

Supporting Information for Manuscript Entitled:

Dynamics of Topological Network formed by Movable Crosslinks: Effect of Sliding Motion on Dielectric and Viscoelastic Relaxation Behavior

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Content

1. Rheological and dielectric spectra of PEA-Ac β CD(x)
2. Molar concentration and temperature dependences of the relaxation strength for the slow mode in PEA-Ac γ CD(x) and PEA-Ac β CD(x)
3. Arrhenius fittings of PEA-Ac γ CD(x) and PEA-Ac β CD(x)
4. Dielectric spectra of PEA / γ CD monomer and PBA/ β CD monomer mixtures

1. Rheological and dielectric spectra of PEA-Ac β CD(x)

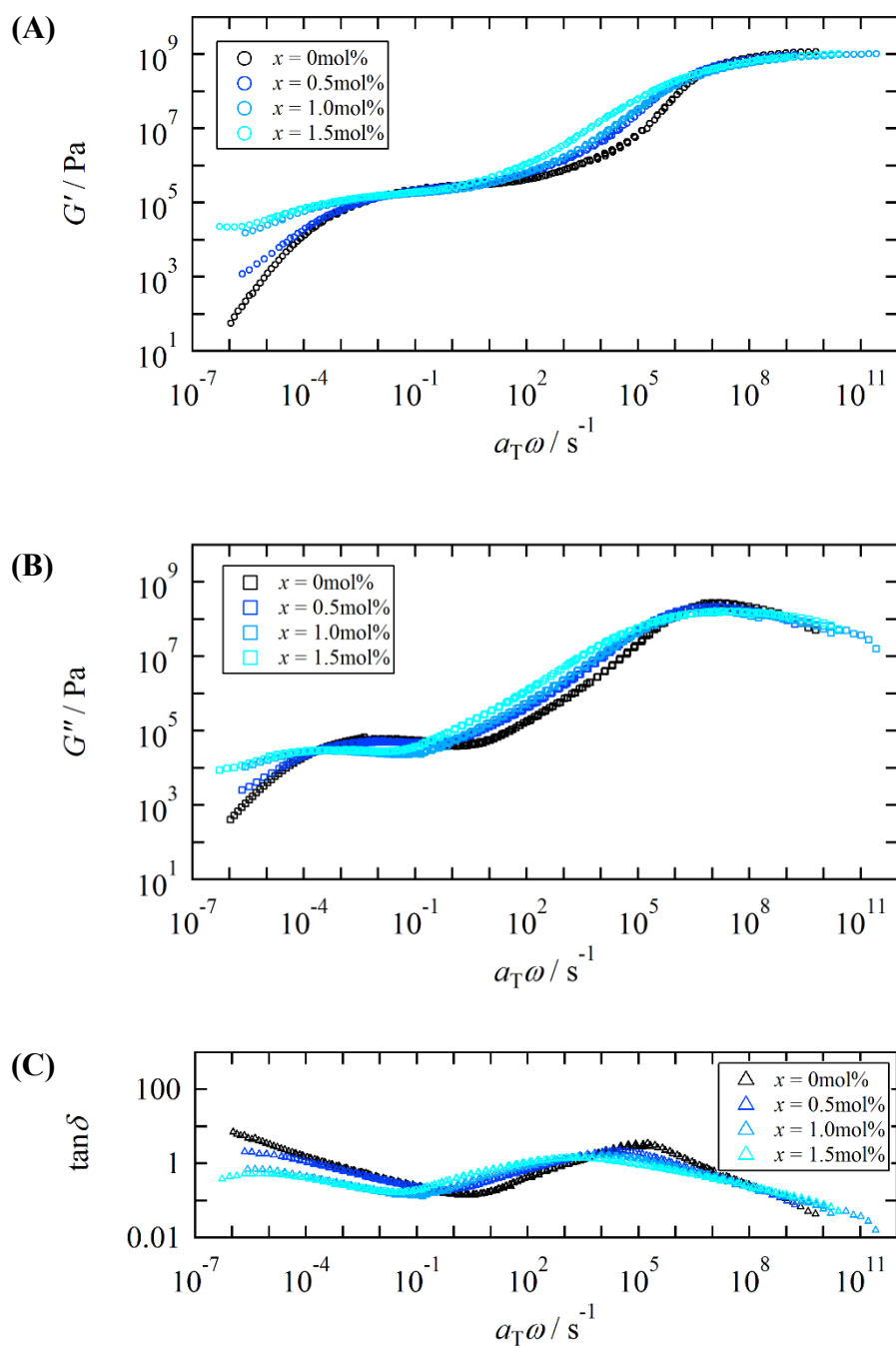


