

Outline of the Danish
fisheries research/fishing industry survey for cod
in the Kattegat 4nd quarter

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National Institute of Aquatic Resources
Technical University of Denmark
Charlottenlund Slot, DK-2920 Charlottenlund
Denmark
Marie Storr-Paulsen
Peter Vingaard

Fiskerivärket
Box 423, 401 26 , Göteborg
Sweden
Katja Ringdahl
Johan Løvgren

Introduction

Since 2003 the cod fishery in Kattegat has been restricted by steadily decreasing quotas due to low abundance of cod estimated from the cod assessment. ICES consider, however, the cod assessment in Kattegat uncertain due to the catch data quality and the analytic assessment has not been accepted by ACFM in recent years. The assessment has shown a discrepancy between the estimated fishing mortality and the reported landings and ICES assumed that the majority of the unallocated mortality was caused by discard, but other factors such as migration, non reported landings and re-allocation of catches also could be part of the problem. Furthermore, the surveys conducted at present in the Kattegat area are not very suited for estimation of cod abundance mainly due to the low coverage and sampling intensity. The abundance estimate in the areas is hence rather uncertain and only shows trends in stock development, and the assessment of the cod stock would, without doubt, benefit significantly from a survey directly aimed at cod. The 5 August 2006 a tender was submitted by Swedish Board of Fisheries, Institute of Marine Research (IMR-SE) in response to the open call for tenders, Reference No FISH/2006/15 Studies and Pilot projects for carrying out the common fisheries policy, Lot No 3: "Evaluation of the pilot effort regime in Kattegat" from Directorate-General for Fisheries and Maritime Affairs.

Both Swedish and Danish scientists and the fishermen's organisations agree that the poor survey quality hampers the assessment of the cod stock in Kattegat and an expert group consisting of people from the fisherman's organisations and scientists has designed an improved survey. The initiative has been taken by the LOT 3 project group and was originally a strictly Swedish project. However, the involvement of Denmark has been considered as an improvement of the project and the survey has been designed in all details in agreement between fishers and scientists from both countries. The survey has been conducted since 2008 with a gap in 2012 and only Swedish vessels participating in 2013. The survey strata has been moderated slightly since 2013 to take into account the closed area very a separate strata has been placed.

The goal

The goal of the Kattegat cod survey is to estimate the abundance, biomass and distribution of cod and to establish a fisheries independent time series of catch and effort series. Furthermore, a recruitment index will be established. The results should be used, together with commercial catch and effort data to strengthen the scientific advice on the cod stock in Kattegat. The survey will also monitor the amount and distribution of cod within the proposed "closed area" in order to analyse the effect of the closure.

Restrictions

The 2 commercial Swedish trawlers participating in the survey conduct the survey without any restrictions in the vessels quota, days at sea regulation and with dispensation from all by-catch regulations. From Denmark the Danish scientific vessel Havfisken is participating.

Survey design

Survey area

The survey area is restricted to the Kattegat area covering from Skagen, to the Tistlarna lighthouse and in south by an south-eastwards line between Ellekilde Hage and Lerbjerg and south-westwards by a line between Gniben og Hassensør on Djursland. Further, the area is restricted by the 20 m depth contour line and the area is split in areas "North" and "South" (Fig. 1).

However, in two fjords Laholmsbugten and Skældervigen fishing at stations shallower than 20 meter will take place and 1 or two stations will be placed in a small area in The Sound "Kilen".

Survey method and stratification

The survey is designed as a random stratified bottom trawl survey. The survey area is since 2013 stratified in four strata: a stratum with high cod density, a stratum with medium density and a stratum with low cod density based on information from the fishers a fourth stratum has been designated to make sure not stations are placed within the closed area. Each stratum is further subdivided in 5*5 nm squares. Most stations according to the area are allocated to the high density stratum. In the forthcoming years stations will be allocated to the different strata in order to minimize the variance of the estimation of the cod biomass. The survey design allows a post-stratification of the survey area if necessary without losing comparability with previous surveys and hence to take changes in the main focus area into account if the stock distribution is changing between years or the stock is increasing or decreasing.

