

- A watershed is a dividing land area or ridge where rainwater and snowmelt drain into a single water source.
- Surface-water watersheds are located at the surfaces of land. They include rivers, streams, lakes, and wetlands.
- Ground-water watersheds receive water from higher points and drain to sources including underground rivers and aquifers.





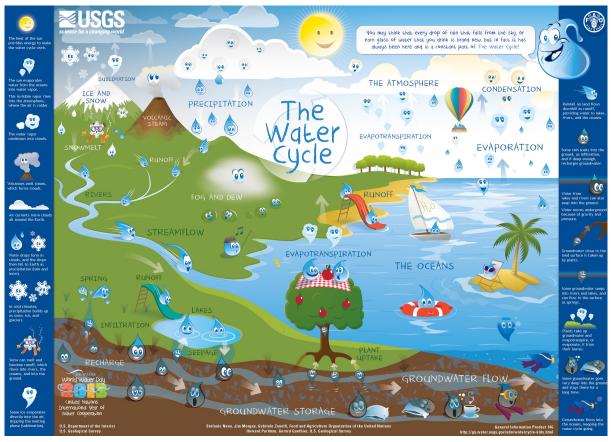


Image: USGS. Reference: Potyondy, J. P. & Geier, T. W. (2011). *Watershed condition classification technical guide*. United States Department of Agriculture Forest Service. <a href="https://www.rosemonteis.us/sites/default/files/references/potyondy-geier-2011.pdf">https://www.rosemonteis.us/sites/default/files/references/potyondy-geier-2011.pdf</a>

## The US Forest Service's National Watershed Condition Team's three classifications are:

- Class 1 = Functioning Properly
- Class 2 = Functioning at Risk
- Class 3 = Impaired Function





