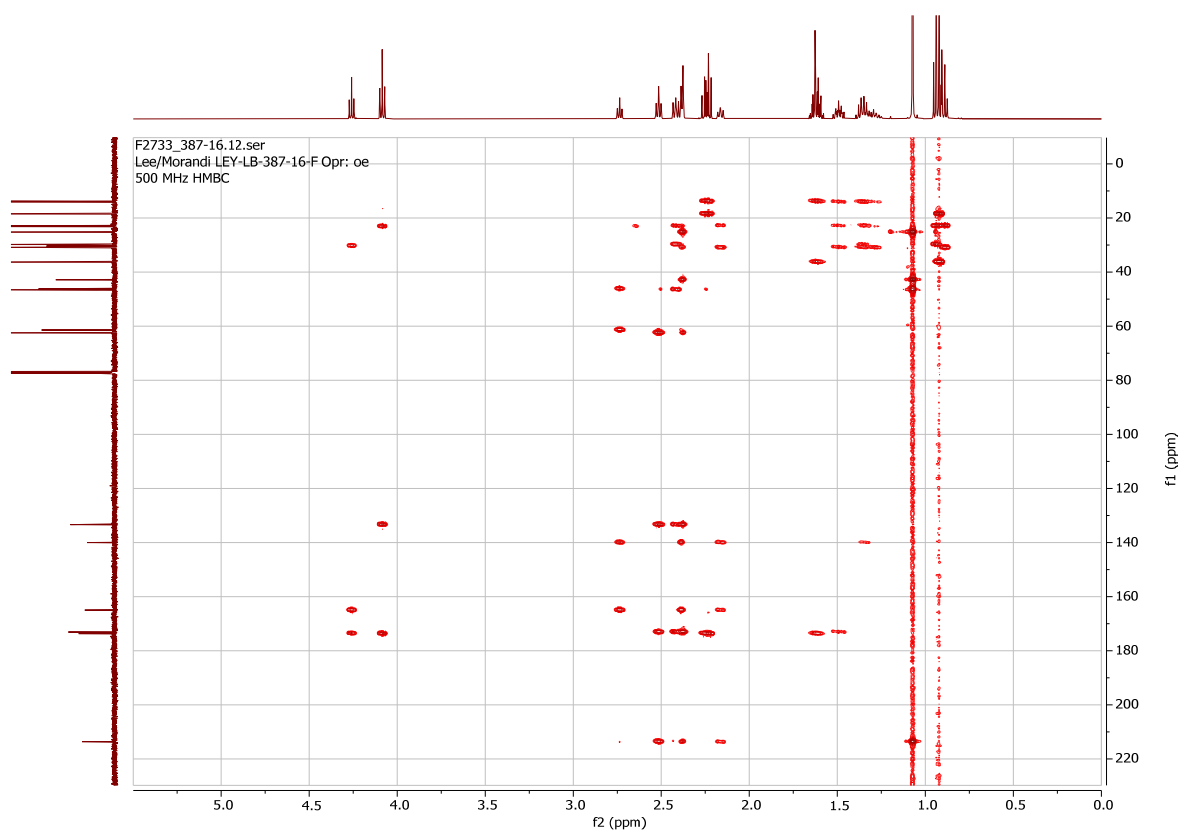
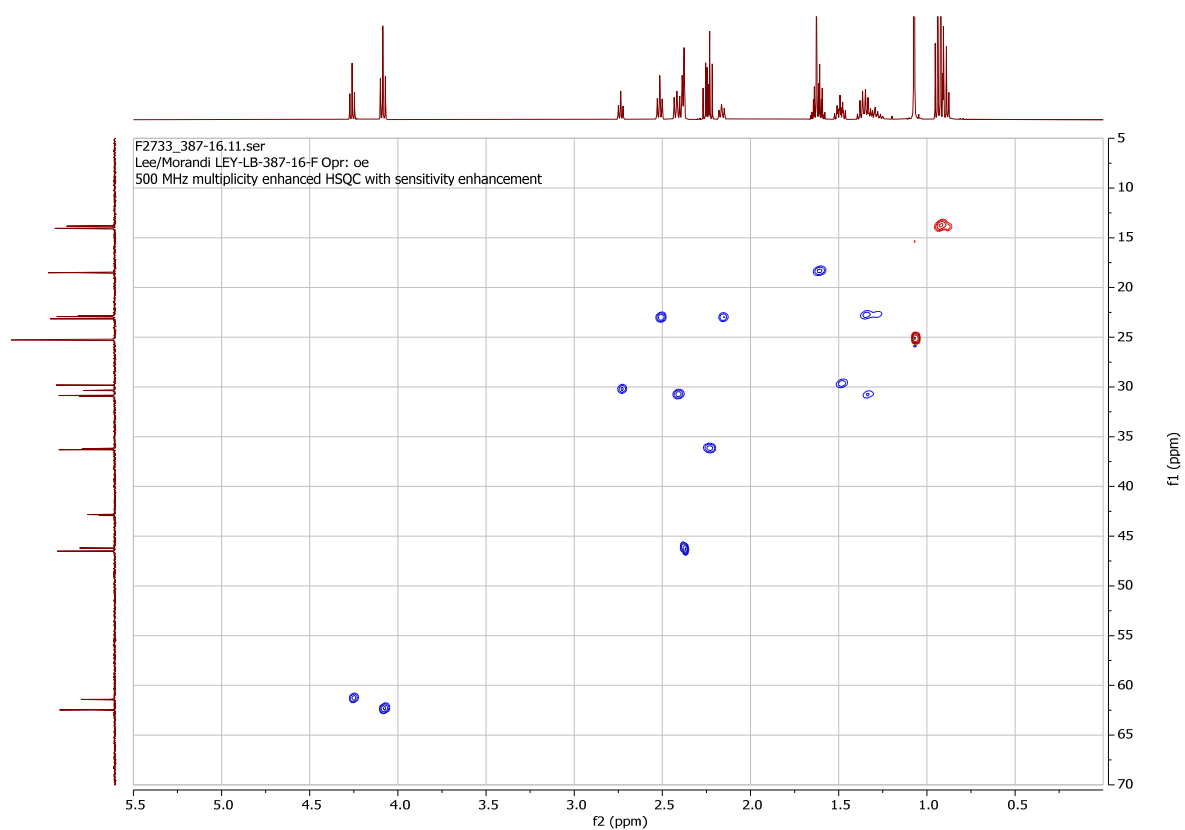


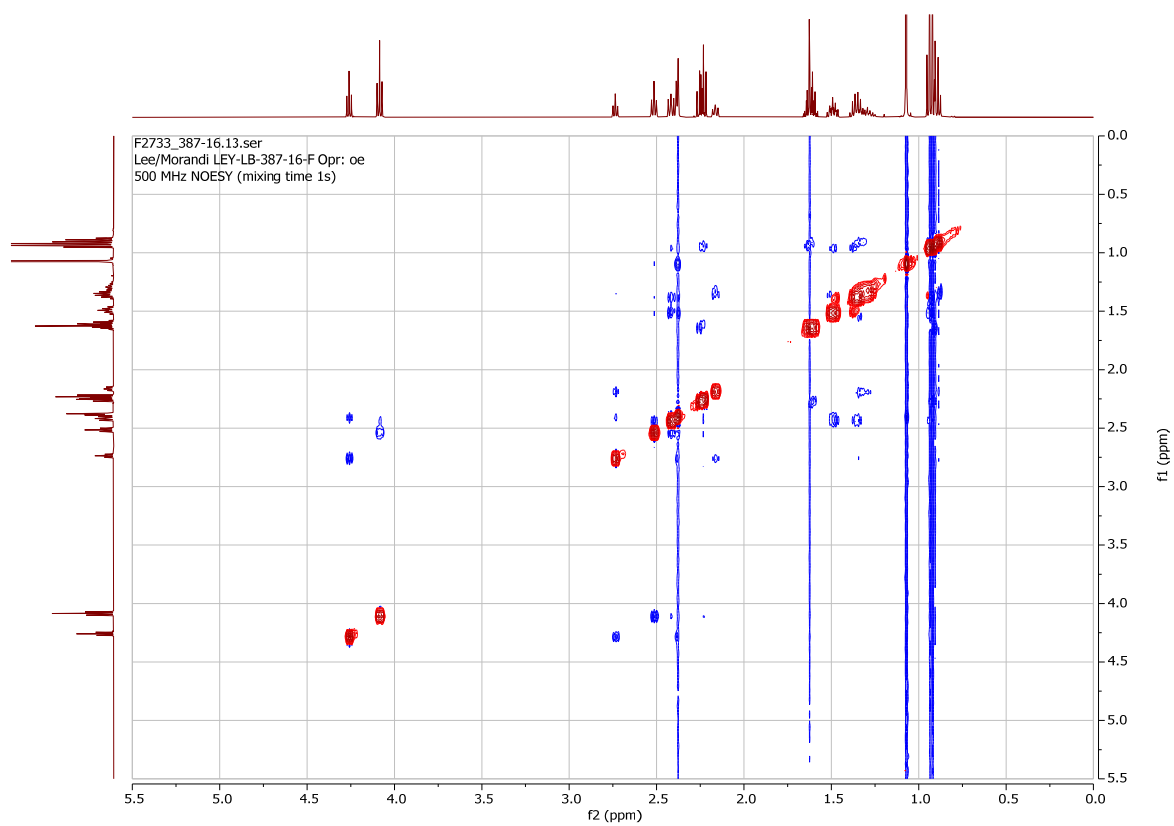
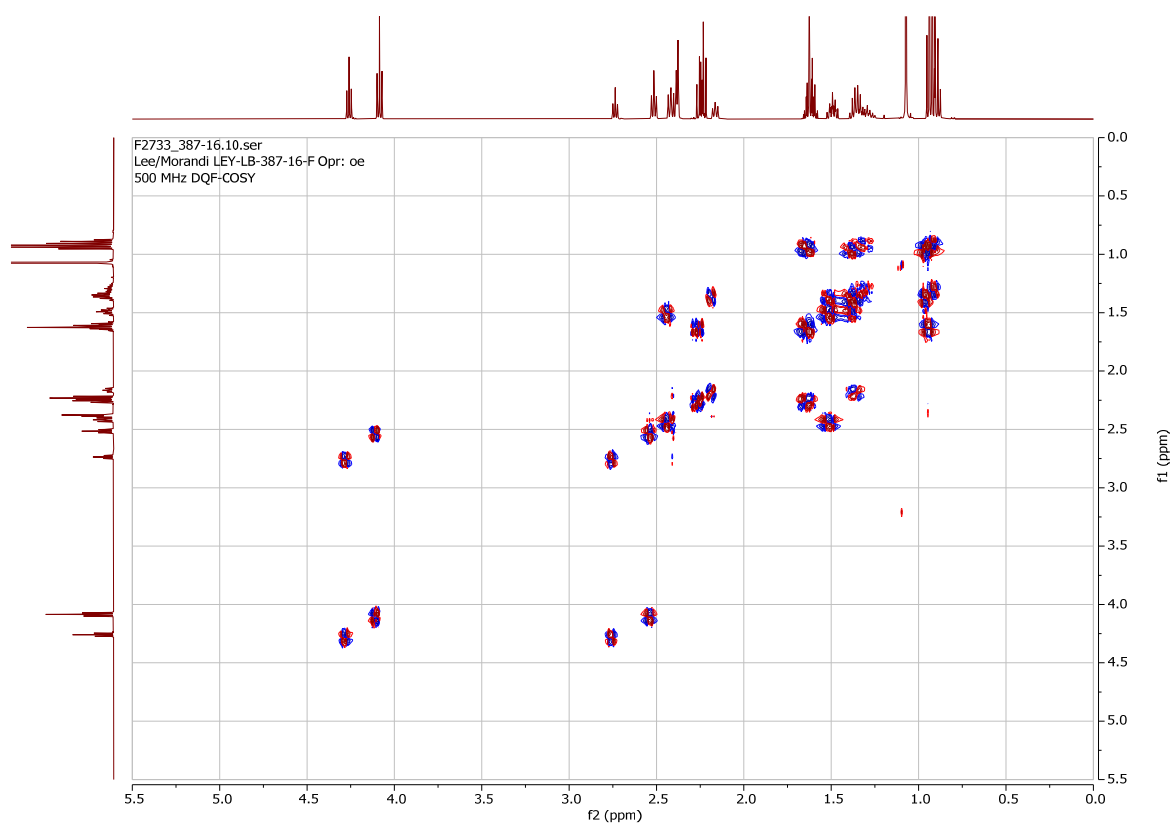




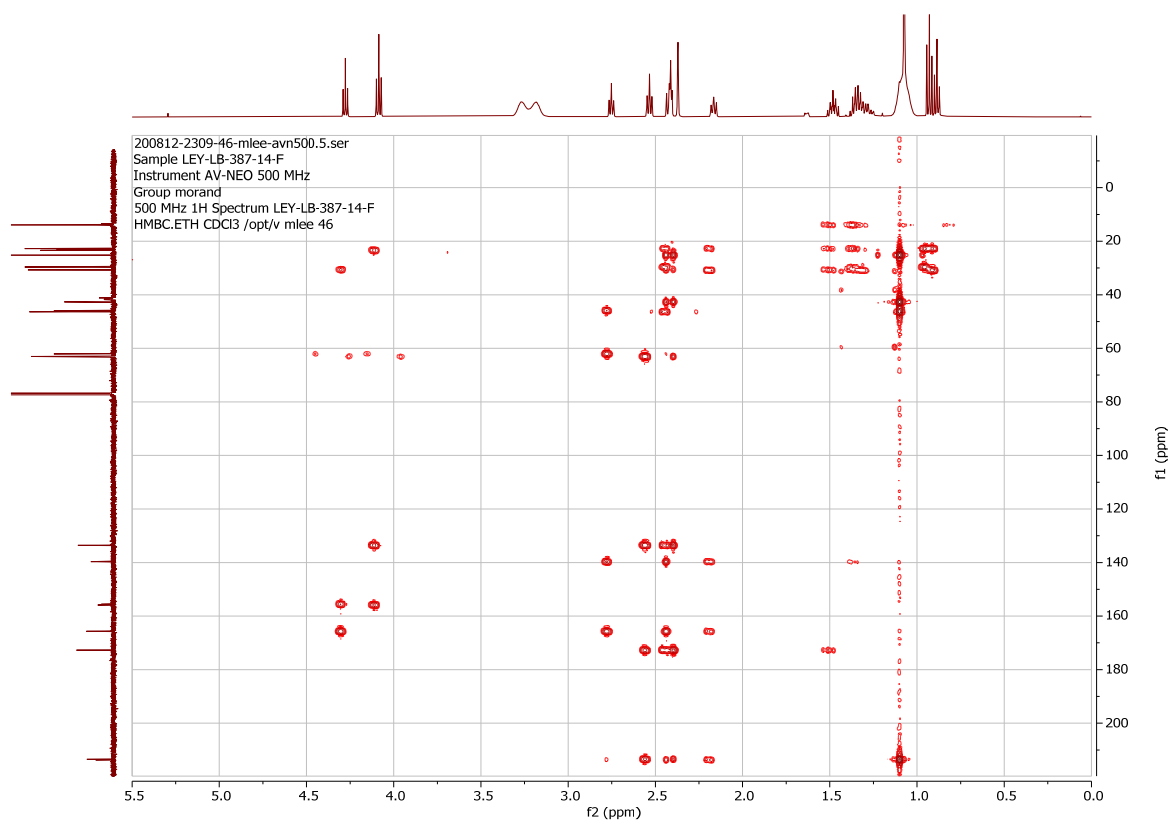
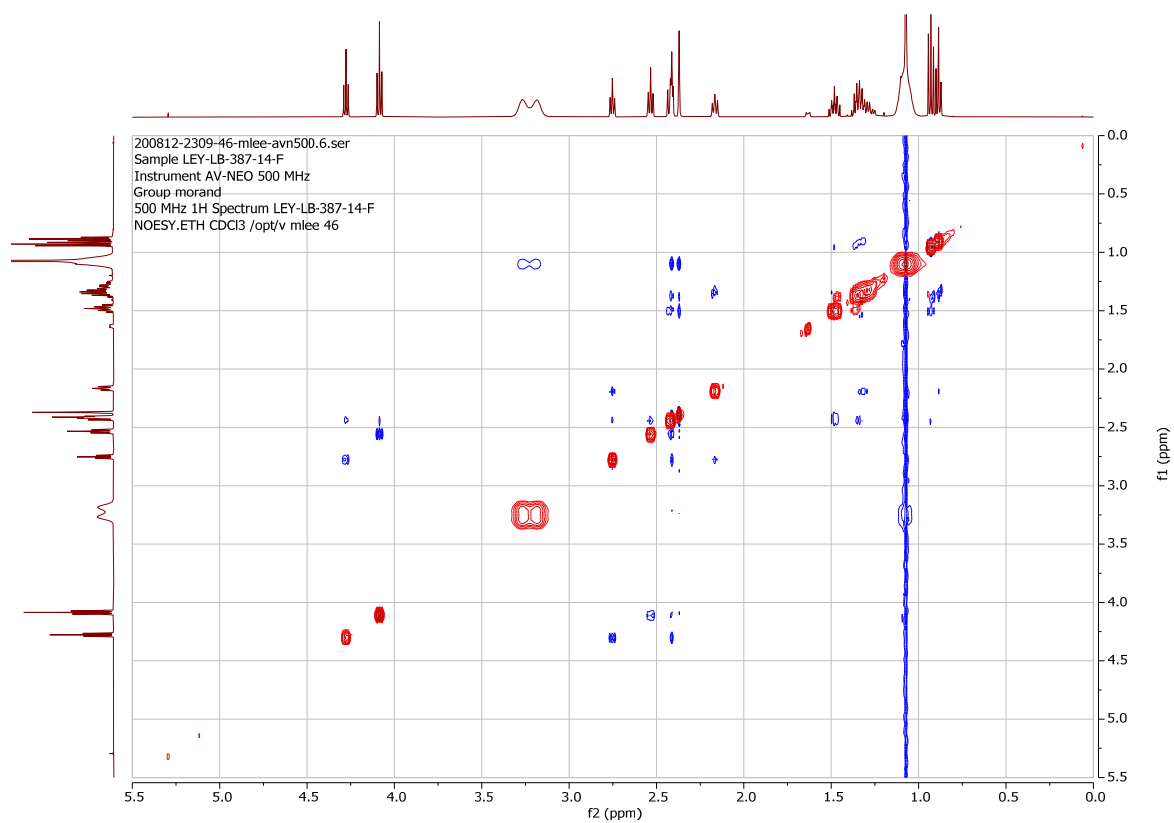
2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-5-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl butyrate (**3cb-1**, major, 62:38 mixture).
 2-(2-butyl-4,4-dimethyl-3-oxocyclopent-1-en-1-yl)ethyl butyrate (**3cb-2**, minor, 62:38, mixture).

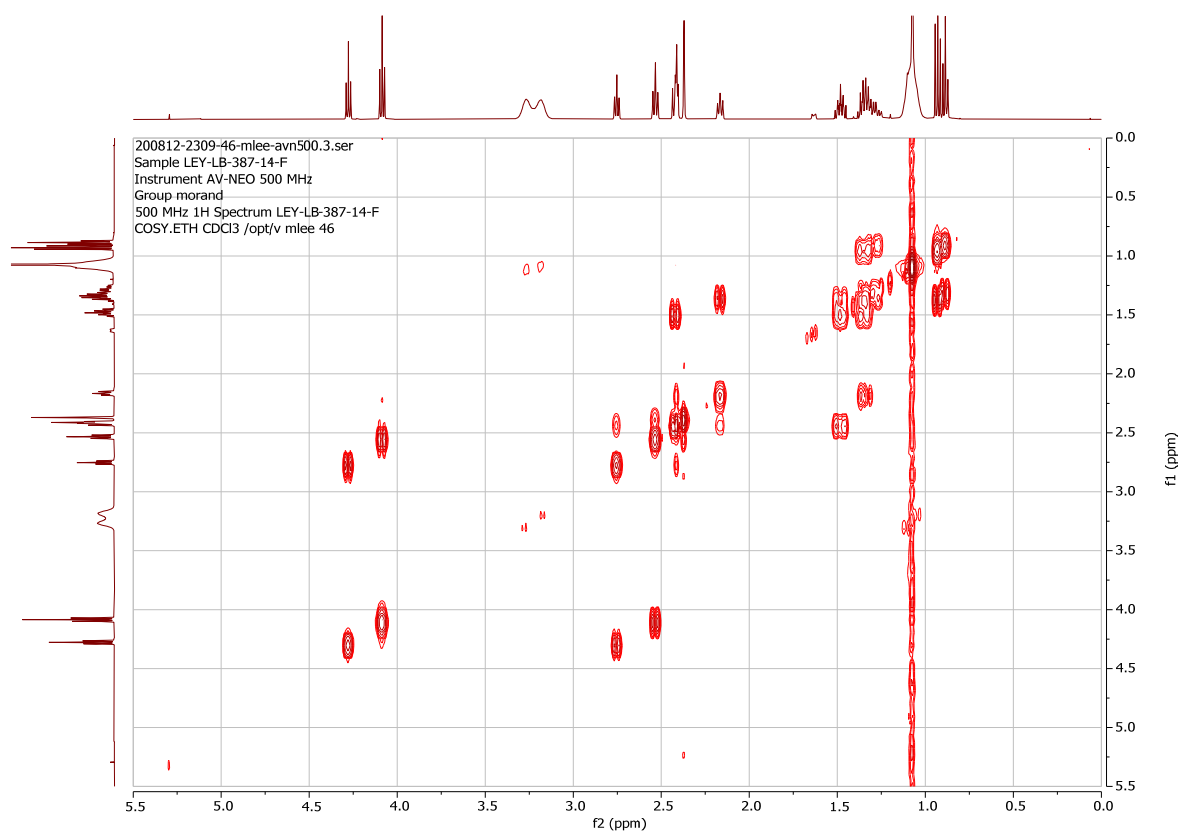
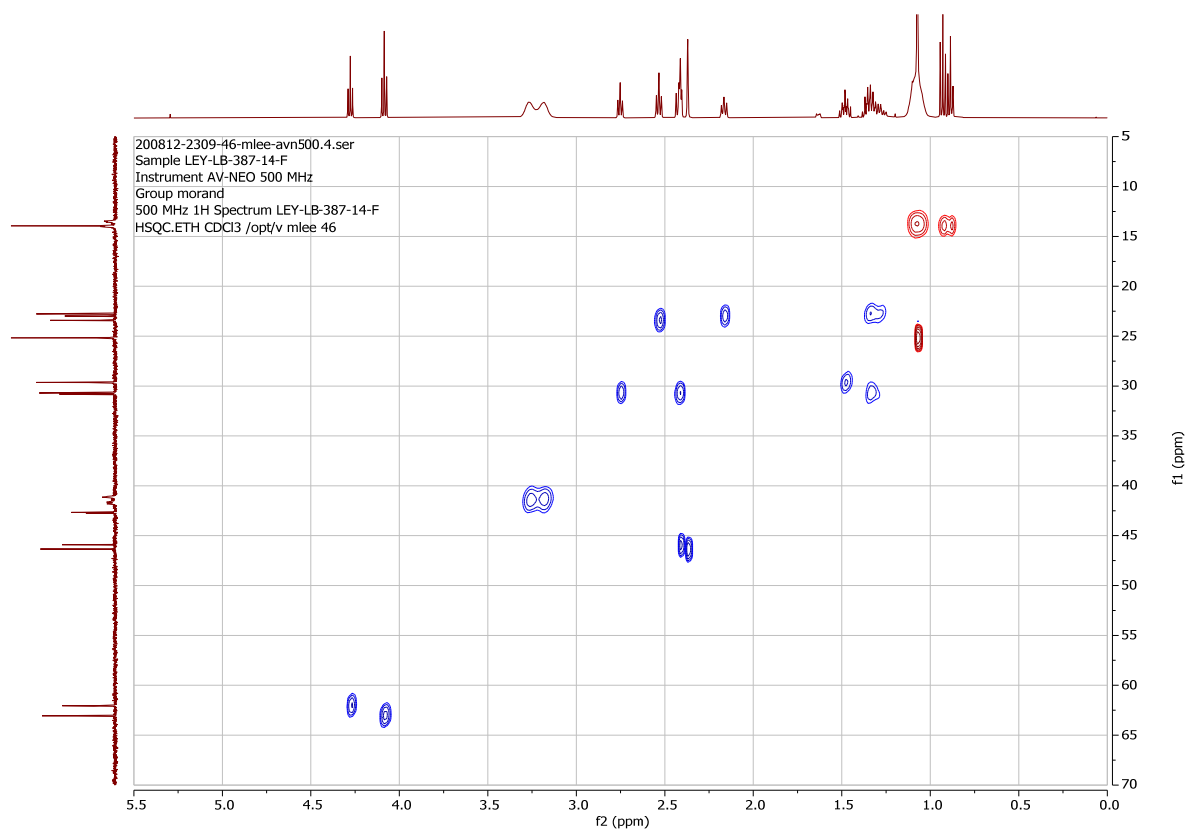






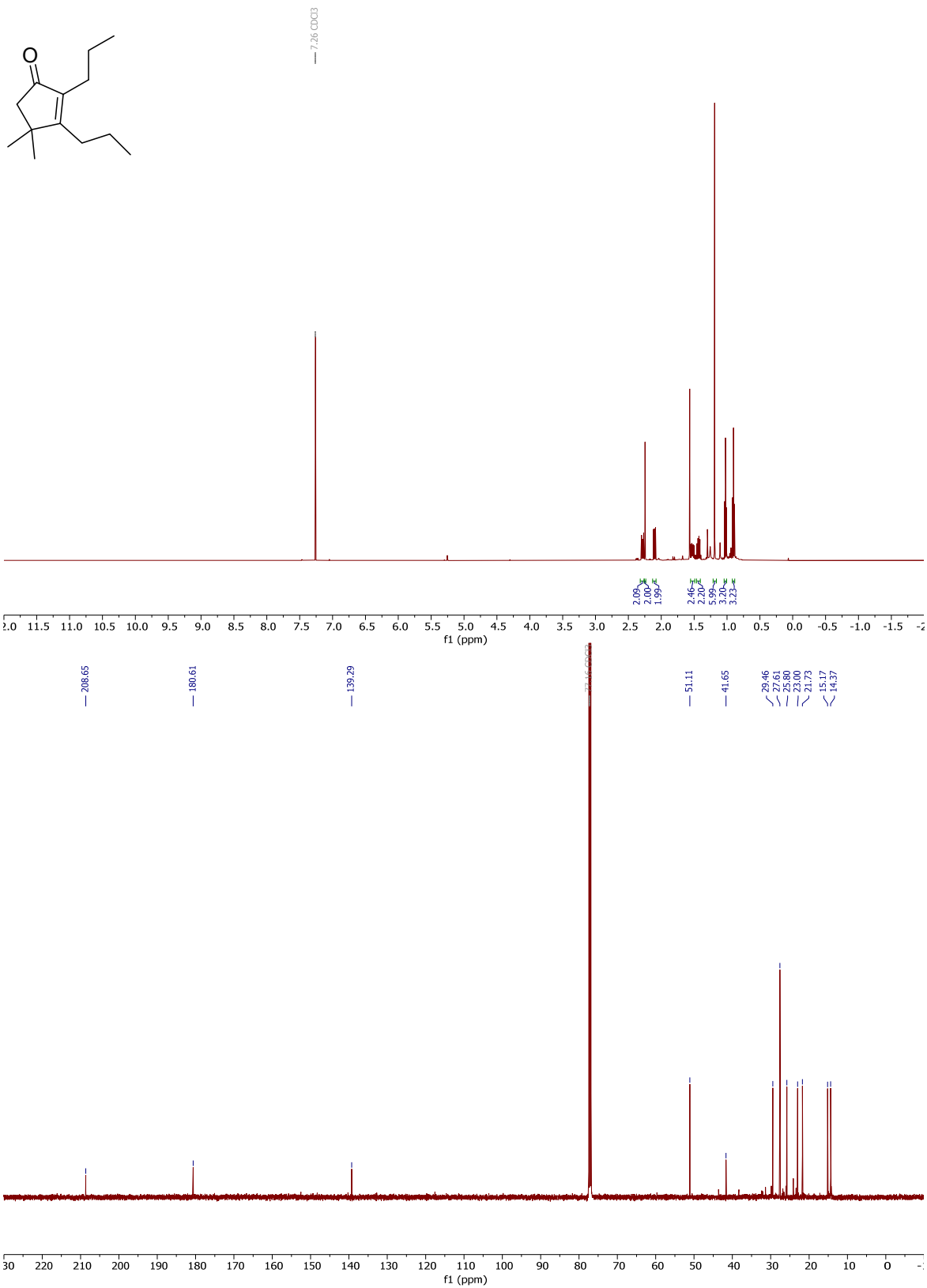
[illegible]



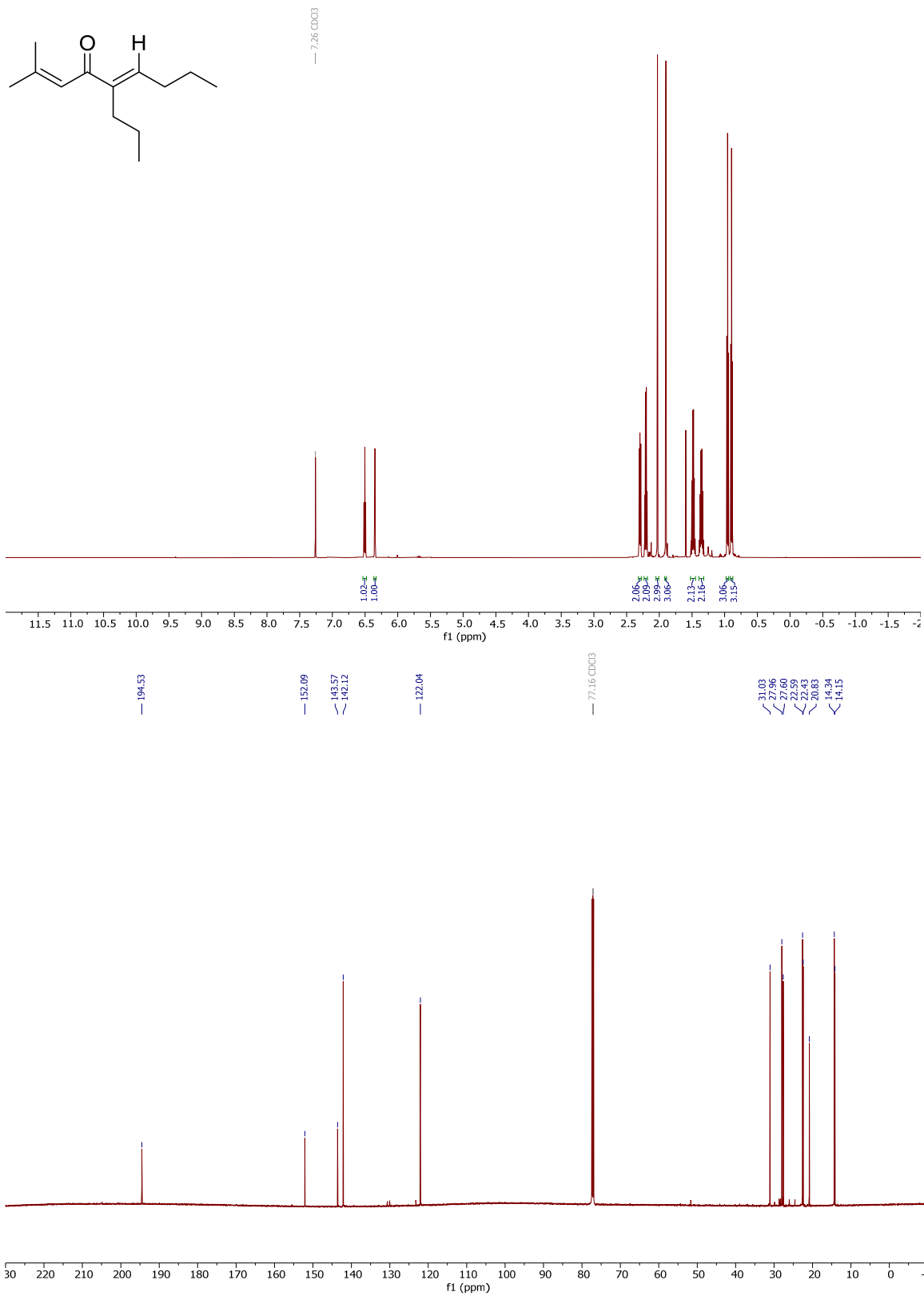


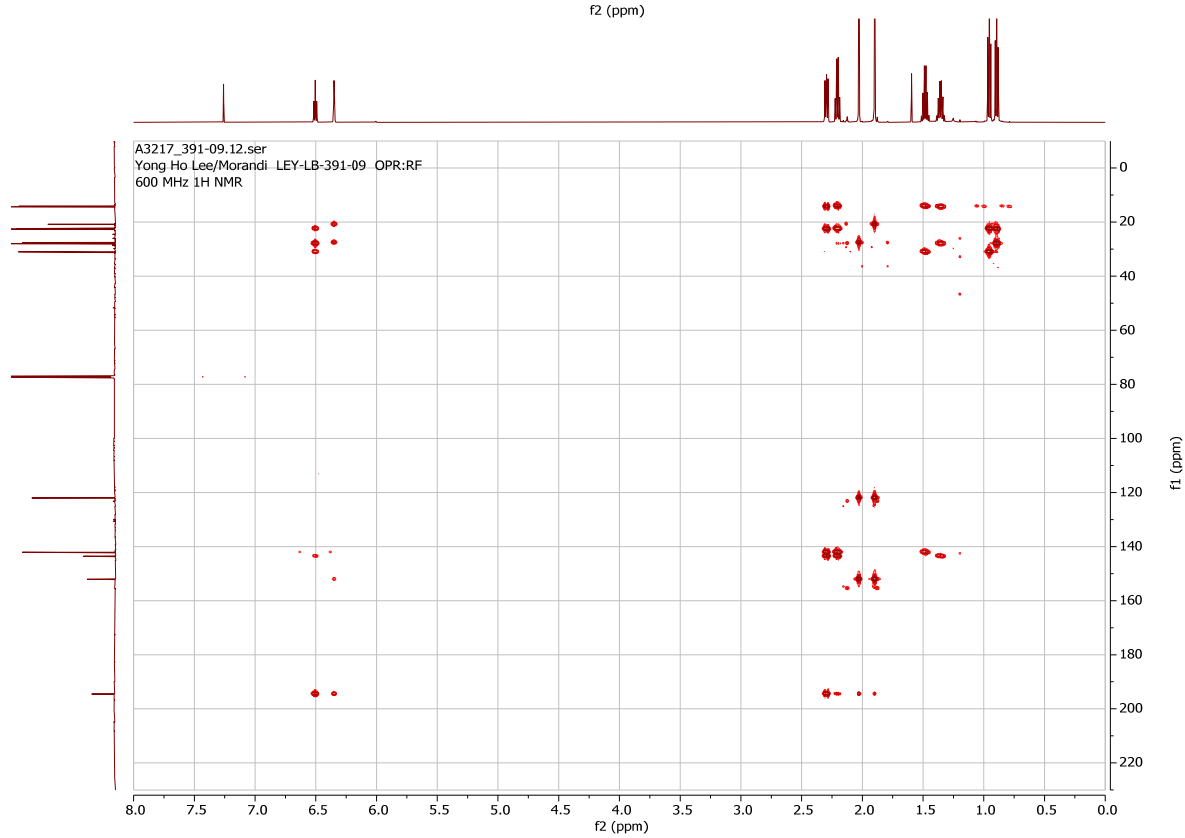
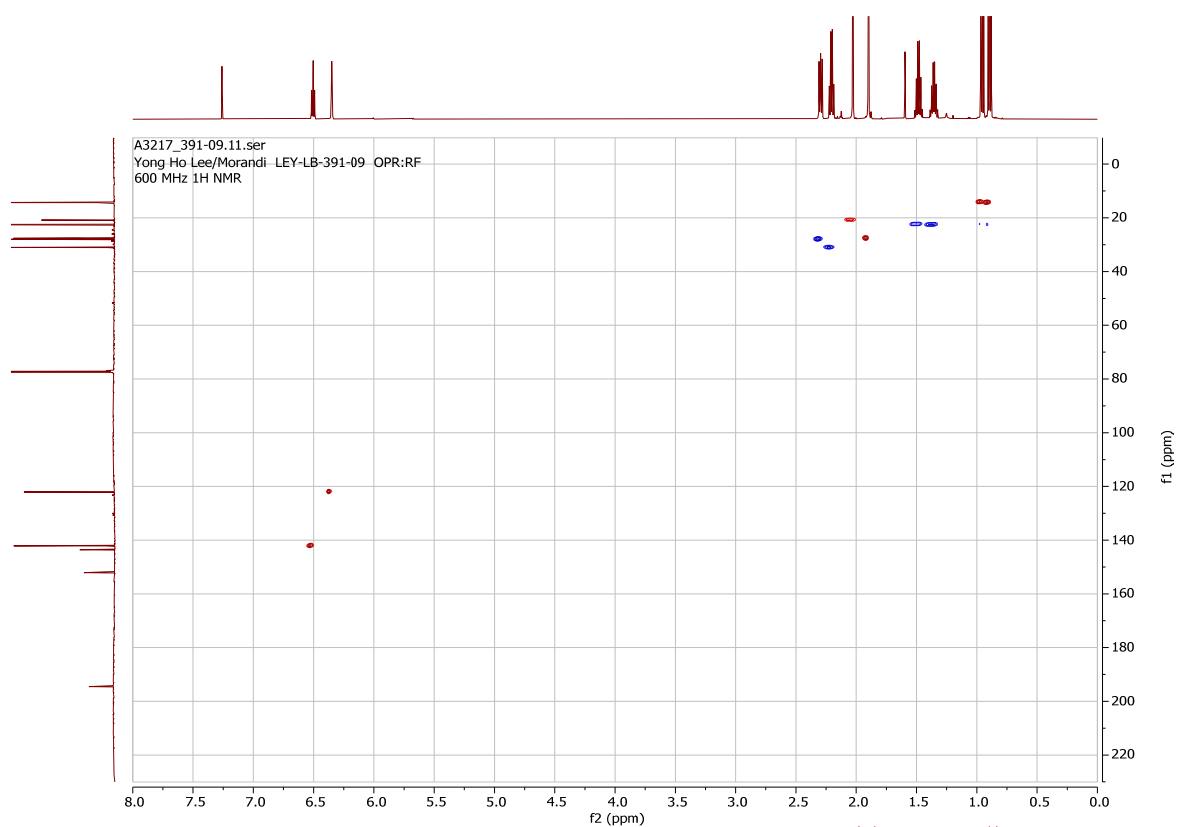
11.2. Carbonylative carbocyclization (other transition metals)

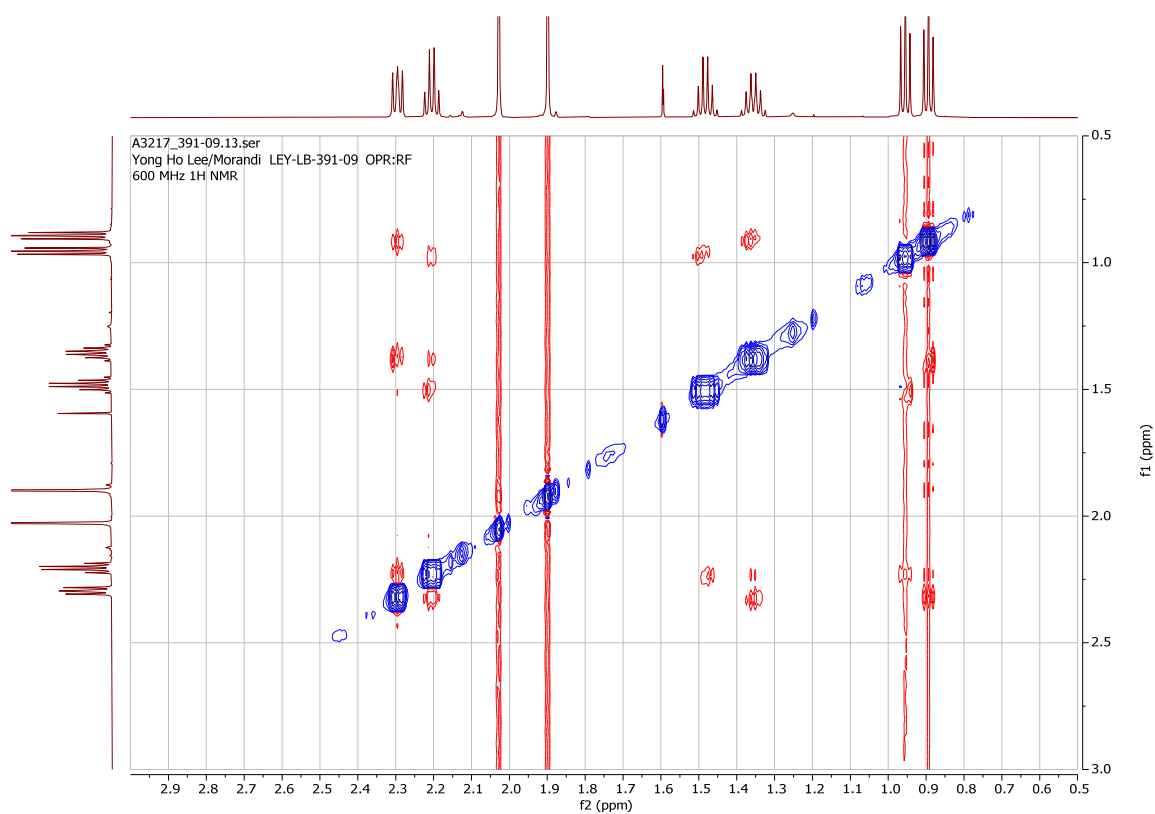
4,4-dimethyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**4a**).



(*E*)-2-methyl-5-propylnona-2,5-dien-4-one (**5a**).