Station (tow) location

The survey is planned with in average 3.3 trawl hauls per day in 6 days for each of the vessels i.e. in total 80 trawl hauls. The hauls are allocated randomly to the 5*5 nm squares and each vessel is allocated 20 different squares. In the high and medium density strata several vessels are allowed to fish in the same square. In the low density stratum only one haul is allowed in each square. Furthermore the low density area is divided in a Southern and Northern area.

Numbers of stations by vessel, stratum and area

Ship	High density	Medium density	Low density (South)	Low density (North)	Closed area	Total
DK Havfisken	12	10	7	7	4	40
SE Tärnan	6	5	7		2	20
SE Cindy	6	5		7	2	20

Stations valid for Havfisken 4Q 2019

Nr	Stationer	Område1	Område2			DK Havfisken
1	39 Röd	Nord		57.36890	10.73973	1
4	42 Röd	Nord		57.61832	10.75163	1
6	62 Röd	Nord		57.44981	10.89790	1
9	85 Röd	Nord		57.53052	11.05677	1
20	150 Röd	Nord		57.43902	11.51455	1
23	167 Röd	Nord		57.02037	11.63879	reserv
24	168 Röd	Nord		57.10347	11.64469	1
26	172 Röd	Nord		57.43585	11.66864	reserv
27	173 Röd	Nord		57.51894	11.67471	1
37	68 Röd	Syd		56.11718	10.98072	reserv
44	113 Röd	Syd		56.19518	11.28327	1
47	134 Röd	Syd		56.10921	11.42712	1
50	137 Röd	Syd		56.35858	11.44295	reserv
53	156 Röd	Syd		56.10620	11.57587	1
57	160 Röd	Syd		56.43865	11.59832	1
66	203 Röd	Syd		56.34891	11.89200	1
67	223 Röd	Syd		56.17917	12.02845	1
68	224 Röd	Syd		56.26225	12.03502	1
74	148 Gul			57.27281	11.50321	1
75	169 Gul			57.18657	11.65063	1
81	186 Gul			56.76780	11.77259	reserv
82	187 Gul			56.85089	11.77873	1
84	189 Gul			57.01707	11.79113	1
85	190 Gul			57.10016	11.79737	1
86	191 Gul			57.18324	11.80365	reserv
89	205 Gul			56.51509	11.90465	1
90	206 Gul			56.59817	11.91103	1
91	210 Gul			56.93050	11.93688	1
94	213 Gul			57.17973	11.95664	1
95	225 Gul			56.34533	12.04162	1
101	207 Grön			56.68126	11.91744	1
102	208 Grön			56.76434	11.92389	1
103	209 Grön			56.84742	11.93037	1
105	230 Grön			56.76070	12.07515	1
106	231 Grön			56.84377	12.08196	1
108	233 Grön			57.00990	12.09570	1
109	248 Grön			56.42463	12.19816	1
110	249 Grön			56.50769	12.20516	1
111	250 Grön			56.59075	12.21219	reserv
113	252 Grön			56.75687	12.22637	1
114	253 Grön			56.83993	12.23352	1
116	272 Grön			56.58677	12.36272	reserv
120	294 Grön			56.58261	12.51320	1
121	295 Grön			56.66564	12.52094	1
125	246 Blå			56.25849	12.18428	1
126	247 Blå			56.34156	12.19120	reserv
127	267 Blå			56.17150	12.32630	1
129	269 Blå			56.33762	12.34075	1
131	289 Blå			56.16740	12.47516	1

Hoved art

Togtet er målrettet mod dermasale arter i Kattegat og designet specielt mod torsk. Fangsten af alle arter skal dog registreres og afleveres også til bestandsvurdering af rødspætter og jomfruhummer.

