## Pelagic birding, birds of the Sahel and Saloum Delta

Senegal is one of West Africa's most stable countries with a heavy French influence dating back to colonial days. The coastline has several wetlands of international importance which are protected in the form of national parks. The north of the country has a wide belt of Sahel holding several species which prefer sub-desert habitats while the south is primarily savannah dotted with stands of acacia trees and secondary forest. We visit Dioudi National Park which is a wetland where Palearctic migrants winter in their thousands. The range of bird species in this little known country is impressive; Arabian and Savile's Bustards, Little Grey Woodpecker, Sennar Penduline Tit, Fulvous Babbler and Cricket Warbler all being found regularly on recent tours.

■ Birdwatching Breaks has operated several tours to Senegal since the 1990s and is pleased to offer these unique birding tours at a peak time for birdlife.

Day 1: Fly to Dakar and transfer to Popenguine for an overnight stay.

Days 2-4: Dawn visit to the coastal scrub reserve of Popenguine where we should find Blue Rock Thrush, European Crag Martin. White-rumped Swift and on the cliffs Gosling's Buntings. Yellow-billed Kite is abundant in the region and on our journey northwards birds of prey can be numerous and include Lappet-faced, Ruppell's, Hooded and White-backed Vultures. Near St Louis itself, we should find Red-necked Falcons in roadside palm trees.

For the next few days we are based at Ranch de Bango and Richard Toll from where we explore sub-Saharan Senegal. The grounds of the ranch offer excellent birding with regularly seen species -Western Red-billed Hornbill, Grey-headed Kingfisher, Grey Woodpecker, Blue-naped Mousebird, Tawny-flanked Prinia, Redbilled Firefinch, Beautiful and Scarletchested Sunbirds, African Silverbill, Sudan Golden Sparrow and Long-tailed Glossy Starlings. Wintering Palearctic migrants are common and include Iberian Chiffchaff, Melodious, Subalpine and Western Olivaceous Warblers, Common Redstart, Red-throated and Tree Pipits.

Our base, adjacent to the Senegal River, is a haven for waterbirds - Long-tailed Cormorant, Squacco and Purple Herons, Purple Swamphen, Spur-winged Lapwing,

## Dates

**TOUR A: Sunday February 27th –** 

Friday March 11th 2022

**TOUR B: Sunday February 26th –** 

Friday March 10th 2023

Leader: Mark Finn and Ass Ndiave

Group Size: 8 Birds: 230-260

African Fish Eagle, Malachite and Pied Kingfishers African Jacana, Cisticola, Abyssinian Roller and Senegal Coucal. A thorn forest regularly has roosting Long-tailed Nightjars. The drier ground is home to Senegal Thick-knee, Blackbilled Wood Dove. Little Bee-eater and Northern Grey-headed Sparrow.

Marigot One: This is, in effect, a privately run nature reserve. Our main interest here is in locating the internationally scarce Savile's Bustard. Other sub-Saharan birds present include Marsh, Montagu's and, occasionally, Pallid Harriers, Barbary Falcon, Cream-coloured and Temminck's Coursers, Chestnut-bellied Sandgrouse, and Chestnut-backed Sparrow Lark. A lake attracts shorebirds and many species of heron, including Black Heron. A stop at dusk may give us Verreaux's Eagle Owl, a local resident.



Blue-cheeked Bee-eaters Photo: Simon Papps

Marigot Two and Three: We spend a day in this area and typical species include Northern Anteater-chat, Black and Rufoustailed Scrub Robins, Senegal Batis, Longtailed and Chestnut-bellied Starlings, Green Woodhoopoe and Blue-naped Mousebird. If cattle are present, we may find Yellowbilled Oxpeckers. Patches of acacia trees are home to specialised Sahelian birds – Cricket Warbler, Sennar Penduline Tit and Little Grey Woodpecker. Other birds may include Great, Intermediate and Little Egrets, Sacred and Glossy Ibis, Common Snipe, Ruff, Black-tailed Godwit, Black Crake and Collared Pratincole.

**Djoudj National Park:** Djoudj National Park is the third most important wetland in the world. En route we travel through acacia forest looking for Striped Kingfisher, Vieillot's Barbet, and Desert Wheatear whilst a reed-fringed pool attracts Greater Painted Snipe and waders. Patches of woodland attract many interesting species - Speckled Pigeon, Northern Crombec, Village Indigobird, Yellow-backed, Village

and Little Weavers and wintering Eurasian Wryneck. We take a boat safari into one of nature's wonders. Our boat takes us along a branch of the Senegal River, which is alive with birds, to a colony of Great White Pelicans. This area usually holds large numbers of ducks and herons. Seasonal lakes in Djoudj attract Western Marsh Harriers and Striated Heron, kingfishers, Black Crake, and Yellow-billed Stork. Other highlights include Black-crowned Night Heron, White-faced and Fulvous Whistlingducks, Western Osprey, Caspian, Gullbilled. Black and Whiskered Terns and the range-restricted River Prinia. Lac de Kahr and Grand Lac hold Greater and, sometimes, Lesser Flamingos. Grand Lac also holds substantial numbers of Garganey with lesser numbers of Eurasian Teal, Northern Shoveler and Northern Pintail. Isolated trees on the surrounding desert landscape provide hunting perches for migrant Peregrine and Lanner Falcons. The park has what is possibly the only protected area for Arabian Bustard, a species under constant threat from hunting and, in



Savile's Bustard Photo: Roger Ridley

this area of Africa, greatly endangered. On the return to Ranch de Bango, roadside lagoons may hold Eurasian and African Spoonbills, Spur-winged and Egyptian Geese, and shorebirds including Avocet, Marsh Sandpiper, Temminck's Stint and Black-winged Stilt.

