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HCP: A Matlab package to create beautiful heatmaps with richly annotated covariates

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Software

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Summary

A heatmap is a graphical technique that maps 2-dimensional matrices of numerical values to colors to provide an immediate and intuitive visualization of the underlying patterns (Eisen, Spellman, Brown, & Botstein, 1998). Heatmaps are often used in conjunction with cluster analysis to re-order observations and/or features by similarity and thus, rendering common and distinct patterns more apparent. When generating these visualizations, it is often of interest to interpret the underlying patterns in the context of other data sources. In the field of bioinformatics, heatmaps are frequently used to visualize high-throughput and high-dimensional datasets, such as those derived from profiling biological samples with *-omic* technologies (whole genome sequencing, transcriptomics and proteomics). Often, biological samples (for example, patient tumour samples) are characterized at multiple *-omic* level and it is of interest to contrast and compare patterns captured at the different molecular layers along with their associations with other observable features (covariates). The concurrent display of continuous or categorical covariates enriches the visualization with additional information such as group membership.

The R-language features powerful packages to create annotated heatmaps with complex layouts such as *pheatmap* (Kolde, 2019), *ComplexHeatmap* (Gu, Eils, & Schlesner, 2016) and *Superheat* (Barter & Yu, 2018). However, to the best of our knowledge, Matlab only features the *HeatMap* and *Clustergram* classes (from the *Bioinformatics Toolbox*) to draw simple heatmaps with/without cluster analysis with basic annotations and there is no package with the breath of those in the R ecosystem. The HCP package fills this gap by enabling bioinformaticians and data scientists from other fields to create richly annotated visualizations for data exploration in Matlab.

HCP (*HeatmapCovariatePlot*) provides a simple high level application programming interface (API) to design elaborated visualizations in a modular fashion. The user can select which elements to include, covariate row annotations and/or heatmaps, by invoking the `AddCovariateRow` or the `AddHeatmap` methods. Elements can be vertically stacked and also grouped in functionally related sub-blocks encapsulated by the `AddSubBlock` method to adjust the figure layout. The plotting options in *HCP* are chosen sensibly to create production-quality out-of-the-box visualizations in most use-case. *HCP* features several plotting options to adjust the plot aesthetics to cater for the user preferences in terms of colormaps, labelling, legends and layouts (margins and positions). *HCP* ease-of-use and rapidity enables the users to iterate through multiple visualization alternatives while focusing on the message conveyed by the data rather than the technicalities involved in generating the plot.

HCP plotting functionality has been applied in a scholarly manuscript currently undergoing revisions and in exploratory analyses in several other ongoing research projects.

[Figure 1](#) and [Figure 2](#) showcase visualizations generated with *HCP* for a case study drawn from a bioinformatic application in cancer research (cutaneous melanoma) and a more general data science application (occupation by US state).

Case study 1: Clinical and molecular characterization of a cohort of cutaneous melanoma patients