Togt periode

Togtet skal foregå i slutningen af November / start December 2019. Der er planlagt 40 stationer samt udtrukket 6 ekstrastationer der kan benyttes hvis en given station ikke kan tages. Der må kun fiskes fra 15 min før solopgang til 15 min efter solnedgang. Deltager på dette års togt er :

29-11/10-12	12	Aage Thaarup	Skipper
		Søren Grønby	Styrmand
		Jens Holm	togtleder
		Brian Første halvdel Jan sidste	

Ski bog redskab

Skib :

Togtet bliver gennemført med 2 kommercielle svenske skibe og Havfisken. Tidligere blev også den danske del af togtet gennemført med kommercielle skibe.

DK-Vessel 1

Danish participant	Havfisken
Engine (KW):	
Tonnage (BRT):	48
Length (m):	17,5
Door type/size	
Owner	DTU Aqua

Trawler er et kommercielt bund trawl betalt af LOT 3 projectet.

Trawl (see annex): A Swedish TV-trawl 112 ft 24-464
13 pieces of 8'' balls and 16 pieces of 6'' balls.
4 thumps rubber discs at 10 cm
Mesh size in cod end: 70 mm stretch mesh.
Otter boards: 64''-66'' "Thyborøn"
Warp: 35 mm .

Mellem liner der benyttes må i 2017 varierer i længden mellem 54 og 154 meter. "Grimdelen" på 27 meter skal bi- beholdes hvilket gives en total længde på mellem 81 og 181 meter. Det er bare vigtigt at notere hvor lang en line der er benyttet.

Trawlet skal løbende tjekkes før og under togtet.

Under fiskeri

Må skipper selv bestemme hvordan fiskeriet skal foregå optimalt (dvs. Den eksakte position, retning wire længde mm). Max. 5 min a trawltiden bør ligge udenfor den planlagte kvadrat.

Træk tid: 60/30 min (træk tid ned til 25 min er accepteret).

Hastighed: Mellem 2.7 kn. Og 3.4 kn over bunden, man bør tilstræbe at holde en jævn fart under et træk.

Træk start: Når trawlet bliver vurderet til at gå stabilt som regel 5-7 min efter wirene er helt ude.

Slut på træk: Når tiden er gået om man begynder at fire ind.

Trawlet distance: fås fra plotter.

Ca.50% af alle træk can blive gennemført med 30 min træk tid. Det er op til skipper at tage stilling til hvilke træk det er men man skal tilstræbe de bliver jævnt fordelt ud over togt området. Det er vigtigt at det fremgår tydeligt hvilke stationer der er gennemført med 30 min træk og hvilke der har 60 min.

Registrering af fiskeriet

Der skal udover besætning deltage 2 videnskabelige medarbejder fra DTU Aqua.

Fangsten oparbejdes tilsvarende som på BITS. Efter hvert træk skal all fangsten oparbejdes og sorteres på art samt vejes til nærmeste 0.1 kg. Alle fisk (undtagen tobis, sild og brislinger) skal måles i cm i total længde. Tobis, sild og brisling i scm. Jomfruhummer måles i mm og det er ikke nødvendigt at kønne dem.

For torsk skal der tages 1 otolith per cm per station

Til genetik er hovedfokus torsk under 25 cm hvor der skal tages 1 prøve per cm per station (same fisk som der tages otolither på). Hvis der fanges meget få torsk vil vi gerne have genetik også på de større torsk.

Der skal indsamles hajer og rokker til brug i worksshop om artsbestemmelse.

Kvalitetssikring af data

All data skal før indtastning undersøges for fejl, blandt andet ved længde – vægt plot, at fisk med genetik prøver får dette markeret I fiskeline, stationer ikke ligger på land mm.

Data

Data tastes i Fiskeline og kan overføres til DATRAS

Estimation of stock indices

CPUE kan beregnes som gennemsnitlig fangst i kg eller antal per alder og time.

Biomass og abundance

Da ingen stationer er dybere end 100 meter kan biomasse og abundance beregnes mellem 20 og 100 meter dybde. Togtet er stratificeret i 4 områder med forskellig tæthed af torsk og dækker et område på . 19037.6 km² (Table 1).