## Davs 5-6: Richard Toll and Podor: A new road running east towards the town of Richard Toll allows us to explore the extensive Senegal River floodplain and the Sahelian environment. Among the many birds that we may encounter here are African Pygmy Goose, Black-shouldered Kite, Montagu's and Pallid Harriers, Wahlberg's, Short-toed and Booted Eagles, Kittlitz's Plover, Common Quail, African Reed Warbler, Short-eared Owl, Blackcrowned Sparrow Lark, Kordofan and Singing Bush Larks, African Quailfinch,

Desert Cisticola, Grey-backed Eremomela and, occasionally, Hoopoe Lark. This is also a known area for Arabian and, in some years, Denham's Bustard. To the east of Richard Toll and towards the settlement of Podor several species occur which are hard to see elsewhere in the country. The dry grasslands with scattered bushes are reliable for Cricket Warblers and the shy Fulvous Babbler. The habitats around Podor offer us the chance to observe the rarely seen Golden Nightjar, Little Grey Woodpecker and wintering Cream-coloured Coursers. Nights in Podor

Days 7-8: Today we travel south towards the capital city of Dakar. There are several birding locations along the way including Technopole which is a failed shopping complex with lakes and reedbeds. Careful scanning of the grass islands and shallow pools may produce a variety of gulls including Audouin's and Mediterranean and occasionally stragglers from North America which has included Franklin's in recent vears. Waders can be numerous and often reveal the presence of rarer species which in recent years have included Buff-breasted Sandpiper and American Golden Plover. On Day 8 we take a pelagic trip off Dakar where the deep cool waters of the North Atlantic attract a variety of species. In the right weather conditions we should encounter Red-billed Tropicbird, Cape Verde and Scopoli's Shearwaters, the uncommon Baroli's Shearwater, Pomarine, Arctic and Long-tailed Skuas, a wide range of terns comprising of Caspian, African Royal, Common, Arctic, Roseate, Little and Sandwich the latter being quite common. Other possibilities include Grey Phalarope and rarer species - Bulwer's Petrel, Leach's, Wilson's and Madeira Storm Petrels, South Polar Skua and Sabine's Gull. Nights in Popenguine

Day 9: This morning we travel south to visit birding areas near the coastal city of Mbour (or take the boat trip if weather conditions have been poor). Habitats include several patches of acacia scrub which are attractive to migrants from Europe and may include Bluethroat, Spotted and Pied Flycatchers and Iberian Chiffchaff. Several small ponds dot the landscape attracting a wide range of waterbirds including numerous ducks and waders.

Days 10-12: Today we head to Saloum National Park, an extensive region of forests and mangrove swamps. As we approach our hotel, we expect to find Black Woodhoopoe, Fork-tailed Drongo, Finespotted Woodpecker, African and Bruce's Green Pigeons. On one morning, depending on tide times, a boat trip takes us through mangrove swamps to visit isolated sandbars. The hotel quay sometimes has Blue-breasted Kingfisher and Goliath Heron. Shorebirds are numerous and include White-fronted, Kentish, Common Little Ringed Plovers, Curlew and Sandpiper, Eurasian Curlew, Eurasian Oystercatcher and Greenshank. On previous visits, we have observed White-crested Bittern, White-backed Night Heron, Pearlspotted Owlet, Shikra, Bronze Mannikin, Brown Babbler, Klass's Cuckoo, Western Grev Plantain-eater, Greater and Lesser Honeyguides, Lavender Waxbill and Brown Sunbird. An afternoon visit is planned to a forested area where birds of prey abound. We may find Grasshopper Buzzard, Brown and Baudouin's Snake Eagles, Short-toed Eagle, Grey Kestrel, African Hobby and Palm-nut Vulture. Open areas attract European, Blue-cheeked and, occasionally, Little Green and Northern Carmine Beeeaters. On one evening, we visit a huge raptor roost site which holds hundreds of African Swallow-tailed Kites, Lesser Kestrels and possibly three species of harriers - Marsh, Montagu's and Pallid.

Day 13: Today we return to Popenguine and visit a series of wetland lagoons adjacent to the coast where it is possible to find wintering Audouin's and Mediterranean Gulls and, in recent years, Franklin's Gulls from across the Atlantic. Anything is possible here and recent rarities have included American Golden Plover. The dry acacia woodland holds many of Europe's warblers here on their wintering grounds. In the evening we transfer to the airport and a flight back to Europe.

## **Prices**

Ground Price: £2595

Tour B: £2695 (provisional)

Single room: £250 Deposit: £250 \* Air Fare: £700

This tour is fully inclusive of accommodation and meals, transport, park entrance fees and permits, guidance, tips and taxes.

Not included: drinks, insurance, items of a personal nature.

\* Please refer to our terms and conditions relating to flights