Figure S1. Composite curves of PEA-Ac β CD(x) at $T_r = T_g + 50$ °C. Circle, square, and triangle represent (A) storage modulus, (B) loss modulus, and (C) loss tangent, respectively.

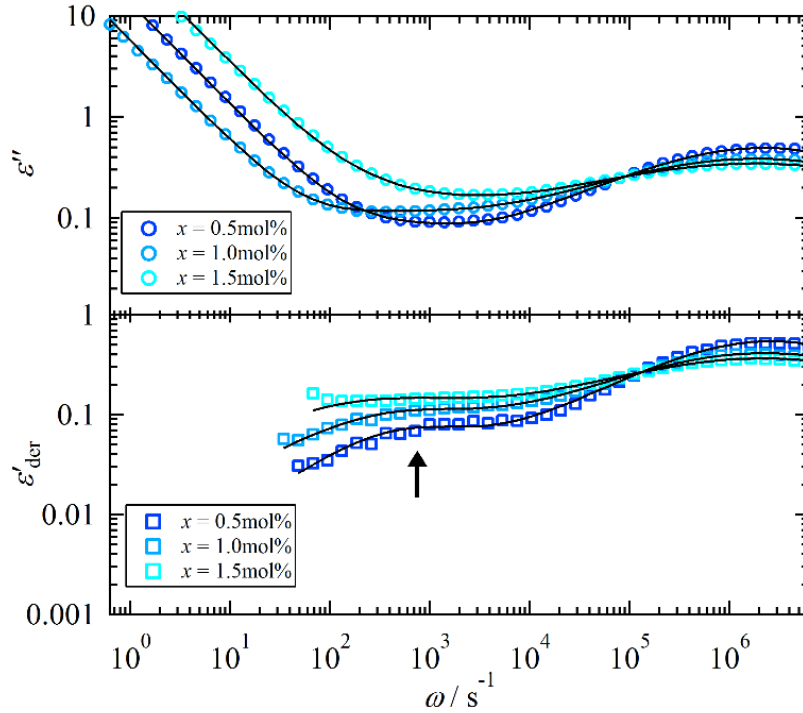


Figure S2. Frequency dependence of dielectric loss ε'' and derivative of permittivity $\varepsilon'_{\text{der}}$ for PEA-Ac β CD(x) of $x_{\text{ini}} = 1.0$ mol % at $T_g + 50^\circ\text{C}$. Black lines represent the fitting results derived from Havriliak-Negami functions. Black arrows represent the new relaxation peak derived from the movable crosslink.

2. Molar concentration and temperature dependences of the relaxation strength for the slow mode in PEA-Ac γ CD(x) and PEA-Ac β CD(x)