Stationerne er på forhånd udvalgt tilfældigt og swept area kan udregnes ved:

Swept area= (estimated trawling speed *1.852)* wing spread * trawling time/60

using the recorded towing speed, wing spread and trawling time and taking the catchability coefficient as 1.0 and the stratum area as weighting factor (Cohran, 1977).

Alle fangster kan standardiseres til fangst per km²

Reporting

The survey results are reported to WGBFAS as a working document. The document includes information about aerial distribution, CPUE, biomass, abundance and length frequencies on cod, sole, plaice and Norwegian lobster together with age distribution of cod.

References

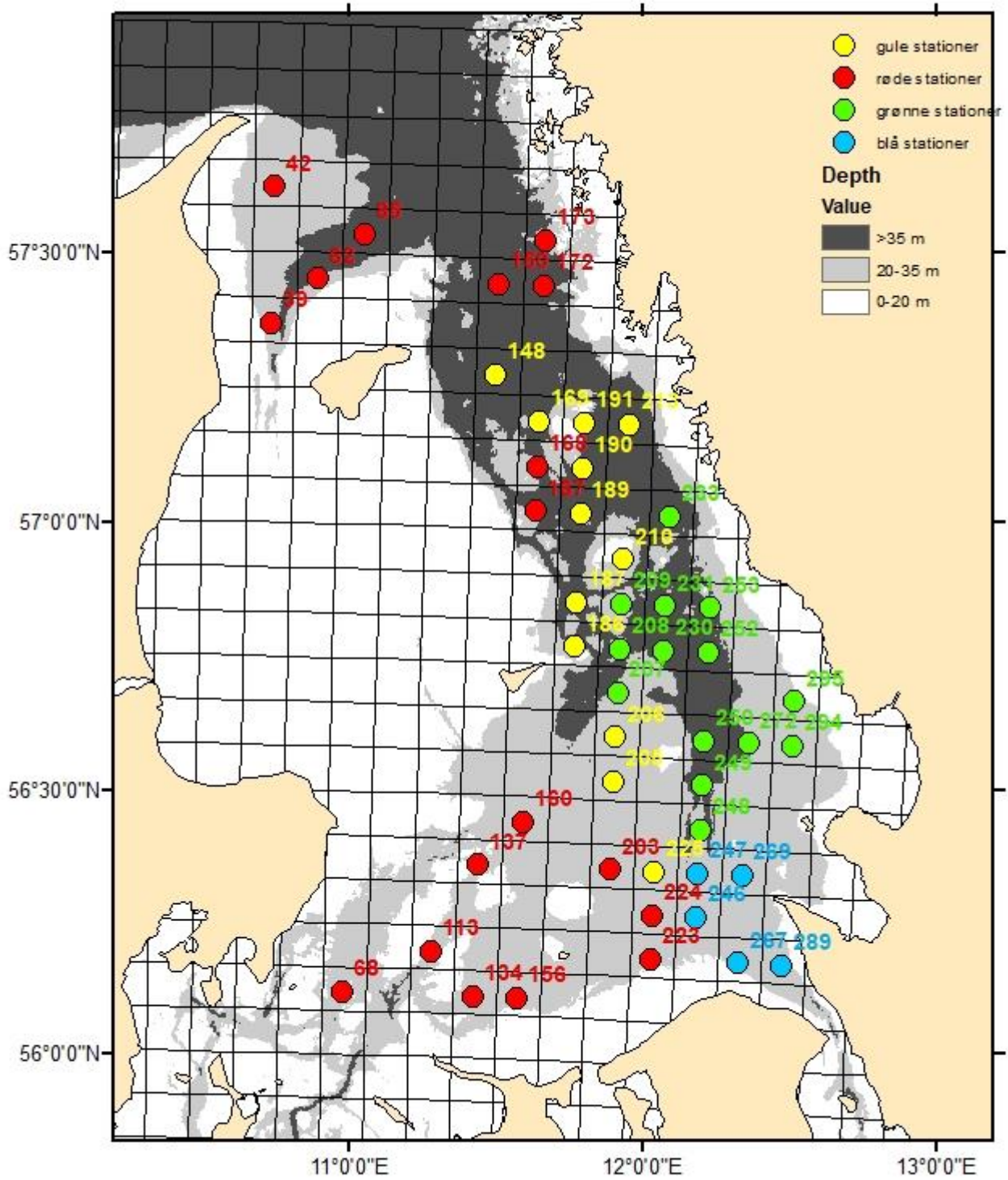
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Wieland, K., E.M. Fenger Pedersen, H.J. Olesen & J.E. Beyer (2008): Survey results from a Danish collaborative biologist-fishermen project on spatially-explicit management methods (REX) for North Sea cod. Working document, ICES WGNSSK, 7.-13. May 2008.