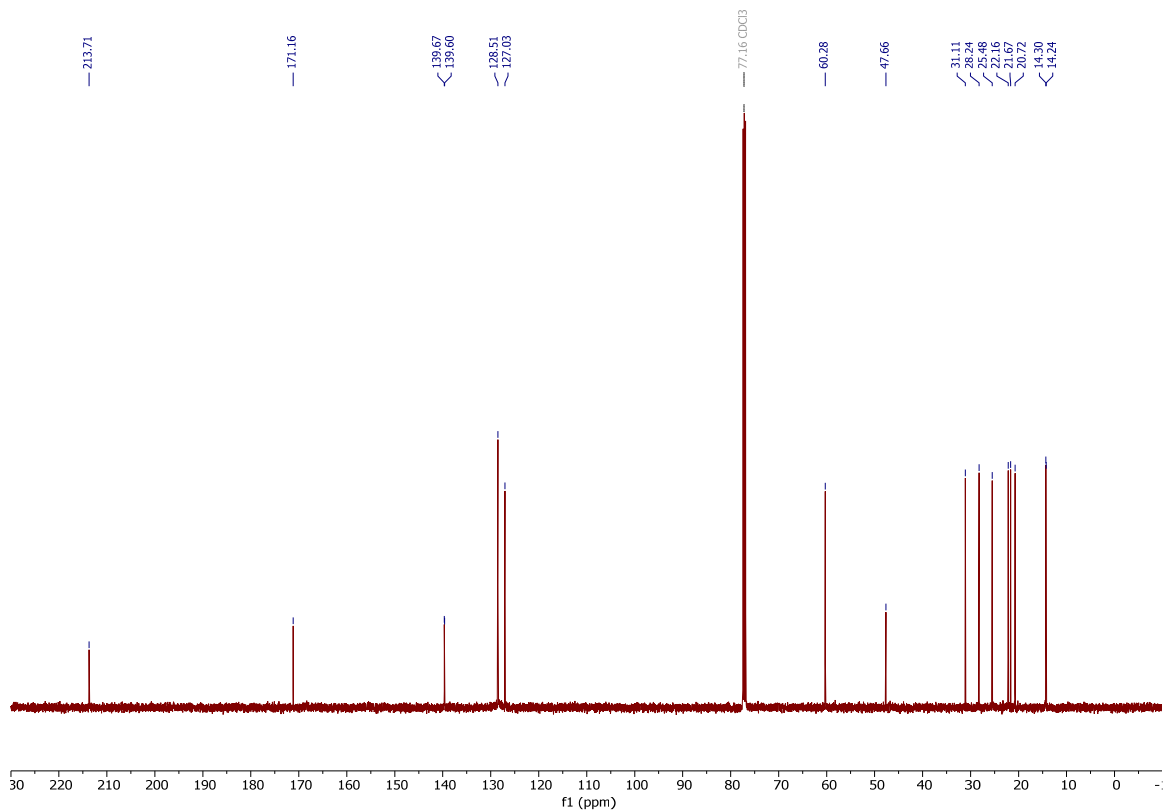
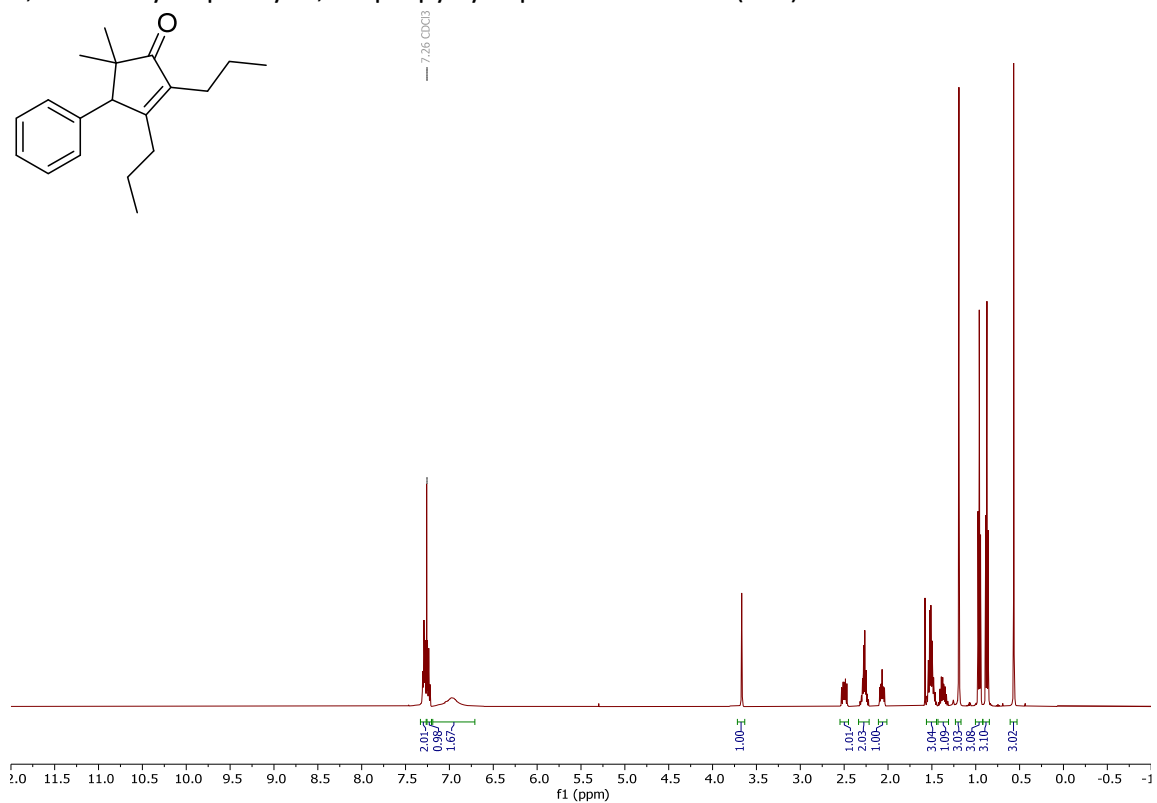
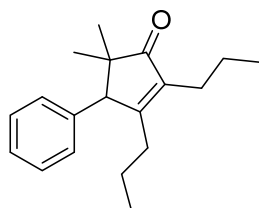


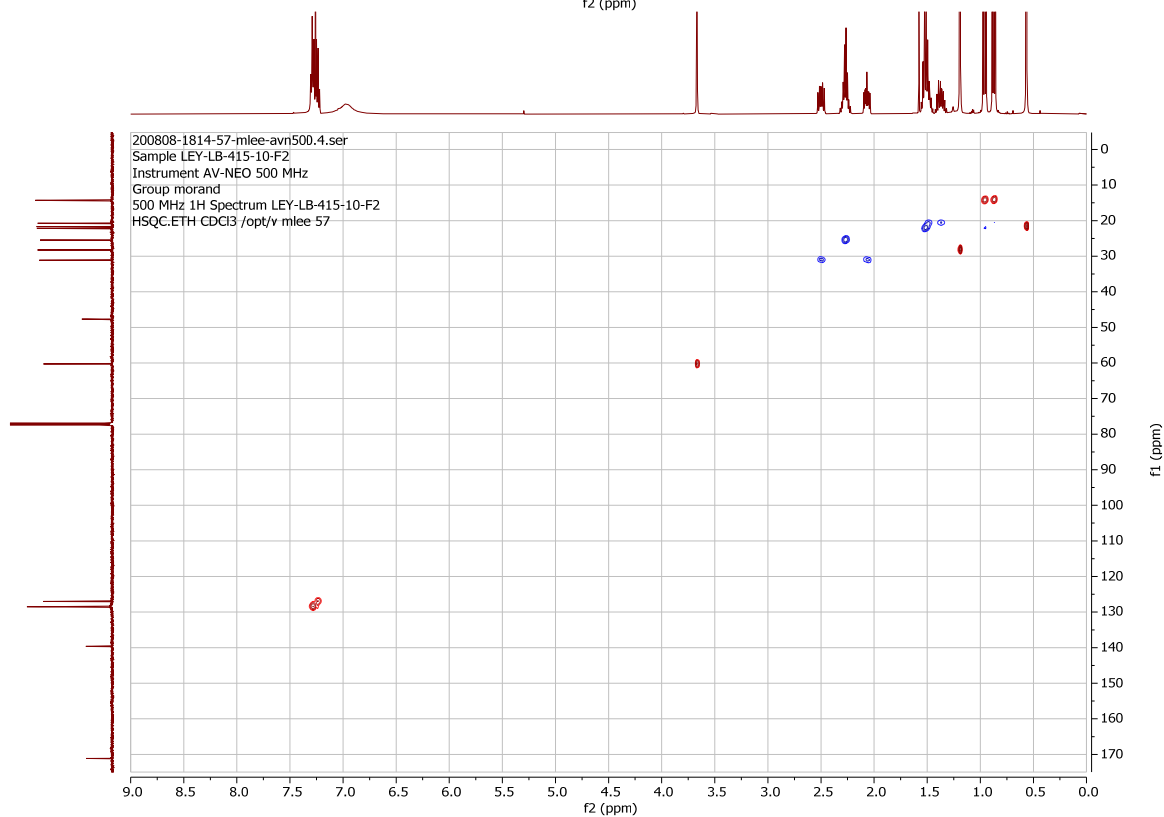
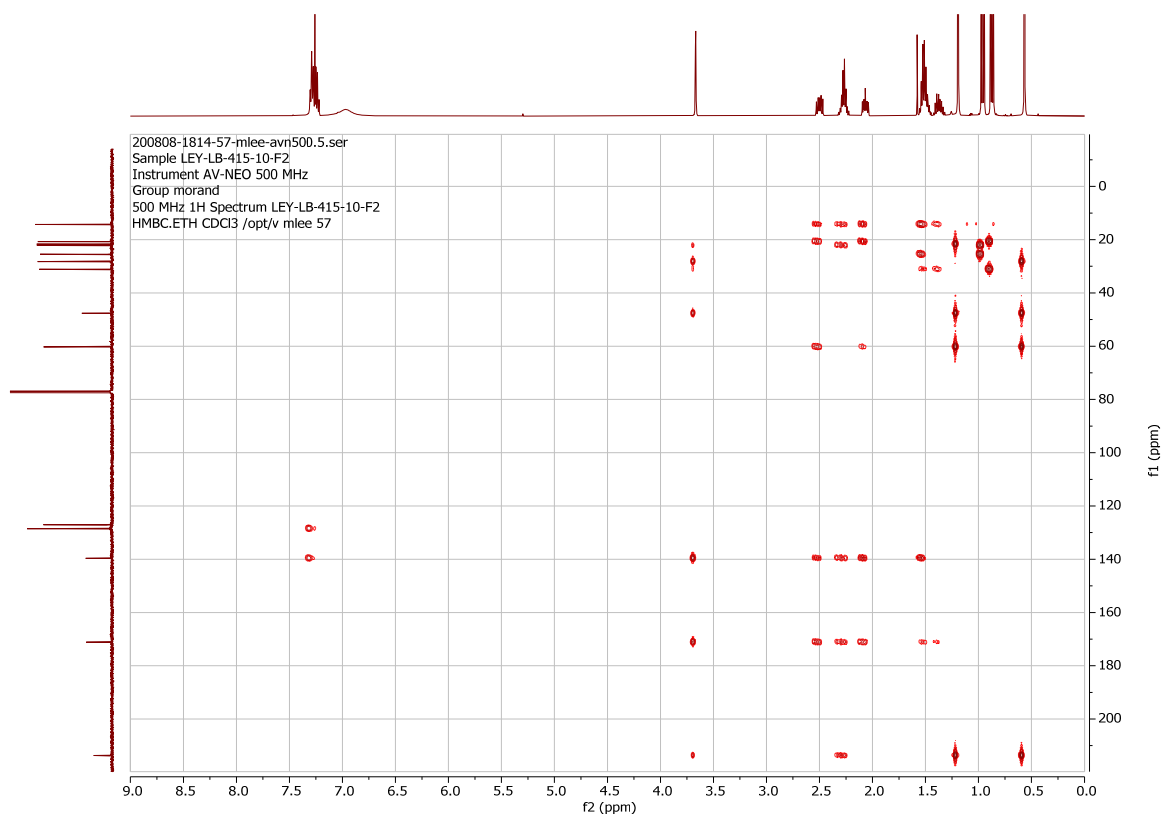


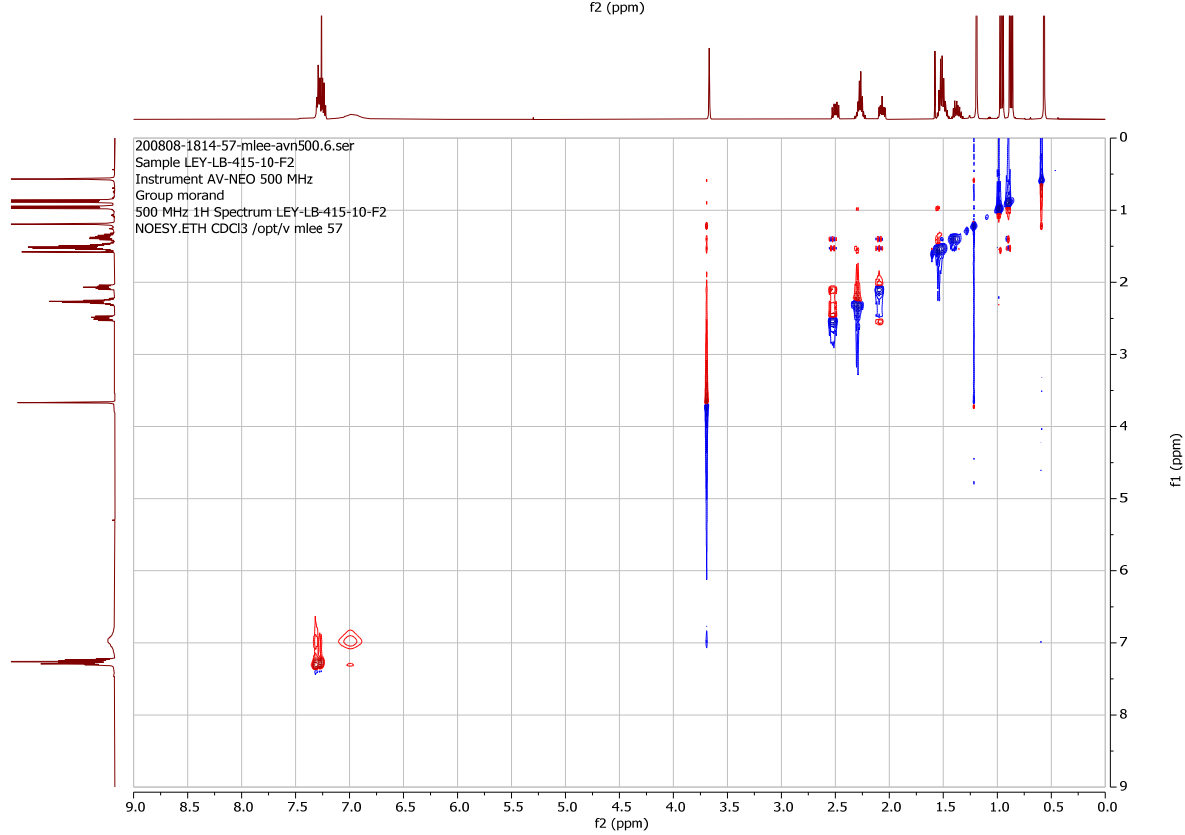
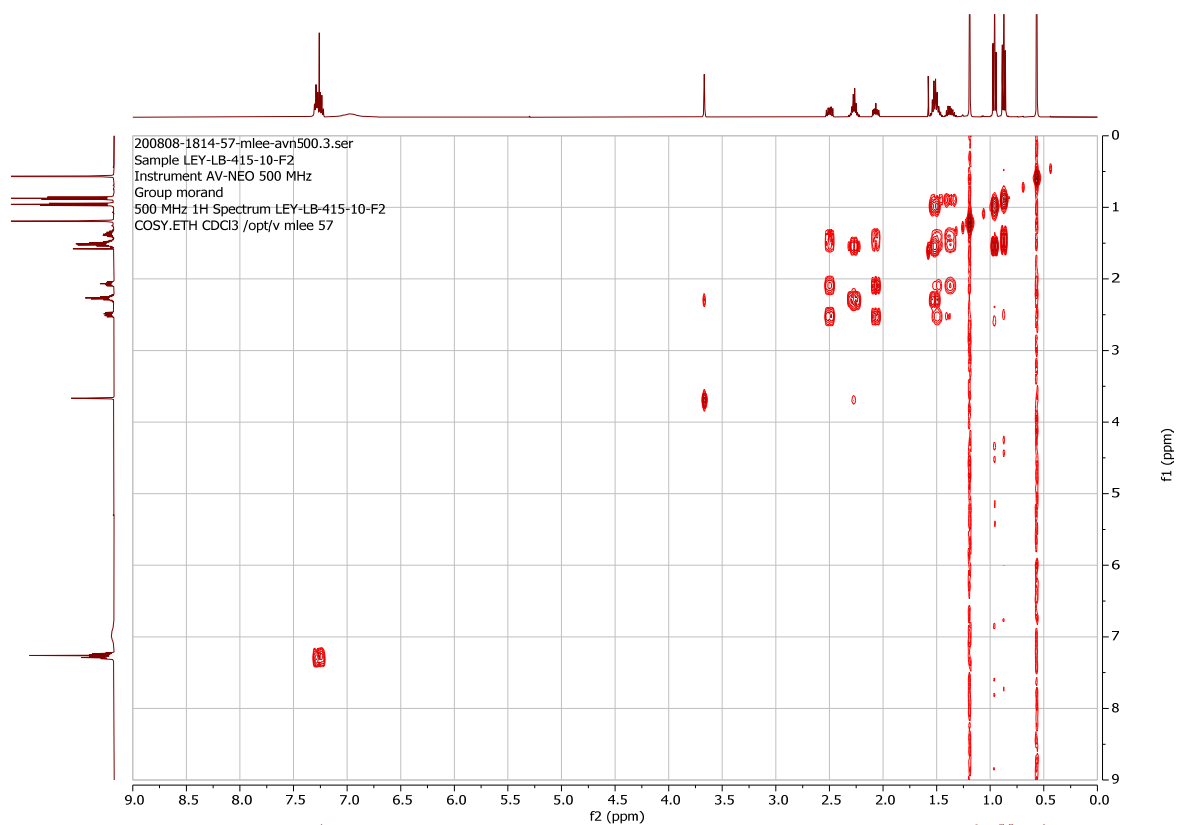


11.3. Carbonylative carbocyclization (using a tin reagent)

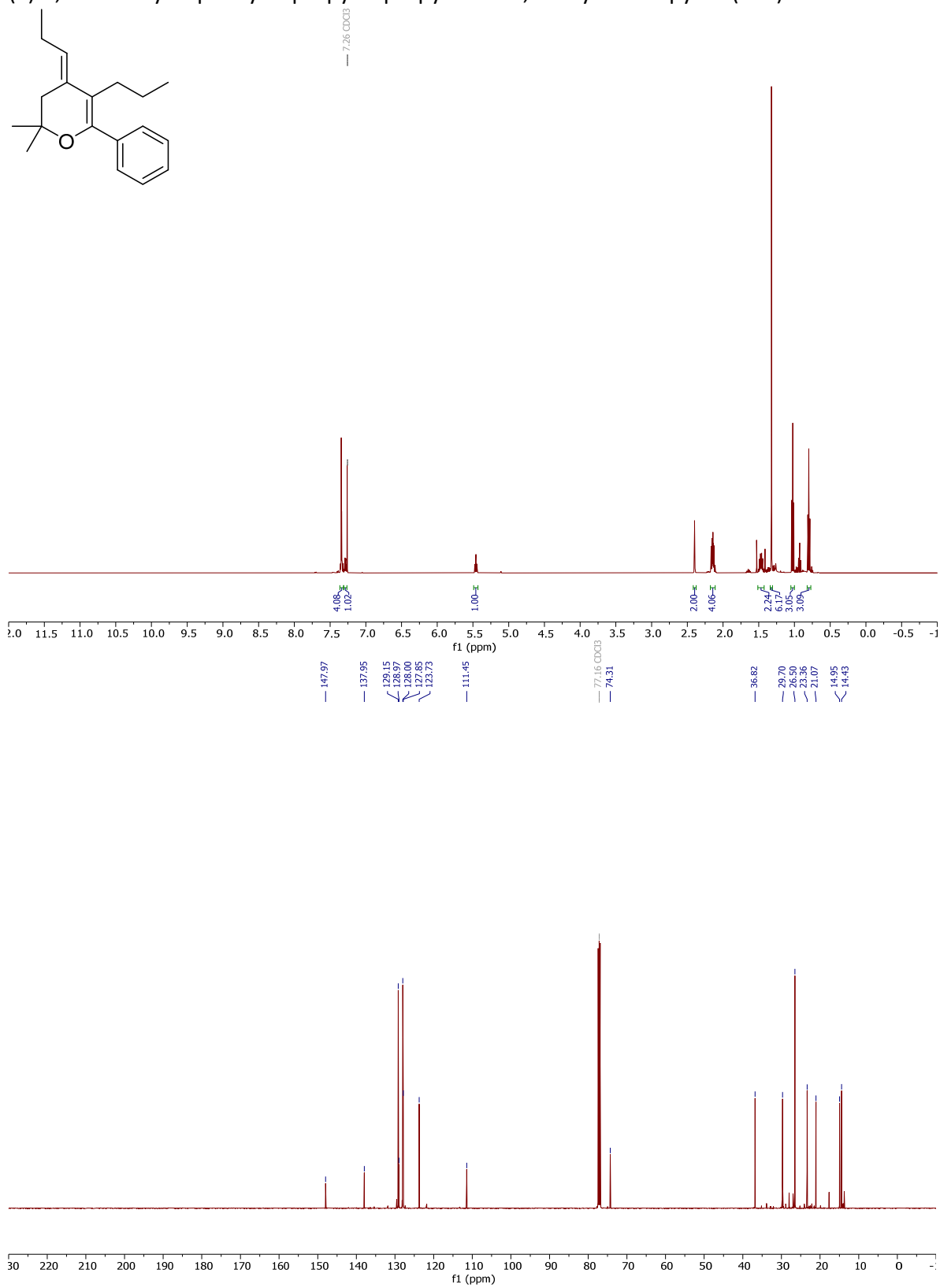
5,5-dimethyl-4-phenyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3av**).

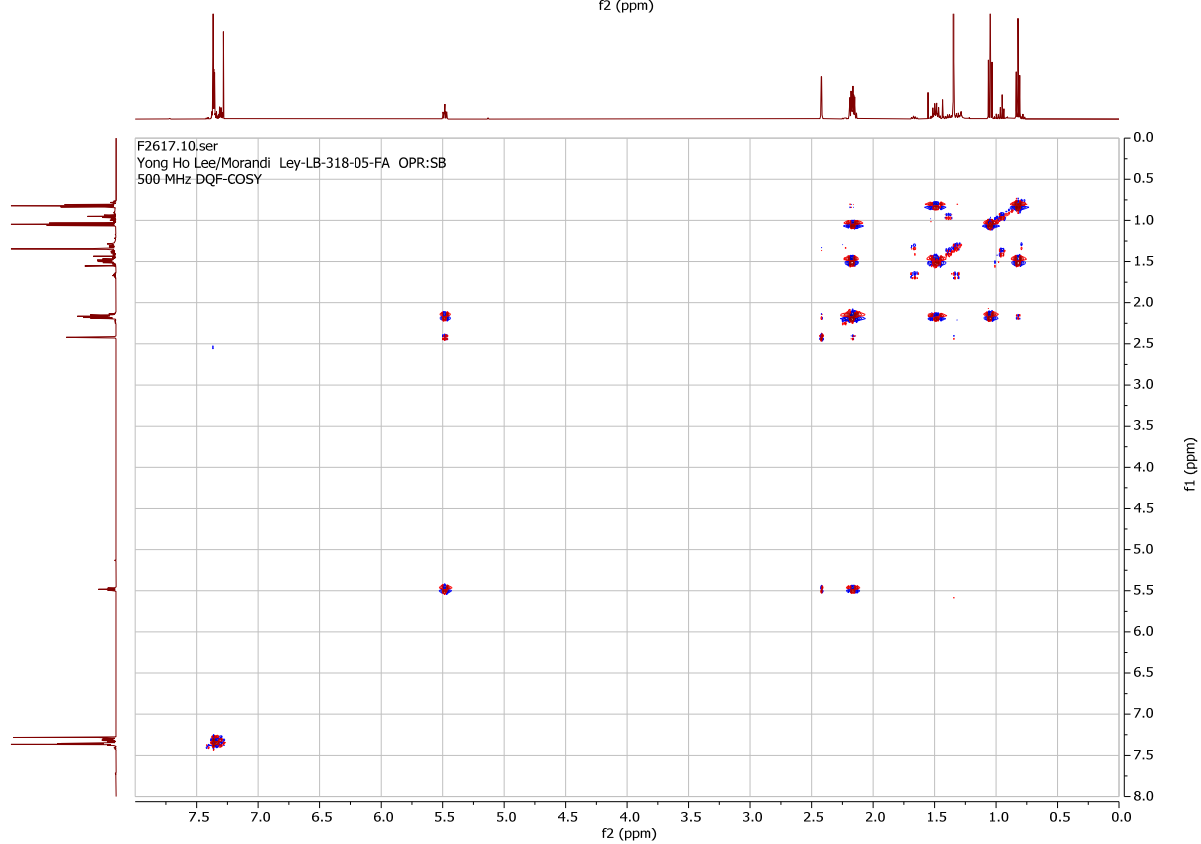
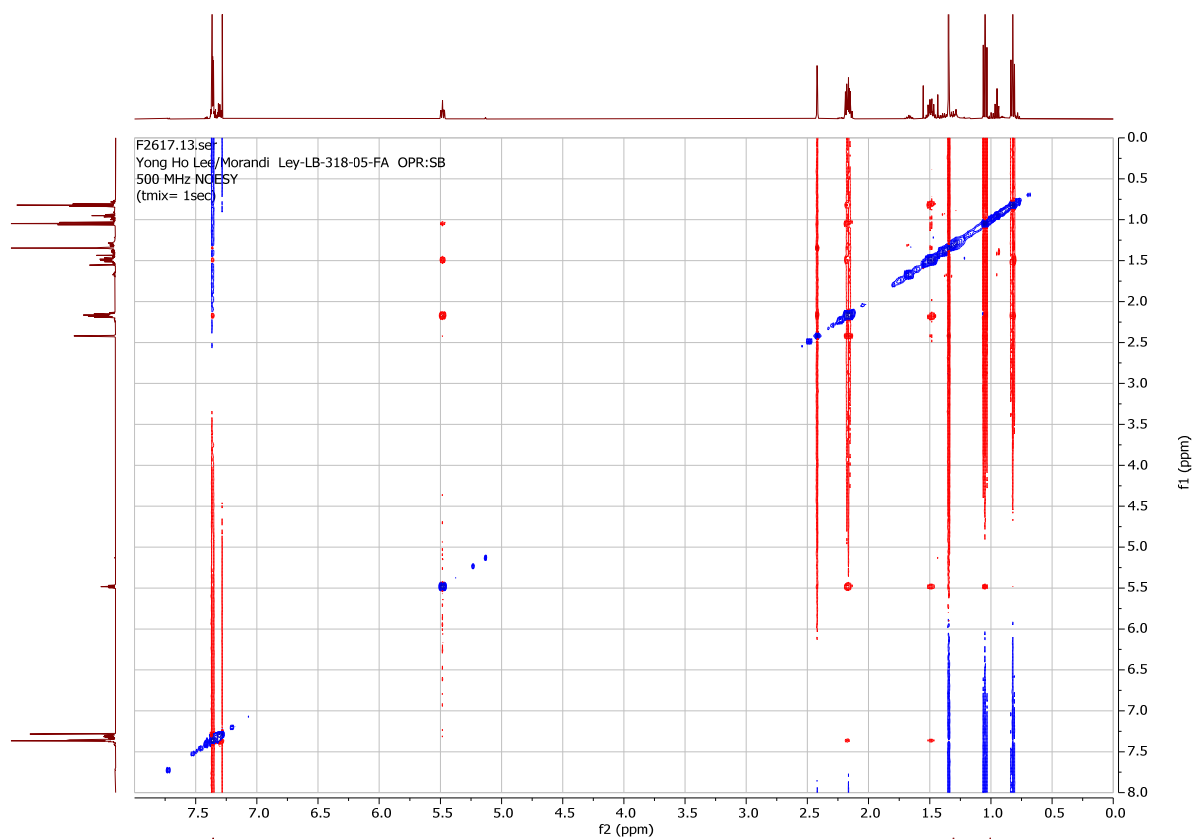


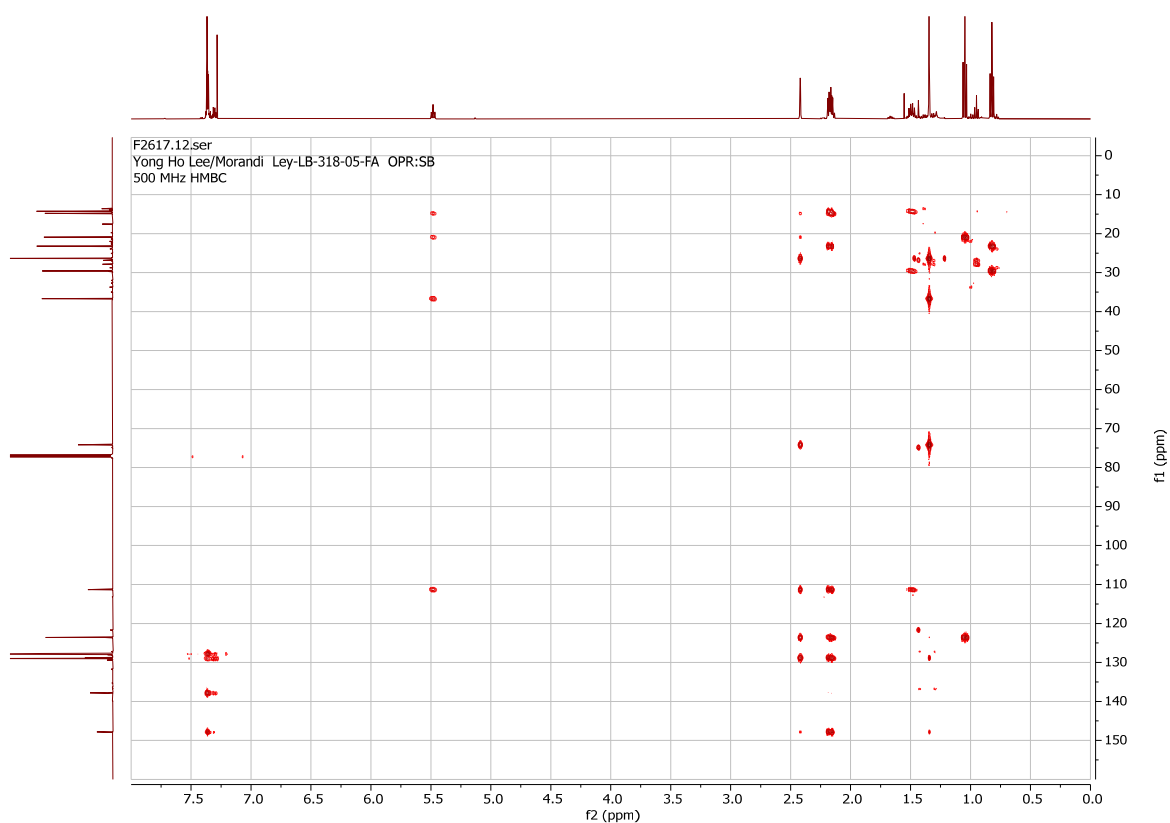
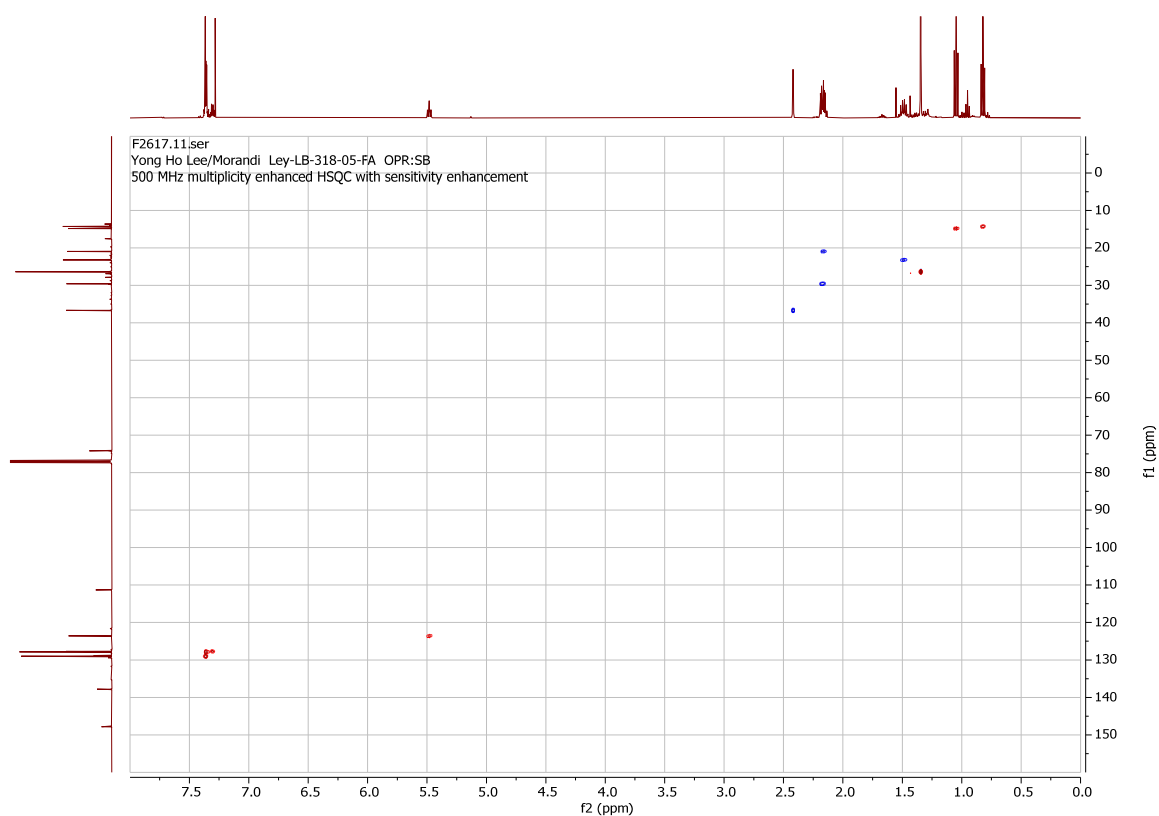




(*E*)-2,2-dimethyl-6-phenyl-5-propyl-4-propylidene-3,4-dihydro-2*H*-pyran (**11a**).

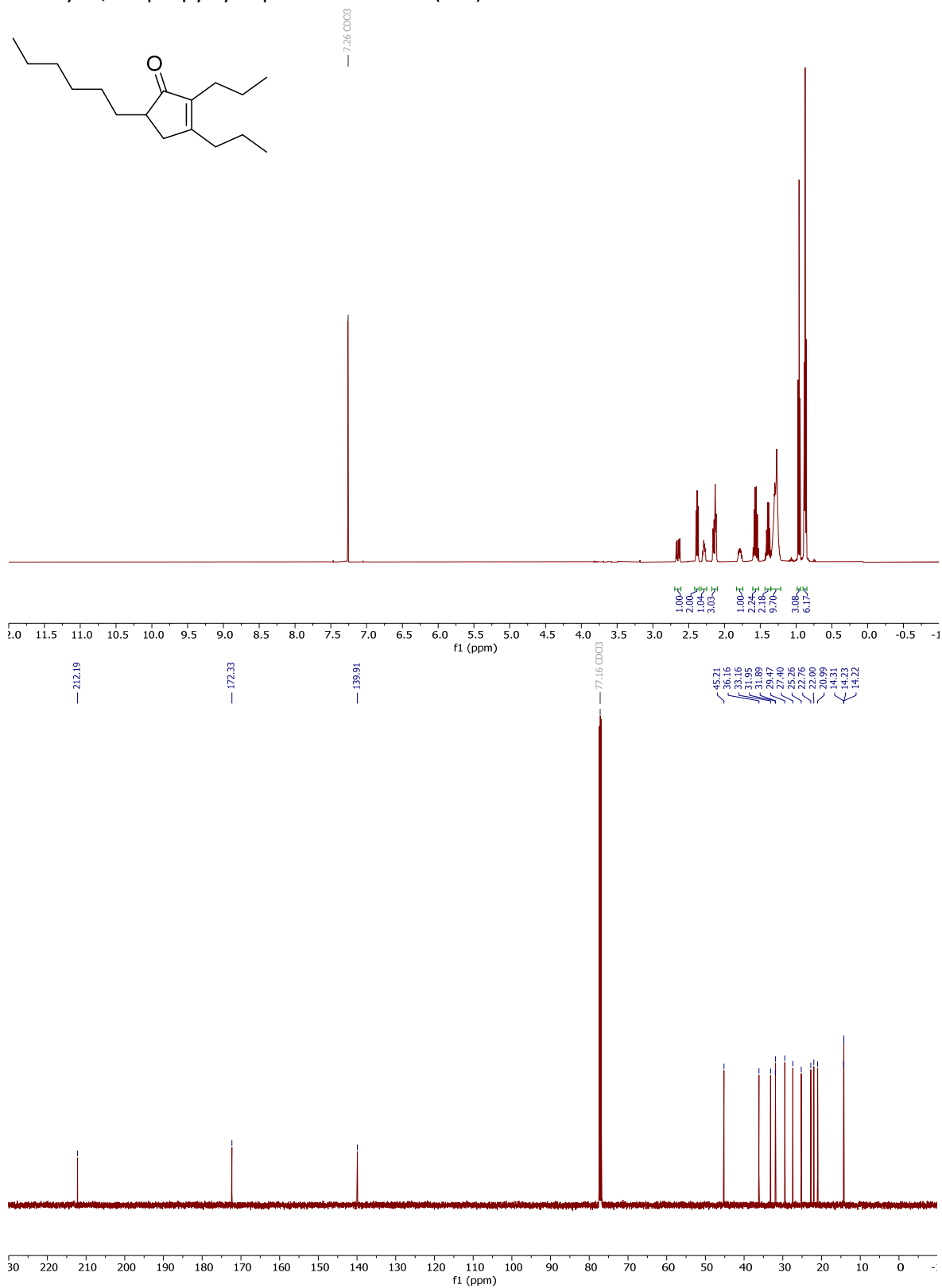


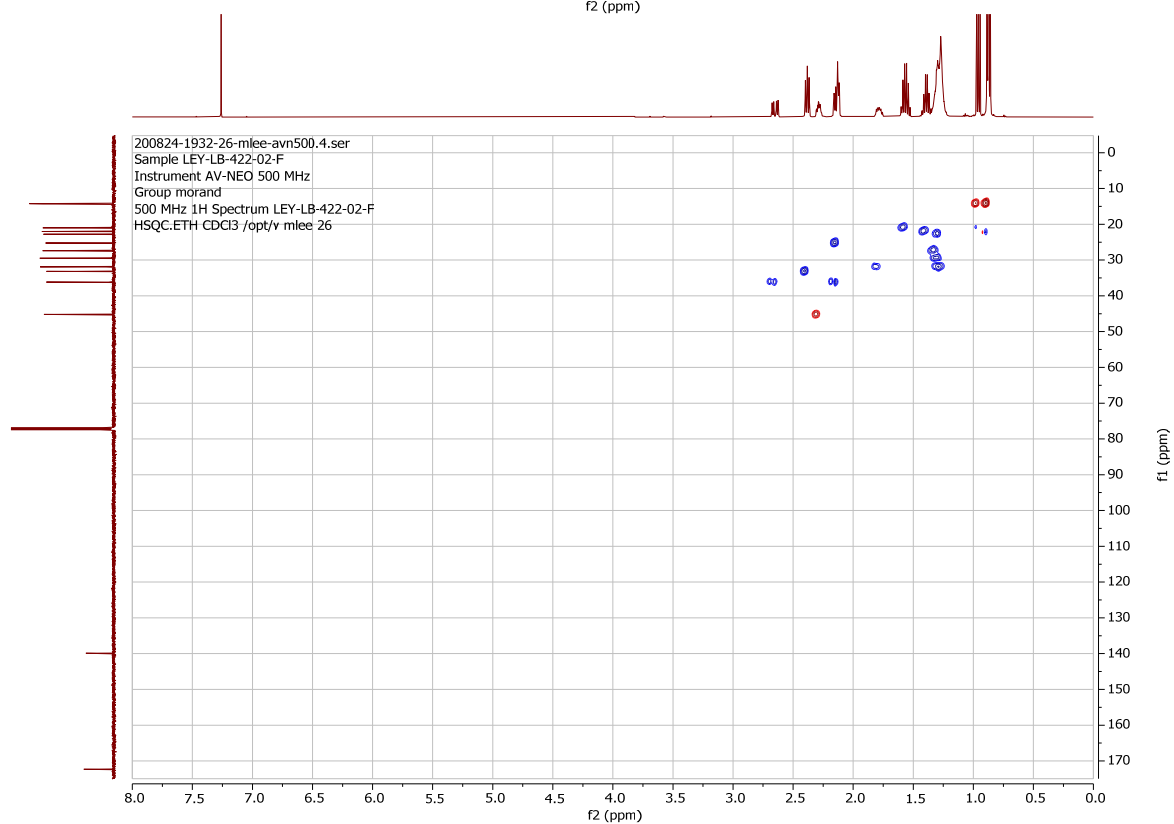
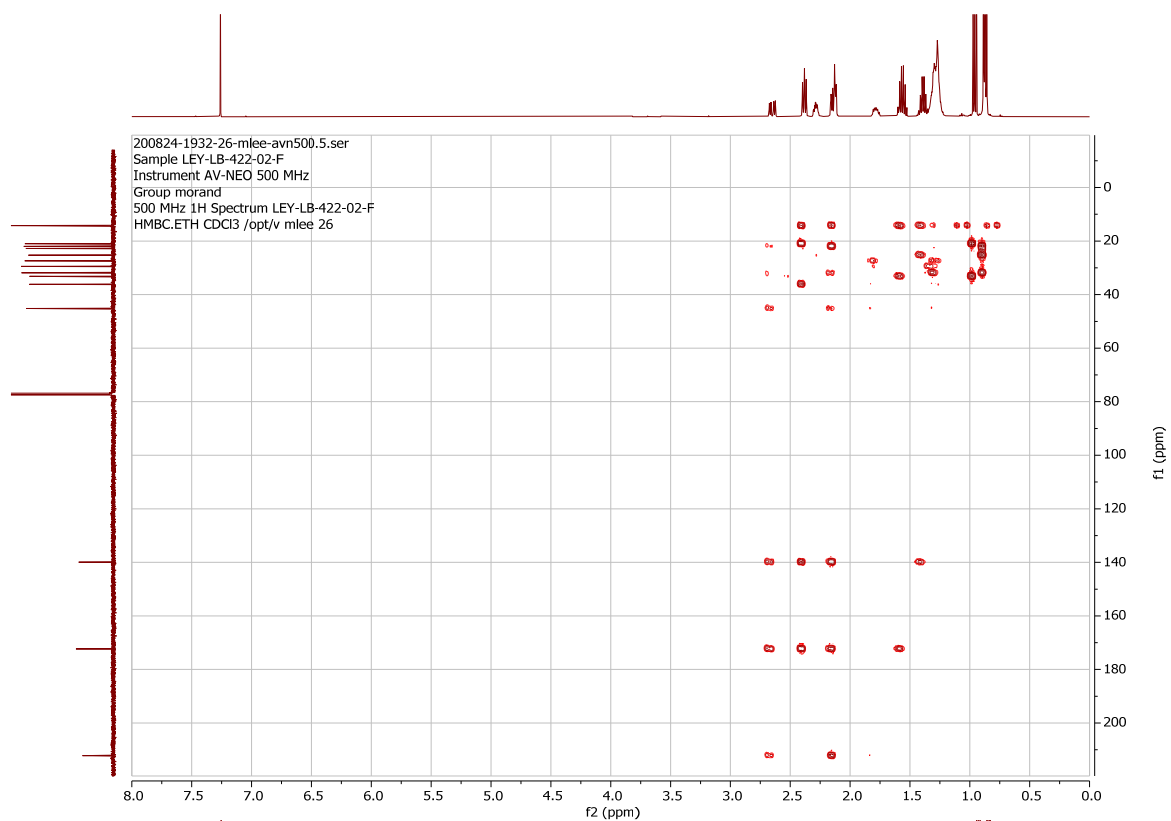


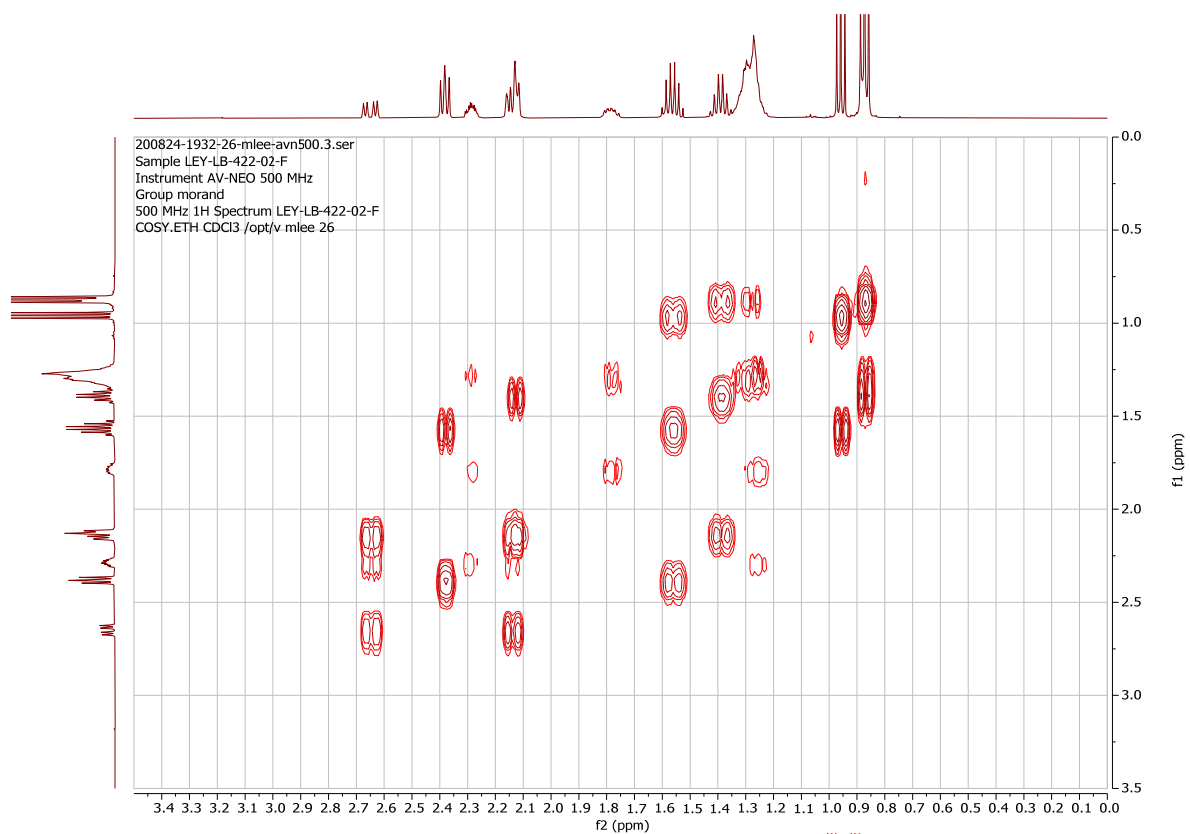


11.4. Carbonylative carbocyclization (from alkenyl electrophiles)

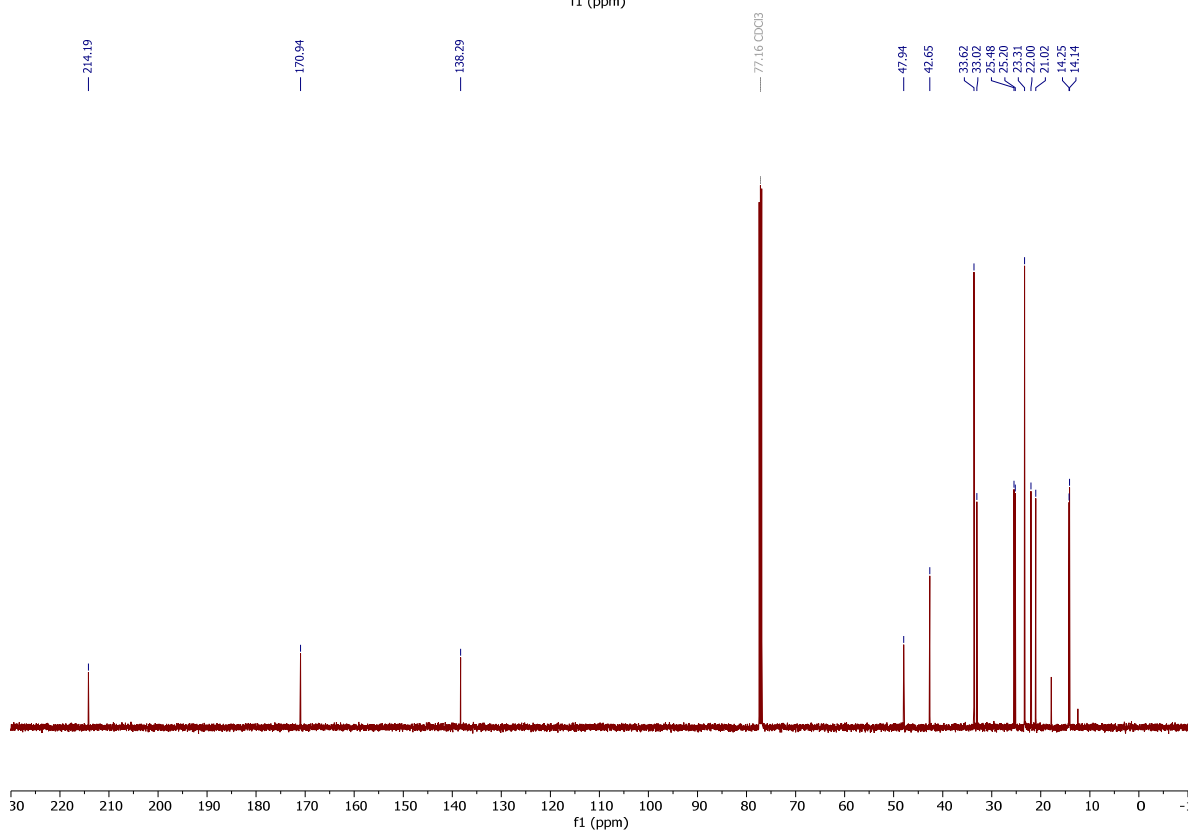
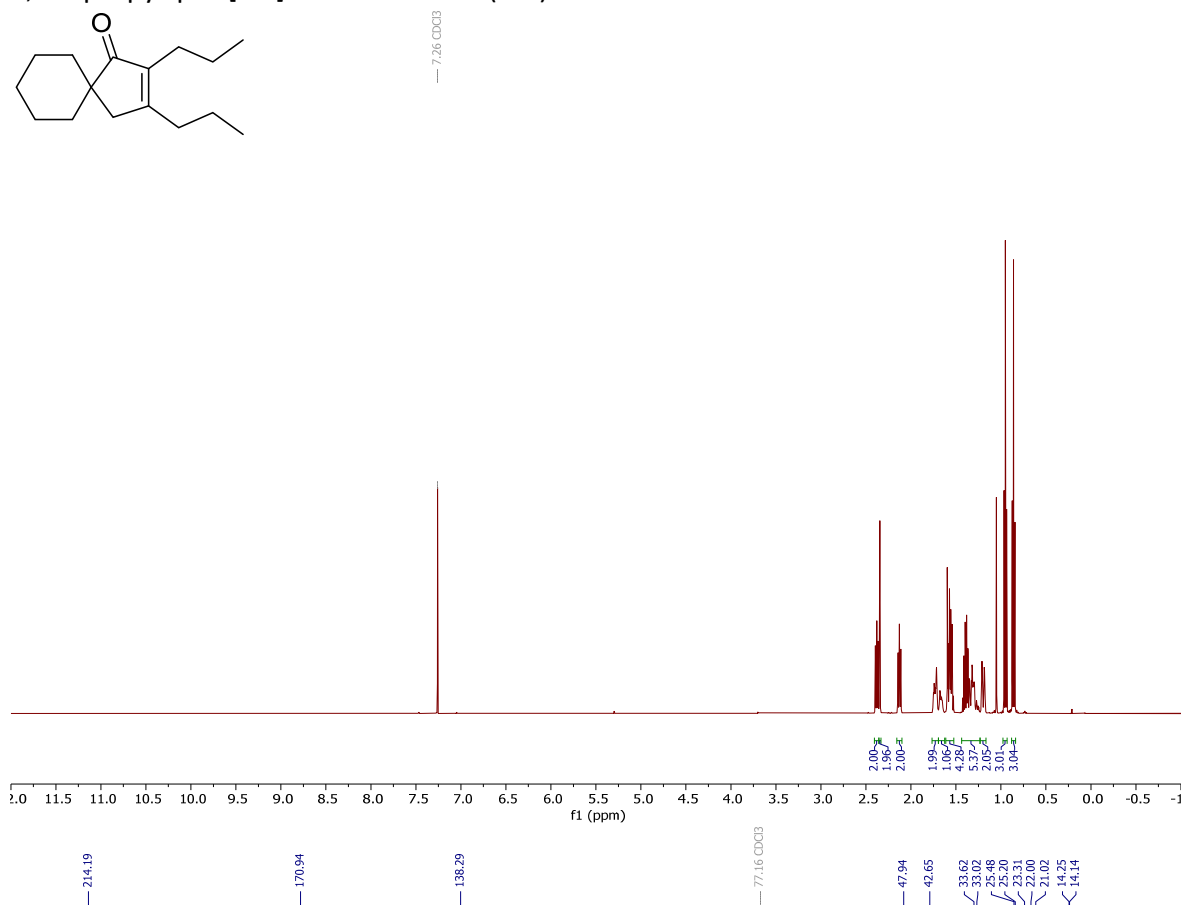
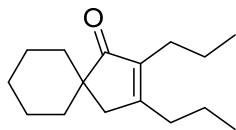
5-hexyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3as**).

