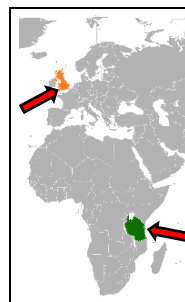






OUR ISLAND, YOUR ISLAND



KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER









Key Vocabulary	
island	An area of land surrounded by water.
Africa	A large continent with many countries and diverse cultures.
United Kingdom	A country in Europe made up of England, Scotland, Wales, and Northern Ireland.
Tanzania	A country in East Africa.
Harbury	A village in Warwickshire, England.
Europe	A continent with many countries and different cultures.
country	A place with its own government, borders, and people.
continent	A large solid area of land.
capital city	The most important city in a country, where the government is usually located.
city	A large and busy place with tall buildings, many people, museums, parks and shops.
town	It's smaller than a city but larger than a village. It has houses, schools, and shops.
village	A small community where people live, often located in a rural area.
rural	Countryside areas with farms and open spaces.
urban	Busy city areas with lots of buildings and people.
farm	Where people grow crops and raise animals.
physical features	A feature that has been formed by nature.
human features	A feature that has been made or changed by humans.
map	A diagram that shows the location of continents, countries, cities and roads.



Human and Physical Geography			
Harbury		Tanzania	
Human Feature	Physical Feature	Human Feature	Physical Feature
			
Harbury Windmill	Burton Dassett Hills	Nyerere Bridge	Mount Kilimanjaro

What is life like in Tanzania compared to the UK?		
	United Kingdom	Tanzania
Food	Food usually comes from a supermarket. There is a mix of traditional and international foods.	Villages in rural areas might get their food from traditional farming methods. Traditional dishes often include foods such as rice, ugali and chapati.
Farming	The main crops UK farmers grow include wheat, potatoes, fruits and vegetables. They typically raise sheep, cows and pigs.	Farmers grow a variety of crops – maize, rice and sweet potatoes. They might raise cows, goats, chickens and catch fresh fish from nearby rivers.
Houses	Many houses have roofs made of tiles and walls made of bricks.	Some houses have thatched roofs and walls made of mud or bricks.
Daily Living	Families usually get water from taps in their houses.	Families in rural villages might get water from wells or rivers.
School	UK schools are often bigger with playgrounds and many classrooms.	Schools may have simpler buildings with smaller classrooms.
Language	Most people speak English.	People may speak Swahili or English.
Clothing	People usually wear Western-style clothes like jeans and T-shirts.	Families might wear traditional clothes like colourful wraps called "kangas."
Celebrations	Celebrations often include birthday cakes and parties.	Celebrations might include traditional dances and music.

The History of Harbury

1086	Late 13 th century	1611	1802-1812	1847 – 1852	1856	1927 & 1928	1933	1970
Harbury village mentioned in the Domesday Book 	Harbury All Saints Church established 	Wagstaff School established by Thomas Wagstaff 	Harbury Windmill was built 	Railway Cutting dug 	Wight School was built 	Dinosaur fossils found in Quarry 	Windmill sails finally removed 	Harbury Primary School was built 