Fig. 1. Distribution of all hauls by type and squares.



Nr	Stationer	Område1	Område2			SE Cindy	SE Tåman	DK	Havfisken	
1	39	Röd	Nord	57.36890	10.73973					1
2	40	Röd	Nord	57.45204	10.74367					
3	41	Röd	Nord	57.53518	10.74764					
4	42	Röd	Nord	57.61832	10.75163					1
5	43	Röd	Nord	57.70146	10.75565					
6	62	Röd	Nord	57.44981	10.89790					1
7	63	Röd	Nord	57.53295	10.90222			1		
8	64	Röd	Nord	57.61608	10.90656					
9	85	Röd	Nord	57.53052	11.05677					1
10	86	Röd	Nord	57.61365	11.06147					
11	107	Röd	Nord	57.52791	11.21130					
12	108	Röd	Nord	57.61103	11.21635			1		
13	125	Röd	Nord	57.19266	11.34450			1		
14	126	Röd	Nord	57.27578	11.34978					
15	127	Röd	Nord	57.35889	11.35509			1		
16	128	Röd	Nord	57.44200	11.36043			1		
17	129	Röd	Nord	57.52511	11.36580					
18	146	Röd	Nord	57.10660	11.49198					
19	149	Röd	Nord	57.35592	11.50886			1		
20	150	Röd	Nord	57.43902	11.51455					1
21	151	Röd	Nord	57.52212	11.52022					
22	166	Röd	Nord	56.93727	11.63291					
23	167	Röd	Nord	57.02037	11.63879					
24	168	Röd	Nord	57.10347	11.64469					1
25	171	Röd	Nord	57.35276	11.66261					
26	172	Röd	Nord	57.43585	11.66864					
27	173	Röd	Nord	57.51894	11.67471					1
28	214	Röd	Nord	57.26280	11.96330					
29	291	Röd	Nord	56.33349	12.49026					
30	292	Röd	Nord	56.41653	12.49787			1		
31	293	Röd	Nord	56.49957	12.50551					
32	313	Röd	Nord	56.32919	12.63972					
33	315	Röd	Nord	56.49524	12.65563					
37	68	Röd	Syd	56.11718	10.98072					
38	69	Röd	Syd	56.20033	10.98501					
39	89	Röd	Syd	56.03156	11.12497		1			
40	90	Röd	Syd	56.11470	11.12955					
41	91	Röd	Syd	56.19785	11.13415					
42	92	Röd	Syd	56.28098	11.13878					
43	112	Röd	Syd	56.11205	11.27835		1			
44	113	Röd	Syd	56.19518	11.28327					1
45	114	Röd	Syd	56.27831	11.28823					
46	115	Röd	Syd	56.36144	11.29321					
47	134	Röd	Syd	56.10921	11.42712					1
48	135	Röd	Syd	56.19234	11.43237					
49	136	Röd	Syd	56.27546	11.43765					
50	137	Röd	Syd	56.35858	11.44295					
51	138	Röd	Syd	56.44170	11.44828					
52	139	Röd	Syd	56.52482	11.45364					
53	156	Röd	Syd	56.10620	11.57587					1
54	157	Röd	Syd	56.18931	11.58144					
55	158	Röd	Syd	56.27243	11.58704					
56	159	Röd	Syd	56.35554	11.59266		1			
57	160	Röd	Syd	56.43865	11.59832					1
58	161	Röd	Syd	56.52176	11.60401					
59	162	Röd	Syd	56.60486	11.60973		1			
60	178	Röd	Syd	56.10301	11.72459					
61	179	Röd	Syd	56.18611	11.73047					
