

**Supplementary Information for**  
**“Free energy landscape of RNA hairpins constructed via**  
**dihedral angle principal component analysis”**

Laura Riccardi, Phuong H. Nguyen, and Gerhard Stock\*

*Institute of Physical and Theoretical Chemistry, Goethe University,  
Max-von-Laue-Str. 7, D-60438 Frankfurt, Germany*

---

\* New address: Institute of Physics, Albert Ludwigs University, Hermann-Herder-Strasse. 3, 79104 Freiburg, Germany. E-mail: stock@physik.uni-freiburg.de

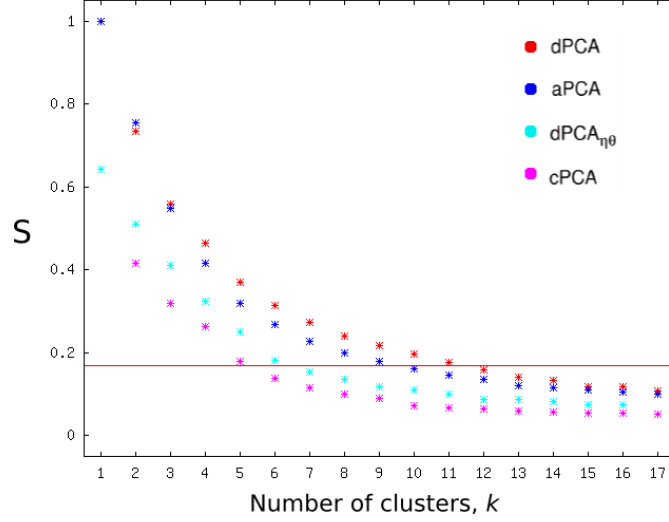


FIG. 1: Normalized sum of  $k$ -means intracluster RMSDs,  $S$ , plotted as a function of the number of clusters,  $k$ . The  $k$ -means results were obtained from the dPCA (red), aPCA (blue), dPCA $_{\eta\theta}$  (cyan) and cPCA (pink) of the UUCG hairpin, respectively. To determine an appropriate value of  $k$ , we choose  $k$  as the maximal number of clusters which satisfies  $S(k) \geq S_0$ , where  $S_0 = 0.17$  is a preset threshold value.