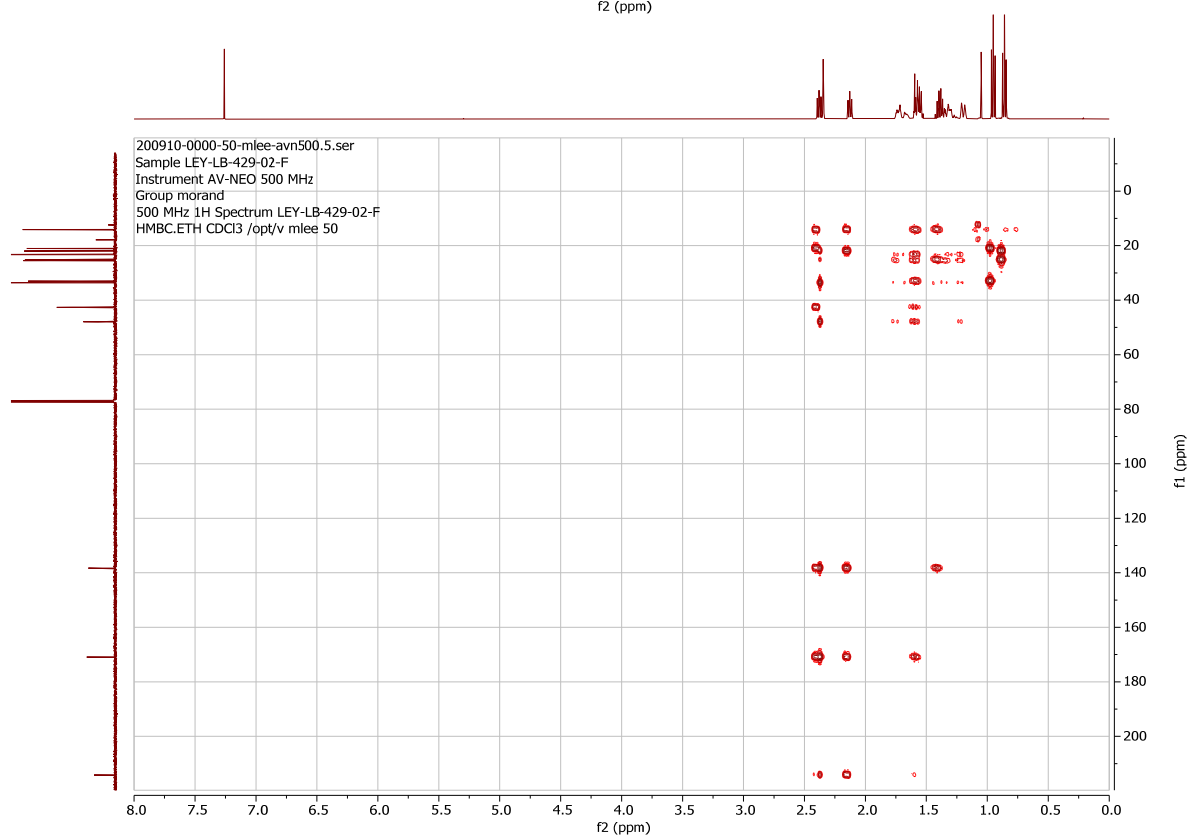
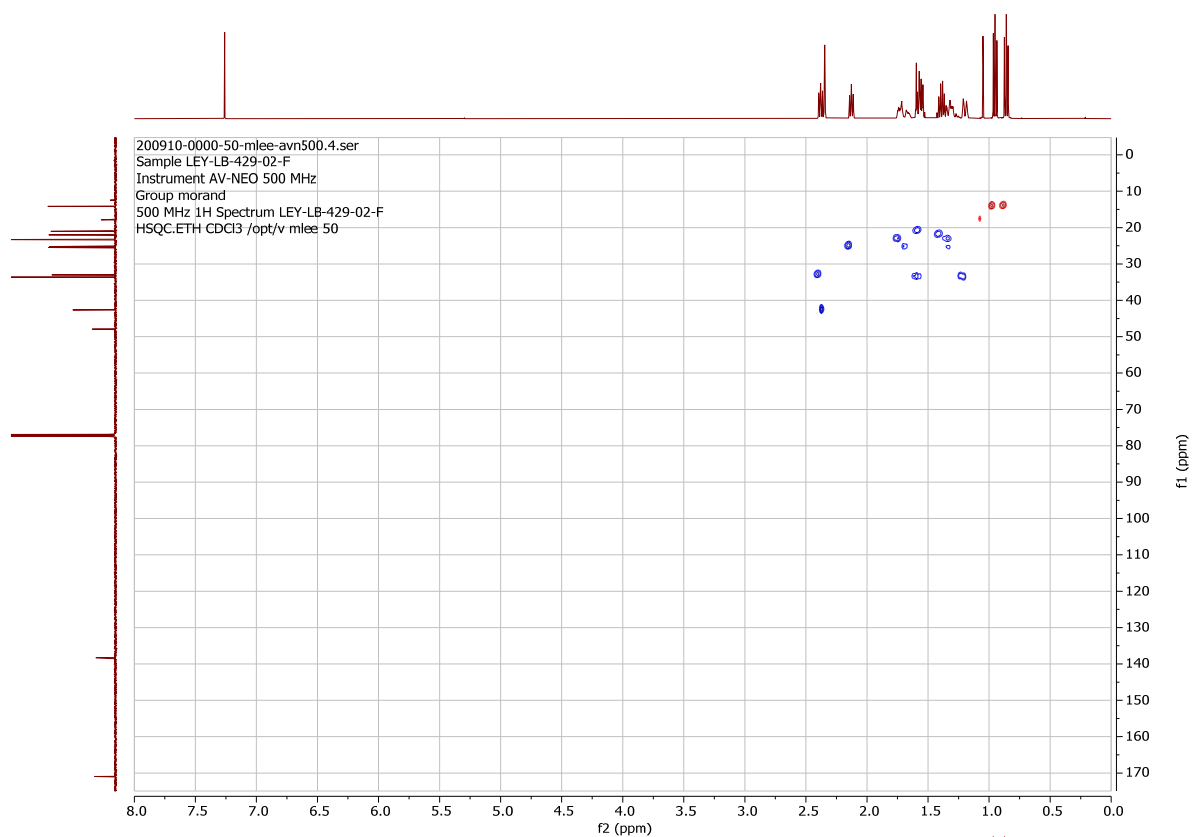


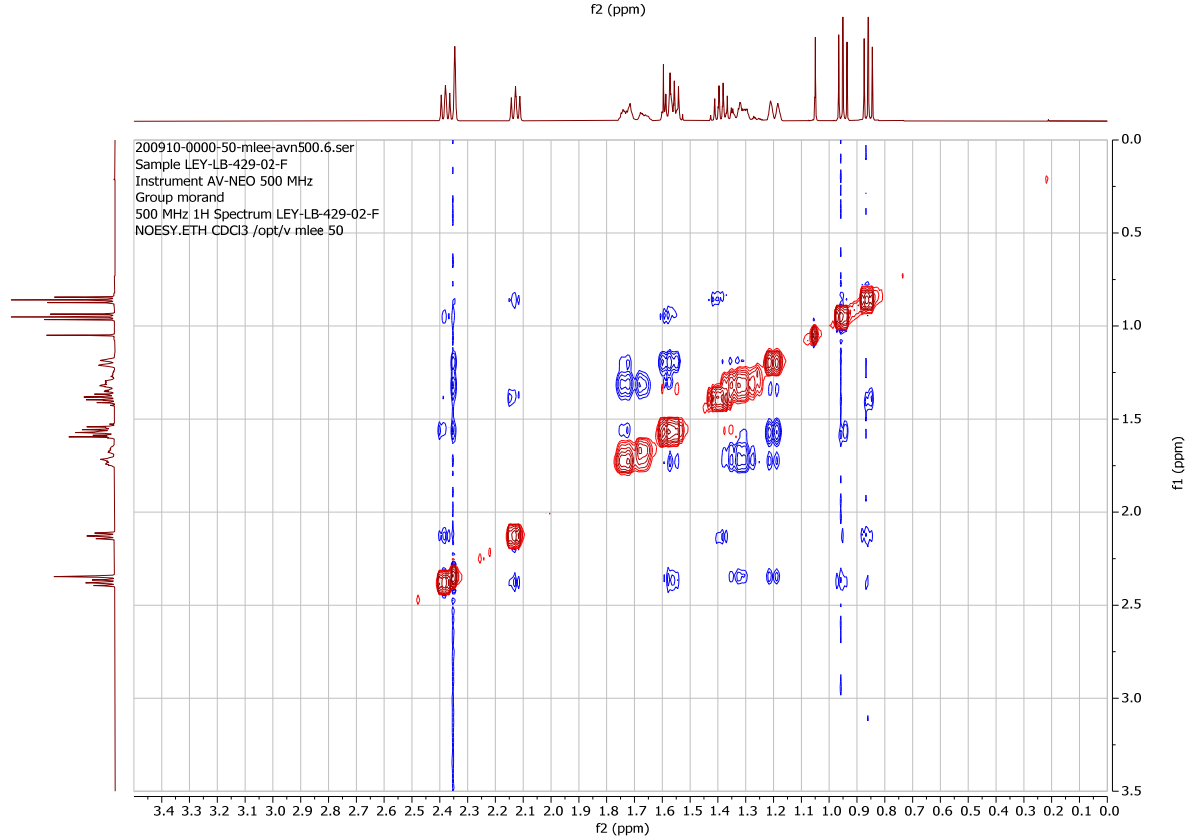
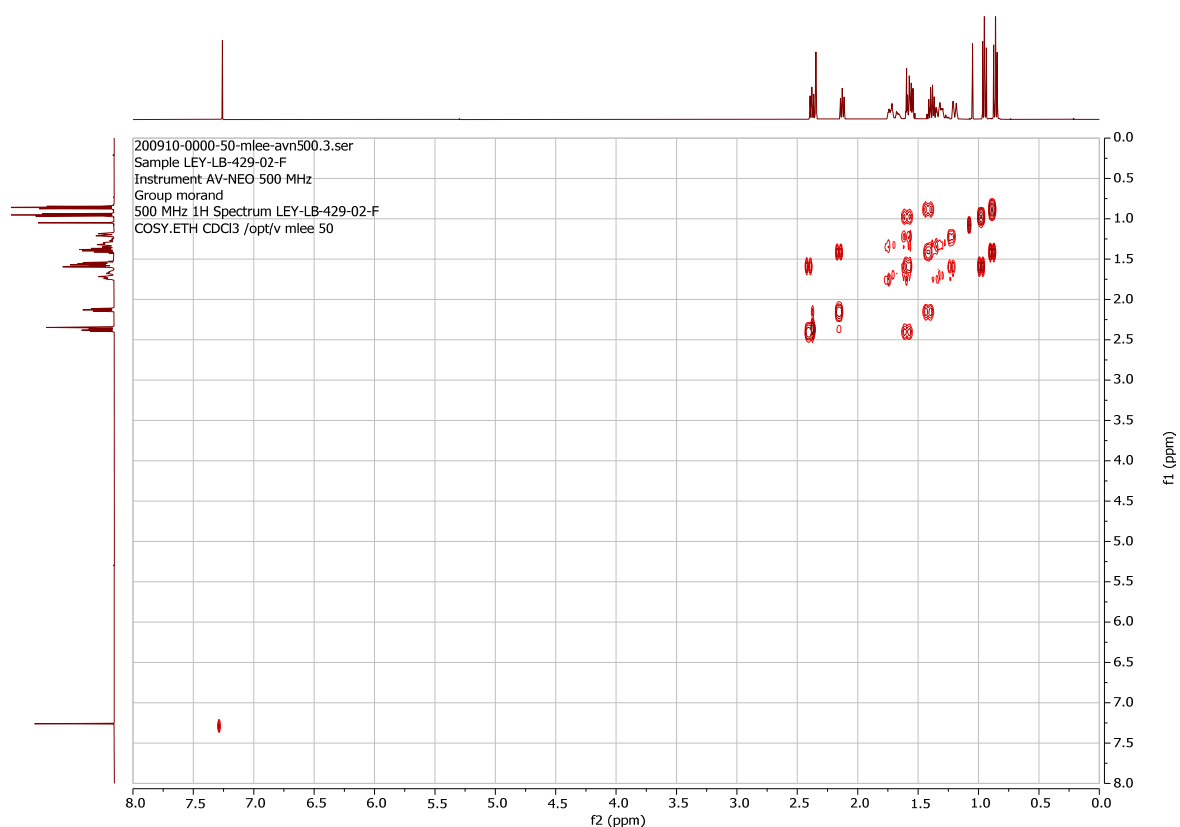




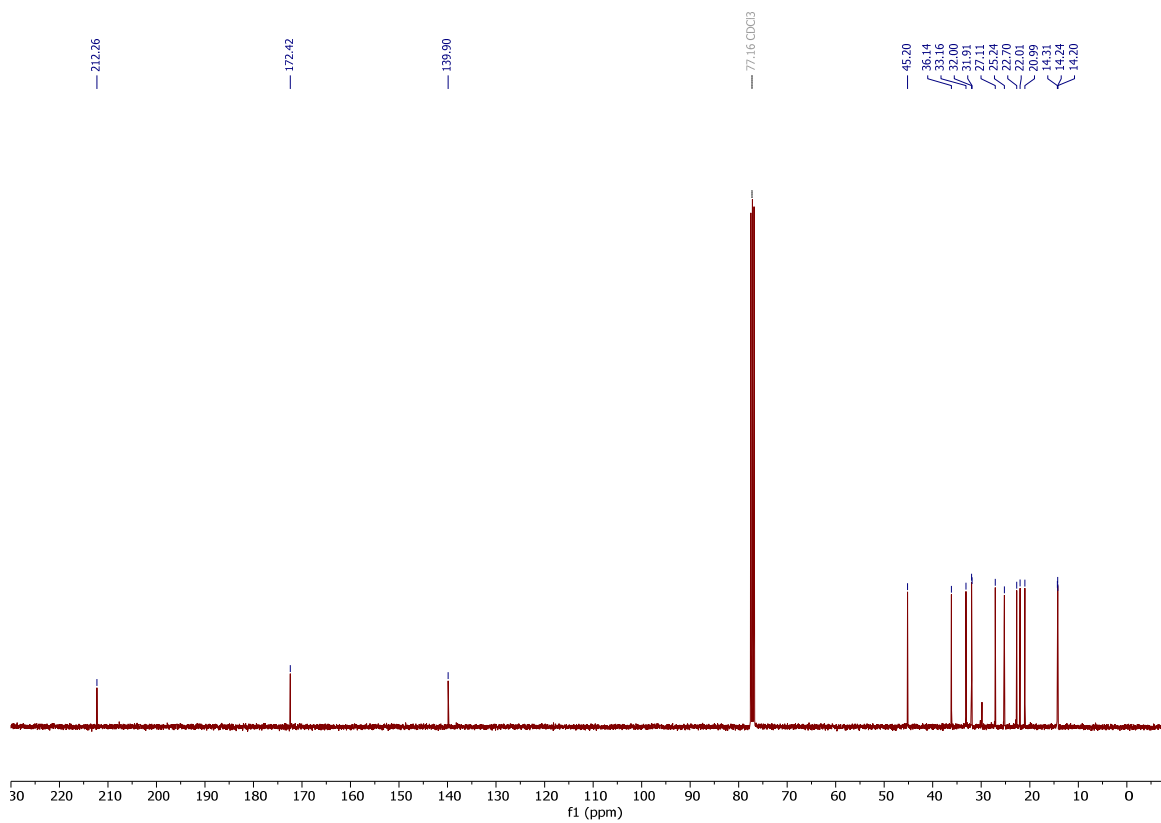
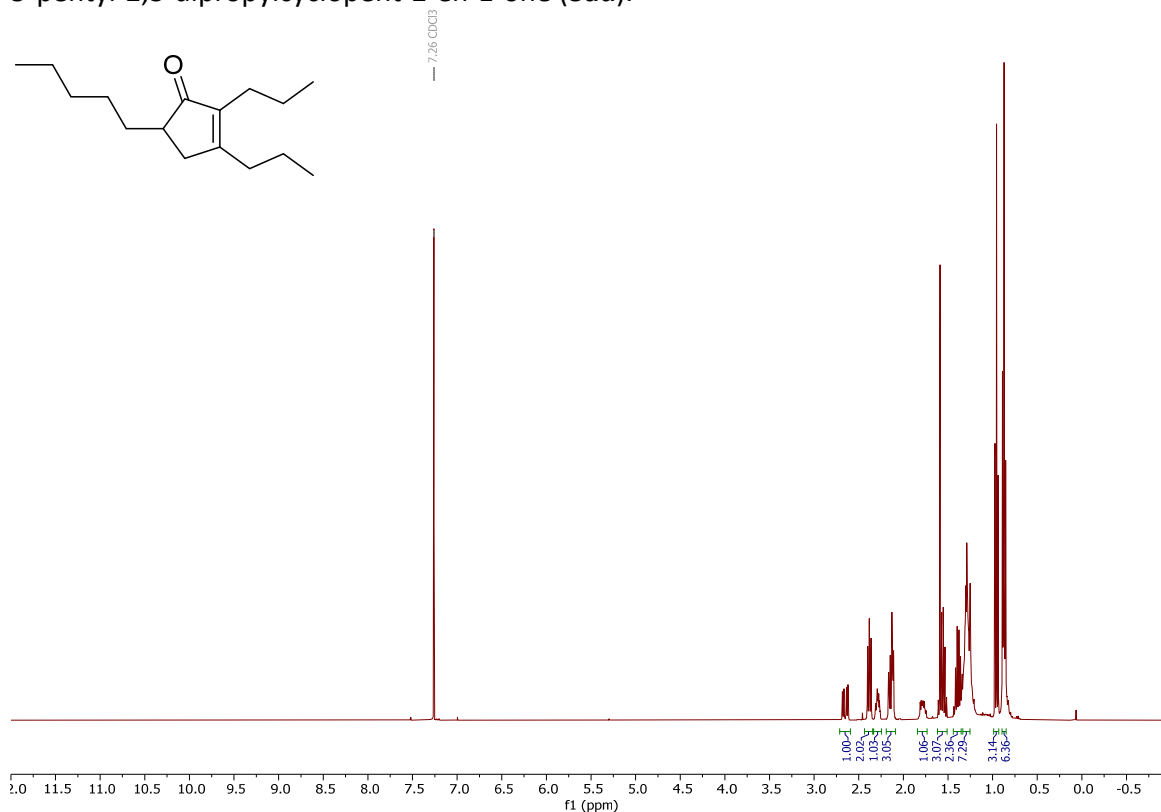
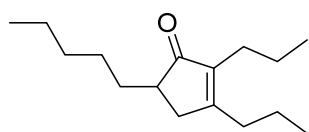
2,3-dipropylspiro[4.5]dec-2-en-1-one (**3at**).

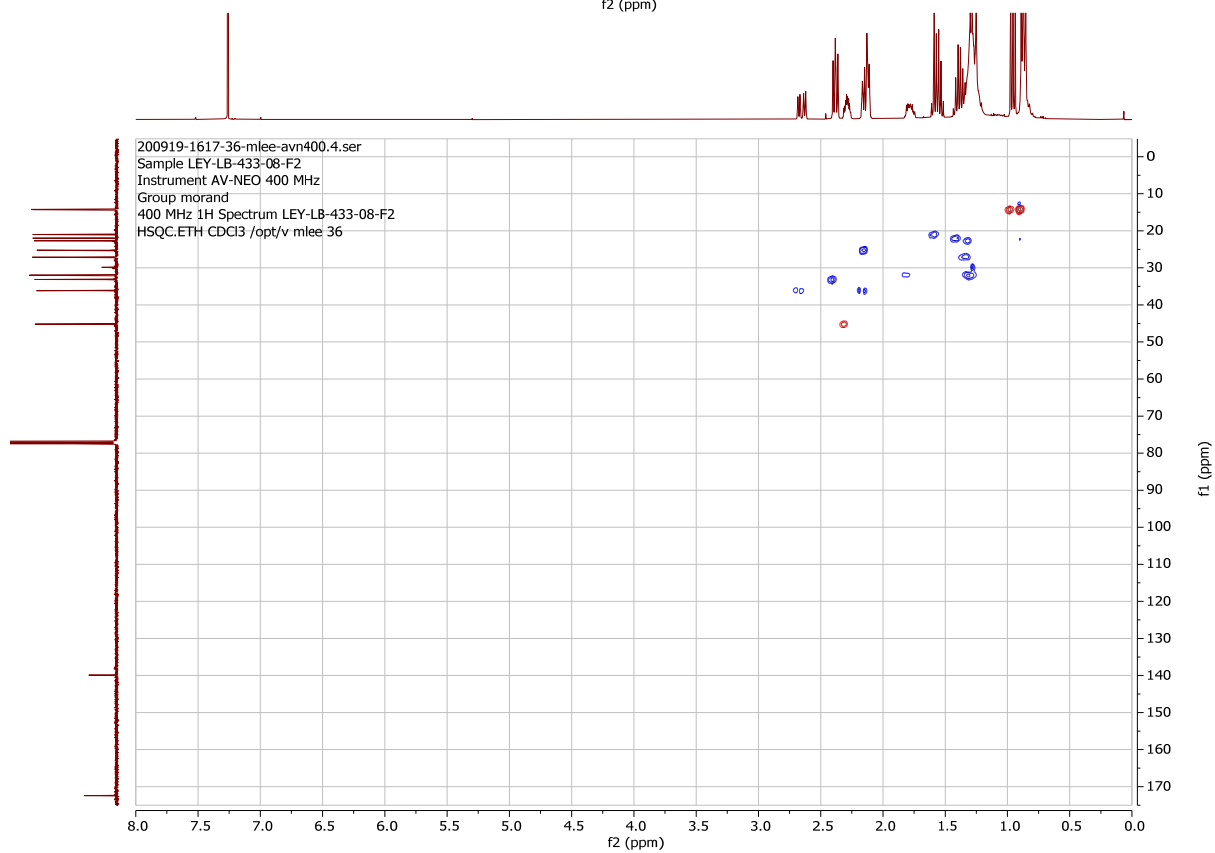
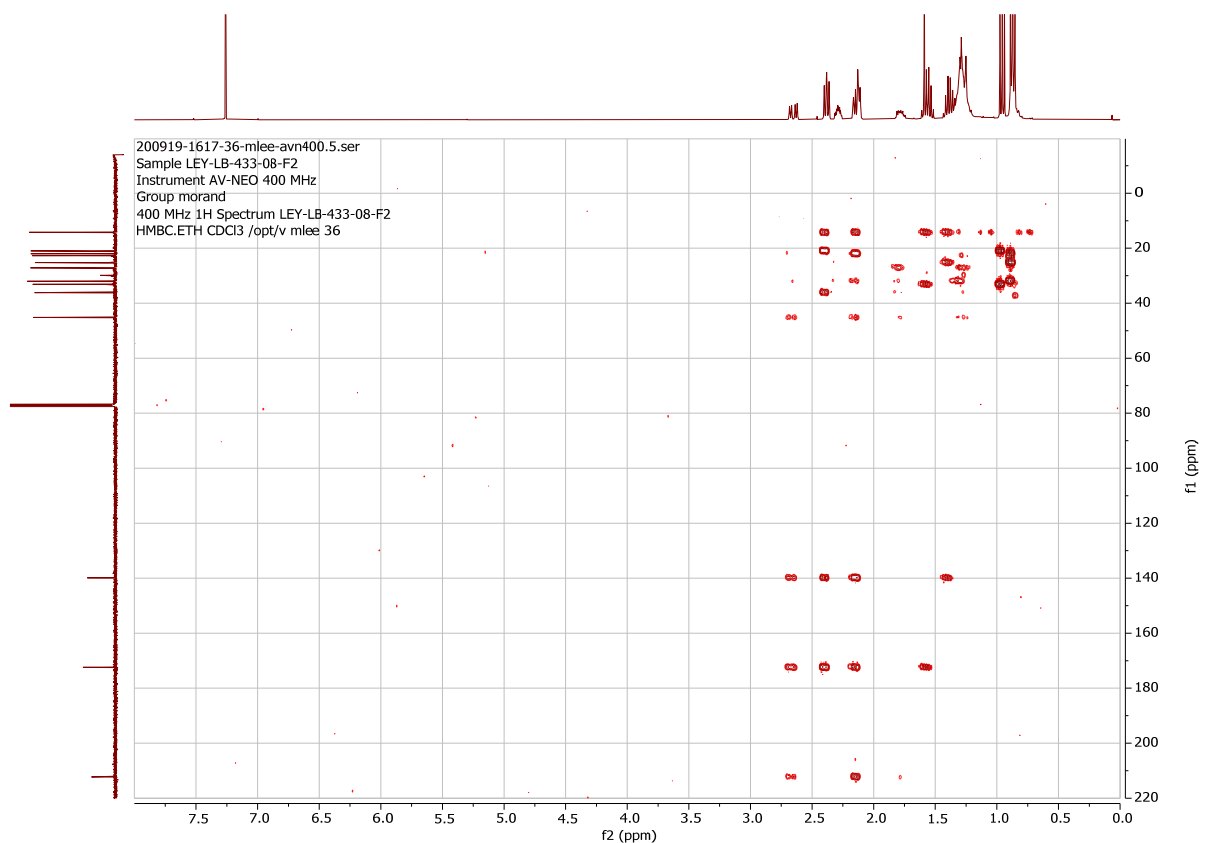


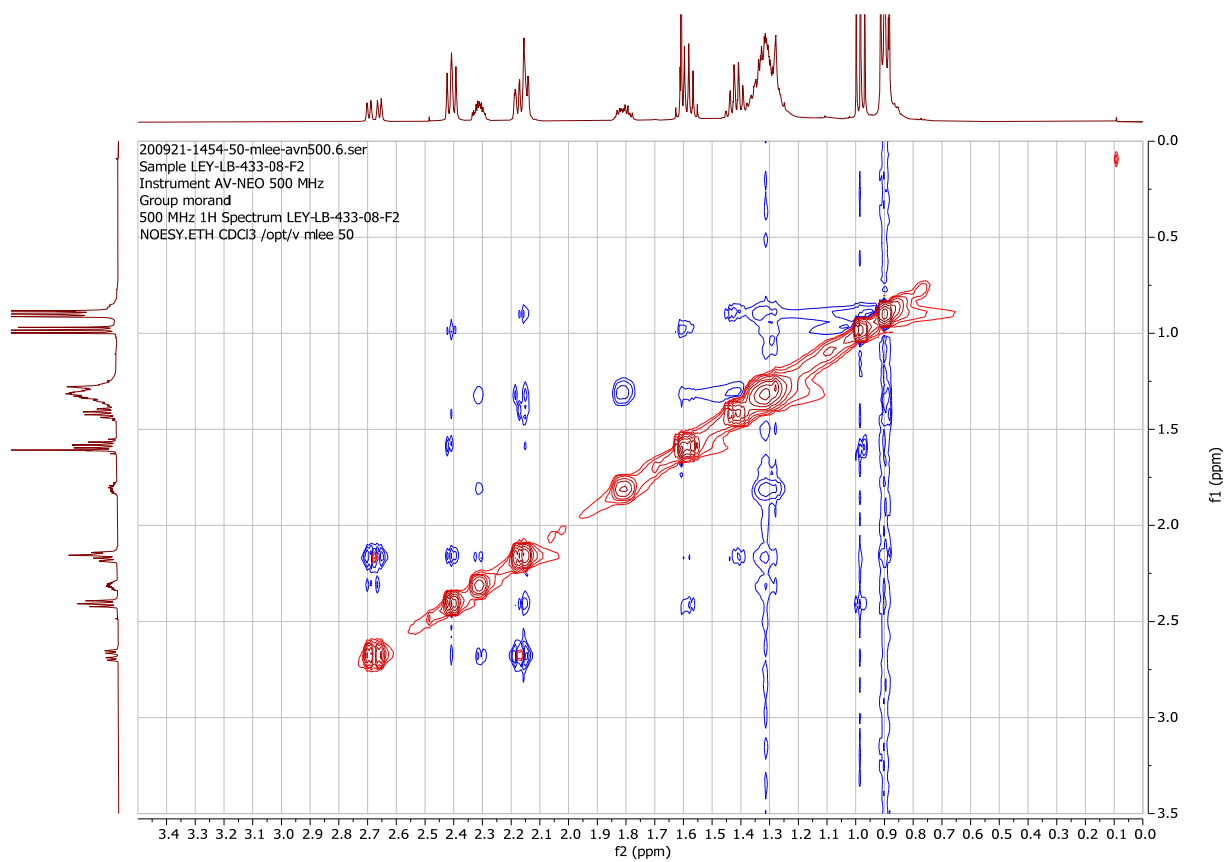




5-pentyl-2,3-dipropylcyclopent-2-en-1-one (**3au**).

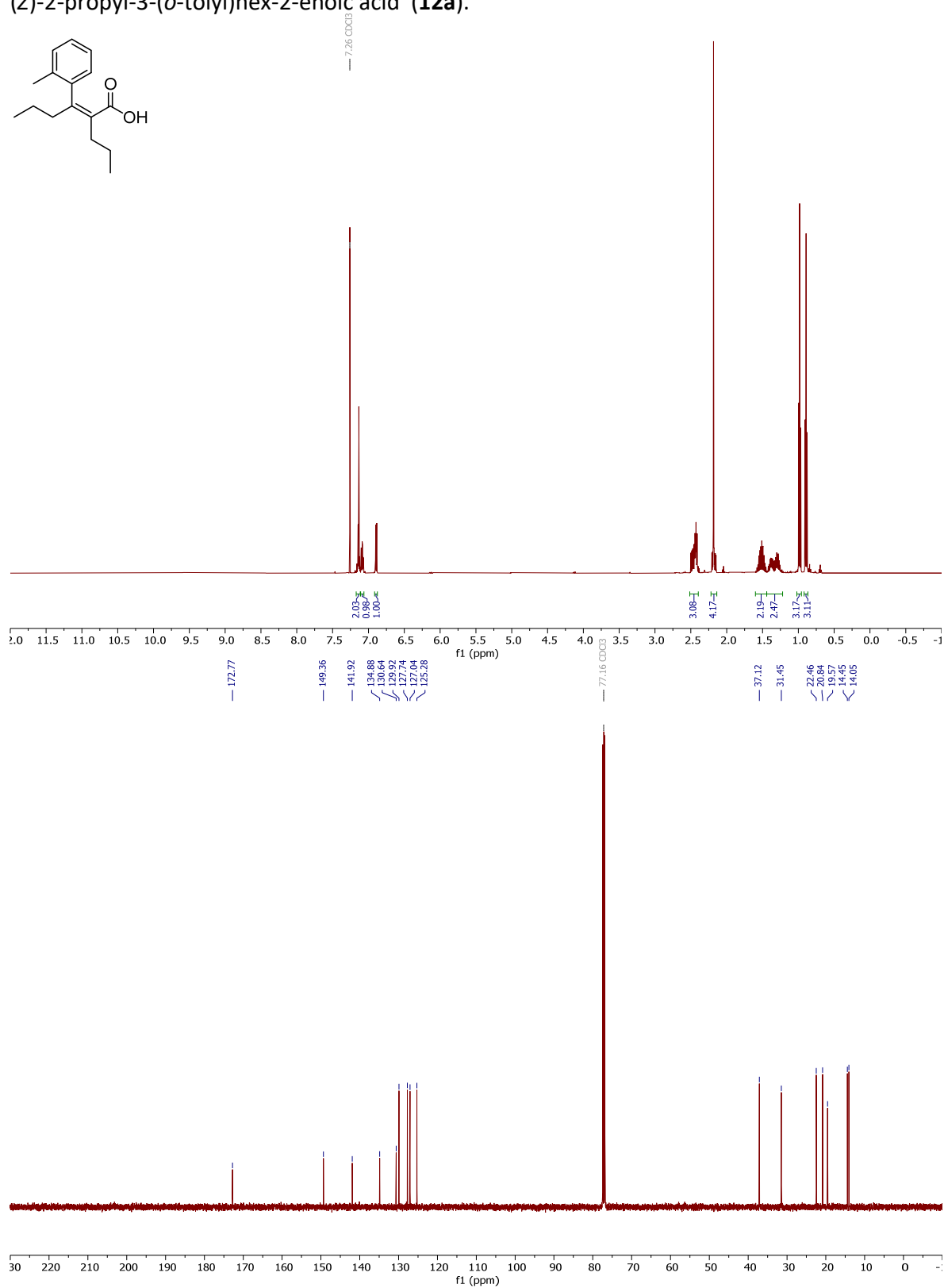
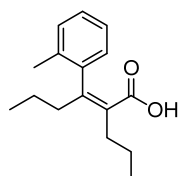


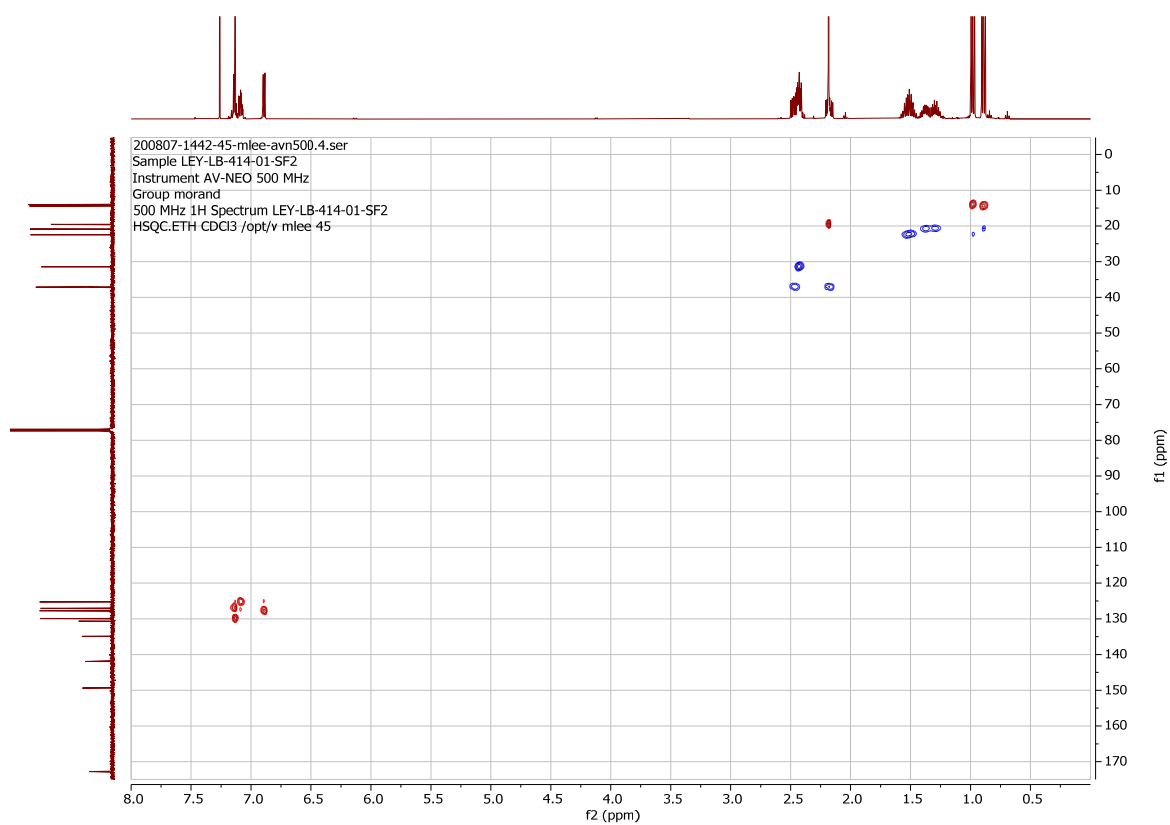




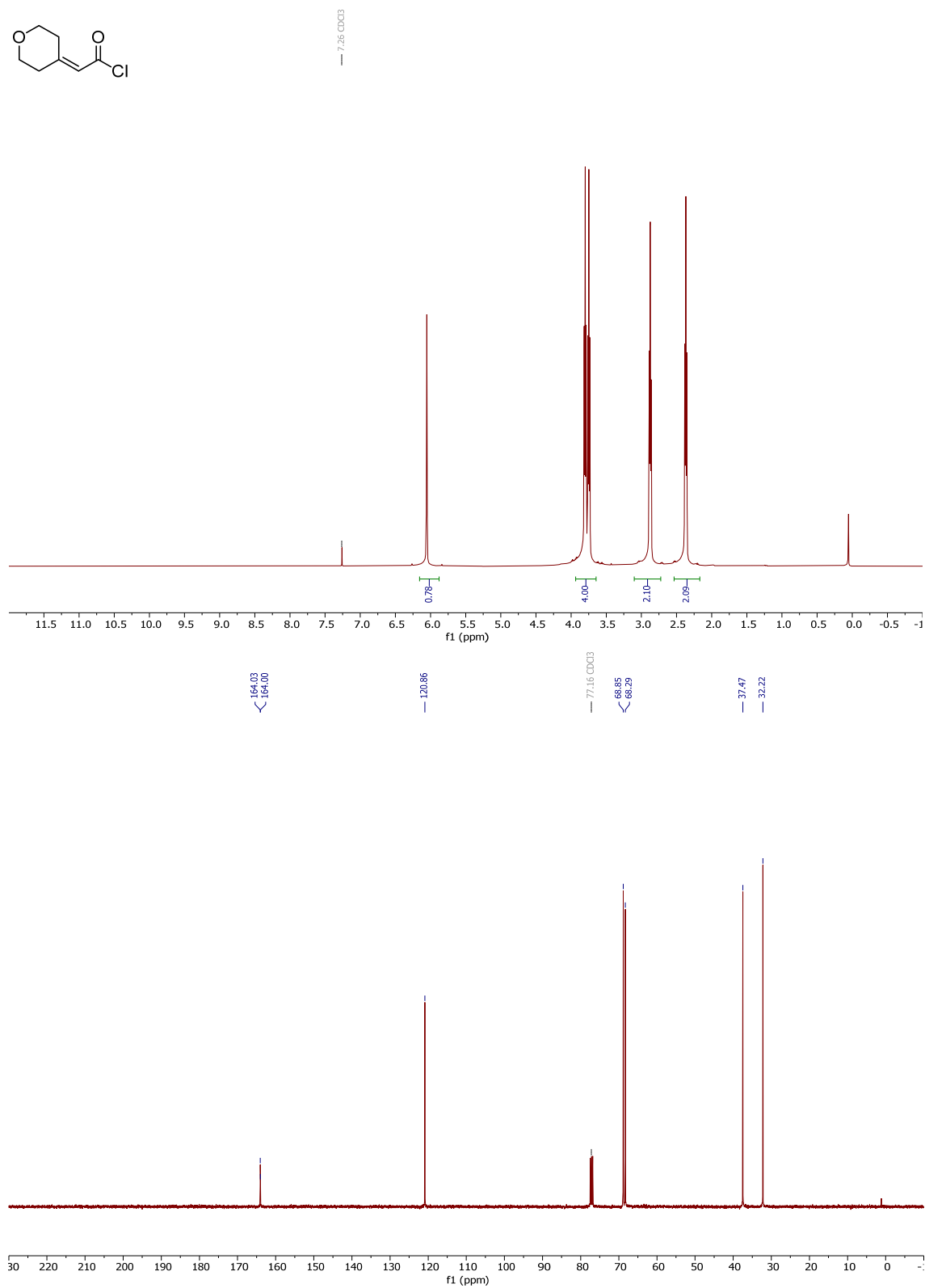
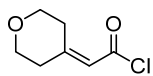
11.5. Acid chloride and alkyne substrates, etc.

