

Supporting Information for "Propane/Propylene Diffusion in Zeolites: Framework Dynamics"

Aldo F. Combariza, German Sastre,* and Avelino Corma

Instituto de Tecnología Química, UPV-CSIC, Av/Los Naranjos s/n, 46022 Valencia, Spain

E-mail: gsastre@itq.upv.es

Calculated and Experimental Lattice Parameters.

Table 1: Si-SAS and Si-CHA calculated and experimental lattice parameters.

Potential	a [Å]	c [Å]	Si - O [Å]	Si - Si [Å]	$\angle Si - O - Si$	$\angle O - Si - O$
SAS						
BKS	14.43	10.28	1.594 - 1.616	3.149 - 3.161	156.154 - 161.993	106.080 - 114.073
			1.608	3.152	157.454	109.396
PMM06	13.564	9.668	1.497 - 1.501	2.956 - 2.982	160.169 - 167.940	103.197 - 119.055
			1.499	2.962	162.716	109.381
Exp¹	14.1039	10.1875	1.595		150.1	
CHA						
BKS	13.85	14.82	1.599 - 1.615	3.121 - 3.158	153.650 - 155.701	106.908 - 114.458
			1.609	3.140	154.852	109.391
PMM06	12.98	14.09	1.498 - 1.499	2.939 - 2.958	157.3742 - 162.089	102.383 - 117.969
			1.499	2.953	160.440	109.361
Exp²	13.53	14.75	1.603		148.4/148.0	109.47

Calculated and Experimental Volume and Window Size Data: Si-CHA

Table 2: Thermal changes in Si-CHA 8 MR window geometry. Oxygen to oxygen effective distances in the 8 MR extracted from NVE MD trajectories at the specified temperatures using either the BKS or PMM FF. The values given are the effective distances obtained by subtracting twice the oxygen VDW radius ($2 \times 1.35 = 2.7 \text{ \AA}$, as suggested by the International Zeolite Association³). The calculated volume ($\langle V \rangle^{NPT}$) refers to the NPT ensemble average volume and corresponding standard deviation. The $\Delta V^{|Exp-Calc|}$ corresponds to the absolute value of the percent difference between the NPT ensemble average volume and the experimental volume at the given temperature reported by Woodcock et al.⁴

Si-CHA				
BKS	$D_1 [\text{\AA}]$	$D_2 [\text{\AA}]$	$\langle V \rangle^{NPT} [\text{\AA}^3]$	$\Delta V^{ Exp-Calc } [\%]$
300 K	3.83 ± 0.14	4.20 ± 0.17	2442 ± 2.4	4.6
400 K	3.84 ± 0.16	4.18 ± 0.19	2439 ± 2.8	4.6
600 K	3.82 ± 0.20	4.17 ± 0.23	2434 ± 3.6	4.8
800 K	3.82 ± 0.23	4.16 ± 0.27	2428 ± 4.9	5.2
PMM	$D_1 [\text{\AA}]$	$D_2 [\text{\AA}]$	$\langle V \rangle^{NPT} [\text{\AA}^3]$	$\Delta V^{ Exp-Calc } [\%]$
300 K	3.96 ± 0.14	4.12 ± 0.16	2470 ± 2.0	5.8
400 K	3.95 ± 0.16	4.11 ± 0.19	2469 ± 2.6	5.9
600 K	3.92 ± 0.19	4.12 ± 0.23	2467 ± 3.3	6.2
800 K	3.92 ± 0.22	4.10 ± 0.26	2465 ± 4.3	6.8
EXP	$D_1 [\text{\AA}]$	$D_2 [\text{\AA}]$	$V^{Exp} [\text{\AA}^3]$	REF
293 K	–	–	2334	⁴
298 K	3.70	4.17	2348	⁵
300 K	–	–	2392	²

Calculated and Experimental Volume and Window Size Data: Si-SAS

Table 3: Thermal changes in Si-SAS 8 MR window geometry. Oxygen to oxygen distances in the 8 MR were extracted from MD trajectories at the specified temperatures and using both of the FFs. The values given are the effective distances obtained by subtracting twice the oxygen VDW radius ($2 \times 1.35 = 2.7 \text{ \AA}$, as suggested by the International Zeolite Association³). The calculated volume ($\langle V \rangle^{NPT}$) refers to the NPT ensemble average volume and corresponding standard deviation. The $\Delta V^{|Exp-Calc|}$ corresponds to the absolute value of the percent difference between the NPT ensemble average volume and the experimental volume at the given temperature reported by Wragg et al.¹

Si-SAS				
BKS	$D_1 [\text{\AA}]$	$D_2 [\text{\AA}]$	$\langle V \rangle^{Calc} [\text{\AA}^3]$	$\Delta V^{ Exp-Calc } [\%]$
300 K	4.24 ± 0.16	4.26 ± 0.16	2119 ± 2.7	4.6
600 K	4.22 ± 0.22	4.28 ± 0.22	2109 ± 4.3	N/A
800 K	4.21 ± 0.25	4.24 ± 0.25	2102 ± 5.0	N/A
PMM	$D_1 [\text{\AA}]$	$D_2 [\text{\AA}]$	$\langle V \rangle^{Calc} [\text{\AA}^3]$	$\Delta V^{ Exp-Calc } [\%]$
300 K	4.24 ± 0.16	4.28 ± 0.15	2140 ± 2.3	5.6
600 K	4.25 ± 0.20	4.26 ± 0.21	2135 ± 4.0	N/A
800 K	4.20 ± 0.23	4.29 ± 0.24	2132 ± 4.9	N/A
EXP	$D_1 [\text{\AA}]$	$D_2 [\text{\AA}]$	$V^{Exp} [\text{\AA}^3]$	REF
298 K	4.2	4.2	2027	¹

References

- (1) Wragg, D. S.; Morris, R.; Burton, A. W.; Zones, S. I.; Ong, K.; Lee, G. *Chem. Mater.* **2007**, *19*, 3924–3932.
- (2) Diaz-Cabañas, M. J.; Barrett, P. A.; Camblor, M. A. *Chem. Commun.* **1998**, 1882–1882.
- (3) Baerlocher, C.; McCusker, L.; Olson, D. H. *Atlas of Zeolite Framework Types*, 6th ed.; Elsevier: Amsterdam, 2007.
- (4) Woodcock, D. A.; Lighthfoot, P.; Villaescusa, L. A.; Diaz-Cabañas, M. J.; Camblor, M. A.; Engberg, D. *Chem. Mater.* **1999**, *11*, 2508–2514.
- (5) Hedin, N.; De Martin, G. J.; Roth, W. J.; Strohmaier, K. G.; Reyes, S. A. C. *Micro. Meso. Mater.* **2008**, *109*, 327–334.