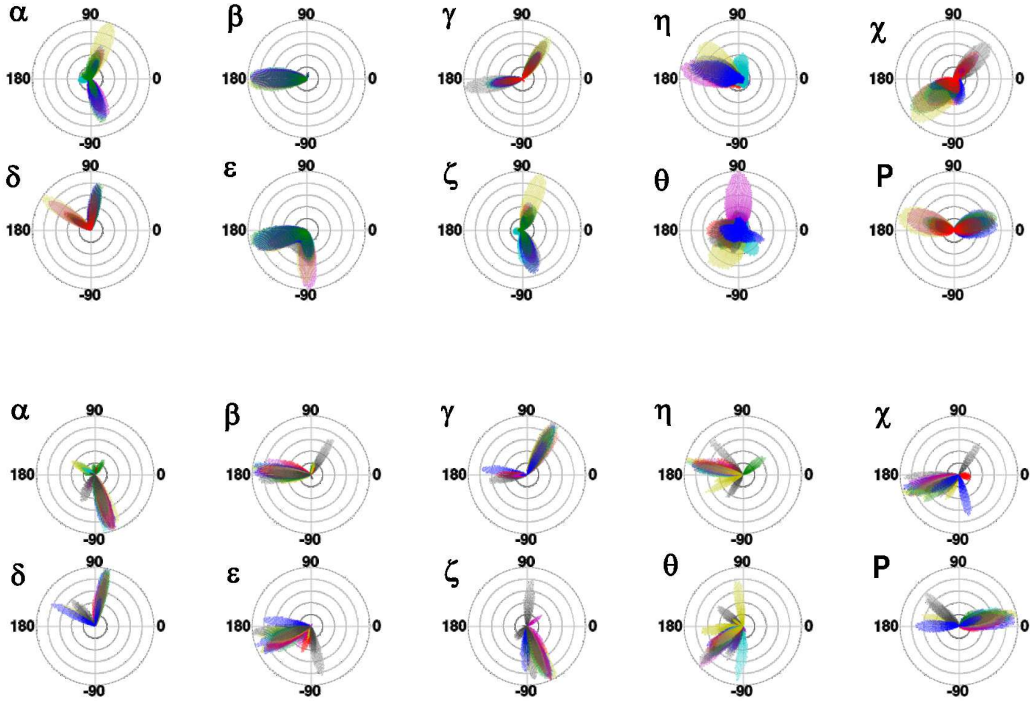


FIG. 2: Distribution of RNA dihedral angles as obtained from MD simulations of the UUCG hairpin at 460 K (top) and of the SL1m 36-mer RNA (bottom).

cluster id	population [%]	stacking interactions	total # of HB	Watson&Crick			Wobble 4U-7G	other hydrogen bonds	
				1C-10G	2G-9C	3C-8G		between bases	involving backbone
1	24.0	2-10 4-6 8-9	11	2/3	y	y	1/2		<b>O2'4U:O67G, N4C6:O2P5U</b>
2	22.0	1-2 4-6	16	2/3	y	y	-	N41C:O62G,N22G:N39C N34U:O67G,N17G:O44U	<b>N46C:O2P5U, O2'1C:O4'2G,</b> O2'2G:O4'3C, O2'9C:O4'10G
3	12.0	4-6 8-9	9	-	2/3	y	-	<b>N27G:O24U</b>	<b>N46C:O2P5U, O2'1C:O5'2G,</b> O2'9C:O5'10G
4	11.8	1-2 4-6 8-9	14	y	y	y	1/2	N27G:O26C	<b>O2'4U:O67G, N46C:O2P5U</b> O2'7G:O1P8G
5	6.5	1-2 4-8 9-10	15	y	y	y	1/2	<b>N27G:O24U</b>	O2'1C:O4'2G, O2'2G:O5'3C O2'9C:O4'10G, O2'5U:6C01P
6	5.6	8-9 9-10	13	y	y	2/3	-	<b>N27G:O24U</b>	O2'6C:O1P7G, O2'4U:O5'5U O2'4U:O25U, N27G:O3'6C
7	5.3	3-7	12	-	y	y	-	N27G:O25U	O2'2G:O5'3C, O2'4U:O5'5U O2'8G:O5'9C
8	4.6	4-6	16	y	y	y	-	N34U:N77G	O5'1C:O21C, O2'2G:O5'3C O2'2G:O5'10G, O2'3C:O5'4U O2'8G:O4'9C, O2'5U:O24U
9	4.0	8-9 9-10	13	-	y	y	1/2		<b>O2'4U:O67G, N46C:O2P5U</b> O2'9C:O5'10G, N210G:O2P10G O2'1C:O4'2G, O2'7G:O1P8G
10	2.3	1-10 2-4 4-6 7-9	13	-	y	-	y		<b>N46C:O2P5U, N210G:O2P10G</b> O2'3C:O2P4U, N46C:O2P4U O5'1C:O21C, O2'6C:O1P7G N17G:O1P6C, O2'7G:O1P8G
11	1.7	2-3 4-6 7-9 9-10	13	-	y	y	1/2	<b>N27G:O24U</b>	<b>O2'4U:O67G, O2'3C:O5'4U</b> N210G:O2P10G, O2'5U:O1P6C O2'7G:O1P8G

TABLE I: Hydrogen bonding pattern of the dPCA conformational states of the UUCG hairpin. “y” indicates a stable base-pair, fractions indicate the number of stable hydrogen bonds (i.e., 2/3 means two out of three). “Native” hydrogen bonds are shown in bold face. Stacking interactions are shown indicating the number of the involved nucleotides.

