

KS4 Curriculum Map – Business Studies

Year 10	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic	<u>Topic 2.1 Growing the Business</u>	<u>Topic 2.2 Making Marketing Decisions</u>	<u>Topic 2.3 Making operational Decisions</u>	<u>Topic 2.4 Making financial decisions</u>	Year 10 Exam	<u>Topic 2.5 Making human resource decisions</u>
Assessment	<u>2.1.1: Business Growth</u> <i>Methods of business growth and their impact:</i> - Internal (organic) growth: new products (innovation, research and development), new markets (through changing the marketing mix or taking advantage of technology and/or expanding overseas) - External (inorganic) growth: merger, takeover. <i>The types of business ownership for growing businesses:</i> - Public limited company (plc) Sources of finance for growing and established businesses: - Internal sources: retained profit, selling assets - External sources: loan capital, share capital, including stock market flotation (public limited companies). <u>Assessment Areas</u> - Business enterprise - Entrepreneurship - Risk and reward	<u>Topic 2.2 Making Marketing Decisions</u> <i>The Design mix</i> - Function, aesthetics, cost. The product life cycle: - The phases of the product life cycle - Extension strategies. The importance to a business of differentiating a product/service <u>Assessment Areas</u> - Customer needs - Market research - Market Segmentation - Competitive environments <u>Topic 2.3 Making operational Decisions</u> Price - Pricing strategies - Influences on pricing	<u>2.3.1 Business operations</u> <i>The purpose of business operations:</i> - To produce goods - To provide services. Production processes: - Different types: job, batch, flow - The impact of different types of production process: keeping Managing stock: - Interpretation of bar gate stock graphs - The use of just in time (JIT) stock control. <u>Assessment Areas</u> - Business aims and objectives - Business revenues, costs and profits - Cash and cash- flow - Sources of business finance <u>2.3.2 Working with suppliers</u> <i>The role of procurement:</i> - Relationships with suppliers: quality, delivery (cost, speed, reliability), availability, cost, trust	<u>2.4.1 Business calculations</u> <i>The concept and calculation of:</i> - Gross profit - net profit Calculation and interpretation of: - Gross profit margin - Net profit margin - Average rate of return. <u>2.4.2 Understanding business performance</u> <i>The use and interpretation of quantitative business data to support, inform and justify business decisions:</i> - Information from graphs and charts - Financial data - Marketing data - Market data. The use and limitations of financial information in: - Understanding business performance - Making business decisions		<u>2.5.1 Organisational structures</u> <i>Different organisational structures and when each are appropriate:</i> - Hierarchical and flat - Centralised and Decentralised. <i>The importance of effective communication:</i> - The impact of insufficient or excessive communication on efficiency and motivation - Barriers to effective communication. <i>Different ways of working:</i> - Part-time, full-time and flexible hours - Permanent, temporary, and freelance contracts - The impact of technology on ways of working: efficiency, remote working <u>Assessment Areas</u> - Business stakeholders - Technology and business - Legislation and business - The economy and business - External influences <u>2.5.2 Effective recruitment</u> Different job roles and responsibilities: - Key job roles and their responsibilities: directors, senior managers, supervisors/team leaders, operational and support staff. How businesses recruit people:

	Dynamic nature of business <u>2.1.2: Changes in Business Aims and Objectives</u> <i>Why business aims and objectives change as businesses evolve:</i> • In response to: market conditions, technology, performance, legislation, internal reasons. How business aims and objectives change as businesses evolve: • Focus on survival or growth • Entering or exiting markets • Growing or reducing the workforce • Increasing or decreasing product range <u>2.1.3: Business and Globalisation</u> The impact of globalisation on businesses: • Imports: competition from overseas, buying from overseas • Exports: selling to overseas markets • Changing business locations • Multinationals <u>2.1.4: Ethics, the Environment and Business</u> Barriers to international trade: • Tariffs • Trade blocs. How businesses compete internationally: • The use of the internet and ecommerce	strategies: technology, competition, market segments, product life cycle. Promotion: • Appropriate promotion strategies for different market segments: advertising, sponsorship, product trials, special offers, branding • The use of technology in promotion: targeted advertising online, viral advertising via social media, newsletters Place: • methods of distribution: retailers and e-tailers (e-commerce). How each element of the marketing mix can influence other elements. Using the marketing mix to build a competitive advantage. How an integrated marketing mix can influence competitive advantage. <u>Topic 2.4 Making Financial Decisions</u> <u>Topic 2.5 Making Human Resource Decisions</u> <u>Unit 2 test</u> 4. Customer needs 5. Market research 6. Market segmentation 7. Competitive	• The impact of logistics and supply decisions on costs, reputation, customer satisfaction <u>2.3.3 Managing quality</u> <i>The concept of quality and its importance in:</i> • The production of goods and the provision of services: quality control and quality assurance • Allowing a business to control costs and gain a competitive advantage. <u>2.3.4 The sales process</u> • Product knowledge, speed and efficiency service, customer engagement, responses to customer feedback, post-sales service. The importance to businesses of providing good customer service.	<u>Assessment Areas</u> 1. Options for small and start-up businesses 2. Business location 3. Marketing 4. Business plans	• Documents: person specification and job description, application form, CV • Recruitment methods used to meet different business needs (internal and external recruitment) <u>2.5.3 Effective training and development</u> How businesses train and develop employees: • Different ways of training and developing employees: formal and informal training, self-learning, ongoing training for all employees, use of target setting and performance reviews. Why businesses train and develop employees: • The link between training, motivation and retention • Retraining to use new technology <u>2.5.4 Motivation</u> <i>The importance of motivation in the workplace:</i> • Attracting employees, retaining employees, productivity. How businesses motivate employees: • Financial methods: remuneration, bonus, commission, promotion, fringe benefits • Non-financial methods: job rotation, job enrichment, autonomy.
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	Changing the marketing mix to compete internationally.	environments				
Link with GCSE skills	Maths & English Theme 2	Maths & English Theme 2	Maths & English Theme 2	Maths & English Theme 2		Maths & English Theme 2
AO's	AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of business concepts and 35 issues AO2 Apply knowledge and understanding of business concepts and issues 35 to a variety of contexts AO3 Analyse and evaluate business information and issues to demonstrate understanding of business activity, make judgements and draw conclusions					
Enrichment	- Business studies club – Exploring in a practical way the aspects of starting - Developing a Business Programme of visiting speakers - Targeted support sessions for paper 1 and paper 2 B - Business Studies Trips (Berlin BMV Factory / Hungaria Coca Cola Factory)					

Year 11	Autumn 1		Autumn 2	Spring 1		Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Topic	<u>2.2 & 2.3 Recapping Marketing Mix & Making Operational Decisions</u>	Year 11 Exams	<u>2.3 Making Operational decisions</u>	<u>2.5 Making Human Resource Decisions</u>	Year 11 Exams	<u>2.5 & 2.4 Making Human Resource Decisions and Financial Decisions</u>	<u>Revision</u> <u>Revision for GCSE's</u>	<u>Revision</u> <u>Revision for GCSE's</u>
Assessment	<u>Business Operations</u> - Job/batch/flow - Managing stock - Managing Stock - Managing Quality - Sales process and Customer service <u>Assessment Areas</u> - Business growth - Changes in aims and objectives - Businesses and globalisation - Ethics, the environment and business		<u>Making Operational decisions</u> - Communication - Different ways of working - Effective recruitment - Organisational Structure <u>Assessment Areas</u> - Product - Price - Promotion - Place - Using the marketing mix to make business decisions <u>Assessment window 1.30 Mock paper – mixture of paper 1 and 2. Up to 12 marks.</u>	<u>2.5 Making Human Resource Decisions</u> - Training and Development - Motivation - Recap profit - Gross and Net Profit <u>Assessment Areas</u> - Business operations - Working with suppliers - Managing quality - The sales process - Business calculations - Understanding business performance		<u>Making Human Resource Decisions and Financial Decisions</u> - Recap profit - Gross and Net Profit - Understanding business performance – ratios (ARR) <u>Assessment Areas</u> - Organisational structures - Effective recruitment - Effective training and development - Motivation <u>Assessment window 2: 1.30-hour mock paper, made up of section B and section C. Mixture of paper 1 and paper 2</u>	GCSE Question practice/Exam skills preparation	GCSE Question practice/Exam skills preparation
Link with GCSE Skills	Maths & English Theme 1 & 2		Maths and English Theme 1 & 2	Maths & English Theme 1 & 2		Maths & English Theme 1 & 2	Maths & English Theme 1 & 2	

AO's	AO1 Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of business concepts and 35 issues AO2 Apply knowledge and understanding of business concepts and issues 35 to a variety of contexts AO3 Analyse and evaluate business information and issues to demonstrate understanding of business activity, make judgements and draw conclusions
Enrichment	• Business studies club – exploring in a practical way the aspects of starting/developing a business • Programme of visiting speakers • Targeted support sessions for paper 1 and paper 2 (Interventions after school and Saturdays)