

Will man-made structures in shallow marine environments become oases for deep-sea life?



Lea-Anne Henry Sebastian Hennige J. Murray Roberts

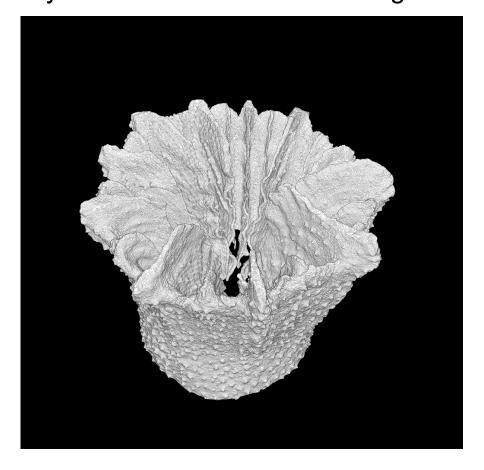
Guiding principles:

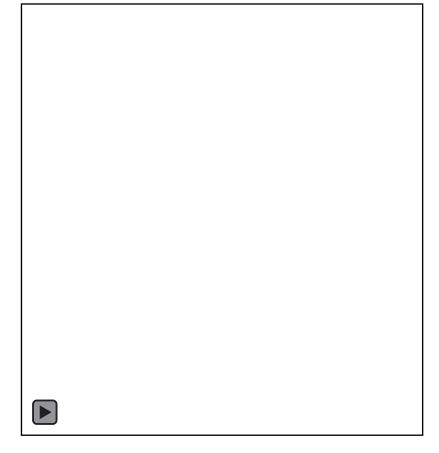
Rationale behind management decisions must be rigorously tested <u>and</u> inclusive of climate change





Effects of ocean acidification:
Synchrotron reconstructed images of the deep-sea coral *Lophelia pertusa*





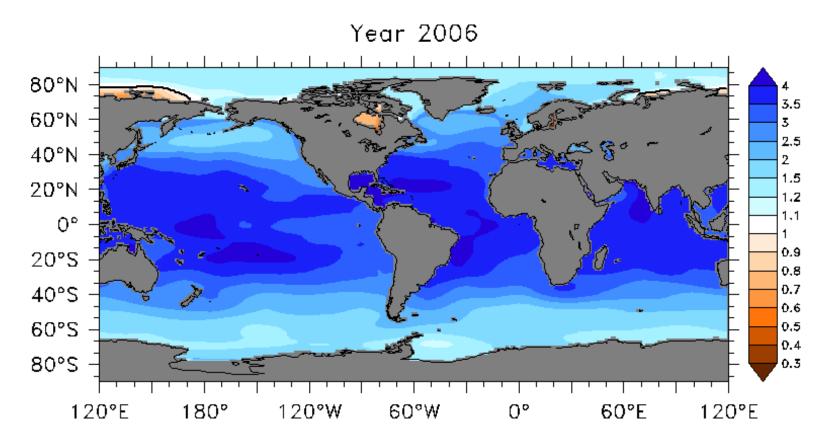
Skeleton covered by tissue

Skeleton under ocean acidification

Projected global decline in aragonite saturated waters:

Dire implications for deep-sea species that need aragonite to build shells or skeletons

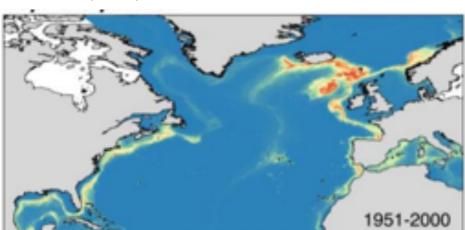
At present: 95% of cold-water coral reefs are in aragonite saturated waters **By 2100:** 70% will be in undersaturated waters

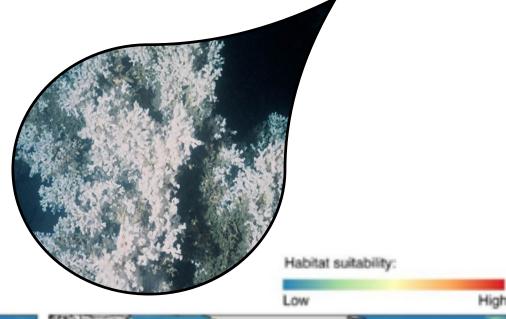




80% reduction in suitable conditions for *Lophelia pertusa* by 2100

"Shallow" refuges from aragonite saturation horizon shoaling could be critically important





