## **Cash Flow forecasts**

Q1	Fill in the gaps	
	Cash flow looks at the inflow and outflows of cash into a business over a period of time. To improve cash flow a firm needs to either increase cash or decrease cash or a combination of the two. Firms may look closely at which is money owed to others e.g. suppliers. Additionally firms will look at which is money owed to the business e.g. from customer who have bought on credit. Though a large amount of money being owed to a business may sound good, it can lead to problems if people do not pay on time or never/are unlikely to pay (known as debts).	
	Choose from: payables, receivables, bad, inflows, outflows	

Q2	Identify whether these changes would improve or worsen a firm's cash flow.	
2.1 A business gets an overdraft		
	2.2 The business allows customers longer to pay.	
2.3 The business is given a loan from the bank.		
	2.4 Suppliers extend their period of trade credit offered to the business.	
	2.5 Petrol prices fall, reducing costs.	
	2.6 A business sells an asset it no longer needs.	

Q3	Benefits or Limitations of cash flow forecasts? – put a B or L next to each statement below				
	3.1 It can identify potential cash flow problems in advance				
3.2 It can help avoid the possibility of insolvency					
3.3 Changes in the economy can affect sales predictions and cost forecasts					
3.4 New competition can dramatically change predicted sales figures					
3.5 It can provide ideas for how to improve liquidity e.g. leasing rather than buying asse					
3.6 Can provide evidence for loan or investment requests					
	3.7 Can be based on inaccurate market research e.g. an unrepresentative sample				
	3.8 Can show the owners when an overdraft would be required				
	3.9 A change in consumer tastes would make sales forecasts unrealistic				

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Q4	Explain why			
4.1 An overdraft might be useful to a farmer supplying a supermarket chain				
	4.2 Sales forecasts can be inaccurate			
	4.2. Landara will wavelly went to see a cook flow forecast in a hydinass plan			
	4.3 Lenders will usually want to see a cash flow forecast in a business plan			

Q5	Amend the cash flow forecast below to show the impact of a £300 bank loan be		
	received in March.		

	January	February	March	March Amended
Cash inflows	150	100	50	
Cash outflows	150	150	150	
Net cash flow	0	(50)	(100)	
Opening balance	25	25	(25)	
Closing balance	25	(25)	(125)	

Was arranging for a bank loan in March a suitable solution to this firm's cash flow problems?

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