

**Supplemental Table 1** Baseline treatment algorithm of bicarbonate supplementation during 2-week run-in period.

Baseline serum bicarbonate levels (mEq/L)	Daily oral sodium bicarbonate dosage (Sodamint <sup>®</sup> 300 mg) with desired target bicarbonate level of $22 \pm 1$ mEq/L
<17.0	Add 5 tablets (18.0 mEq/day)
17.1-18.0	Add 4 tablets (14.4 mEq/day)
18.1-19.0	Add 3 tablets (10.8 mEq/day)
19.1-20.0	Add 2 tablets (7.2 mEq/day)
20.1-21.0	Add 1 tablet (3.6 mEq/day)

**Supplemental Table 2** The study drug (sodamint<sup>®</sup>) up- and down-titration protocol during the follow up visit.

Different to target serum bicarbonate levels	Daily oral sodium bicarbonate dosage (Sodamint <sup>®</sup> 300 mg)
-1 mEq/L	Add 1 tablet to the previous daily dose
-2 mEq/L	Add 2 tablets to the previous daily dose
≤ -3 mEq/L	Add 3 tablets to the previous daily dose
≥ +3 mEq/L	Reduce 3 tablets from the previous daily dose
+2 mEq/L	Reduce 2 tablets from the previous daily dose
+1 mEq/L	Reduce 1 tablet from the previous daily dose

-denotes less than the target bicarbonate level

+denotes more than the target bicarbonate level

**Supplemental Table 3** The comparison of absolute changes of muscle parameters, muscle strength, and renal function from baseline between the control and high bicarbonate groups.

<b>Absolute changes of parameters from baseline</b>	<b>Control group (n=21)</b>	<b>High bicarbonate group (n=21)</b>	<b>P values*</b>	<b>P values<sup>#</sup></b>
Total-body muscle mass (kg)	[+] 0.02±1.5	[+] 0.78±1.7	0.13	0.14
Total-body muscle mass/Ht <sup>2</sup> (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	[+] 0.003±0.6	[+] 0.31±0.6	0.11	0.12
Appendicular lean mass (kg)	[+] 0.29±1.3	[+] 0.87±2.0	0.28	0.28
Appendicular lean mass/Ht <sup>2</sup> (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	[+] 0.11±0.5	[+] 0.35±0.8	0.25	0.25
Mid-arm muscle circumference (cm)	[-] 0.25±1.6	[-] 0.06±1.2	0.67	0.54
Handgrip strength (kg)	[+] 1.78± 4.3	[+] 0.52±4.7	0.37	0.22
Serum creatinine (mg/dL)	[+] 0.24±0.3	[+] 0.13±0.3	0.28	0.39
eGFR (ml/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> )	[-] 3.14±3.8	[-] 1.35±3.9	0.14	0.14
Serum prealbumin (mg/dL)	[+] 3.1±12.4	[+] 4.1±11.5	0.79	0.84

eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; Ht, height

Data are presented as mean ± SD

[+] indicates increase from baseline

[-] denotes decrease from baseline

\**P* values between groups comparison.

<sup>#</sup>*P* values between groups comparison after adjusting for baseline values.

**Supplemental Table 4** The comparison of absolute changes of muscle parameters, muscle strength, and renal function from baseline between the control and high bicarbonate groups stratified by diabetic status.

<b>Absolute changes of parameters from baseline</b>	<b>Control group</b>	<b>High bicarbonate group</b>	<b>P values*</b>
<b>Diabetes group (n=25)</b>			
Total-body muscle mass (kg)	[-] 0.13±1.9	[+] 1.25±1.9	0.08
Total-body muscle mass/Ht <sup>2</sup> (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	[-] 0.05±0.7	[+] 0.51±0.8	0.07
Appendicular lean mass (kg)	[+] 0.22±1.6	[+] 1.44±2.5	0.16
Appendicular lean mass/Ht <sup>2</sup> (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	[+] 0.09±0.6	[+] 0.59±0.9	0.14
Mid-arm muscle circumference (cm)	[-] 0.45±2.0	[+] 0.03±0.9	0.47
Handgrip strength (kg)	[+] 1.26±3.6	[-] 0.33±4.3	0.32
Serum creatinine (mg/dL)	[+] 0.29±0.3	[+] 0.23±0.4	0.64
eGFR (ml/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> )	[-] 3.48±3.5	[-] 1.88±3.9	0.29
Serum prealbumin (mg/dL)	[+] 2.22±12.4	[+] 7.54±12.7	0.30
<b>Non-diabetes group (n=17)</b>			
Total-body muscle mass (kg)	[+] 0.26±0.8	[+] 0.16 ±0.9	0.81
Total-body muscle mass/Ht <sup>2</sup> (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	[+] 0.09±0.3	[+] 0.06 ±0.3	0.84
Appendicular lean mass (kg)	[+] 0.38 ±0.6	[+] 0.10±0.7	0.39
Appendicular lean mass/Ht <sup>2</sup> (kg/m <sup>2</sup> )	[+] 0.13 ±0.2	[+] 0.03±0.3	0.40
Mid-arm muscle circumference (cm)	[+] 0.07±0.1	[+] 0.17±1.6	0.67
Handgrip strength (kg)	[+] 2.62 ±5.4	[+] 1.67±5.3	0.72
Serum creatinine (mg/dL)	[+] 0.16±0.4	[-] 0.001±0.1	0.31
eGFR (ml/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup> )	[-] 2.57±4.5	[-] 0.65±4.0	0.37
Serum prealbumin (mg/dL)	[+] 4.61±13.2	[-] 0.53±8.0	0.34

eGFR, estimated glomerular filtration rate; Ht, height

Data are presented as mean ± SD

[+] indicates increase from baseline, [-] denotes decrease from baseline

\*P values between groups comparison