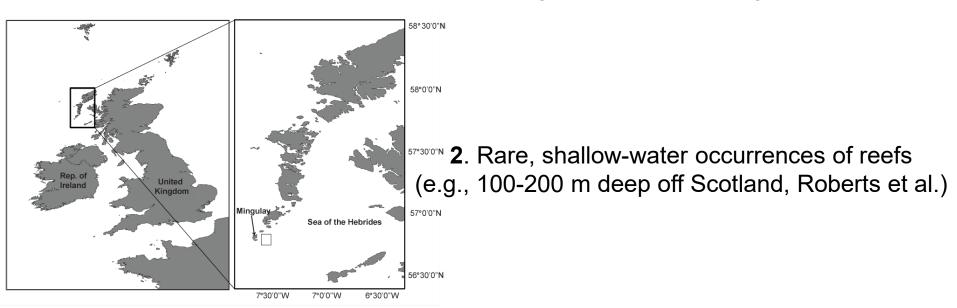


Morato et al., in prep. (EU H2020 ATLAS project)



1. Shipwrecks (e.g., 160 m deep off Ireland, Grehan et al.)

Where are these shallow potential refuges from the shoaling ASH?





Q. What role can these man-made structures play?

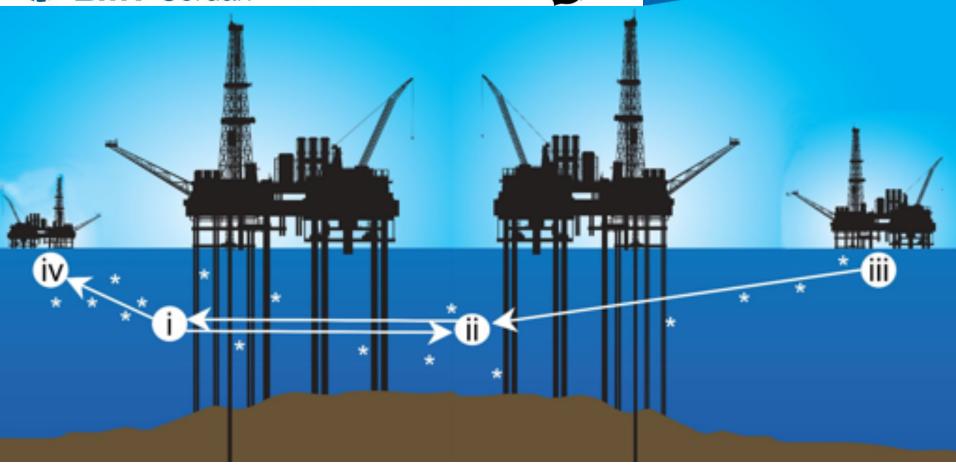








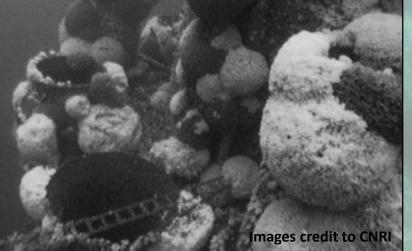






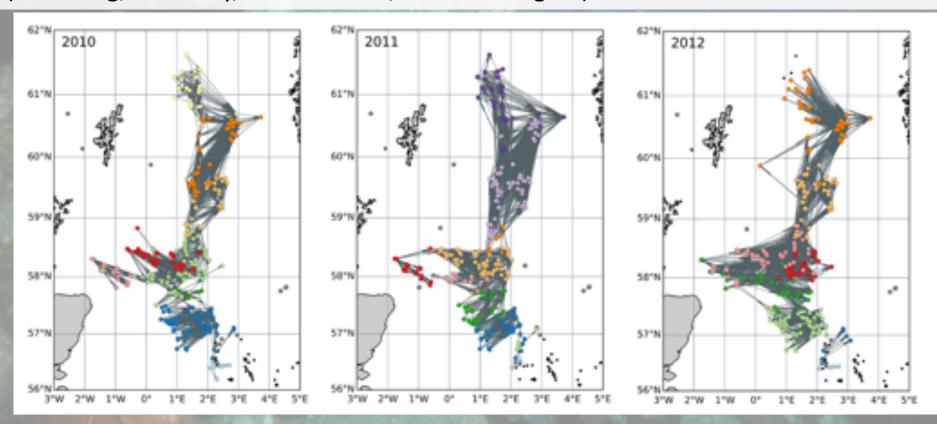
Platform ecosystems have evolved to mimic those in the wild:

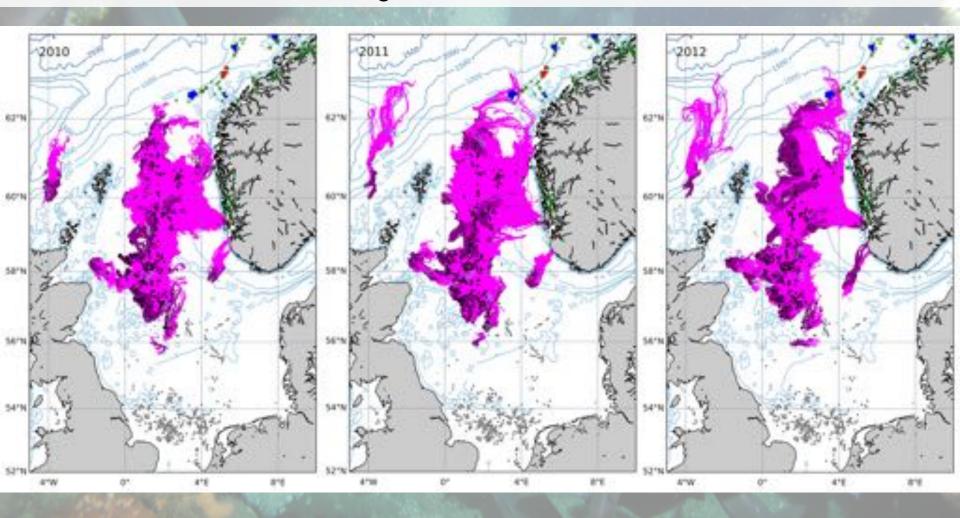
- these are as biodiverse and morphologically similar as natural coral ecosystems
- 1st record of coral-worm (Lophelia-Eunice) symbiosis on these structures

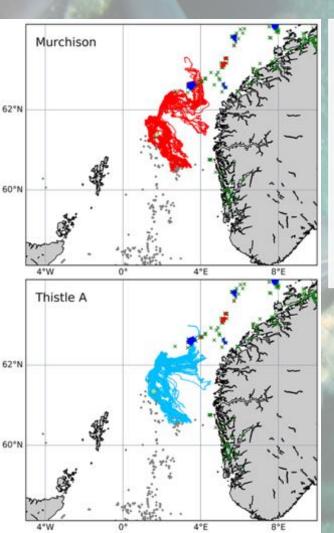




Oil and gas structures show potential to form large inter-connected systems (clustering, centrality, betweenness, in- & out-degree) Henry et al., 2018







2 platforms could be supplying larvae to a Norwegian coral MPA (Henry et al., 2018):

- Murchison (now derogated; jacket footings remain at 108m) sufficient to keep supplying larvae to the Aktivneset MPA
- active international genetic sampling campaign underway

Guiding principles:

Rationale behind management decisions must be rigorously tested <u>and</u> inclusive of climate change

Integrate climate change into the whole sustainable development process: marine spatial planning, strategic environmental assessment, environmental impact assessment, networks of MPAs







Original photograph courtesy of Lundin Britain Ltd. Reproduced from "Cold-Water Corals: The Biology and Geology of Deep-Sea Coral Habitats", by J.M. Roberts, A. Wheeler, A. Freiwald, S. Cairns Cambridge University Press, 2009.