62	180	Röd	Syd	56.26921	11.73640					
63	181	Röd	Syd	56.35231	11.74235		1			
64	201	Röd	Syd	56.18273	11.87948		1			
65	202	Röd	Syd	56.26582	11.88572		1			
66	203	Röd	Syd	56.34891	11.89200					1
67	223	Röd	Syd	56.17917	12.02845					1
68	224	Röd	Syd	56.26225	12.03502					1
73	147	Gul		57.18971	11.49758					
74	148	Gul		57.27281	11.50321			1		1
75	169	Gul		57.18657	11.65063					1
76	170	Gul		57.26966	11.65660					
77	182	Gul		56.43541	11.74833					
78	183	Gul		56.51851	11.75435					
79	184	Gul		56.60161	11.76040					
80	185	Gul		56.68470	11.76648					
81	186	Gul		56.76780	11.77259		1			
82	187	Gul		56.85089	11.77873			1		1
83	188	Gul		56.93398	11.78491					
84	189	Gul		57.01707	11.79113			1		1
85	190	Gul		57.10016	11.79737					1
86	191	Gul		57.18324	11.80365			1		
87	192	Gul		57.26633	11.80997			1		
88	204	Gul		56.43200	11.89831					
89	205	Gul		56.51509	11.90465					1
90	206	Gul		56.59817	11.91103		1			1
91	210	Gul		56.93050	11.93688					1
92	211	Gul		57.01358	11.94343					
93	212	Gul		57.09665	11.95002		1			
94	213	Gul		57.17973	11.95664		1			1
95	225	Gul		56.34533	12.04162					1
96	226	Gul		56.42840	12.04825					
97	227	Gul		56.51148	12.05492					
98	228	Gul		56.59455	12.06163		1			
101	207	Grön		56.68126	11.91744					1
102	208	Grön		56.76434	11.92389					1
103	209	Grön		56.84742	11.93037			1		1
104	229	Grön		56.67763	12.06837			1		
105	230	Grön		56.76070	12.07515					1
106	231	Grön		56.84377	12.08196					1
107	232	Grön		56.92684	12.08881					
108	233	Grön		57.00990	12.09570			1		1
109	248	Grön		56.42463	12.19816		1	1		1
110	249	Grön		56.50769	12.20516					1
111	250	Grön		56.59075	12.21219			1		
112	251	Grön		56.67381	12.21926		1			
113	252	Grön		56.75687	12.22637		1			1
114	253	Grön		56.83993	12.23352					1
115	271	Grön		56.50372	12.35336		1			
116	272	Grön		56.58677	12.36272					
117	273	Grön		56.66982	12.37012					
118	274	Grön		56.75287	12.37756		1	1		
119	275	Grön		56.83591	12.38504		1			
120	294	Grön		56.58251	12.51320					1
121	295	Grön		56.66564	12.52094					1
125	246	Blå		56.25849	12.18428					1
126	247	Blå		56.34156	12.19120					
127	267	Blå		56.17150	12.32630					1
128	268	Blå		56.25456	12.33350		1	1		
129	269	Blå		56.33762	12.34075		1			1
130	270	Blå		56.42067	12.34803			1		
131	289	Blå		56.16740	12.47516					1
132	290	Blå		56.25045	12.48269					

Table 1. Area (km²) 20-120 m depth by depth area.