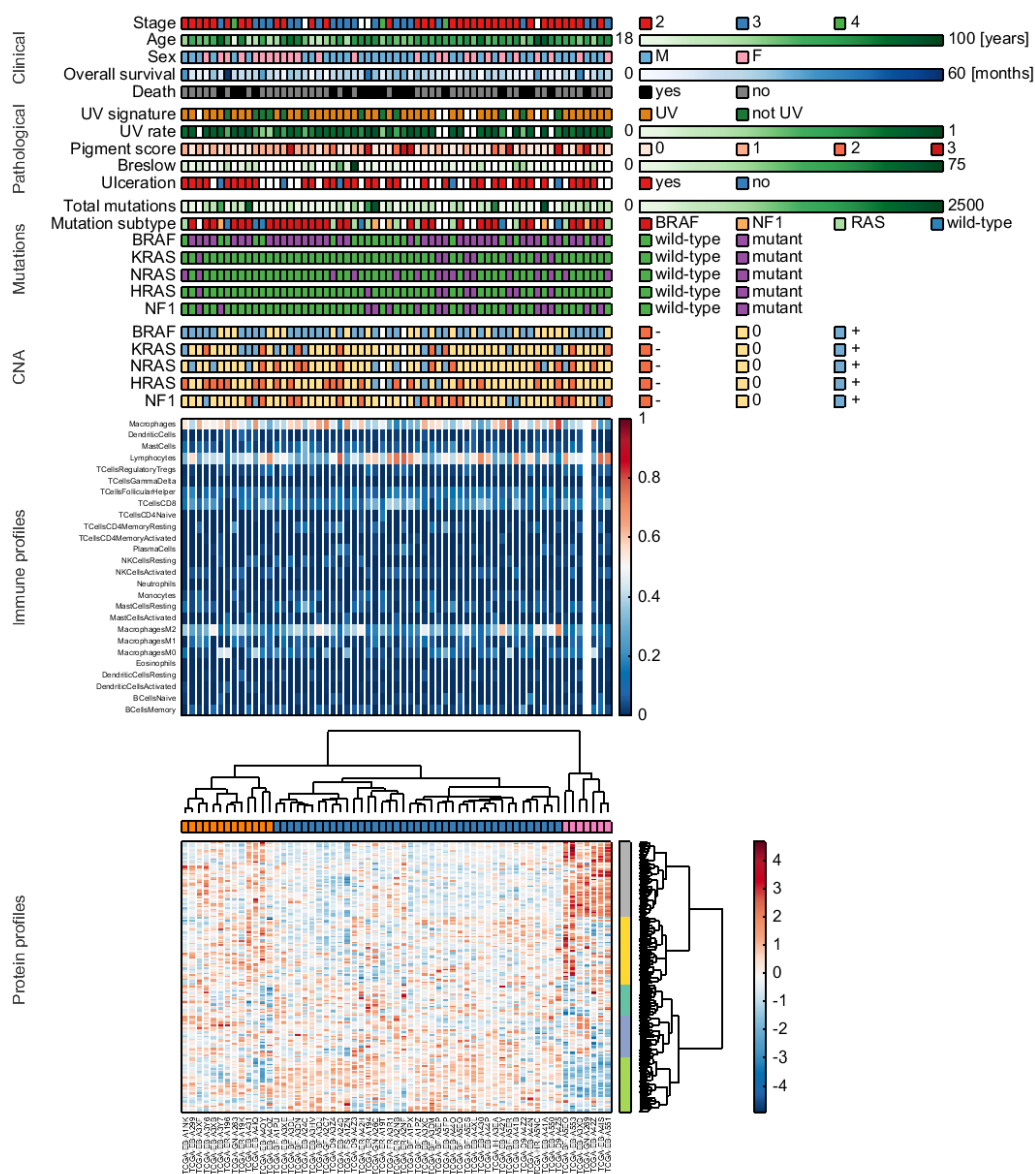


Figure 1. *Case study 1.* Integrated visualization of clinico-pathological features (Liu et al., 2018) and molecular alterations in mutational status, copy number alterations (CNAs) (Akbari et al., 2015), immune cell composition (Thorsson et al., 2018) and protein profiles (Grossman et al., 2016; TCGA Network, 2018) determined in primary tumour samples of n=61 cutaneous melanoma patients from the [The Cancer Genome Atlas network \(TCGA\)](#) cohort. Source data for the figure are further detailed in [tcga_cutaneous_melanoma_cancer.md](#).

Case study 2: Geographical, demographic, socio-economic and work occupations by US state

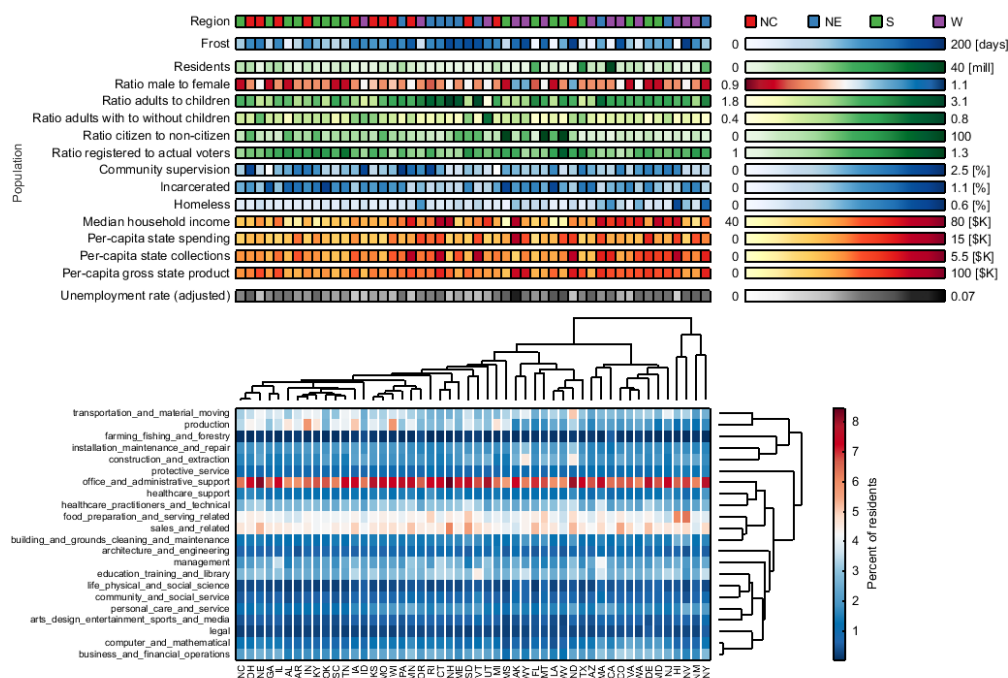


Figure 2. Case study 2. Integrated visualization of geographical (Bureau of the Census U.S. Department of Commerce, 1977a, 1977b; R Core Team, 2018), demographic and socio-economic metadata (The Kaiser Family Foundation, 2019) and work occupations by US state (“Occupational employment statistics,” 2019). Source data for the figure are further detailed in [occupation_by_us_state.md](https://www.bls.gov/oes/).

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HCP uses extensively the *panel* package (Mitch, 2019). ColorBrewer colormaps (Brewer, 2019) are supported via the *brewermap* package (Cobeldick, 2019).

The visualization for case study 1 shown here is based upon data generated by the TCGA Research Network: <http://cancergenome.nih.gov/>. The visualization for case study 2 is based largely upon data generated by the Henry J Kaiser Family Foundation: <https://www.kff.org/> and by the Bureau of Labor Statistics: <https://www.bls.gov/oes/>.

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