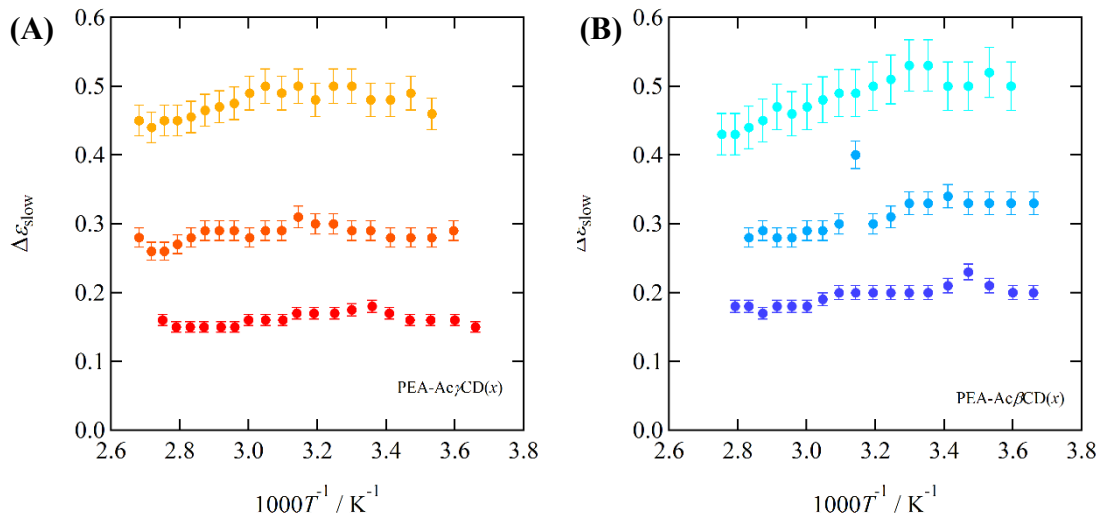


Figure S3. Temperature dependence of relaxation strength of the slow mode for (A) PEA-Ac γ CD(x) and (B) PEA-Ac β CD(x).

3. Arrhenius fittings of PEA-Ac γ CD(x) and PEA-Ac β CD(x)

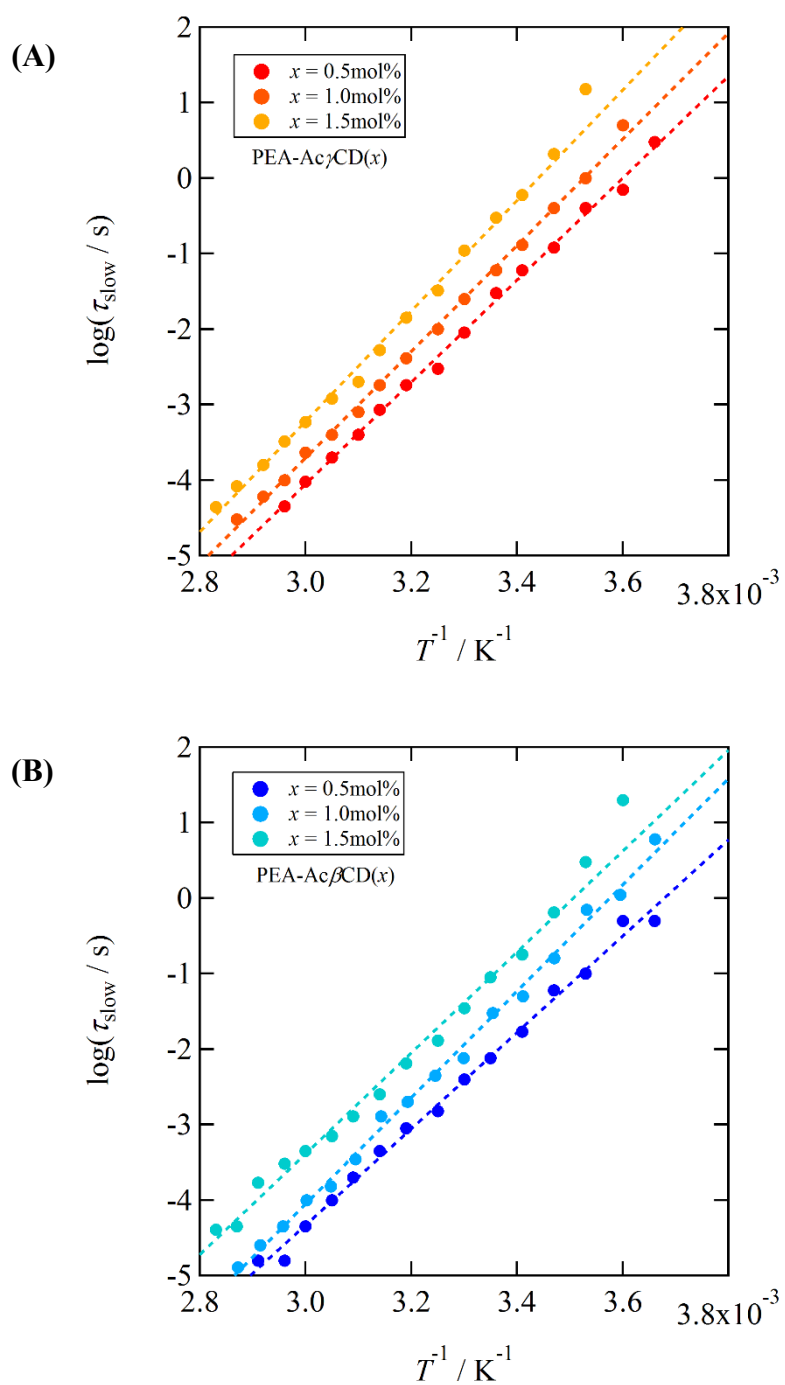


Figure S4. Arrhenius fittings of the slow mode of (A) PEA-Ac γ CD(x) and (B) PEA-Ac β CD(x).