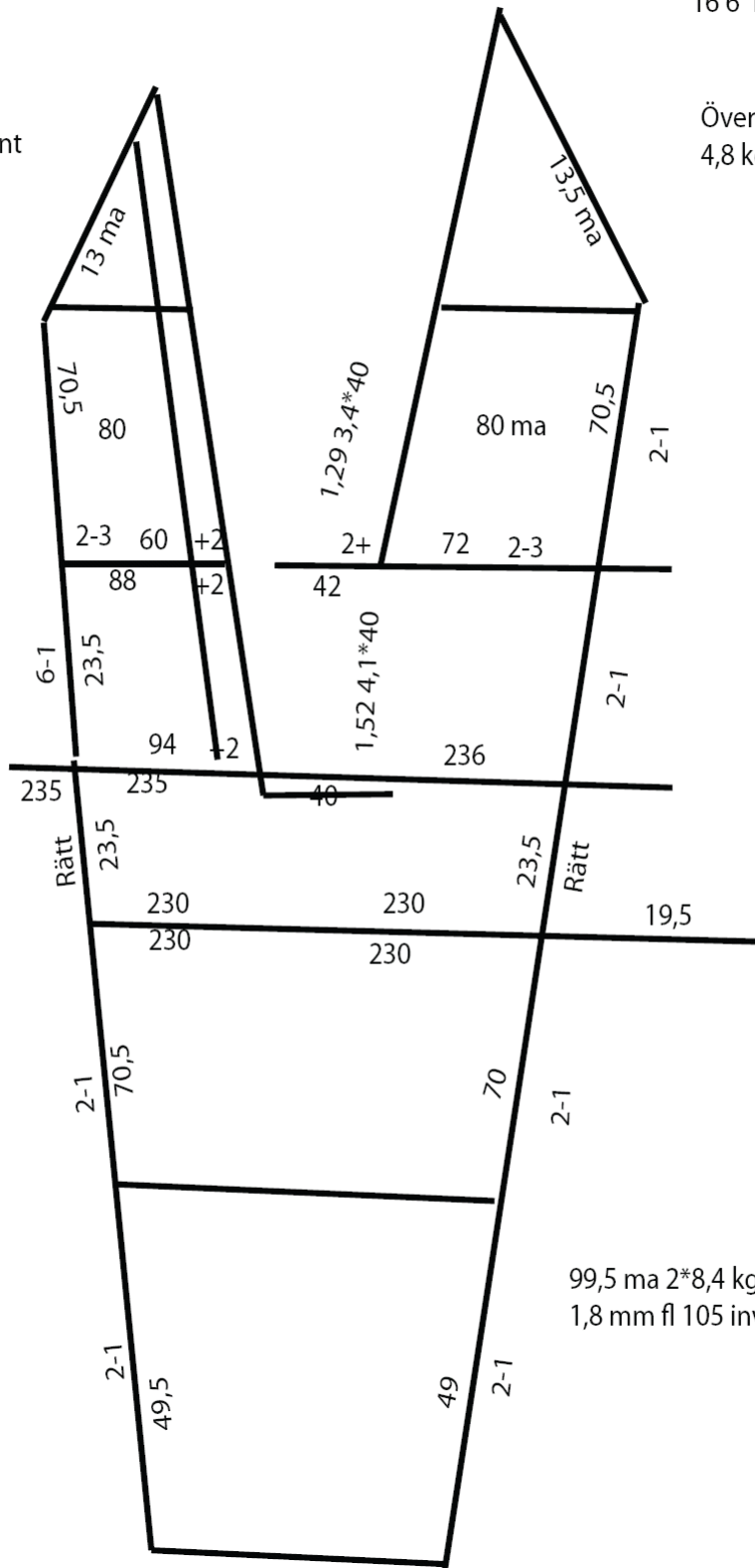
High density	Medium density	Low density	Closed area	All
21 squares	26 squares	65 squares	8 squares	120 squares
1800.8 km ²	2229.5 km ²	5573.8 km ²	686 km ²	10290 km ²

TV112 - 24 -646

Underarmar
4,6 kg 1,8 ma fl
80 mm utan kant
med kil

13 8" Kulor
16 6" Kulor

Överarm
4,8 kg utan kant



99,5 ma 2*8,4 kg
1,8 mm fl 105 inv

Tabel 11. To eksempler på hvordan afstanden mellem skovlene kan beregnes ud fra spilet i wirene.