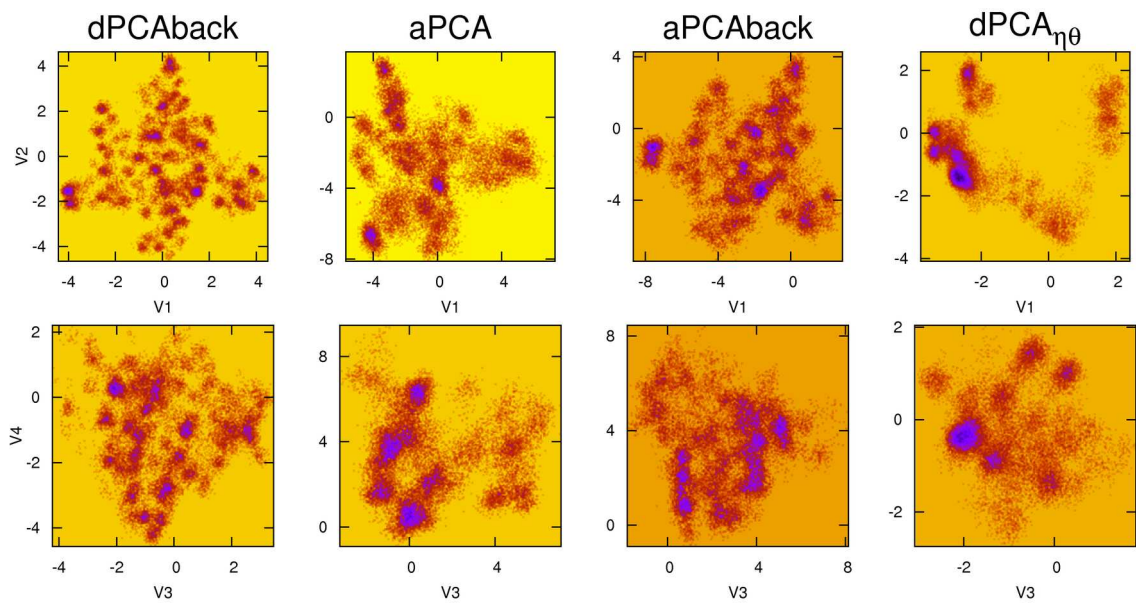


FIG. 3: Two-dimensional representations of the free energy landscape  $\Delta G$  of SL1m as obtained by dPCA (considering only backbone dihedral angles), aPCA (backbone dihedral angles only), and dPCA $_{\eta\theta}$ .

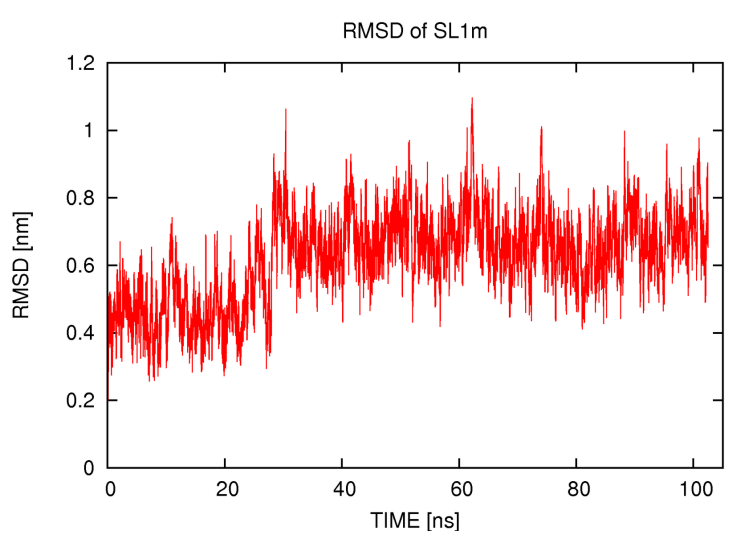


FIG. 4: Time evolution of the all-atom RMSD of SL1m with respect to its initial structure.

dPCA	angle
1+9(45%)	1
2	3+4
3	5
4+9(37%)	2
5	6
6	7
7	9
8	8
10	11
11	10

TABLE II: Comparison of conformational clusters of the UUCG hairpin as obtained from the dPCA and from a clustering on the original angle data (i.e., without PCA but re-centering all angle values around their angular mean, see Methods).