Table S1. Fitting parameters used in the Arrhenius equation in equation (4).

	$x / \text{mol}\%$	$\log(\tau_0 / \text{s})$	$E_a / \text{kJ mol}^{-1}$
PEA-Ac γ CD(x)	0.5	-24.3	129
	1.0	-24.8	135
	1.5	-25.2	140
PEA-Ac β CD(x)	0.5	-23.5	122
	1.0	-25.2	135
	1.5	-23.4	128

4. Dielectric results of PEA/ γ CD monomer and PBA/ β CD monomer mixture

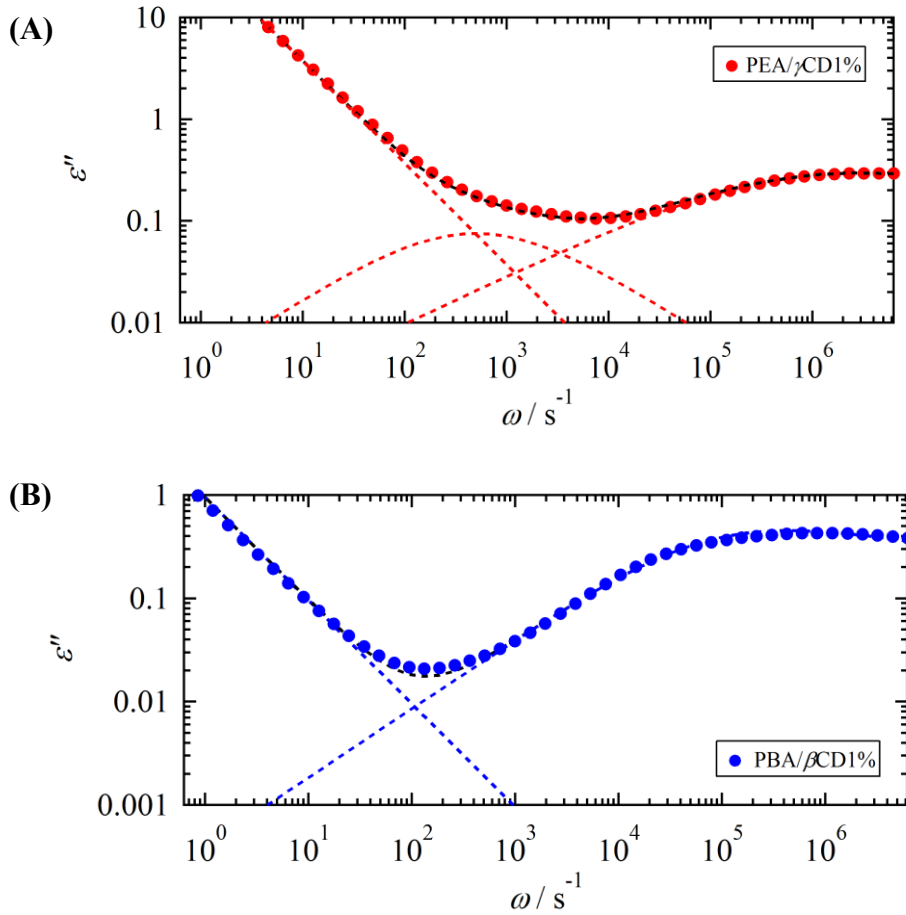


Figure S5. Frequency dependence of dielectric loss ϵ'' for (A) PEA / Ac γ CD monomer mixture and (B) PBA / Ac β CD monomer mixture with the molar concentration of the Ac γ CD monomer or Ac β CD monomer to be 1.0mol% at $T = 313\text{K}$. The dashed lines represent the fitting results with eq 1.