1. metode

- 1) En pind, skruenøgle, kniv eller hvad man nu har for hånden sættes ind, hvor afstanden mellem wirene lige svarer til længden af genstanden. Fra dette punkt finder man ud af, hvor mange gange dette mål kan ligge langs wiren op til det sted, hvor wirene går sammen.

- 2) Afstanden mellem skovlene fås ved at dele wirelængden med »antallet af mål«.

Eksempel: Fra det sted på wirene, hvor spredningen er 1 skruenøgle, er der 5,5 skruenøgle op til hvor wirene går sammen.

Wirelængde: 150 fv = 274 m.

Afstand mellem skovle: $274 : 5,5 = 50$ m.

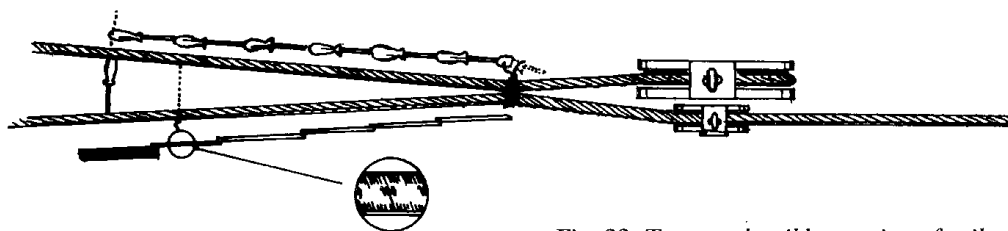


Fig. 33: To metoder til beregning af spilet er her illustreret. Det letter udmålingen, hvis wirene kan samles med et bændsel.

2. metode

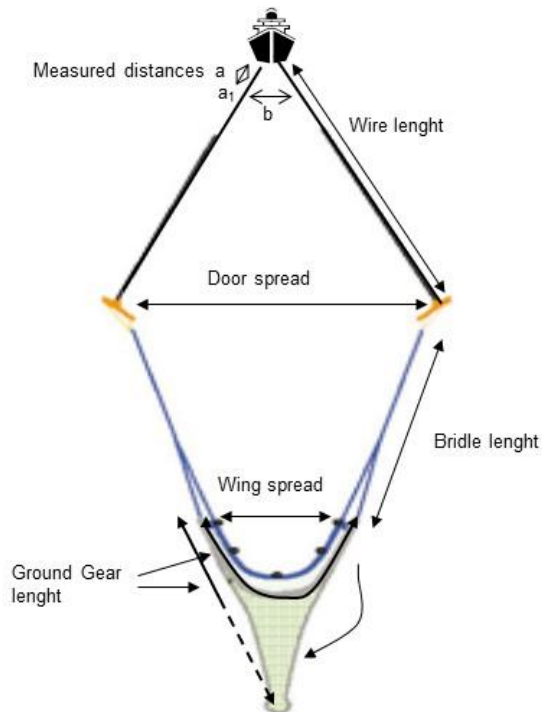
- 1) Mål afstanden mellem wirene 1 meter fra, hvor de går sammen.

- 2) Afstanden her ganget med wirelængden giver afstanden mellem skovlene.

Eksempel: Spredningen på 1 meter: 18 cm = 0,18 m

Wirelængde: 150 fv = 274 m

Afstand mellem skovle: $0,18 \times 274 = 49$ m



Calculations of door spread and wing spread

Assuming that the distance between the trawl doors and the wires form an equilateral triangle, the door spread have been calculated as

$$\text{Door spread} = \frac{\text{Wire length} \times \text{measured distance } b}{\text{measured distance } a}$$

For every haul, a length on the wire (distance a) and the length between the wires measured at a₁ (distance b) have been recorded.

Wing spread is estimated as:

$$\text{Wing spread} = \frac{\text{Ground gear length} \times \text{Door spread}}{\text{Bridle length} + \text{Ground gear length}}$$

(Calculation from "Course in Trawl Gear Technology", May 2006, SeaFish Flume Tank, Hull, UK)

NOTE: Figure not according to scale