(Z)-2-propyl-3-(*o*-tolyl)hex-2-enoic acid (**12a**).

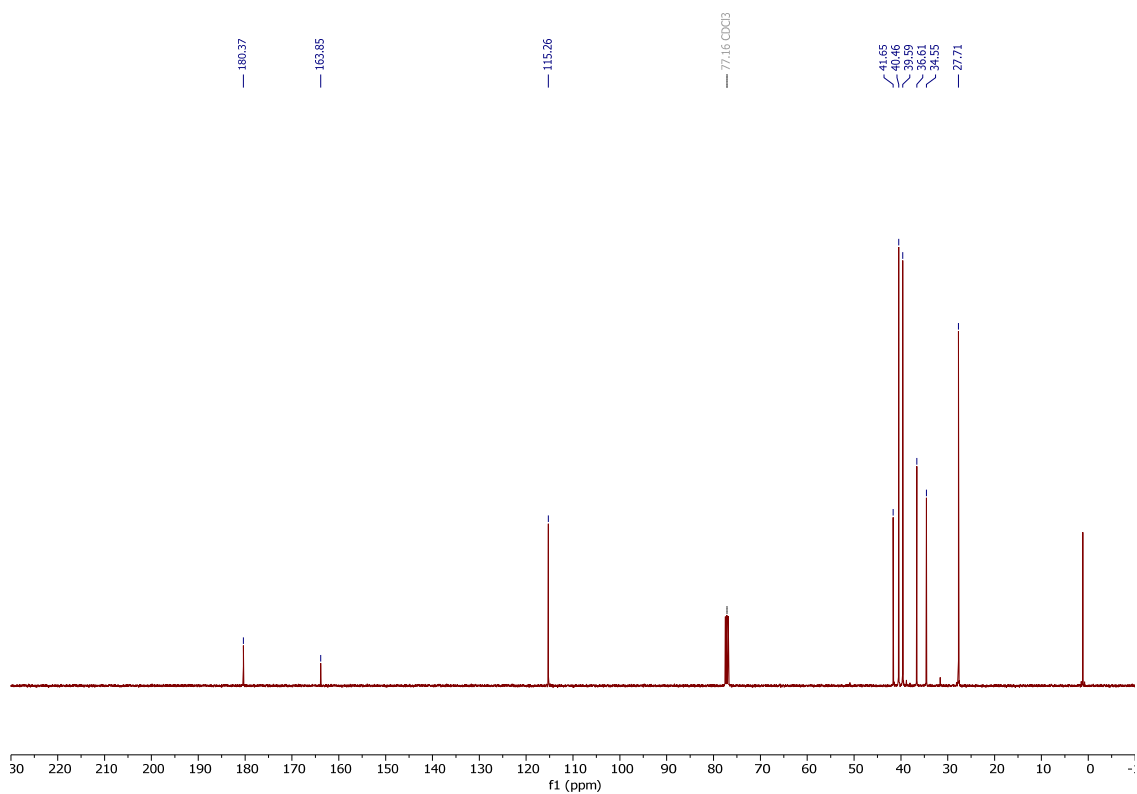
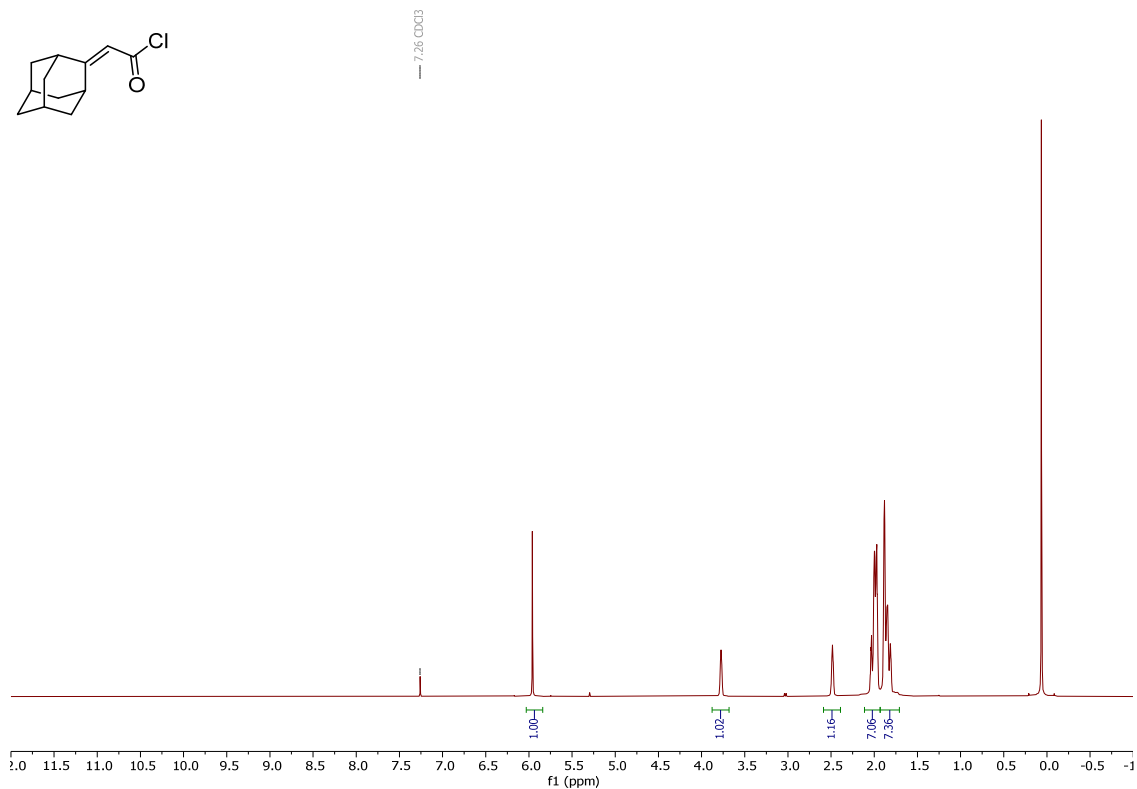
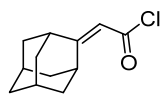




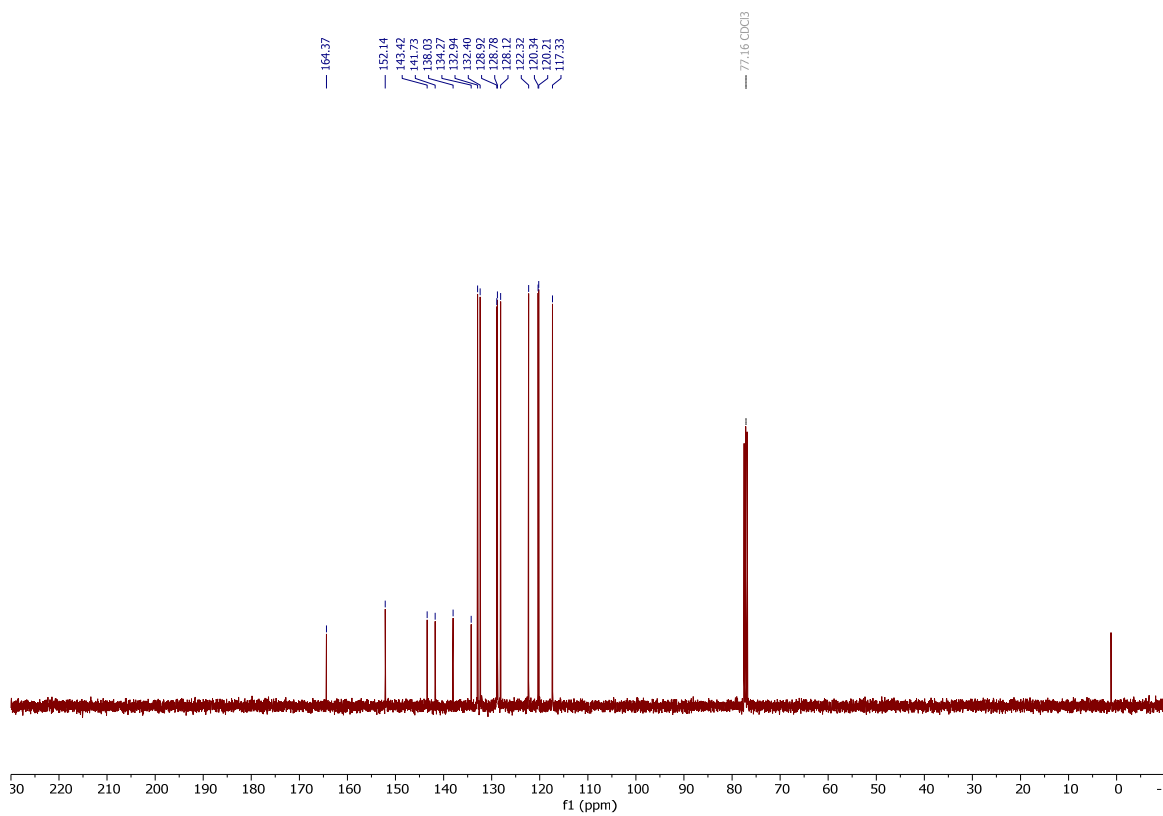
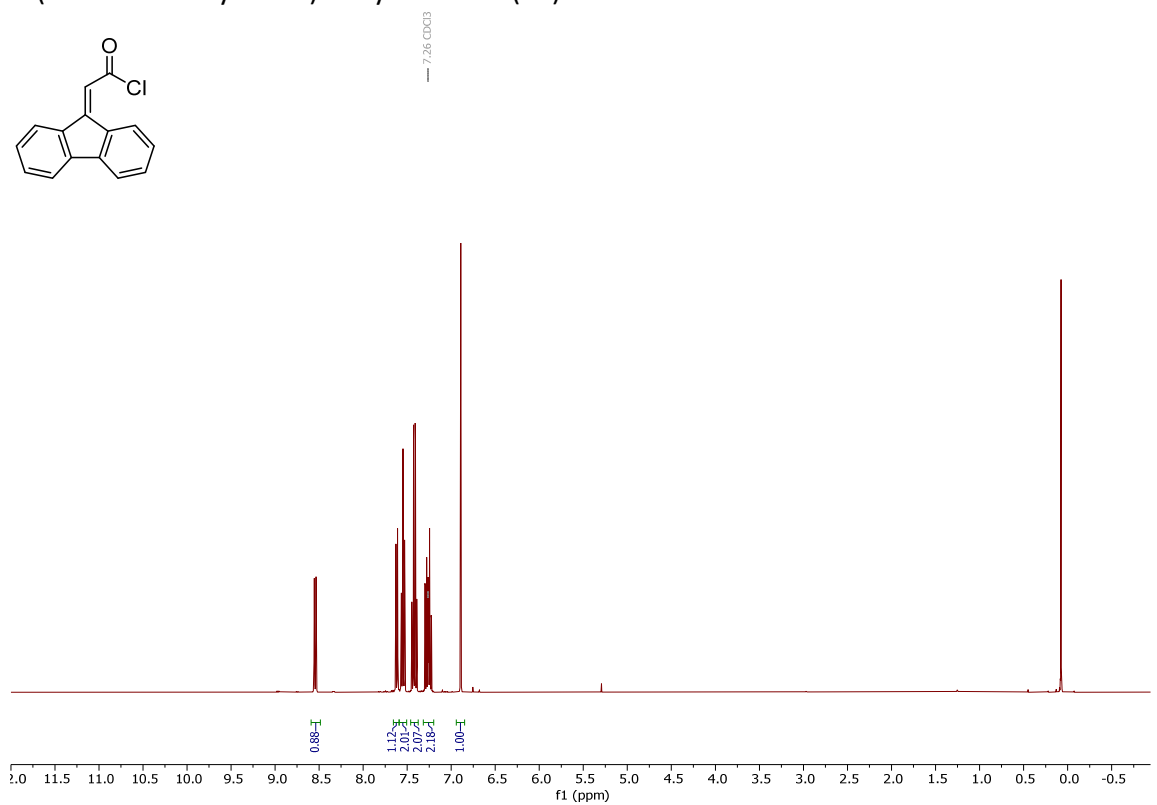
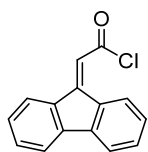
2-(tetrahydro-4H-pyran-4-ylidene)acetyl chloride (**1c**).



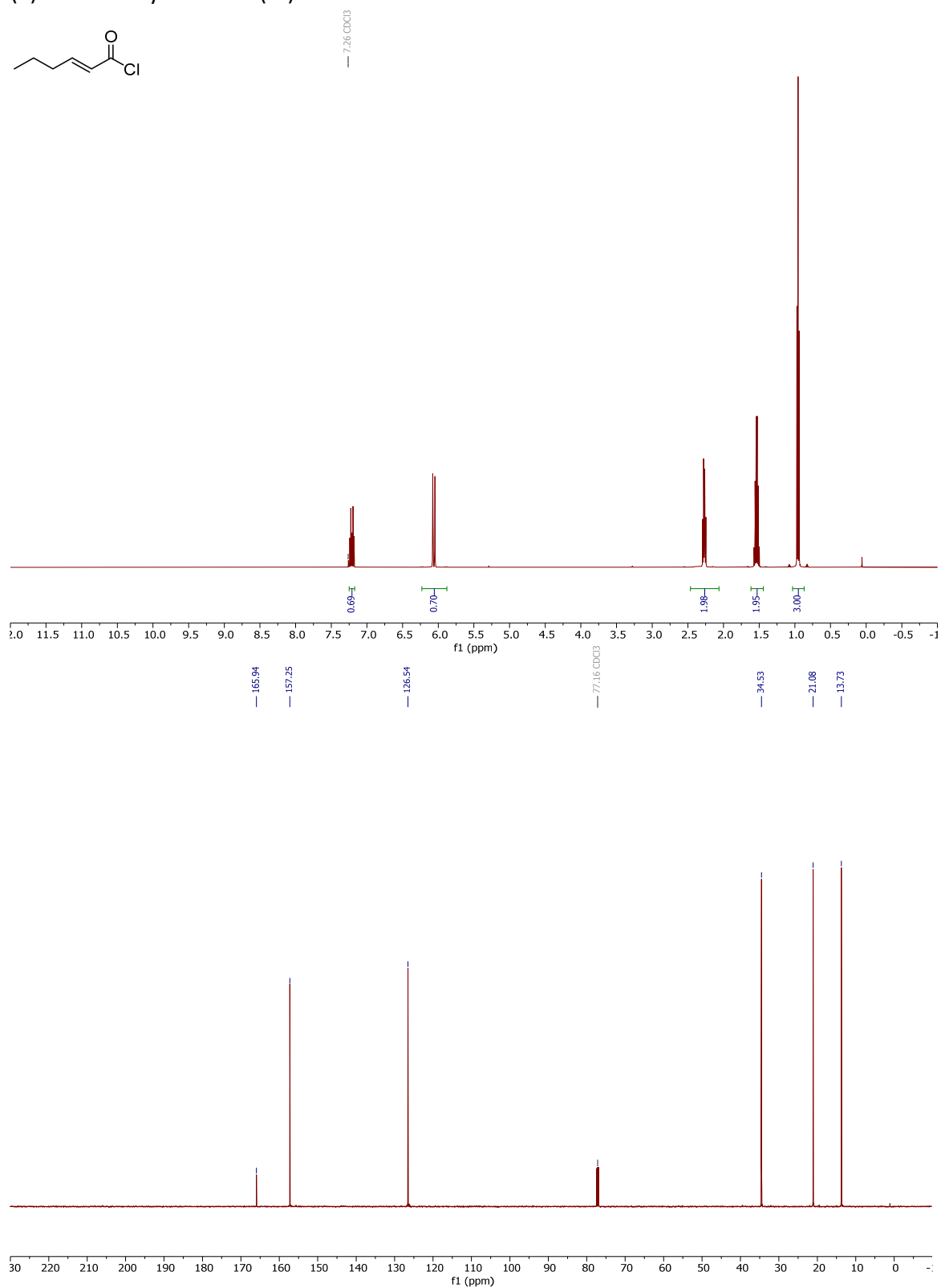
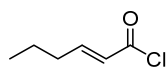
2-((1*r*,3*r*,5*R*,7*S*)-adamantan-2-ylidene)acetyl chloride (**1d**).



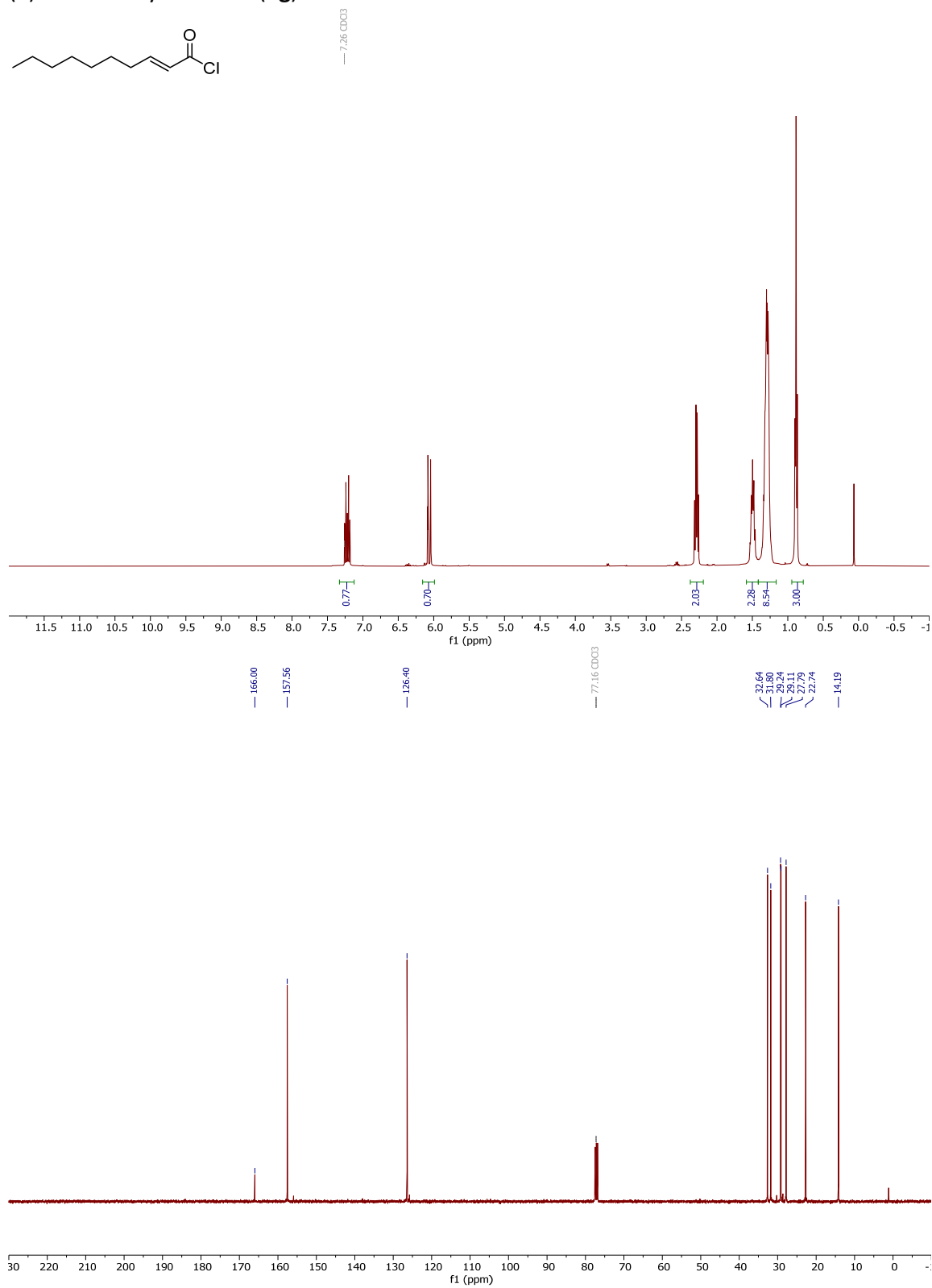
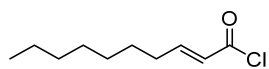
2-(9H-fluoren-9-ylidene)acetyl chloride (**1e**).



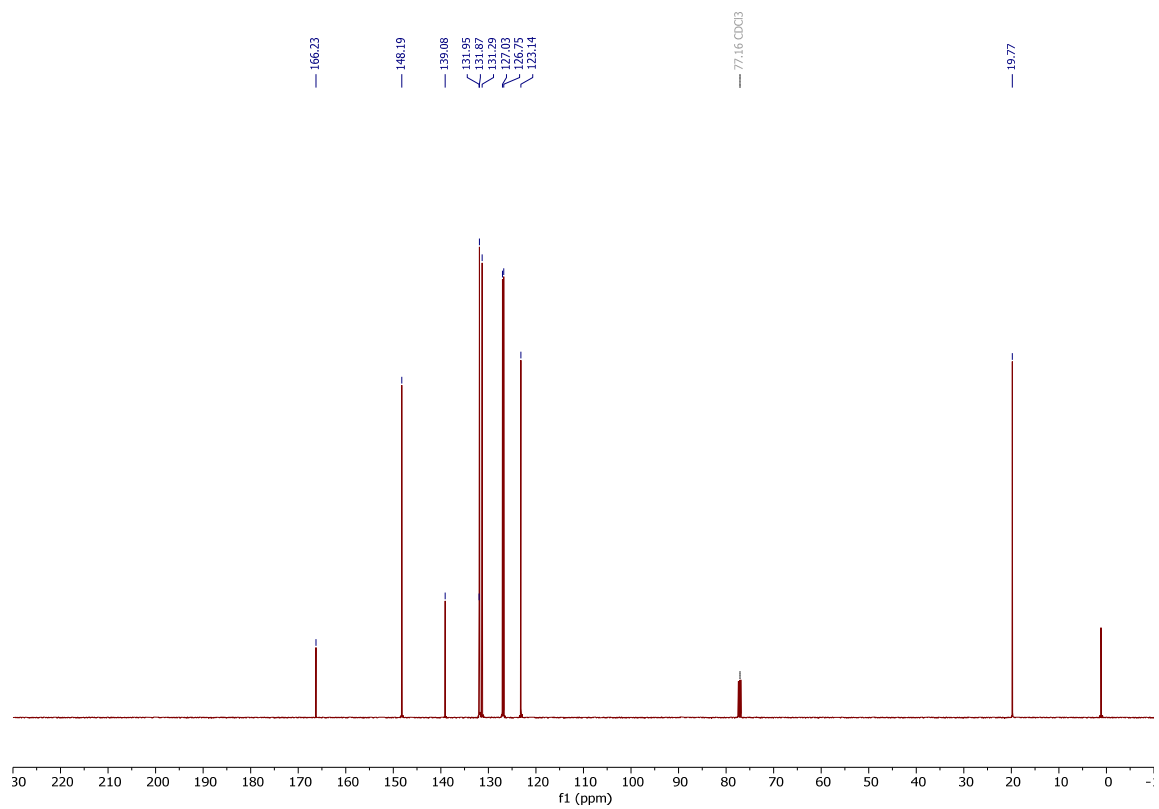
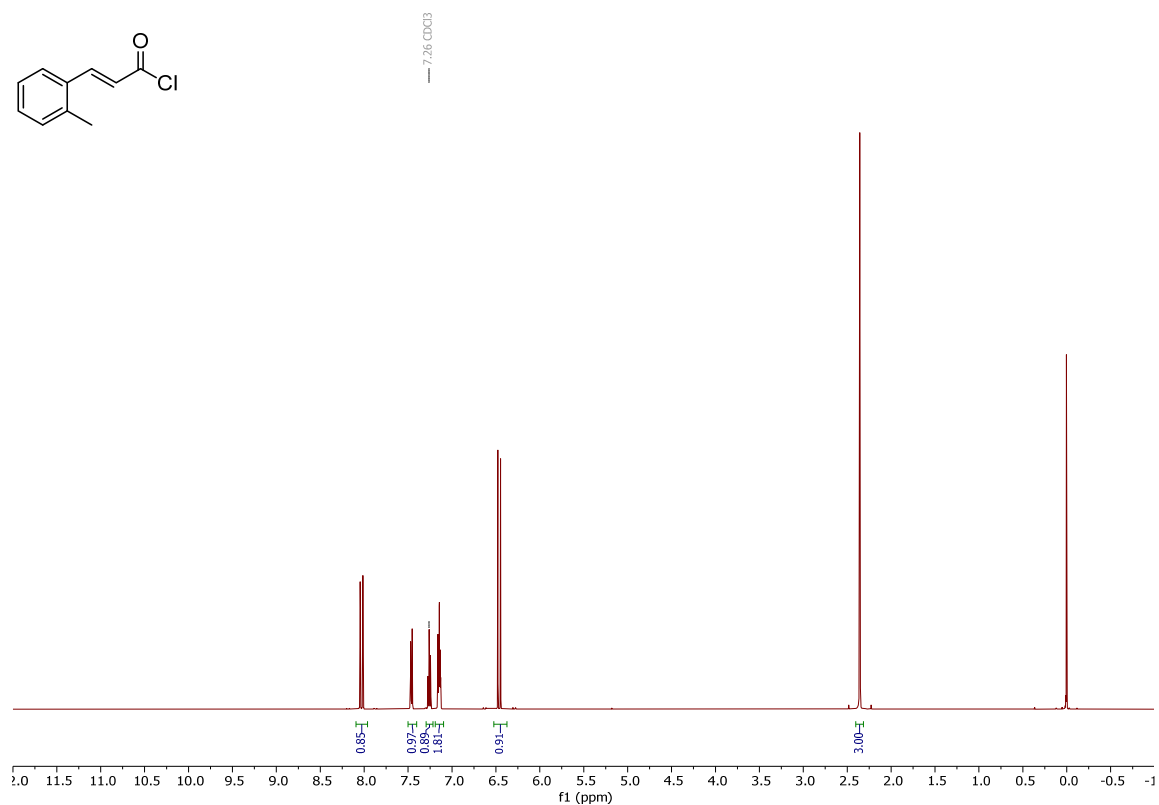
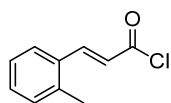
(*E*)-hex-2-enoyl chloride (**1f**).



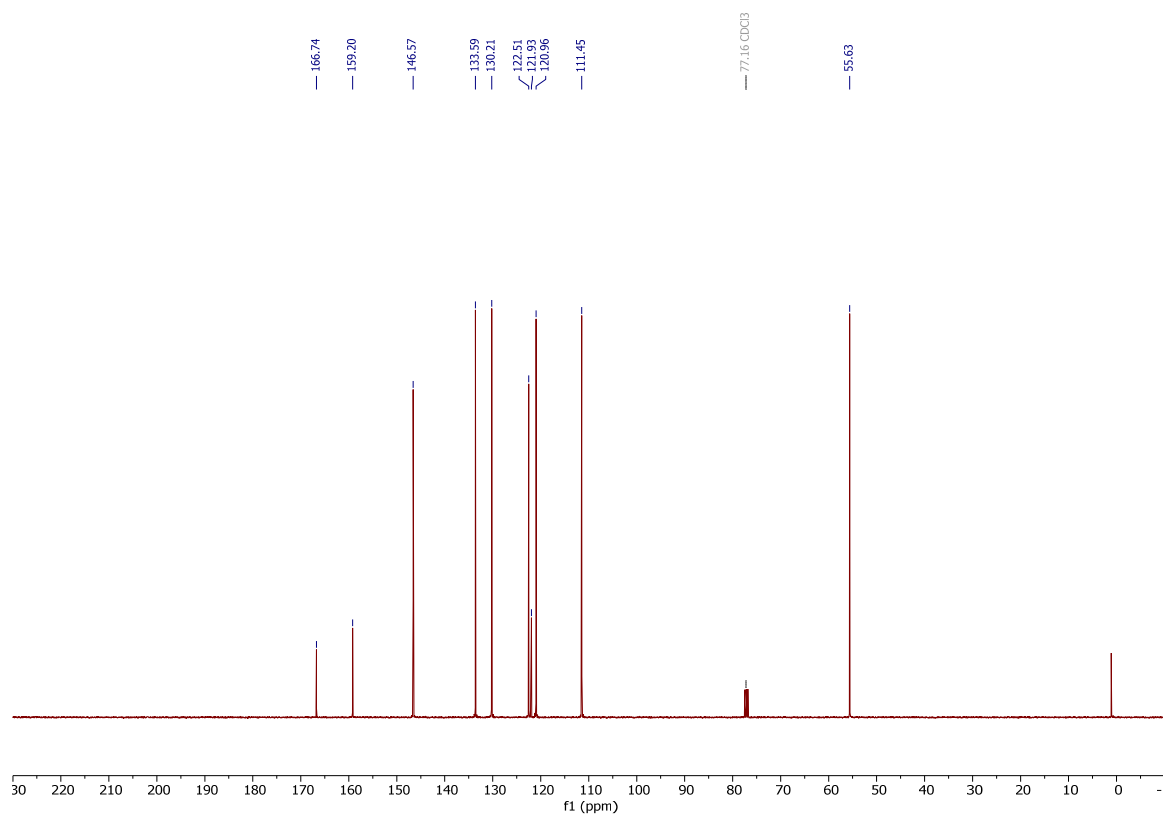
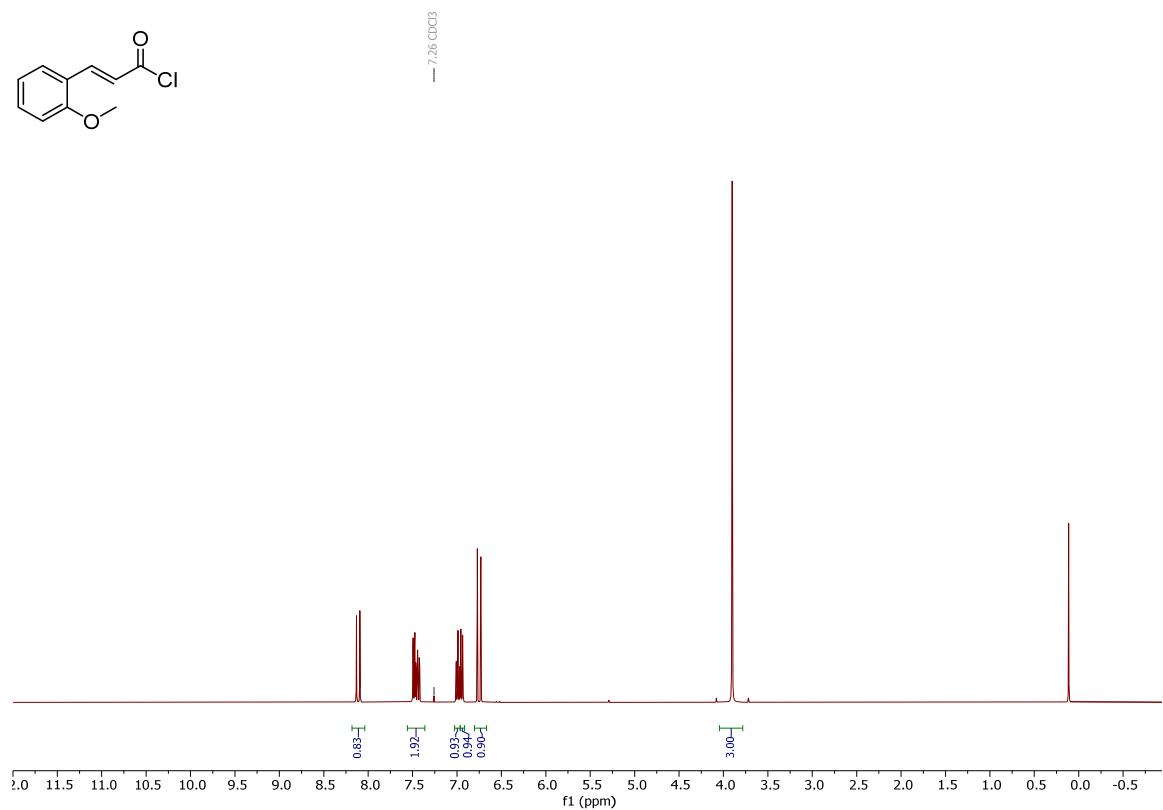
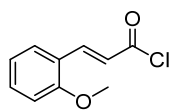
(*E*)-dec-2-enoyl chloride (**1g**).



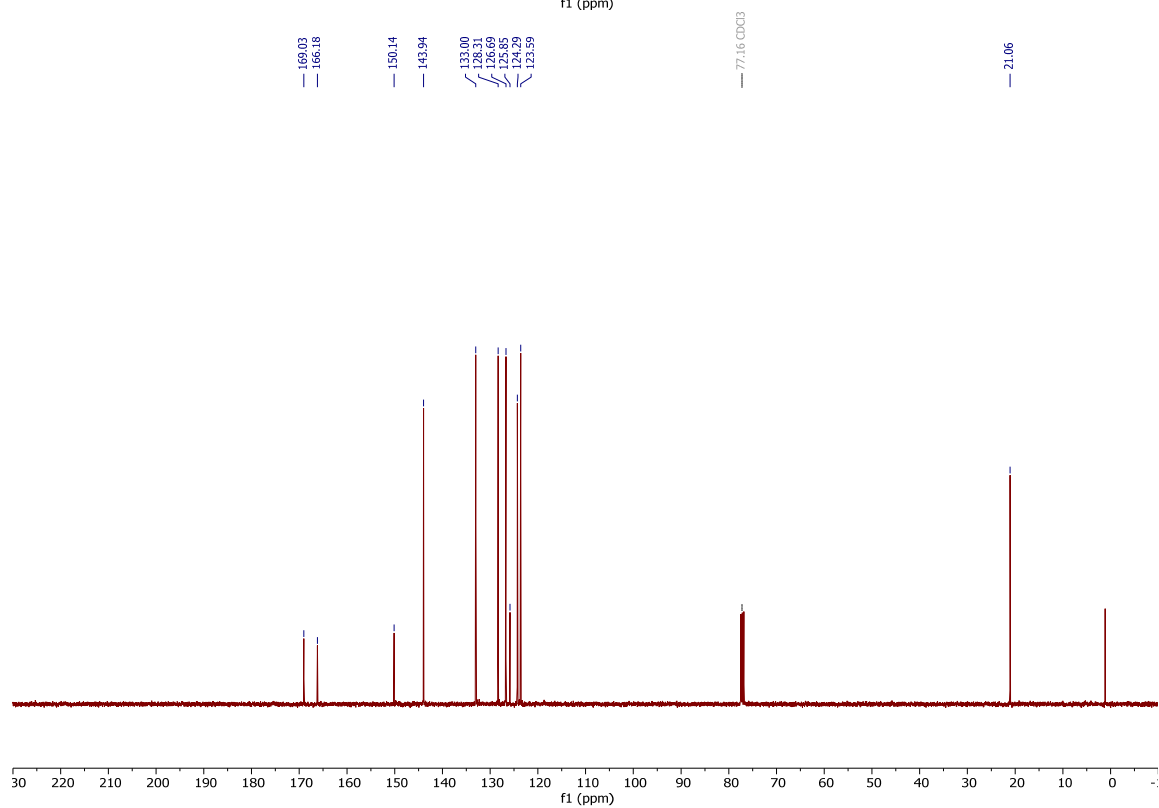
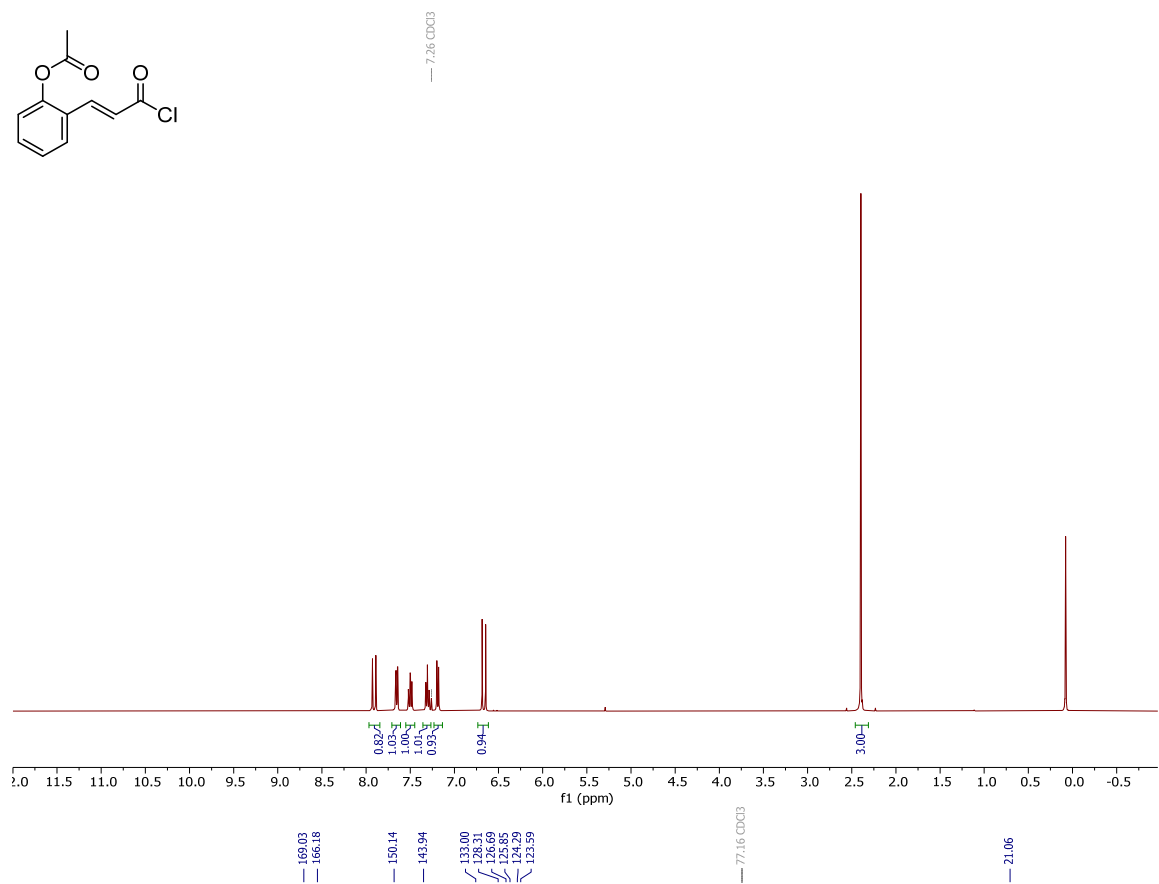
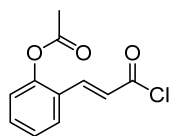
(*E*)-3-(*o*-tolyl)acryloyl chloride (**1h**).



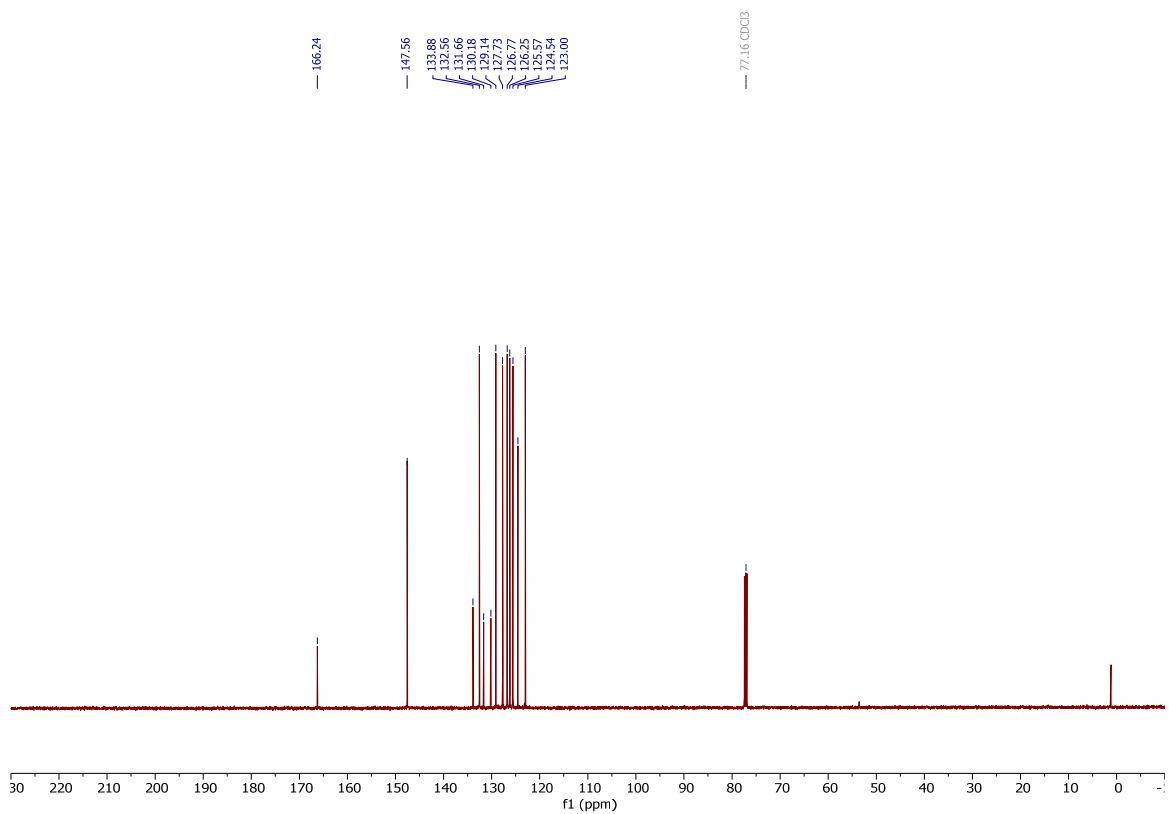
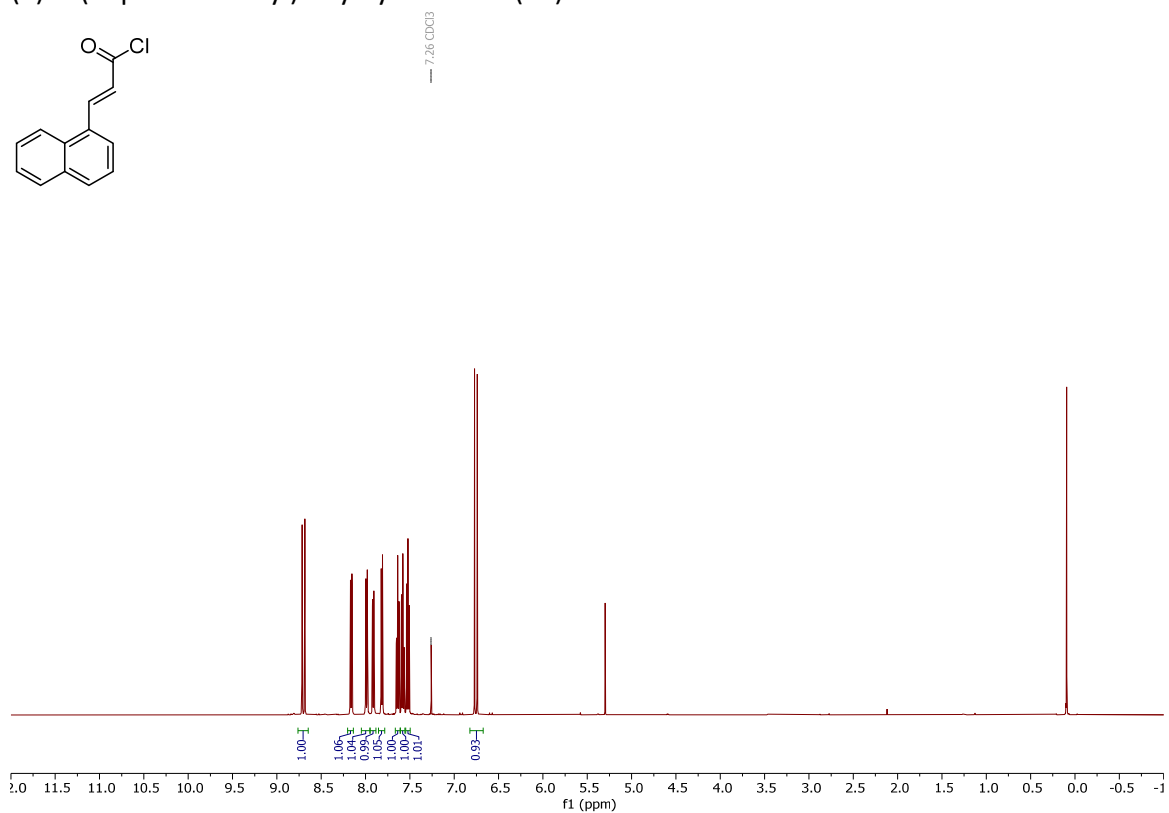
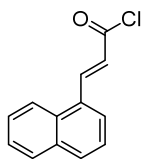
(*E*)-3-(2-methoxyphenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1i**).



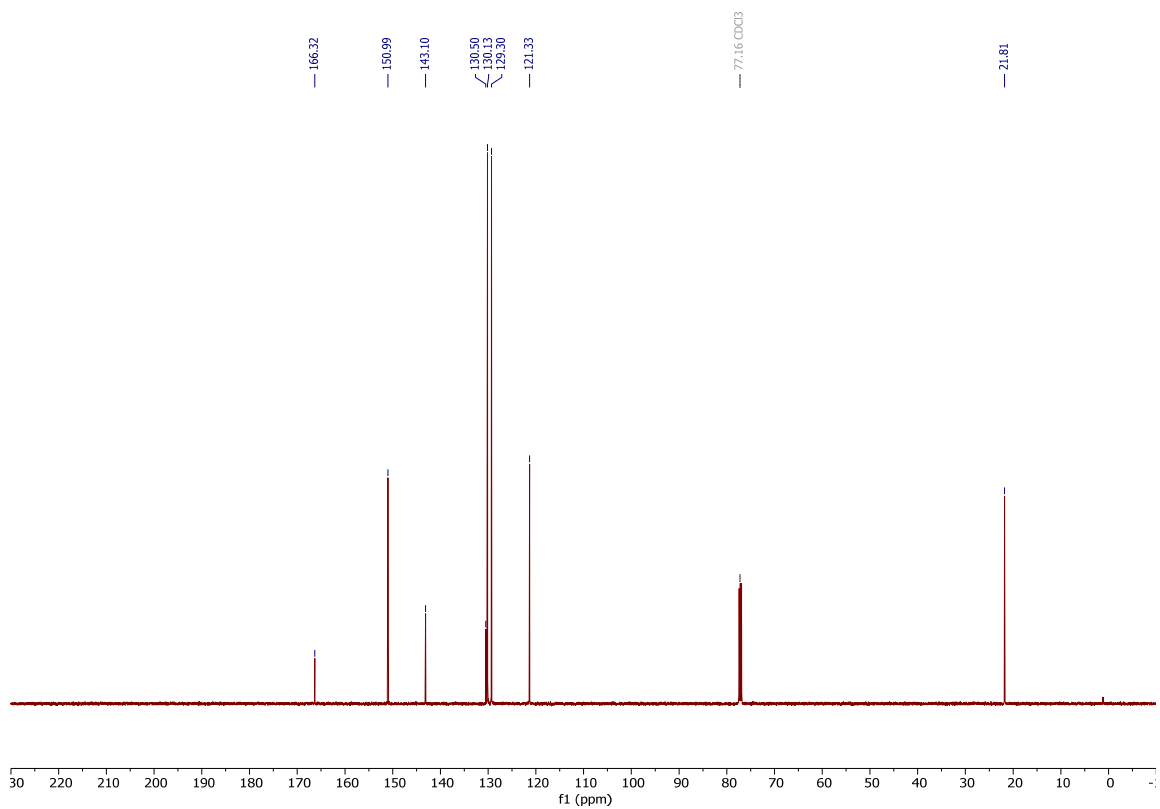
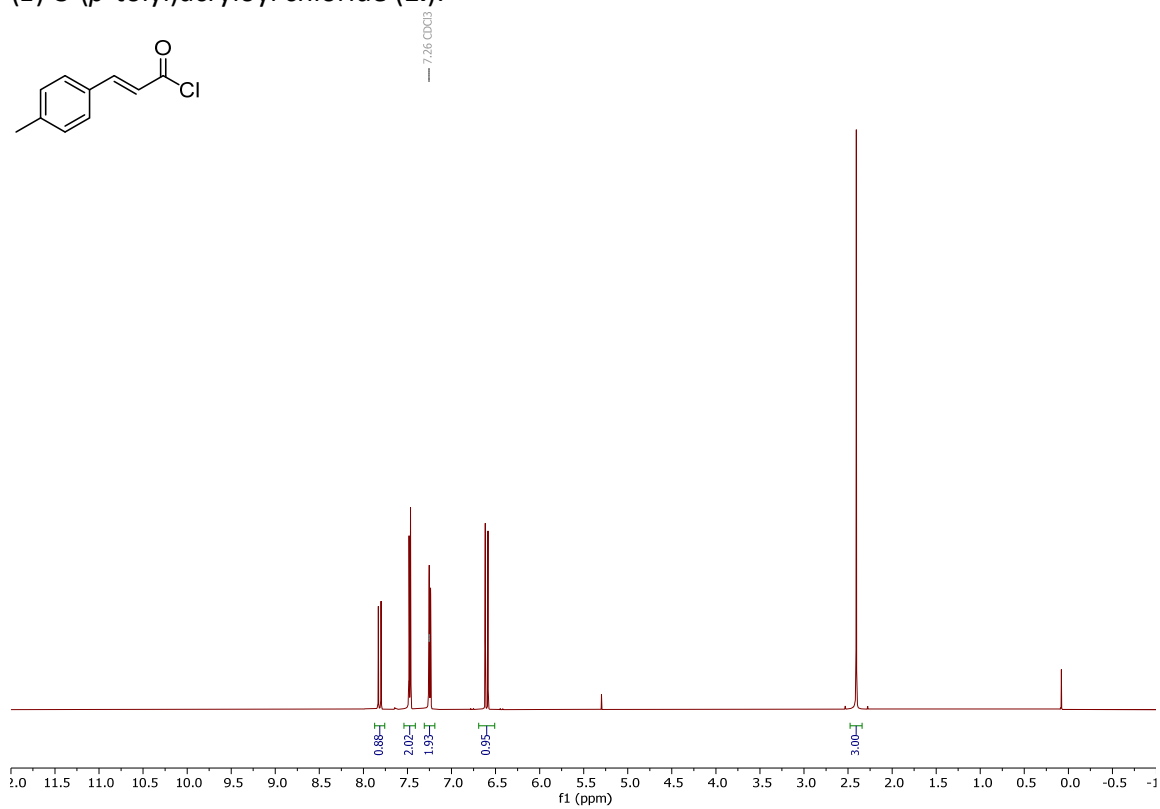
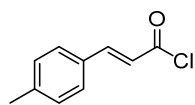
(*E*)-2-(3-chloro-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)phenyl acetate (**1j**).



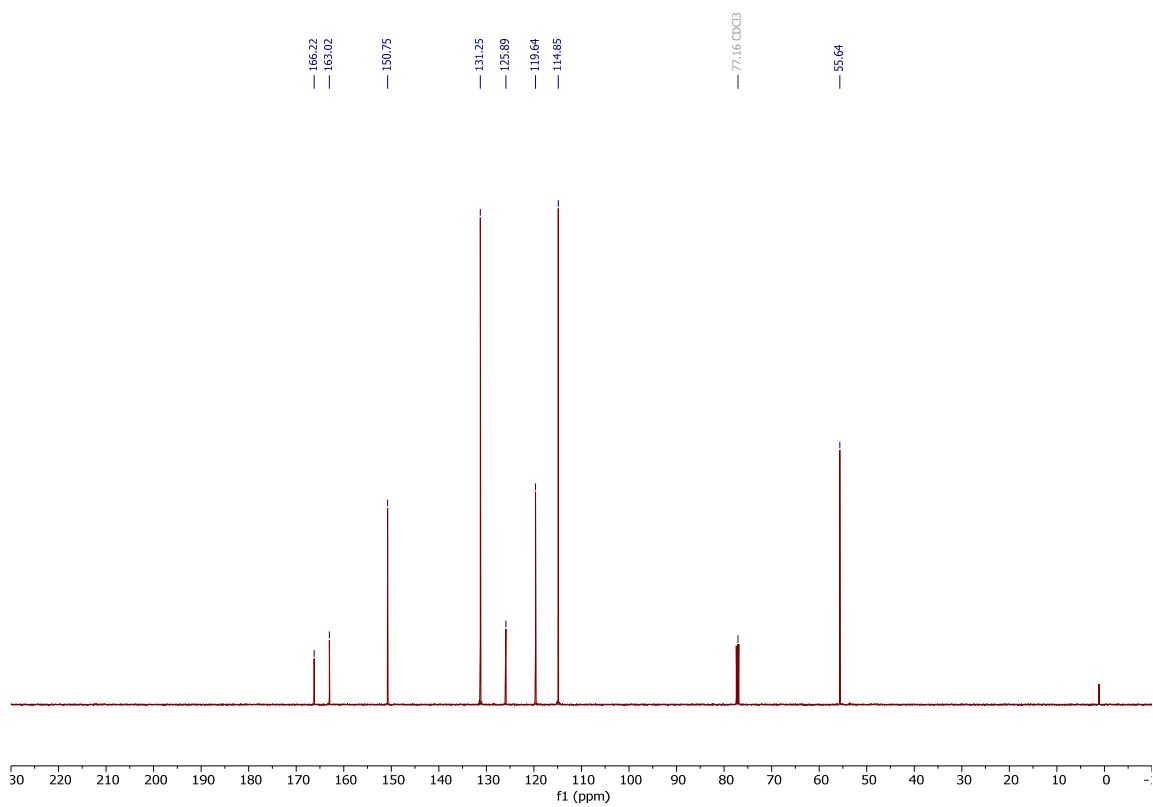
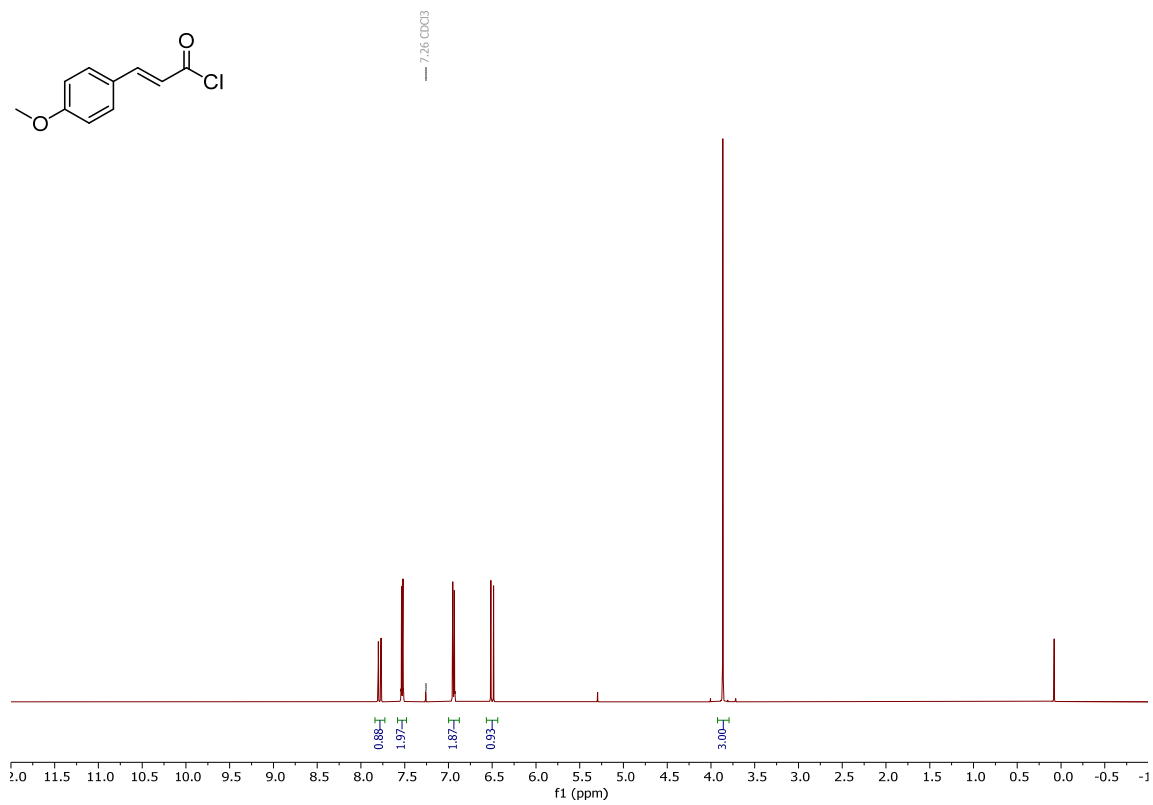
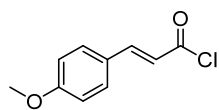
(*E*)-3-(naphthalen-1-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1k**).



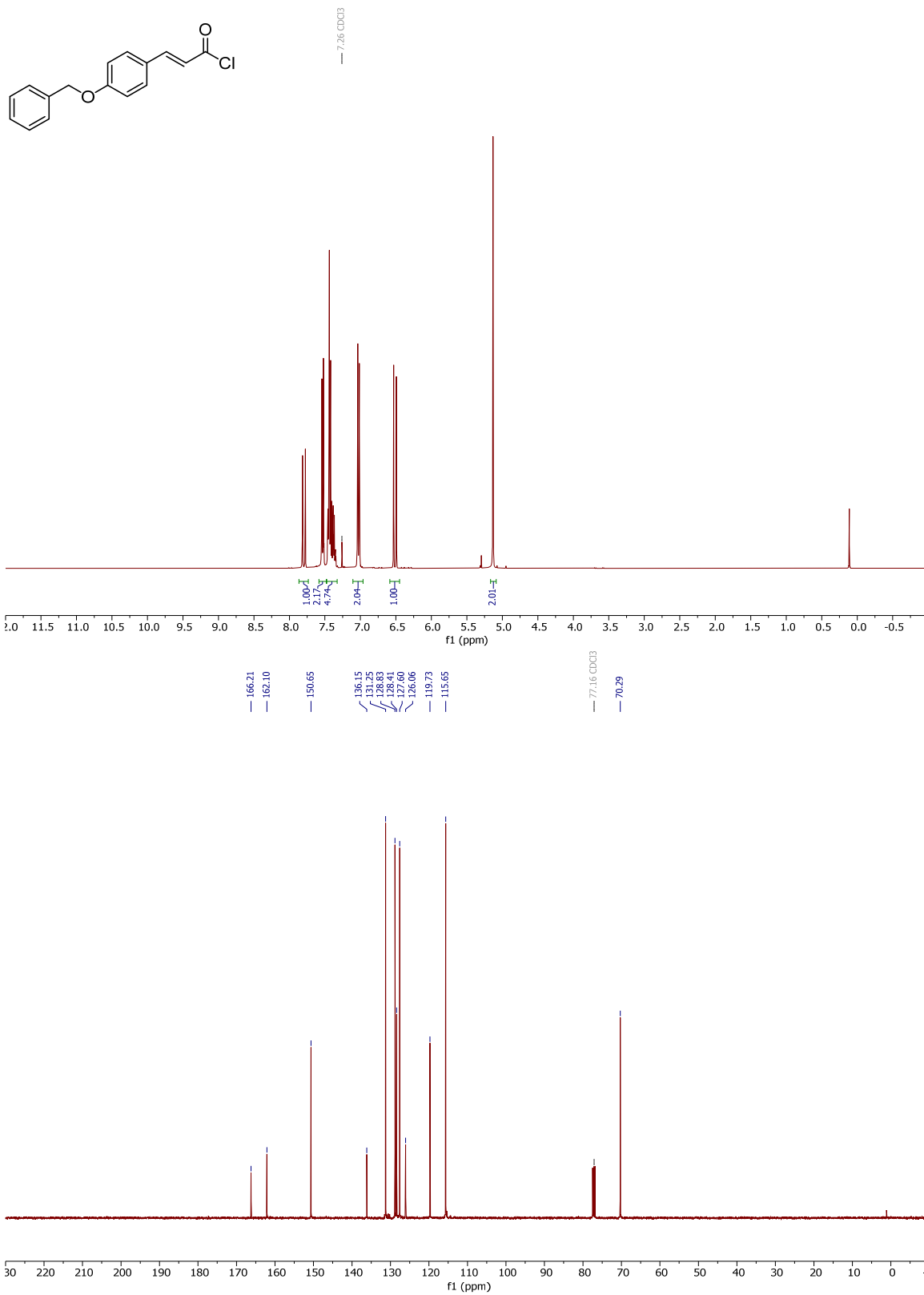
(*E*)-3-(*p*-tolyl)acryloyl chloride (**1l**).



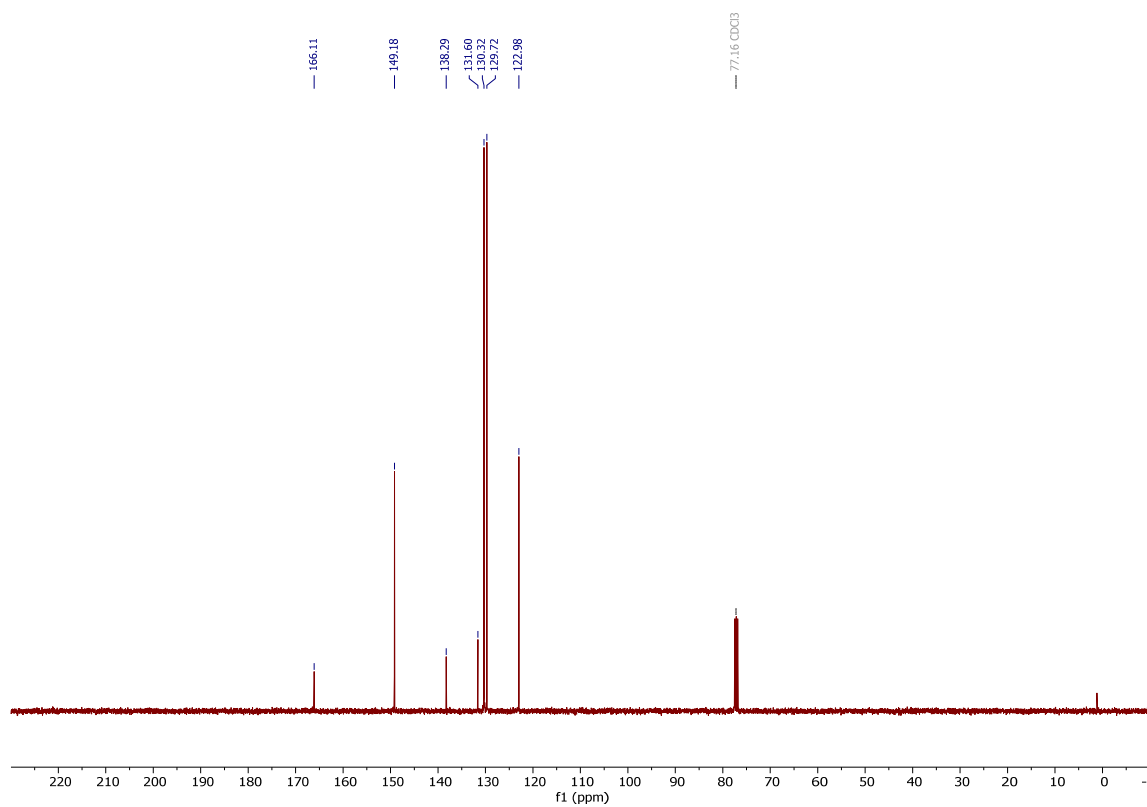
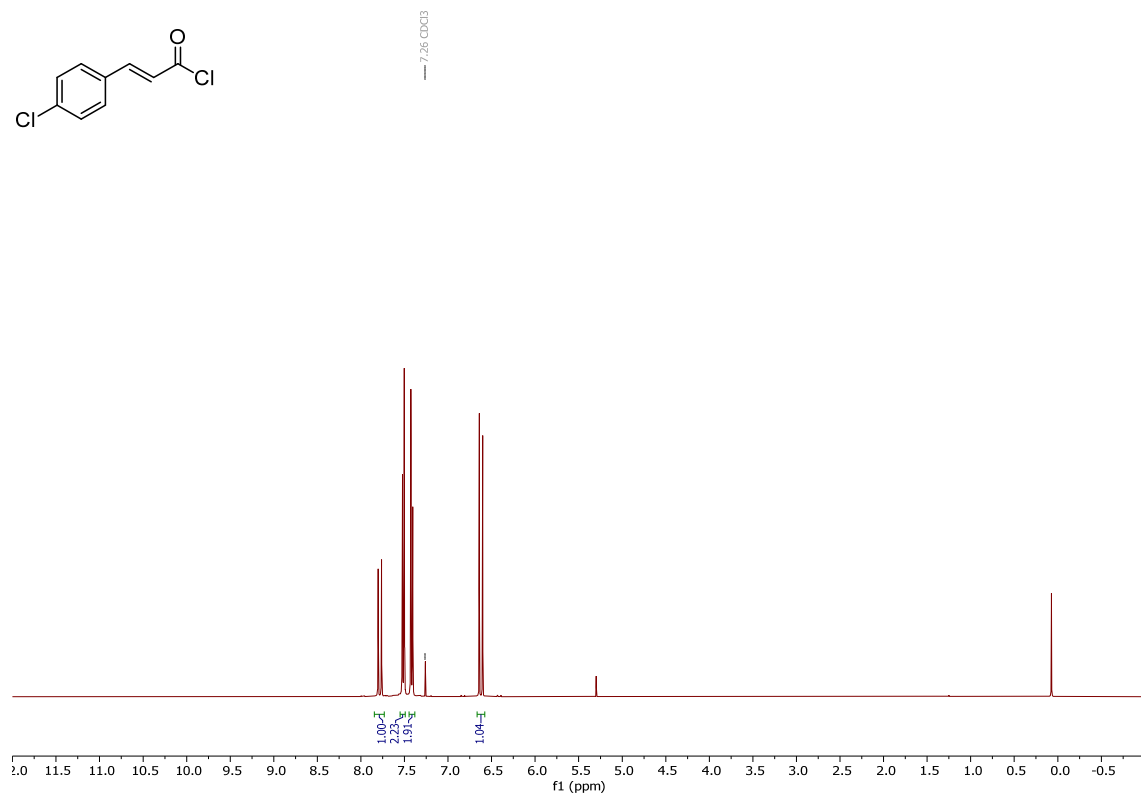
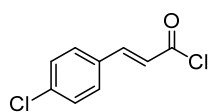
(*E*)-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1m**).



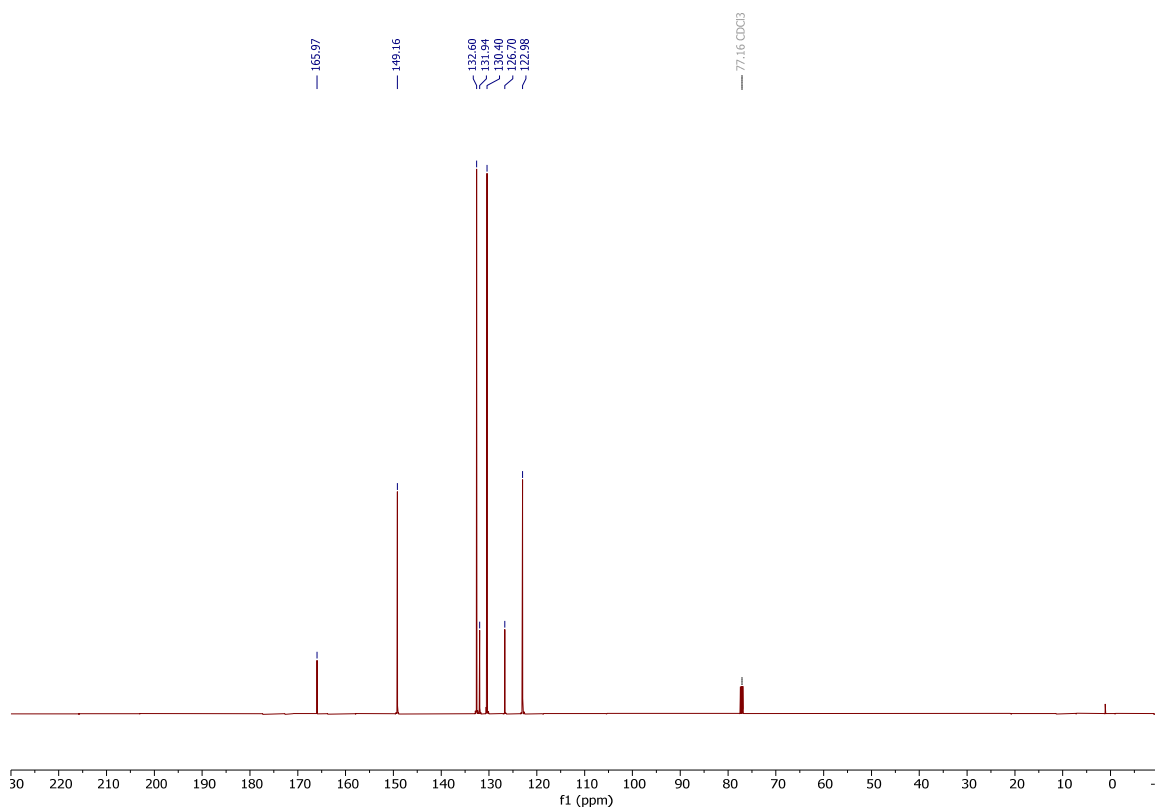
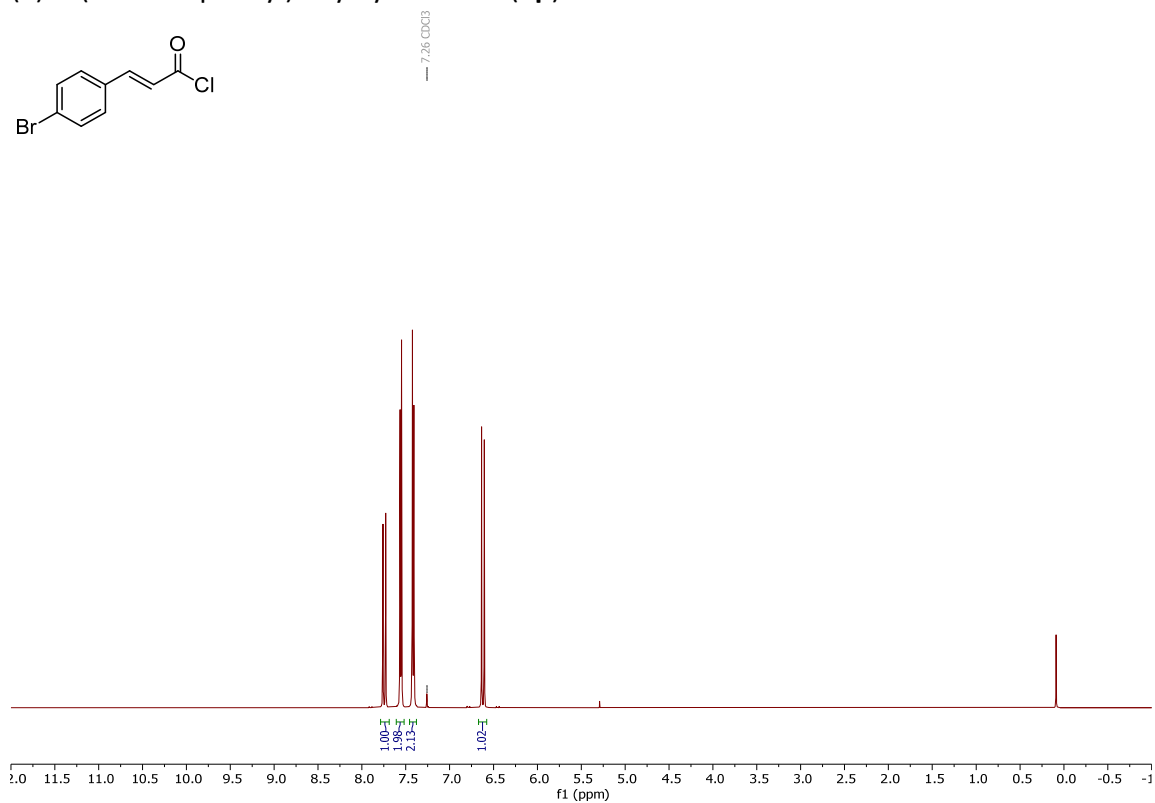
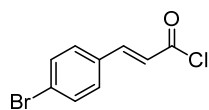
(*E*)-3-(4-(benzyloxy)phenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1n**).



(*E*)-3-(4-chlorophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**10**).

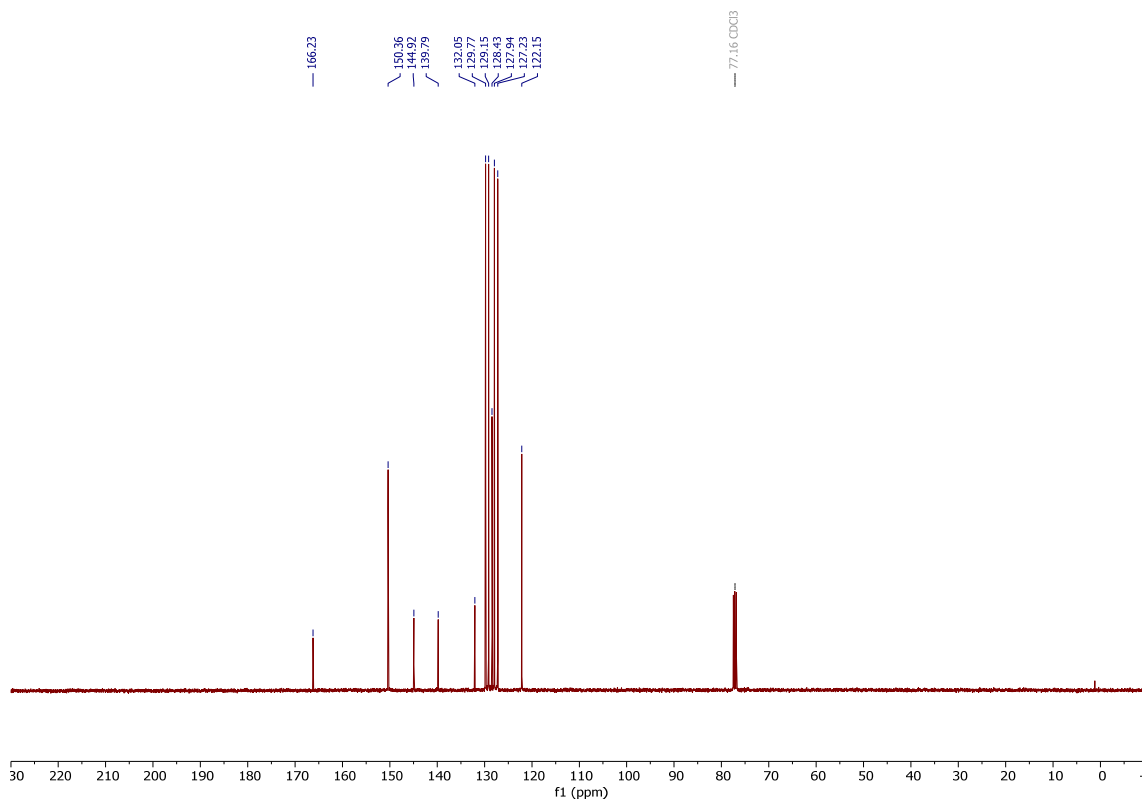
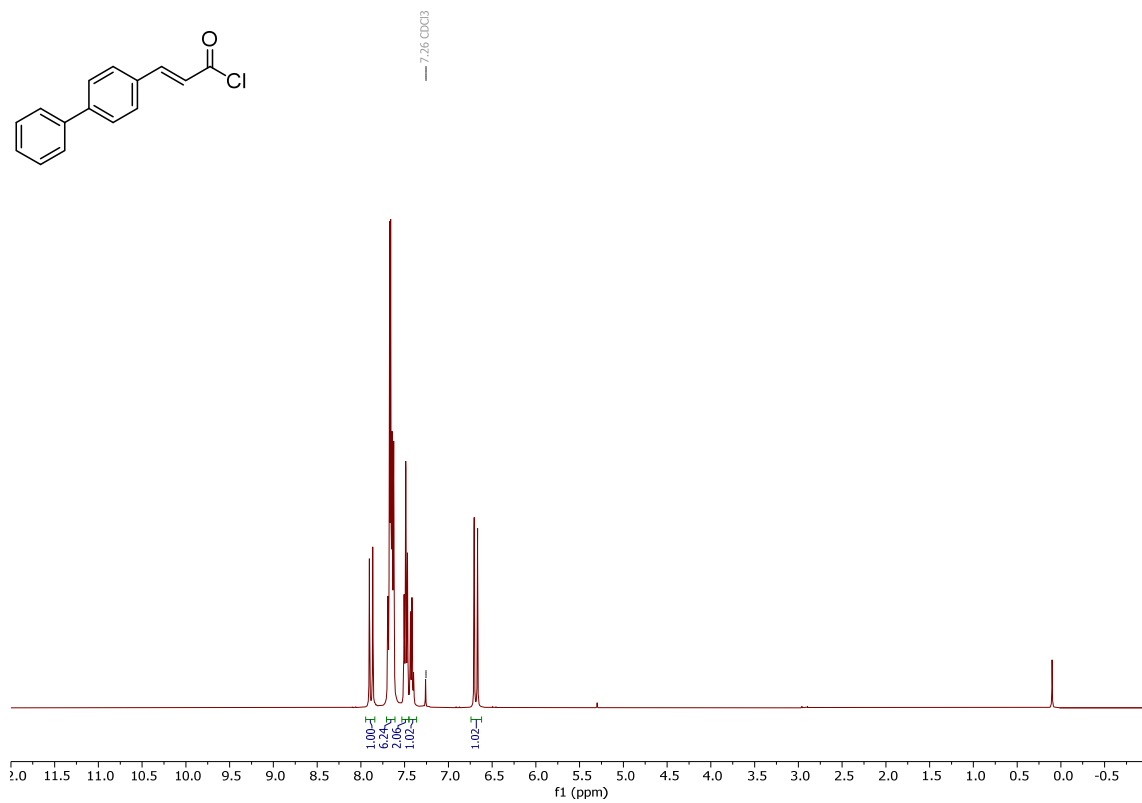
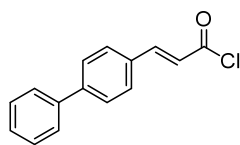


(*E*)-3-(4-bromophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1p**).

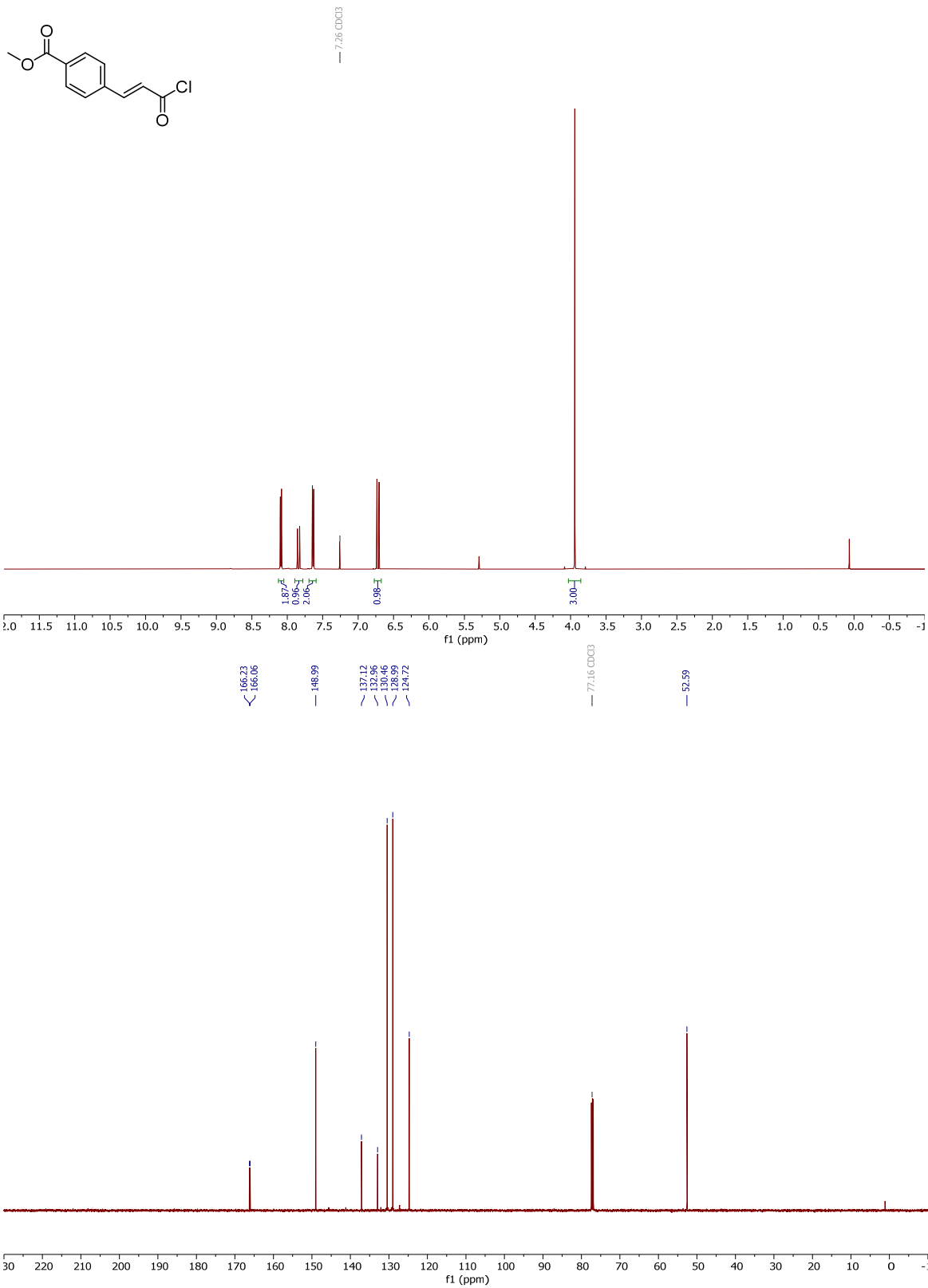


S377

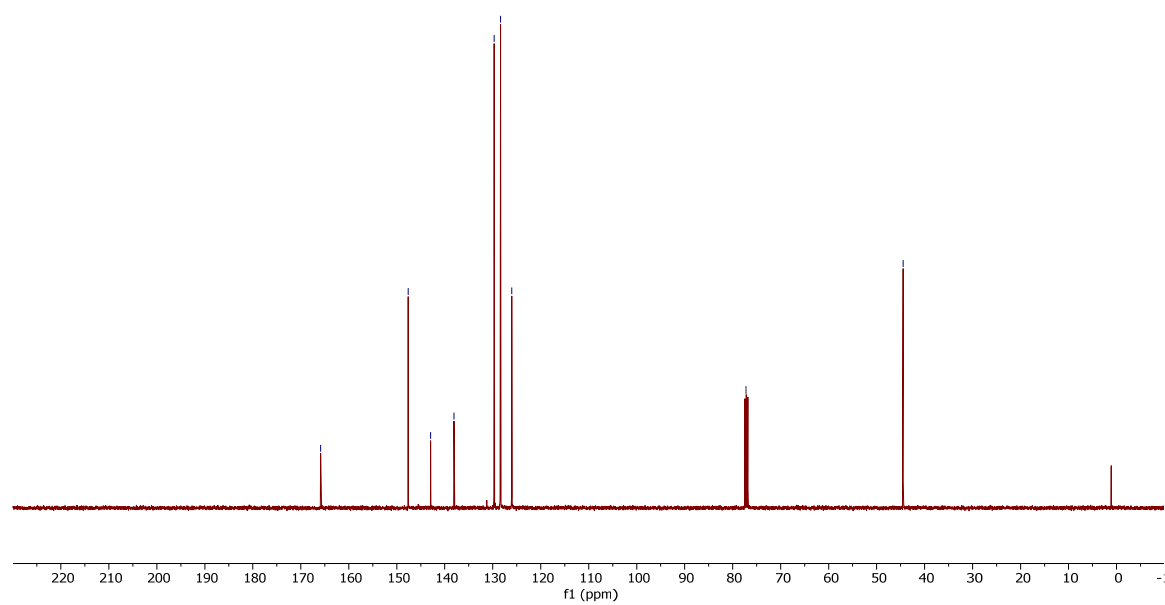
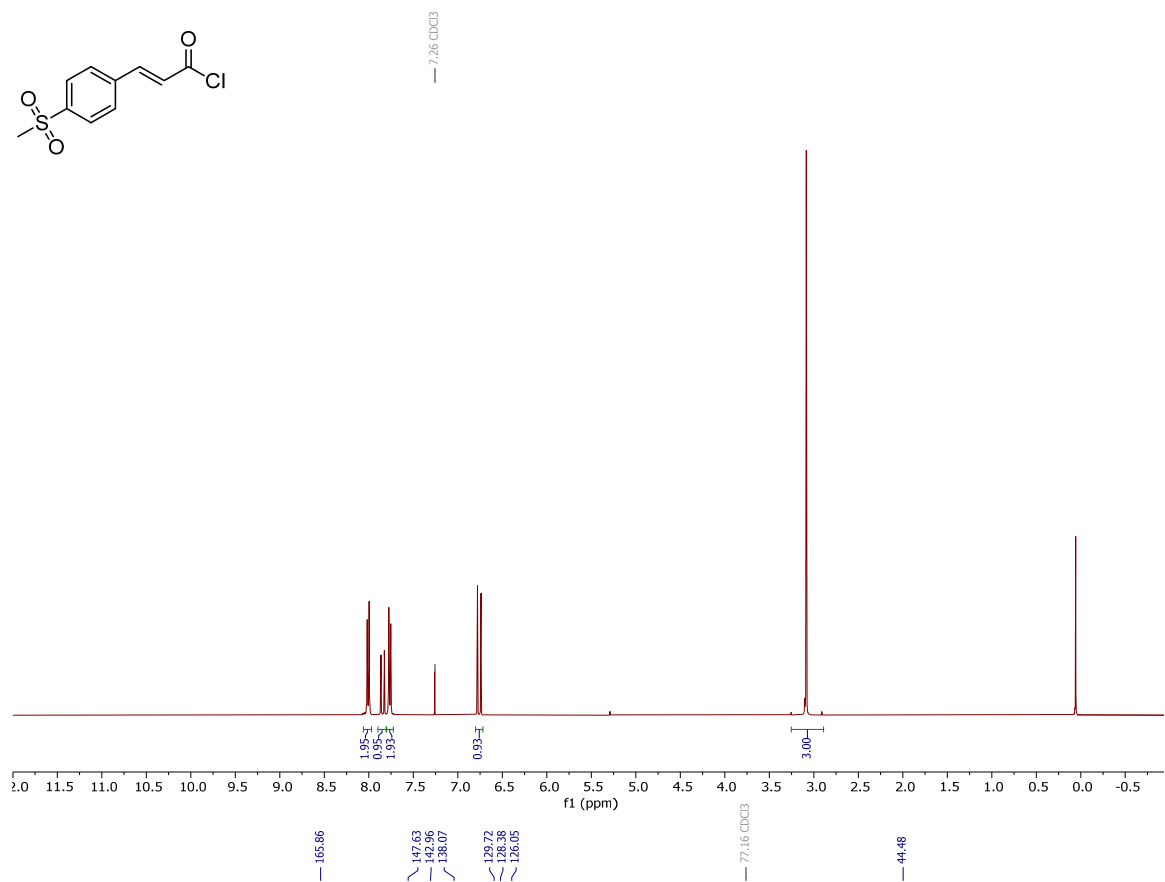
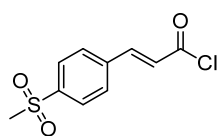
(*E*)-3-([1,1'-biphenyl]-4-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1q**).



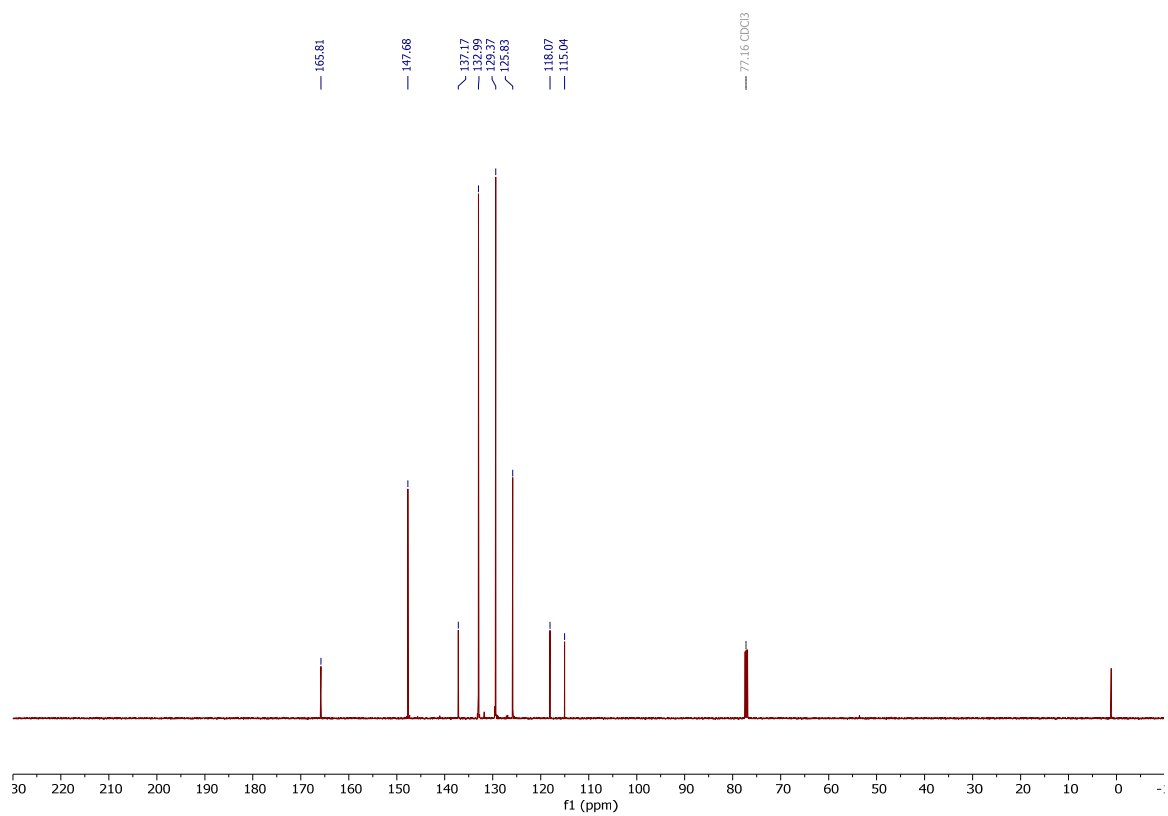
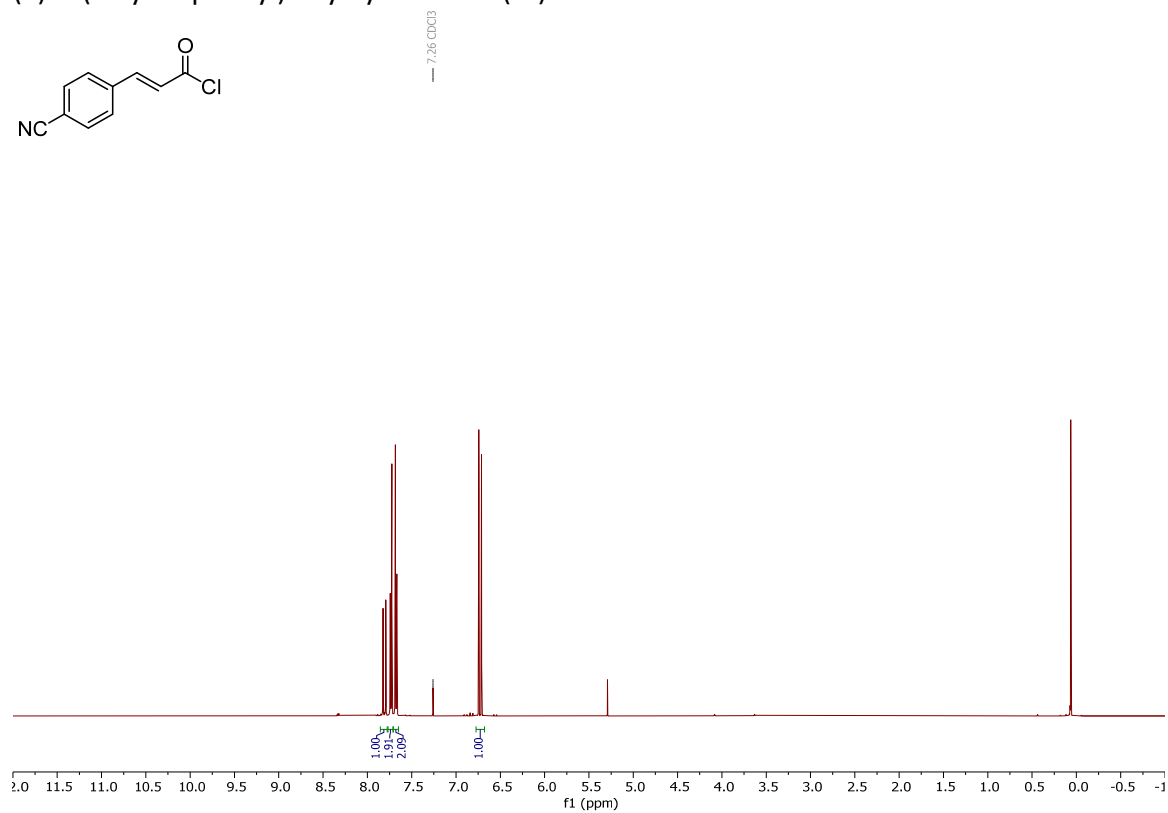
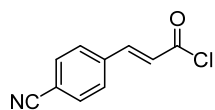
methyl (*E*)-4-(3-chloro-3-oxoprop-1-en-1-yl)benzoate (**1r**).



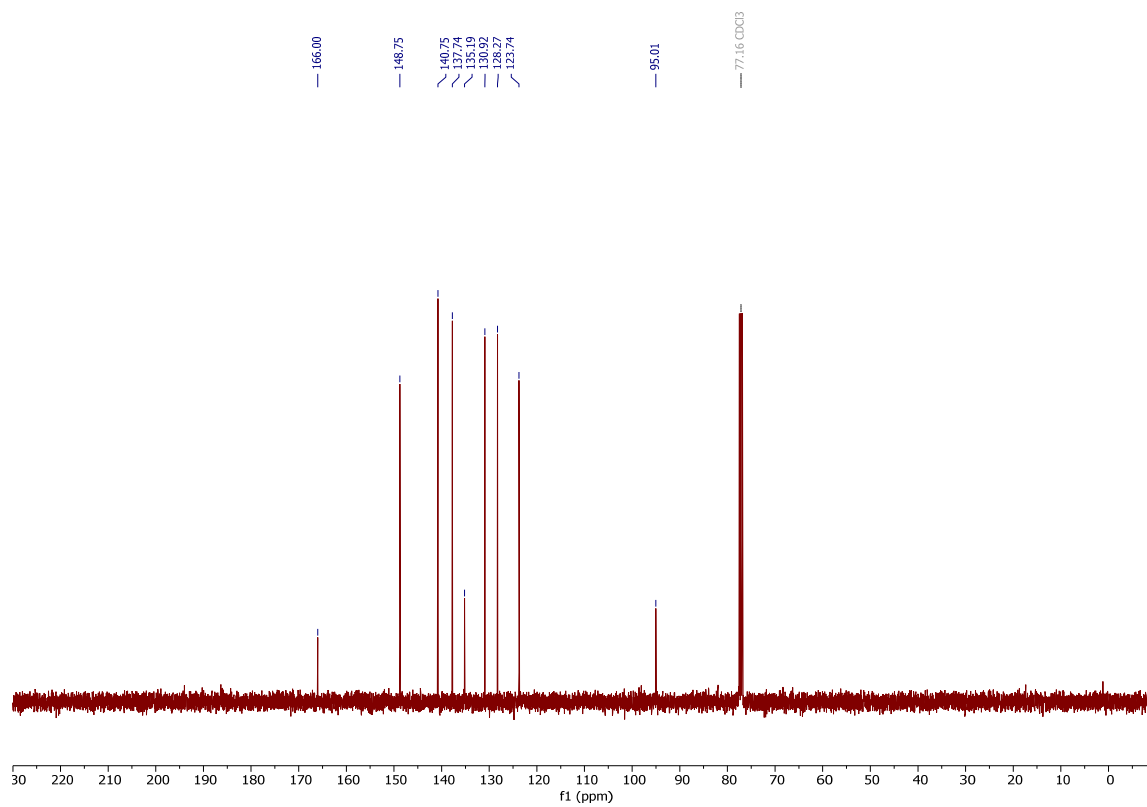
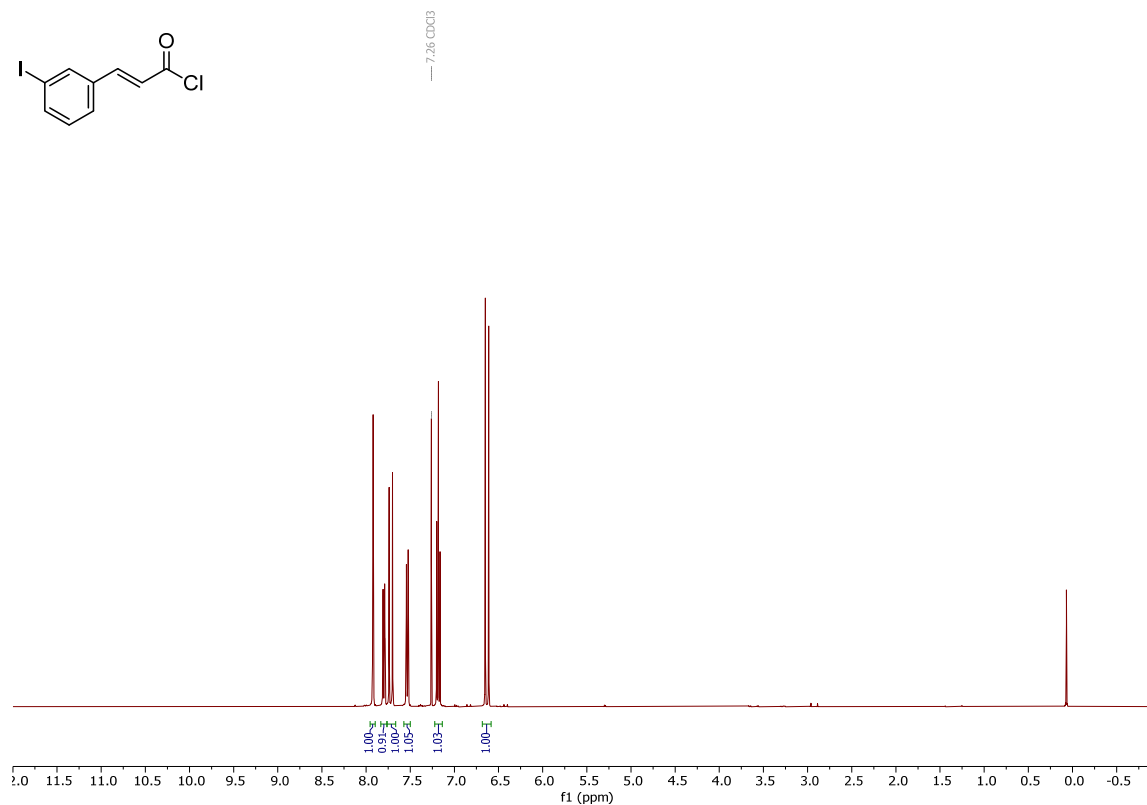
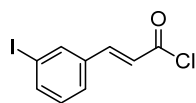
(*E*)-3-(4-(methylsulfonyl)phenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1s**).



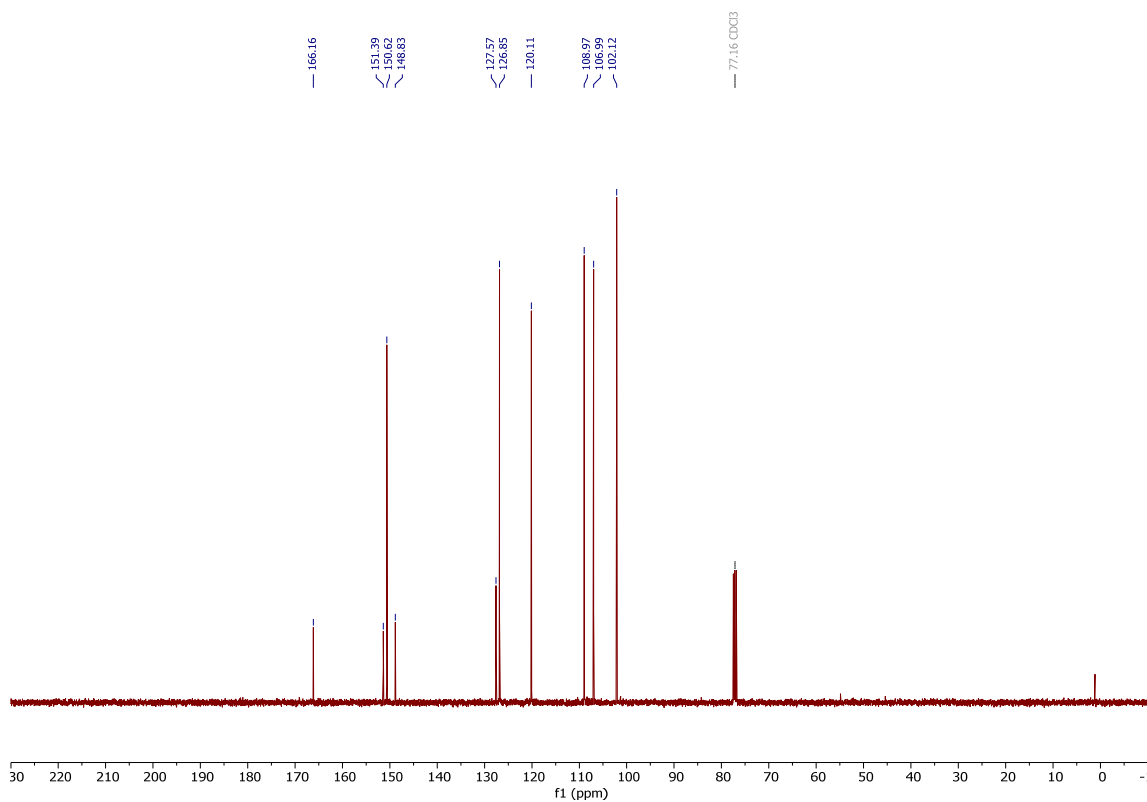
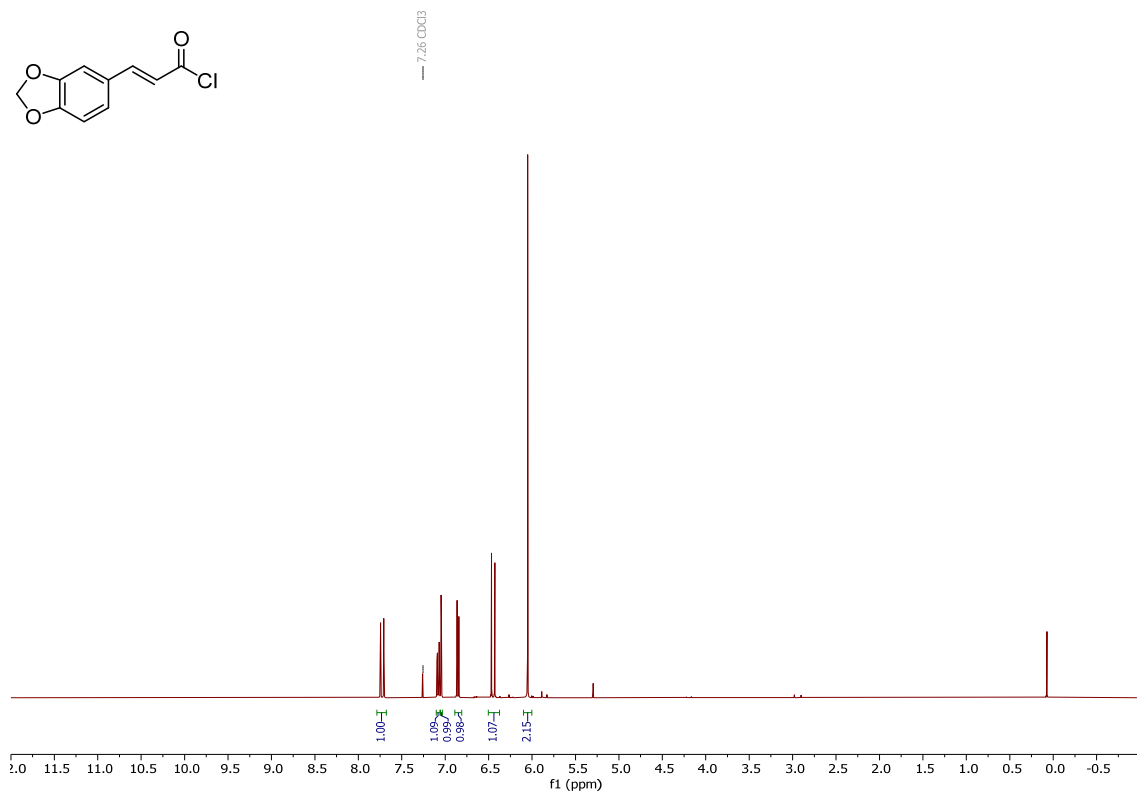
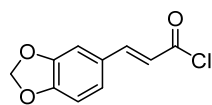
(*E*)-3-(4-cyanophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1t**).



(*E*)-3-(3-iodophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1u**).

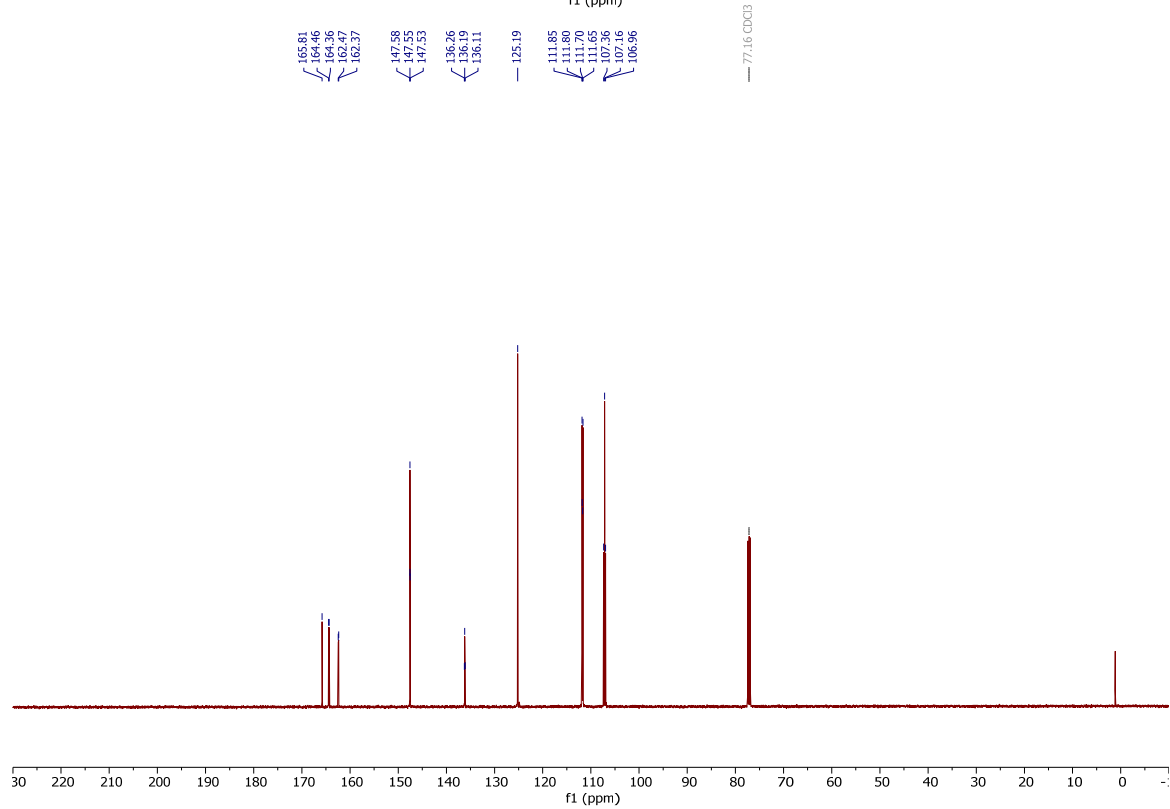
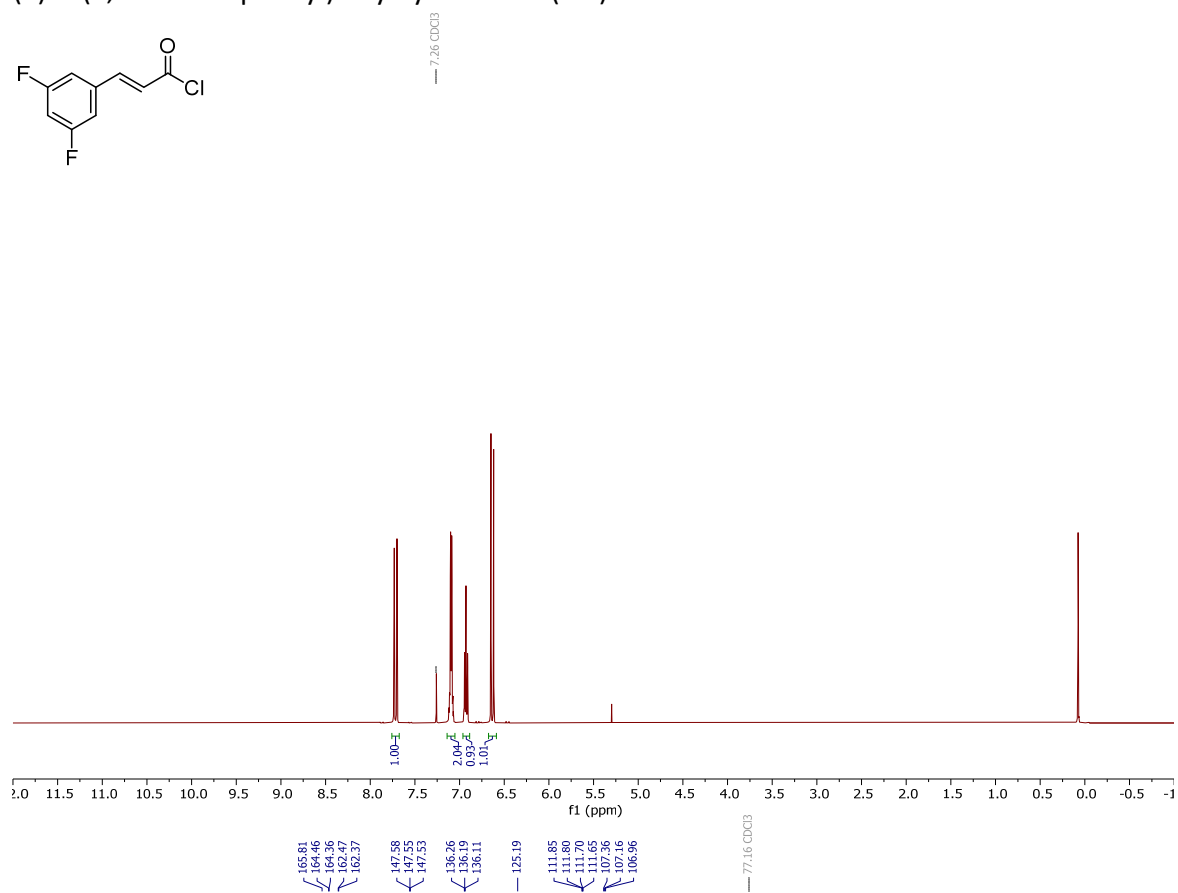
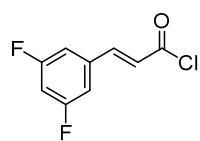


(*E*)-3-(benzo[d][1,3]dioxol-5-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1v**).

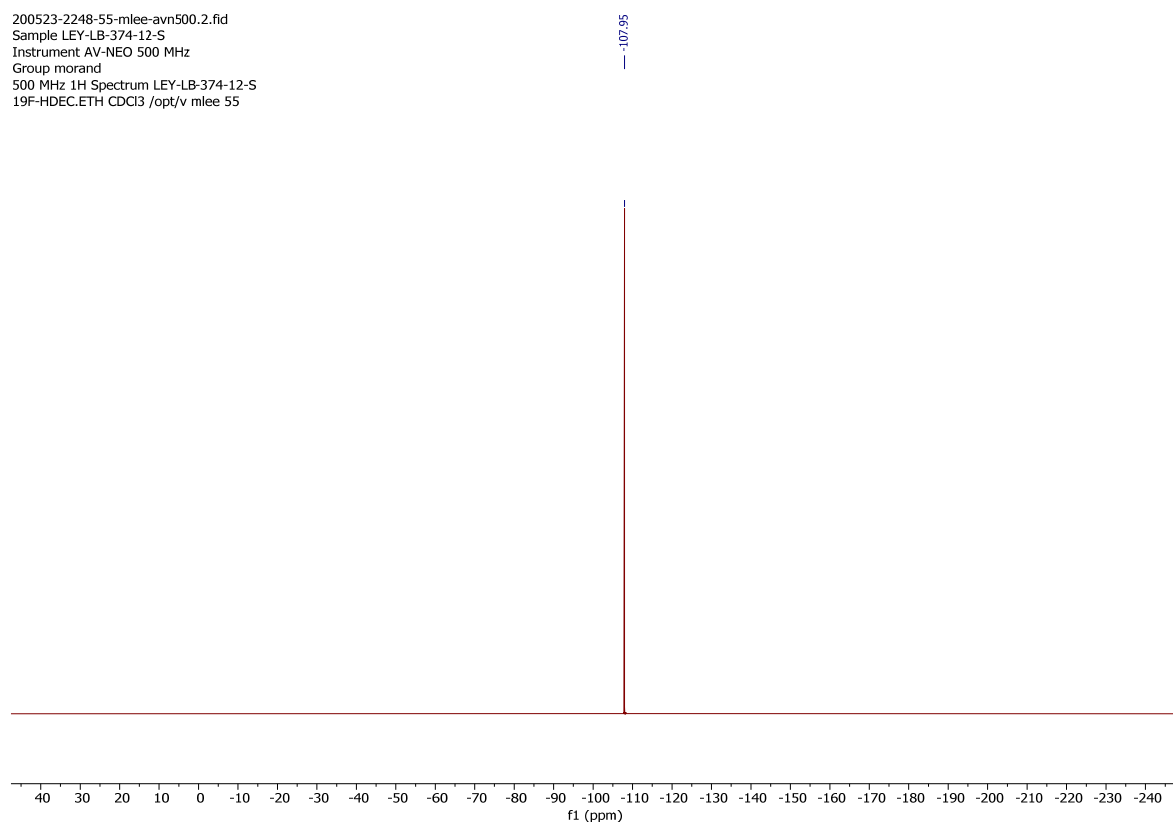


S383

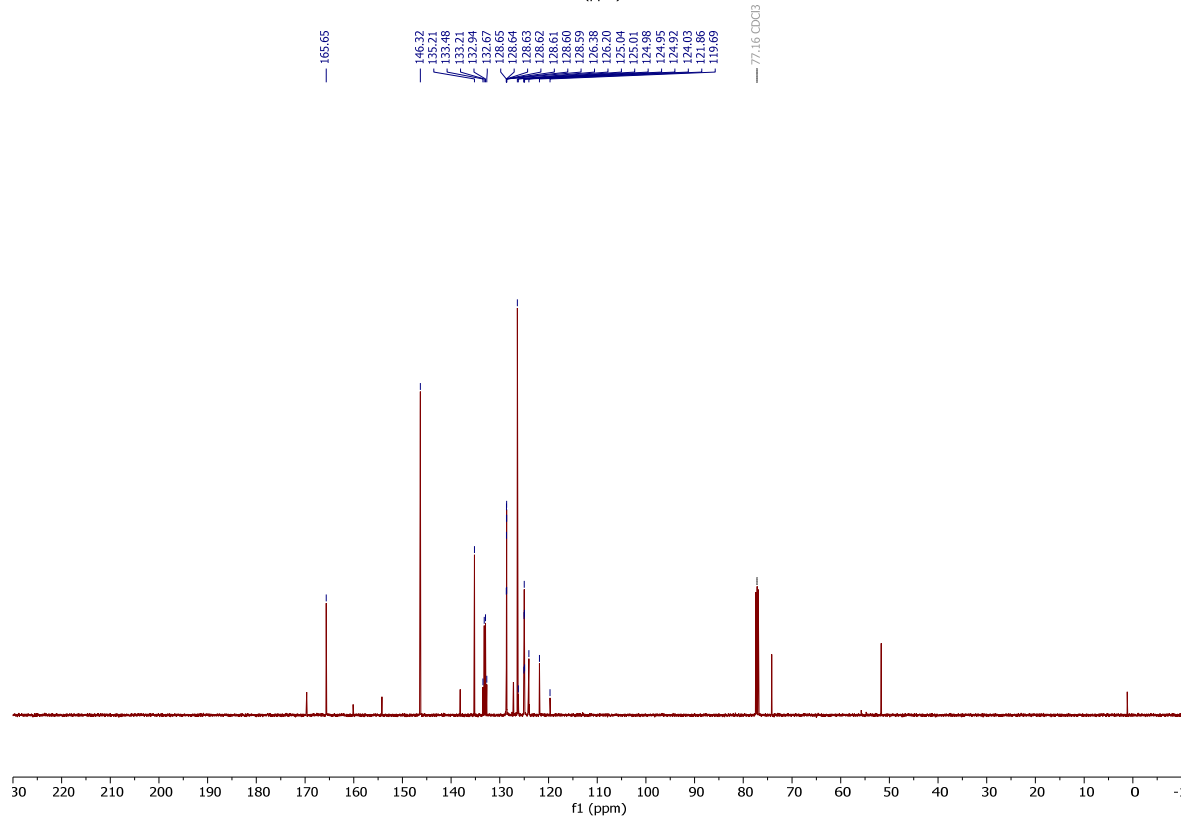
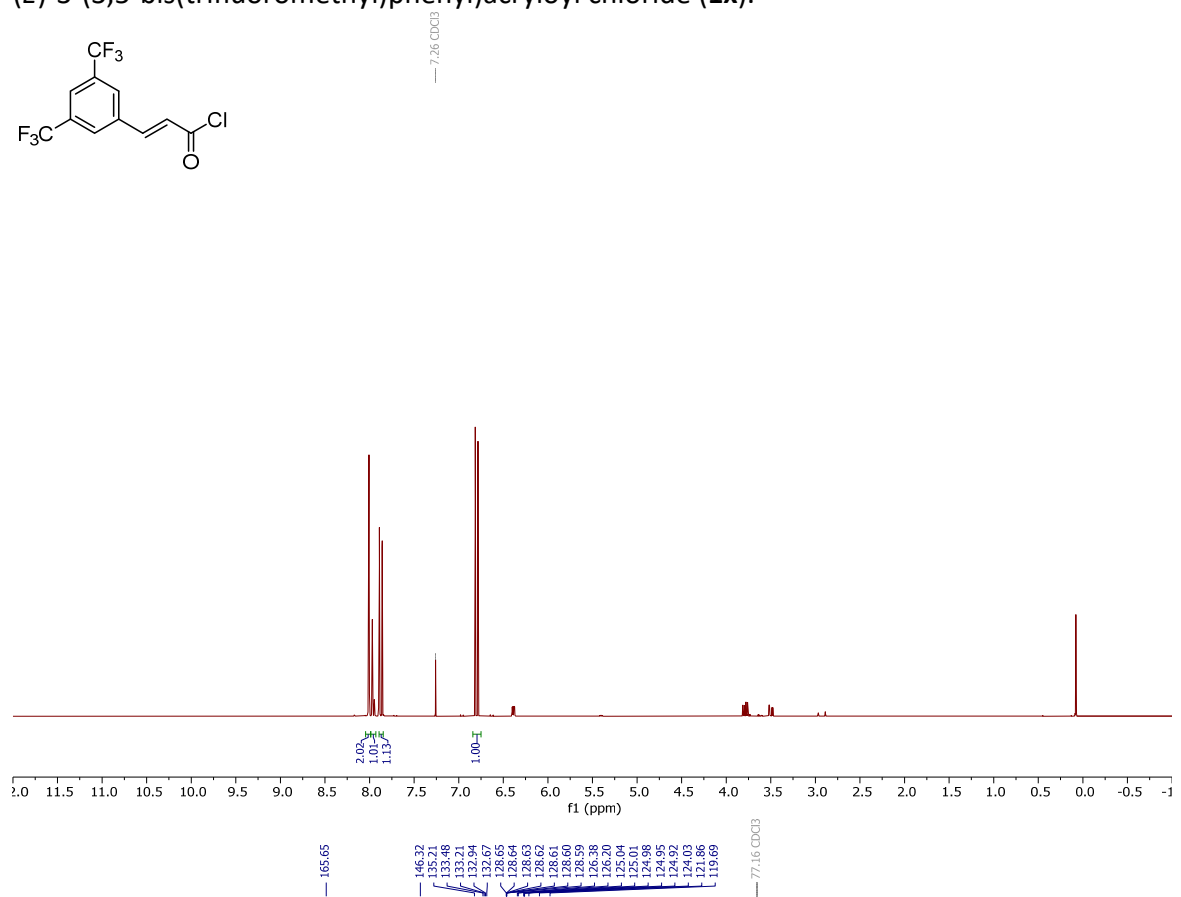
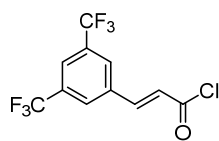
(*E*)-3-(3,5-difluorophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1w**).



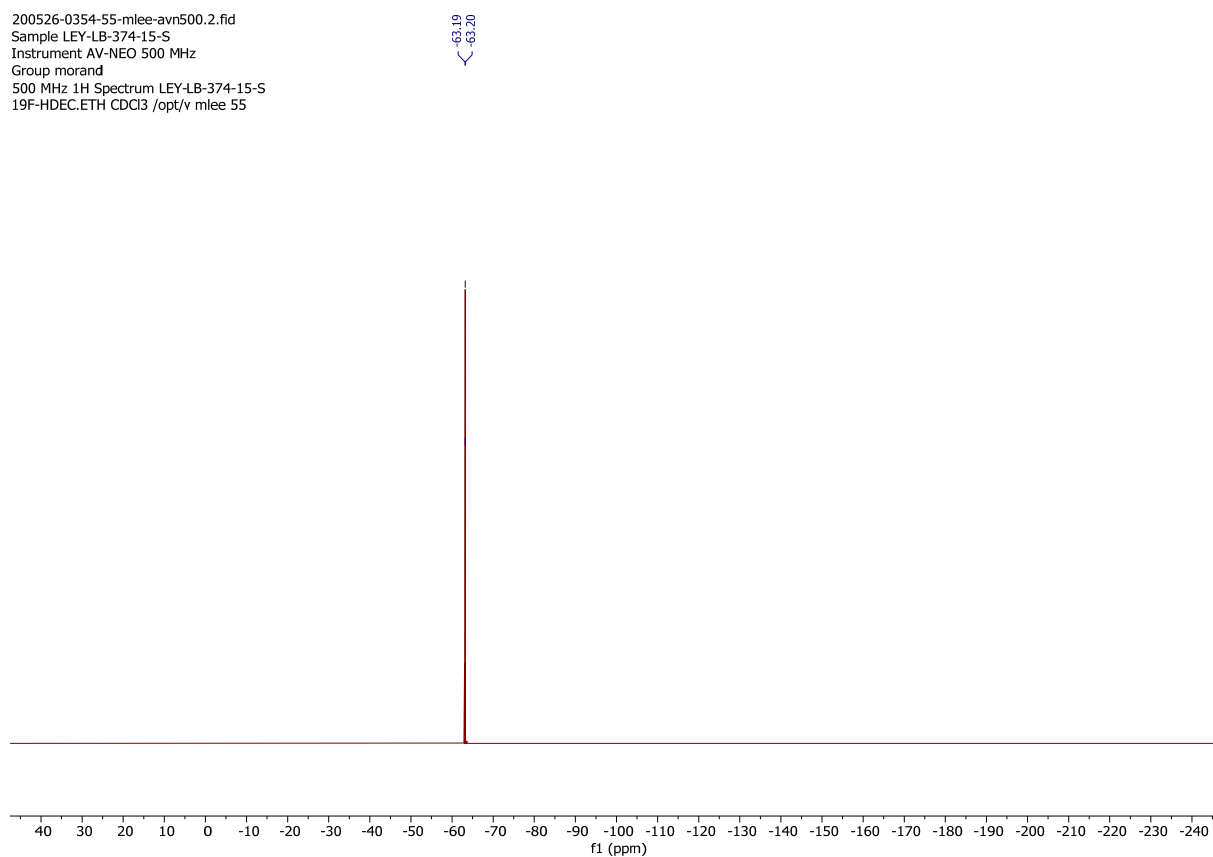
200523-2248-55-mlee-avn500.2.fid
Sample LEY-LB-374-12-S
Instrument AV-NEO 500 MHz
Group morand
500 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-374-12-S
19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl3 /opt/v mlee 55



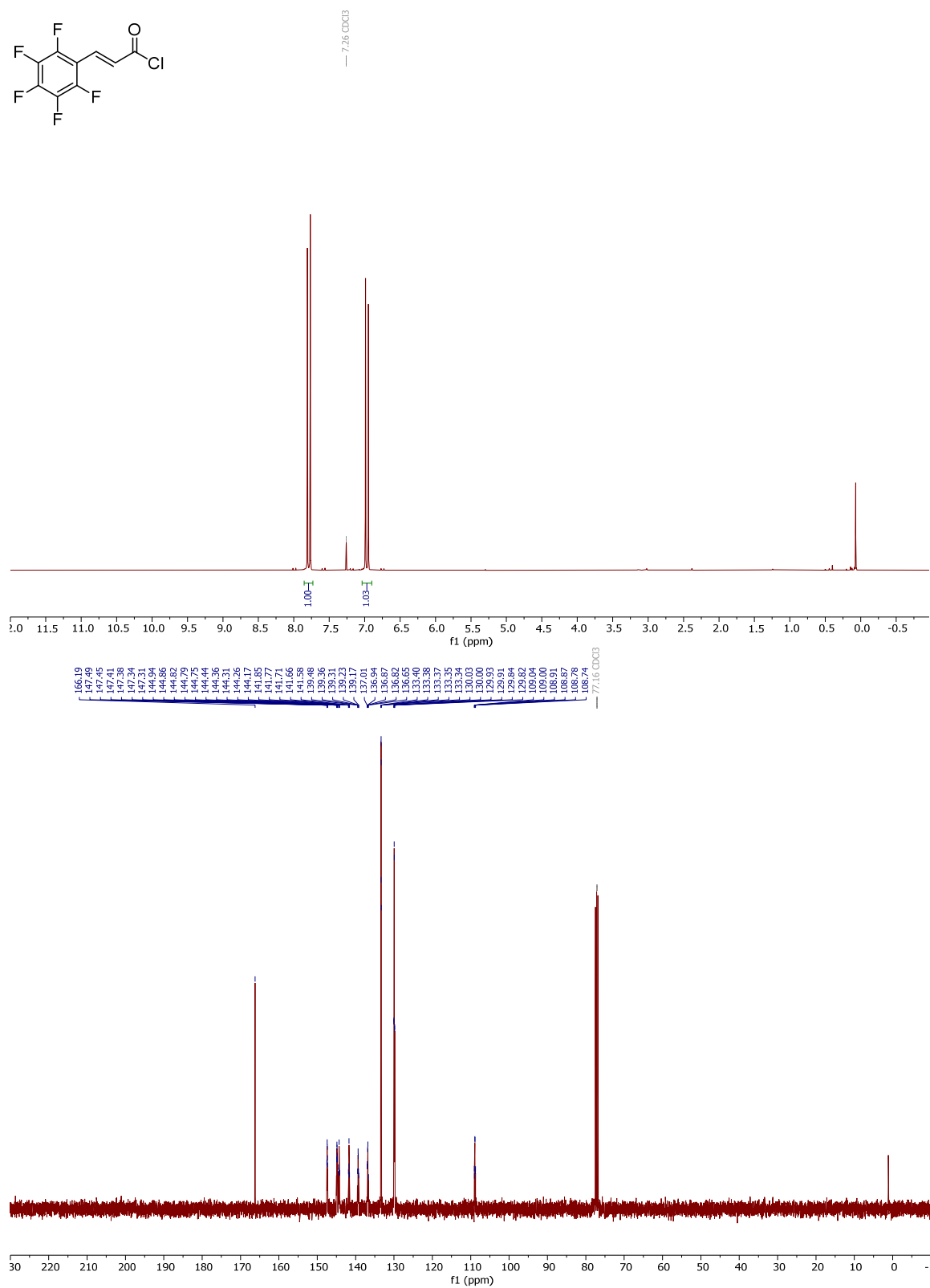
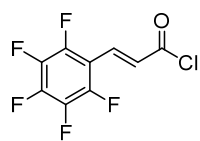
(*E*)-3-(3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1x**).



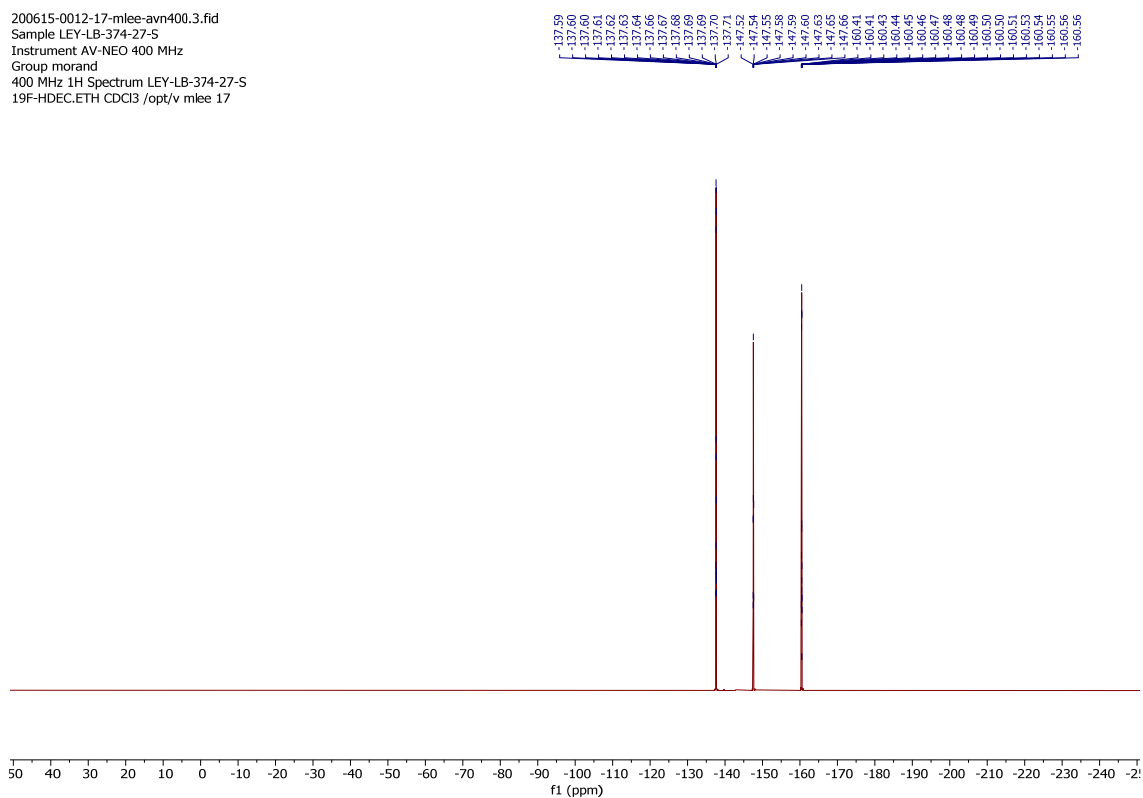
200526-0354-55-mlee-avn500.2.fid
Sample LEY-LB-374-15-S
Instrument AV-NEO 500 MHz
Group morand
500 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-374-15-S
19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl3 /opt/v mlee 55



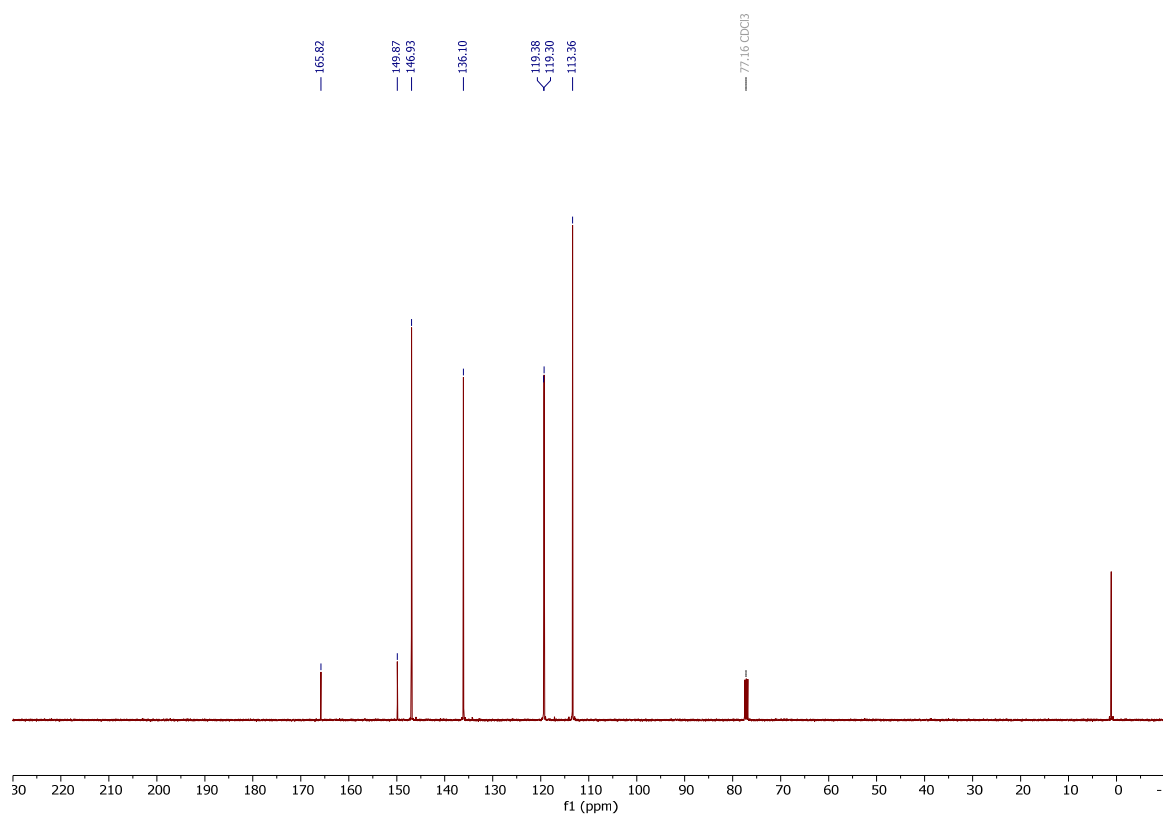
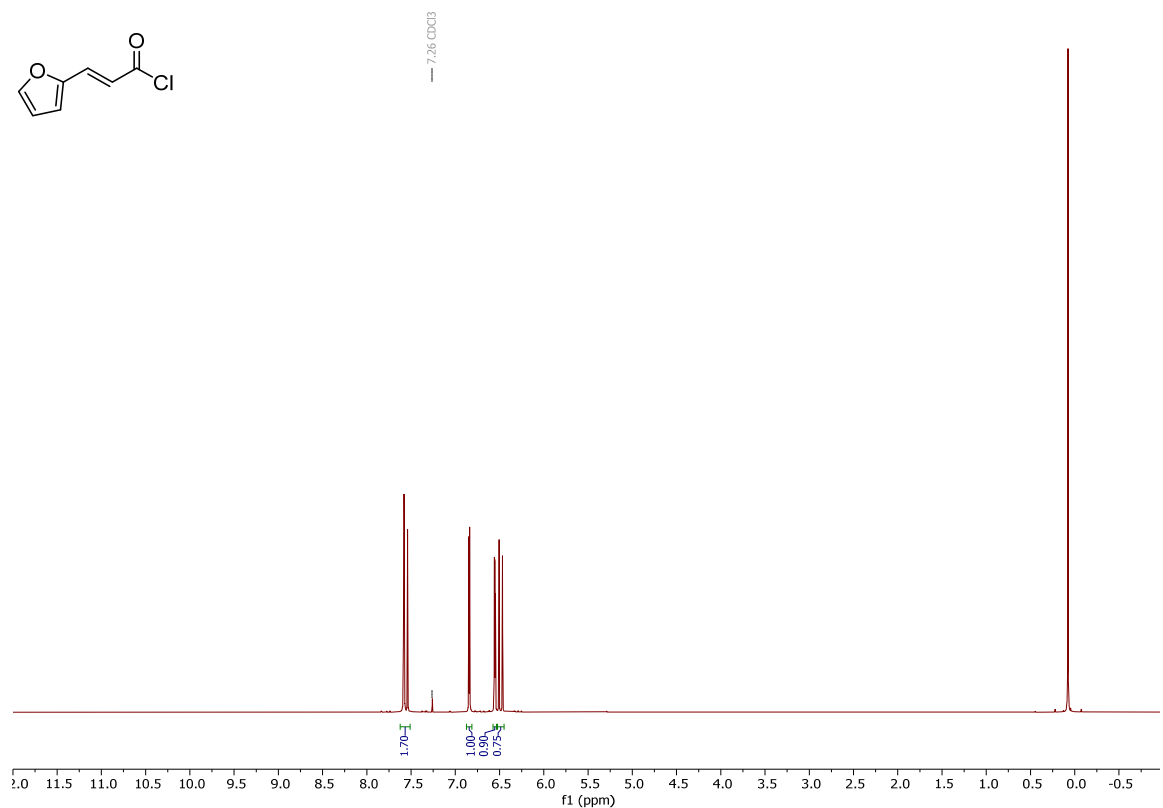
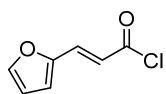
(*E*)-3-(perfluorophenyl)acryloyl chloride (**1y**).



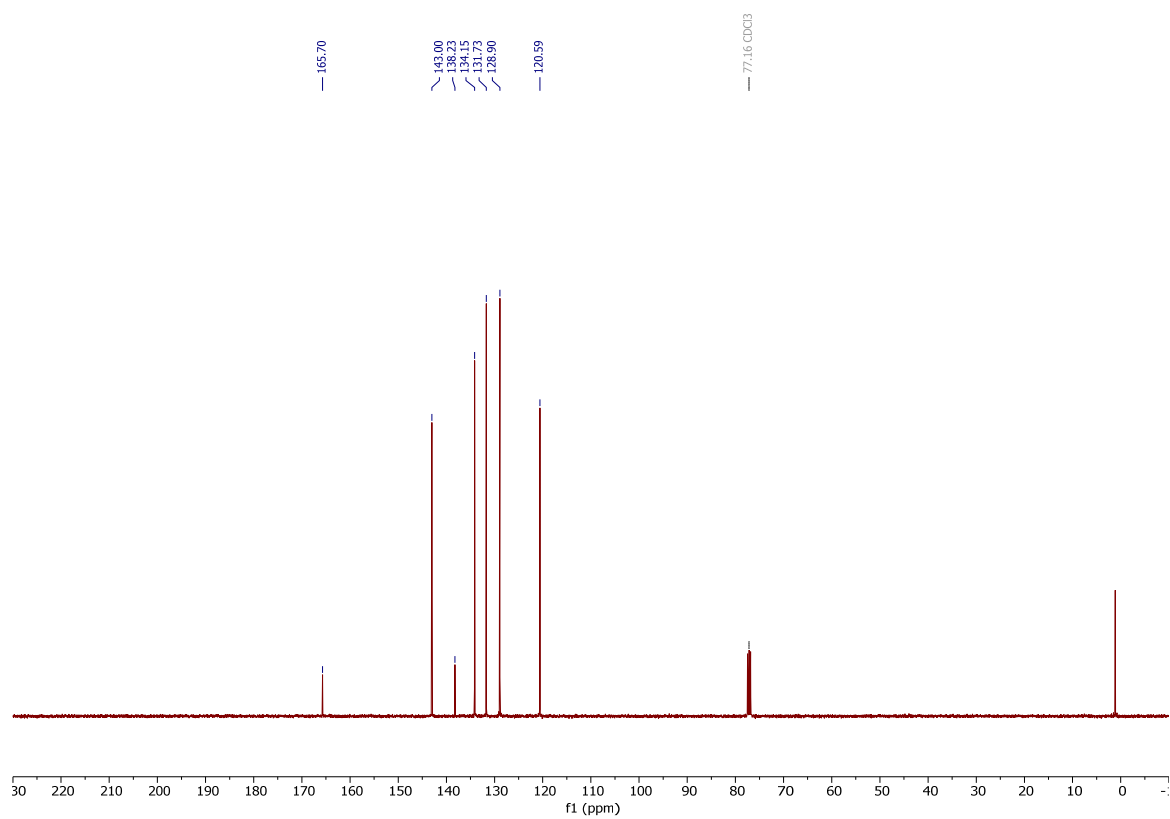
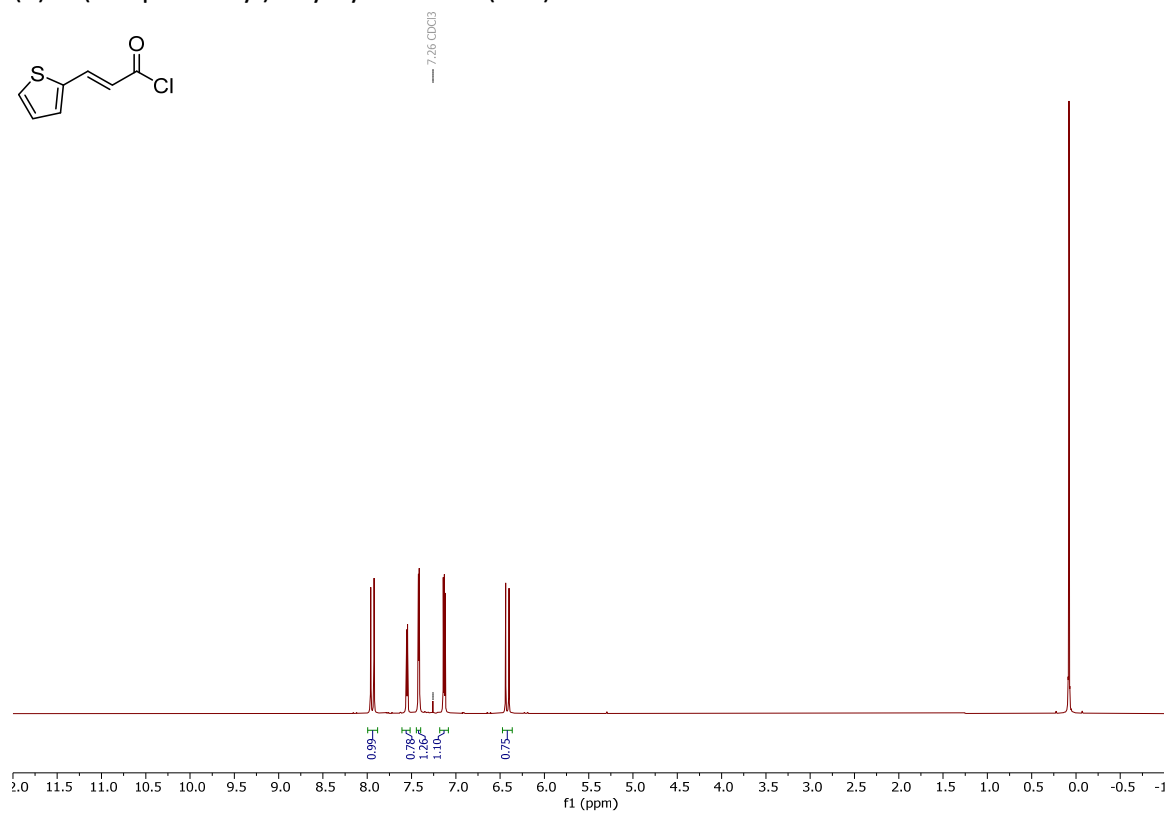
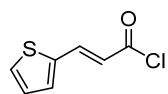
200615-0012-17-mlee-avn400.3.fid
 Sample LEY-LB-374-27-S
 Instrument AV-NEO 400 MHz
 Group morand
 400 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-374-27-S
 19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl3 /opt/v mlee 17



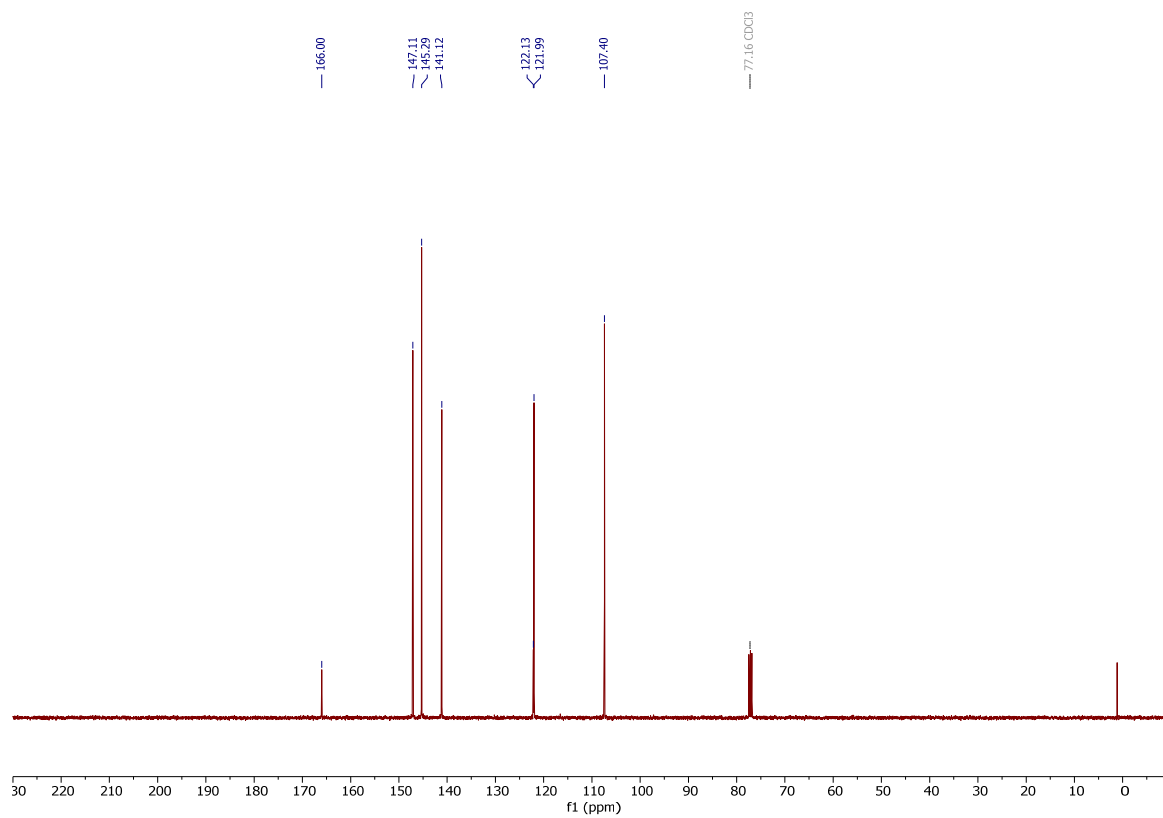
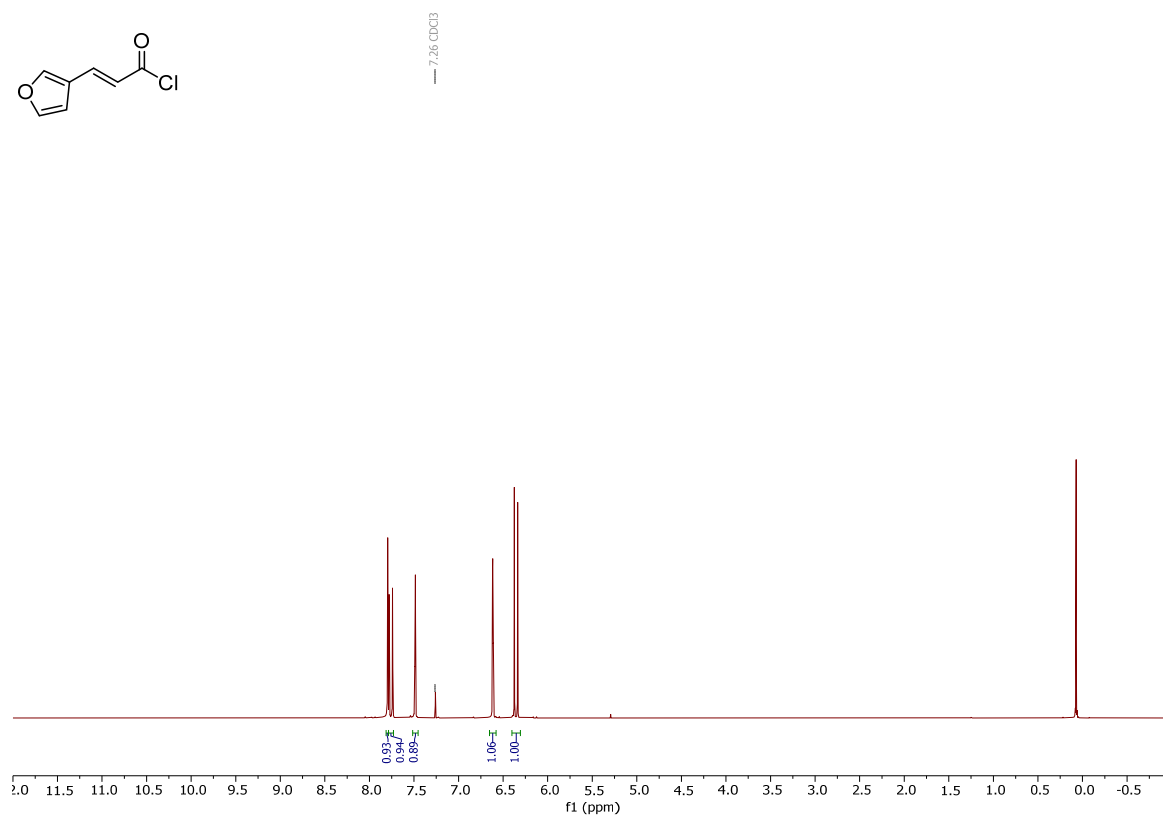
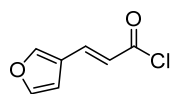
(*E*)-3-(furan-2-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1z**).



(*E*)-3-(thiophen-2-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1aa**).

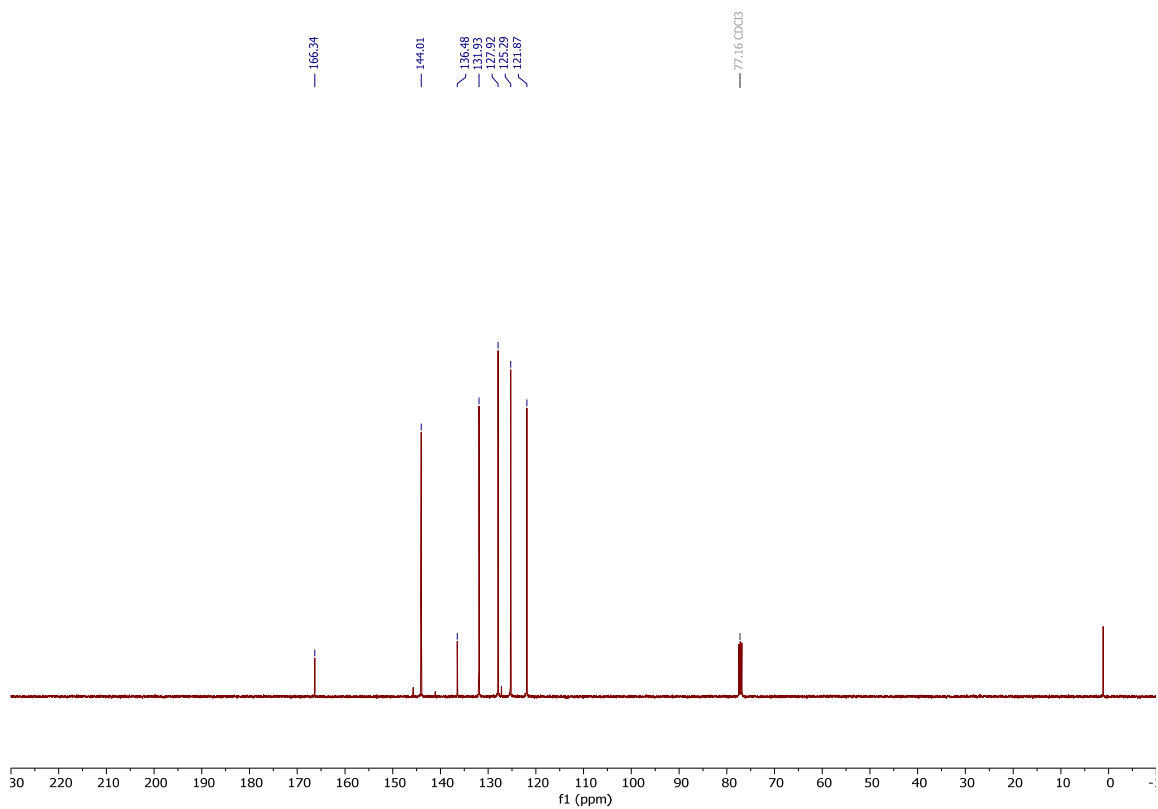
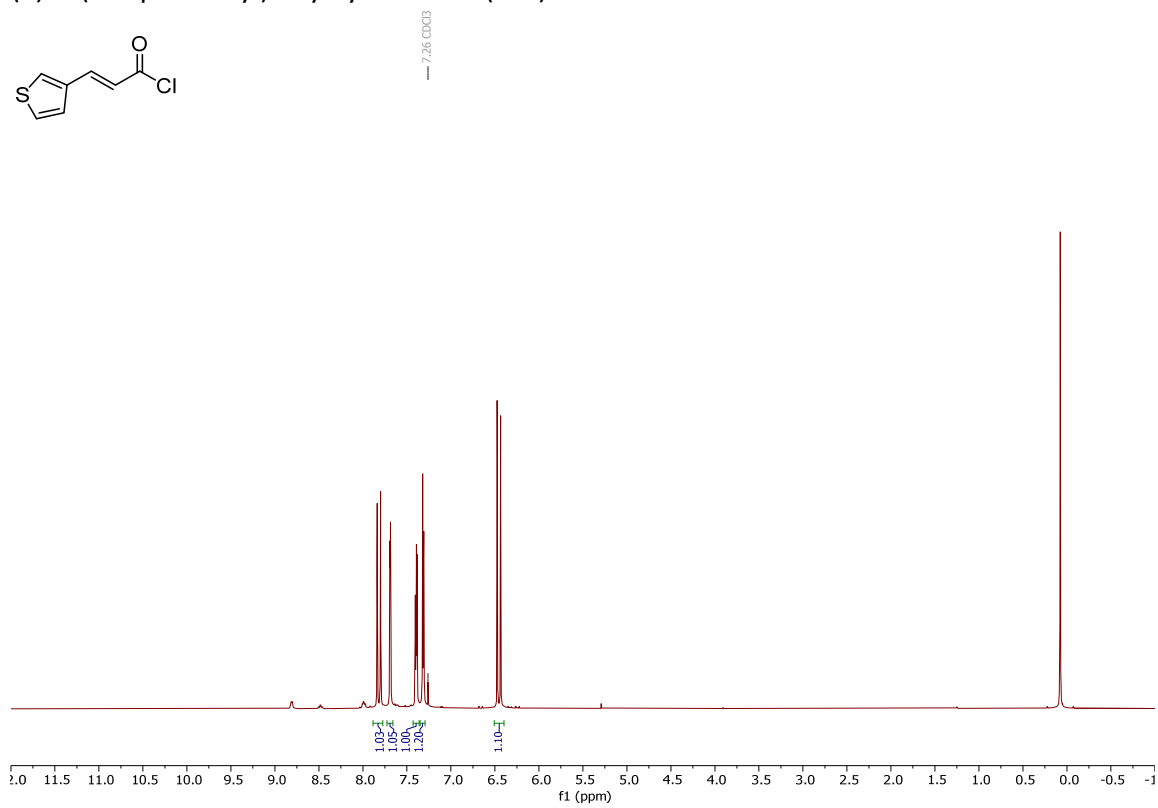
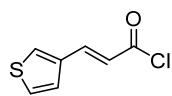


(*E*)-3-(furan-3-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1ab**).

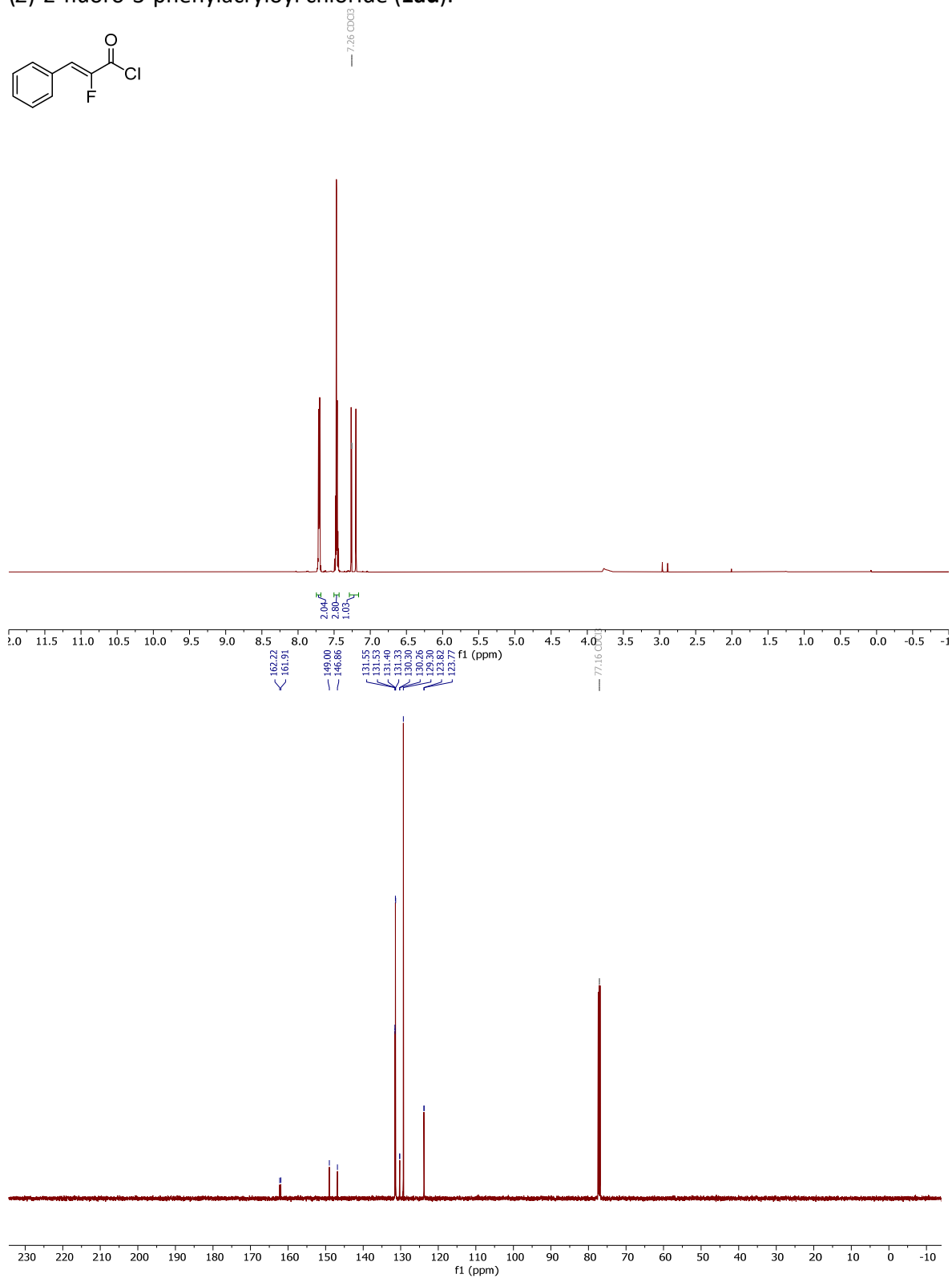
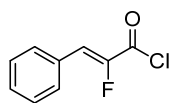


S392

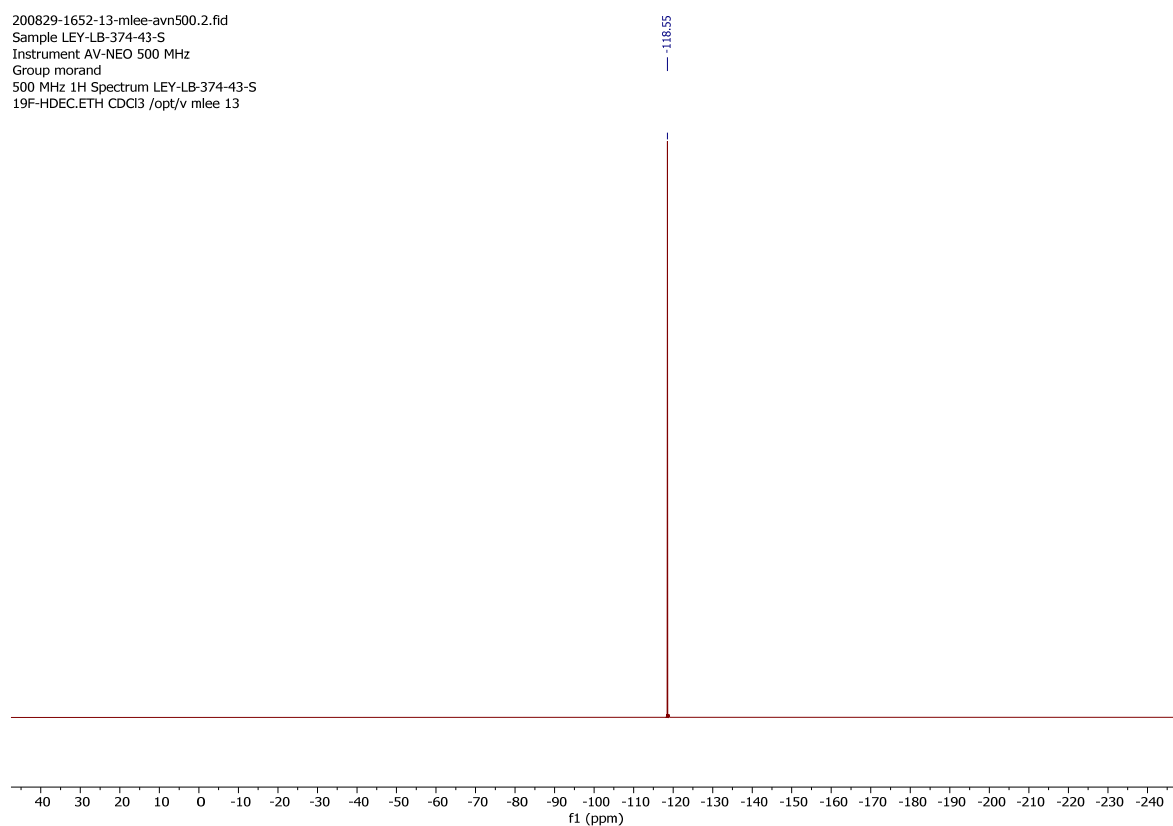
(*E*)-3-(thiophen-3-yl)acryloyl chloride (**1ac**).



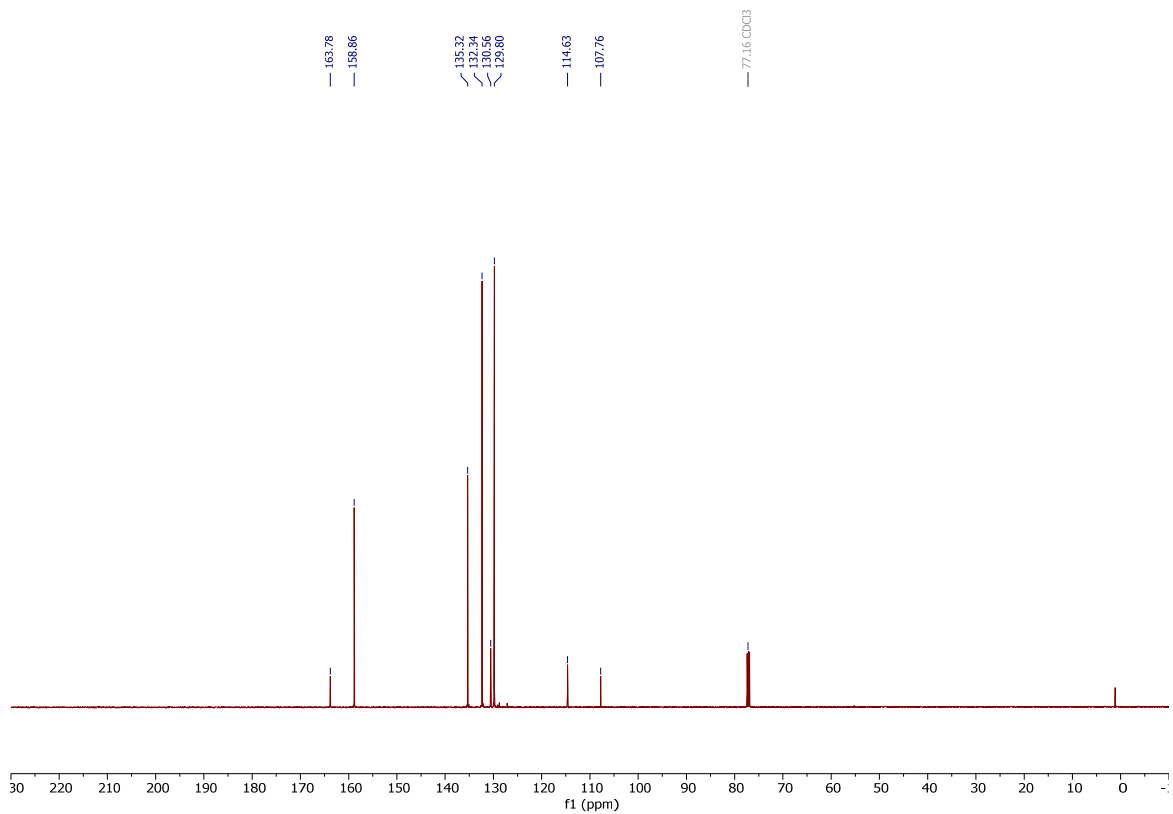
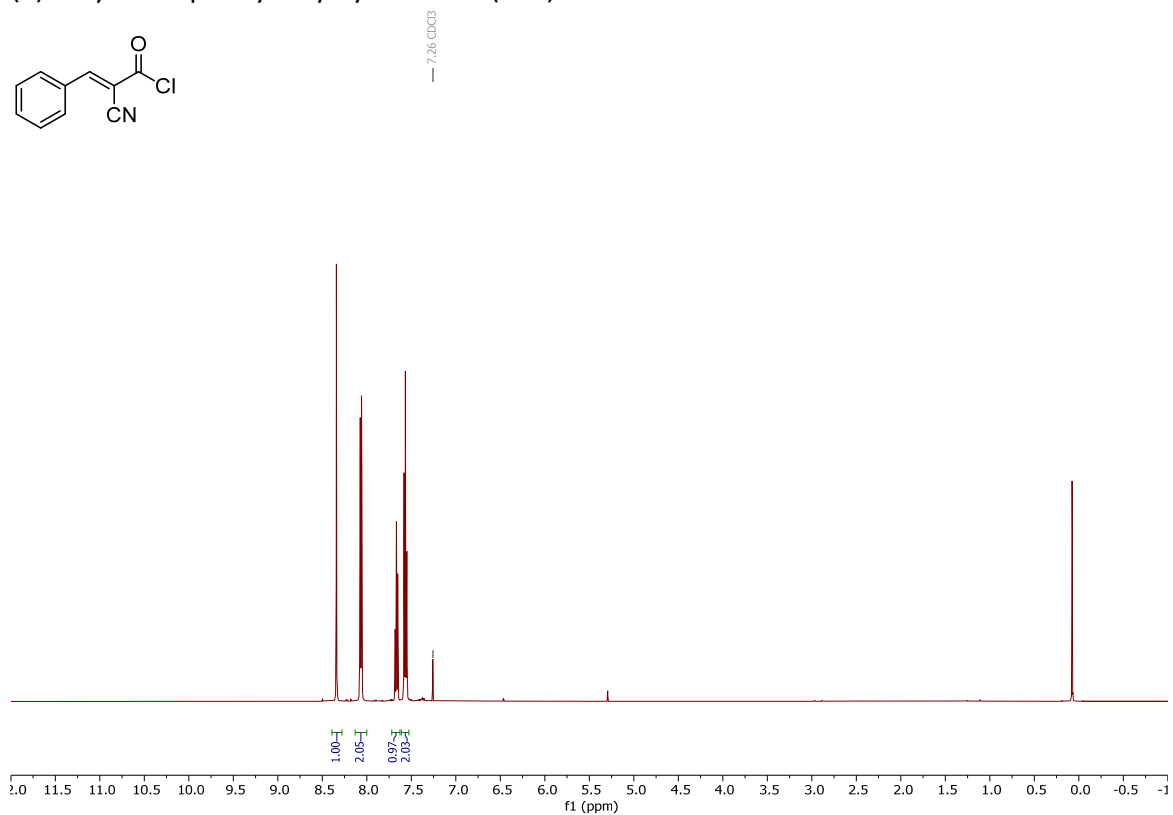
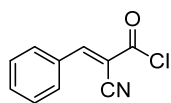
(Z)-2-fluoro-3-phenylacryloyl chloride (**1ad**).



200829-1652-13-mlee-avn500.2.fid
Sample LEY-LB-374-43-S
Instrument AV-NEO 500 MHz
Group morand
500 MHz 1H Spectrum LEY-LB-374-43-S
19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl3 /opt/v mlee 13

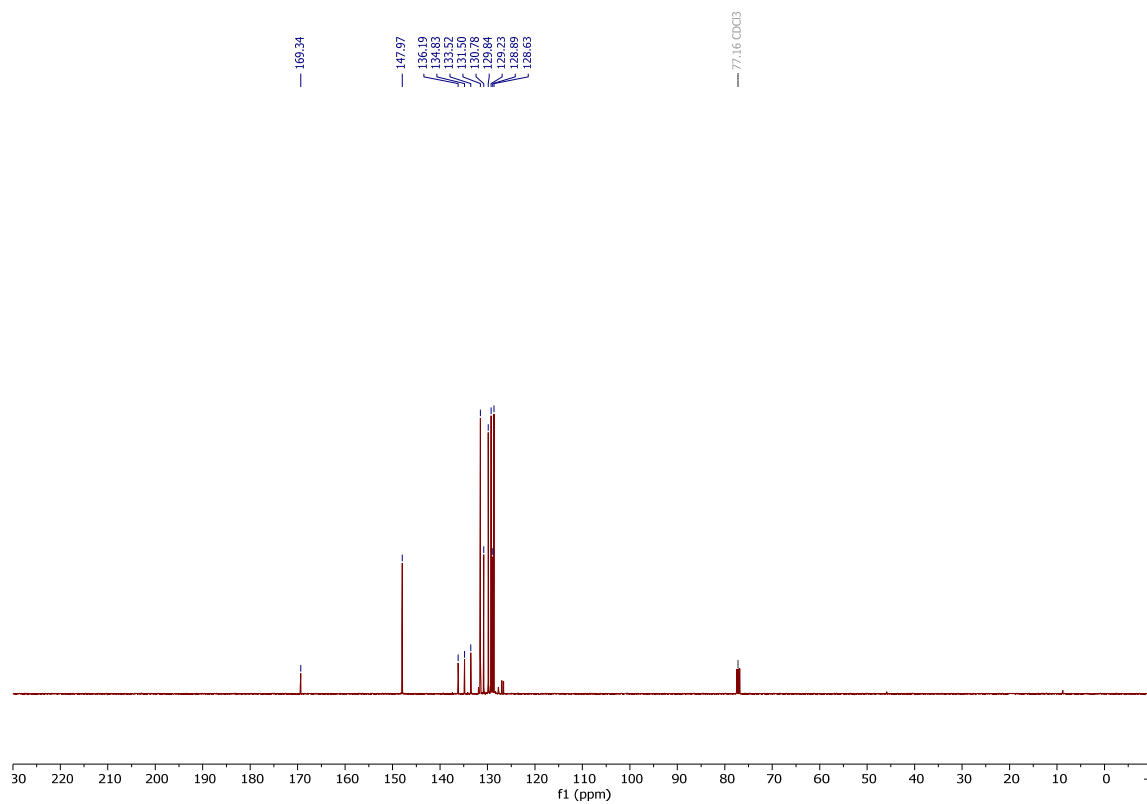
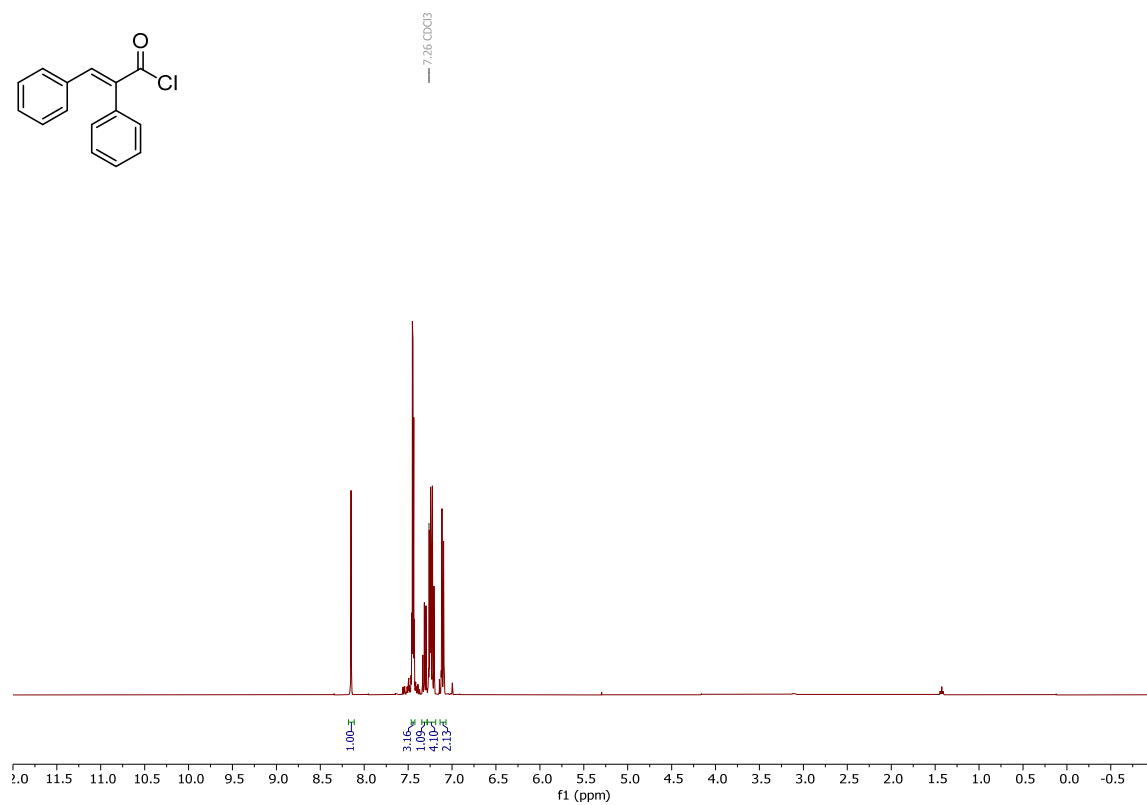
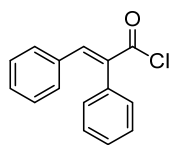


(*E*)-2-cyano-3-phenylacryloyl chloride (**1ae**).

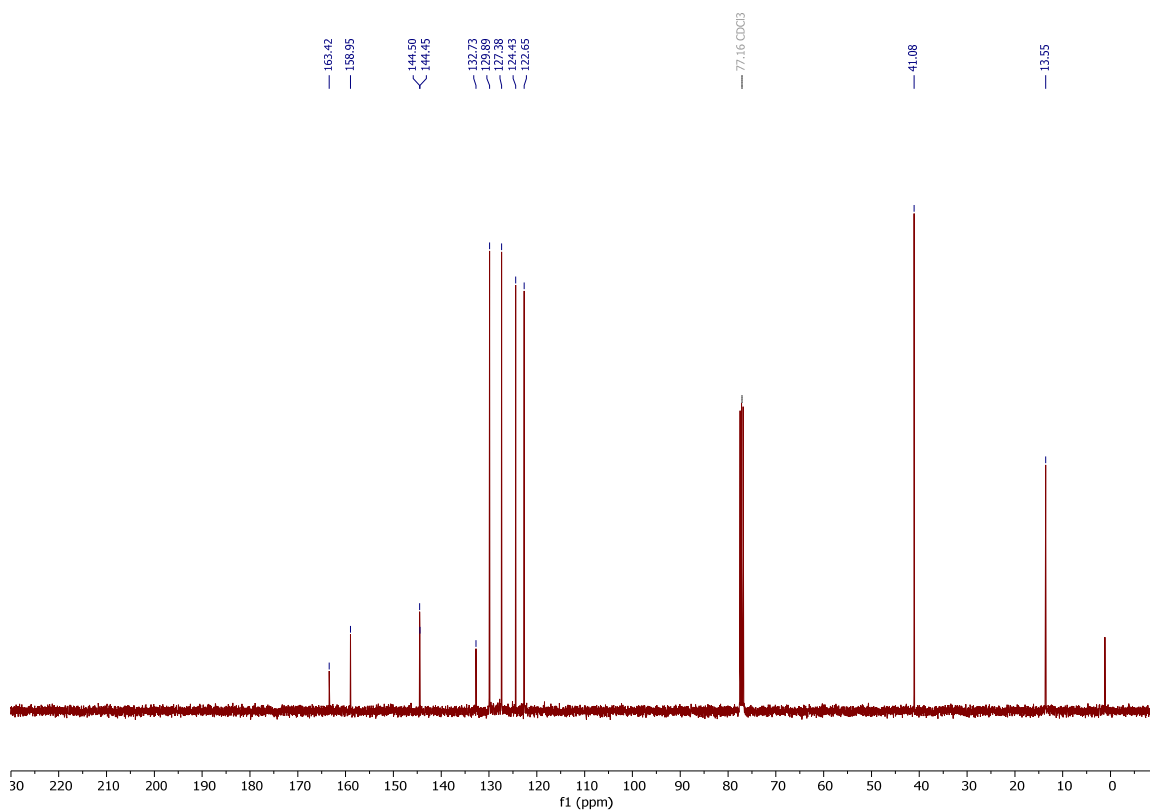
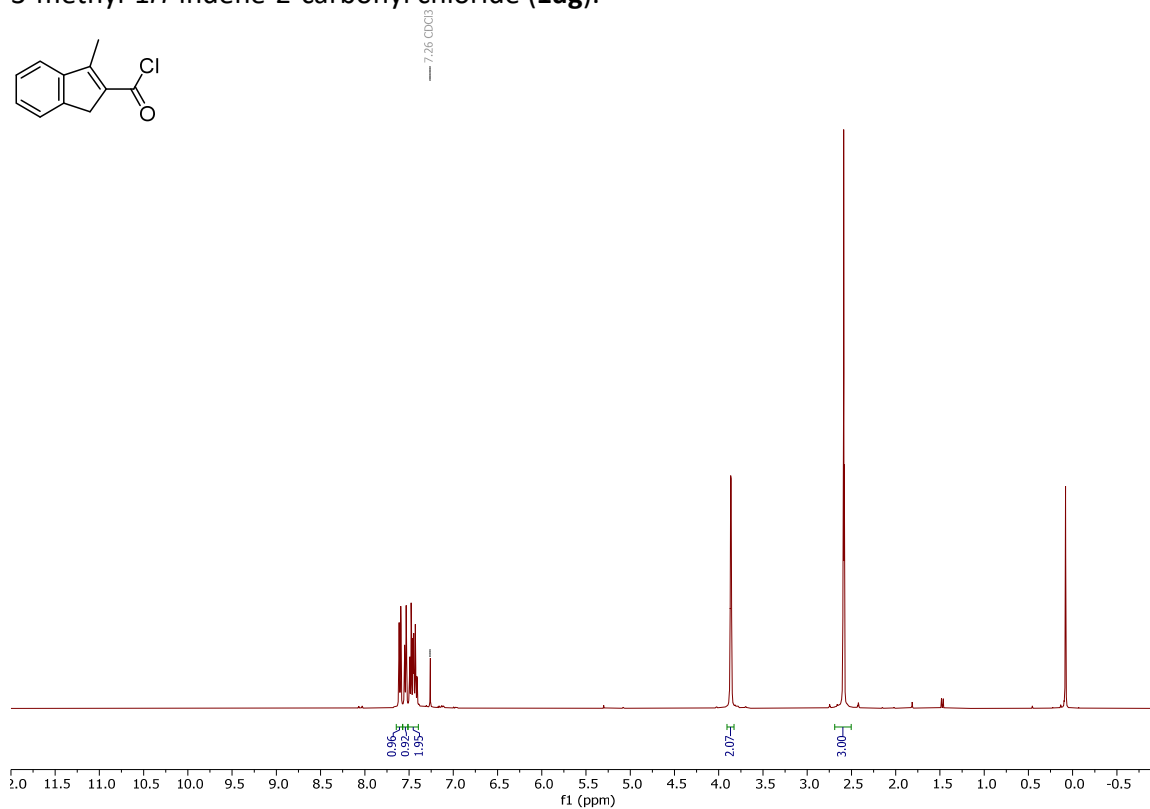
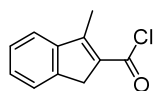


S396

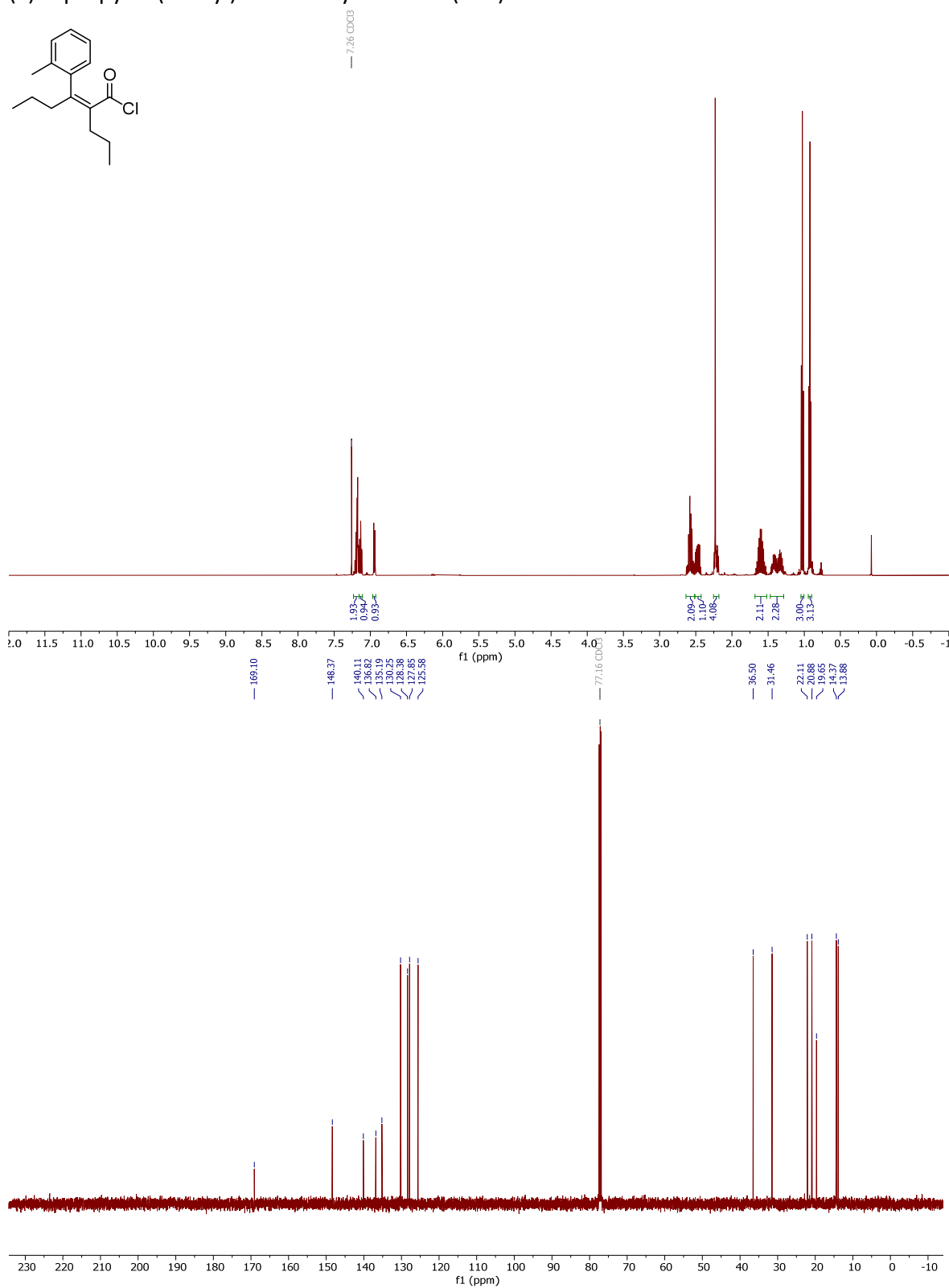
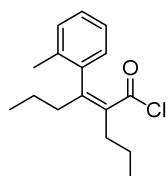
(*E*)-2,3-diphenylacryloyl chloride (**1af**).

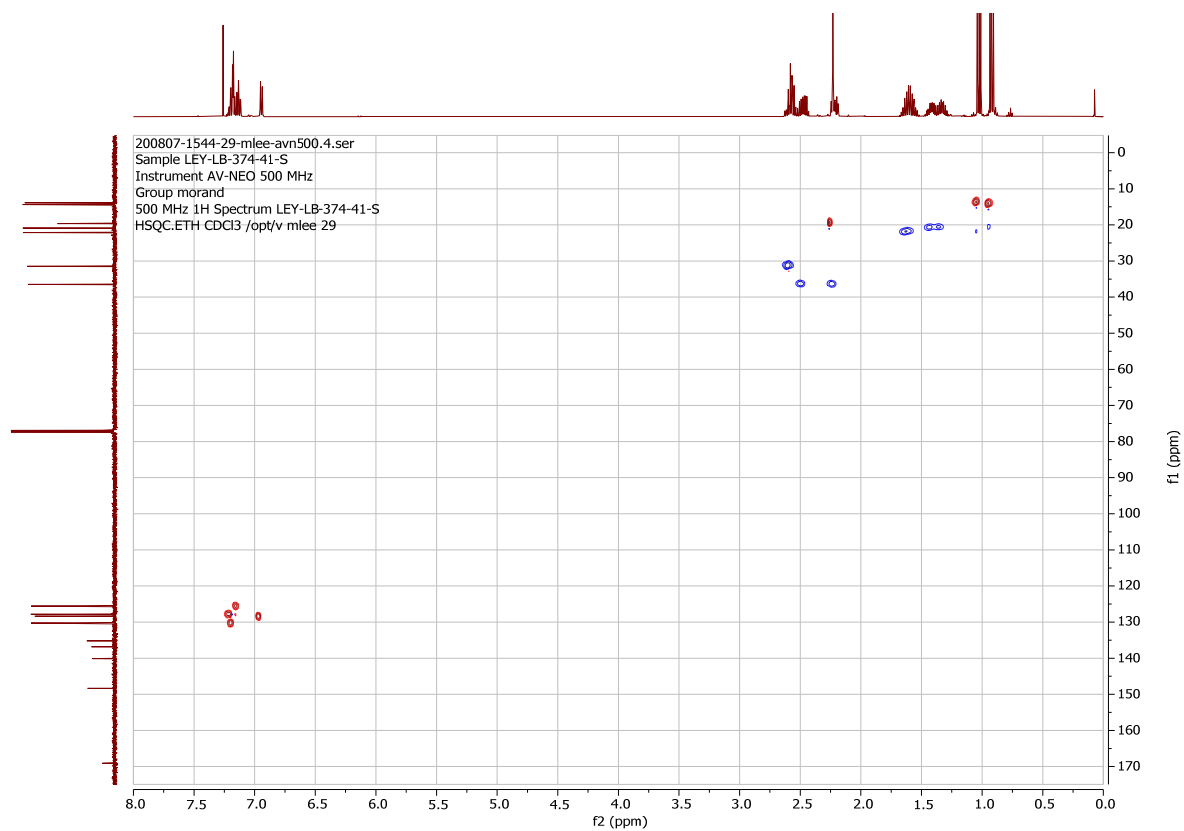
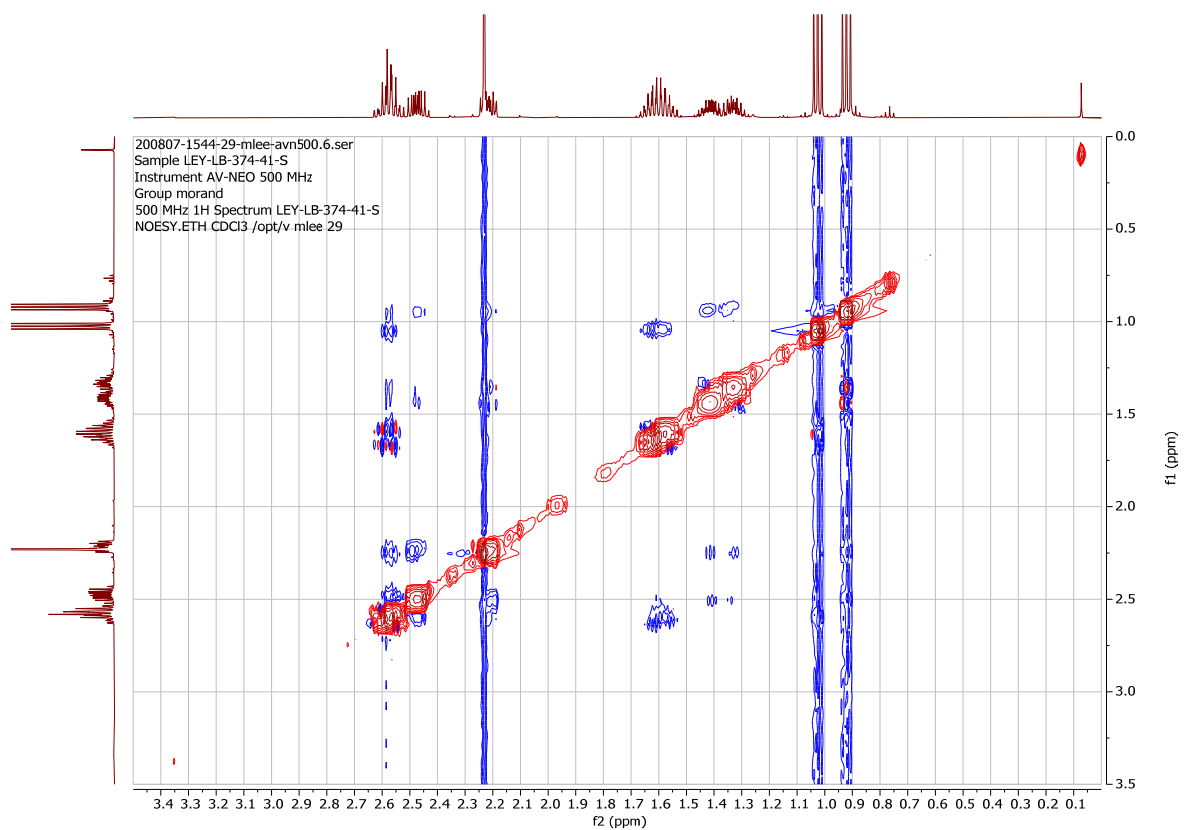


3-methyl-1*H*-indene-2-carbonyl chloride (**1ag**).

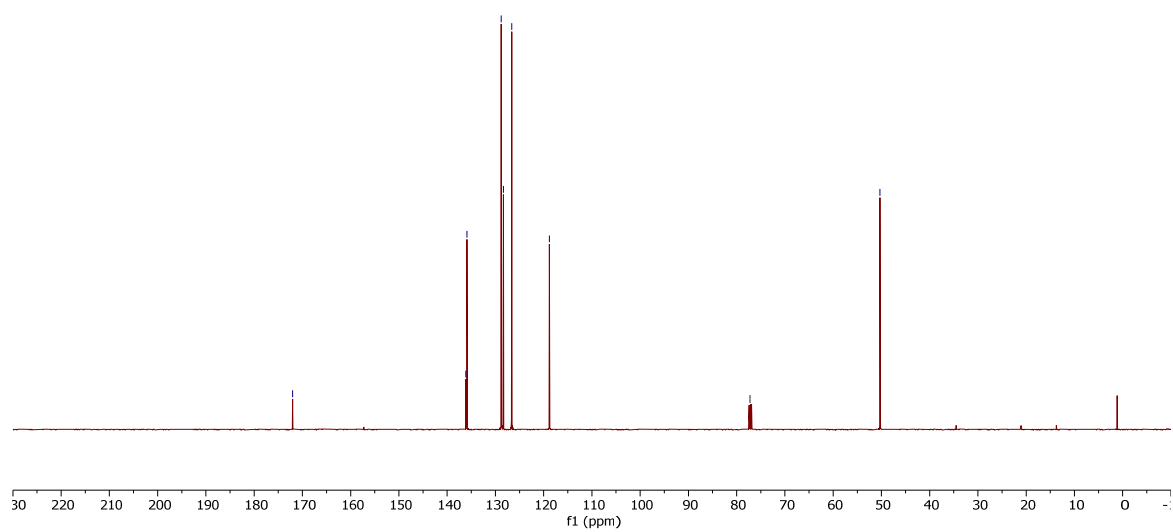
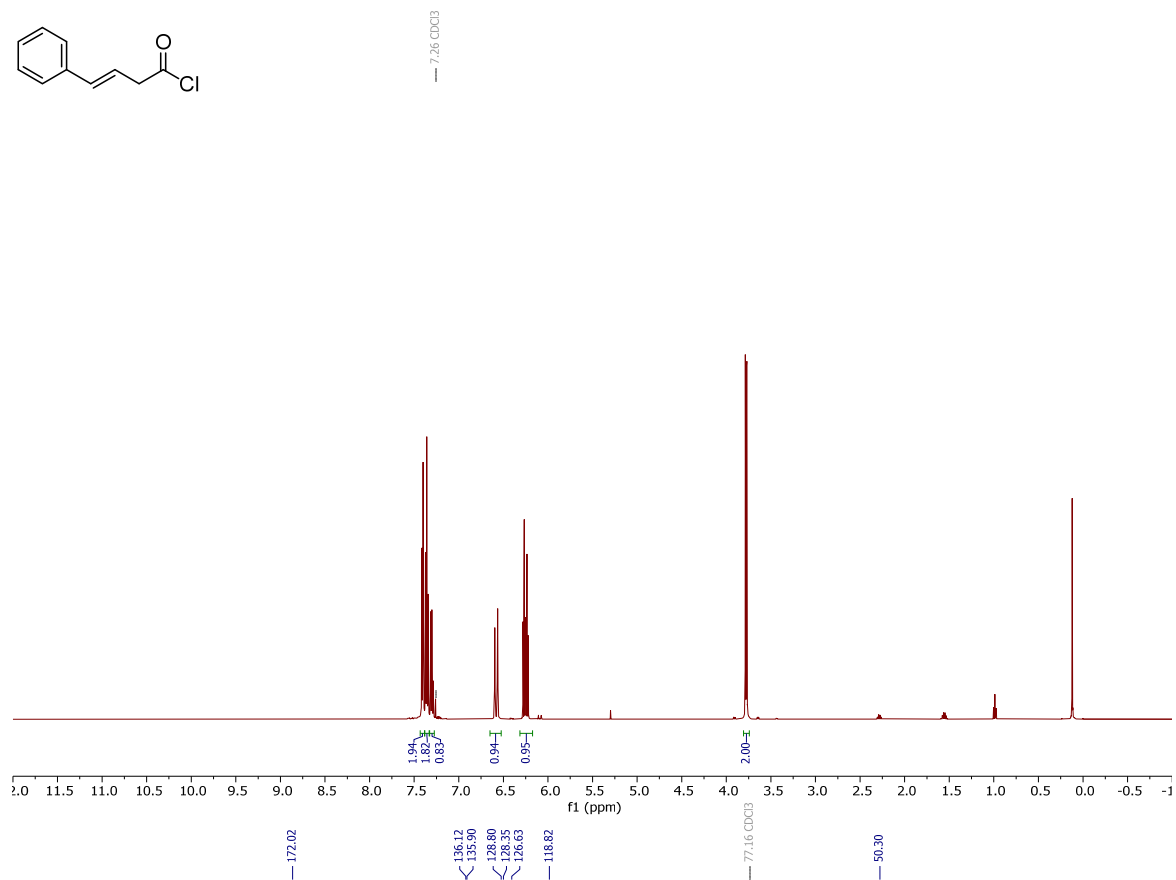
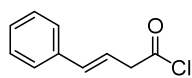


(Z)-2-propyl-3-(*o*-tolyl)hex-2-enoyl chloride (**1ah**).

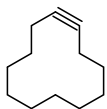




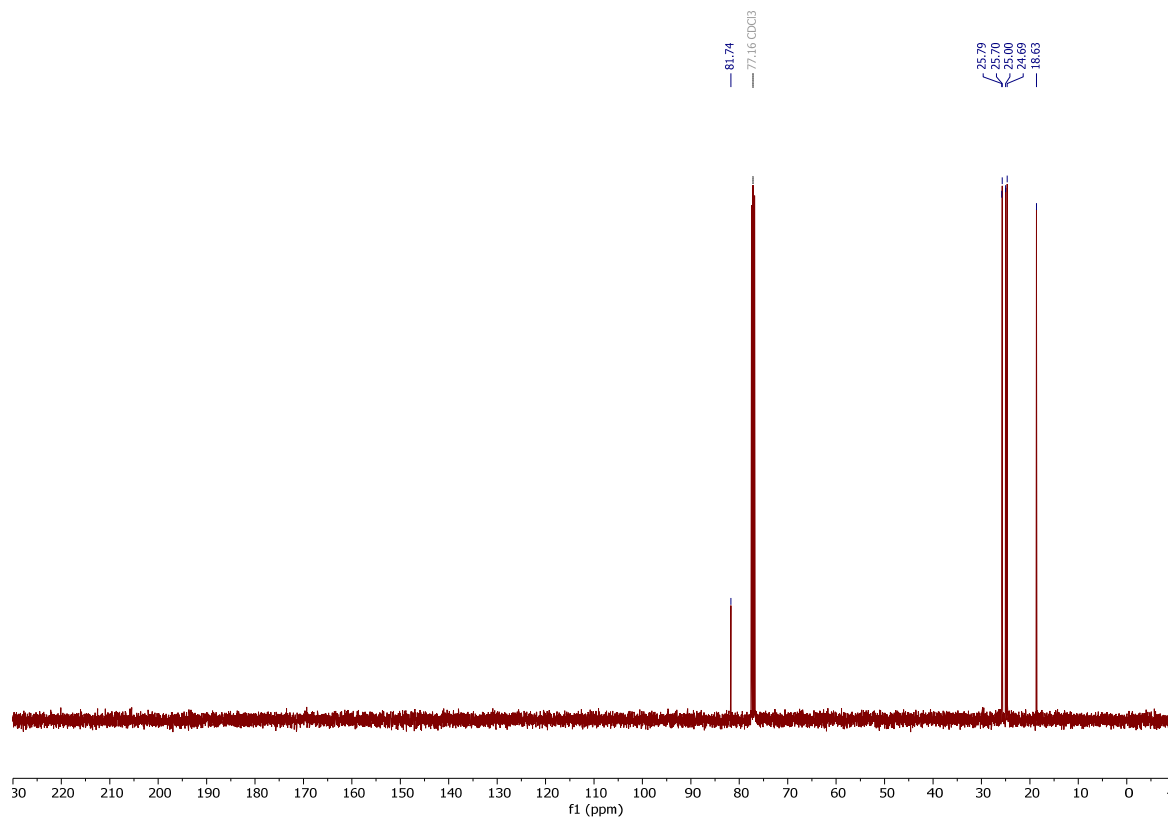
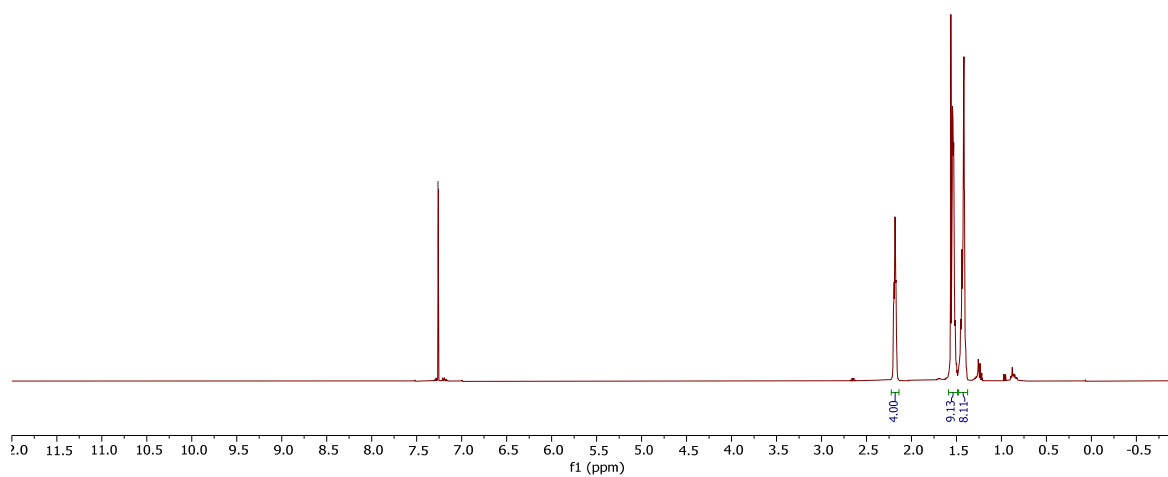
(*E*)-4-phenylbut-3-enoyl chloride (**8a**).



cyclododecyne (**2d**).

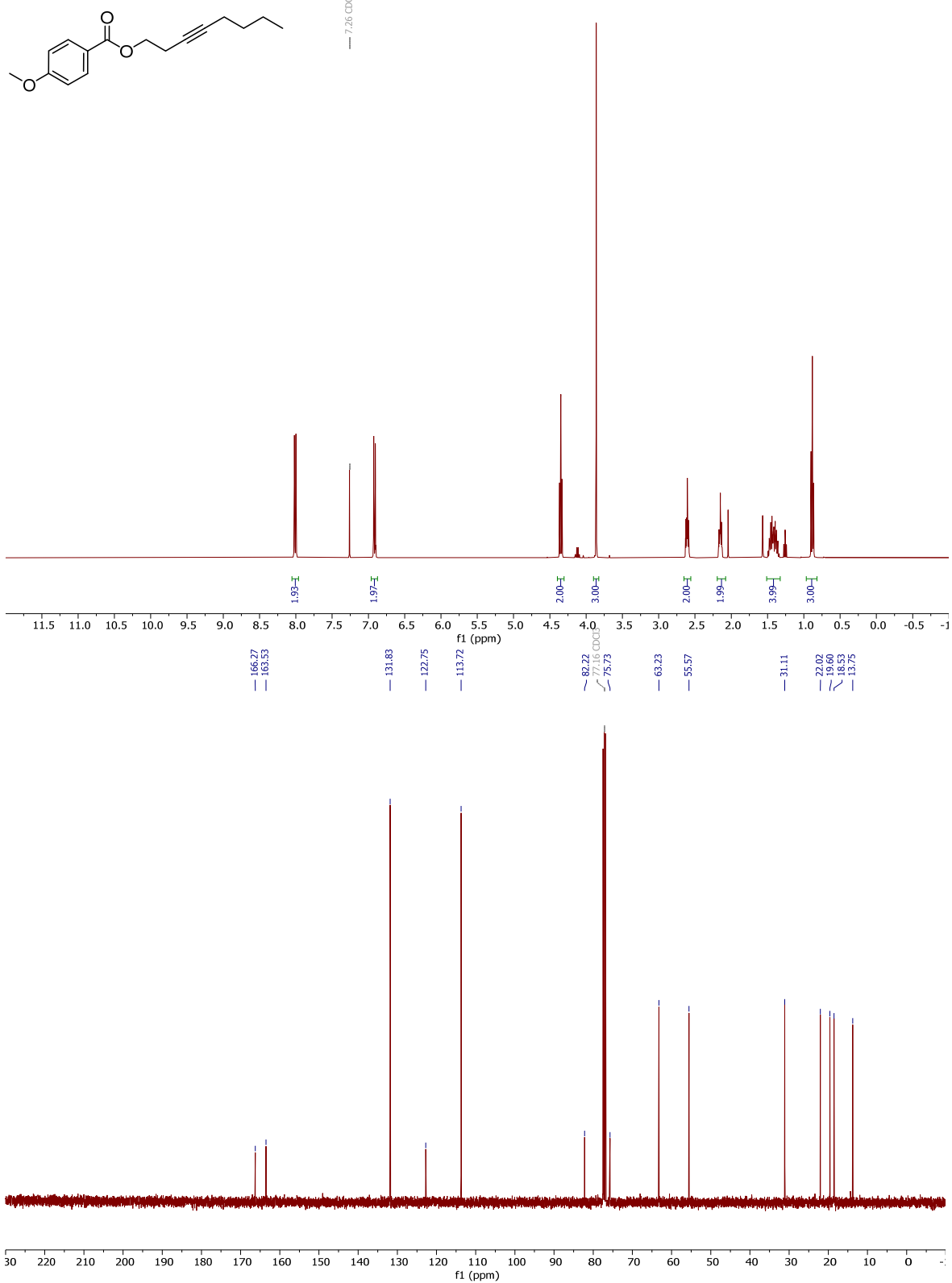


7.26 CDCl₃

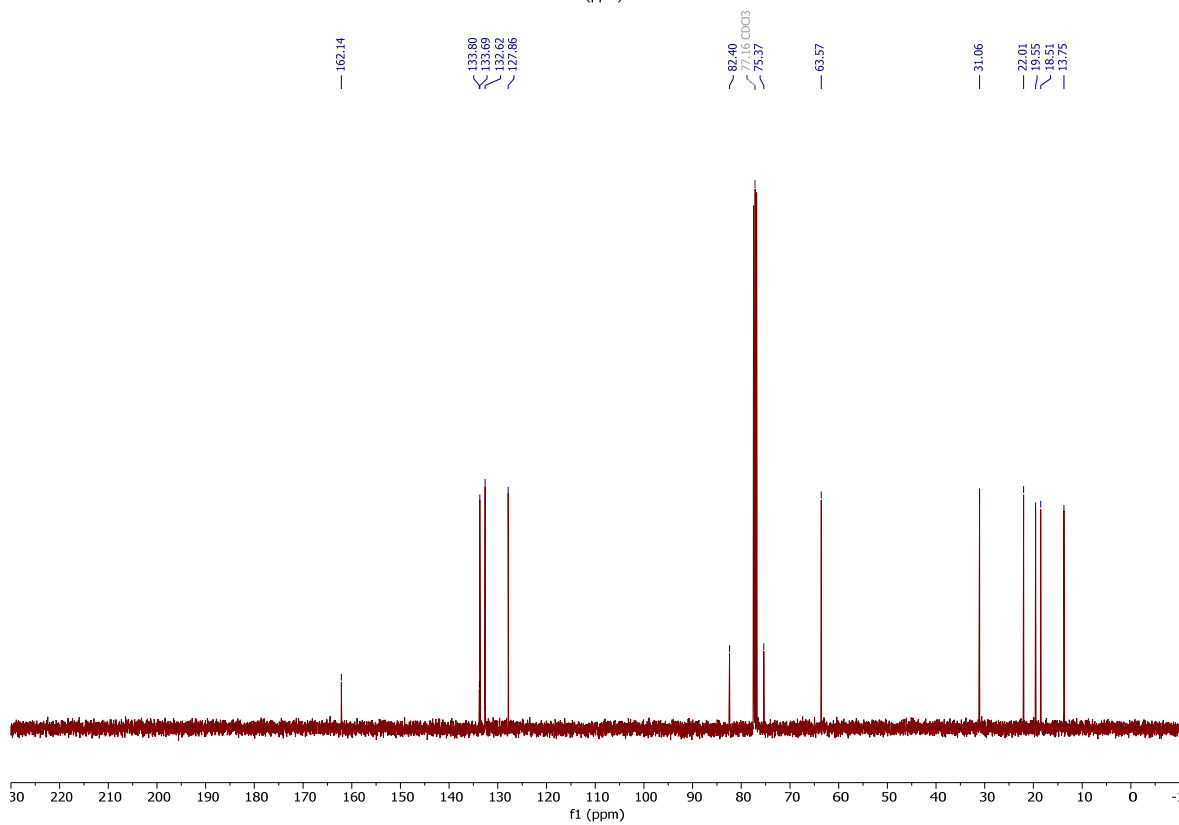
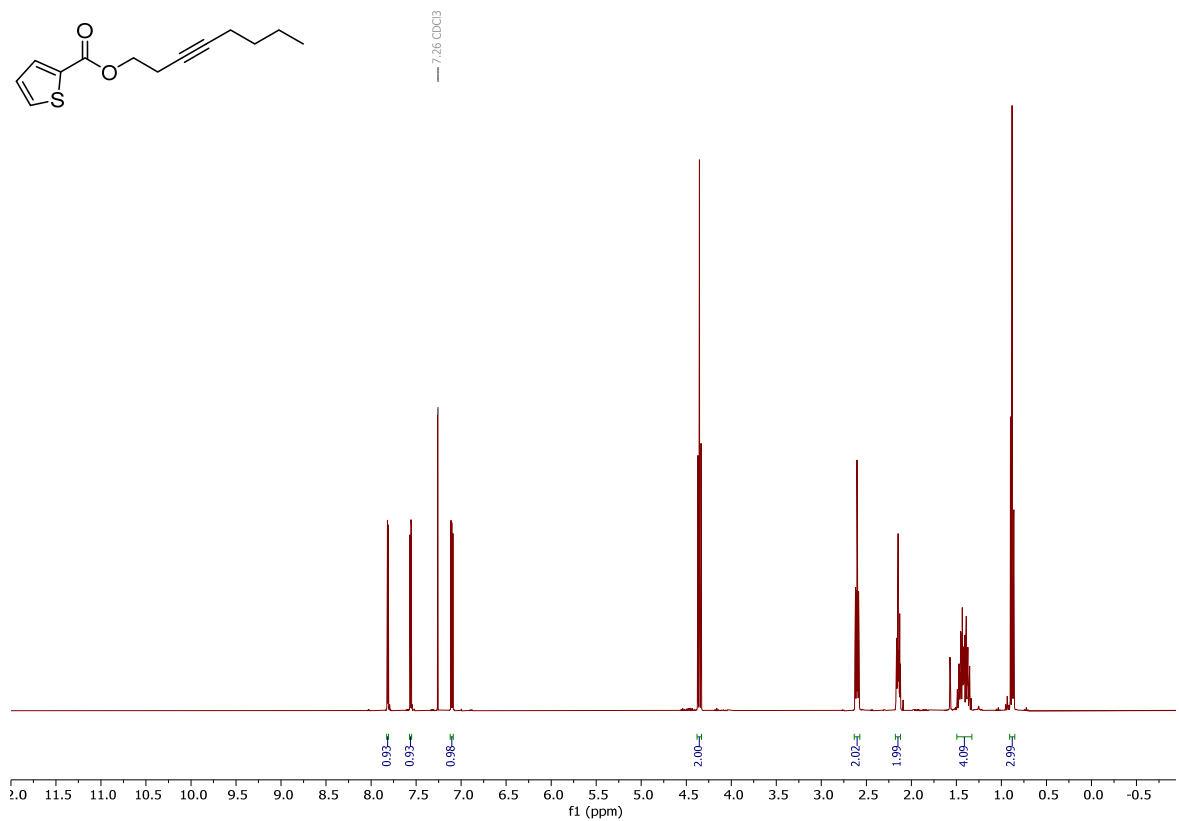
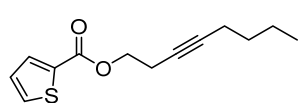


S402

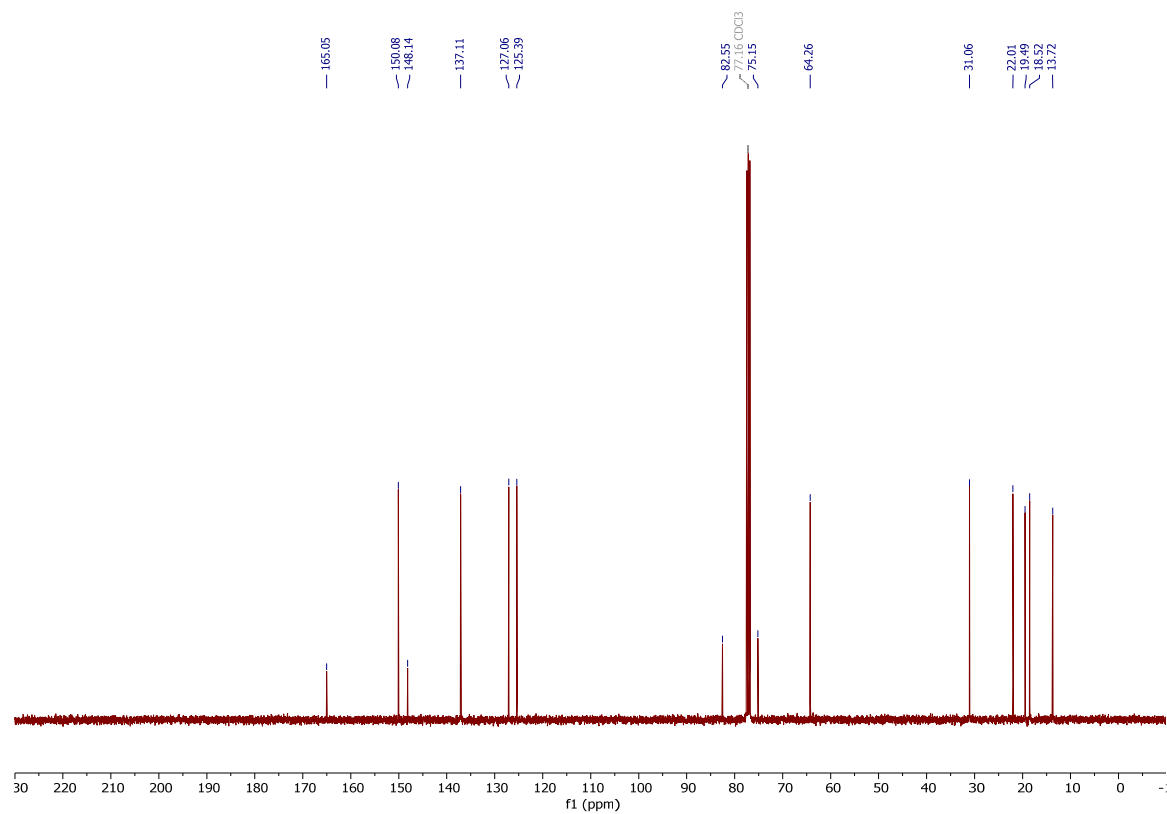
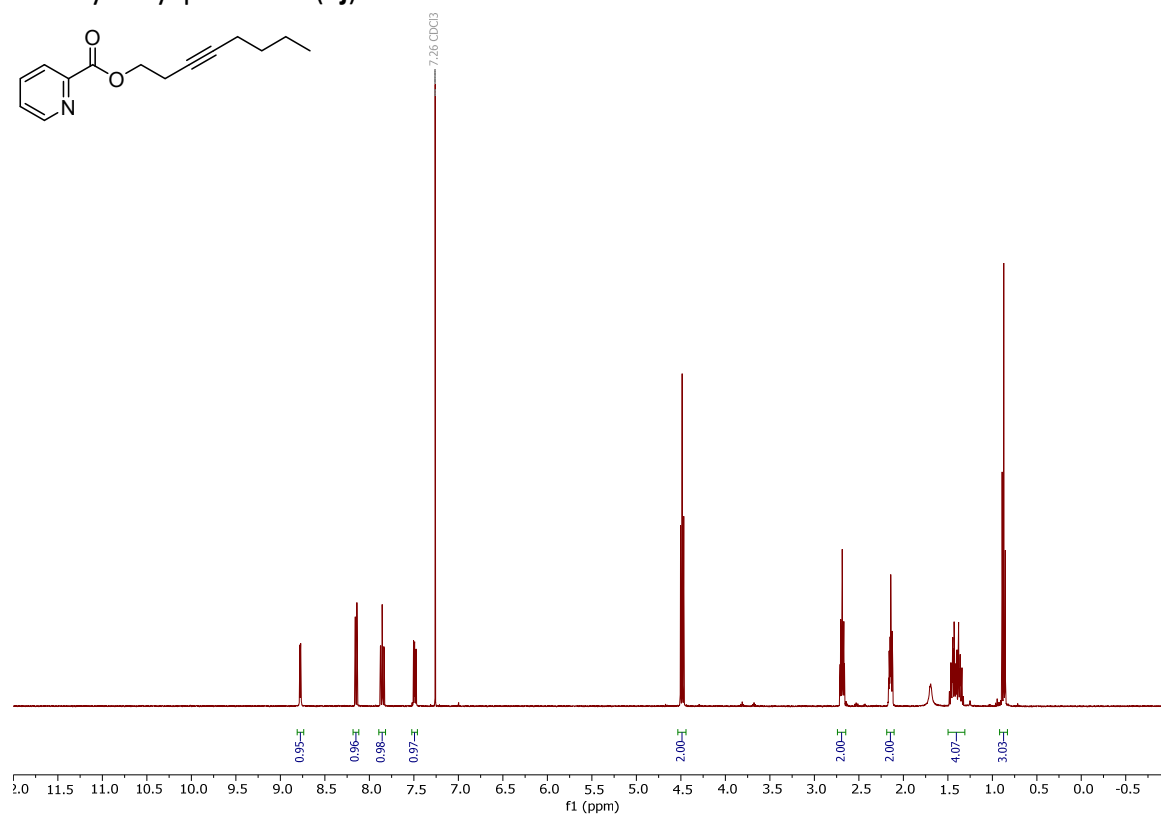
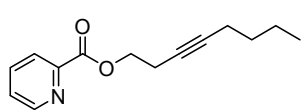
oct-3-yn-1-yl 4-methoxybenzoate (**2h**).



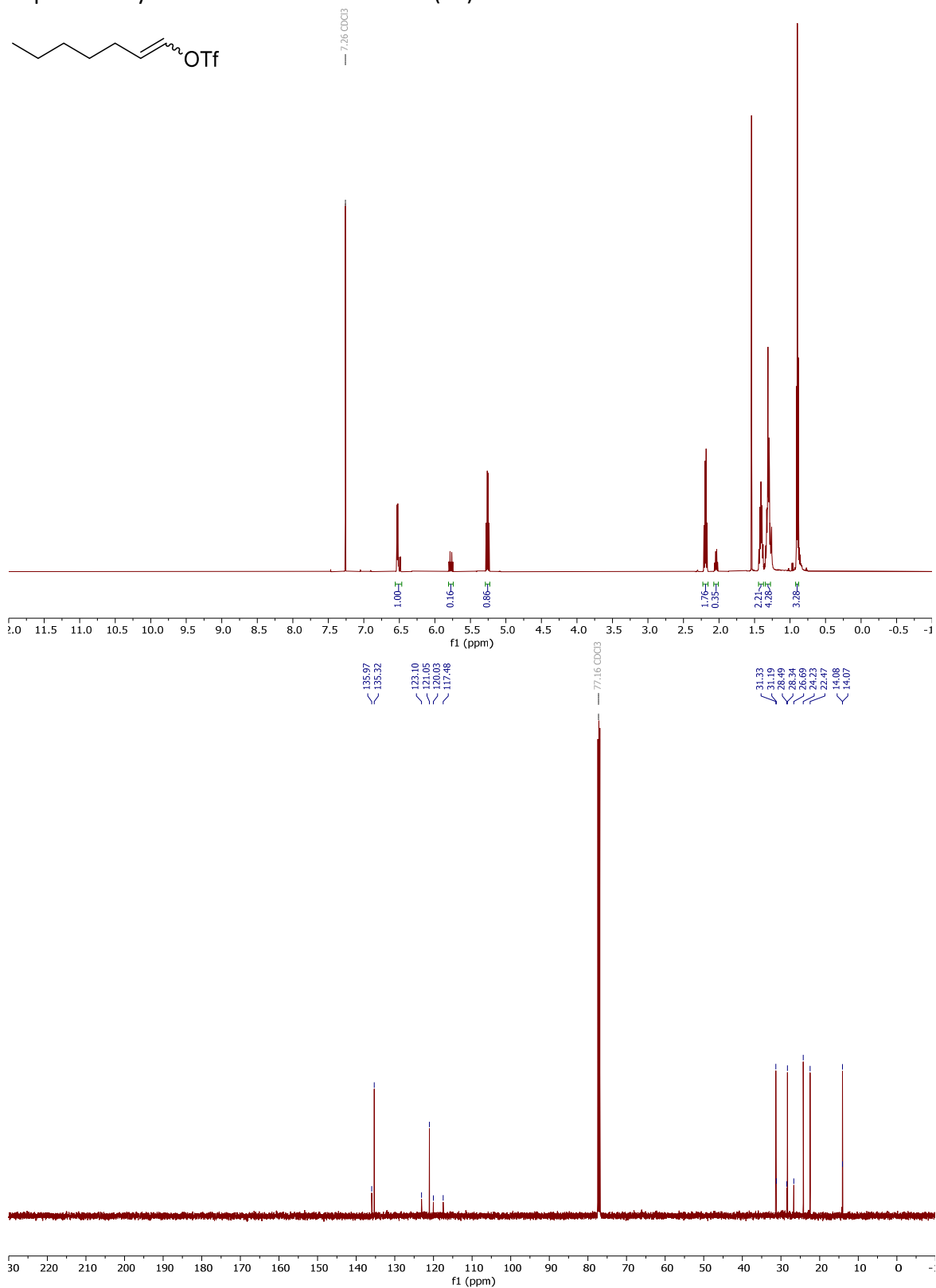
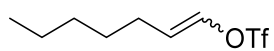
oct-3-yn-1-yl thiophene-2-carboxylate (**2i**).



oct-3-yn-1-yl picolinate (**2j**).



hept-1-en-1-yl trifluoromethanesulfonate (**7d**).



200915-1125-51-mdento-avn400.2.fid
Sample ed550c1
Instrument AV-NEO 400 MHz
Group morand
376.5 MHz 19F Spectrum with 1H decoupling
19F-HDEC.ETH CDCl3 /opt/v mdento 51

